Weekly Influenza Report

Week 46

Report Date: Monday, November 30, 2015

The purpose of this report is to describe the spread and prevalence of influenza-like illness (ILI) in Indiana. It is meant to provide local health departments, hospital administrators, health professionals and residents with a general understanding of the burden of ILI. Data from several surveillance programs are analyzed to produce this report. Data are provisional and may change as additional information is received, reviewed and verified. For questions regarding the data presented in this report, please call the ISDH Surveillance and Investigation Division at 317-233-7125.

WEEKLY OVERVIEW

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Influenza-like Illness - Week Ending November 21, 2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ILI Geographic Distribution</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ILI Activity Code</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of ILI reported by sentinel outpatient providers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent of ILI reported by emergency department chiefs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent positivity of influenza specimens tested at ISDH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of influenza-associated deaths</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of long-term care facility outbreaks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of school-wide outbreaks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SENTINEL SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

Data are obtained from sentinel outpatient providers participating in the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet). Data are reported on a weekly basis for the previous Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR) Week by the sentinel sites and are subject to change as sites back-report or update previously submitted weekly data.

### Percent of ILI Reported by Type of Sentinel Outpatient Facility, Indiana, 2015-2016 Season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MMWR Week</th>
<th>All Reporters %ILI (n)</th>
<th>Universities %ILI (n)</th>
<th>Non-Universities %ILI (n)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>0.80% (23)</td>
<td>0.47 (9)</td>
<td>0.93 (14)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>0.95 (26)</td>
<td>0.61 (10)</td>
<td>1.19 (16)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>1.07 (29)</td>
<td>0.77 (11)</td>
<td>1.24 (18)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Percent of ILI Reported by Age Category in Sentinel Outpatient Facilities, Indiana, 2015-2016 Season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Category, years</th>
<th>Total Number of ILI</th>
<th>Percent of ILI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>53.66%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-24</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>39.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-49</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-64</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

Data are obtained from hospital emergency department chief complaint data through the Indiana Public Health Emergency Surveillance System (PHESS). Data are reported on a weekly basis for the previous Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report (MMWR) Week and are subject to change as hospitals back-report or update previously submitted weekly data.

| Percent of ILI Reported in Emergency Departments by District, Indiana, 2015-2016 Season |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| previous MMWR week | current MMWR week |
| Indiana            | 1.14%              | 1.27%              |
| District 1         | 0.87               | 1.09               |
| District 2         | 1.38               | 1.46               |
| District 3         | 0.49               | 0.61               |
| District 4         | 2.49               | 1.77               |
| District 5         | 0.91               | 1.19               |
| District 6         | 1.36               | 1.61               |
| District 7         | 1.05               | 1.06               |
| District 8         | 1.27               | 1.46               |
| District 9         | 1.77               | 1.65               |
| District 10        | 1.19               | 1.35               |

Percent of Patients with Influenza-Like Illness (ILI) Chief Complaint in Emergency Departments, Indiana, 2015-2016
INFLUENZA-ASSOCIATED MORTALITY

Data are obtained from the Indiana National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (I-NEDSS). Influenza-associated deaths are reportable within 72 hours of knowledge; however, not all cases are reported in a timely manner so data in this report are subject to change as additional cases are back-reported.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Category, years</th>
<th>Season Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-24</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-49</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-64</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Counties with ≥5 Laboratory Confirmed Influenza-Associated Deaths for All Ages, 2015-2016 Season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Season Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Number of Reported Influenza-Associated Deaths by Week of Death, All Ages, Indiana, 2015-16

![Graph showing number of reported influenza-associated deaths by week of death]
## VIROLOGIC SURVEILLANCE

### Circulating Influenza Viruses Detected by ISDH Laboratory*, Indiana, 2015-2016 Season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PCR Result</th>
<th>Week 46</th>
<th></th>
<th>Season Total</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent of Specimens Received</td>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Percent of Specimens Received</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009 A/H1N1pdm virus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza A/H3 seasonal virus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza A/H1 seasonal virus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza B seasonal virus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza negative</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>93.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inconclusive</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unsatisfactory specimen†</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza Co-infection‡</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Data obtained from the ISDH Laboratory via specimens submitted from the ISDH Sentinel Influenza Surveillance System and IN Sentinel Laboratories.

†Unsatisfactory specimens include specimens that leaked in transit, were too long in transit, or were inappropriately labeled.

‡ All previous-year co-infections have been influenza A/H3 and influenza B.

### Circulating Non-Influenza Viruses Detected by the ISDH Laboratory, Indiana, 2015-2016 Season

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Week 46</th>
<th>Season Total (Since 10/1/15)</th>
<th>Early Surveillance (9/1/15 - 9/30/15)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adenovirus</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coronavirus 229E</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coronavirus HKU1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coronavirus NL63</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coronavirus OC43</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enterovirus NOS</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enterovirus/Rhinovirus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Metapneumovirus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parainfluenza 1 Virus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parainfluenza 2 Virus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parainfluenza 3 Virus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parainfluenza 4 Virus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhinovirus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Respiratory Syncytial Virus</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Flu Vaccine Resources

- The National Foundation for Infectious Diseases (NFID) will present “Influenza Vaccines: Giving the Right Dose at the Right Time,” a one-hour webinar beginning at 12:00 PM (ET) on Wednesday, December 9, 2015. Kathleen M. Neuzil, MD, MPH, Professor of Medicine and Director of the Center for Vaccine Development at the University of Maryland School of Medicine, will discuss characteristics of the current influenza vaccine, recommendations for administering the vaccine, and strategies to educate patients and improve immunization coverage. AMA PRA Category 1 credit is available for participants. Pre-registration is required.
- For recommendations and strategies for influenza vaccine providers, access the recast of the CDC’s webinar covering the “Influenza” chapter of Epidemiology and Prevention of Vaccine-Preventable Diseases (13th ed.). The webinar transcript and powerpoint are also available.

Flu News and Related Studies

- More than 127.9 million doses of flu vaccine have now been distributed in the U.S. (CDC).
- Influenza activity remains low in Indiana as well as across the United States. However, some localized activity has occurred in a few states, including Iowa. View the map of weekly influenza activity in the U.S. and the latest FluView report for more about current influenza activity, trends, and impact throughout the United States (CDC).
- A study of health care facilities in France found that the level of influenza knowledge among health care personnel is significantly associated with their level of vaccine coverage; lack of influenza vaccine knowledge is an important barrier to higher rates of influenza vaccination among health care professionals (American Journal of Infection Control).

For Further Information, Visit:

www.in.gov/isdh/25462.htm
www.cdc.gov/flu
www.flu.gov