



STATE OF INDIANA
AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS
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August 1, 2022

Board of Directors
Indiana Board for Depositories
One North Capitol Ave., Suite 900
Indianapolis, IN 46204

We have reviewed the audit report of the Indiana Board for Depositories, which was opined upon by Katz, Sapper & Miller, LLP, Independent Public Accountants, for the period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021. Per the *Independent Auditors' Report*, the financial statements included in the report present fairly the financial condition of the Indiana Board for Depositories as of June 30, 2021, and the results of its operations for the period then ended, on the basis of accounting described in the report.

In our opinion, Katz, Sapper & Miller, LLP prepared the audit report in accordance with the guidelines established by the State Board of Accounts.

The audit report is filed with this letter in our office as a matter of public record.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Tammy R. White".

Tammy R. White, CPA
Deputy State Examiner

**INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF INDIANA)**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT WITH
SUPPLEMENTARY AND OTHER INFORMATION

June 30, 2021 and 2020

**INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)**

CONTENTS

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)	3-7
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statements of Net Position	8
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	9
Statements of Cash Flows	10
Notes to Financial Statements	11-20
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited)	21
Schedule of Board Contributions (Unaudited)	22
Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	23
OTHER REPORT	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	24-25

Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors
Indiana Board for Depositories

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Indiana Board for Depositories, a component unit of the State of Indiana, which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of Indiana Board for Depositories as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 and the schedules of the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability and Board contributions and the related notes on pages 21 through 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2021, on our consideration of Indiana Board for Depositories' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Indiana Board for Depositories' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Katy Sapper & Miller, LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana
December 17, 2021

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)
June 30, 2021 and 2020

This section of the Indiana Board for Depositories' (the Board) annual financial report provides management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the Board's financial statements and accompanying notes.

The Board was established by Indiana Code 5-13-12 to insure the safekeeping and prompt payment of all public funds deposited in any approved depository, to the extent they are not covered by insurance of any federal deposit insurance agency, by maintaining and operating in its own name the Public Deposit Insurance Fund. The Board consists of the Governor, the Treasurer of State, the Auditor of State, the Chairman of the Department of Financial Institutions, the Chief Examiner of the State Board of Accounts, and four directors appointed by the Governor.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total operating revenues were \$510,200 in 2021 and \$7,278,200 in 2020. Total operating revenues consisted of investment income and securities lending income.
- Interest income generated was \$1,567,900 in 2021 and \$5,448,600 in 2020. Interest income decreased due to lower interest rates in fiscal year 2021.
- Realized losses and unrealized losses on investments were \$(130,700) and \$(1,184,500), respectively, in 2021. Realized gains and unrealized (losses) on investments were \$612,600 and \$(291,400), respectively, in 2020. The unrealized losses and realized losses in 2021 resulted from higher yielding securities maturing or being called in 2021 and those funds being reinvested in lower yielding investments.
- Securities lending income was \$257,600 in 2021 and \$1,508,400 in 2020. Securities lending fees were \$242,500 in 2021 and \$1,478,500 in 2020. Securities lending income and fees decreased due to lower overnight lending and borrowing rates during fiscal year 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual financial report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and notes, as well as, required supplementary information. The Board follows enterprise fund reporting; accordingly, the financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Enterprise fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities and operations of the Board. These statements are presented in a manner similar to a private business.

The Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position provide information about the Board's financial status and the change in financial status. The Statements of Net Position includes all of the Board's assets, liabilities, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net position. Assets and liabilities are classified as either current or noncurrent. The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report all of the revenues and expenses during the time period. The Statements of Cash Flows report the cash provided and used by operating activities as well as other cash sources and uses.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 11 through 20 of this report.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information including the Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Board Contributions and the related notes on pages 21 through 23.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statements of Net Position

Below are the condensed statements of net position relating to the Board at June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Indiana Board for Depositories Condensed Statements of Net Position

	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Current assets	\$148,772,900	\$218,447,900	\$141,863,400
Noncurrent Assets	<u>169,914,400</u>	<u>100,358,600</u>	<u>171,498,700</u>
Total Assets	<u>318,687,300</u>	<u>318,806,500</u>	<u>313,362,100</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>2,000</u>	<u>10,100</u>	<u>5,100</u>
Current liabilities	32,900	61,400	139,300
Noncurrent liabilities	<u>1,800</u>	<u>25,100</u>	<u>17,800</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>34,700</u>	<u>86,500</u>	<u>157,100</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,200</u>	<u>4,200</u>	<u>3,300</u>
Net Position	<u>\$318,653,400</u>	<u>\$318,725,900</u>	<u>\$313,206,800</u>

2021 to 2020 Comparative Statements of Net Position

As of June 30, 2021, total assets remained consistent and comparable. Total liabilities decreased due to a decrease in securities lending payable during the current year, which is consistent with decrease in securities lending income and fees during the fiscal year. Net position decreased by approximately \$72,500 during fiscal year 2021, which was driven by decrease in interest income and significant unrealized losses on investments in the current fiscal year.

2020 to 2019 Comparative Statements of Net Position

As of June 30, 2020, total assets increased by approximately \$5.4 million. Total assets increased due to recognizing approximately \$5.4 million of interest income in operating revenues in fiscal year 2020. Total liabilities remained consistent and comparable. Net position increased by approximately \$5.5 million or 1.8% during fiscal year 2020, which was driven by investment income.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Below are the condensed statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position relating to the Board for the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Indiana Board for Depositories Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30, 2021	Year Ended June 30, 2020	Year Ended June 30, 2019
Operating Revenues			
Interest income	\$ 1,567,900	\$ 5,448,600	\$ 5,217,300
Realized gains (losses)	(130,700)	612,600	570,800
Unrealized gains (losses)	(1,184,500)	(291,400)	1,828,300
Securities lending income	<u>257,500</u>	<u>1,508,400</u>	<u>2,517,100</u>
Total Operating Revenues	<u>510,200</u>	<u>7,278,200</u>	<u>10,133,500</u>
Operating Expenses			
Securities lending fees	242,500	1,478,500	2,492,100
General and administrative	<u>340,200</u>	<u>280,600</u>	<u>223,800</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>582,700</u>	<u>1,759,100</u>	<u>2,715,900</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	(72,500)	5,519,100	7,417,600
Net Position:			
Beginning of Year	<u>318,725,900</u>	<u>313,206,800</u>	<u>305,789,200</u>
End of Year	<u>\$318,653,400</u>	<u>\$318,725,900</u>	<u>\$313,206,800</u>

2021 to 2020 Comparative Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were \$510,200, which was a \$6.8 million decrease from the prior year. Interest income decreased, while realized gains in fiscal year 2020 changed to realized (losses) in fiscal year 2021, and unrealized (losses) increased from fiscal year 2020 to fiscal year 2021. The decrease in investment income and security lending income is due to the decrease in interest rates in fiscal year 2021 and the subsequent reinvestment of maturities and called securities in 2021 at lower interest rates.

Expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were \$.6 million, which was a \$1.2 million decrease from the prior year. The decrease in expense was driven by decreased securities lending fees due to lower interest rates during fiscal year 2021. General and administrative expenses primarily increased due to depreciation expense increasing from \$12,000 in fiscal year 2020 to \$118,000 in fiscal year 2021. Depreciation expense increase due to software that was purchased in fiscal year 2019 being placed in service in July 2020.

2020 to 2019 Comparative Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

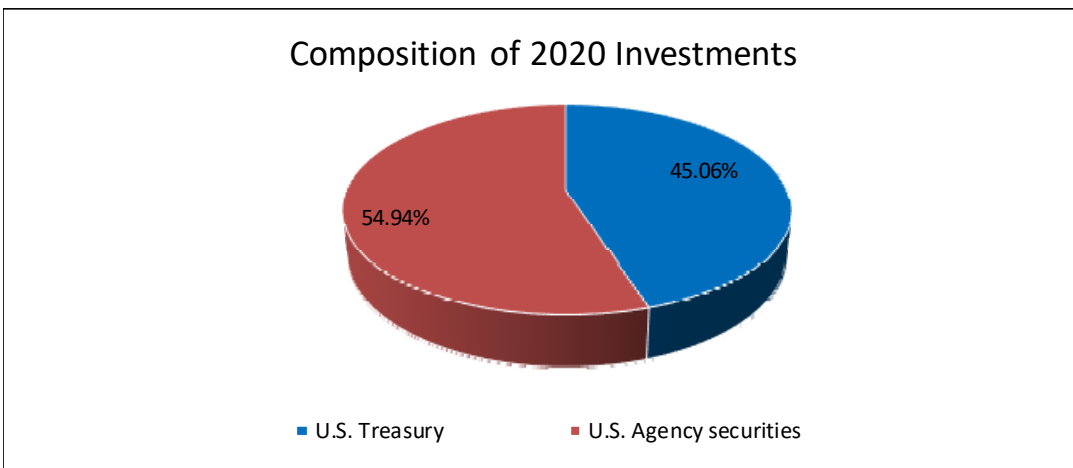
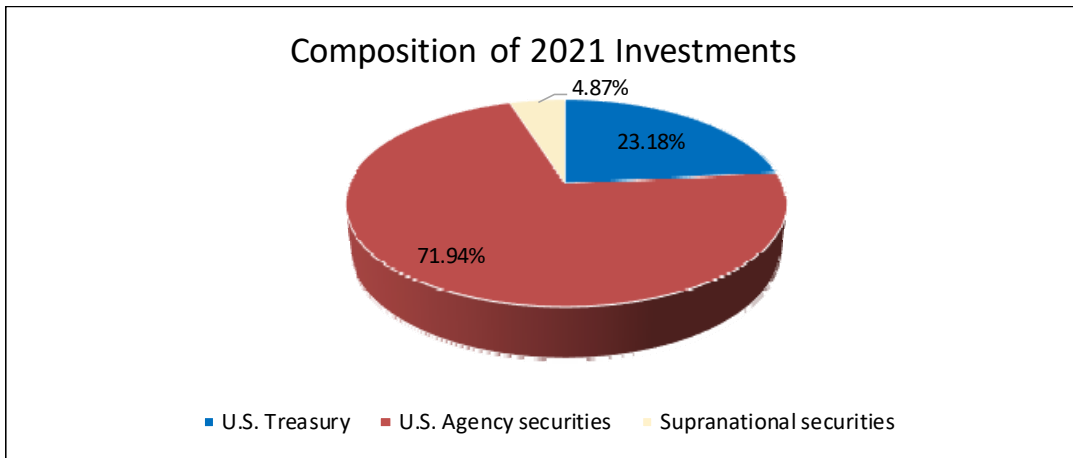
Total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were \$7.3 million, which was a \$2.8 million decrease from the prior year. Interest income and realized gains remained consistent and comparable from fiscal year 2019 to fiscal year 2020. The Board experienced a change from unrealized gains of \$1.8 million in fiscal year 2019 to unrealized losses in fiscal year 2020 of \$.3 million due to multiple investment holdings being called in 2020. Those funds were used to purchase shorter duration securities at lower interest rates.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

2020 to 2019 Comparative Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were \$1.8 million, which was a \$.9 million decrease from the prior year. General and administrative expenses remained consistent and comparable.

Securities lending income and fees decreased due to decreased lending volume during fiscal year 2020.



CAPTIAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

The Board’s investment in capital assets was \$288,700, \$332,800, and \$331,300 (net of accumulated depreciation) at June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively. The investment in capital assets includes computer equipment, computer software, and office equipment.

	Capital Assets		
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Capital assets	\$685,900	\$612,300	\$598,800
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	<u>397,200</u>	<u>279,500</u>	<u>267,500</u>
Net	<u>\$288,700</u>	<u>\$332,800</u>	<u>\$331,300</u>

Additional information on the Board’s capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements on page 16 of this report.

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS

On January 30, 2021, the World Health Organization declared a global health emergency over the novel coronavirus known as COVID-19. The outbreak caused global volatility in fixed income markets and indirectly prompted interest rate cuts by the Federal Reserve; factors which impact the Board’s investment return. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Board’s operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, the performance and stability of the fixed income markets, and future rate setting decision by the Federal Reserve, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. The ultimate impact of the outbreak to the Board’s financial results and operations cannot be determined at this time; however, management is taking actions to mitigate the impact of the outbreak to the Board.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Board’s finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to Indiana Board for Depositories, One North Capitol Ave., Suite 900, Indianapolis, IN 46204.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION
June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 702,625	\$ 2,358,602
Interest receivable	633,237	511,663
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	33,980	253,135
Investments	142,403,051	210,324,523
Loan receivable	5,000,000	5,000,000
Total Current Assets	148,772,893	218,447,923
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Investments	164,625,681	90,025,760
Loan receivable	5,000,000	10,000,000
Capital assets, net	288,731	332,849
Total Noncurrent Assets	169,914,412	100,358,609
TOTAL ASSETS	318,687,305	318,806,532
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,016	10,060
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	32,909	61,414
Total Current Liabilities	32,909	61,414
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Pension liability	1,823	25,092
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,823	25,092
TOTAL LIABILITIES	34,732	86,506
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,194	4,189
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	288,731	332,849
Unrestricted	318,364,664	318,393,048
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 318,653,395	\$ 318,725,897

See accompanying notes.

INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income	\$ 1,567,896	\$ 5,448,608
Realized gains (losses)	(130,716)	612,643
Unrealized losses	(1,184,491)	(291,380)
Securities lending income	257,557	1,508,370
Total Operating Revenues	<u>510,246</u>	<u>7,278,241</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Securities lending fees	242,480	1,478,542
Salaries, wages, and employee benefits	62,593	114,430
Maintenance contracts	57,671	45,218
Depreciation	117,690	11,949
Professional fees	82,457	70,160
Office supplies	12,791	9,235
Travel	2,180	10,428
Rent	4,523	12,377
Other	363	6,783
Total Operating Expenses	<u>582,748</u>	<u>1,759,122</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	(72,502)	5,519,119
NET POSITION		
Beginning of Year	<u>318,725,897</u>	<u>313,206,778</u>
End of Year	<u>\$ 318,653,395</u>	<u>\$ 318,725,897</u>

See accompanying notes.

INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from interest	\$ 1,419,583	\$ 6,426,288
Cash received from securities lending	284,296	1,605,340
Cash payments to suppliers and employees	(292,628)	(2,050,534)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>1,411,251</u>	<u>5,981,094</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment from State of Indiana general fund	5,000,000	5,000,000
Purchase of investments	(463,737,750)	(627,195,625)
Proceeds from redemption of investments	455,744,094	617,358,620
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	<u>(2,993,656)</u>	<u>(4,837,005)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets	(73,572)	(13,459)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	<u>(73,572)</u>	<u>(13,459)</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	(1,655,977)	1,130,630
CASH		
Beginning of Year	<u>2,358,602</u>	<u>1,227,972</u>
End of Year	<u>\$ 702,625</u>	<u>\$ 2,358,602</u>
RECONCILIATION OF INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ (72,502)	\$ 5,519,119
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net position to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	117,690	11,949
Realized loss (gain) on investments	130,716	(612,643)
Unrealized losses on investments	1,184,491	291,380
(Increase) decrease in certain assets and deferred outflows:		
Interest receivable	(121,574)	1,074,650
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	219,155	(228,734)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	8,044	(4,925)
Increase (decrease) in certain liabilities and deferred inflows:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(28,505)	(77,845)
Pension liability	(23,269)	7,287
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	(2,995)	856
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 1,411,251</u>	<u>\$ 5,981,094</u>

See accompanying notes.

**INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)**

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2021 and 2020**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: Indiana Board for Depositories (the Board), a component unit of the State of Indiana (the State), was established by Indiana Code (IC) 5-13-12 to insure the safekeeping and prompt payment of all public funds deposited in any approved depository, to the extent they are not covered by insurance of any federal deposit insurance agency, by maintaining and operating in its own name the Public Deposit Insurance Fund (PDIF). Effective December 13, 2010, the Board adopted a framework of collateralization requirements for institutions requiring collateral deposits for state and local funds held in deposit accounts for institutions with an elevated risk of failure. This collateral is based upon the financial condition of each institution, which requires the institutions to post collateral with the Board ranging from 0%, 50%, or 100% of their total public fund balance.

The Board consists of the Governor, the Treasurer of State, the Auditor of State, the Chairman of the Department of Financial Institutions, the Chief Examiner of the State Board of Accounts, and four directors appointed by the Governor.

Basis of Presentation: The Board prepares its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to enterprise fund activities of government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Board applies all applicable GASB pronouncements.

Estimates: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from those estimates.

Cash includes cash on hand and bank deposit accounts. The Board maintains a cash balance in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. There have been no losses in such accounts.

Investments are recorded at fair value. See Note 3 for discussion of fair value measurements. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Purchase and sales of investments are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses on the sale of investments are determined using the specific-identification method. Change in the fair value of investments, including accrued interest, amortization of premiums and discounts, and realized and unrealized gains and losses, are included in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Loan Receivable: During 2004, the Board was required to transfer \$50,000,000 to the state general fund under Section 116(a) of Public Law 224-2003. Under Public Law 224-2003, the transfer constitutes an interest free loan from the Board. Under Public Law 93-2013 Sec. 4, the loan is to be repaid in annual increments of \$5,000,000, to be paid each July beginning July 2013. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the amount that was receivable from the state general fund was \$10,000,000 and \$15,000,000, respectively.

Capital Assets are recorded at cost. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost or value of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life of at least three years. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets ranging from 3 to 7 years.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows of Resources: The Board reports decreases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its statements of net position. Deferred outflows of resources reported at June 30, 2021, related to the defined benefit pension plan. Deferred outflows of resources related to the defined benefit pension plan are amortized over the expected future working lifetime of all plan members, except for the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, which is amortized over five years.

Deferred Inflows of Resources: The Board reports increases in net assets that relate to future periods as deferred inflows of resources in a separate section of its statements of net position. Deferred inflows of resources related to the defined benefit pension plan are amortized over the expected future working lifetime of all plan members, except the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, which is amortized over five years.

Net Position: The Board's resources are classified for accounting and financial reporting purposes into the following net position categories:

- **Net Investment in Capital Assets** includes capital assets net of the accumulated depreciation.
- **Unrestricted Net Position** reports the remaining difference between assets and liabilities.

Retirement Plan: The employees of the Board participate in the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS). The Board recognizes its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the pension and pension expense. See Note 7.

Subsequent Events: The Board has evaluated the financial statements for subsequent events occurring through December 17, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

According to IC 5-13-12-7(d), the Board may invest, reinvest, and exchange investments of the insurance fund in excess of the cash working balance in any of the following:

- 1) In bonds, notes, certificates, and other valid obligations of the United States.
- 2) In bonds, notes, debentures, and other securities issued by a federal agency or a federal instrumentality and fully guaranteed by the United States.
- 3) In bonds, notes, certificates, and other valid obligations of a state or of an Indiana political subdivision that are issued under law.
- 4) In bonds or other obligations of the Indiana Finance Authority issued under IC 5-1.2.
- 5) In investments permitted the state under IC 5-13-10.5.
- 6) In guarantees of economic development obligations or credit enhancement obligations, or both.
- 7) In guarantees of bonds or notes issued under IC 5-1.5-4-1.
- 8) In bonds, notes, or other valid obligations of the Indiana Finance Authority that have been issued in conjunction with the Board's acquisition, development, or improvement of property or other interests for an economic development project (as defined in IC 5-1.2-2).

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

9) In notes or other debt obligations of counties, cities, and towns that have been issued under IC 6-1.1-39 for borrowings from the industrial development fund under IC 5-28-9.

10) In bonds or other obligations of the Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority.

IC 5-13-12-3 (a)(8) authorizes the Board to deposit all uninvested funds of the PDIF in a separate account or accounts in financial institutions that are designated as depositories to receive state funds under IC 5-13-9.5.

The Board is authorized by statute (IC 5-13-10.5) to accept as collateral safekeeping receipts for securities from: (1) a duly designated depository or (2) a financial institution located either in or out of Indiana, having physical custody of securities, with a combined capital and surplus of at least ten million dollars, according to the last statement of condition filed by the financial institution with its governmental supervisory body. The Treasurer may not deposit aggregate funds in deposit accounts in any one designated depository in an amount aggregating at any one time more than 50% of the combined capital, surplus, and undivided profits of that depository as determined by the last published statement.

The Board's deposits and investments at June 30, 2021 and 2020 are summarized as follows:

	2021	
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Cash	\$ 702,625	\$ 702,625
U.S. Treasury	71,535,664	71,182,237
U.S. Agency Securities	221,755,155	220,882,149
Supranational Securities	<u>14,968,950</u>	<u>14,964,346</u>
 Total Deposits and Investments	 <u>\$ 308,962,394</u>	 <u>\$ 307,731,357</u>
	 2020	
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Cash	\$ 2,358,602	\$ 2,358,602
U.S. Treasury	135,047,428	135,325,088
U.S. Agency Securities	<u>165,004,685</u>	<u>165,025,195</u>
 Total Deposits and Investments	 <u>\$ 302,410,715</u>	 <u>\$ 302,708,885</u>

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Board's deposits may not be returned to it. The Board's cash is insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). From time to time, certain cash balances maintained by the Board exceed federally insured limits.

Investments

Investments are used to support the PDIF, which, with Board oversight, insures the safekeeping and prompt payment of all public funds deposited in any approved depository, to the extent they are not covered by insurance of any deferral approved depository insurance agency.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Board had investments with maturities as follows:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>2021</u> Investment Maturities (in Fiscal Years)					
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>FY 2022</u>	<u>FY 2023</u>	<u>FY 2024</u>	<u>FY 2025</u>	<u>FY 2026</u>
U.S. Treasury	\$ 71,182,237	\$ 71,182,237	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Agency Securities	220,882,149	71,220,814	74,879,902	59,839,333	-	14,942,100
Supranational Securities	14,964,346	-	14,964,346	-	-	-
Totals	<u>\$ 307,028,732</u>	<u>\$142,403,051</u>	<u>\$ 89,844,248</u>	<u>\$ 59,839,333</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 14,942,100</u>

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>2020</u> Investment Maturities (in Fiscal Years)					
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>FY 2021</u>	<u>FY 2022</u>	<u>FY 2023</u>	<u>FY 2024</u>	<u>FY 2025</u>
U.S. Treasury	\$ 135,325,088	\$135,325,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Agency Securities	165,025,195	74,999,435	85,024,360	5,001,400	-	-
Totals	<u>\$ 300,350,283</u>	<u>\$210,324,523</u>	<u>\$ 85,024,360</u>	<u>\$ 5,001,400</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that the Board will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty fails. Investment securities are exposed to risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Board, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Board's name. The Board has no custodial risk on investments because all securities are held in the Board's name.

Credit Risk Disclosure

The following table provides information on the credit ratings associated with the Board's investments as of June 30, 2021, excluding obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, which are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality:

<u>Credit Ratings</u>	<u>S & P</u>	<u>Fitch</u>	<u>Moody's</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
U.S. Agency Securities	AA+	AAA	Aaa	\$220,882,149
Supranational Securities	AAA	AAA	AAA	14,964,346
Total Rated Investments				<u>\$235,846,495</u>

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. Additionally, according to Indiana Code 5-13-10-3, the State Treasurer may not deposit aggregate funds in deposit accounts in any one designated depository in an amount aggregating at any one time more than 50% of the combined capital, surplus, and undivided profits of that depository as determined by its last published statement of condition filed with the Treasurer of State. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Board was in compliance with Indiana Code 5-13-10-3.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table shows investments in issuers, not exempt from disclosure, that represent 5% or more of the total investments at June 30, 2021:

Federal Farm Credit Banks	28%
Federal Home Loan Bank	24%
Federal Home Loan Mort Corp	15%

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Board has categorized its assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Board has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology may include: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and/or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. In situations where there is little or no market activity for the asset or liability, the Board makes estimates and assumptions related to the pricing of the asset or liability including assumptions regarding risk.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used by the Board for assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2021 and 2020.

U.S. Treasury (Level 1): Valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

U.S. Agency and Supranational Securities (Level 2): Valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities.

The preceding methods may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Board's management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of these assets and liabilities could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Following is a summary, by major nature and risks class within each level of the fair value hierarchy, of the Board's assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2021 and 2020:

2021	Level 1	Level 2	Total
U.S. Treasury	\$ 71,182,237		\$ 71,182,237
U.S. Agency securities		\$ 220,882,149	220,882,149
Supranational securities		14,964,346	14,964,346
	<u>\$ 71,182,237</u>	<u>\$ 235,846,495</u>	<u>\$ 307,028,732</u>
Investments at Fair Value			
	<u>\$ 71,182,237</u>	<u>\$ 235,846,495</u>	<u>\$ 307,028,732</u>
2020			
U.S. Treasury	\$135,325,088		\$ 135,325,088
U.S. Agency securities		\$ 165,025,195	165,025,195
	<u>\$ 135,325,088</u>	<u>\$ 165,025,195</u>	<u>\$ 300,350,283</u>
Investments at Fair Value			
	<u>\$ 135,325,088</u>	<u>\$ 165,025,195</u>	<u>\$ 300,350,283</u>

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 was as follows:

2021	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Depreciable capital assets:				
Computer equipment	\$ 287,676	\$ 11,824	\$ -	\$ 299,500
Office equipment	8,648			8,648
Computer software	316,000	61,748		377,748
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	612,324	73,572	-	685,896
Less: Accumulated depreciation	279,475	117,690		397,165
Total Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 332,849</u>	<u>\$ (44,118)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 288,731</u>
2020	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Depreciable capital assets:				
Computer equipment	\$ 276,761	\$ 10,915	\$ -	\$ 287,676
Office equipment	6,104	2,544		8,648
Computer software	316,000			316,000
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	598,865	13,459	-	612,324
Less: Accumulated depreciation	267,526	11,949		279,475
Total Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 331,339</u>	<u>\$ 1,510</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 332,849</u>

NOTE 5 - SECURITIES LENDING TRANSACTIONS

According to IC 5-13-10.5-13, securities may be lent only if the agreement under which the securities are lent is collateralized by (1) cash or (2) non-cash collateral if the State is indemnified by the custodian holding the non-cash collateral; in excess of the total market value of the loaned securities.

Collateral securities and cash are initially pledged at 102% of the market value of the securities lent. The collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by the Board unless the borrower defaults, but cash collateral may be invested. Cash collateral is generally invested in securities of a longer term with the difference of maturities generally 0-15 days. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, there were no securities lent out.

NOTE 6 - OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Board leases office space under a non-cancelable operating lease which expires in April 2031. The rent expense charged to operations was \$4,523 and \$12,377 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Future minimum rental payments required under this lease is as follows at June 30, 2021:

Year Ended June 30,	Rentals
2022	\$ 7,433
2023	7,572
2024	7,710
2025	7,848
2026	7,987
Thereafter	<u>40,543</u>
Total	<u>\$79,093</u>

NOTE 7 - BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description

The Board is a participating employer of the Public Employees' Hybrid plan (PERF Hybrid), and its employees are participating members. PERF Hybrid is part of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF) and consists of two components: the Public Employees' Defined Benefit Account (PERF DB), the monthly employer-funded defined benefit component, and the Public Employees' Hybrid Members Defined Contribution Account (PERF DC), a member-funded account.

PERF Hybrid is administered by the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS). INPRS issues a publicly available financial report, including PERF Hybrid, that may be obtained at <http://www.inprs.in.gov/>.

Public Employees' Defined Benefit Account

PERF DB is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit fund providing retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to full-time employees of the State not covered by another plan and those political subdivisions (counties, cities, townships, and other governmental units) that elect to participate in the retirement fund. Administration of the fund is generally in accordance with IC 5-10.2, IC 5-10.3, IC 5-10.5, 35 IAC 1.2, and other Indiana pension law.

NOTE 7 - BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Eligibility for Pension Benefit Payment

Full Retirement Benefit: A member is entitled to a full retirement benefit at 1) at age 65 with at least 10 years of creditable service (eight years for certain elected officials), 2) at age 60 with at least 15 years of creditable service, 3) at age 55 if age and creditable service total at least 85, 4) at age 55 with 20 years of creditable service and active as an elected official in the PERF-covered position, or 5) at age 70 with 20 years of creditable service and still active in the PERF-covered position.

Early Retirement Benefit: A member is entitled to an early retirement benefit at age 50 and a minimum of 15 years of creditable service. The benefit is 44% of full benefits at age 50, increasing 5% per year up to 89% at age 59.

Disability Benefit: An active member qualifying for Social Security disability with five years of creditable service may receive an unreduced retirement benefit for the duration of disability.

Survivor Benefit: If a member dies after June 30, 2018, a spouse or dependent beneficiary of a member with a minimum of 10 years of creditable service receives a benefit as if the member retired the later of age 50 or the age the day before the member's death. If a member dies while receiving a benefit, a beneficiary receives the benefit associated with the member's selected form of payment.

Contribution Rates

Contributions are determined by the INPRS Board and are based on a percentage of covered payroll. If determined to be necessary by the actuaries of INPRS, the INPRS Board updates the percentage of covered payroll annually effective July 1. Employers currently contribute 11.2% of covered payroll. No member contributions are required. The Board's contributions to PERF DB were \$1,323 and \$365 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Benefit Formula and Postretirement Benefit Adjustment

The lifetime annual benefit equals years of creditable service multiplied by the average highest five-year annual salary multiplied by 1.1% (minimum of \$180 per month). Postretirement benefit increases are granted on an ad hoc basis pursuant to IC 5-10.2-12.4 and administered by the INPRS Board.

Public Employees' Defined Contribution Account

PERF DC is a multiple-employer defined contribution fund providing retirement benefits to full-time employees of the State not covered by another plan and those political subdivisions (counties, cities, townships, and other governmental units) that elect to participate in the retirement fund. Administration of the account is generally in accordance with IC 5-10.2, IC 5-10.3, 35 IAC 1.2, and other Indiana pension law.

Contribution Rates

Member contributions under PERF DC are set by statute and the INPRS Board at 3% of covered payroll. The employer may choose to make these contributions on behalf of the member. The Board made no contributions to PERF DC for the year ended June 30, 2021. Under certain limitations, voluntary post-tax member contributions up to 10% of compensation can be made solely by the member.

NOTE 7 - BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefit Terms

Members (or their beneficiaries) are entitled to the sum total of contributions plus earnings 30 days after separation from employment (retirement, termination, disability, or death) or upon providing proof of the member’s qualification for Social Security disability benefits. The amount may be paid in a lump sum, partial lump sum, direct rollover to another eligible retirement plan, or a monthly annuity. PERF DC members are 100% vested in their account balance.

Significant Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability is determined using an actuarial valuation performed by the actuaries of INPRS, which involves estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service, etc.) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations, etc.). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to review and modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are developed.

Key methods, assumptions, and dates of experience studies used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation are included in the publicly available financial report published by INPRS. In addition, the INPRS financial report includes a target asset allocation and geometric real rates of return expected to be realized in calculating the total pension liability, as well as how those rates of return were determined.

The net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%), or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate as of June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	1% Decrease (5.75%)	Current Discount Rate (6.75%)	1% Increase (7.75%)
2021	<u>\$ 2,972</u>	<u>\$ 1,823</u>	<u>\$ 860</u>
2020	<u>\$41,402</u>	<u>\$25,092</u>	<u>\$12,749</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Board reported a liability of \$1,823 and \$25,092 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, respectively. The Board’s proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the Board’s wages as a proportion of total wages for PERF Hybrid. The proportionate share used at the June 30, 2020 and 2019, measurement dates was 0.00006% and 0.00078%, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Board recognized pension expense of \$133 and \$5,670, respectively, which includes expenses from the net amortization of deferred amounts from changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions of \$(13) and \$2,216, respectively.

NOTE 7 - BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERF DB from the following sources:

	2021		2020	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 32	\$ 24	\$ 683	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	156			\$1,219
Changes of assumptions		380	6	2,802
Changes in proportion and differences between the Board's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	<u>505</u>	<u>790</u>	<u>6,238</u>	<u>168</u>
Total that will be recognized in pension expense based on table below	693	1,194	6,927	4,189
Pension contribution subsequent to measurement date	<u>1,323</u>	<u> </u>	<u>3,133</u>	<u> </u>
Total	<u>\$2,016</u>	<u>\$1,194</u>	<u>\$10,060</u>	<u>\$4,189</u>

Deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2022	\$(200)
2023	(109)
2024	(258)
2025	<u>66</u>
	<u>\$(501)</u>

NOTE 8 - UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO CORONAVIRUS

On January 30, 2021, the World Health Organization declared a global health emergency over the novel coronavirus known as COVID-19. The outbreak caused global volatility in fixed income markets and indirectly prompted interest rate cuts by the Federal Reserve; factors which impact the Board's investment return. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Board's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, the performance and stability of the fixed income markets, and future rate setting decision by the Federal Reserve, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. The ultimate impact of the outbreak to the Board's financial results and operations cannot be determined at this time; however, management is taking actions to mitigate the impact of the outbreak to the Board.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)**

**SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE
OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (UNAUDITED)**

**PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND
Last 10 Fiscal Years***

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Board's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00006%	0.00078%	0.00054%	0.00181%	0.00175%	0.00204%	0.00215%	0.00223%
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,823	\$ 25,092	\$ 17,805	\$ 80,669	\$ 79,391	\$ 83,112	\$ 56,511	\$ 76,530
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,257	\$ 39,546	\$ 27,474	\$ 89,277	\$ 83,948	\$ 102,000	\$ 104,863	\$ 107,366
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	55.97%	63.45%	64.81%	90.36%	94.57%	81.48%	53.89%	71.28%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	81.40%	80.10%	78.90%	72.70%	71.20%	73.30%	81.10%	74.30%

*The effort and cost to re-create financial statement information for 10 years was not practical. Information was prepared prospectively from June 30, 2013 for GASB Statement No. 68 purposes.

INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)

SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,323	\$ 365	\$ 4,429	\$ 3,077	\$ 10,040	\$ 9,402	\$ 11,424	\$ 11,745	\$ 12,759
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>1,323</u>	<u>365</u>	<u>4,429</u>	<u>3,077</u>	<u>10,040</u>	<u>9,402</u>	<u>11,424</u>	<u>11,745</u>	<u>12,759</u>
Contribution deficiency	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,813	\$ 3,257	\$ 39,546	\$ 27,474	\$ 89,277	\$ 83,948	\$ 102,000	\$ 104,863	\$ 107,366
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.2%	11.2%	11.2%	11.2%	11.2%	11.2%	11.2%	11.2%	11.9%

*The effort and cost to re-create financial statement information for 10 years was not practical. Information was prepared prospectively from June 30, 2013 for GASB Statement No. 68 purposes.

**INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES
(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)**

**NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
June 30, 2021**

SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (UNAUDITED)

Plan Amendments: In 2020, there were no plan amendments.

Assumption Changes: In 2020, an experience study was performed resulting in an update to several assumptions. These assumption changes included a change in mortality assumptions, retirement assumptions, withdrawal assumptions, disability assumptions, dependent spouse assumptions, and future salary increase assumptions. None of these changes were significant to the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability.

SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S CONTRIBUTIONS (UNAUDITED)

Methods Used in Calculating Contributions: Contributions are determined by the INPRS Board and are based on a percentage of covered payroll. If determined to be necessary by the actuaries of INPRS, the INPRS Board may update the percentage of covered payroll annually effective July 1. Employers currently contribute 11.2% of covered payroll. There have been no changes in the percentage of covered payroll used since 2015.

Trends: There were no factors that significantly affected trends in contributions to the Plan.

OTHER REPORT

*Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors
Indiana Board for Depositories

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Indiana Board for Depositories (the Board), a component unit of the State of Indiana, which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2021, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Board's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Board's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Katy, Sappun & Miller, LLP

Indianapolis, Indiana
December 17, 2021