

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

DAVID A. WOOD, MAYOR



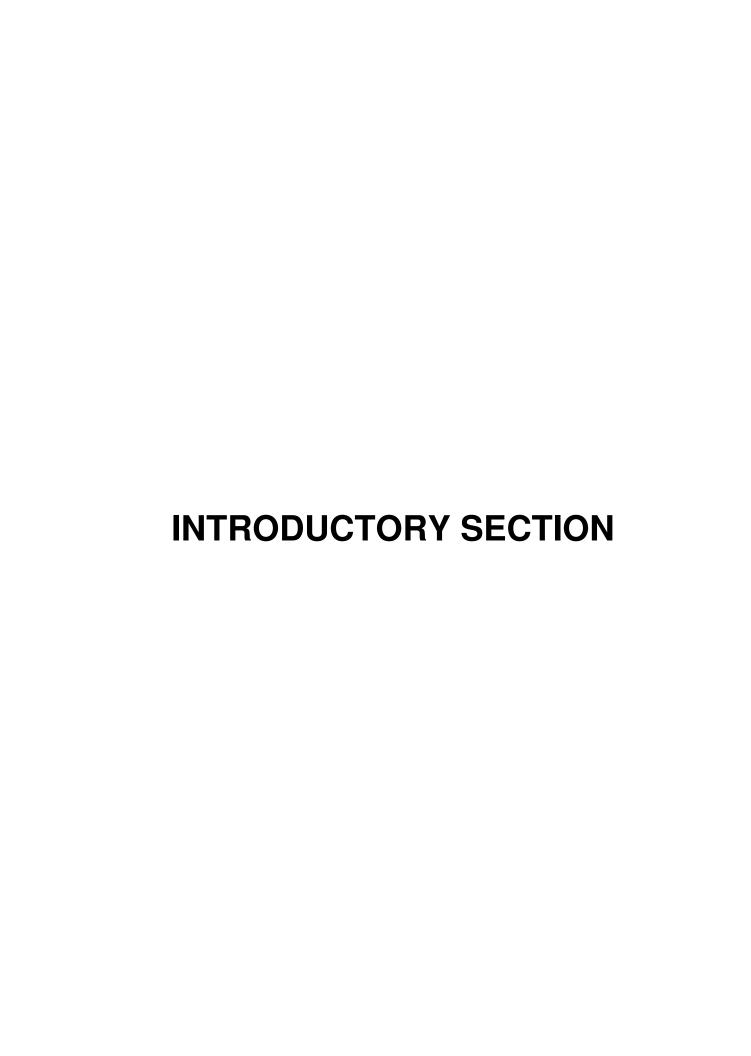
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2015



CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE



CITY OF MISHAWAKA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Description</u>	<u>Page</u>
I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Table of Contents	i–ii
City Officials	
Mayor's Letter of Transmittal	
Controller's Letter of Transmittal	
Organization Chart	
Certificate of Achievement	x
II. FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-17
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government – Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	19
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Other Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	00
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	24–25
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	00
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	
Notes to Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	80_81
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation – General Fund	92
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of City Contributions	
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of Contributions	
Schedule of Investment Returns	
Schedule of Funding Progress	
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Description – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	98–100
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	101–106
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Other Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	107–112
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	113–125

CITY OF MISHAWAKA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

<u>Description</u>

Table of Contents Statistical Section			<u>Page</u>
Description – Fiduciary Funds	II.	FINANCIAL SECTION (continued)	
Net Position by Component133Changes in Net Position134-135Fund Balances, Governmental Funds136Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds137Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property138Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates139Principal Property Taxpayers140Property Taxes Levied and Collected141Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type142Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding143Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt144Legal Debt Margin Information145General Obligation and Tax Incremental Financing Bonds Coverage146Revenue Bond Coverage147Demographic and Economic Statistics148Largest Employers149Electric Utility Large Users150		Description – Fiduciary Funds	127 128 129
Net Position by Component133Changes in Net Position134-135Fund Balances, Governmental Funds136Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds137Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property138Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates139Principal Property Taxpayers140Property Taxes Levied and Collected141Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type142Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding143Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt144Legal Debt Margin Information145General Obligation and Tax Incremental Financing Bonds Coverage146Revenue Bond Coverage147Demographic and Economic Statistics148Largest Employers149Electric Utility Large Users150	III.	STATISTICAL SECTION:	
Wastewater Utility Large Users		Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position	133 -135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 150 151 152 153

CITY OFFICIALS

Office	<u>Official</u>	<u>Term</u>
Controller	Rebecca S. Miller	01-01-15 to 12-31-16
Mayor	David A. Wood	01-01-12 to 12-31-19
President of the Board of Public Works and Safety	Gary E. West	01-01-15 to 12-31-16
Members of the Common Council	Matt Mammolenti Mary C. Willson (Kate Voelker) Dale E. Emmons Ronald S. Banicki John J. Roggeman S. Michael Compton Michael A. Bellovich John Reisdorf Dan Bilancio Ross Deal Joe Canarecci Bryan Tanner	01-01-12 to 12-31-19 01-01-13 to 12-31-19 01-01-12 to 12-31-19 01-01-12 to 12-31-19 01-01-12 to 01-24-16 01-01-12 to 12-31-19 01-01-12 to 12-31-19 01-01-12 to 12-31-15 01-01-16 to 12-31-19 01-01-16 to 12-31-19 02-11-16 to 12-31-19



City of Mishawaka

Office of the Mayor

David A. Wood, Mayor

June 6, 2016

Members of the Common Council Mishawaka, Indiana

Dear Council Members:

In accordance with Indiana statute, I hereby transmit to you the annual financial report of the City of Mishawaka as of December 31, 2015.

The city's administration assumes responsibility for this report and believes that the data, as presented, is complete and accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the city as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of Mishawaka's financial affairs have been included.

In developing and evaluating the city's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are discussed by the Controller in her accompanying letter of transmittal and, within that framework, I believe that the city's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Indiana law requires that the financial statements of the city be audited by the State Board of Accounts. This requirement has been met and the auditor's opinion is included in the compliance section of this report.

The State Board of Accounts has placed the entire burden of compiling the CAFR report on the City. This is a new practice and takes a great deal of time and effort in the Controller's Office. The preparation of this annual financial report could not have been accomplished without the professional competence and dedication of City Controller, Rebecca Miller and her entire staff. Their efforts over the years to upgrade the accounting and financial reporting systems of the city have substantially improved the quality of information being reported to Mishawaka citizens, the Common Council and Indiana oversight boards. In addition, we utilized the services of H.J. Umbaugh and Associates to assist in the preparation and ensure we are reporting with the most up to date GAAP regulations.

All of us in Mishawaka can take great pride that for the twenty-ninth consecutive year; Mishawaka has earned the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Financial Officers Association. This is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental financial reporting. Few municipalities in the State of Indiana ever receive this prestigious award. So it is with great pride and satisfaction that I transmit this financial report and assure you and our citizens that the fiscal management and reporting of our city government meets every recognized standard of excellence.

Sincerely,

David A. Wood, Mayor



CITY OF MISHAWAKA

DAVID A. WOOD, MAYOR

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE Rebecca S. Miller, Controller Misti D. Horvath, Deputy Controller

June 6, 2016

To the Honorable Mayor David A. Wood, Members of the Common Council, and Citizens of the City of Mishawaka:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Mishawaka, Indiana for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 is hereby submitted.

This report was prepared by the City Controller's Office in conjunction with the H.J. Umbaugh and Associates. Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the presentation rests with the city. We believe the data as presented is accurate in all material respects and is presented fairly as set forth in the financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the city as of December 31, 2015 and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the city's financial affairs have been included. The financial statements of the City of Mishawaka for the year-ended December 31, 2015 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

Internal control is a major part of managing a city. It is not a one-time event, but an ongoing series of actions and events that occur in a municipality. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and reliability of financial records for preparing the financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. Reasonable assurance recognizes the cost of internal controls should not exceed the benefits to be derived, and the valuation of costs and benefits requires judgment by management.

The City of Mishawaka's accounting system is specifically designed for governmental entities and is equipped to adequately report and record financial data accurately while keeping the City compliant with laws and regulations. We believe that the City of Mishawaka's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of the proper recording of financial transactions. Policies and procedures have been put into place at the City of Mishawaka to assure the best possible performance. Key items: A written Cash Handling policy, Capital Asset policy, Computer usage policy, and periodic inventories overseen by the Controller's Office. In addition to these policies, we are in the process of producing an Internal Control ordinance along with citywide training for those employees who handle money and key assets.

The State Board of Accounts of the State of Indiana has issued an unqualified opinion on the City of Mishawaka's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015. The independent auditor's opinion is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The city is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations</u>, the provisions of the Indiana Code section 5-11-1-9 and the requirements of the Indiana State Board of Accounts. Information related to the single audit, including the schedule of federal awards, findings and recommendations, and the auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with laws and regulations, is included in this document.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Mishawaka's MD&A may be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors. The following pages of this transmittal letter include a general overview of the City of Mishawaka with discussion on the economic condition of the city also including present and future goals of the city.

CITY PROFILE

The City of Mishawaka was incorporated as a city in 1899. The City of Mishawaka is located in the north central part of the State of Indiana. Mishawaka is approximately 100 miles east of Chicago and 140 miles north of Indianapolis. The city currently occupies a land area of approximately 17.89 square miles and serves a population of 48,252 (2010 Census). The central government of the city consists of the Mayor (chief executive officer) and a nine-member Common Council, six members of which are elected by districts each serving a four-year term. The City of Mishawaka also elects a City Clerk.

The City of Mishawaka provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, economic redevelopment, and recreational activities. Other services provided are a municipal utility that includes electric, wastewater and water services.

The City of Mishawaka component units are composed of the Mishawaka Building Corporation and the Local Public Improvement Bond Bank. The Mishawaka-Penn Public Library, Mishawaka School City and the Mishawaka Housing Authority have been determined to be separate reporting entities.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Mishawaka's financial planning and control. Budgetary controls are maintained at the fund level. The Mishawaka City Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than October 31st of each year. Budget to actual comparisons demonstrate how actual revenues and expenses/expenditures compare to both the original and final revised budgets. The following schedule identifies where these comparisons can be found.

	Starting
	Page
Governmental Major Funds	80
Governmental Non-Major Funds	113

ECONOMIC CONDITION

The City's major challenges are to provide the infrastructure, services and public safety needed to maintain the quality of life, which has attracted considerable growth to our city. The economic condition and outlook of the government continues to show stable growth and vitality. The City of Mishawaka is a growing community with a highly diversified economic base. To maintain the attractiveness of the City of Mishawaka we must balance our support systems with our quality of life amenities.

The City of Mishawaka has continued to grow in a steady and orderly fashion. Long-term investments continue to be made in our infrastructure and then maintained. Over the past five years circuit breaker property tax caps have reduced the City's revenue. With the downturn of the economy 2009, followed by the tax caps, the City of Mishawaka has and continues to make the hard decisions necessary to maintain a balanced budget. Despite these challenges the citizens expect such services as street sweeping, leaf collections, and public safety to keep our neighborhoods clean, safe, and an attractive place to live.

The City of Mishawaka has access to the Indiana toll road, U.S. Highways 6, 20, 31 and several state highways. The City also has access to an international airport which is the second busiest airport in Indiana and the first in the country that is a tri-modal airport, with air, rail and bus lines.

Mishawaka's 2000 Census population was 46,557, and the population of Mishawaka increased to 48,252 or 3.6% according to the 2010 U.S. Census. Steady job growth and population growth have contributed to the stability of the community. As of December 2015 the South Bend/Mishawaka area unemployment rate was 4.8% compared to 6.3% in 2014. The South Bend/Mishawaka area overall resident employment remains flat at 129,511 for 2015 compared to 129,684 in 2014.

Locally there are several colleges with over a 20,000 combined student population. These universities and technical schools include Bethel College in Mishawaka, the University of Notre Dame, Indiana University South Bend, Saint Mary's College and Ivy Tech Community College.

The largest employers in Mishawaka are in the Health, Education and Retail fields. The St. Joseph Regional Medical Center employs approximately 2,280 people, the School City of Mishawaka employs an estimate of 922 people and Meijer Retail employs approximately 750 people.

The total estimated value of new construction permits in Mishawaka during 2015 was \$85.2 million. Residential permits totaled \$14.8 million, commercial permits totaled \$57.0 million, and multi-family permits exploded to \$13.4 million from \$750 thousand in 2014. Numerous developments near the Riverwalk and the Gumwood Road corridor are the reason for the increase. Highlighting the 2015 building season was the \$13.4 million permit for the Beacon Health System's Health and Wellness facility being constructed on the southwest corner of Capital Avenue and Beacon Parkway.

In 2015, 12 new commercial permits, and 133 commercial alterations/additions were issued and new single family housing increased modestly to 47 from 43 in 2014. Although the City of Mishawaka is benefiting from long—term strategic planning, the housing market is still significantly lower than the prerecession year of 2007 where there were 112 permits pulled for single family homes. Over the next few years, the City anticipates the continued transformation of longstanding retail centers, as well as, scattered new-site construction. Retail sales in Mishawaka totaled \$1.8 billion according to a 2007 survey of market data by the U.S. Census Bureau. The Mishawaka area is northern Indiana's retail hub bringing in new national retailers every year like Whole Foods, Costco, and Fresh Thyme Market, and the trend is expected to continue.

The City of Mishawaka annexed 29.85 acres of land in 2015.

In 2015 the City of Mishawaka continues to experience business retention and neighborhood revitalization.

55 tax abatements have been issued by the City of Mishawaka since 1986 for 37 different companies. Only seven tax abatements were outstanding at the end of 2015.

ECONOMIC INDICATORS

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Population	48,252	48,252	48,252	48,252	48,252
Assessed Value (billions)	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$1.3	\$1.4	\$1.4
Dollar Value of Building Permits (millions)	\$85.2	\$67.8	\$53.3	\$51.6	\$45.0
Building Permits – New Housing	47	43	39	28	22
Labor Force (St. Joseph County)	129,511	129,684	127,505	124,968	126,693

Sources: Bureau of Labor Statistics, US Census Bureau.

MAJOR INITIATIVES/PROGRAMS

The following initiatives, some new and some on-going are briefly outlined to indicate the challenges and opportunities related to development currently facing the City.

Maintaining the City's long term financial health is the number one priority for the year 2015 and beyond. Trying to control property taxes and still maintaining the services that are required will be a difficult process in the years to come. In 2007 legislation was passed to cap residential property tax at one percent by the year 2010. This legislation has put a burden on municipalities to spend tax dollars wisely. In 2009 St Joseph County implemented a new Local Option Income Tax, this tax helped to fund Public Safety needs beginning in 2013 and will also help fund any future capital needs for public safety.

The City's neighborhood stabilization plan continues to be implemented in 2015. The Mishawaka Code Enforcement Department assists the Community Development Department in providing them with the locations of vacant properties. This information has been valuable as they progress with the Neighborhood Stabilization Program. Many vacant properties have been demolished and replaced with single family homes. The overall appearance in older neighborhoods has greatly improved and will continue to improve.

The City in cooperation with the Solid Waste District continues a staffed Household Hazardous (HHH) waste collection facility. This facility is staffed full time throughout the year. The site provides residents a place to dispose of waste materials that would otherwise be disposed of in a less than favorable manner.

One of the largest projects completed in 2013 was the Capital Avenue/SR 331 urban expressway. This highway connected two major roadways, the Indiana Toll Road (Interstate 80/90) and US Highway 20. This roadway opened up important economic development opportunities in the corridor. In 2014 the Fir/Capital Connector was started with a completion date in 2015. This connector will be a gateway into the city from Capital Avenue at the Toll Road Interchange.

Perpendicular to Capital Avenue on the south is the 12th Street/Harrison Road widening. This busy road connects the highly populated eastern city limits to Union Street near downtown Mishawaka. Blackberry to Capital is complete, and the next design phase began in 2015.

The City is continuing to develop a countywide Geographic Information System (GIS). Several strategic plans for improvement have been finalized. The entire application data has been moved to a faster server and the software version has been updated at the workstation level. The GIS computer technology combines mapping and information stored as data that can be collated and retrieved by location. The benefits include improved regional planning and intergovernmental communication; enhanced access and coordination of vital information for police, fire and EMS; soil, drainage and topography can be layered over parcels to provide quick site analysis, immediate and easy access to infrastructure, utilities and drainage data; and land use management.

The City amended its TIF areas into one consolidated district to meet long-term infrastructure needs. This consolidation has been very beneficial as it provides funding to projects that otherwise would not have a funding source.

The Mishawaka Riverwalk continues to be expanded. The City of Mishawaka Riverwalk connects neighborhoods and parks while also taking advantage of the view of the St. Joseph River. This access adds value to existing homes and neighborhoods.

The Park Department is currently analyzing all of its facilities and also evaluating where activities are best located. Central Park had its grand rededication in July where over a thousand citizens attended the ceremony for a front row view of the \$5 million renovation.

In 2008 the City of Mishawaka created its own Local Bond Bank. Over the last few years the bond bank has funded a city wide energy plan, the purchase of a Sewer Vac, the construction of a new fire station, and in 2015 a TIF Bond issue for improvements at the Battell Center. The creation of the Bond Bank has saved the City several thousand dollars in interest expense since its inception.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Indiana state statute IC 5-13-1 requires each municipality to be audited by the State Board of Accounts, an agency of the State of Indiana. This requirement has been satisfied and the auditor's opinion has been included in this report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Mishawaka for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award-recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a state and local government financial report.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Mishawaka has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 29 consecutive years (December 31, 1986 – December 31, 2014). We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report was made possible by the dedicated staff of the Controller's Office, most notably Accountant Kurt Vardaman. Appreciation is also extended to Deputy Controller Misti Horvath. I would like to thank Martha Harper, Area Supervisor for the State Board of Accounts, and the Area Field Examiner John Pajakowski for their assistance and encouragement. Acknowledgment should also go to Mayor David A. Wood and the members of the Mishawaka Common Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Rebecca S. Miller City Controller

Staff: Misti Horvath

Kim Hill

Amber Robinett

Muleur S Miller

Shellie Lentz

Melanie Wroblewski

Judy Sawyer Kurt Vardaman

Michael Hartman





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of Mishawaka Indiana

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

Executive Director/CEO





STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS 302 WEST WASHINGTON STREET ROOM E418 INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46204-2769

> Telephone: (317) 232-2513 Fax: (317) 232-4711 Web Site: www.in.gov/sboa

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO: THE OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF MISHAWAKA, ST. JOSEPH COUNTY, INDIANA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mishawaka (City), as of and for the year ended, December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note III.I. to the financial statements, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement 68 *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedule, Budget/GAAP Reconciliation, Schedule of Funding Progress, Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedules of City Contributions, and Schedule of Investment Returns, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City basic financial statements. The accompanying Introductory Section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

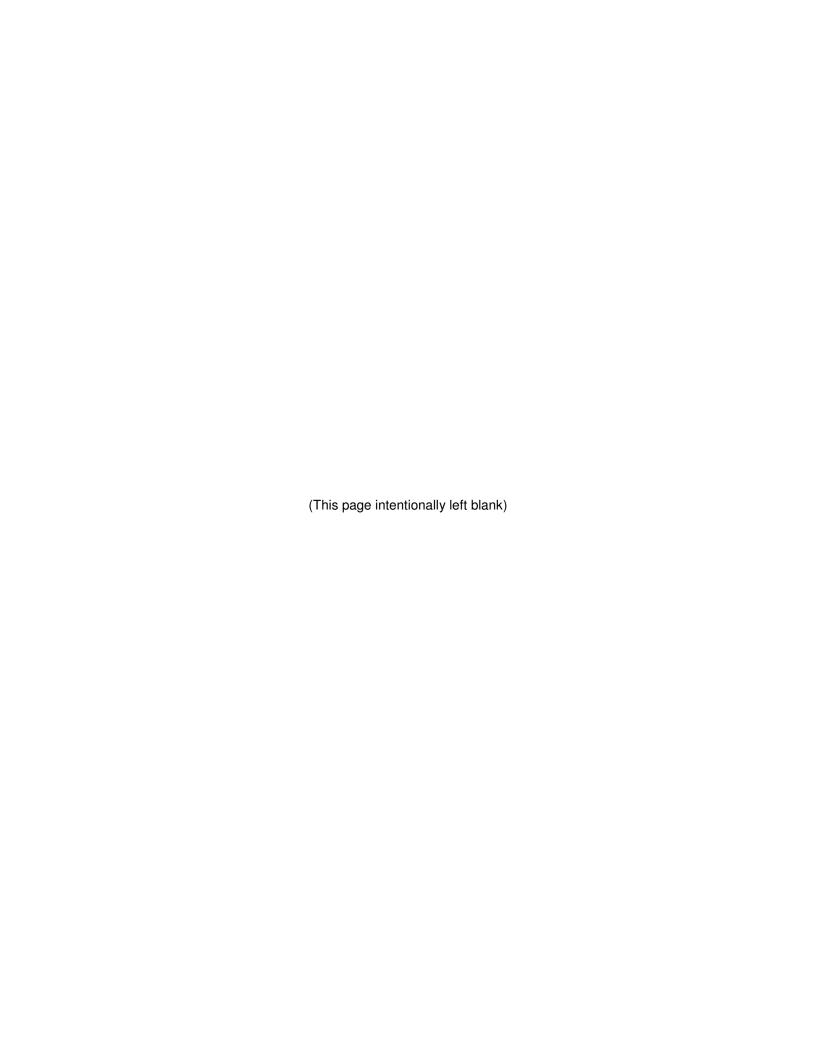
The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 14, 2016, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Paul D. Joyce, CPA State Examiner

June 14, 2016



City of Mishawaka, Indiana Management Discussion and Analysis For the year ended December 31, 2015

As management of the City of Mishawaka, we offer the readers of the City of Mishawaka's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Mishawaka for the calendar year ended December 31, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of Mishawaka's financial performance.

As with other sections of this financial report, the information contained within this MD&A should be considered only a part of a greater whole. The readers of this statement should take time to read and evaluate all sections of this report, including the Transmittal Letter, City's financial statements, and the other Required Supplemental Information ("RSI") that is provided in addition to this MD&A.

Financial Highlights

- The government's total net position increased by \$13,995,969. Of this amount, governmental activities net position increased by \$8,349,796 and business-type activities increased by \$5.646.173.
- As of the close of calendar year 2015, the City of Mishawaka's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41,504,168, a decrease of \$8,226,306 from the prior year.
- At the end of 2015, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,538,777 (10.9 percent of General Fund Expenditures) compared to \$1,858,348 for 2014 which was about 5.4 percent of total General Fund expenditures for that year.
- The City of Mishawaka's issued \$1,000,000 of Bonds for the Battell Center and entered into a
 debt agreement with the county resulting in the allocation of \$1,513,782 of bonds for the Public
 Safety Access Point.
- In 2015, the City adjusted net position by \$5,250,566 to reflect the incorporation of GASB 68 for pension liabilities. The Wastewater Utility was adjusted by \$2,398,000 to reflect the forgiveness of a bond anticipation note from the Indiana State Revolving Fund.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Mishawaka's basic financial statements. Those statements are comprised of the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated in columns, which add to a total for the Primary Government.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City of Mishawaka's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and the deferred inflows of resources. The difference between total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Mishawaka is improving or deteriorating.

Component units, which are other governmental units over which the City of Mishawaka may exercise influence and/or be obligated to provide financial subsidy, are presented as a separate column in the government-wide statements and as individual activities in the fund financial statements.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent calendar year. All changes in net position are recorded in the period in which the underlying event takes place, which may differ from the period in which the cash is received or disbursed. The statement is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and business-type activities net of the related revenues, as well as a separate presentation of revenues available for general purposes.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the City of Mishawaka that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Mishawaka include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, community development, culture and recreation, and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City of Mishawaka include a water, wastewater, and electric utility. The major governmental activities of the City of Mishawaka consist of General Government and Consolidated TIF.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control and reporting of resources that are segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Mishawaka, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Mishawaka are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. The focus is on Major Funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as, on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the calendar year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

General Government Revenues

The following schedule presents a summary of general revenues for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Revenues	2015 Amount	% of Total
Taxes: General Property	\$ 39,736,954	59.92%
Licenses and permits	604,233	0.91%
Intergovernmental	19,023,079	28.69%
Charges for services	5,916,673	8.92%
Fines and forfeits	32,898	0.05%
Interest	170,391	0.26%
Sales and Use of Property	68,857	0.10%
Gifts and Donations	182,223	0.27%
Other	585,769	0.88%
Totals	\$ 66,321,077	100.00%

As shown above, the City of Mishawaka's single largest source of revenue is generated by property taxation. This revenue is based on a relationship between assessed property valuation of industrial, commercial, and residential parcels, both real and personal, and the application of a tax rate to arrive at the total levy. Taxable property is assessed at 100 percent of the true tax value.

The City of Mishawaka has the ability through the State of Indiana to increase its general property tax levy by a maximum of 5 percent. In 2015, the increase was 2.6 percent. The above property tax revenue

includes taxes collected on behalf of the following funds: General Fund, Consolidated TIF, Park and Recreation Fund, Motor Vehicle Highway Fund, Cumulative Capital Development Fund, Cumulative Sewer Fund, Cumulative Building and Fire Equipment Fund, various capital projects funds for the City of Mishawaka's Redevelopment Tax Incremental Financing (TIF) Funds, and a special levy to cover debt service on general obligation bonds. Approximately 58.3 percent of the General Fund's 2015 total revenue was derived from property taxes, the Consolidated TIF Fund derived 99.5 percent of its revenue from property tax, and the Other Governmental Fund's property tax percentage was 16.9 percent of total revenue.

EDIT, COIT, and LOIT were established to support the purpose of taking the tax burden away from homeowners. The years of distribution listed are on a cash basis, not accrual. Intergovernmental revenue primarily consists of Economic Development Income Tax (EDIT), County Option Income Tax (COIT), and Public Safety Local Option Income Tax (LOIT). Economic Development Income Tax was enacted July 1, 1995 at one-tenth of a percent (0.1 percent) but was then increased by ordinance beginning in 1998 to two-tenths of a percent (0.2 percent) and in 2009 it was increased to its maximum of (0.4 percent). The City received \$2,932,639, \$3,074,496 and \$3,364,145 of EDIT distributions for the years 2013, 2014, and 2015 respectively. County Option Income Tax was enacted in July of 1997 at twotenths of a percent (0.2 percent) and increased yearly by one-tenth of a percent (0.1 percent) to a maximum of six-tenths of a percent (0.6 percent). The City received \$2,694,937, \$2,886,126 and \$2,986,013 of COIT distributions for the years 2013, 2014, and 2015 respectively. In October of 2009 a Public Safety Local Option Income Tax was enacted at .25 percent. The City received \$2,113,183, \$2,228,924 and \$2,285,289 of LOIT distributions for the years 2013, 2014, and 2015, respectively. Other intergovernmental revenue includes alcoholic beverage tax, wheel tax, vehicle excise tax, and cigarette tax. User fees are analyzed each year with future increases to be implemented to help shift some of the burden of taxation. In 2017, income taxes will be consolidated into one local income tax. Additional information on this change can be found in the notes to the financial statements under subsequent events.

General Government Expenditures

The following schedule presents a summary of general government expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Expenditures	20	015 Amount	% of Total
General Government	\$	11,442,110	14.87%
Public Safety		30,549,975	39.72%
Highways and Streets		12,772,433	16.60%
Infastructure		7,284,824	9.47%
Sanitation		2,152,972	2.80%
Culture and Recreation		10,483,979	13.63%
Community Development		1,775,052	2.31%
Debt service		479,138	 0.62%
Totals	\$	76,940,483	 100.02%

The City of Mishawaka breaks its general government expenditures into six categories: general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, culture and recreation, and community development. Combined in the expenditure totals are also capital outlay which is listed separately on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for governmental funds. Debt service is also listed separately in the report. As you can see in the above summary, Public Safety has the highest total of expenditures at \$30,549,975 or 39.72 percent of the total expenditures while highways and streets and general government are at 16.60 percent and 14.87 percent respectively. Data for each nonmajor fund is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City of Mishawaka's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Mishawaka maintains 33 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General and Consolidated TIF both of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other funds are combined and presented in one column labeled Nonmajor Governmental Funds. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City of Mishawaka adopts an annual appropriated budget for the majority of its funds. A Budgetary Comparison Schedule has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets as Required Supplementary Information.

Proprietary funds: Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Information is provided separately in the Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds and Statement of Revenues, Expense, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds for the electric, water, and wastewater utilities which are considered major funds. Proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. The City of Mishawaka maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Mishawaka maintains three enterprise funds to account for its electric, water and wastewater utilities. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Mishawaka's various functions. The City of Mishawaka uses an internal service fund to account for its self-funding group health insurance. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements but is combined into an aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City of Mishawaka. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Mishawaka's own operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City of Mishawaka's fiduciary duties are accounted for in both trust and agency funds. The primary trust funds are the 1925 Police Pension, 1937 Firefighters' Pension, and Utility Pension funds. The one agency fund is the Redevelopment Revolving.

Pension Trust Fund Operations

Most City of Mishawaka employees are covered by the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) and the 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension Fund, both administered by the State of Indiana. Certain police officers and firefighters hired before May 1, 1977, who did not opt into the 1977 Fund, continue to be members of the 1925 Police Pension and the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plans. These two plans are administered by the Local Pension Board. This group of police officers and firefighters are continuing to decline, both as a total member and as a percentage of total payrolls of both the police and fire departments and of the City as a whole. In 2009, the State of Indiana took over the funding of the 1925 Police and 1937 Fire Pension Plans. This funding will be paid directly to the City of Mishawaka through the State of Indiana Pension Relief Fund.

The Utility Pension Plan covers all the City of Mishawaka's utility workers except for sewer employees who are covered by PERF. The Utility Pension Plan is administered by the City of Mishawaka's Board of Works and provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Funding requirements are established by the plan administrator. Currently, employees are not required to make any contributions to the plan. The Utility Pension Plan is funded by revenue received from utility services.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also provides certain required supplementary information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and fiduciary funds are presented immediately after the required supplementary information. Also, included are budget comparisons for governmental funds other than the General fund and the Consolidated TIF fund which is a major fund.

Government-Wide Financial Statement Analysis

Summary of Net Position – The following table reflects a summary of Net Position compared to the prior year.

City of Mishawaka Statement of Net Position

	Govern	nmental	Business-Type				
	Activ	rities	Activ	vities	Totals		
	2015	2014*	2015 2014*		2015	2014*	
Current and other assets	\$ 47,849,668	\$ 55,840,927	\$ 37,681,897	\$ 43,178,246	\$ 85,531,565	\$ 99,019,173	
Capital assets	219,174,311	198,138,101	199,367,940	195,283,086	418,542,251	393,421,187	
Total assets	267,023,979	253,979,028	237,049,837	238,461,332	504,073,816	492,440,360	
Deferred outflows of							
resources	5,960,641	2,077,634	4,232,354	3,617,744	10,192,995	5,695,378	
Long-term liabilities	84,024,682	77,621,223	87,447,086	95,865,585	171,471,768	173,486,808	
Other liabilities	2,202,145	2,978,130	9,264,445	9,852,053	11,466,590	12,830,183	
Total liabilities	86,226,827	80,599,353	96,711,531	105,717,638	182,938,358	186,316,991	
Deferred inflows of							
resources	8,201,254		165,049		8,366,303		
Net position: Net Investment							
In capital assets	214,446,601	194,804,771	118,062,724	106,696,476	332,509,325	301,501,247	
Restricted		-	9,445,036	10,327,308	9,445,036	10,327,308	
Unrestricted	(35,890,062)	(19,347,462)	16,897,851	19,337,654	(18,992,211)	(9,808)	
Total net position	\$ 178,556,539	\$ 175,457,309	\$ 144,405,611	\$ 136,361,438	\$ 322,962,150	\$ 311,818,747	

^{*} For this presentation, the 2014 column balances were not restated for prior period adjustments due to lack of information and management desire to maintain comparability with prior reports.

Normal Impacts

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and they are not available for future

spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Current and other assets consist mainly of cash, investments, and receivables from property taxes, intergovernmental sources, and interest. Capital assets include land, improvements to land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure such as roads, and sidewalks and curbs. Deferred outflows include deferred amounts from refunding of debt, utility ratemaking expenses and pension costs. Long-term liabilities consist mainly of notes and loans payable, bonds payable, and capital leases. Other liabilities include accounts payable, accrued payroll, customer deposits, and taxes payable.

Borrowing of capital will increase current assets and long-term debt. Spending borrowed proceeds on new capital will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. Spending of non-borrowed current assets on new capital will reduce current assets and increase capital assets and will reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets. Principal payment on debt will reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets. Reduction of capital assets through depreciation will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Current Year Impacts

At December 31, 2015, the City of Mishawaka's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$322,962,150 an increase of \$11,143,403 from the previous year (based on restated values). The largest portion of the City of Mishawaka's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets of \$332,509,325.

At year end the City of Mishawaka's net position was \$322,962,150. This amount is made up of \$332,509,325 net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), \$9,445,036 assets with external restrictions upon its use, and (\$18,992,211) of unrestricted assets for future use as directed by management.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

The following table reflects the changes in net position compared to prior year:

City of Mishawaka Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	ss-Type vities	Totals		
	2015	2014*	2015 2014*		2015	2014*	
REVENUES							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 8,098,246	\$ 7,752,886	\$ 78,412,590	\$ 80,627,644	\$ 86,510,836	\$ 88,380,530	
Operating grants and contributions	1,134,528	1,015,318	-	· , , ,	1,134,528	1,015,318	
Capital grants and contributions	5,370,541	10,046,066	-	-	5,370,541	10,046,066	
General revenues:					, , , <u>-</u>	, , , <u>-</u>	
Property taxes	39,581,788	40,733,627	-	-	39,581,788	40,733,627	
Other taxes	7,420,415	7,259,125	-	-	7,420,415	7,259,125	
Grants and contributions not restricted							
to specific programs	3,840,427	4,239,318	-	-	3,840,427	4,239,318	
Unrestricted investment earnings	170,391	82,644	113,383	76,156	283,774	158,800	
Other revenue	549,575	191,465	-	-	549,575	191,465	
Total revenues	66,165,911	71,320,449	78,525,973	80,703,800	144,691,884	152,024,249	
EXPENSES							
General government	7,740,465	4,908,617	-	-	7,740,465	4,908,617	
Public safety	28,561,331	37,994,494	-	-	28,561,331	37,994,494	
Highways and streets	7,522,968	7,023,549	-	-	7,522,968	7,023,549	
Sanitation	2,152,972	2,147,191	-	-	2,152,972	2,147,191	
Community Development	1,692,140	1,156,760	-	-	1,692,140	1,156,760	
Culture and recreation	6,862,161	4,874,620	-	-	6,862,161	4,874,620	
Interest on long-term debt	47,206	227,457	-	-	47,206	227,457	
Water utility	-	-	6,899,397	7,127,380	6,899,397	7,127,380	
Wastewater utility	-	-	14,450,623	12,929,617	14,450,623	12,929,617	
Electric utility			54,766,652	51,973,278	54,766,652	51,973,278	
Total expenses	54,579,243	58,332,688	76,116,672	72,030,275	130,695,915	130,362,963	
Changes in net position							
before transfers	11,586,668	12,987,761	2,409,301	8,673,525	13,995,969	21,661,286	
Transfers	(3,236,872)	(1,589,246)	3,236,872	1,589,246	-	-	
Change in net position	8,349,796	11,398,515	5,646,173	10,262,771	13,995,969	21,661,286	
Net Position-Beginning, restated	170,206,743	164,058,794	138,759,438	126,098,667	308,966,181	290,157,461	
Net Position-Ending	\$ 178,556,539	\$ 175,457,309	\$ 144,405,611	\$ 136,361,438	\$ 322,962,150	\$ 311,818,747	

^{*} For this presentation, the 2014 column balances were not restated for prior period adjustments due to lack of information and management desire to maintain comparability with prior reports.

Normal Impacts

Revenue: When comparing revenue, economic conditions can reflect a declining, stable, or growing environment and may have a great impact on property, sales, gas, and other taxes, as well as, public spending for building permits, user fees, and volumes of consumption. While certain tax rates are set by statute, the City Council has the authority to impose and increase or decrease rates (utility charges, user fees, permits, etc.). Certain recurring revenues (block grants, state sharing, etc.) may experience changes periodically while others (or one-time) grants are less predictable and may often distort revenue comparisons from year to year.

Expenses: Within certain expense categories (Police, Fire, Parks and Recreation, etc.), programs added or deleted from year to year may change to meet community needs. Staffing needs may change from year to year to meet the changes in services. Staffing costs (salaries and benefits) represent 74.8 percent of the City's primary government operating cost. Some functions may experience unusual changes due to the specific cost (fuel, chemicals, etc.)

Current Year Impacts

Governmental Activities:

Net position of the governmental activities increased from 2014 to 2015 by \$3.1 million after the restatement.

Charges for services revenue increased \$345,360. Both the building department and ambulance services saw more activity resulting in higher revenue.

Operating grants and contributions increased \$119,210.

Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$4.7 million.

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs decreased in 2015 by \$398,891.

Overall property tax revenue decreased by \$1,151,839. Revenue was less than budgeted due to delinquencies and circuit breaker losses.

Unrestricted investment earnings increased by \$87,747.

Other revenue increased by \$358,110.

Governmental expenses decreased by \$3,753,445 or 6.4 percent. The net decrease resulted from continued efforts to do more with less and align spending plans with available revenues.

Business-Type Activities:

Business-Type Activities net position increased by \$5,646,173.

Overall, utility revenues decreased in 2015 by \$2,177,827. This is primarily due to a reduction in metered revenue in the electric utility.

The expenses of the Business-Type activities increased \$4,086,397 from 2014 or 5.7 percent. The changes are primarily attributable to normal changes in the costs of providing service to customers.

Fund Financial Statement Analysis

As noted earlier, the City of Mishawaka uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City of Mishawaka can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the City of Mishawaka's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Mishawaka's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the calendar year.

As of the end of the current calendar year, the City of Mishawaka's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$41,504,168, a decrease of \$8,226,306 from the prior year. The City of Mishawaka's focus is to reverse this trend and to build up cash balances in the future.

The General fund had an increase in fund balance of \$1.72 million, and the Consolidated TIF fund had a decrease of \$8.8 million. Due to Circuit Breaker losses, prudent and conservative spending continues to be the main reason the General fund cash balance stays in the black.

Several funds had lower fund balances at 2015 year end. Park and Recreation fund decreased \$449.5 thousand. Local Major Moves Construction fund had a decrease of \$300.5 thousand from 2014. As a construction fund these monies will continue to decrease as projects are completed. A loss of property tax revenue (Circuit Breaker) had an effect on the fund balances as a whole. The 2015 final tax settlement was a net 79.41% percent collection rate with a shortage of \$5.9 million. Overall the City of Mishawaka has very prudent spending philosophies and will continue this in the future. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of the combining statements in the Supplemental Information portion.

The General fund is also the chief operating fund of the City of Mishawaka. As of December 31, 2015, the unassigned fund balance was \$3,538,777, and the total fund balance in the General fund was \$3,768,382, an increase of \$1.72 million from 2014. Each year the City of Mishawaka works hard to stay within budget estimates and demonstrate prudent spending.

As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 10.9 percent of the total General fund expenditures. The total grows to 11.6 percent when total fund balance is compared to General fund expenditures.

Individual fund data for each nonmajor governmental fund is provided in the combining statements in the Supplemental Information section of this report.

Proprietary Funds:

The City of Mishawaka's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

All of the three utilities of the City of Mishawaka saw an increase in their net position for 2015. Total net position for the City of Mishawaka's enterprise funds increased by \$8.04 million after the effects of the forgiveness of the ARRA Ban. Of this, net investment of capital assets increased by \$11.4 million, restricted for debt service decreased \$882.3 thousand million and unrestricted net position decreased \$2.4 million. Overall cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$4.9 million. The total liabilities for the enterprise funds had a decrease from 2014 of \$9.0 million.

The Internal Service Fund unrestricted net position was \$(75,562).

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are found later in this report.

Fiduciary Funds:

The City of Mishawaka's fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The basic fiduciary funds financial statements can be found later in this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City of Mishawaka adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund. A Budgetary Comparison Schedule has been provided for the General fund to demonstrate compliance with this

budget. The final budget was less than the original budget by \$302,277. An amended original budget can be explained by an encumbrance rollover, a current year budget increase, or a reduction in budget by the state. In 2015, the submitted budget to the state was increased with encumbrances from 2014 by \$229,605. A budget adjustment of \$302,277 was necessary to cover the necessary expenses of the City and to account for the following infrequent items. When insurance proceeds for accidents or grant money is received for police overtime, the corresponding lines are reimbursed. The General fund budget is reviewed throughout the year and amended from time to time with the approval of the City Council.

The City of Mishawaka tries to maintain its original budget by transferring funds from one account line to another. If this does not cover expenses then the City of Mishawaka appropriates from its fund balance. At the end of the calendar year, the actual expenditures are projected and the following financial information is condensed from the Required Supplementary Information and the Budget Comparison Schedule.

The actual revenues in 2015 were \$1,320,260 under and expenditures were \$1,386,995 under the final budget amount.

Only one revenue category was under budget in 2015. Property tax revenue was \$4.03 million less than expected. Tax collection due to Circuit Breaker was 79.41 percent. In 2014 it was 81.78 percent. As assessed value for the City goes down, Circuit Breaker losses increase. In 2015, Intergovernmental revenue came in higher than budget by \$1,194,168.

In 2015, expenditures under budget can be explained by frugal spending by the City. The City of Mishawaka continues to do more with less. This has been accomplished by not filling all budgeted positions, quoting on all purchases over \$500 and keeping summer help wages at a minimum.

Capital Assets and Long-Term Debt Liability

Capital Assets

The City of Mishawaka's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at December 31, 2015, amounts to \$418,542,251 (net of accumulated depreciation), which represents a net increase (additions less retirements and depreciation) of \$25.1 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements, equipment, vehicles, and roads. A detailed note of these capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements (Note III. C.).

City of Mishawaka (Net of depreciation)

Land \$13,581,917 \$13,426,217 \$1,520,946 \$1,519,446 \$15,102,863 \$14,945,663 Construction in progress 24,595,183 31,138,132 3,223,806 3,913,612 27,818,989 35,051,744 Buildings 26,994,433 17,096,684 35,875,715 36,853,434 62,870,148 53,950,118 Improvement other than buildings 22,755,935 17,317,936 141,658,827 134,869,993 164,414,762 152,187,929 Machinery and equipment 8,216,848 7,494,106 15,955,558 17,028,104 24,172,406 24,522,210 Transportation 1,133,088 1,098,497 1,133,088 1,098,497 Infrastructure being depreciated 123,029,995 111,665,026 123,029,995 111,666,026			Governmental Activities		ss-Type vities	Totals		
Construction in progress 24,595,183 31,138,132 3,223,806 3,913,612 27,818,989 35,051,744 Buildings 26,994,433 17,096,684 35,875,715 36,853,434 62,870,148 53,950,118 Improvement other than buildings 22,755,935 17,317,936 141,658,827 134,869,993 164,414,762 152,187,929 Machinery and equipment and equipment transportation 8,216,848 7,494,106 15,955,558 17,028,104 24,172,406 24,522,210 Transportation 1,133,088 1,098,497 1,133,088 1,098,497		2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Buildings 26,994,433 17,096,684 35,875,715 36,853,434 62,870,148 53,950,118 Improvement other than buildings 22,755,935 17,317,936 141,658,827 134,869,993 164,414,762 152,187,929 Machinery and equipment Transportation 8,216,848 7,494,106 15,955,558 17,028,104 24,172,406 24,522,210 1,133,088 1,098,497 1,133,088 1,098,497	Land	\$ 13,581,917	\$ 13,426,217	\$ 1,520,946	\$ 1,519,446	\$ 15,102,863	\$ 14,945,663	
Improvement other than buildings 22,755,935 17,317,936 141,658,827 134,869,993 164,414,762 152,187,929 Machinery and equipment Transportation 8,216,848 7,494,106 15,955,558 17,028,104 24,172,406 24,522,210 1,133,088 1,098,497 1,133,088 1,098,497	Construction in progress	24,595,183	31,138,132	3,223,806	3,913,612	27,818,989	35,051,744	
than buildings 22,755,935 17,317,936 141,658,827 134,869,993 164,414,762 152,187,929 Machinery and equipment Transportation 8,216,848 7,494,106 15,955,558 17,028,104 24,172,406 24,522,210 1,133,088 1,098,497 1,133,088 1,098,497	Buildings	26,994,433	17,096,684	35,875,715	36,853,434	62,870,148	53,950,118	
Machinery and equipment 8,216,848 7,494,106 15,955,558 17,028,104 24,172,406 24,522,210 Transportation 1,133,088 1,098,497 1,133,088 1,098,497	Improvement other							
Transportation 1,133,088 1,098,497 1,133,088 1,098,497	than buildings	22,755,935	17,317,936	141,658,827	134,869,993	164,414,762	152,187,929	
	Machinery and equipment	8,216,848	7,494,106	15,955,558	17,028,104	24,172,406	24,522,210	
Infrastructure being depreciated 123.029.995 111.665.026 - 123.029.995 111.665.026	Transportation			1,133,088	1,098,497	1,133,088	1,098,497	
	Infrastructure being depreciated	123,029,995	111,665,026		-	123,029,995	111,665,026	
Total \$ 219,174,311 \$ 198,138,101 \$ 199,367,940 \$ 195,283,086 \$ 418,542,251 \$ 393,421,187	Total	\$ 219,174,311	\$ 198,138,101	\$ 199,367,940	\$ 195,283,086	\$ 418,542,251	\$ 393,421,187	

Change in Capital Assets

	 Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Beginning Balance	\$ 198,138,101	\$	195,283,086	\$	393,421,187
Additions Retirements:	44,134,742		15,717,741		59,852,483
Land	(38,976)		-		(38,976)
CIP	(16,134,931)		(4,157,825)		(20,292,756)
Other	(434,990)		(396,512)		(831,502)
Depreciation (Net)	 (6,489,635)		(7,078,550)		(13,568,185)
Ending Balance	\$ 219,174,311	\$	199,367,940	\$	418,542,251

Major capital asset projects completed and added during the current calendar year include the following:

- Church and Union Improvements Phase II \$5.1 million, 2015 completion
- Mishawaka Avenue Upgrades Phase I and II \$6.3 million, 2015 completion
- Central Park Reconstruction \$ 5.0 million, 2015 completion
- Beacon Parkway(Fir-Capital Connector) \$3.6 million, 2015 completion
- 2015 Summer Street Paving Program \$1.0 million

Debt Outstanding

At December 31, 2015, the City had \$975,000 and the enterprise funds had \$76,630,000 of revenue bonds payable. Under the Indiana Constitution and state statute, the City of Mishawaka's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation based upon 2 percent of assessed value of real and personal property.

The overall bonded debt increased by \$27,545,015 from the prior year primarily due to the issuance of a \$34,755,000 refunding bond that, in part, refunded a loan for the wastewater utility.

Outstanding Bonds Debt at Year-end

2015	2014	
\$ -	\$	-
975,000		
975,000		-
11,290,000		13,000,000
65,340,000		39,490,000
76,630,000		52,490,000
\$ 77,605,000	\$	52,490,000
<u></u>	\$ - 975,000 975,000 11,290,000 65,340,000 76,630,000	\$ - \$ 975,000 975,000 11,290,000 65,340,000 76,630,000

Net principal bond payments of \$25,000 and \$3,360,000 were made in the governmental and business-type activities, respectively after considering the effects of the bond refunding.

The most recent Sewer Works Refunding Revenue Bond of 2015 was rated A+.

The most recent Waterworks Refunding Revenue Bond of 2013 was rated AA-.

The most recent Sewer Utility Revenue Bond of 2010 was rated A+.

The City does not have any open market debt which would be rated.

A detailed listing of the City's debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements (Note III. G.). A calculation of the City's legal debt limitation can be found in the statistical section of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Mishawaka is located in the north central part of the State of Indiana. The City of Mishawaka is approximately 140 miles north of Indianapolis and 100 miles east of Chicago. 2016 looks to be a continuation of 2013, 2014 and 2015 with continued steady growth. The City of Mishawaka's building permits and new housing starts continue to increase. Mishawaka is continuing to grow at a slow and orderly fashion. The City of Mishawaka tends to be an affordable place to live as the median home cost, obtained by City Data.com, is \$91,563. The City of Mishawaka is benefiting from its long-term strategic planning, and over the next few years, we anticipate that the City of Mishawaka will continue to see the transformation of retail centers as well as scattered new construction. In 2015, the City had discussions with the St. Joseph County Chamber of Commerce, the Regional Cities initiative, which includes South Bend, on how best to pursue regional economic development. The City of Mishawaka's 2000 census number was 46,557 the 2010 census number was 48,252 a 3.6 percent increase in the last ten years. Unemployment in St Joseph County Indiana has been 8.8%, 6.3% and 6.5% in December 2013, December 2014 and December 2015 respectively. Labor force for St. Joseph County increased to 134,570 (December 2015) compared to 129,684 (December 2014).

In 2005, the State of Indiana enacted a phase in of a Circuit Breaker. The Circuit Breaker legislation (amended in 2008) had its greatest reduction of all residential property tax in 2010 (1 percent). In 2015, the City of Mishawaka submitted another balanced budget. The City of Mishawaka has had to make difficult decisions to be able to provide the best services to its citizens at the best cost possible. In 2015, the City only received 79.41 percent of its distribution of property tax. Due to the property tax caps (Circuit Breaker) the City was left short \$4.5 million in funds. With these expected losses each year and with debt in St. Joseph County falling below the levy in 2019 the City is doing long range forecasting and analysis with an outside consultant to prepare for as little disruption as possible to City services and finances.

The City will continue to maintain a conservative stance on spending, the health insurance program will be adjusted, and costs of services will be analyzed to best prepare the City for any future legislative changes in the property tax laws. The Mishawaka Health and Wellness clinic opened in August, 2015 for all City employees on the City's insurance plan. With health insurance being one of the City's highest expenses, the goal is to improve employee health with the added benefit of reduced claims.

The adopted FY2016 Civil City Budget is \$45,681,878 which is 8.6 percent lower than in FY2015. The General fund budget for FY2015 is \$33,492,284 which is 9.4 percent higher than FY2015.

By December 31, 2014 the state required that all counties only have two dispatch centers (PSAP) to receive their E911 funding. St. Joseph County's site is in Mishawaka and all of the dispatchers are now being paid by the county beginning January 1, 2015. This large reduction in payroll accounts for half of the general fund reduction from 2014 to 2015. Other contractual expenses have been shifted to the CEDIT fund to ease the burden caused by circuit breaker losses. Finalizing the new communication equipment is in its final phase with plans for moving in to be late 2016.

City Highlights:

- The Redevelopment Department's First Time Homebuyer Program administered by the South Bend Housing consortium continues to be a success in 2015. Five new homes were built, and since 2004, the Redevelopment Department has built 43 new homes through this program.
- Since 2006, the City of Mishawaka has partnered with local churches to create the program known as Summer of Service. In 2015, the City again joined efforts with faith-based organizations to complete service and repair projects on one home and two garages in Mishawaka.
- For the last nine years, the City of Mishawaka Code Enforcement Department has highlighted 100 structures that they feel need attention, and in 2015 73 percent of those highlighted were brought into code compliance.
- The Code Enforcement Department continues to assist the department of Community Development in providing locations of vacant properties. Through the Neighborhood Stabilization Program many blighted properties have been purchased, demolished, and replaced with new single family homes.
- The City of Mishawaka milled and resurfaced 32,150 linear feet of street in 2015.
- In 2015, the City continues to provide funding for the Park Improvement Plan. The City has 31 parks that will need updating over the next several years. Twin Branch received a new parking lot and will see another \$500,000 in improvements 2016.
- In 2012, the City purchased a 144,000 square foot building to house our Central Services, Street, and Sewer Departments situated on 11.5 acres of property, the City has renovated this building for three years and had the official ribbon cutting in December of 2015. Central Park has completed its \$5.0 million reconstruction from the ground up and is now the premier destination park in the area. Ribbon cutting for an audience of over 1,000 citizens occurred on July 3rd.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Mishawaka's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability to its taxpayers, creditors and for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Controller, 600 E. 3rd Street, Mishawaka, IN 46544 or by email at controller@mishawaka.in.gov.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2015

		Primary Government						
		overnmental	Business-Type				Component	
		Activities		Activities		Total		Unit
Assets	Φ.	04 454 000	•	0.754.007	Φ.	07.005.005	•	0.040.070
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles):	\$	31,151,628	\$	6,754,337	\$	37,905,965	\$	2,348,876
Interest		11,838		_		11,838		_
Taxes		1,589,902				1,589,902		
Accounts		898,844		4,233,121		5,131,965		_
Other		-		179,304		179,304		_
Intergovernmental		700,253		-		700,253		_
Loans		3,914,274		-		3,914,274		4,035,969
Inventories		-		3,728,558		3,728,558		-
Prepaid expense		498,377		419,895		918,272		-
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		22,366,682		22,366,682		-
Assets held for resale		6,943,837		-		6,943,837		-
Capital assets:								
Land and construction in progress		38,177,100		4,744,752		42,921,852		-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		180,997,211		194,623,188		375,620,399		-
Net pension asset	-	2,140,715				2,140,715		-
Total assets		007 000 070		007.040.007		E04 070 010		C 004 04E
Total assets	-	267,023,979		237,049,837		504,073,816		6,384,845
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred amount on refunding		_		404,940		404,940		_
Deferred utility ratemaking expenses		_		1,383,418		1,383,418		_
Deferred pension		5,960,641		2,443,996		8,404,637		_
Belefied perision	-	3,300,041		2,440,000		0,404,007		
Total deferred outflows of resources		5,960,641		4,232,354		10,192,995		_
		2,000,000		.,===,==:		,,		
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		1,974,337		4,059,972		6,034,309		-
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable		94,840		268,591		363,431		-
Contracts payable		122,891		-		122,891		-
Taxes payable		-		236,548		236,548		-
Accrued interest payable		1,925		999,938		1,001,863		-
Payable from restricted assets:								
Customer deposits		-		3,258,438		3,258,438		-
Contracts payable		-		440,958		440,958		-
Interest payable		8,152		-		8,152		-
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Due within one year:								
Revenue bonds payable		-		5,630,000		5,630,000		-
TIF bonds payable		30,000				30,000		-
Compensated absences		608,682		54,971		663,653		-
Capital lease obligations		266,668		-		266,668		-
Notes and loans payable		75,429		105,000		180,429		-
Due in more than one year:				74 500 440		74 500 440		
Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized premiums)		0.45.000		74,538,440		74,538,440 945,000		-
TIF bonds payable (net of unamortized discounts)		945,000		011 150		,		-
Compensated absences Capital lease obligations		230,620 2,799,994		211,152		441,772 2,799,994		-
Notes and loans payable		1,438,353		1,774,000		3,212,353		_
Net other postemployment benefits obligation		21,987,569		1,774,000		21,987,569		
Net pension liability		55,642,367		5,133,523		60,775,890		_
Tiot policion masking		00,012,007		0,100,020		00,770,000		
Total liabilities		86,226,827		96,711,531		182,938,358		-
						<u> </u>		_
Deferred inflows of resources								
Deferred pension		8,201,254		165,049		8,366,303		<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,201,254		165,049		8,366,303		-
				<u> </u>				
Net Position								
Net invested in capital assets		214,446,601		118,062,724		332,509,325		-
Restricted for:								
Debt service		-		8,691,036		8,691,036		-
Capital projects		-		754,000		754,000		6,384,845
Unrestricted		(35,890,062)		16,897,851		(18,992,211)		
Total not position	•	170 550 500	•	144 405 011	•	000 000 150	•	0.004.045
Total net position	\$	178,556,539	\$	144,405,611	\$	322,962,150	\$	6,384,845

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

		Program Revenues			Net	sets		
			Operating	Capital				
Functions/Programs	Expense	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	Component Unit
Primary government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety	\$ 7,740,465 28,561,331	\$ 600,500 2,166,516	\$ - 246,583	\$ - 154,959	\$ (7,139,965) (25,993,273)	\$ -	\$ (7,139,965) (25,993,273)	\$ -
Highways and streets Sanitation	7,522,968 2,152,972	1,912,715 2,118,402		5,215,582 -	(394,671) (34,570)	-	(394,671) (34,570)	-
Community development Culture and recreation Interest on long-term debt	1,692,140 6,862,161 47,206	462,944 837,169 -	887,945 - -		(341,251) (6,024,992) (47,206)		(341,251) (6,024,992) (47,206)	
Total governmental activities	54,579,243	8,098,246	1,134,528	5,370,541	(39,975,928)		(39,975,928)	
Business-type activities: Water Wastewater Electric	6,899,397 14,450,623 54,766,652	8,700,570 12,583,375 57,128,645	<u>.</u>	- - -	<u>-</u> -	1,801,173 (1,867,248) 2,361,993	1,801,173 (1,867,248) 2,361,993	- - -
Total business-type activities	76,116,672	78,412,590				2,295,918	2,295,918	
Total primary government	\$ 130,695,915	\$ 86,510,836	\$ 1,134,528	\$ 5,370,541	(39,975,928)	2,295,918	(37,680,010)	
	General revenues: Property taxes Other taxes Grants and contrib Unrestricted invest Other Transfers	outions not restricted to tment earnings	o specific programs		39,581,788 7,420,415 3,840,427 170,391 549,575 (3,236,872)	- - 113,383 - 3,236,872	39,581,788 7,420,415 3,840,427 283,774 549,575	- - - 11,413 71,983
	Total general r	evenues and transfers	3		48,325,724	3,350,255	51,675,979	83,396
					8,349,796 175,457,309 (5,250,566)	5,646,173 136,361,438 - 2,398,000	13,995,969 311,818,747 (5,250,566) 2,398,000	83,396 6,301,449 - -
	Net position - ending	9			\$ 178,556,539	\$ 144,405,611	\$ 322,962,150	\$ 6,384,845

CITY OF MISHAWAKA BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2015

	General		 Consolidated TIF		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals
Assets							
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Interest Taxes	\$	2,878,713 5,885 897,261	\$ 8,620,101 5,953 538,126	\$	18,756,498 - 154,515	\$	30,255,312 11,838 1,589,902
Accounts Intergovernmental Loans		887,919 128,926	475 - 3,500,000		10,450 571,327 414,274		898,844 700,253 3,914,274
Assets held for resale		-	 6,943,837		-		6,943,837
Total assets	\$	4,798,704	\$ 19,608,492	\$	19,907,064	\$	44,314,260
Liabilities, Deferred inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances							
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable Contracts payable	\$	108,975 24,086 -	\$ - - 122,891	\$	893,484 70,754	\$	1,002,459 94,840 122,891
Total liabilities		133,061	 122,891		964,238		1,220,190
Deferred inflows of resources - property taxes		897,261	 538,126		154,515		1,589,902
Fund Balances: Non-spendable							
Long-term loans receivable Assets held for resale		-	3,000,000 6.943.837		374,305 -		3,374,305 6,943,837
Restricted Committed		-	8,175,904		11,662,495 3,529,089		19,838,399 3,529,089
Assigned Unassigned		229,605 3,538,777	 827,734 -		3,222,422		4,279,761 3,538,777
Total fund balances		3,768,382	 18,947,475		18,788,311		41,504,168
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	4,798,704	\$ 19,608,492	\$	19,907,064	\$	44,314,260

CITY OF MISHAWAKA

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances	\$ 41,504,168
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in funds.	
Land and construction in progress \$ 38,177,100 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 180,997,211 Total	219,174,311
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in funds.	
Net pension asset Prepaid expenses	2,140,715 498,377
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	(75,562)
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pension obligations are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position	(2,240,613)
Short-term liabilities that are not recognized in governmental funds until due	
Accrued interest payable. (10,077) Current portion of long-term debt (30,000) Notes and loans payable (75,429) Compensated absences (608,682) Capital lease obligations (266,668)	
Total	(990,856)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds (shown net of bond discounts and premiums).	
General obligation bonds (945,000) Compensated absences (230,620) Notes and loans payable (1,438,353) Capital lease obligations (2,799,994) Net other postemployment benefits obligation (21,987,569) Net pension liability (55,642,367)	
Total	(83,043,903)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	 1,589,902
Total	\$ 178,556,539

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND OTHER CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	General		 onsolidated TIF	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	 Total
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$	17,671,736 475,389 8,780,187	\$ 19,253,584	\$ 2,811,634 128,844 10,242,892	\$ 39,736,954 604,233 19,023,079
Charges for services Fines and forfeits		2,854,813 25,378	11,580	3,050,280 7,520	5,916,673 32,898
Interest Sale and use of property Gifts and donations Other		86,087 760 - 431,282	81,897 - -	2,407 68,097 182,223 154,487	170,391 68,857 182,223 585,769
Total Revenues		30,325,632	19,347,061	16,648,384	66,321,077
Expenditures:					
Current: General government		5,526,082	-	34,308	5,560,390
Public safety		26,324,817	-	2,522,883	28,847,700
Highways and streets		300,428	-	5,256,070	5,556,498
Sanitation		17,850	-	2,135,122	2,152,972
Culture and recreation		-	-	3,271,943	3,271,943
Community development		258,623	463,960	880,203	1,602,786
Debt Service:					
Principal		-	-	365,363	365,363
Interest and fiscal charges		-	-	113,775	113,775
Capital Outlay:					
General government		-	3,863,030	2,018,690	5,881,720
Public safety		-	-	1,702,275	1,702,275
Highways and streets		-	6,271,140	944,795	7,215,935
Infrastructure		-	7,284,824		7,284,824
Culture and recreation		-	6,348,069	863,967	7,212,036
Community development		-	 -	 172,266	 172,266
Total Expenditures		32,427,800	 24,231,023	 20,281,660	 76,940,483
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
Over (under) expenditures		(2,102,168)	 (4,883,962)	 (3,633,276)	 (10,619,406)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Bond proceeds		-	-	2,513,782	2,513,782
Transfers in		3,817,328	-	359,751	4,177,079
Transfers out			 (3,965,566)	 (332,195)	 (4,297,761)
Total other financing sources and uses		3,817,328	 (3,965,566)	 2,541,338	 2,393,100
Net change in fund balances		1,715,160	(8,849,528)	(1,091,938)	(8,226,306)
Fund Balance - January 1		2,053,222	 27,797,003	 19,880,249	 49,730,474
Fund Balances - December 31	\$	3,768,382	\$ 18,947,475	\$ 18,788,311	\$ 41,504,168

CITY OF MISHAWAKA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds		\$ (8,226,306)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period		
Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation expense Less adjustment for depreciation on disposed assets Total	\$ 27,525,844 (6,887,893) 398,258	21,036,209
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds		(155,166)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial resources to govern funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on the net position.		
Principal paid on debt Bond proceeds		291,668 (2,513,782)
Expenses related to other post employment benefits obligations are reported in the government w statement of activities	(2,692,803)	
Expense related to pension obligations are reported in the government wide statement of activities	3	1,397,216
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest. Change in prepaid expenses Change in compensated absences Total	\$ 20,878 (16,991) (36,050)	(32,163)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(755,077)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement of Activities)		\$ 8,349,796

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015

		Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds								
		Water	٧	Wastewater Electric					Internal	
		Utility		Utility		Utility		Total	Se	rvice Fund
Assets										
Current assets:										
Unrestricted:	\$	0.061.470	\$	0.406.069	\$	1 256 407	\$	6 754 997	\$	896.316
Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable	Ф	2,961,472	Ф	2,436,368	Ф	1,356,497	Ф	6,754,337	Ф	896,316
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)		391,012		718,946		3,123,163		4,233,121		-
Accounts receivable - other (net of allowance)		4,153		7 10,540		175,151		179,304		_
Interfund receivable:		.,				,		,		
Interfund services provided and used		-		_		-		_		_
Inventories		230,696		-		3,497,862		3,728,558		-
Prepaid items		107,082		162,315		150,498		419,895		-
Total unrestricted current assets		3,694,415		3,317,629		8,303,171		15,315,215		896,316
Restricted:										
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:										
Construction		_		_		_		_		_
Customer deposits		569,616		3,185		2,662,264		3,235,065		-
Revenue bond covenant accounts		2,604,949		6,086,087		-		8,691,036		-
Reserve account		-		-		754,000		754,000		-
Repair account		250,804		9,417,427		18,350		9,686,581		-
Total restricted current assets		3,425,369		15,506,699		3,434,614		22,366,682		-
Total current assets		7,119,784		18,824,328		11,737,785		37,681,897		896,316
Capital assets:										
Land and construction in progress		783,438		3,653,582		307,732		4,744,752		-
Other capital assets (net of										
accumulated depreciation)		39,739,550		117,386,023		37,497,615		194,623,188		-
Total capital assets		40,522,988		121,039,605		37,805,347		199,367,940	-	-
Total noncurrent assets		40,522,988		121,039,605		37,805,347		199,367,940		
Total assets		47,642,772		139,863,933		49,543,132		237,049,837	-	896,316
Deferred outflows of resources:										
Deferred amount on refunding		199,482		205,458		_		404,940		_
Deferred utility ratemaking expenses		195,392		491,873		696,153		1,383,418		-
Deferred pension		636,821		745,351		1,061,824		2,443,996		
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,031,695		1,442,682		1,757,977		4,232,354		_
							_			

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2015 (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities -Enterprise Funds									
		Water	'	Wastewater		Electric		Tatal		Internal
		Utility		Utility		Utility		Total	Sei	vice Fund
<u>Liabilities</u>										
Current liabilities:										
Unrestricted:										
Accounts payable	\$	199,783	\$	178,136	\$	3,682,053	\$	4,059,972	\$	971,878
Estimate for unfiled claims Accrued payroll and withholdings payable		16,509		189,811		62,271		268,591		-
Interfund payables:		10,000		100,011		02,271		200,001		
Interfund services provided and used		-		-		-		-		-
Taxes payable		-				236,548		236,548		-
Accrued interest payable		200		999,738		-		999,938		-
Compensated absences	-	13,282	_	8,343		33,346	_	54,971		
Total unrestricted current liabilities		229,774		1,376,028		4,014,218		5,620,020		971,878
Restricted:										
Customer deposits		593,559		3,215		2,661,664		3,258,438		-
Contract payable		-		440,958		-		440,958		-
Capital lease obligations		-				-		-		-
Notes and loans payable		- 1 755 000		105,000		-		105,000		-
Revenue bonds payable	-	1,755,000		3,875,000				5,630,000		
Total restricted current liabilities		2,348,559		4,424,173		2,661,664		9,434,396		
Total current liabilities		2,578,333		5,800,201		6,675,882		15,054,416		971,878
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Unrestricted:										
Compensated absences		61,538		51,389		98,225		211,152		-
Capital lease obligations		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-
Total unrestricted noncurrent liabilities		61,538		51,389		98,225		211,152		-
		,,,,,,,		- ,	-	,		, - <u> </u>		
Restricted:				4 774 000				4 77 4 000		
Notes and loans payable Revenue bonds payable (net of unamortized		-		1,774,000		-		1,774,000		-
premiums)		9,546,208		64,992,232		_		74,538,440		_
Net pension liability		1,283,381		1,283,381		2,566,761		5,133,523		-
,		, ,								
Total restricted noncurrent liabilities	_	10,829,589		68,049,613		2,566,761		81,445,963		<u> </u>
Total noncurrent liabilities		10,891,127		68,101,002		2,664,986	_	81,657,115		
Total liabilities		13,469,460		73,901,203		9,340,868		96,711,531		971,878
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Deferred pension		519		163,494		1,036		165,049		-
				,		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Total deferred inflows of resources		519		163,494		1,036		165,049	-	
Net Position										
<u></u>										
Net invested in capital assets		29,431,713		50,825,664		37,805,347		118,062,724		-
Restricted for debt service and other purposes		0.004.040		2 222 227				-		
Debt service Capital projects		2,604,949		6,086,087		- 754,000		8,691,036 754,000		-
Unrestricted		3,167,826		10,330,167		3,399,858		16,897,851		(75,562)
Total net position	\$	35,204,488	_\$	67,241,918	_\$	41,959,205	_\$	144,405,611	\$	(75,562)

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Enterprise Funds									
	W	/ater	V	Vastewater		Electric			Internal	
		Itility		Utility		Utility		Total	S	ervice Fund
Operating revenues:										
Unmetered water revenue	\$	4,920	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,920	\$	-
Metered revenue										
Residential		2,978,622		-		26,083,426		29,062,048		-
Commercial		3,150,163		-		29,579,485		32,729,648		-
Public street and highway lighting		-		-		448,484		448,484		-
Fire protection revenue		1,671,853		-		-		1,671,853		-
Penalties		41,032		178,872		214,666		434,570		-
Measured revenue:										
Residential		-		5,948,677		-		5,948,677		-
Commercial		-		6,340,615		-		6,340,615		-
Other		784,996		115,211		800,559		1,700,766		10,525,790
Total Revenues		8,631,586		12,583,375		57,126,620		78,341,581		10,525,790
Operating expenses:										
Source of supply and expense - operations and maintenance		1,193,050		1,635,556		-		2,828,606		-
Transmission and distribution		1,785,208		, , , , <u>-</u>		3,983,470		5.768.678		-
Treatment and disposal expense - operations and maintenance		751,187		752,965		-		1,504,152		-
Customer accounts		293,072		- ,		667,917		960,989		_
Administration and general		1,067,175		2,025,803		3,964,594		7,057,572		_
Insurance claims and premiums		-		_,,,,		-		-		11,280,867
Purchase power		_		_		43,724,419		43,724,419		
Sewer - operation and maintenance		_		2,082,591		.0,72.,7.0		2,082,591		_
Pretreatment - operation and maintenance		_		50,677		_		50,677		_
Chemicals		_		224,183				224,183		_
Depreciation		1,418,791		3,682,854		2,380,936		7,482,581		_
·										
Total operating expenses		6,508,483		10,454,629		54,721,336		71,684,448		11,280,867
Operating income (loss)		2,123,103		2,128,746		2,405,284		6,657,133		(755,077)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Interest and investment revenue		30,623		75,178		7,582		113,383		-
Miscellaneous revenue		68,984		-		2,025		71,009		-
Interest expense		(345,676)		(3,055,201)		(2,975)		(3,403,852)		-
Amortization expense		(22,401)		(29,176)		(27,358)		(78,935)		-
Gain/(Loss) on disposal of assets		(22,837)		205,965		(14,983)		168,145		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(291,307)		(2,803,234)		(35,709)		(3,130,250)		<u>-</u>
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		1,831,796		(674,488)		2,369,575		3,526,883		(755,077)
Capital contributions - net		1,534,514		1,581,676		578,010		3,694,200		-
Transfers in		-		3,360,000		-		3,360,000		-
Bond issuance costs		-		(1,117,582)		-		(1,117,582)		-
Transfers out		(599,225)		(1,675,775)		(1,542,328)		(3,817,328)		-
Change in net position		2,767,085		1,473,831		1,405,257		5,646,173		(755,077)
Total net position - beginning Total net position - adjustment - Debt forgiveness	3	2,437,403		63,370,087 2,398,000		40,553,948		136,361,438 2,398,000		679,515 -
Total net position - ending	\$ 3	5,204,488	\$	67,241,918	\$	41,959,205	\$	144,405,611	\$	(75,562)

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Water Utility	 Wastewater Utility	 Electric Utility	 Totals	S	Internal ervice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Receipts from customers and users Receipts from interfund services provided	\$ 8,701,733	\$ 12,606,414	\$ 57,712,358	\$ 79,020,505	\$	10,525,790
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(2,435,357) (2,696,889)	(3,363,440) (3,905,171)	(47,810,009) (4,472,685)	(53,608,806) (11,074,745)		
Payments for interfund services used Other receipts	68,984		2,025	71,009		(11,009,526)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	3,638,471	5,337,803	5,431,689	14,407,963		(483,736)
Not oddii provided (deed) by operating detivities	 0,000,471	 0,007,000	 0,401,000	 14,407,000		(400,700)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		04.755.000		04.755.000		
Refunding bond proceeds	-	34,755,000 3,632,522	-	34,755,000 3,632,522		-
Original issue premium proceeds	-		-	, ,		-
Principal paid into escrow for refunded bonds	-	(39,740,637)	-	(39,740,637)		-
Interest paid into escrow for refunded bonds	-	(911,845)	-	(911,845)		-
Issuance costs paid from escrow	-	(652,472)	-	(652,472)		
Bond issuance costs	-	(465,110)	-	(465,110)		-
Transfer from other funds	-	3,360,000	-	3,360,000		-
Transfer to other funds	 (599,225)	 (1,675,775)	(1,542,328)	 (3,817,328)		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	 (599,225)	 (1,698,317)	 (1,542,328)	 (3,839,870)		<u>-</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:						
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(841,093)	(2,441,328)	(2,981,034)	(6,263,455)		
·	(041,093)	(2,441,320)		. , , ,		-
Capital contributions	= . = . =		(578,010)	(578,010)		-
Principal paid on bonds	(1,710,000)	(1,650,000)	-	(3,360,000)		-
Principal paid on capital leases	-	(48,580)	-	(48,580)		-
Principal paid on loans	(14,390)	(2,956,000)	(8,070)	(2,978,460)		-
Contracts issued	-	165,071	-	165,071		-
Interest paid on bonds	(303,391)	(1,525,850)	-	(1,829,241)		-
Interest paid on capital leases		-	_	-		_
Interest paid on loans	 (2,005)	(691,979)	 (2,861)	(696,845)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	 (2,870,879)	 (9,148,666)	 (3,569,975)	 (15,589,520)		
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Interest received	30,623	75,178	7,582	113,383		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 198,990	(5,434,002)	 326,968	(4,908,044)		(483,736)
The more and the m	.00,000	(0,101,002)	020,000	(1,000,011)		(100,700)
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1 (including \$754,000, \$3,064,567, \$9,573,308, \$11,701,219 and \$2,098,848 for the reserve account, customer deposits, revenue bond covenant account, repair account, and construction respectively, reported in restricted accounts)	0.407.054	00.077.000	4 404 440	04.000.000		4 000 050
	 6,187,851	 23,377,069	 4,464,143	 34,029,063		1,380,052
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31 (including \$754,000, \$3,235,040, \$8,691,036 and \$9,686,581 for the reserve account, customer deposits, revenue bond covenant account and repair account reported in restricted accounts)						
	\$ 6,386,841	\$ 17,943,067	\$ 4,791,111	\$ 29,121,019	\$	896,316

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS -PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Water Wastewater Utility Utility		Electric Utility Totals		Internal Service Fund
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,123,103	\$ 2,128,746	\$ 2,405,284	6,657,133	\$ (755,077)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, -, -			
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense	1,418,791	3,682,854	2,380,936	7,482,581	
Nonoperating revenue	68,984	-	2,025	71,009	
(Increase) decrease in assets:					
Accounts receivable	70,147	23,039	585,738	678,924	-
Interfund services provided or used	-	-	-	-	
Inventories	(45,708)	-	(35,331)	(81,039)	
Prepaid items	2,026	(1,740)	(9,866)	(9,580)	
Deferred outlfows	(127,766)	(336,086)	(150,758)	(614,610)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Customer deposits	47,669	100	130,772	178,541	
Accounts payable	(51,743)	(435,246)	(203,198)	(690,187)	295,341
Estimate for unfiled claims					(24,000)
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable Interfund payables	(69,493)	(76,894)	(77,511)	(223,898)	
Taxes payables	-	-	(23,020)	(23,020)	
Compensated absences payable	(4,701)	(17,107)	12,296	(9,512)	
Net pension liability payable	206,643	206,643	413,286	826,572	
Deferred inflows	519	163,494	1,036	165,049	
Total adjustments	1,515,368	3,209,057	3,026,405	7,750,830	271,341
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 3,638,471	\$ 5,337,803	\$ 5,431,689	\$ 14,407,963	\$ (483,736)
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities: Accreted value on capital appreciation bonds Contributed capital assets from government Work in progress moved to capital assets Change in asset carrying value	- 1,534,514 - 7,891	99,388 1,581,676 4,338,168 (2,076,559)	- - - 550,538	99,388 3,116,190 4,338,168 (1,518,130)	- - -
Disposal of capital assets	(183,264)	(2,720,408)	(14,983)	(2,918,655)	-

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS -FIDUCIARY FUNDS December 31, 2015

<u>Assets</u>	Т	nsion rust unds	Agency Funds		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,753,114	\$	-	
Receivables: Interest and dividends Accounts		59,629 -		- -	
Total receivables		59,629			
Investment at fair value: Municipal bonds Mutual funds Total investments	1	1,219,751 6,121,329		-	
Total investments Total assets		7,341,080 9,153,823	\$		
<u>Liabilities</u>	Ψ 1	9,100,020	Ψ		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable	\$	- -	\$	- -	
Total liabilities			\$	-	
Net Position					
Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits and other purposes	1	9,153,823			
Total net position	\$ 1	9,153,823			

CITY OF MISHAWAKA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Additions	Pension Trust Funds
Contributions:	
On behalf Employer	\$ 3,611,150 1,025,201
Total contributions	 4,636,351
Investment income (loss): Net change in fair value of investments Interest	(991,345) 817,390
Total investments income (loss)	(173,955)
Less investment expense: Investment activity expense	 (44,427)
Net investment income (loss)	 (218,382)
Total additions	 4,417,969
<u>Deductions</u>	
Benefits Administrative expense	4,700,554 14,007
Total deductions	4,714,561
Change in net position	(296,592)
Net position - beginning	19,450,415
Net position - ending	\$ 19,153,823

CITY OF MISHAWAKA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Mishawaka (primary government) was established under the laws of the State of Indiana. The primary government operates under a Council-Mayor form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, health, welfare and social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, general administrative services, electric, water, wastewater, and urban redevelopment and housing.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the primary government and its significant component units. The component units discussed below are included in the primary government's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are in substance part of the government's operations and exist solely to provide services for the government; data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are involved in activities of an operational nature independent from the government; their transactions are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

Blended Component Unit

The City of Mishawaka Building Corporation, Inc., is a legally separate nonprofit corporation, and is a significant blended component unit of the primary government. The Building Corporation's main purpose is to finance construction and remodeling of City buildings for the City of Mishawaka. Debt of the Building Corporation is repaid through lease payments from the City. Financial statements for the Building Corporation are available at the City Controller's Office, City of Mishawaka, 600 East Third Street, Mishawaka, Indiana, 46544.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Mishawaka Local Public Improvement Bond Bank is a significant discretely presented component unit of the primary government. In 2008 the Bond Bank was created pursuant to Indiana Code 5-1.4 established by ordinance and adopted by the Mishawaka Common Council which is the legislative body of the City. The Bond Bank is governed by a board of directors composed of five (5) members. The primary government appoints all members of the board in accordance with Indiana Code 5-1.4-2-2. The City of Mishawaka created the Bond Bank to issue revenue bonds and other obligations to finance projects and purchase equipment.

The financial statement of the component unit may be obtained from the Controller, City of Mishawaka at 600 East Third Street, Mishawaka, Indiana, 46544.

Related Organizations

The primary government's officials are also responsible for appointing the voting majority of the boards of other organizations, but the primary government's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments. The primary government, acting through the Mayor, appoints the board of the Mishawaka Housing Authority.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the primary government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and permits, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the primary government receives cash.

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Consolidated TIF fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the City's TIF area. Financing is provided by incremental taxes collected on property located in the districts. Amounts needed for bond retirements are transferred annually to the proper debt service funds.

The primary government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The Water Utility fund accounts for the operation of the primary government's water distribution system.

The Wastewater Utility fund accounts for the operation of the primary government's wastewater treatment plant, pumping stations and collection systems.

The Electric Utility fund accounts for the operation of the primary government's electric distribution system.

Additionally, the primary government reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service funds account for employee medical coverage provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

The Pension Trust funds account for the activities of the 1925 police, 1937 fire, and utility pension funds which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments.

Agency funds account for assets held by the primary government as an agent for administrative costs of the Redevelopment Department and a special court judgment.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the water, wastewater and electric functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statute (IC 5-13-9) authorizes the government to invest in securities, including but not limited to, federal government securities, repurchase agreements, and certain money market mutual funds. Certain other statutory restrictions apply to all investments made by local governmental units.

Nonparticipating certificates of deposit, demand deposits and similar nonparticipating negotiable instruments that are not reported as cash and cash equivalents are reported as investments at cost.

Debt securities are reported at fair value. Debt securities are defined as securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Treasury or fully insured or guaranteed by the United States or any United States government agency.

Open-end mutual funds are reported at fair value.

Money market investments that mature within one year or less at the date of their acquisition are reported at amortized cost. There are no material differences between amortized cost and fair value. Other money market investments are reported at fair value.

Investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is reported as revenue in the operating statement.

2. Interfund Transactions and Balances

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current and non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "interfund services provided/used." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

3. Property Taxes

Normally, property taxes levied are collected by the County Treasurer and are distributed to the primary government in June and in December. State statute (IC 6-1.1-17-16) requires the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance to establish property tax rates and levies by February 15. These rates were based upon the preceding year's March 1 (lien date) assessed valuations adjusted for various tax credits. Taxable property is assessed at 100% of the true tax value (determined in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance). Taxes may be paid in two equal installments that become delinquent if not paid by May 10 and November 10, respectively. Delinquent property taxes outstanding at year end for governmental, net of allowances for uncollectible accounts, are recorded as a receivable with an offset to unearned revenue since the amounts are not considered available.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method except for certain inventory held by the electric and water utility. Transformer inventory of the electric utility is valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. All other inventory of the electric utility is valued at average cost. Material and supplies use average costing for water utility. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the primary government's revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. None of the restricted net position is restricted due to enabling legislation.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost. Contributed or donated assets are reported at estimated fair value at the time received.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	\$	100,000	Straight-Line	20-50
Equipment		5,000	Straight-Line	3-15
Roads - collector and residential		3,000,000	Straight-Line	10-35
Water collection systems		5,000	Straight-Line	5-50
Wastewater distribution and				
collection systems		5,000	Straight-Line	4-50
Electric distribution systems		5,000	Straight-Line	5-50

For depreciated assets, the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

7. Compensated Absences

- a. Flexible Time primary government employees earn flexible time off at the rate of one-half day per month and may accumulate to a maximum of twenty-five days. The primary government may buy back flexible time off days from any employee up to a maximum of six flexible time off days per year. Flexible time off is paid to employees upon termination.
- b. Vacation Leave non-union primary government employees earn vacation leave at rates from ten days to twenty-five days per year based upon the number of years of service. Union utility employees earn vacation leave at rates from five to thirty days per year based upon the number of years of service, plus one day for each year of service after thirty years. Vacation leave does not accumulate from year to year.
- c. Compensatory Leave All employees except utility union employees have accumulated compensatory leave for a variety of reasons.

Flexible time off and compensatory leave is accrued when incurred and reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position and in the Proprietary Fund statements. No liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements as no amounts were due and payable at year-end for terminated employees.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recorded as an expense as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Encumbrances

Contracts and purchasing commitments are reported as encumbrances when the contract or purchase order is executed. When the terms of the purchase order or contract have been fulfilled and payment to the contracting party is due, the encumbrance is liquidated and the liability and expenditure are recorded. Encumbrances remaining at fiscal year-end are reported within the restricted, committed or assigned fund balances of the governmental funds.

The following shows encumbrances at December 31, 2015:

	Amour	nt
General	\$ 229,	605
Consolidated TIF	827,	734
Other Governmental Funds	3,222,	<u>422</u>
Total	\$ 4,279,	761

10. Fund Balances

The fund balance amounts for governmental funds have been classified in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 – "Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions." Fund balances are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. A brief description of each category is as follows:

Non-spendable fund balances include items that cannot be spent. This includes activity that is not in a spendable form (long-term portions of loans, property held for resale) and activity that is legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as principal balances in a permanent fund.

Restricted fund balances have constraints placed upon the use of the resources either by an external party such as a grantor or creditor or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balances can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by a formal action by the City Council, the City's highest level of decision-making authority. This formal action is the passage of an ordinance by the Council specifying the purposes for which the funds can be used. The same type of formal action is necessary to remove or change the specified use.

Assigned fund balances include amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose as expressed by the City Council or management based on the purpose of the fund and per the City's expenditure policy, but are neither restricted nor committed. For the governmental fund types other than the General Fund, this is the residual amount within the fund that is not restricted or committed. The City Council has the authority per the annual budget ordinance to make assignments of fund balances for specific purposes except for those restricted by law.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual amount of the General Fund not included in the four categories above. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance whereas, other governmental funds may need to report a negative unassigned fund balance if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first, with unrestricted resources utilized as needed. In the case of unrestricted resources, it is generally the City's policy to use committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, then unassigned amounts as needed.

The detail of the fund balance classifications of the governmental funds for the year ended December 31, 2015 is as follows:

	General Fund	Capital Project Fund TIF Consolidated	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Non-Spendable Long-Term Loans Receivable Assets Held for Resale	\$ - 	\$ 3,000,000 6,943,837	\$ 374,305 	\$ 3,374,305 6,943,837
Total Nonspendable		9,943,837	374,305	10,318,142
Restricted Other Purposes General Government Technology Law Enforcement Training and Capital Firefighting Training and Capital Capital Projects Sanitation Capital Highway Projects Sidewalk Construction Families, Parks, and Recreation Housing and Community Development Debt service principal and interest Total Restricted		8,175,904 - - - - - - - - 8,175,904	1,498,109 244,370 1,121,845 953,920 2,117,635 695,489 2,156,059 34,139 1,345,930 519,999 975,000	1,498,109 244,370 1,121,845 953,920 10,293,539 695,489 2,156,059 34,139 1,345,930 519,999 975,000
Committed		0,175,504	11,002,495	19,030,399
Capital Projects Public Safety Capital		<u> </u>	3,526,570 2,519	3,526,570 2,519
Total Committed			3,529,089	3,529,089
Assigned General Government Other Purposes Public Safety Capital Projects Sanitation Parks and Recreation	229,605 - - -	827,734 - -	883,430 2,270,480 45,723 22,789	229,605 883,430 3,098,214 45,723 22,789
Total Assigned	229,605	827,734	3,222,422	4,279,761
Unassigned	3,538,777			3,538,777
Total Fund Balance	\$ 3,768,382	\$ 18,947,475	\$ 18,788,311	\$ 41,504,168

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on the cash basis which is not consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend. Sixteen annual budgets are adopted for the following governmental funds:

General (1)

Nonmajor governmental funds:

Special revenue funds (8):

Motor Vehicle Highway, Local Road and Street, Public Safety, Park and Recreation, Rainy Day, Rainy Day Public Safety, Law Enforcement Continuing Education, Park Nonreverting Operating

Capital projects funds (5):

Cumulative Building and Fire Fighting Equipment, Cumulative Capital Improvement, Cumulative Sewer, Cumulative Capital Development, CEDIT

Pension funds (2):

Fire Pension, Police Pension

On or before September 30, the City Controller submits to the Common Council a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following January 1. Prior to adoption, the budget is advertised and a public hearing is conducted by the Common Council to obtain taxpayer comments. In October of each year, the Common Council through the passage of an ordinance approves the budget for the next year. Copies of the budget ordinance and the advertisement for funds for which property taxes are levied or highway use taxes are received are sent to the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance. The budget becomes legally enacted after the City Controller receives approval of the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance.

The primary government's management cannot transfer budgeted appropriations between object classifications of a budget without approval of the Common Council. The Indiana Department of Local Government Finance must approve any revisions to the appropriations for any fund or any department of the General Fund. The legal level of budgetary control is by object and department within the fund for the General Fund and by object within the fund for all other budgeted funds.

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations for any funds which required legally approved budgets. Total expenditures did not exceed total appropriations for any departments within the General Fund.

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Primary Government

1. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

IC 5-13-8-1 allows a political subdivision of the State of Indiana to deposit public funds in a financial institution only if the financial institution is a depository eligible to receive state funds and has a principal office or branch that qualifies to receive public funds of the political subdivision. The primary government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2015, the primary government had deposit balances in the amount of \$63,273,642.

All bank balances at December 31, 2015 were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Public Deposit Insurance Fund, which covers all public funds held in approved depositories.

2. Investments

Authorization for investment activity is stated in Indiana Code 5-13. The Utilities Pension Fund Board of Trustees has established an investment policy for the Utility's Retirement Plan. This investment policy outlines parameters for investment activity for the pension plan. As of December 31, 2015, the City's Utility Pension Fund had the following investments:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-2	More Than 2				
Utility Pension Fund: Municipal obligations Mutual funds	\$ 1,219,751 16,121,329	\$ 520,115 16,121,329	\$ - 	\$ 699,636				
Total	\$17,341,080	\$16,641,444	\$ -	\$ 699,636				

Statutory Authorization for Investments

Indiana Code 5-13-9 authorizes the primary government to invest in securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Treasury or fully guaranteed by the United States of America and issued by the United States Treasury, a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. Indiana Code also authorizes the primary government to invest in securities fully guaranteed and issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. These investments are required by statute to have a stated final maturity of not more than five years.

Indiana Code also provides for investment in money market mutual funds that are in the form of securities of, or interest in, an open-end, no-load, management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the provision of the federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. Investments in money market mutual funds may not exceed 50% of the funds held by the primary government and available for investment. The portfolio of an investment company or investment trust used must be limited to direct obligations of the United States of America, obligations issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise or repurchase agreements fully collateralized by direct obligations of the United States of America or obligations issued by a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise.

The form of securities of, or interest in, an investment company or investment trust must be rated as AAA, or its equivalent by Standard and Poor's Corporation or its successor or Aaa, or its equivalent, by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or its successor. The form of securities in an investment company or investment trust should have a stated final maturity of one day.

Additionally, the primary government may enter into repurchase agreements with depositories designated by the State Board of Finance as depositories for state deposits involving the primary government's purchase and guaranteed resale of any interest-bearing obligations issued or fully insured or guaranteed by the United States of America, a United States of America government agency, an instrumentality of the United States of America, or a federal government sponsored enterprise. The repurchase agreement is considered to have a stated final maturity of one day. This agreement must be fully collateralized by interest-bearing obligations as determined by their current market value.

The Utility Pension Plan is not subject to the same investment laws as the City. The investment policy for the Utility Pension Plan was adopted by the board on August 27, 1999. Authorized investments include common or preferred stocks, bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of indebtedness or ownership, or other securities, in any corporation, mutual investment fund, investment company, association or business trust; bonds or other obligation or securities issued by the United States of America or any state or governmental subdivision or instrumentality thereof; and real and personal property of all kinds, including leaseholds on improved and unimproved real estate.

Investment Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Utility's Pension Plan does not have a formal investment policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

At December 31, 2015, the following investments held by the Utility's Pension Plan were exposed to custodial credit risks because they are uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty, or the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the government's name:

		Not in the
Ir	rvestment	Government's
	Type	Name
Municipal bond Mutual funds	ds	\$ 1,219,751 16,121,329
Totals		\$17,341,080

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City must follow state statute and limit the stated final maturities of the investments to no more than five years.

The Utility's Pension Plan does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Utility's Pension Plan does not have a formal investment policy for credit risk for investments.

The distribution of securities with credit ratings is summarized below.

		City's Investments					
Standard &							
Poor's	Moody's	M	lutual	ı	Municipal		
Rating	Rating	F	Funds		Funds Bor		Bonds
AAA	Aaa	\$	-	\$	175,275		
AA	Aa		-		592,874		
Α	Α				247,316		
Unrated	Unrated	16,	,121,329		204,286		
Totals		<u>\$ 16,</u>	,121,329	\$	1,219,751		

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Utility Pension Plan does not have a policy in regards to concentration of credit risk. United States of America government and United States of America governmental agency securities are exempt from this policy requirement.

The Utility Pension Plan held the following investments that were exposed to concentration of credit risk:

Issuer		2015
American Beacon Itl Equity Instl Dodge & Cox Income	\$	990,554 841,352
Fidelity Spartan International Index		1,027,903
FMI Large Cap Russell Investment Grade bond		616,298 1,882,551
Vanguard Large Cap Index Admiral Vanguard Morgan Growth Adm		1,597,331 1,554,341
Vanguard Windsor II Adm	_	1,458,171
Total	<u>\$</u>	9,968,501

Discretely Presented Component Unit

1. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

IC 5-13-8-1 allows a political subdivision of the State of Indiana to deposit public funds in a financial institution only if the financial institution is a depository eligible to receive state funds and has a principal office or branch that qualifies to receive public funds of the political subdivision

At December 31, 2015 the discretely presented component unit had deposit balances in the amount of \$2,321,293 all of which were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Public Deposit Insurance Fund, which covers all public funds held in approved depositories. The discretely presented component unit does not have a policy covering deposit custodial credit risk.

B. Loans Receivables

The following receivable accounts have timing and credit characteristics different from typical accounts receivable.

<u>Fund</u>	_ F	Receivable	Noncurrent		
Governmental Funds:					
Major fund: Consolidated TIF Special revenue funds:	\$	3,500,000	\$	3,000,000	
Community Development		414,274		374,305	
Total governmental funds	\$	3,914,274	\$	3,374,305	
<u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u> Mishawaka Bond Bank	\$	4,035,968	\$	3,739,300	

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending
Primary government	 Balance	 Increases	[Decreases		Balance
Governmental activity:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 13,426,217	\$ 194,676	\$	38,976	\$	13,581,917
Construction in progress	 31,138,132	 9,591,982		16,134,931		24,595,183
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 44,564,349	 9,786,658		16,173,907	_	38,177,100
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings	24,594,062	10,603,399		14,950		35,182,511
Improvements other than buildings	26,635,807	6,419,916		34,943		33,020,780
Machinery and equipment	27,526,785	2,303,169		385,097		29,444,857
Infrastructure being depreciated	 129,096,488	 15,021,600		-		144,118,088
Totals	 207,853,142	 34,348,084		434,990		241,766,236
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	7,497,378	699,072		8,372		8,188,078
Improvements other than buildings	9,317,871	959,049		12,075		10,264,845
Machinery and equipment	20,032,679	1,573,141		377,811		21,228,009
Infrastructure being depreciated	 17,431,462	 3,656,631				21,088,093
Totals	 54,279,390	 6,887,893		398,258	_	60,769,025
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 153,573,752	 27,460,191		36,732		180,997,211
Total governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 198,138,101	\$ 37,246,849	\$	16,210,639	\$	219,174,311
	Beginning					Ending
Primary government	 Beginning Balance	 Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activity:	 0 0	 Increases		Decreases		
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Balance			Decreases		Balance
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,519,446	\$ 1,500	\$	-	\$	1,520,946
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	\$ Balance			Decreases - 4,157,825	\$	Balance
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,519,446	1,500		-	\$	1,520,946
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated:	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519		- 4,157,825	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214		- 4,157,825	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063		- 4,157,825	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543 49,340,615	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063 276,307		4,157,825 4,157,825 - 361,723	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883 49,616,922
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063		4,157,825 4,157,825 -	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543 49,340,615	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063 276,307		4,157,825 4,157,825 - 361,723	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883 49,616,922
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543 49,340,615 4,818,599	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063 276,307 396,638		4,157,825 4,157,825 - 361,723 - 34,789	\$ 	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883 49,616,922 5,180,448
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation Totals Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543 49,340,615 4,818,599 296,407,868	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063 276,307 396,638 12,248,222 1,108,933		4,157,825 4,157,825 4,157,825 - 361,723 - 34,789 396,512	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883 49,616,922 5,180,448 308,259,578
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation Totals Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543 49,340,615 4,818,599 296,407,868 16,489,677 54,035,550	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063 276,307 396,638 12,248,222 1,108,933 4,661,014		4,157,825 4,157,825 - 361,723 - 34,789	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883 49,616,922 5,180,448 308,259,578 17,598,610 58,327,322
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation Totals Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543 49,340,615 4,818,599 296,407,868 16,489,677 54,035,550 32,312,511	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063 276,307 396,638 12,248,222 1,108,933 4,661,014 1,348,853		4,157,825 4,157,825 4,157,825 - 361,723 - 34,789 396,512 - 369,242 -	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883 49,616,922 5,180,448 308,259,578 17,598,610 58,327,322 33,661,364
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation Totals Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543 49,340,615 4,818,599 296,407,868 16,489,677 54,035,550	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063 276,307 396,638 12,248,222 1,108,933 4,661,014		4,157,825 4,157,825 4,157,825 - 361,723 - 34,789 396,512	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883 49,616,922 5,180,448 308,259,578 17,598,610 58,327,322
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation Totals Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543 49,340,615 4,818,599 296,407,868 16,489,677 54,035,550 32,312,511	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063 276,307 396,638 12,248,222 1,108,933 4,661,014 1,348,853		4,157,825 4,157,825 4,157,825 - 361,723 - 34,789 396,512 - 369,242 -	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883 49,616,922 5,180,448 308,259,578 17,598,610 58,327,322 33,661,364
Business-type activity: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation Totals Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment Transportation	\$ 1,519,446 3,913,612 5,433,058 53,343,111 188,905,543 49,340,615 4,818,599 296,407,868 16,489,677 54,035,550 32,312,511 3,720,102	1,500 3,468,019 3,469,519 131,214 11,444,063 276,307 396,638 12,248,222 1,108,933 4,661,014 1,348,853 363,781		4,157,825 4,157,825 4,157,825 - 361,723 - 34,789 396,512 - 369,242 - 34,789	\$	1,520,946 3,223,806 4,744,752 53,474,325 199,987,883 49,616,922 5,180,448 308,259,578 17,598,610 58,327,322 33,661,364 4,049,094

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 470,407
Public safety	1,089,999
Highways and streets	4,144,545
Culture and recreation	1,179,388
Community development	3,554
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 6,887,893
Business-type activities:	
Business-type activities: Water	\$ 1,418,790
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 1,418,790 3,682,853
Water	, , ,
Water Wastewater	3,682,853
Water Wastewater	3,682,853

D. Construction Commitments

Construction work in progress is composed of the following:

<u>Project</u>		xpended to ecember 31, 2015		Committed
Governmental activities:				
Church/Main Connector	\$	6,123,110	\$	636,488
Fir Road Capital Connector		4,119,693		7,515
Mishawaka Avenue Imp Ph I		2,987,381		28,425
Church/Main Connect - Church Union Imp Ph II		5,258,695		719,564
Gumwood Road Widening		1,665,978		8,577
Fir Road/University Drive Intersection		1,358,837		309,130
Mishawaka Avenue Imp Ph II		1,117,588		3,000
Grove St /Elizabeth/Mish Ave Improv		1,216,007		280,184
Lowell and Edgar Ave Improv		183,791		12,851
Reconstruct Cedar St and Elim of CSO		564,103		135,349
Totals - governmental activities	\$	24,595,183	\$	2,141,083
Business-type activities:				
Wastewater Utility:				
Milburn improvements	\$	244,216	\$	49,708
Wilson boulevard		2,322,541		188,298
LTCP project		564,998		80,934
Water Utility:				
Toscana park apartments		3,445		10,000
Gumwood retail center		49,270		8,029
Bell Tower assisted living center	_	39,336	_	60,000
Totals - business-type activities	\$	3,223,806	\$	396,969

E. Interfund Balances and Activity

1. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers at December 31, 2015, were as follows:

		<u>-</u> 0					
Transfer From	General Fund		Nonmajor Governmental		V	Vastewater Utility	 Total
Governmental:							
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Consolidated TIF		-		27,556		3,360,000	3,387,556
Nonmajor Governmental		-		332,195		-	332,195
Business-type:							
Water Utility		599,225		-		-	599,225
Wastewater Utility		1,675,775		-		-	1,675,775
Electric Utility		1,542,329					 1,542,329
Total	\$	3,817,329	\$	359,751	\$	3,360,000	\$ 7,537,080

The primary government typically uses transfers to fund ongoing operating subsidies.

F. Leases

Capital Leases

The primary government has entered into a capital lease for a fire station. Future minimum lease payments and present values of the net minimum lease payments under these capital leases as of December 31, 2015, are as follows:

	 overnmental Activities
2016	\$ 326,847
2017	321,499
2018	316,151
2019	310,803
2020	305,455
2021-2025	1,447,055
2026-2027	 408,033
Total minimum lease payments	3,435,843
Less amount representing interest	 369,181
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 3,066,662

Assets acquired through capital leases still in effect are as follows:

	 overnmental Activities
Buildings Accumulated depreciation	\$ 3,815,830 (228,951)
Totals	\$ 3,586,879

G. Long-Term Liabilities

1. Tax Increment Bonds

On May 11, 2015, the Mishawaka Local Public Improvement Bond Bank, a discretely presented component unit, issued tax increment revenue bonds to the City in the amount of \$1,000,000 to finance improvements to the Battell Center.

The City has pledged future local income tax revenue toward repayment of the Bonds.

Purpose	Interest Rates Fund Type				Balance cember 31	 ne Within	 ie in More n One Year
\$1,000,000 tax increment bonds due in annual installments of \$15,000 to \$25,000 plus interest through February 1, 2040.	2%	Governmental funds	\$ 975,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 945,000		
		Total	\$ 975,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 945,000		

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Funds						
	 Battell Center						
	Principal		Interest				
2016	\$ 30,000	\$	19,350				
2017	30,000		18,750				
2018	30,000		18,150				
2019	35,000		17,500				
2020	35,000		16,800				
2021-2025	180,000		73,500				
2026-2030	200,000		54,500				
2031-2035	215,000		34,050				
2036-2040	 220,000		11,150				
Totals	\$ 975,000	\$	263,750				
			_				

2. Revenue Bonds

The primary government issues bonds to be paid by income derived from the acquired or constructed assets. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

				Plus:	
	Interest	Balance at	Due Within	Unamortized	Due in more
Purpose	Rates	December 31	One Year	Premium	Than One Year
\$4,475,000 2007 Water refunding revenue bonds due in installments of \$40,000 to \$220,000 plus interest through July 1, 2020	3.9% to 4.25%	\$ 1,830,000	\$ 380,000	\$ 11,208	\$ 1,461,208
\$12,710,000 2013 Water Refunding revenue bonds due in installments of \$580,000 to \$775,000 plus interest through July 1, 2022	2%	9,460,000	1,375,000		8,085,000
\$37,225,000 2010 Wastewater revenue bonds, Series B, due in installments of \$300,000 to \$1,405,000 plus interest through September 1, 2030	3% to 5%	30,585,000	1,505,000	-	29,080,000
\$34,755,000 2015 Wastewater refunding revenue bonds, due in installments of \$1,155,000 to \$1,880,000 plus interest through September 1, 2027	2.25% to 5%	34,755,000	2,370,000	3,527,232	35,912,232
Totals		\$ 76,630,000	\$ 5,630,000	\$ 3,538,440	\$ 74,538,440

The primary government has pledged future revenues, net of operating expenses, equal to future annual debt service payments to repay water and wastewater utilities' bonds. The bonds were originally issued to finance certain improvements and extensions to the utilities. The Bond ordinances require monthly deposits of a portion of user fee revenues sufficient to meet requirements of the next principal, interest, and bank fiscal charge payments throughout the life of the bonds. Water and Wastewater bond ordinances also require monthly deposits of user fee revenues over 60 months to produce a bond reserve to approximate the maximum annual debt service.

During 2015, the water utility paid \$2.03 million in debt payments or approximately 24 percent of operating revenues. The wastewater utility paid \$6.82 million in debt payments or approximately 54 percent of operating revenues. Bond coverage for the water utility at December 31, 2015 was 145%. Bond coverage for the wastewater utility at December 31, 2015 was 110%. Bond coverage includes the payment in lieu of taxes to the City and TIF dollars transferred to the wastewater utility from the Consolidated TIF fund.

Revenue bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities					
	Principal		Interest			
2016	\$ 5,630,000	\$	3,127,697			
2017	5,865,000		2,894,353			
2018	6,070,000		2,691,253			
2019	6,275,000		2,477,947			
2020	6,290,000		2,239,044			
2021-2025	28,345,000		7,728,573			
2026-2030	 18,155,000		2,016,384			
Totals	\$ 76,630,000	\$	23,175,251			

3. Notes and Loans Payable

The primary government governmental activities note is the result of an inter-local agreement with St. Joseph County to fund a portion of the annual debt service payment associated with the Economic Development Income Tax Revenue Bonds on 2014 to finance costs related to the jointly used Public Safety Access Point project. The City's portion of annual debt service payments is 17.34% as outlined by the Resolution of the Common Council of the City of Mishawaka. The allocated portion of the Public Safety Access Notes Payable is due in annual debt service requirements to maturity as follows:

	 Principal	 Interest
	_	
2016	\$ 75,429	\$ 43,884
2017	77,163	42,367
2018	78,030	40,815
2019	79,764	39,246
2020	81,498	37,642
2021-2025	415,293	153,252
2026-2030	367,608	94,524
2031-2034	338,997	27,934
Totals	\$ 1,513,782	\$ 479,664

The Economic Development Income Tax Revenue Bonds of 2014, dated December 30, 2014 was issued in the amount of \$9,155,000 with payments ranging from \$262,000 to \$345,000 payable in semi-annual payments with interest ranging from 2 percent to 3.625 percent. The table above reflects the portion for which the City of Mishawaka is responsible (17.34% of total bond issuance). The City has pledged future County Economic Development Income Tax or CEDIT toward repayment of the Bonds.

The primary government's business-type activities loans are from the State Revolving Loan Fund. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the State Revolving Loans are as follows:

	F	Principal		Interest
2016	\$	105,000	\$	56,517
2017	•	107,000		53,299
2018		111,000		50,005
2019		115,000		46,589
2020		119,000		43,051
2021-2025		645,000		158,602
2026-2030		677,000		52,644
Totals	\$	1,879,000	\$	460,707

4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

Primary government		Beginning Balance	Additions	F	Reductions		Ending Balance		ue Within One Year
Governmental activities:		Dalarioo	7100110110		loddollorio		Daidilloo	_	0110 1001
Bonds payable: General obligation	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TIF		-	1,000,000		25,000		975,000		30,000
Less deferred amount: For issuance discounts	_				<u> </u>				<u>-</u>
Total bonds payable		-	1,000,000		25,000		975,000		30,000
Capital leases		3,333,330	-		266,668		3,066,662		266,668
Notes Payable		-	1,587,477		73,695		1,513,782		75,429
Energy debt payable		223,326	-		223,326		-		-
Net other postemployment									
benefit obligation		19,294,766	2,692,803		- -		21,987,569		
Compensated absences		803,252	664,340		628,290		839,302		608,682
Net pension liability		53,966,549	5,726,908	_	4,051,090	_	55,642,367		
Total governmental activities									
long-term liabilities	\$	77,621,223	<u>\$ 11,671,528</u>	\$	5,268,069	\$	84,024,682	\$	980,779
Business-type activities: Revenue bonds payable:									
Water Utility	\$	13,000,000	\$ -	\$	1,710,000		11,290,000	\$	1,755,000
Wastewater Utility Less deferred amount:		39,490,000	34,755,000		8,905,000		65,340,000		3,875,000
For issuance discounts/(premiums)		(13,794)	107,876		3,632,522	_	(3,538,440)		
Total revenue bonds payable		52,503,794	34,647,124		6,982,478		80,168,440		5,630,000
Capital leases		48,580	-		48,580		-		-
Notes and loans payable		38,730,625	1,988,312		38,839,937		1,879,000		105,000
Compensated absences		275,635	218,511		228,023		266,123		54,971
Net pension liability		4,306,951	826,572	_	<u>-</u>		5,133,523	_	<u>-</u>
Total business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	95,865,585	\$ 37,680,519	\$	46,099,018	\$	87,447,086	\$	5,789,971

Compensated absences, net other postemployment benefit obligations and net pension liabilities for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the general fund and special revenue funds. The net pension liability for business-type activities typically has been liquidated from the water, wastewater and electric utility funds.

5. Early extinguishment of debt

On December 4, 2014, the City placed \$1,775,583 into an irrevocable escrow to be used solely for satisfying scheduled current payments of both interest and principal on the 2005 Communication Equipment bonds, 2007 Communication Equipment Bonds and 2005 Tax Increment Refunding Bonds.

As of December 31, 2015, the remaining scheduled payment to maturity from the escrow is as follows:

Payment					
 Date	F	Principal	lı	nterest	Total
2/1/2016	\$	525,000	\$	10,500	\$ 535,500

6. Current Refunding

On August 5, 2015, the Wastewater utility issued \$34,755,000 of Sewage Works Refunding Revenue Bonds for the current refunding of \$121,000 of outstanding Sewage Works Revenue Bonds of 1999, \$33,744,637 of Sewage Works Revenue Bonds of 2004, \$5,525,000 of Sewage Works Revenue Bonds of 2006, Series A and \$350,000 of Sewage Works Revenue Bonds of 2007, Series A. The refunded bonds were originally issued to finance certain improvements and extensions to the City's Sewage Works. Interest rates on the new bonds range from 2.25% to 5.00%. The bond proceeds together with an original issue premium of \$3,632,522 and sinking fund cash on hand of \$6,922,065 were used to place \$41,304,954 into an irrevocable escrow for the current refunding of the principal and interest on the outstanding debt and a \$652,473 call premium. Of the remaining funds, \$3,539,523 was used to establish a new debt service reserve and the remaining \$465,110 was used for a surety premium, bond insurance premium, underwriter's discount and other professional fees associated with the new bonds.

The 1999 Bonds, 2004 Bonds, 2006 Series A Bonds and 2007 Series A Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

The requisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$205,458. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The government refunded the bonds to achieve reduced annual debt service payments and achieve a present value savings of \$1,293,032.

H. Restricted Assets

The balances of restricted asset accounts in the enterprise funds are as follows:

Customer deposits	\$ 3,235,065
Revenue bond covenant accounts	8,691,036
Reserve account	754,000
Repair accounts	 9,686,581
Total restricted assets	\$ 22.366.682

I. Restatements and Reclassifications

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, certain changes have been made to the financial statements to more appropriately reflect financial activity.

1. The prior period adjustment for governmental activities reflects the implementation of GASB 68 to recognize the liabilities associated with employee retirement.

The GASB 68 implementation for the 1925, 1937 and the Utility plans were completed in 2014. In 2015, the City completed the implementation of the PERF, and the 1977 Police and Fire Pension plans.

	 Rovernmental Activities	 usiness-Type Activities	 Total
Net Position, December 31 2014	175,457,309	136,361,438	311,818,747
Cumulative effect of implementing			
GASB 68 - PERF	\$ (4,107,255)	-	(4,107,255)
GASB 68 - 1977 Plan	(1,143,311)	-	(1,143,311)
Forgiveness of ARRA BAN	 	 2,398,000	 2,398,000
Net Position, December 31 2014 (restated)	\$ 170,206,743	\$ 138,759,438	\$ 308,966,181

2. The Sewage Works Revenue ARRA BAN of 2009 was forgiven by the Indiana State Revolving Fund in 2013 in accordance with the terms of the borrowing. The forgiveness was effective in 2013 and communicated to the City in 2015. The BAN had no scheduled principal and interest payments from 2010 to 2015.

Opinion Unit	Balance s Reported ecember 31, 2014	A	Prior Period djustments	Balance as Restated January 1, 2015		
BusinessType Activities - Wastewater: net position Forgiveness of ARRA BAN Totals	\$ 63,370,087 - 63,370,087	\$	2,398,000 2,398,000	\$	63,370,087 2,398,000 65,768,087	

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The primary government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; medical benefits to employees, retirees, and dependents (excluding postemployment benefits); and natural disasters.

The risks of torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; job related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters are covered by commercial insurance from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance by major category of risk.

Medical Benefits to Employees, Retiree and Dependents

In 2014, the primary government moved from the Indiana Association of Cities and Towns (IACT) Medical Trust and has chosen to re-establish a risk financing fund for risks associated with employee health insurance. The risk financing fund is accounted for in the Self-Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, where assets are set aside for claim settlements. An excess policy through commercial insurance covers individual claims in excess of \$150,000 per year. In 2015 six members exceeded the commercial insurance coverage. Interfund premiums are charged to each fund based on the insured funds' number of employees and are reported as expenditures of the fund. Provisions are also made for unexpected and unusual claims.

Claim expenditures and liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs).

Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amounts of pay cuts and other economic and social factors.

	2015	2014
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims and changes in estimates Claim payments	\$ 700,537 10,797,131 (10,525,790)	\$ - 10,862,056 (10,161,519)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$ 971,878	\$ 700,537

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

The City of Mishawaka Retiree Healthcare Plan is a self-funded single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the City of Mishawaka, Department of Finance, through the City's self-insurance fund.

The plan provides for medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Indiana Code 5-10-8 gives the primary government the authority to establish the plan. A separate financial report is not issued for this plan.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members for the City of Mishawaka Retiree Healthcare Plan are established and can be amended by the City's Common Council. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the primary government contributed \$1,328,677 to the plan for current premiums. For Pre-Medicare retirees, the primary government annually provides \$400 for covered employees with less than 20 years of service and pays the full single premium cost for employees who retire with 20 or more years of service. For Post-Medicare employees, the primary government provides \$400 annually towards the cost of medical coverage regardless of the years of service.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The primary government's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the primary government's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Primary government's net OPEB obligation to the plan:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 3,975,621 868,264 (822,405)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	4,021,480 (1,328,677)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	2,692,803 19,294,766
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 21,987,569

The primary government's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

			Percentage				
		Annual	of Annual		Net		
Year		OPEB	OPEB Cost		OPEB		
Ending	Cost		Contributed	_	Obligation		
12/31/2013	\$	4,692,423	30.5%	\$	16,965,134		
12/31/2014	3,548,602		34.4%		19,294,766		
12/31/2015		4,021,480	34.4%		21,987,569		

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$42,625,775 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$42,625,775. The covered payroll as a percentage of the Actuarial Accrued Liability was (156%). Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend.

Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumption

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2015 actuarial report, the projected unit credit with linear proration to decrement method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a discount rate of 4.5% unfunded; inflation and salary scale of 3% each and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.50% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after 2021. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected pay based on an open group. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2015, was 30 years.

C. Pension Plans

- 1. Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan
 - a. Public Employees' Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF) provides pensions for all full-time employees other than police officers and firefighters, who are covered under the 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund. The plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS). The pension system issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.inprs.in.gov.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits. The Indiana Code, Title 5, Articles 10.2 and 10.3, amended only by the Indiana General Assembly, identifies the benefit provisions and establishes the authority under which members and employers are obligated to contribute to the plan.

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as years of credible service times the average highest 20 quarters of salary times 11% plus the employee's Annuity Savings Account. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at 50-59 with 15 years of service. Vesting period is 10 years. An employee who leaves service may withdraw his or her Annuity Savings Account contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustments are granted by the Indiana General Assembly on and ad hoc basis.

Contributions

Per Indiana Code, Title 5, Articles 10.2 and 10.3, contributions requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the INPRS Board based on recommendations by the INPRS actuary. Members are required to contribute 3% of their annual covered salary. The primary government is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate for calendar year 2015 is 11.20% percent of annual covered payroll. The annuity savings account consists of member's contributions, set by state statute at three percent of compensation, plus the interest credited to the member's account. The employer may elect to make the contributions on behalf of the member. The actuarial amount, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the PERF plan from the City were \$826,395 for the calendar year ended December 31, 2015.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2015, the City reported a liability of \$5,726,908 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating units, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was .0014061 percent, which was a decrease of .0000871 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$847,987. At December 31, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflow of		Inflow of	
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	245,826	\$	11,844
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings on pension plan investments		965,628		538,594
Change of assumptions		484,116		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		67,169		199,927
City contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		515,440		-
Allocation to utilities for City PERF plan		165,050		196,560
Totals	\$	2,443,229	\$	946,925

\$515,440 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as deferred outflows in the year ended December 31, 2015. In addition, the City recognizes \$165,050 of additional deferred outflows and \$196,560 of additional deferred inflows related to PERF expenses charged to the utilities as part of the City's PERF plan. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended			
	December 31,			
2016	\$	305,835		
2017		305,835		
2018		159,297		
2019		241,407		
2020		-		
Thereafter		-		
Total	\$	1,012,374		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.50% to 4.25% including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates RP-2014 Total Data Set Mortality table projected

on a fully generational basis using the future mortality improvement scale inherent in the mortality projection included in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four years ended June 30, 2014. The Study was performed in April 2015. As a result of the study inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.25%, future salary rates decreased from a table range of 3.25% to 4.50% to a table ranging from 2.50% to 4.25%. The mortality rates changed from the 2013 IRS Static Mortality projected five years with Scale AA to the process referenced above. Each of these assumption changes were made to more closely reflect actual experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of June 30, 2015 for each major asset class are summarized in the following table.

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Global Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Public equity	22.5%	5.3%
Private equity	10.0%	5.6%
Fixed income - Ex inflation - linked	22.0%	2.1%
Fixed income - inflation - linked	10.0%	0.7%
Commodities	8.0%	2.0%
Real estate	7.5%	3.0%
Absolute return	10.0%	3.9%
Risk parity	10.0%	5.0%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee

contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from units will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportional share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

		5.75%		6.75%		7.75%
	19	<u> 6 Decrease</u>	<u>Cı</u>	urrent Rate	19	<u>% Increase</u>
Net Pension Liability	\$	8,447,679	\$	5,726,908	\$	3,468,170

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued INPRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and Actuarial Valuations. These reports can be found at:

http://www.in.gov/inprs/files/2015INPRSCAFRBook.pdf
http://www.in.gov/inprs/files/2015PERFActuarialValuationReport.pdf

The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

b. 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund

Plan Description

The 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund (1977 Fund) provides pensions for all police officers and firefighters hired after April 30, 1977. The plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Indiana Public Employees' Retirement Plan (INPRS). The pension system issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.inprs.in.gov.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit terms are established an amended by State legislative action.

Annual retirement benefits for employees are calculated equal to 50 percent of the salary of a first class officer for 20 years of service. Normal retirement age is 52 with early retirement at 50. Employees are eligible for non duty disability benefits after five years of services and for duty related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. Death benefits equal the benefit which would have been payable to a beneficiary if the member had retired at age 50 or at death, whichever is later, under an effective election of the joint an survivor option available for retirement benefits. An employee who leaves service may withdraw his or her contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date.

The annual adjustments are determined by statute equal to the change in the Consumer Price Index but not in excess of a 3 percent increase.

Contributions

Per Indiana State statute (IC 36-8-8 and IC 36-8-8.5), contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers ae established and may be amended by the INPRS Board based on recommendations by the INPRS actuary. The funding policy for the 1977 Fund requires remittances of member and employer contributions based on percentages of the salary of a first class officer or firefighter rather than actual payroll. Employees are required to contribute 6 percent of their annual pay. The employer contribution rate is actuarially determined. The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2015 was 19.7 percent of the salary of a first class officer or firefighter. Contributions to the plan from the City were \$1,190,545 to the Police Officers' plan and \$1,271,975 to the Firefighter's plan for the year ended December 31, 2015.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2015, the City reported a pension asset of \$1,053,200 for the Police Officers' fund and \$1,087,515 for the Firefighters' fund for their respective proportionate shares of the net pension liability. The Plan's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating units, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion for the Police Officers' fund .0071297 percent, which was a decrease of .0003142 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion for the Firefighter' fund .0073620 percent, which was a decrease of .0002571 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$285,938 for the Police Officers' fund and \$300,681 for the Firefighters' fund.

At December 31, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	F	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Police Officers' Fund			_
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ -	\$	458,035
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on pension plan investments	2,055,591		1,095,936
Change of assumptions	-		1,971,540
Changes in proportion and differences between			
employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	20.752		40 792
City contributions subsequent to the measurement	29,753		49,782
date	595,273		_
Totals	\$ 2,680,617	\$	3,575,293
	 _,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Firefighters' Fund			
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$ -	\$	472,959
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on pension plan investments	2,122,566		1,131,644
Change of assumptions	-		2,035,777
Changes in proportion and differences between			
employer contributions and proportionate share of			
contributions	58,740		38,656
City contributions subsequent to the measurement			
date	635,988	_	-
Totals	\$ 2,817,294	\$	3,679,036

\$595,273 and \$635,988 reported for the Police Officers' and Firefighters' funds respectively as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contribution subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as deferred outflows in the year ended December 31, 2015.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,			
		Police		
		Officers'	Fi	refighters'
2016	\$	(146,914)	\$	(146, 275)
2017		(146,914)		(146, 275)
2018		(146,914)		(146, 275)
2019		218,398		230,940
2020		(295,500)		(299,702)
Thereafter		(972,105)		(990, 143)
Total	\$	(1,489,949)	\$	(1,497,730)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary increases 2.5% average including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected on

a fully generational basis using future mortality improvement scale inherent in the mortality projection included in the Social Security

Administration 2014 Trustee report.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four years ended June 30, 2014. The Study was performed in April 2015. As a result of the study inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.25%, future salary rates decreased from a table range of 3.25% to 4.50% to a table ranging from 2.50% to 4.25%. The mortality rates changed from the 2013 IRS Static Mortality projected five years with Scale AA to the process referenced above. Each of these assumption changes were made to more closely reflect actual experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of June 30, 2015 for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Global Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Public equity	22.5%	5.3%
Private equity	10.0%	5.6%
Fixed income - Ex inflation - linked	22.0%	2.1%
Fixed income - inflation - linked	10.0%	0.7%
Commodities	8.0%	2.0%
Real estate	7.5%	3.0%
Absolute return	10.0%	3.9%
Risk parity	10.0%	5.0%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from units will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportional share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Net Pension Liability				
		5.75%		6.75%		7.75%
	<u>1%</u>	<u>6 Decrease</u>	<u>C</u>	urrent Rate	<u>1</u>	% Increase
Police Officers'	\$	4,432,547	\$	(1,053,200)	\$	(5,476,468)
Firefighters'	\$	4,576,968	\$	(1,087,515)	\$	(5,654,902)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued INPRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and Actuarial Valuations. These reports can be found at:

http://www.in.gov/inprs/files/2015INPRSCAFRBook.pdf http://www.in.gov/inprs/files/2015PERFActuarialValuationReport.pdf

The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value.

Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

2. Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

a. 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The City contributes to the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the local pension board as authorized by state statute (IC 36-8-6). The pension board consists of nine members.

Three are members by virtue of office: the Mayor, the City Controller, and the Police Chief. Five members are elected representatives of the active membership of the police department, and one additional member, a retired officer, is elected. The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

The plan was established and may be amended by the plan administrator, as provided by state statute. The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Plan Membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

	1925 Police Officers' Pension
Retires and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	49
Terminated employees entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Current active employees	1

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. The benefit provisions of the plan for non-converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 38-8-6. The benefit provisions for the converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-8. Unless specifically denoted, provisions for converted and non-converted members are the same. All full-time, fully-paid police officers who were hired before May 1, 1977 or rehired between April 30, 1977 and February 1, 1979 are eligible participants. The pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Eligibility for annuity benefits is as follow. Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members who are age fifty-two with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible for normal benefits. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 50% of the base salary of a First class

Patrolman, plus an additional 1% for each completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 74% with 32 years of service.

Non-converted plan members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members age fifty with twenty years or more of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement benefits. Early retirement benefits are unreduced for non-converted plan members. Early retirement benefits are reduced by 7% per year for converted plan members between ages fifty and fifty-two. Late retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner as normal retirement benefits.

Disability retirement benefits are equal to a sum determined by a disability medical panel, but not exceeding 55% of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Patrolman. If a member has more than twenty years of service, the disability benefit, if greater, will be equal to the pension the member would have received if the member had retired on the date of disability. For converted plan members, the disability benefit is equal to the benefit the member would have received if the member had retired.

If a converted member does not have twenty years of service or is not at least age fifty-two on the date of disability, the benefit is computed as if the member does have twenty years of service and is age fifty-two at the date of disability.

Pre-retirement death benefits vary for converted and non-converted plan members and depending upon whether or not the death is considered in the line of duty or not in the line of duty. Such benefits range from 20-50% of a First Class Patrolman salary, with longevity, or from 55-100% of the monthly benefit the member was receiving, or was entitled to receive, on the date of death. Pre-retirement death benefits are payable to the surviving spouse, children and dependent parents of plan members provided they meet eligibility guidelines. A one-time funeral death benefit is paid to the heirs or estate upon a member's death from any cause and is equal to at least \$12,000. An additional benefit of \$150,000 is paid from the Pension Relief Fund to a surviving spouse, children, or parent(s) if death occurs in the line of duty.

Non-converted members are entitled to the normal retirement benefit described above if termination occurs after earning twenty years of service. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, no benefits are payable. Converted members are entitled to the accrued retirement benefit determined as of the termination date and payable commencing on the normal retirement date. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, the member shall be entitled to the member's contributions plus accumulated interest.

Benefits for non-converted retired members are increased annually based on increases in the first class salary as approved by the employer. Converted retired member benefits are increased annually based on increases in the CPI-U index. The increase is subject to a 3% maximum and 0% minimum.

Contributions

Plan members are required by state statute (IC 36-8-6-4) to contribute an amount equal to six percent (6%) of the salary of a First Class Patrolman until they have completed thirty-two years of service.

Actuarial valuations are performed annually for the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan. The assumptions used in the valuation are selected and approved by the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) Board of Trustees.

Benefits to members of the plan are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by certain revenues and appropriations of the State of Indiana to the Pension Relief Fund. Onbehalf contributions from the State of Indiana as shown in the financial statements of \$1,367,012 approximate an equal amount paid out for benefits. The primary government has recognized these on-behalf payments as intergovernmental revenue and public safety expenditures in the General Fund. The Pension Relief Fund has been created within the INPRS and is administered by INPRS and is used as a temporary holding account for collecting State revenues and appropriations before funds are distributed to employers. Amounts required to pay benefits are distributed from the fund to the City.

Pension Plan Investments - Policy and Rate of Return

The pension plan investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note III.A.2. The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

<u>Deferred Retirement Option Plan</u>

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is an optional form of benefit, which allows members who are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit to continue to work and earn a salary while accumulating a DROP benefit. A member who elects to enter the DROP shall execute an irrevocable election to retire on the DROP retirement date. The member shall select a DROP retirement date not less than 12 months and not more than 36 months after the member's DROP entry date. While in the DROP, the member shall continue to make applicable fund contributions. When a member enters the DROP, a "DROP frozen benefit" will be calculated. Members of the DROP are eligible to receive a lump sum equal to the amount of the DROP frozen benefit multiplied by the number of months in the DROP. A member may elect to receive this amount in three annual installments instead of a single lump sum. In addition, the member will receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the DROP frozen benefit. Forms of payment include a single life annuity or a joint annuity with 60% survivor benefits. A member, upon retirement, may elect to forgo DROP benefits and instead receive monthly retirement benefits calculated as if the member never elected to participate in the DROP. There is no balance of amounts held by the pension plan pursuant to the DROP.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan at December 31, 2015, were as follows:

.,,	1925 Police Officers' Pension
Actuarial net pension liability	\$ 20,074,686
Plan fiduciary net position	(741,320)
Net pension liability	\$ 19,333,366
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total pension liability	<u>3.69%</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were selected and approved by the INPRS Board of Trustees.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
-----------	-------

Salary increases 2.50% per year, including inflation
Investment rate of return 2.59% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Cost of living increases:

Non-converted 2.50% per year in retirement Converted 2.00% per year in retirement

Mortality rates were based on the future mortality improvement scale included in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation are consistent with the results of an experience study completed in April 2015, which reflects the experience period beginning July 1, 2010 and ending June 30, 2014. The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll method.

Discount Rate

The discount rate is set equal to the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.59 percent as of December 31, 2015. The discount rate increased from the 2.56 percent used for the December 31, 2014 calculation of the net pension liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate considered the fact that on-behalf contributions made by the State of Indiana are made as benefit payments become due for payment.

Projected Cash Flows

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate incorporates a municipal bond rate which was 2.59 percent. The source of that bond rate was the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of December 31, 2015. The municipal bond rate was applied to all remaining periods.

The pension plan currently has no investments.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.59 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.59 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.59 percent) than the current rate:

		1.59%		2.59%		3.59%
	19	% Decrease	<u>C</u>	urrent Rate	<u>1</u> '	% Increase
Net Pension Liability	\$	21,542,198	\$	19,333,366	\$	17,479,458

Pension Cost

The pension plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation date, the plan was 3.75 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$20,977,077, and the actuarial value of assets was \$787,611, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$20,189,466. The covered payroll (annual payroll to active employees covered by the plan) and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll were not available.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

b. 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The City of Mishawaka contributes to the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan which is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan. The plan is administered by the local pension board as authorized by state statute (IC 36-8-7). The pension board consists of seven members, which include the Mayor, the Fire Chief, the Pension Secretary, three trustees elected from active members, and one trustee elected from retired members. The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan was established and can be amended by the plan administrator, as provided by state statute.

The plan administrator does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the plan.

Plan Membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

	1937
	Firefighters'
	Pension
Retires and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	79
Terminated employees entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Current active employees	-

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The benefit provisions of the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan for non-converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-7. The benefit provisions for converted members are set forth in Indiana Code 36-8-8.

Unless specifically denoted, provisions for converted and non-converted members are the same. All full-time, fully-paid firefighters who were hired before May 1, 1977 or rehired between April 30, 1977 and February 1, 1979 are eligible participants. The pension plan is closed to new entrants.

Eligibility for annuity benefits is as follows. Non-converted members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members who are age fifty-two with twenty or more years of creditable service are eligible for normal benefits. Normal retirement benefits are calculated at 50% of the base salary of a First Class Firefighter, plus an additional 1% for each completed six months of service over twenty years up to a maximum of 74% with 32 years of service.

Non-converted plan members of any age with twenty or more years of creditable service and converted plan members age fifty with twenty years or more of creditable service are eligible to receive early retirement benefits. Early retirement benefits are unreduced for unconverted plan members. Early retirement benefits are reduced by 7% per year for converted plan members between ages fifty and fifty-two. Late retirement benefits are calculated in the same manner as normal retirement benefits.

Disability retirement benefits are equal to a sum determined by a disability medical panel, but not exceeding 55% of the monthly salary (with longevity pay) of a First Class Firefighter. If a member has more than twenty years of service, the disability benefit, if greater, will be equal to the pension the member would have received if the member had retired on the date of disability. For converted plan members, the disability benefit is equal to the benefit the member would have received if the member had retired. If a converted member does not have twenty years of service or is not at least age fifty-two on the date of disability, the benefit is computed as if the member does have twenty years of service and is age fifty-two at the date of disability.

Pre-retirement death benefits vary for converted and non-converted plan members and depending upon whether or not the death is considered in the line of duty or not in the line of duty. Such benefits range from 20-50% of a First Class Firefighter's salary, with longevity, or from 55-100% of the monthly benefit the member was receiving, or was entitled to receive, on the date of death.

Pre-retirement death benefits are payable to the surviving spouse, children and dependent parents of plan members provided they meet eligibility guidelines. A one-time funeral death benefit is paid to the heirs or estate upon a member's death from any cause and is equal to at least \$12,000. An additional benefit of \$150,000 is paid from the Pension Relief Fund to a surviving spouse, children, or parent(s) if death occurs in the line of duty.

Non-converted members are entitled to the normal retirement benefit described above if termination occurs after earning twenty years of service. If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, no benefits are payable. Converted members are entitled to the accrued retirement benefit determined as of the termination date and payable commencing on the normal retirement date.

If termination occurs before completing twenty years of service, the member shall be entitled to the member's contributions plus accumulated interest.

Benefits for non-converted retired members are increased annually based on increases in the First Class Firefighter's salary as approved by the employer.

Converted retired member benefits are increased annually based on increases in the CPI-U index. The increase is subject to a 3% maximum and 0% minimum.

Contributions

Plan members are required by state statute (IC 36-8-7-8) to contribute an amount equal to six percent (6%) of the salary of a First Class Firefighter until they have completed thirty-two years of service.

Actuarial valuations are performed annually for the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan. Benefits to members of the Plan are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis by certain revenues and appropriations from the State of Indiana to the Pension Relief Fund. Onbehalf contributions from the State of Indiana as shown in the financial statements of \$2,244,138 approximate an equal amount paid out for benefits. The primary government has recognized these on-behalf payments as intergovernmental revenue and public safety expenditures in the General Fund. The Pension Relief Fund has been created within the Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) and is administered by INPRS and is used as a temporary holding account for collecting State revenues and appropriations before funds are distributed to employers. Amounts required to pay benefits are distributed from the fund to the City.

Pension Plan Investments - Policy and Rate of Return

The pension plan investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note III.A.2.

The plan held no investments during the reporting period.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan

The Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) is an optional form of benefit, which allows members who are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit to continue to work and earn a salary while accumulating a DROP benefit. A member who elects to enter the DROP shall execute an irrevocable election to retire on the DROP retirement date. The member shall select a DROP retirement date not less than 12 months and not more than 36 months after the member's DROP entry date. While in the DROP, the member shall continue to make applicable fund contributions.

When a member enters the DROP, a "DROP frozen benefit" will be calculated. Members of the DROP are eligible to receive a lump sum equal to the amount of the DROP frozen benefit multiplied by the number of months in the DROP. A member may elect to receive this amount in three annual installments instead of a single lump sum. In addition, the member will receive a monthly retirement benefit equal to the DROP frozen benefit. Forms of payment include a single life annuity or a joint annuity with 60% survivor benefits. A member, upon retirement, may elect to forgo DROP benefits and instead receive monthly retirement benefits calculated as if the member never elected to participate in the DROP. There is no balance of amounts held by the pension plan pursuant to the DROP.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the 1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan at December 31, 2015, were as follows:

	1937 Firefighters' Pension
Actuarial net pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 31,563,080 (980,987)
Net pension liability	\$ 30,582,093
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	<u>3.11%</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were selected and approved by the INPRS Board of Trustees.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%

Salary increases 2.50% per year, including inflation

net of pension plan

Investment rate of return 2.59% investment

expense, including inflation

Cost of living increases:

Non-converted 2.50% per year in retirement Converted 2.00% per year in retirement

Mortality rates were based on the future mortality improvement scale included in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2014 valuation are consistent with the results of an experience study completed in April 2015, which reflects the experience period beginning July 1, 2010 and ending June 30, 2014. The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll method.

Discount Rate

The discount rate is set equal to the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 2.59 percent as of December 31, 2015.

The discount rate increased from the 2.56 percent used for the December 31, 2014 calculation of the net pension liability.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate considered the fact that on-behalf contributions made by the State of Indiana are made as benefit payments become due for payment.

Projected Cash Flows

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate incorporates a municipal bond rate which was 2.59 percent. The source of that bond rate was the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of December 31, 2015. The municipal bond rate was applied to all remaining periods.

The pension plan currently has no investments.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.59%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.56 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (3.56 percent) than the current rate:

		1.59%		2.59%		3.59%
	<u>1</u> 9	<u> 6 Decrease</u>	<u>C</u>	urrent Rate	<u>1</u>	% Increase
Net Pension Liability	\$	34,145,663	\$	30,582,821	\$	27,593,242

Pension Cost

The pension plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 2.88 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$34,780,160, and the actuarial value of assets was \$1,003,077, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$33,777,083. The covered payroll (annual payroll to active employees covered by the plan) and the ration of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll were not available.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

c. Utility Pension Plan

Plan Administration

The Primary government's Utilities (water, wastewater and electric) contribute to the Mishawaka Utilities Retirement System, a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Indiana Trust & Investment Management Company, as trustee.

The pension board consists of the Mayor, the City Controller, the General Manager of the Utilities and four elected employees of the Mishawaka Utilities. The plan covers all employees of the three utilities except for sewer maintenance employees of the Wastewater Utility who are covered by PERF. The plan is administered by the Primary government's Board of Works, as provided by state statute (IC 8-1.5-3-7) and provides retirement, termination/severance, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The trustee does not issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information of the plan.

Plan Membership

Plan membership at December 31, 2015, consisted of the following:

	Utility
	Pension
Retires and beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	73
Terminated employees entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Current active employees	117

Benefits Provided

The plan provides retirement, termination/severance, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan covers all employees of the three utilities except for sewer maintenance employees of the Wastewater Utility who are covered by INPRS.

The plan provides that the monthly retirement benefit shall be a pension payable for the member's lifetime with five years of payments guaranteed equal to one an on-half percent (1-1/2%) of the member's average monthly wage, which is based upon regular straight time rate, received during the highest paid five consecutive fiscal years before retirement multiplied by the member's years of credited service, plus one hundred and twenty dollars (\$120). Members are eligible to retire as of normal retirement for an unreduced benefit upon the earlier of 1) attainment of age sixty-five (65), or 2) the completion of thirty years of credited service, or 3) the date on which the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 85.

A reduced early retirement benefit is available to members with at least fifteen years of credited service any time after attainment of age sixty with a reduction factor of one-fourth percent for each month by which the early retirement date precedes what would have been the normal retirement date.

A disability retirement benefit is available to members with at least ten years of credited service and permanent disability as determined for purposes of the Federal Social Security Act.

A terminated participant not eligible for death, disability or retirement may choose benefits based on a vested schedule as determined by years of credited service or a lump sum equal to 5% of the highest annual compensation multiplied by credited service.

A death benefit is available equal to 5% of the highest annual compensation multiplied by credited service, or the survivor's portion of a joint and 50% survivor annuity, payable to a surviving spouse.

Contributions

The employer intends to contribute to the plan each year such amounts as may be required to operate the plan on a sound actuarial basis.

The minimum annual contribution by the employer must be sufficient, as determined by the pension actuaries, to prevent deterioration in the actuarial status of the trust fund during the year.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the mandatory member contribution rate was 0% of annual pay and the actuarially determined employer's contribution rate was 21.8% of annual payroll.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,411,729 for the Utility fund.

At December 31, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	[Deferred
	(Outflow of		Inflow of
	F	Resources	R	esources
Utility Fund		_		
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	35,551	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings on pension plan investments		943,093		-
Change of assumptions		604,321		-
Changes in proportion and differences between				
employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		-		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		664,471		_
Allocation to utilities for City PERF plan		196,560		165,050
Totals	\$	2,443,996	\$	165,050

Pension Plan Investments - Policy and Rate of Return

The pension plan investment policy is consistent with the overall policy of the City as described in Note III.A.2. The plan held \$17,341,080 of investments as of December 31, 2015.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Utility Pension Plan at December 31, 2015, were as follows:

	Utility
	Pension
Actuarial net pension liability	\$ 22,565,043
Plan fiduciary net position	(17,431,520)
Net pension liability	\$ 5,133,523
Plan fiduciary net position as a	
percentage of total pension liability	<u>77.25%</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were selected and approved by the Board of Trustees for the plan.

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%
Salary increases: 3.50%
Due to Inflation 2.50%
Due to Merit/Seniority 1.00%

Investment rate of return 6.75% per annum, net of pension plan

investment expenses, including

Inflation

Cost of living increases

for certain retirees 2.00% per annum

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality with Two Dimensional Generational Mortality Improvement Projection Scale MP-2014. The actuarial cost method used for computing the total pension liability is the Entry Age Normal - Level Percent of Payroll method.

Annual Pension Cost

For 2015, the Utilities' annual pension cost and related information for the Utility Pension Plan, as provided by the actuary, is presented in this note.

Discount Rate

The discount rate is set equal to the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 6.75 percent as of December 31, 2015. The discount rate of 6.75 was unchanged from the percent used for the December 31, 2014 calculation of the net pension liability.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions would be made at the actuarially calculated rate computed to prevent the deterioration in the actuarial stats of the trust.

Projected Cash Flows

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the discount rate of 6.75 percent is equal to the long-term expected return of plan investments. The rate was applied to all remaining periods.

The long-term expected rate of return on the utility pension plan investments was determined based on the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation).

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of December 31, 2015 are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term
	Expected
	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Return
Cash or cash equivalents	1.00%
Government agency	
securities	6.75%

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the net pension liability of the Utilities, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the Utility net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

		5.75%		6.75%		7.75%
	<u>1%</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	Cı	urrent Rate	19	<u>% Increase</u>
Net Pension Liability	\$	7,759,365	\$	5,133,525	\$	2,908,316

d. Financial Statements for Defined Benefit Plans

Combining Statements of Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds:

		1925 Police Pension	1937 Firefighters' Pension		Utility Pension
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	741,320	\$ 980,987	\$	30,807
Interest and dividends			 		59,629
Investments at fair value: Municipal bonds Mutual funds		- -	 - -		,219,751 5,121,329
Total investments			 	17	7,341,080
Total assets	\$	741,320	\$ 980,987	<u>\$17</u>	7,431,51 <u>6</u>
Net Assets Held in trust for: Employees' pension benefits	<u>\$</u>	741,320	\$ 980,987	<u>\$17</u>	7,431,51 <u>6</u>

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Pension Trust Funds:

	1925	1937	
	Police	Firefighters'	Utility
Additions:	Pension	Pension	Pension
Contributions:			
On behalf contributions	\$ 1,367,012	\$ 2,244,138	\$ -
Employer			1,025,201
Total contributions	1,367,012	2,244,138	1,025,201
Investment income (loss):			
Net loss in fair value of investments	-	-	(991,345)
Interest			817,390
Total investment income (loss)	-	-	(173,955)
Less investment expenses:			
Investment activity expense			44,427
Net investment income (loss)			(218,382)
Total additions	1,367,012	2,244,138	806,819
<u>Deductions:</u>			
Benefits	1,413,303	2,266,228	1,021,023
Administrative expense			14,007
Total deductions	1,413,303	2,266,228	1,035,030
Changes in net position	(46,291)	(22,090)	(228,211)
Net position - beginning	787,611	1,003,077	17,659,727
Net position - ending	\$ 741,320	\$ 980,987	\$17,431,516

D. Net Position – Net investment in Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2015, Net Position – Net investment in capital assets is calculated as follows:

		Governmental Activities	B	Business-type Activities	Total		
Net capital assets	\$	219,174,311	\$	199,367,939	\$	418,542,250	
Less:							
Total capital leases payable		(3,066,662)		-		(3,066,662)	
Total notes and loans payable		(1,513,782)		(1,879,000)		(3,392,782)	
Total general obligation bonds payable, net		-		-		-	
Total revenue bonds payable, net		-		(80,168,440)		(80,168,440)	
Total TIF bonds payable, net		(147,266)		-		(147,266)	
Total premium on bonds						-	
Add:							
Deferred amount on refunding		-		404,940		404,940	
Underwriters discount		-		10,452		10,452	
Deferred charges		-	_	326,833	_	326,833	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	214,446,601	\$	118,062,724	\$	332,509,325	

E. Subsequent Events

Local Income Tax ("LIT")

In 2015, the Indiana General Assembly enacted legislation, which will require that, effective January 1, 2017, the system for local income tax (including CEDIT, CAGIT, and county option income tax ("COIT")) in Indiana will be replaced with a single local income tax as set forth in IC 6-3.6 ("LIT Statute"). The transition to classify the existing tax rates established under the repealed laws is required to be completed by August 1, 2016 to allow for local governments to budget for 2017 and later distribute and allocate revenues after December 31, 2016. Under the LIT Statute, the former local income taxes (including CEDIT, CAGIT and COIT) are re-categorized from the former taxes into the appropriate tax rates to provide revenues for all the same purposes for which revenue was provided under current law. This is accomplished by classifying the new income taxes into the following categories: (1) property tax relief; (2) an expenditure rate ("Expenditure Rate"); and (3) a special purpose project rate. Mishawaka currently has COIT and CEDIT.

Supplemental Income Tax Distribution

Pursuant to Senate Enrolled Act 67, which added Indiana Code 6-3.6-9-17, a special one-time distribution was authorized from the State to each county having a positive income tax balance at December 31, 2014 in the county's trust account maintained by the State. Before June 1, 2016, County Auditors are required to further distribute to each taxing unit an amount equal to the taxing unit's allocation amount.

For Mishawaka, the expected amount of the distribution is \$1,871,071. In accordance with terms of the one-time distribution, 75% of this amount will be deposited into a newly created LOIT Special Distribution Fund to be used only for infrastructure improvements.

The remaining 25% may be deposited into the General Fund, a properly created home rule fund, or into the Rainy Day Fund at the discretion of the City.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

Revenue:	Orig	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Variance Vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
Taxes:							
Property	\$ 21,	699,961 \$	21,699,961	\$ 17,67	1,736	\$	(4,028,225)
Licenses and permits	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	623,200	623,200		9,980	•	266,780
Intergovernmental		687,639	3,687,639		31,807		1,194,168
Charges for services		030,000	1,030,000		8,423		438,423
Fines and forfeits		22,000	22,000	2	8,032		6,032
Interest		60,000	60,000	8	5,118		25,118
Sale and use of property		-	-		760		760
Reimbursement		483,000	483,000	87	8,255		395,255
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	-	38	1,429		381,429
Total revenues	27,	605,800	27,605,800	26,28	35,540		(1,320,260)
Expenditures: Current:							
General government:							
Mayor							
Personal services		144,498	144,498	14	1,668		2,830
Supplies		1,500	1,500		1,256		244
Other services and charges		13,795	15,764		3,924		1,840
City Clerk		10,700	10,701	•	0,021		1,010
Personal services		138,560	138,560	13	3,231		5,329
Supplies		2,500	2,753		1,448		1,305
Other services and charges		24,857	24,917	1	3,735		11,182
Central Services		,	,-		-,		, -
Personal services		641,309	658,622	60	6,337		52,285
Supplies		206,000	1,213,969		3,015		490,954
Other services and charges	•	69,500	81,961		8,920		23,041
Common Council		,	•		,		,
Personal services		100,816	100,816	10	0,809		7
Supplies		250	250		-		250
Other services and charges		9,135	10,435		3,799		6,636
Controller							
Personal services	2,	228,705	2,228,705	2,15	4,296		74,409
Supplies		15,000	15,174	1	1,574		3,600
Other services and charges	2,	054,000	2,074,374	1,95	8,323		116,051
Other financing uses		-	-	4	2,217		(42,217)
Human Resources							
Personal services		51,809	51,809	5	0,866		943
Supplies		2,000	2,000		785		1,215
Other services and charges		83,450	83,963	6	8,002		15,961
Information Technology							
Personal services	:	280,307	280,307		9,017		11,290
Supplies		20,000	20,000		9,828		172
Other services and charges		11,000	21,060	1	7,624		3,436
Cemetery		05.000	05.000		- 000		
Other services and charges		25,000	25,000	2	25,000		-
Legal		100.075	100.075	4.0	0.074		_
Personal services		128,275	128,275	12	28,274		1
Supplies		1,000	1,000		364		636
Other services and charges		55,500	55,572	1	1,084		44,488
Planning		001 470	004 470		0 000		0.450
Personal services	:	201,478	201,478	19	1,000		3,152
Supplies		4,000	4,000	-	1,029		2,971
Other services and charges		4,500	54,500	5	3,521		979
Total general government	7,	518,744	7,641,262	6,80	8,272		832,990

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Continued)

	 Budgeted Original	I Amou	ınts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Expenditures (continued): Current (continued): Police	 Ong.na.			7 mileanie		- Togaire	
Personal services Supplies	\$ 10,475,493 72,500	\$	10,538,572 83,596	\$ 10,274,111 76,740	\$	264,461 6,856	
Other services and charges Fire	107,800		132,113	120,404		11,709	
Personal services Supplies	10,762,337 287,000		10,804,539 307,514	10,776,165 298,993		28,374 8,521	
Other services and charges Code Enforcement	103,500		119,006	102,882		16,124	
Personal services Supplies	263,207 3,500		263,207 3,500	259,237 2,563		3,970 937	
Other services and charges Building Department	38,000		38,049	16,374		21,675	
Personal services Supplies	195,202 2,000		195,202 2,000	191,750 2,000		3,452 -	
Other services and charges	 4,400	_	4,400	 2,177		2,223	
Total public safety	 22,314,939		22,491,698	 22,123,396	-	368,302	
Highways and streets: Engineering							
Personal services Supplies	306,245 4,000		306,245 4,000	306,244 2,470		1 1,530	
Other services and charges	 10,250		10,250	 4,952		5,298	
Total highways and streets	 320,495		320,495	 313,666		6,829	
Sanitation: Recycling							
Supplies	5,000		5,000	-		5,000	
Other services and charges	 15,000		18,000	 18,105		(105)	
Total sanitation	 20,000		23,000	 18,105		4,895	
Community development: Redevelopment							
Personal services	196,102		196,102	195,937		165	
Supplies Other services and charges	 1,000 243,500		1,000 243,500	857 69,829		143 173,671	
Total community development	 440,602		440,602	 266,623		173,979	
Total expenditures	 30,614,780		30,917,057	 29,530,062		1,386,995	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,008,980)		(3,311,257)	(3,244,522)		66,735	
Other financing sources: Transfer in	 3,701,000		3,701,000	 3,817,329		116,329	
Net change in fund balances	692,020		389,743	572,807		183,064	
Fund balances - beginning	 1,926,724		1,926,724	 1,926,724			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 2,618,744	\$	2,316,467	\$ 2,499,531	\$	183,064	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGET/GAAP RECONCILIATION GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (Continued)

The major differences between Budgetary (Non-GAAP) basis and GAAP basis are:

- a. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- b. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).
- c. Expenditures are recorded as expenditures for budgetary purposes when purchase orders are issued.

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations at the end of the year on a budgetary basis to a GAAP basis are as follows:

	General				
Net change in fund balance, budgetary basis	\$	572,807			
To adjust revenues for accruals		428,942			
To adjust expenditures for accruals		483,806			
To adjust expenditures for encumbrances		229,605			
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis	\$	1,715,160			

CITY OF MISHAWAKA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2015

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules:

- A. After individual meetings with the Common Council and Civil City department heads, the Controller submits to the Common Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- B. Prior to adoption, the City advertises the budget and the Common Council holds a public hearing to obtain taxpayer comments. The Common Council may reduce, but not increase the budget from the advertised amounts.
- C. No later than November 1 of each year, the budget for the next year is approved by the Common Council through the passage of an ordinance.
- D. Copies of the budget ordinance and advertisements for funds for which property taxes are levied or highway use taxes are received are sent to the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance for their review and approval. The budget becomes legally enacted after the City Controller receives approval from the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance. This approval is required by Indiana Statute and ad valorem property tax rates are to be set by February 15 of the year budgeted. The budget ordinance as approved by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance becomes the City's expenditures budget. The City's maximum tax levy is restricted by Indiana Law, with certain adjustments and exceptions. If the advertised budget, for funds for which property taxes are levied or for which highway use taxes are received, exceeds the spending and tax limits of the state control laws, an excess levy can be granted by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance, upon appeal by the City.
- E. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations without the governing body's approval) is by object classification for all funds except for the General fund, which is by object classification within each department. The City's management cannot transfer budgeted appropriations between object classifications of a budget without approval of the Common Council. Any revisions that alter the total appropriations for any fund or any department of the General fund must be approved by the Common Council and, in some instances, by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance. Formal budgetary integration is required by state statue and is employed as a management control method.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2015 (Continued)

F. Formal budgetary integration is required by State statute and is employed as a management control device. An annual budget was legally adopted for the following fourteen governmental funds:

Major funds (1): General fund

Nonmajor funds:

Special revenue funds (8):

Motor Vehicle Highway, Local Road and Street, Park and Recreation, Public Safety, Rainy Day, Rainy Day Public Safety, Law Enforcement Continuing Education, and Park Nonreverting Operating

Capital projects funds (5):

Cumulative Building and Fire Fighting Equipment, Cumulative Capital Improvement, Cumulative Sewer, Cumulative Capital Development, and CEDIT.

- G. The City's budgetary process is based upon cash outflows, which is a Non-GAAP basis. Appropriations lapse with the expiration of the budgetary period unless encumbered by a purchase order or contract. Encumbered appropriations are carried over and added to the subsequent year's budget.
- H. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Common Council and approved by the Indiana Department of Local Government Finance in the regular legal manner. The net effect of individual amendments to the budget increased the original appropriations by \$38,267 in 2015
- I. Expenditures did not exceed appropriations for any funds which required legally approved budgets. Total expenditures did not exceed total appropriations for any departments within the General Fund.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2015 (Continued)

Note 2. Financial Reporting - Pension Plans

A. Plan Amendments

In 2015, there were no changes to the PERF or 1997 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund that impacted the pension benefits during the actuarial period.

B. Assumption Changes

An experience study was performed in April of 2015 resulting in an update to several assumptions. These assumption changes are highlighted below.

PERF Plan:

- a) Inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.25%.
- b) The future salary increase rate decreased from a table ranging from 3.25% to 4.50% to a table ranging from 2.50% to 4.25%.
- c) Mortality changed from the 2013 IRS Static Mortality projected five years with a Scale AA to the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Total Data Set mortality table projected on a fully generational basis using the future mortality improvement scale inherent in the mortality projection included in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report.
- d) Retirement, disability and termination rates were adjusted to reflect recent experience.

1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund:

- e) Inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.25%.
- f) The future salary increase rate decreased from 3.50% to 2.50%.
- g) The COLA decreased from 2.25% to 2.00% per year for the 1977 Police Officers' and Firefighters' Pension and Disability Fund.
- h) Mortality changed from the 2013 IRS Static Mortality projected five years with a Scale AA to the RP-2014 (with MP-2014 improvement removed) Blue Collar Set mortality table projected on a fully generational basis using the future mortality improvement scale inherent in the mortality projection included in the Social Security Administration's 2014 Trustee Report.
- i) Disability and termination rates were adjusted to reflect recent experience.

1925 and 1937 Plans

- j) The discount rate for the 1937 Firefighters' and 1925 Police Officers' Pension plans increased from 2.56% for the January 1, 2014 valuation to 2.59% for the December 31, 2015 valuation, based on the Barclay's 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate.
- C. Method and assumptions used in the calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of the 1937 Firefighters', 1925 Police Officers' and Utility Pension plans contributions are calculated as of December 31, 2015. The following actuarial method and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in their respective schedules:

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2015 (Continued)

1937 Firefighters' and 1925 Police Officers' Pension Plans

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal – Level Percent of Payroll Level percentage of projected payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 20 years Inflation 3.0% Salary increases 2.50%

Cost-of-Living Increases Non-converted 2.50% per year in retirement

Converted 2.00% per year in retirement

Discount rate 2.59% (Based on Barclay's 20-year Municipal

Bond Index rate)

Mortality assumption

Future mortality improvement scale inherent in the mortality projection shown in the Social

Security Administration's 2014 Trustee report

Utility Pension Plan

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal – Level Percent of Payroll Level percentage of projected payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 30 years Inflation 2.5% Cost-of-Living Increases 2.00%

Cost-of-Living Increases 2.00% Discount rate 6.75%

Mortality assumption RP-2014 Blue Collar Morality with Two
Dimensional Generational Mortality
Improvement Projection Scale MP-2014

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Public Employees' Retirement Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years

City's proportion of the net pension liability	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012 2011 2010 2009				2008	2007	<u>2006</u>
(asset)	0.14061%	0.14932%								
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,726,908	\$ 3,924,033								
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,734,743	\$ 7,290,367		Not Available						
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	85.0%	53.8%	,							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	77.3%	84.3%	78.8%			No	t Availa	ıble		

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

Public Employees' Retirement Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contributions	\$ <u>2015</u> 847,987	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	2008	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(748,561)									
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 99,426	Not Available								
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,734,743									
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	11.11%									

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Police Officers' 1977 Fund

Last 10 Fiscal Years

City's proportion of the net pension liability	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>			
(asset)	0.71297%	0.74439%								
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,053,200) \$	(379,492)			ı	Not Av				
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,316,603 \$	5,284,286		Not Available						
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-19.8%	-7.2%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	103.2%	101.1%	93.7%			No	t Availa	able		

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

Police Officers' 1977 Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contributions	\$ 2015 285,938	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009	2008	2007	2006
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,047,375)									
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (761,437)				No	t Availa	able			
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,316,603									
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	19.70%									

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Firefighters' 1977 Fund

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Other descriptions of the continuous into the life.	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.73620%	0.76191%								
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,087,515) \$	(388,424)								
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,489,804 \$	5,408,685		Not Available						
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-19.8%	-7.2%								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	103.2%	101.1%	93.7%			No	t Availa	ıble		

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

Firefighters' 1977 Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years

Contractually required contributions	\$ 2015 300,681	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (1,081,481)									
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (780,800)	Not Available								
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,489,804									
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	19.70%									

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan	 2015	 2014	 2013	2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006
Total Pension Liability: Total pension liability - beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes	\$ 20,977,077 29,939 513,029 1,711 (60,691)	\$ 19,201,969 18,826 797,797 - 2,379,342	\$ 17,132,599 10,567 985,820 (178,099) 2,676,759	
Projected benefit payments Total pension liability - end of year	\$ (1,386,379) 20,074,686	\$ (1,420,857) 20,977,077	\$ (1,425,677) 19,201,969	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year Employer contributions Non-employer contributing entity contributions Actual benefit payments Plan fiduciary net position - end of year	\$ 787,611 (4,450) 1,364,012 (1,405,853) 741,320	\$ 782,880 (6,001) 1,409,222 (1,398,490) 787,611	\$ 795,394 - 1,413,163 (1,425,677) 782,880	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 19,333,366	\$ 20,189,466	\$ 18,419,089	
4007 Firefighters Pagaign	0015	0014	0010	Information not available
1937 Firefighters' Pension Total Pension Liability: Total pension liability - beginning of year	\$ 2015 34,780,160	\$ 31,755,489	\$ 27,586,310	
Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes Projected benefit payments	830,569 (1,706,681) (97,894) (2,243,074)	1,318,268 - 4,044,868 (2,338,465)	1,581,245 526,248 4,526,150 (2,464,464)	
Total pension liability - end of year	\$ 31,563,080	\$ 34,780,160	\$ 31,755,489	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year Employer contributions Non-employer contributing entity contributions	\$ 1,003,077 (7,875) 2,241,138	\$ 887,820 (7,314) 2,459,100	\$ 1,018,421 (6,848) 2,340,711	
Actual benefit payments Plan fiduciary net position - end of year	\$ (2,255,353) 980,987	\$ (2,336,529) 1,003,077	\$ (2,464,464) 887,820	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 30,582,093	\$ 33,777,083	\$ 30,867,669	
<u>Utilities Pension</u>	 2015	 2014	2013	2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006
Total Pension Liability: Total pension liability - beginning of year Service cost Interest cost Experience (gains)/losses Assumption changes	\$ 21,966,679 551,697 1,482,659 (135,067) (279,902)	\$ 20,177,128 547,910 1,367,260 41,160 699,670		
Plan amendments Total pension liability - end of year	\$ (1,021,023) 22,565,043	\$ (866,449) 21,966,679		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position: Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year Employer contributions Investment return	\$ 17,659,728 1,025,201 (173,954)	\$ 16,901,219 867,363 813,594		Information not available
Actual benefit payments Administrative and project expenses Plan fiduciary net position - end of year	\$ (1,021,023) (58,434) 17,431,518	\$ (866,449) (55,999) 17,659,728		
Net Pension Liability	\$ 5,133,525	\$ 4,306,951		

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan Total pension liability Less plan fiduciary net position Net pension liability	\$ 2015 20,074,686 (741,320) 19,333,366	\$ 2014 20,977,077 (787,611) 20,189,466	\$ 2013 19,201,969 (782,880) 18,419,089	2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	4%	4%	4%	
Covered employee payroll	**	**	**	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	
1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan Total pension liability Les plan fiduciary net position Net pension liability	\$ 2015 31,563,080 (980,987) 30,582,093	\$ 2014 34,780,160 (1,003,077) 33,777,083	\$ 2013 31,755,489 (887,820) 30,867,669	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	3.11%	2.88%	2.80%	Information not available
Covered employee payroll	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Utilities Pension Plan Total pension liability Less plan fiduciary net position Net pension liability	\$ 2015 22,565,043 (17,431,516) 5,133,527	\$ 2014 21,966,679 (17,659,728) 4,306,951	\$ 2013 20,177,128 (16,901,219) 3,275,909	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	77.25%	80.39%	83.76%	
Covered employee payroll	\$ 6,119,311	\$ 6,119,311	**	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	83.89%	70.38%	N/A	

Notes:

GASB 67 requires that information be shown for ten years. Until a full ten years trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.

** Not available.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan Actuarially determined contribution Less contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 2015 1,405,853	\$ 2014 1,398,490	\$ 2013 1,425,677	2012	2011		2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,405,853)	\$ (1,398,490)	\$ (1,425,677)								
Covered employee payroll	**	**	**								
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A		lufo von ati a	n not o	واطوازور				
1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan Actuarially determined contribution Less contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 2015 2,255,353	\$ 2,336,529	\$ 2013 2,464,464		Informatio	n not av	/allable				
determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (2,255,353)	\$ (2,336,529)	\$ (2,464,464)								
Covered employee payroll	 **	**	 **								
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A								
Utilities Pension Plan	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011		2010				
Actuarially determined contribution Less contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,012,206	\$ 897,211	\$ 841,896	\$ 674,395	\$ 589,148	\$	595,072				
determined contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,025,201) (12,995)	\$ (867,363) 29,848	\$ (874,082) (32,186)	\$ (936,366) (261,971)	\$ (598,801) (9,653)	\$	(610,528) (15,456)	Inform	ation n	ot avail	able
Covered employee payroll	\$ 6,119,311	\$ 6,361,099	\$ 6,159,487	\$ 5,797,047	\$ 5,685,044	\$	5,891,118				
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	16.75%	13.64%	14.19%	16.15%	10.53%		10.36%				

Notes:

GASB 67 requires that information be shown for ten years. Until a full ten years trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.
 Not available

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS Last 10 Fiscal Years*

1925 Police Officers' Pension Plan	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	N/A **	N/A **	N/A **							
1937 Firefighters' Pension Plan Annual money-weighted rate of return,	2015	2014	2013	_			Not avai	lable		
net of investment expense	N/A **	N/A **	N/A **							
Utilities Pension Plan Annual money-weighted rate of return,	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
net of investment expense	-1.30%	4.50%	13.40%	11.40%	-0.70%	11.00%	21.90%	-25.70%	12.40%	Not available

Notes:

- * GASB 67 requires that information be shown for ten years. Until a full ten years trend is compiled, information will be shown for those years for which the information is available.
- ** The City pension funds to not have investments and, therefore, no returns on investment to report.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

							Unfunded
		Actuarial		Excess of			AAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	/	Assets Over			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability		(Unfunded)	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)		AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
<u>Date</u>	<u>(a)</u>	<u>(b)</u>		<u>(a-b)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(c)</u>	<u>((a-b)/c)</u>
		Other F	ost	Employment B	enefits		
1/1/2011	\$ -	\$ 45,723,694	\$	(45,723,694)	0%	\$ 25,071,329	-182%
1/1/2012	-	51,691,333		(51,691,333)	0%	26,212,073	-197%
1/1/2013	-	49,498,424		(49,498,424)	0%	26,736,315	-185%
1/1/2014	-	37,430,328		(37,430,328)	0%	27,137,360	-138%
1/1/2015	-	42,625,775		(42,625,775)	0%	27,258,133	-156%

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Motor Vehicle Highway - To account for street construction and the operations of the street and

maintenance department. Financing is provided by state motor vehicle

highway distributions and a specific annual property tax levy.

Local Road and Street - To account for operation and maintenance of local and arterial road

and street systems. Financing is provided by state gasoline tax

distributions.

Park and Recreation - To account for the operation of the city park system. Financing is

provided by a specific annual property tax levy to the extent that user fees and miscellaneous revenues are insufficient to provide such

financing.

Park and Recreation Gift - To account for donations to the Park and Recreation Department.

Public Safety - To account for distributions of the Public Safety Local Option Income

Tax. These funds can only be used for public safety.

Rainy Day - To account for supplemental distributions of COIT and CEDIT. These

funds can be used for any purpose permitted by state statute for other

revenues of the city.

Rainy Day Public Safety - To account for a supplemental distribution of excess welfare receipts

from the county. These funds can only be used for public safety.

Police Drug Investigation

Assistance - To account for expenditures for drug and arson investigation and

training of police personnel financed by state grants, donations, and

sale of confiscated assets.

Off-Street Parking - To account for operations of city owned parking lots. Revenues are

received from parking permit fees.

Sidewalk and Curb Repair - To account for revenue received from residents for improvements to

adjacent sidewalks and curbs.

Industrial Development - To account for state loans to provide loan money to business and com-

mercial customers for rehabilitation.

Trash Collection - To account for transaction related to trash collections. Residents are

billed monthly for collections and the City has a contract to provide

services.

Mishawaka Gift - To account for donations for various projects.

Law Enforcement

Continuing Education - To account for court fees, fees charged for furnishing accident reports,

handgun application fees and fees charged for vehicle inspections. Expenditures are for the continuing education and training of law

enforcement officers.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Bicentennial Gift - To account for donations for the bicentennial celebration. Interest

earned on these monies is receipted to this fund.

Community Development - To account for Housing and Urban Development (HUD) monies used

for low or no interest residential rehabilitation loans and for urban redevelopment and housing. Pay back monies from loans are also

used for these purposes.

Property Rehabilitation

Revolving -

To account for Housing and Urban Development (HUD) monies used for low or no interest residential rehabilitation loans and for the First

Time Home Buyers program. Pay back monies from loans are also

used for this purpose.

Park Nonreverting Operating - To account for some operating expenses at the city pools and golf

course. Financing is provided by improvement fees charged by the

Park Department.

Criminal Assistance Grant - To account for federal funds received for criminal prevention and

intervention programs coordinated by the police department.

NSP (3) Grant - To account for federal funds received for a neighborhood stabilization

program.

State Grant - To account for state funds received for street improvements to the

Capital Avenue corridor.

Levy Excess Fund - To account for the portion of the property taxes received which

exceeds 100 percent of the unit's levy. In subsequent years, the balance in the fund will be used to reduce the amounts raised by

taxation.

Debt Service Funds

Mishawaka Building

Corporation Debt Service - To account for debt retirement of the Building Corporation's Mortgage

Bonds. Funding is provided by transfers from other City funds.

Consolidated TIF

Bond and Interest - To account for debt retirement of the Battell Center project.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds

Cumulative Building and

Fire Fighting Equipment - To account for financial resources for the purchase of fire equipment.

Financing is provided by a specific property tax levy.

Cumulative Capital

Improvement - To account for financial resources related to improvement projects

financed by state cigarette tax distributions. Transfers may be made

to the General Fund.

Cumulative Sewer - To account for financial resources for the construction or repairing of

storm sewers or sewage disposal plants and sanitary sewers.

Financing is provided by a specific property tax levy.

Local Major Moves

Construction - To account for financial resources related to construction of highways,

roads and bridges. Financing was provided by a one-time distribution from the proceeds of a seventy-five year lease of the state's toll road.

Cumulative Capital

Development - To account for financial resources related to development projects.

Financing is provided by a specific property tax levy.

TIF Consolidated

Capital - To account for expenditures made for public improvement projects in

the property tax incremental financing district. Financing is provided by incremental taxes collected on property located in this district. Amounts needed for bond retirement are transferred annually to the

proper debt service fund.

County Economic Development

Income Tax (CEDIT) - To account for financial resources related to development projects.

Financing is provided by a tax on income.

	Special Revenue															
Accets		Motor Vehicle Highway		ocal Road nd Street		Park and Recreation		Park and ecreation Gift		Public Safety		Rainy Day		ainy Day Public Safety	Inve	ice Drug estigation sistance
<u>Assets</u>																
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Interest	\$	1,169,979 -	\$	164,645	\$	539,573	\$	57,557 -	\$	2,697,694	\$	879,666 -	\$	2,519	\$	
Taxes Accounts		13,849				88,425 350		-		- 9,975		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		467,813		75,201		350		-		9,975		-		-		
Loans		-				-		-		-		-		-		
Assets held for resale		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	1,651,641	\$	239,846	\$	628,348	\$	57,557	\$	2,707,669	\$	879,666	\$	2,519	\$	_
Liabilities and Fund Balances																
Liabilities:	\$	19.428	•		\$	10,522	•	120	•	2,658	•		\$		•	
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable	Ф	19,428 46,722	\$		Ф	24,032	\$	120	\$	2,658	\$		Ъ	-	\$	
Contracts payable				_		-				-		-		-		-
Public safety access point note payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		66,150				34,554		120		2,658						
Deferred inflows of resources - property taxes		13,849				88,425				-				-		
Fund Balances: Non-spendable																
Long-term loans receivable Restricted		-		-		400 500		-		-		-		-		-
Committed		1,517,794		239,846		482,580		57,437		1,826,206		879,666		2,519		-
Assigned		53,848				22,789		-		878,805		-				
Total fund balances		1,571,642		239,846		505,369		57,437		2,705,011		879,666		2,519		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,651,641	\$	239,846	\$	628,348	\$	57,557	\$	2,707,669	\$	879,666	\$	2,519	\$	-

					Spe	ecial Revenue						
	Off-Street Sidewalk and Parking Curb Repair		ndustrial relopment		Trash Collection	N	lishawaka Gift	C	Law nforcement Continuing Education	Bice	entennial Gift	
Assets												
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Interest	\$	11,994	\$ 34,139	\$ 58,158	\$	873,413	\$	255,056	\$	120,101	\$	1,329
Taxes				-		-		-				-
Accounts		-	-	-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Loans		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assets held for resale				 				-				-
Total assets	\$	11,994	\$ 34,139	\$ 58,158	\$	873,413	\$	255,056	\$	120,101	\$	1,329
Liabilities and Fund Balances												
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable Contracts payable	\$	1,883	\$ -	\$ -	\$	177,924 -	\$	-	\$	36 -	\$	-
Public safety access point note payable		-				-		-		-		
Total liabilities		1,883		-		177,924		-		36		-
Deferred inflows of resources - property taxes				 -		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances: Non-spendable Long-term loans receivable												
Restricted Committed Assigned		10,111	34,139 -	58,158 -		695,489 -		255,056 -		120,065 -		1,329 -
Assigned			 	 				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total fund balances		10,111	 34,139	 58,158		695,489		255,056		120,065		1,329
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	11,994	\$ 34,139	\$ 58,158	\$	873,413	\$	255,056	\$	120,101	\$	1,329

	Special Revenue													
		Community Re		Property habilitation Revolving		Park onreverting Operating	As	Criminal ssistance Grant		NSP (3) Grant		State Grant	 Levy Excess	 Totals
<u>Assets</u>														
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Interest Taxes Accounts Intergovernmental Loans Assets held for resale	\$	183,122 - - - - - 414,274	\$	187,963 - - - - -	\$	549,403 - - 125 - -	\$	63,931 - - - - -	\$	52,706 - - - - - -	\$	70,147 - - - - - -	\$ 1,206 - - - - - -	\$ 7,974,301 - 102,274 10,450 543,014 414,274
Total assets	\$	597,396	\$	187,963	\$	549,528	\$	63,931	\$	52,706	\$	70,147	\$ 1,206	\$ 9,044,313
Liabilities and Fund Balances			-								-			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable Contracts payable Public safety access point note payable	\$	1,079 - - -	\$	840 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	45,401 - - -	\$	- - - -	\$: : :	\$ - - - -	\$ 259,891 70,754 - -
Total liabilities		1,079		840				45,401					 	 330,645
Deferred inflows of resources - property taxes		-		-		-						-	 -	 102,274
Fund Balances: Non-spendable Long-term loans receivable Restricted Committed Assigned		374,305 222,012 - -		187,123 - -		- 549,5 <u>2</u> 8 - -		- 18,530 - -		52,706 - -		- 70,147 - -	 1,206 - -	374,305 6,399,462 882,185 955,442
Total fund balances		596,317		187,123		549,528		18,530		52,706		70,147	 1,206	 8,611,394
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	597,396	\$	187,963	\$	549,528	\$	63,931	\$	52,706	\$	70,147	\$ 1,206	\$ 9,044,313

			Service			
	Bui Corp	awaka Iding oration Service	TIF B	olidated ond and erest	То	otals
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Interest Taxes Accounts Intergovernmental Loans Assets held for resale	\$	- - - - -	\$	-	\$	
	-					
Total assets	\$		\$		\$	
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable Contracts payable Public safety access point note payable	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	-
Total liabilities						-
Deferred inflows of resources - property taxes		-		-		-
Fund Balances: Non-spendable Long-term loans receivable Restricted Committed Assigned		- - - -		: : :		- - - -
Total fund balances		-				-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	-	\$		\$	-

	Capital Projects									
	Cumulative Building and Fire Fighting Equipment			cumulative Capital provement		Cumulative Sewer		ocal Major Moves onstruction		umulative Capital velopment
<u>Assets</u>										
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Interest Taxes Accounts Intergovernmental Loans	\$	50,067 - - - -	\$	1,496,903 - 10,843 - -	\$	2,192,624 - 16,931 - -	\$	1,484,004 - - - 3,820	\$	281,472 - 24,467 - 24,493
Assets held for resale										
Total assets	\$	50,067	\$	1,507,746	\$	2,209,555	\$	1,487,824	\$	330,432
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable Contracts payable Public safety access point note payable	\$	4,625 - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	29,266 - - -	\$	18,916 - - -	\$	15,423 - - -
Total liabilities		4,625				29,266		18,916		15,423
Deferred inflows of resources - property taxes				10,843		16,931		-		24,467
Fund Balances: Non-spendable Long-term loans receivable Restricted Committed Assigned		- 40,817 - 4,625		- 1,496,903 - -		- 2,117,635 - 45,723		388,308 - 1,080,600		- 244,370 - 46,172
Total fund balances		45,442		1,496,903		2,163,358		1,468,908		290,542
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	50,067	\$	1,507,746	\$	2,209,555	\$	1,487,824	\$	330,432

	TIF nsolidated Capital	CEDIT		Totals	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables (Net of Allowances for Uncollectibles): Interest	\$ 827,734	\$ 4,449,393	\$	10,782,197	\$ 18,756,498
Taxes	-	-		52,241	154,515
Accounts	-	-		-	10,450
Intergovernmental	-	-		28,313	571,327
Loans Assets held for resale	-	-		-	414,274
Assets neid for resale	 	 			
Total assets	\$ 827,734	\$ 4,449,393	\$	10,862,751	\$ 19,907,064
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 434,263	\$ 131,100	\$	633,593	\$ 893,484
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable		-		-	70,754
Contracts payable	-	-		-	-
Public safety access point note payable	 -	 			
Total liabilities	 434,263	 131,100		633,593	 964,238
Deferred inflows of resources - property taxes	 -	 -		52,241	 154,515
Fund Balances: Non-spendable					
Long-term loans receivable	-	-		-	374,305
Restricted	-	975,000		5,263,033	11,662,495
Committed	393,471	2,253,433		2,646,904	3,529,089
Assigned	 -	 1,089,860		2,266,980	 3,222,422
Total fund balances	 393,471	 4,318,293		10,176,917	 18,788,311
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 827,734	\$ 4,449,393	\$	10,862,751	\$ 19,907,064

	Special Revenue															
		Motor Vehicle Highway		ocal Road nd Street		Park and Recreation		Park and Recreation Gift		Public Safety		Rainy Day	- 1	ainy Day Public Safety	Inve	ce Drug stigation sistance
Revenues:	-															
Taxes:																
Property	\$	315,069	\$	-	\$	1,813,008	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits								-		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental		2,720,318		451,791		131,001				2,286,575		-		-		2,158
Charges for services		7,204		-		590,855		15,842		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeits		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-				-		-		-		-		-
Sale and use of property		-		-		68,097				-		-		-		-
Gifts and donations				-		-		52,700				-		-		
Other		5,971						77		19,366						3,192
Total Revenues		3,048,562		451,791		2,602,961		68,619		2,305,941		-				5,350
Expenditures:																
Current:																
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-		2,154,360		-		-		13,452
Highways and streets		2,999,969		499,828		-		-		-		-		-		-
Sanitation		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		3,052,479		85,982		-		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Debt Service:																
Principal		_		_		_		_		_		_		-		_
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		_		_		325		_		-		_
Capital Outlay:																
General government		_		_		_		_		_		38,267		-		-
Public safety		_		_		_		_		_		-		-		-
Highways and streets		_		-		-		_		_		-		_		_
Infrastructure		_		_		_		_		_		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		_		-		-		_		_		-		_		_
Community development		_		_		_		_		_		_		-		-
							_								-	
Total Expenditures		2,999,969		499,828		3,052,479		85,982		2,154,685		38,267		-		13,452
Excess (deficiency) of revenues																
Over (under) expenditures		48,593		(48,037)		(449,518)		(17,363)		151,256		(38,267)		-		(8,102)
Other financing sources (uses):																
Bond proceeds																
Transfers in		-		_		_		_		_		-		_		-
Transfers out		-				-				(332,195)				-		-
Total other financing sources and uses		_		_				_		(332,195)		_				
-																
Net change in fund balances		48,593		(48,037)		(449,518)		(17,363)		(180,939)		(38,267)		-		(8,102)
Fund Balance - January 1		1,523,049		287,883		954,887		74,800		2,885,950		917,933		2,519		8,102
Fund Balances - December 31	\$	1,571,642	\$	239,846	\$	505,369	\$	57,437	\$	2,705,011	\$	879,666	\$	2,519	\$	-

				Special Revenue			
	Off-Street Parking	Sidewalk and Curb Repair	Industrial Development	Trash Collection	Mishawaka Gift	Law Enforcement Continuing Education	Bicentennial Gift
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	5,773	-	-	-	-	19,860	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	0.440.400	-	40.400	-
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	2,118,402	-	42,192 7,520	-
Interest	-	-	-	•	-	7,520	2
Sale and use of property	-	-	-	•	-		2
Gifts and donations					114,025		
Other		18,714			-		
Ottlei		10,714					
Total Revenues	5,773	18,714		2,118,402	114,025	69,572	2
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	2,587	-	-	-	-	50,926	-
Highways and streets	1,729	-	-	0.405.400	-	•	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	2,135,122	-	•	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	85,345	•	-
Community development	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
Debt Service: Principal							
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
	-	-		•	-	•	•
Capital Outlay: General government							
Public safety	•	•	-	•	•	•	•
Highways and streets	•	•	-	•	•	•	•
Infrastructure	-	-			-		
Culture and recreation	•	•	-	•	•	•	•
Community development							
Community development							
Total Expenditures	4,316			2,135,122	85,345	50,926	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
Over (under) expenditures	1,457	18,714		(16,720)	28,680	18,646	2
(/ -							
Other financing sources (uses):							
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out							
-							
Total other financing sources and uses							<u>-</u> _
Net change in fund balances	1,457	18,714	-	(16,720)	28,680	18,646	2
Fund Balance - January 1	8,654	15,425	58,158	712,209	226,376	101,419	1,327
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 10,111	\$ 34,139	\$ 58,158	\$ 695,489	\$ 255,056	\$ 120,065	\$ 1,329

	Special Revenue													
	Community Development	Property Rehabilitation Revolving	Park Nonreverting Operating	Criminal Assistance Grant	NSP (3) Grant	State Grant	Levy Excess	Totals						
Revenues:														
Taxes:														
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,128,077						
Licenses and permits		-	-		-	-	-	25,633						
Intergovernmental	871,020	-		245,296	-	-	-	6,708,159						
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	1,993	-	146,497	-	-	-	-	2,922,985						
Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,520 2						
Sale and use of property	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	68,097						
Gifts and donations		15,498						182,223						
Other	83,742	10,400						131,062						
Other	00,742							131,002						
Total Revenues	956,755	15,498	146,497	245,296				12,173,758						
Expenditures: Current:														
Public safety														
Public safety				255,299				2,476,624						
Highways and streets		_	_	-	_	_		3,501,526						
Sanitation								2,135,122						
Culture and recreation			48,137					3,271,943						
Community development	863,599	16,604	-	-	-	-	-	880,203						
Debt Service:														
Principal		-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	325						
Capital Outlay:														
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,267						
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Infrastructure	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Culture and recreation	-	-	12,292	-	-	-	-	12,292						
Community development														
Total Expenditures	863,599	16,604	60,429	255,299				12,316,302						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues														
Over (under) expenditures	93,156	(1,106)	86,068	(10,003)		_		(142,544)						
(, -		(1,100)		(10,000)				(,,,,,						
Other financing sources (uses):														
Bond proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	-	-	-						
Transfers out								(332,195)						
Total other financing sources and uses								(332,195)						
Net change in fund balances	93,156	(1,106)	86,068	(10,003)				(474,739)						
					-	-	-							
Fund Balance - January 1	503,161	188,229	463,460	28,533	52,706	70,147	1,206	9,086,133						
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 596,317	\$ 187,123	\$ 549,528	\$ 18,530	\$ 52,706	\$ 70,147	\$ 1,206	\$ 8,611,394						

			Debt	Service	
	Buil Corpo	awaka Iding oration Service	TIF B	olidated ond and erest	Totals
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Licenses and permits		-		-	-
Intergovernmental		-		-	-
Charges for services		-		-	-
Fines and forfeits		-		-	-
Interest		-		-	-
Sale and use of property		-		-	-
Gifts and donations		-		-	-
Other		-		-	-
Total Revenues		-			_
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public safety					
Public safety		_		_	_
Highways and streets					
Sanitation					
Culture and recreation		_		_	_
Community development					
Debt Service:					
Principal		266,668		25,000	291,668
Interest and fiscal charges		65,527		2,556	68,083
Capital Outlay:		00,027		2,000	-
General government					
Public safety					
Highways and streets					
Infrastructure					
Culture and recreation		_		_	_
Community development					
community development					
Total Expenditures		332,195		27,556	 359,751
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
Over (under) expenditures		(332,195)		(27,556)	(359,751)
Over (under) experialities		(552, 155)		(27,550)	 (555,751)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Bond proceeds					
Transfers in		332,195		27,556	359,751
Transfers out		-		27,000	000,701
Transiers out					
Total other financing sources and uses		332,195		27,556	 359,751
Net change in fund balances		-		-	-
Fund Balance - January 1					
Fund Balances - December 31	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

			(Capital Projects				
	Cumulative Building and Fire Fighting Equipment	Cumulat Capita Improven	ive I	Cumulative Sewer	Mo	Major ves ruction	(mulative Capital elopment
Revenues:								
Taxes:		•			•			075 004
Property	\$ 30,526	\$	- \$		\$	-	\$	275,821
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	2,205	10	1,197	103,211 27,256		-		19,930
Charges for services	2,205	12	1,197	21,236		96,752		24,493
Fines and forfeits			-	-		90,732		24,493
Interest						2,405		
Sale and use of property						2,400		
Gifts and donations			_					_
Other			_	20,227				3,198
Total Revenues	32,731		1,197	527,904		99,157		323,442
Total Revenues	32,/31	12	1,197	527,904		99,157		323,442
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety			_					15,423
Public safety			_	46,259				-
Highways and streets			_	.0,200				_
Sanitation			-			-		-
Culture and recreation			-			-		-
Community development	-		-	-		-		-
Debt Service:								
Principal	-		-	-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-	-		-		-
Capital Outlay:								
General government	-		-	-		-		307,143
Public safety	14,658		-	173,763		-		-
Highways and streets	-		-	-		399,609		-
Infrastructure	-		-	-		-		-
Culture and recreation	-		-	-		-		-
Community development			<u> </u>	-		-		-
Total Expenditures	14,658			220,022		399,609		322,566
Evene (deficiency) of revenues								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues Over (under) expenditures	18,073	10	1,197	307,882		(300,452)		876
Over (under) experialities	10,073		1,197	307,002		(300,432)		676
Other financing sources (uses):								
Bond proceeds	-		-	-		-		-
Transfers in	-		-	-		-		-
Transfers out			<u> </u>	-		-		-
Total other financing sources and uses								
Net change in fund balances	18,073	12	1,197	307,882		(300,452)		876
Fund Balance - January 1	27,369	1,37	5,706	1,855,476	1	,769,360		289,666
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 45,442	\$ 1,49	6,903 \$	2,163,358	\$ 1	,468,908	\$	290,542

		Capital Projects		
	TIF Consolidated Capital	CEDIT	Totals	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 683,557	\$ 2,811,634
Licenses and permits	-	-	103,211	128,844
Intergovernmental	-	3,364,145	3,534,733	10,242,892
Charges for services	-	6,050	127,295	3,050,280
Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	7,520
Interest	-	-	2,405	2,407
Sale and use of property	-	-	-	68,097
Gifts and donations	-	-	-	182,223
Other			23,425	154,487
Total Revenues		3,370,195	4,474,626	16,648,384
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public safety		18,885	34,308	34,308
Public safety		-	46,259	2,522,883
Highways and streets		1,754,544	1,754,544	5,256,070
Sanitation				2,135,122
Culture and recreation				3,271,943
Community development				880,203
Debt Service:				000,200
Principal		73.695	73,695	365,363
Interest and fiscal charges		45,367	45,367	113,775
Capital Outlay:		40,007	40,007	110,770
General government		1,673,280	1,980,423	2,018,690
Public safety		1,513,854	1,702,275	1,702,275
Highways and streets	-	545,186	944,795	944,795
Infrastructure		343,100	944,793	544,755
Culture and recreation	434,263	417,412	851,675	863,967
Community development	172,266	417,412	172,266	172,266
Community development	172,200		172,200	172,200
Total Expenditures	606,529	6,042,223	7,605,607	20,281,660
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Over (under) expenditures	(606,529)	(2,672,028)	(3,130,981)	(3,633,276)
Over (under) experialitares	(000,329)	(2,072,020)	(3,130,961)	(3,033,270)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond proceeds	1,000,000	1,513,782	2,513,782	2,513,782
Transfers in	-	-	-	359,751
Transfers out				(332,195)
Total other financing sources and uses	1,000,000	1,513,782	2,513,782	2,541,338
, and the second				
Net change in fund balances	393,471	(1,158,246)	(617,199)	(1,091,938)
Fund Balance - January 1		5,476,539	10,794,116	19,880,249
Fund Balances - December 31	\$ 393,471	\$ 4,318,293	\$ 10,176,917	\$ 18,788,311

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - MOTOR VEHICLE HIGHWAY

	Budgeted Amounts							ariance Ith Final Budget	
		Budgeted Original	Amou	ints Final		Basis Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
Revenue:		Original		rmai		Amounts	(iveyalive)		
Taxes:									
Property	\$	273,000	\$	273,000	\$	315,069	\$	42,069	
Intergovernmental		2,477,098		2,477,098		2,692,665		215,567	
Charges for services		6,840		6,840		-		(6,840)	
Reimbursement		5,800		5,800		7,204		1,404	
Miscellaneous		-		<u>-</u>		5,971		5,971	
Total revenues		2,762,738		2,762,738		3,020,909		258,171	
Expenditures: Current:									
Highways and streets:		0.070.000		0.074.054		0.050.540		440 444	
Personal services Supplies		2,370,660 405,500		2,371,954 447,906		2,252,543 267,090		119,411 180,816	
Other services and charges		554,600		576,115		486,356		89,759	
Other financing uses		-		-		-00,000		-	
Capital outlay				50,547		46,390		4,157	
Total highways and streets		3,330,760		3,446,522		3,052,379		394,143	
Total expenditures		3,330,760		3,446,522		3,052,379		394,143	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(568,022)		(683,784)		(31,470)		652,314	
Net change in fund balances		(568,022)		(683,784)		(31,470)		652,314	
Fund balances - beginning		1,047,150		1,047,150		1,047,150			
Fund balances - ending	\$	479,128	\$	363,366	\$	1,015,680	\$	652,314	
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals To adjust expenditures for encumbrances					\$	(31,470) 27,653 (1,437) 53,848			
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis					\$	48,594			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - LOCAL ROAD AND STREET

	 Budgeted Original	l Amour	nts Final	В	Actual udgetary Basis mounts	W E P	ariance ith Final Budget ositive egative)
Revenue:							
Intergovernmental Reimbursement	\$ 430,301	\$	430,301	\$ 	452,285 -	\$	21,984 -
Total revenues	 430,301		430,301		452,285		21,984
Expenditures: Current: Highways and streets:							
Capital outlay	 500,000		500,000		500,000		
Total highways and streets	 500,000		500,000		500,000		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	 500,000		500,000		500,000		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (69,699)		(69,699)		(47,715)		21,984
Net change in fund balances	(69,699)		(69,699)		(47,715)		21,984
Fund balances - beginning	 240,423	-	240,423	-	240,423		-
Fund balances - ending	\$ 170,724	\$	170,724	\$	192,708	\$	21,984
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals				\$	(47,715) (494) 172		
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis				\$	(48,037)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PARK AND RECREATION

					E	Actual Budgetary	٧	/ariance /ith Final Budget	
		Budgeted	Amou			Basis	Positive		
Davience		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenue: Taxes:									
Property	\$	2,127,942	\$	2,127,942	\$	1,813,008	\$	(314,934)	
Intergovernmental	φ	90,613	φ	90,613	Φ	131,001	Φ	40,388	
Charges for services		575,000		575,000		436,138		(138,862)	
Sale and use of property		373,000		373,000		216,686		216,686	
Reimbursement		_		_		4,241		4,241	
Miscellaneous		_		_		1,649		1,649	
Wiscendificous						1,043	-	1,043	
Total revenues		2,793,555		2,793,555		2,602,723		(190,832)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Culture and recreation:									
Personal services		2,260,374		2,178,513		2,130,683		47,830	
Supplies		329,200		314,393		270,644		43,749	
Other services and charges		669,400		807,471		720,128		87,343	
Other financing uses				<u>-</u>		4,620		(4,620)	
Total expenditures		3,258,974		3,300,377		3,126,075		174,302	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(465,419)		(506,822)		(523,352)		(16,530)	
Net change in fund balances		(465,419)		(506,822)		(523,352)		(16,530)	
Fund balances - beginning		1,005,768		1,005,768		1,005,768		<u>-</u>	
Fund balances - ending	\$	540,349	\$	498,946	\$	482,416	\$	(16,530)	
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals To adjust expenditures for encumbrances					\$	(523,352) 237 50,808 22,789			
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis					\$	(449,518)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PUBLIC SAFETY

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenue:								
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,288,307 10,000	\$	288,307 10,000	
Total revenues	 2,000,000		2,000,000		2,298,307		298,307	
Expenditures: Current: Public safety:								
Supplies	70,000		70,000		69,469		531	
Other services and charges	1,854,507		1,814,507		1,516,509		297,998	
Capital outlay	 1,222,306		1,893,528		1,036,673		856,855	
Total public safety	 3,146,813		3,778,035		2,622,651		1,155,384	
Total expenditures	 3,146,813		3,778,035		2,622,651		1,155,384	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,146,813)		(1,778,035)		(324,344)		1,453,691	
Net change in fund balances	(1,146,813)		(1,778,035)		(324,344)		1,453,691	
Fund balances - beginning	 2,743,089		2,743,089		2,743,089			
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,596,276	\$	965,054	\$	2,418,745	\$	1,453,691	
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals				\$	(324,344) 8,243 135,162			
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis				\$	(180,939)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - RAINY DAY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budgeted	d Amour	nts	В	Actual udgetary Basis	Wit B	riance h Final udget ositive
	Original		Final	A	Amounts		gative)
Expenditures: Current: Public safety: Capital outlay	\$ 	\$	38,267	\$	38,267	\$	-
Total public safety	 		38,267		38,267		
Total expenditures	 		38,267		38,267		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 		(38,267)		(38,267)		
Net change in fund balances	-		(38,267)		(38,267)		-
Fund balances - beginning	 917,933		917,933		917,933		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 917,933	\$	879,666	\$	879,666	\$	
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals				\$	(38,267) - -		

(38,267)

To adjust expenditures for encumbrances

Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - RAINY DAY PUBLIC SAFETY

		Budgete	ed Amounts		Bud	ctual getary asis	Variance With Final Budget Positive		
	Or	ginal	F	inal	Am	ounts	(Ne	gative)	
Fund balances - beginning	_\$	-	\$		\$		\$		
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - LAW ENFORCEMENT CONTINUING EDUCATION

		Budgeted Original	Amoun	ıts Final	В	Actual udgetary Basis umounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenue: Licenses and permits	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	19,860	\$	4,860	
Charges for services	*	17,500	•	17,500	*	40,743	•	23,243	
Fines and forfeits		5,000		5,000		7,520		2,520	
Reimbursement		-		-		1,449		1,449	
Total revenues		37,500		37,500		69,572		32,072	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public safety:									
Supplies		20,000		21,250		19,040		2,210	
Other services and charges		20,000		21,449		21,449		-	
Capital outlay		10,000		10,401		10,401			
Total public safety		50,000		53,100		50,890		2,210	
Total expenditures		50,000		53,100		50,890		2,210	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(12,500)		(15,600)		18,682		34,282	
Net change in fund balances		(12,500)		(15,600)		18,682		34,282	
Fund balances - beginning		99,769		99,769		99,769		<u> </u>	
Fund balances - ending	\$	87,269	\$	84,169	\$	118,451	\$	34,282	
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust expenditures for accruals					\$	18,682 (36)			
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis					\$	18,646			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PARK NONREVERTING OPERATING

				В	Actual udgetary	W	ariance ith Final Budget
	 Budgeted Original	l Amour	nts Final	,	Basis Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Revenue: Charges for services	\$ 91,250	\$	91,250	\$	92,714	\$	1,464
Sale and use of property	 58,750		58,750		53,698		(5,052)
Total revenues	 150,000		150,000		146,412		(3,588)
Expenditures: Current: Culture and recreation:							
Other financing uses	-		-		548		(548)
Capital outlay	 166,000		166,000		59,881		106,119
Total expenditures	 166,000		166,000		60,429		105,571
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (16,000)		(16,000)		85,983		101,983
Net change in fund balances	(16,000)		(16,000)		85,983		101,983
Fund balances - beginning	 463,420		463,420		463,420		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 447,420	\$	447,420	\$	549,403	\$	101,983
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals To adjust expenditures for encumbrances				\$	85,983 85 - -		
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis				\$	86,068		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - CUMULATIVE BUILDING AND FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT

Revenue:	C	Budgeted Priginal	I Amoun	ts Final	Bu E	Actual dgetary Basis nounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Taxes:								
Property	\$	17,031	\$	17,031	\$	30,526	\$	13,495
Intergovernmental	-	1,085	-	1,085		2,205		1,120
Total revenues		18,116		18,116		32,731		14,615
Expenditures: Public safety:								
Capital outlay		15,000		19,999		10,033		9,966
Total expenditures		15,000		19,999		10,033		9,966
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		3,116		(1,883)		22,698	-	24,581
To adjust expenditures for encumbrances		3,116		(1,883)		22,698		24,581
Fund balances - beginning		26,845		26,845		26,845		
Fund balances - ending	\$	29,961	\$	24,962	\$	49,543	\$	24,581
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals					\$	22,698 3,385 (8,010)		
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis					\$	18,073		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - CUMULATIVE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT

	 Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts	W I F	ariance lith Final Budget Positive legative)
Revenue: Intergovernmental	\$ 124,490	\$	124,490	\$ 121,197	\$	(3,293)
Total revenues	 124,490		124,490	121,197		(3,293)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 124,490		124,490	 121,197		(3,293)
To adjust expenditures for encumbrances	124,490		124,490	 121,197		(3,293)
Fund balances - beginning	1,375,706		1,375,706	 1,375,706		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,500,196	\$	1,500,196	\$ 1,496,903	\$	(3,293)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - CUMULATIVE SEWER

		Budgeted Original	I Amou	nts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenue: Taxes:								
Property	\$	249,883	\$	249,883	\$	377,210	\$	127,327
Licenses and permits	*	-	*	-	•	103,211	*	103,211
Intergovernmental		18,156		18,156		27,256		9,100
Reimbursement						20,228		20,228
Total revenues		268,039		268,039		527,905		259,866
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay:								
Public safety:								
Other services and charges		250,000		253,700		16,811		236,889
Other financing uses Capital outlay		250,000		- 258,538		182 220,945		(182) 37,593
Capital outlay	-	250,000		230,330		220,545		07,000
Total expenditures		500,000		512,238		237,938		274,300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(231,961)		(244,199)		289,967		534,166
To adjust expenditures for encumbrances		(231,961)		(244,199)		289,967		534,166
Fund balances - beginning		1,889,878		1,889,878		1,889,878		<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,657,917	\$	1,645,679	\$	2,179,845	\$	534,166
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals To adjust expenditures for encumbrances					\$	289,967 - (27,808) 45,723		
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis					\$	307,882		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - CUMULATIVE CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT

		Development				Actual udgetary	W	ariance ith Final Budget
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Basis Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
Revenue: Taxes:								
Property Intergovernmental Reimbursement	\$	304,343 11,156 -	\$	304,343 11,156 -	\$	275,821 19,930 -	\$	(28,522) 8,774 -
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>		-		3,198		3,198
Total revenues		315,499		315,499		298,949		(16,550)
Expenditures: Capital outlay: General government:								
Capital outlay		225,000		365,259		318,393		46,866
Total expenditures		225,000		365,259		318,393		46,866
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		90,499		(49,760)		(19,444)		30,316
To adjust expenditures for encumbrances		90,499		(49,760)		(19,444)		30,316
Fund balances - beginning		208,614		208,614		208,614		<u> </u>
Fund balances - ending	\$	299,113	\$	158,854	\$	189,170	\$	30,316
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals					\$	(19,444) 24,493 (4,173)		
Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis					\$	876		

CITY OF MISHAWAKA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS - CEDIT

	 Budgeted Original	l Amou	unts Final	Actual Budgetary Basis Amounts		Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenue:	 <u> </u>			5 01110			
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,800,000	\$	2,800,000	\$	3,125,770	\$	325,770
Reimbursement	 -				5,437		5,437
Total revenues	 2,800,000		2,800,000		3,131,207		331,207
Expenditures:							
Capital outlay:							
General government:							
Supplies	1,060,000		760,000		463,241		296,759
Other services and charges	1,270,000		1,410,789		1,328,369		82,420
Capital outlay	121,000		394,476		129,405		265,071
Highways and streets:	. ==						(004 400)
Capital outlay	1,551,166		2,698,154		3,079,622		(381,468)
Culture and recreation:	400,000		750 55C		417 404		226.070
Capital outlay	 402,000		753,556		417,484	-	336,072
Total expenditures	 4,404,166		6,016,975		5,418,121		598,854
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,604,166)		(3,216,975)		(2,286,914)		930,061
To adjust expenditures for encumbrances	(1,604,166)		(3,216,975)		(2,286,914)		930,061
Fund balances - beginning	 4,630,908		4,630,908		4,630,908		
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,026,742	\$	1,413,933	\$	2,343,994	\$	930,061
Budget/GAAP Reconciliation: Net change in fund balance, budget basis To adjust revenues for accruals To adjust expenditures for accruals To adjust expenditrues for encumbrances Net change in fund balance, GAAP basis				\$	(2,286,914) - 38,807 1,089,860 (1,158,247)		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds

1925 Police Pension - To account for the provision of retirement and disability benefits to

police officers hired prior to May 1, 1977. Financing is provided by

state pension relief distributions.

1937 Firefighters' Pension - To account for the provision of retirement and disability benefits to

firefighters hired prior to May 1, 1977. Financing is provided by state

pension relief distributions.

Utility Pension - To account for the provision of retirement benefits to utilities'

employees. Financing is provided by contributions from each utility.

Agency Funds

Redevelopment Revolving - To account for administrative and operating expenditures of the Re-

development Department. Financing is provided by transfers from

other funds administered by this department.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS December 31, 2015

<u>Assets</u>		1925 Police Pension		1937 refighters' Pension		Utility Pension		Totals
Contributions:	•	744 000	•	000 007	Φ.	00.007	•	4.750.444
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	741,320	\$	980,987	\$	30,807	\$	1,753,114
Interest and dividends Investments at fair value:		-		-		59,629		59,629
Municipal bonds		-		-		1,219,751		1,219,751
Mutual funds						16,121,329		16,121,329
Total investments						17,341,080		17,341,080
Total assets	\$	741,320	\$	980,987	\$	17,431,516	\$	19,153,823
Net Position								
Held in trust for employees' pension benefits	\$	741,320	\$	980,987	\$	17,431,516	\$	19,153,823

CITY OF MISHAWAKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	1925 Police Pension	1937 Firefighters' Pension	Utility Pension	Totals
Additions:				
Contributions: On behalf contributions Employer	\$ 1,367,012 -	\$ 2,244,138	\$ - 1,025,201	\$ 3,611,150 1,025,201
Total contributions	1,367,012	2,244,138	1,025,201	4,636,351
Investment income (loss): Net loss in fair value of investments Interest and dividends Total investment income (loss) Less investment expenses: Investment activity expense Net investment income (loss) Total additions	-	-	(991,345) 817,390 (173,955) (44,427) (218,382)	(991,345) 817,390 (173,955) (44,427) (218,382)
	1,367,012	2,244,138	806,819	4,417,969
Deductions: Benefits Administrative expense	1,413,303	2,266,228	1,021,023 14,007	4,700,554 14,007
Total deductions	1,413,303	2,266,228	1,035,030	4,714,561
Changes in net position	(46,291)	(22,090)	(228,211)	(296,592)
Net position - beginning	787,611	1,003,077	17,659,727	19,450,415
Net position - ending	\$ 741,320	\$ 980,987	\$ 17,431,516	\$ 19,153,823

CITY OF MISHAWAKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS -AGENCY FUNDS December 31, 2015

	Redevelopment Revolving			
<u>Assets</u>				
Contributions: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ -			
Total assets	\$ -			
Liabilities				
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and withholdings payable	 :			
Total liabilities	\$ -			

CITY OF MISHAWAKA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS

	elopment olving
Additions:	
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1, 2015 Additions Deductions	\$ 20,008 (20,008)
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31, 2015	
Accounts Receivable - January 1, 2015 Additions Deductions	 3,195 - (3,195)
Accounts receivable - December 31, 2015	
Total assets December 31, 2015	\$
Liabilities	
Accounts payable, January 1, 2015 Additions Deletions	 1,558 - (1,558)
Accounts payable, December 31, 2015	
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable, January 1, 2015 Additions Deletions	 1,637 - (1,637)
Accrued payroll and withholdings payable, December 31, 2015	
Total liabilities December 31, 2015	\$

STATISTICAL SECTION

(Not Covered by Auditor's Opinion)

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Mishawaka's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends	<u>Page(s)</u>
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Net Position by Component	133
Changes in Net Position	134-135
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	136
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	137
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	138
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	139
Principal Property Tax Payers	140
Property Tax Levies and Collections	141
Debt Capacity	
These Schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	142
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	143
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	144
Legal Debt Margin	145
General Obligation and TIF Bond Coverage	146
Revenue Bond Coverage	147

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Demographic and Economic Statistics	148
Largest Employers	149
	150-152
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs	
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	153
Operating Indicators by Function	154
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	155

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		2009		2008		<u>2007</u>		<u>2006</u>
Governmental activities																	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 214,446,601	\$ 194,804,771	\$ 170,374,606	\$	151,073,920	\$	134,670,237	\$	136,795,681	\$	116,947,337	\$	97,252,778	\$	69,230,461	\$	55,596,506
Restricted		-	1,221,499		2,790,264		2,839,701		2,692,556								993,490
Unrestricted	(35,890,062)	(19,347,462)	23,387,859		36,011,745		47,612,406		34,769,529		44,630,003		31,666,692		33,539,008		25,069,658
Total governmental activities net position assets	\$ 178,556,539	\$ 175,457,309	\$ 194,983,964	\$	189,875,929	\$	185,122,344	\$	174,257,766	\$	161,577,340	\$	128,919,470	\$	102,769,469	\$	81,659,654
Business-type activities																	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 118,062,724	\$ 106,696,476	\$ 103,839,134	\$	97,739,643	\$	93,926,064	\$	66,090,580	\$	85,021,905	\$	81,573,161	\$	76,739,094	\$	53,687,905
Restricted	9,445,036	10,327,308	9,658,225		8,641,187		6,957,189		7,378,580		5,340,800		8,301,530		7,785,873		6,886,627
Unrestricted	16,897,851	19,337,654	15,343,428	_	23,573,751	_	23,538,726	_	47,432,882		21,755,544		16,551,499		20,939,948		29,319,393
Total business-type activities net position assets	\$ 144,405,611	\$ 136,361,438	\$ 128,840,787	\$	129,954,581	\$	124,421,979	\$	120,902,042	\$	112,118,249	\$	106,426,190	\$	105,464,915	\$	89,893,925
Primary government																	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 332,509,325	\$ 301.501.247	\$ 274.213.740	\$	248.813.563	\$	228.596.301	\$	202.886.261	\$	201.969.242	\$	178.825.939	\$	145.969.555	\$	109.084.411
Restricted	9,445,036	10,327,308	10,879,724	*	11,431,451	*	9,796,890	•	10.071.136	*	5,340,800	*	8,301,530	*	7,785,873	-	7,880,117
Unrestricted	(18,992,211)	(9,808)	38,731,287		59,585,496		71,151,132		82,202,411		66,385,547		48,218,191		54,478,956		54,389,051
Total primary government net position assets	\$ 322,962,150	\$ 311,818,747	\$ 323,824,751	\$	319,830,510	\$	309,544,323	\$	295,159,808	\$	273,695,589	\$	235,345,660	\$	208,234,384	\$	171,353,579
				_				_									

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		<u>2015</u>		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
Expenses																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	7,740,465	\$	4,908,617	\$	7,923,349	\$	7,938,056	\$	7,967,985	\$	7,509,133	\$	5,675,449	\$	5,362,211	\$	4,008,462	\$	5,220,058
Public safety		28,561,331		37,994,494		34,037,887		31,059,510		29,631,615		29,219,741		25,470,868		22,188,373		17,750,725		25,344,096
Highways and streets		7,522,968		7,023,549		5,183,288		10,110,135		6,927,174		1,816,872		5,948,204		3,959,300		7,631,344		4,954,958
Sanitation		2,152,972		2,147,191		2,139,429		1,953,950		1,954,482		1,958,050		1,970,859		4,500		15,000		4,876
Community development		1,692,140		1,156,760		2,557,050		7,624,016		2,191,347		1,936,054		862,581		2,723,191		2,337,991		997,139
		6,862,161		4,874,620		7,595,105		5,354,168		6,062,941		4,939,870		4,084,573		4,786,048		3,352,339		3,452,283
Interest on long-term debt		47,206		227,457		272,089		476,838		627,328		862,291		1,087,319		1,274,966		873,678		669,642
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	54,579,243	\$	58,332,688	\$	59,708,197	\$	64,516,673	\$	55,362,872	\$	48,242,011	\$	45,099,853	\$	40,298,589	\$	35,969,539	\$	40,643,052
Business type activities:																				
Water utility	\$	6,899,397	\$	7,127,380	\$	6,739,598	\$	7,037,417	\$	6,699,816	\$	6,779,663	\$	6,933,322	\$	6,884,829	\$	6,617,469	\$	6,794,418
Wastwater utility		14,450,623		12,929,617		12,700,064		11,979,193		11,541,256		11,507,526		11,566,254		11,954,930		6,377,448		5,547,712
Electric utility		54,766,652		51,973,278		51,292,510		49,374,050		49,813,781		49,900,996		43,830,644		44,275,026		42,999,782		35,934,114
Total business-type activities expenses		76,116,672		72,030,275		70,732,172		68,390,660		68,054,853		68,188,185		62,330,220		63,114,785		55,994,699		48,276,244
Total primary government expenses	\$	130,695,915	\$	130,362,963	\$	130,440,369	\$	132,907,333	\$	123,417,725	\$	116,430,196	\$	107,430,073	\$	103,413,374	\$	91,964,238	\$	88,919,296
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	600.500	\$	498,152	\$	453,798	\$	1.034.816	\$	498.317	\$	645,300	\$	714.830	\$	1.049.593	\$	973,326	\$	892.455
Public safety	•	2,166,516		1.900.714	•	2.017.747	•	1,577,596	•	1,702,518	•	817,492	•	600,824	•	643,933	•	896,332	•	657.308
Highways and streets		1,912,715		1,678,388		1.055,235		1,515,476		132,033		118.354		114,428		28,347		44,617		27,462
Sanitation		2,118,402		,,		2,227,489		2,068,575		2,074,781		2,084,642		2,102,200				*-		, -
Community development		462,944				672.904		184,775		586,681		150.539		260.098		535,101		794.695		624.524
Culture and recreation		837,169		863.644		964.913		1,059,334		938,755		1,093,526		995,386		1,023,173		1,033,864		915.956
Interest on long-term debt		,		,		,		.,,		,		.,,		,		.,,		.,,		,
Operating grants and contributions		1.134.528		1.015.318		3.581.151		3.256.325		4.411.769		4,490,139		3.283.506		1.191.352		2.400.968		1.257.136
Capital grants and contributions		5,370,541		10,046,066		5,977,949		5,887,808		5,834,032		6,851,310		4,358,580		4,745,714		4,944,558		10,410,884
Total governmental activities revenue	\$	14,603,315	\$	16,002,282	\$	16,951,186	\$	16,584,705	\$	16,178,886	\$	16,251,302	\$	12,429,852	\$	9,217,213	\$	11,088,360	\$	14,785,725
Business type activities:	<u> </u>	,,		,	<u> </u>	,,		,,	_	,,	_	,,		,,	_	0,2,2.0	<u> </u>	,000,000	_	,
Charges for services:																				
Water utility	\$	8,700,570	\$	8,805,927	\$	8,651,326	\$	8,476,779	\$	7,721,105	\$	7,881,467	\$	7,574,977	\$	8,037,964	\$	8,356,853	\$	7,804,735
Wastwater utility	Ψ.	12.583.375	•	12.705.864	Ψ.	12,969,399	Ψ.	12.967.156	Ψ.	13.047.673	Ψ	11,163,904	Ψ.	9.333.576	Ψ	9.422.150	Ψ	9.576.399	Ψ	8.284.304
Electric utility		57,128,645		59,115,853		46,561,227		51,249,386		50,153,710		50.363.745		46.262.804		43,278,603		47.457.258		37.573.938
Capital grants and contributions		57,120,040		33,113,000		40,001,227		87,495		167,104		6,652,868		5,113,577		3,250,069		3.044.903		1,656,673
Total business-type activities revenue		78.412.590		80.627.644		68,181,952		72.780.816		71.089.592		76.061.984		68,284,934		63.988.786		68.435.413		55.319.650
Total primary government revenue		93,015,905		96,629,926		85,133,138		89,365,521		87,268,478		92,313,286		80.714.786		73,205,999		79,523,773		70,105,375
Net (Expenses) Revenues		33,013,303		30,023,320		03,133,130		03,303,321		07,200,470		32,313,200		00,714,700		73,203,333		19,525,115		70,103,373
Governmental activities:		(39,975,928)		(39,518,418)		(42,757,011)		(47,931,968)		(39,183,986)		(31,990,709)		(32,670,001)		(31,081,376)		(24.881.179)		(25,857,327)
Business-type activities		2,295,918		8,597,369		(2,550,220)		4,390,156		3,034,739		7,873,799		5,954,714		874,001		12.440.714		7,043,406
Total primary government net expense	\$	(37.680.010)	\$	(30,921,049)	\$	(45.307.231)	\$	(43,541,812)	\$	(36,149,247)	\$	(24.116.910)	\$	(26,715,287)	\$	(30,207,375)	\$	(12,440,714	\$	(18,813,921)
rotal primary government het expense	φ	(37,000,010)	ψ	(50,521,049)	Ψ	(40,007,201)	ψ	(40,041,012)	ψ	(50,149,247)	ψ	(24,110,910)	Ψ	(20,715,207)	Ψ	(50,207,375)	Ψ	(12,440,463)	Ψ	(10,013,921)

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009	2008	<u>2007</u>	2006
General revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities:										
Property Taxes	\$ 39,581,788	\$ 40,733,627	\$ 40,631,587	\$ 43,780,600	\$ 44,782,236	\$ 49,872,423	\$ 40,092,134	\$ 43,572,448	\$ 40,325,388	\$ 34,552,665
Grants and Contributions not restricted										
to specific programs	3,840,427	4,239,318	8,368,776	8,403,833	8,206,595	8,570,832	4,943,387	3,846,190	3,794,657	3,808,209
	170,391	82,644	88,635	119,285	34,289	42,251	13,542	872,964	2,022,465	1,908,162
Other	7,969,990	7,450,590	198,281	6,777,151	354,814	115,993	169,346	267,649	2,345	51,568
Loss on sale of Assets										
Special Items: Litigation Settlement								8,154,390		
Transfers	 (3,236,872)	 (1,589,246)	 (1,351,199)	(292,598)	(3,578,995)	 (762,454)	 959,856	 517,736	 46,139	 (79,102)
Total governmental activities	 48,325,724	 50,916,933	 47,936,080	58,788,271	49,798,939	 57,839,045	 46,178,265	 57,231,377	 46,190,994	 40,241,502
Business type activities:										
Unrestricted investment earnings	113,383	76,156	85,227	122,082	112,130	15,686	24,935	605,010	1,802,870	1,372,025
Other							672,266			
Special Item: Insurance Settlement				727,766						
Transfers	3,236,872	1,589,246	 1,351,199	 292,598	 3,578,995	762,454	 (959,856)	 (517,736)	 (46,139)	 79,102
Total business-type activities	3,350,255	1,665,402	 1,436,426	 1,142,446	 3,691,125	778,140	 (262,655)	 87,274	 1,756,731	 1,451,127
Total primary government expenses	51,675,979	52,582,335	49,372,506	59,930,717	53,490,064	58,617,185	45,915,610	57,318,651	47,947,725	41,692,629
Change in Net Position (a)										
Governmental activities	8,349,796	11,398,515	5,179,069	10,856,303	10,614,953	25,848,336	13,508,264	26,150,001	21,309,815	14,384,175
Business-type activities	5,646,173	10,262,771	 (1,113,794)	5,532,602	6,725,864	8,651,939	5,692,059	961,275	14,197,445	8,494,533
Total primary government	\$ 13,995,969	\$ 21,661,286	\$ 4,065,275	\$ 16,388,905	\$ 17,340,817	\$ 34,500,275	\$ 19,200,323	\$ 27,111,276	\$ 35,507,260	\$ 22,878,708

⁽a) Excludes adjustments to net position.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		<u>2010</u>		2009		2008		2007		2006
General Fund Assigned Unassigned	\$	229,605 3,538,777	\$	194,874 1,858,348	\$	16,864 4,540,640	\$	39,099 7,898,202	\$	17,917 6,113,323		\$5,554,114	\$	77,221 6,218,193	\$	59,968 5,256,482	\$	60,901 1,191,764	\$	407,757 2,560,240
Total general fund	\$	3,768,382	\$	2,053,222	\$	4,557,504	\$	7,937,301	\$	6,131,240	\$	5,554,114	\$	6,295,414	\$	5,316,450	\$	1,252,665	\$	2,967,997
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable	¢	10.318.142	¢	10.856.307	•	11.644.722	\$	12.274.727	2	12.657.121	¢	21.323.691	¢	14,182,700	©	16,411,776	\$	16,639,539	2	15,647,856
Nonspendable	Ψ	19,838,399	Ψ	10,702,336	Ψ	12,557,217	Ψ	17,258,721	Ψ	17,555,195	Ψ	21,020,001	Ψ	14,102,700	Ψ	10,411,770	Ψ	10,000,000	Ψ	15,047,050
Committed		3,529,089		4,789,619		6,533,427		6,353,315		6,673,086		36,269,879		35,662,925		40,459,220		51,543,352		35,317,342
Assigned		4,050,156		21,328,990		20,394,326		22,641,653		25,122,449										
Total all other governmental funds	\$	37,735,786	\$	47,677,252	\$	51,129,692	\$	58,528,416	\$	62,007,851	\$	57,593,570	\$	49,845,625	\$	56,870,996	\$	68,182,891	\$	50,965,198

Note: Changes made to report due to GASB Statement No.54

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Revenues	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009	2008	2007	2006
Taxes	\$ 39,736,954	\$ 40,984,533	\$ 40,783,183	\$ 44,710,664	\$ 45,201,867	\$ 46,375,159	\$ 40,092,134	\$ 47,591,213	\$ 38,337,107	\$ 35,575,614
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	604,233 19,023,079	535,994 18,812,330	493,314 17,927,876	961,751 17,547,966	418,629 18,452,396	372,368 19,912,281	349,680 12,585,473	607,371 9,932,199	543,226 11,083,085	456,108 15,239,090
Charges for services	5,916,673	5,834,479	4,737,841	4,031,031	4,191,957	3,536,355	3,412,746	1,565,526	1,712,906	1,645,234
Fines and forfeits	32,898	49,312	39,767	71,554	55,098	108,165	47,051	48,797	76,695	59,303
Interest Sale and use of property	170,391 68,857	82,648 76,755	88,635 268,698	119,285 431,797	34,289 276,241	42,251 288,654	13,542 243,067	872,964 275,255	2,022,465 120,004	1,908,162 348,167
Gifts and donations	182,223	120,652	105,425	120,735	120,587	181,674	192,726	140,278	118,607	109,615
Other	585,769	506,751	1,945,322	2,251,822	1,225,387	538,630	711,842	910,569	1,173,741	790,441
Total primary government expenses	66,321,077	67,003,454	66,390,061	70,246,605	69,976,451	71,355,537	57,648,261	61,944,172	55,187,836	56,131,734
Expenditures	F F00 000	5,157,086	0.004.400	E 000 010	5.885.077	4.000.110	4 404 007	4 040 400	0.000.707	4.812.775
General government Public safety	5,560,390 28,847,700	30,321,452	6,604,139 29,184,282	5,933,313 26,866,758	27,184,126	4,866,112 24.997.945	4,421,867 19,095,252	4,218,163 19,330,286	3,296,707 20,279,335	18,390,523
Highways and streets	5,556,498	5,154,139	4,881,867	4,987,193	3,290,704	3,705,758	3,516,087	4,513,971	4,747,151	3,291,749
Sanitation	2,152,972	2,147,191	2,139,429	1,953,950	1,954,482	1,958,050	1,970,859	4,500	15,000	4,876
Culture and recreation Community development	3,271,943 1,602,786	3,855,173 1,151,151	3,325,104 2,033,358	3,232,917 991.062	3,146,304 2,204,477	2,799,182 1,575,950	2,811,787 1,017,300	3,340,629 1,202,378	3,223,074 1.828.843	2,970,164 1,204,852
Capital outlay	29,469,056	21,492,779	24,792,933	27,121,314	14,229,063	23,447,858	25,026,579	33,975,819	21,217,470	20,352,125
Debt service										
Principal	365,363	3,561,668	3,706,668	5,018,334	4,909,254	5,749,757	5,710,522	4,521,647	3,456,429	2,606,451
Interest Total Expenditures	113,775 76,940,483	257,894 73,098,533	303,184 76,970,964	446,887 76,551,728	626,002 63,429,489	852,078 69,952,690	1,084,271 64,654,524	1,203,775 72,311,168	607,737 58,671,746	611,817 54,245,332
·										
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,619,406)	(6,095,079)	(10,580,903)	(6,305,123)	6,546,962	1,402,847	(7,006,263)	(10,366,996)	(3,483,910)	1,886,402
Other financing sources(uses):										
Transfers in Transfers out	4,177,079 (4,297,761)	34,133,450 (33,995,093)	6,133,168 (6,330,786)	7,991,149 (7,320,692)	6,613,316 (7,052,244)	7,362,007 (8,124,461)	6,174,587 (5,214,731)	7,281,350 (6,763,614)	3,700,993 (3,654,854)	3,963,940 (4,043,042)
Bond issuance cost	(4,297,701)	(33,333,033)	(0,330,760)	4,000,000	(7,032,244)	(0,124,401)	(3,214,731)	(0,703,014)	(87,079)	(28,619)
Start up contribution for Mishawaka Bond Bank				,,				(6,000,000)		, ,
General obligation bond issuance									17,800,000	1,550,000
Discount on bond issuance Capital lease Issuance									(180,977) 817,499	(5,000)
Interfund revenue bond issuance	2,513,782					1,366,252			017,400	
Loan Issuance- short term								446,760	590,689	499,205
Total other financing sources and uses	2,393,100	138,357	(197,618)	4,670,457	(438,928)	603,798	959,856	(5,035,504)	18,986,271	1,936,484
Special Item: Proceeds from Litigation settlement								8,154,390		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (8,226,306)	\$ (5,956,722)	\$ (10,778,521)	\$ (1,634,666)	\$ 6,108,034	\$ 2,006,645	\$ (6,046,407)	\$ (7,248,110)	\$ 15,502,361	\$ 3,822,886
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital										
expenditures	0.97%	8.21%	<u>7.45%</u>	10.53%	9.89%	14.22%	<u>16.04%</u>	<u>14.37%</u>	11.29%	<u>7.91%</u>

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA TOTAL TAXBALE ASSESSED VALUE AND TOTAL DIRECT TAX RATE

Fiscal Year Ended December 31	 Real Property	Personal/ Utility Property	_	Fotal Taxable Assessed Value	Total rect Tax Rate
2006	\$ 1,232,572,354	\$ 346,777,992	\$	1,579,350,346	\$ 1.3899
2007	1,543,475,510	207,350,000		1,750,825,510	1.3326
2008	1,425,349,832	193,679,400		1,619,029,232	1.5283
2009	1,196,114,072	192,272,950		1,388,387,022	1.6557
2010	1,234,269,393	208,951,270		1,443,220,663	1.6741
2011	1,224,467,208	213,316,380		1,437,783,588	1.7362
2012	1,201,464,113	218,461,822		1,419,925,935	1.8186
2013	1,105,824,915	225,853,784		1,331,678,699	1.9086
2014	1,087,582,926	231,514,888		1,319,097,814	2.0062
2015	1,106,333,427	234,241,826		1,340,235,628	1.8795

Note: Beginning in 2008 the shift from personal to real property was realized after the deleting of the inventory tax in Indiana.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE) (A)

Fiscal			City of Mish	nawaka (Direc	:t)		Overlapping Governments									
Year Ended December 31	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Trust and Agency Funds	Debt Service Fund	Cumulative Funds	Total Direct City Rate	Penn Township	Redevelopment District	Library	School District	St. Joseph County	St Joseph Airport	Transportation	State of Indiana	St Joseph County Welfare	Total
2006	\$0.9843	\$0.2148	\$0.0782	\$0.0463	\$0.0663	\$1.3899	\$0.0318	\$0.0520	\$0.1325	\$1.6726	\$0.5002	\$0.0301	\$0.0856	\$0.0024	\$0.4897	\$4.3868
2007	0.9708	0.1569	0.0723	0.0666	0.0660	1.3326	0.0268	0.0000	0.1276	1.6892	0.4581	0.0277	0.0821	0.0024	0.4130	4.1595
2008	1.1576	0.1202	0.0819	0.1026	0.0660	1.5283	0.0279	0.0000	0.0943	1.6448	0.4989	0.0292	0.0821	0.0024	0.2587	4.1666
2009	1.2201	0.2126	0.0460	0.1110	0.0660	1.6557	0.0397	0.0000	0.1437	1.0735	0.5693	0.0353	0.0821	0.0000	0.0000	3.5993
2010	1.1377	0.3576	0.0000	0.1148	0.0640	1.6741	0.0288	0.0000	0.1583	1.3221	0.5866	0.0342	0.0821	0.0000	0.0000	3.8862
2011	1.2861	0.2648	0.0000	0.1213	0.0640	1.7362	0.0287	0.0000	0.1462	1.3381	0.5424	0.0297	0.0934	0.0000	0.0000	3.9147
2012	1.4381	0.2065	0.0000	0.1103	0.0637	1.8186	0.0309	0.0000	0.1553	1.3030	0.6212	0.0309	0.0999	0.0000	0.0000	4.0598
2013	1.4987	0.2226	0.0000	0.1233	0.0640	1.9086	0.0324	0.0000	0.1616	1.2860	0.6731	0.0330	0.1042	0.0000	0.0000	4.1989
2014	1.5666	0.2966	0.0000	0.0790	0.0640	2.0062	0.0338	0.0000	0.1679	1.2298	0.7058	0.0345	0.1125	0.0000	0.0000	4.2905
2015	1.6216	0.1952	0.0000	0.0000	0.0627	1.8795	0.0311	0.0000	0.1614	1.2472	0.6866	0.0338	0.1100	0.0000	0.0000	4.1496

⁽A) Source: St. Joseph County Auditor Certificate of Tax rates.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

2015

Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Edward Rose of Indiana	Real Estate Developer	\$100,092,840	7.47%	Edward Rose of Indiana	Real Estate Developer	\$71,049,850	4.50%
University Park Mall	Retail	34,319,660	2.56%	Meijer	Retail	34,465,860	2.18%
G and I VII Main Street LLC	Apartments	29,683,900	2.21%	Bayer	Pharmaceutical Preparation	33,701,110	2.13%
Toscana Residential Realty, LLC	Real Estate	27,234,120	2.03%	University Park Associates	Retail	32,631,200	2.07%
Meijer	Retail	21,390,780	1.60%	Wal-Mart Stores	Retail	26,704,600	1.69%
WSBT Inc.	News/Communications	19,260,110	1.44%	Chase Properties	Commercial Real Estate	23,468,900	1.49%
Bayer	Pharmaceutical Preparation	19,175,520	1.43%	Gurley Leep	Automotive Dealership	22,726,650	1.44%
Heritage Square Ventures LLC		18,772,000	1.40%	Main Street Village	Rental Multi-Housing	21,534,720	1.36%
Costco Wholesale Corporation	Laboratory Diagnostics	15,082,570	1.13%	University Commons	Rental Multi-Housing	15,754,900	1.00%
Wal-Mart Stores Inc	Retail	13,789,600	1.03%	Target	Retail	14,908,100	0.94%
Totals		\$298,801,100	22.30%			\$296,945,890	18.80%

Source: St. Joseph County Auditor.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED AND COLLECTED LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended <u>December 31</u>	Total Tax Levy for <u>Fiscal Year</u>	Circuit Breaker Tax <u>Credit</u>	Taxes Levied Net of <u>Circuit Breaker</u>	Current Collection	Percentage of Original <u>Levy</u>	Delinquent Collections	Total <u>Collections</u>	Percentage of Total <u>Collections</u>
2006	\$22,018,614		\$22,018,614	\$20,985,000	95.31%	\$152,869	\$21,137,869	96.00%
2007	23,331,502		23,331,502	19,626,678	84.12%	765,184	20,391,862	87.40%
2008	24,580,481		24,580,481	23,050,500	93.78%	279,877	23,330,377	94.91%
2009	23,019,485	(\$340,519)	22,678,966	20,637,860	89.65%	512,206	21,150,066	93.26%
2010	24,171,640	(1,421,920)	22,749,720	22,546,751	93.28%	299,763	22,846,514	100.43%
2011	24,823,084	(1,656,712)	23,166,372	22,246,157	89.62%	850,723	23,096,880	99.70%
2012	25,375,487	(2,315,975)	23,059,512	22,957,079	90.47%	201,487	23,158,566	100.43%
2013	25,374,431	(3,388,274)	21,986,157	21,150,811	83.35%	439,723	21,590,534	98.20%
2014	26,146,650	(4,204,454)	21,942,196	21,382,573	81.78%	*	21,382,573	97.45%
2015	25,788,626	(4,459,425)	21,329,201	20,479,578	79.41%	*	20,479,578	96.02%

Source: St. Joseph County Auditor.

Note: City of Mishawaka Corporation collections only.

* Information not available.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Activites Business Type Activities Tax Increment General Water Wastewater State Total State Inter-Inter Percentage Fiscal Obligation Revenue Revolving Capital Governmental Revenue Revenue Revolving Capital Governmental Primary of Personal Per Bonds Bonds Leases Bonds Bonds Leases Government Income Capita (1) Year Loan Loan Loan Loan 2006 \$8,478,477 \$6,245,269 \$847,397 \$247,098 \$4,268,184 \$17,047,819 \$55,361,331 \$92,707,994 5.92% \$2,001.39 \$212,419 19,732,422 815,667 2,342.83 2007 10,670,617 558,753 3,981,572 16,208,750 56,212,045 168,967 108,348,793 6.72% 2008 9,708,534 17,204,457 263,000 576,533 3,753,201 15,091,997 55,546,339 68,148 102,212,209 6.10% 2,210.73 2009 13,235,972 89,000 340,011 3,509,832 13,968,980 54,637,118 32,224 94,239,588 2,036.68 8,426,451 5.87% 2010 7.094.367 9.121.967 174,254 3.246.460 49.617.902 56.575.326 125.830.276 7.91% 2.653.14 2011 5,707,283 5,817,632 2,968,089 47,998,233 55,336,797 117,828,034 2,487.82 6.81% 4,285,836 2,397,969 2,679,405 45,149,623 54,071,474 145,740 2,363.62 2012 3,866,666 669,976 113,266,689 6.47% 2,795,815 474,853 42,570,612 39,729,549 97,240 2013 3,599,998 446,651 14,686,380 104,401,098 5.93% 2,164.89 2014 3,333,330 223,326 39,490,000 38,680,700 48,580 49,925 94,839,655 9.36% 2,496.50 13,013,794 \$ 2015 975,000 3,066,662 1,513,782 11,301,208 68,867,232 1,879,000 87,602,884 8.10% 2,166.62

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^{(1):} See Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
2006	\$8,525,000	\$448,846	\$8,076,154	0.50%	\$173.47
2007	10,745,000	471,651	10,273,349	0.60%	220.66
2008	9,775,000	731,989	9,043,011	0.60%	194.24
2009	8,485,000	595,262	7,889,738	0.60%	169.46
2010	7,145,000	689,228	6,455,772	0.40%	133.79
2011	5,750,000	917,276	4,832,724	0.30%	100.16
2012	4,315,000	859,024	3,455,976	0.20%	71.62
2013	2,815,000	844,385	1,970,615	0.10%	40.84
2014	0	0	0	0.00%	N/A
2015	0	0	0	0.00%	N/A

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property.

⁽²⁾ See Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of December 31, 2015

0	Outstanding Debt at December 31,	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping
Governmental Units(4) Debt repaid with property taxes	2015 (1)	(3)	Debt
City Direct Debt (Governmental Activities) (2)	\$5,555,444	100.00%	\$0
Overlapping Debt:			
School City of Mishawaka	46,178,035	52.65%	24,312,735
Mishawaka-Penn Library	1,470,000	94.72%	1,392,384
Penn-Harris-Madison School Corporation	50,094,899	42.07%	21,074,924
St. Joseph County	33,854,292	16.98%	5,748,459
St. Joseph County Airport Authority	13,685,000	16.98%	2,323,713
St. Joseph County Public Library	6,225,000	5.28%	328,680
South Bend Community School Corporation	144,749,014	5.28%	7,642,748
Subtotal for Overlapping Debt			62,823,643
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt(5)	\$5,555,444		\$62,823,643

Notes:

- (1) Includes General Obligation Bonded Debt.
- (2) Includes capital leases and energy savings loan.
- (3) Source: St. Joseph County Auditor.
- (4) Source: Debt Outstanding provided by each governmental unit.
- (5) Overlapping debt is calculated on the overlapping units assessed value divided

by the City's assessed value.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

	Fiscal Year 2006	Fiscal Year 2007	Fiscal Year 2008	Fiscal Year 2009	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2015
Assessed Value	\$526,450,115	\$583,608,503	\$536,118,157	\$463,439,117	\$481,073,554	\$476,578,937	\$465,110,284	\$443,159,579	\$434,430,753	\$457,366,770
Debt Limit Percentage	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
Debt Limit (1)	21,058,005	23,344,340	21,444,726	18,537,565	19,242,942	19,063,157	18,604,411	17,726,383	17,377,230	18,294,671
Bonds Outstanding	8,525,000	10,745,000	9,775,000	8,485,000	7,145,000	5,750,000	4,315,000	2,815,000	0	975,000
Subtotal	12,533,005	12,599,340	11,669,726	10,052,565	12,097,942	13,313,157	14,289,411	14,911,383	17,377,230	17,319,671
Amount Available for Debt Service	448,846	471,651	731,989	595,262	689,228	917,276	859,024	844,385	0	0
Legal Debt Margin	\$12,981,851	\$13,070,991	\$12,401,715	\$10,647,827	\$12,787,170	\$14,230,433	\$15,148,435	\$15,755,768	\$17,377,230	\$17,319,671
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	40.48%	46.03%	45.58%	45.77%	37.13%	30.16%	23.19%	15.88%	N/A	N/A

⁽¹⁾ Legal debt limit should not exceed 2% of 1/3 of the assessed valuation in each district. The City has a park district and a civil city district.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA GENERAL OBLIGATION AND TAX INCREMENTAL FINANCING BONDS COVERAGE

	General Obliga	ation Bonds	Tax Incre Financing	Total Bonded	Total General Government	Ratio of Debt Service to Total General Government	
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Debt Service	Expenditures	Expenditures
2006	\$665,000	\$229,644	\$1,125,000	\$329,627	\$2,349,271	\$54,273,951	4.3%
2007	780,000	281,091	1,180,000	272,642	2,513,733	58,758,825	4.3%
2008	970,000	438,940	2,570,000	709,778	4,688,718	72,311,168	6.5%
2009	1,290,000	357,376	4,010,000	689,471	6,346,847	64,654,524	9.8%
2010	1,340,000	311,150	4,155,000	519,348	6,325,498	69,952,690	9.0%
2011	1,395,000	262,409	3,340,000	352,121	5,349,530	63,429,489	8.4%
2012	1,435,000	211,066	3,450,000	210,709	5,306,775	76,551,728	6.9%
2013	1,500,000	156,399	1,940,000	63,309	3,659,708	76,970,964	4.8%
2014	0	0	0	0	0	73,871,648	N/A
2015	0	0	975,000	263,750	1,238,750	76,940,483	1.6%

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

Net Revenue

	Direct Gross Operating Revenue (A) Expenses (B)		Available for Debt	Debt Service Requirements						
Year			Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage			
2006	\$ 52,336,869	\$ 42,827,190	\$ 9,509,679	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 461,096	\$ 1,706,096	557.4%			
2007	65,462,854	49,998,303	15,464,551	1,655,000	621,380	2,276,380	679.3%			
2008	57,798,526	51,847,654	5,950,872	1,710,000	565,949	2,275,949	261.5%			
2009	60,925,718	51,057,879	9,867,839	1,785,000	516,422	2,301,422	428.8%			
2010	66,378,913	56,937,984	9,440,929	2,220,000	1,529,517	3,749,517	251.8%			
2011	68,421,077	57,127,195	11,293,882	3,415,000	1,944,950	5,359,950	210.7%			
2012	69,217,905	57,884,047	11,333,858	3,475,000	1,883,724	5,358,724	211.5%			
2013	64,375,103	59,799,595	4,575,508	4,850,000	2,042,109	6,892,109	66.4%			
2014	77,055,002	61,166,960	15,888,042	4,935,000	1,982,567	6,917,567	229.7%			
2015	75,211,331	64,201,867	11,009,464	3,251,000	1,790,422	5,041,422	218.4%			

Notes:

⁽A) Includes operating and nonoperating revenue.(B) Includes total operating expenses less depreciation expenses.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population (A)	oseph County onal Income (A)	St. Joseph County Median Family Income (A)		Median Family Per Capita			K-12 Public School Median Enrollment Age (A) (B)			Labor Force (A)	St. Joseph County Unemployment Rate (A)
2005	46,557	\$ 8,433,861	\$	37,971	\$	31,846		35.0		5,178	133,939	5.2%
2006	46,557	9,289,258		39,046		33,815		35.0		5,242	134,788	5.1%
2007	46,557	9,283,064		44,706		34,857		35.0		5,272	133,337	4.9%
2008	46,557	9,571,597		43,931		36,229		36.0		5,116	133,363	6.5%
2009	46,557	9,148,555		43,544		34,712		35.0		5,043	128,714	11.6%
2010	48,252	8,891,812		42,316		33,322		36.2		5,288	127,611	11,4%
2011	48,252	9,678,196		43,813		36,289		36.3		4,978	126,963	10.1%
2012	48,252	10,161,658		45,248		38,152		36.5		4,908	124,968	9.7%
2013	48,252	10,131,944		40,978		37,989		36.6		5,035	124,349	8.8%
2014	48,252	10,820,586 (C)		37,542	(D)	40,433	(C)	36.9	(D)	5,179	129,684	6.3%
2015	48,252	(E)		(E)	` '	(E)	. ,	(E)	. ,	4,985	134,570	6.5%

Personal Income is for St. Joseph County, Indiana. Notes: Median Family Income is for St. Joseph County, Indiana. Per Capita Income is for St. Joseph County, Indiana. Labor Force is for St. Joseph County, Indiana.
Unemployment rate is for St. Joseph County, Indiana.

(A) Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.(B) Source: School City of Mishawaka.(C) Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis(D) Source: STATS Indiana.

(E) Information not available at this time.

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA LARGEST EMPLOYERS (A) DECEMBER 31, 2015

2006

503

450

389

370

302

0.37%

0.33%

0.29%

0.27%

0.22%

Manufacturing

Social Service

Manufacturing

Retail

College

Percentage of Total Number of Percentage of Total Number of Company Type of Business **Employees** Employment (B) Company Type of Business **Employees** Employment (C) St. Joseph Regional Medical Center Acute Healthcare 2,800 2.08% St. Joseph Regional Medical Center Acute Healthcare 1210 0.90% News and Information 0.74% School City of Mishawaka Public School 978 0.73% Schurz Communications 1,000 School City of Mishawaka Public School 922 0.69% Liberty Mutual Insurance 860 0.64% Meijer, Inc. Retail 750 0.56% Meijer, Inc Retail 610 0.45% Liberty Mutual 650 0.48% City of Mishawaka 543 0.40% Insurance Government

Bayer Corporatoin

Family & Childrens Center

Walmart

Nyloncraft

Bethel College

0.35%

0.39%

0.37%

0.33%

0.25%

Wal-Mart

Oaklawn

Nyloncraft

City of Mishawaka

Bayer Corporation

2015

Retail

Counseling Service

Government

Manufacturing

Manufacturing

470

519

500

450

340

⁽A) Source: Individual Companies.

⁽B) Based on total employment of 134,570 in the City of Mishawaka as of December 31, 2015, per the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁽C) Based on total employment of 134,788 in the City of Mishawaka as of December 31, 2006, per the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Electric Utility Large Users 2015

	<u>Customer</u>	Type of Business	Consumption	Revenue
1	St. Joseph Reg Med Ctr/VNA	Hospital	20,414,342	\$1,683,169.18
2	Nyloncraft	Manufacturing	19,951,631	1,475,689.27
3	Martin's Super Market	Grocery Chain	9,930,220	824,254.61
4	Patrick Metals	Manufacturing	9,703,749	752,763.52
5	Wellpet LLC	Manufacturing	7,442,400	560,844.33
6	Standard Motor Products Inc	Manufacturing	6,734,400	512,344.76
7	School City	Education	6,655,339	737,637.56
8	Bethel College	Education	6,537,897	564,085.43
9	Wastewater Treatment Plant	Utility	5,693,243	502,454.03
10	Meijer Stores LP #0121A	Discount Department s	5,286,600	432,657.23
		Total	98,349,821	\$8,045,899.92

Water and Sprinkling Utility Large Users 2015

	Customer	Type of Business	Consumption	Revenue
1	Village Green VGM	Mobile Home PARK	13,696,160	\$159,025.81
2	AM General	Manufacturing	6,042,575	\$96,177.76
3	Autumn Lakes Apartments/Townhomes	Apartment complex	5,224,418	\$103,534.11
4	Saint Joseph Regional Med Ctr	Hospital	4,748,757	\$49,499.45
5	Indian Lakes Apartments	Apartment complex	4,725,920	\$58,117.50
6	Wastewater Treatment Plant/Biosolids	Utility	4,671,428	\$76,521.91
7	Park & Recreation Department	City department	4,379,390	\$80,832.18
8	Hickory Village Apartments	Apartment complex	3,814,600	\$47,728.44
9	School City of Mishawaka	Education	3,414,400	\$70,151.90
10	Carriage House	Apartment complex	3,080,927	\$53,781.57
		Total	53,798,575	\$795,370.63

Wastewater Utility Large Users 2015

	Customer	Type of Business	Consumption	Revenue
1	Village Green VGM	Mobile Home Park	13,696,160	\$202,893.60
2	AM General	manufacturing	4,644,101	361,938.11
3	Autumn Lakes Apartments/Townhomes	Apartment complex	4,531,809	143,582.13
4	Saint Joseph Regional Med Ctr	Hospital	4,193,967	134,406.04
5	Indian Lakes Apts	Apartment complex	4,084,244	106,930.59
6	Hickory Village Apts	Apartment complex	3,479,185	101,649.24
7	Carriage House	Apartment complex	3,080,927	87,495.79
8	Wellpet LLC	Manufacturing	2,025,290	44,801.08
9	Park & Recreation Department	City Department	1,916,812	66,990.06
10	Lakeshore Estates MHC LLC	Mobile Home Park	1,697,682	53,033.87
		Total	43,350,177	\$1,303,720.51

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNIMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-time Equivalent Employees as December 31

	2015	% of Total Employment	2014	% of Total Employment	2013	% of Total Employment	2012	% of Total Employment	2011	% of Total Employment
Function General Government: Public Safety	60	12%	61	12%	60	12%	56	11%	55	11%
Officers Civilians Fire	105 7	21% 1%	105 23	21% 5%	105 23	21% 5%	105 23	21% 5%	103 23	21% 5%
Firefighters Civilians Total Public Safety	113 1 226	23% 0% 46%	113 1 242	22% 0% 48%	113 1 242	22% 0% 47%	111 1 240	22% 0% 47%	109 1 236	22% 0% 47%
Highways and Streets Culture and Recreation Water Wastewater/Sewer	33 26 37 46	7% 5% 8% 9%	35 26 38 47	7% 5% 7% 9%	35 26 37 48	7% 5% 7% 9%	35 26 37 48	7% 5% 7% 9%	35 26 36 47	7% 5% 7% 9%
Electric Total City Employees	492	13%	509	12%	<u>62</u> 510	12%	506	13%	499	13%
	2010	Employment _	2009	% of Total Employment	2008	% of Total Employment	2007	% of Total Employment	2006	% of Total Employment
Function General Government: Public Safety	2010 53	Employment _	2009 48		2008 54		2007 57		2006 60	
General Government: Public Safety Public Officiary Civiliaris				Employment		Employment		Employment		Employment
General Government: Public Safety Public Officiary	53	11%	48	Employment 10%	54	Employment 10%	57	Employment 11% 20%	60	Employment 11% 19%
General Government: Public Safety Public Officiary Civiliaris Fire Firefighters Civiliaris	53 103 23 107 1	11% 21% 5% 22% 0%	48 103 23 107 1	21% 5% 22% 0%	54 103 31 107 2	20% 6% 20%	57 103 30 107 2	20% 6% 20%	60 103 30 107 2	11% 19% 6% 20% 0%

Source: City Payroll System

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
<u>Function</u>										
Police										
Arrests	1,640	1,686	1,978	1,546	1,541	1,221	2,006	1,633	2,241	2,350
Parking Violations	949	1,100	1,216	1,034	1,188	1,218	1,622	2,540	2,510	1,474
Traffic Violations	3,198	3,177	3,083	3,714	5,531	4,080	9,364	7,276	4,125	4,568
Traffic Accident Calls	2,409	2,143	2,078	2,013	2,060	2,037	1,969	2,382	2,424	2,453
Cases Reviewed	7,269	6,931	7,570	8,110	8,028	8,135	8,675	8,207	8,093	8,114
Fire										
	177	123	133	200	179	209	205	234	201	213
Medical Calls	5,191	4,940	5,115	4,877	4,804	4,467	4,157	4,384	4,352	4,123
Inspections	1,665	1,920	1,720	1,680	1,500	1,423	1,372	1,190	1,603	917
Streets										
Blocks of Streets Paved	100	60	72	79	85	65	73	88	123	136
Leaf Pickup Cubic Yards	12,775	10,200	11,487	13,255	14,500	15,062	18,390	11,075	11,332	16,338
Blocks of Streets Swept	868	742	703	900	565	445	637	620	799	833
Culture & recreation										
Pool Attendance(patrons)	16,145	12,808	16,946	21,008	17,131	18,014	16,810	18,860	19,573	18,512
Community Ctr Attendance	26,213	46,973	45,079	32,391	41,165	48,388	43,120	49,645	46,730	53,000
Facility Rentals	1,627	1,727	1,997	1,666	1,447	1,116	1,579	1,135	544	770
Plantings	1,500	1,128	1,524	4,924	902	166	145	86	129	213
Water										
New service lines	104	53	213	37	54	50	56	42	206	428
Average daily consumption MGD	6.18	7.27	8.90	8.48	7.55	7.85	6,6	8.21	10.00	9.00
Wastewater										
Annual Sewage Treatment										
(billions of gallons)	3.4	3.5	3.6	4.4	4.2	4.6	4.6	5.2	4.2	4.5
Pollutants removed										
(in mill of lbs.)	6.1	5.6	5.5	7.4	7.2	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.5	8.5
Electric										
Energy consumption (kW) (in thousands)	608,730	614,024	621,372	624,569	621,122	597,728	538,572	623,032	642,779	637,903
Unplanned outages	7	10	10	9	11	22	11	14	16	7

Source: Various city departments

CITY OF MISHAWAKA, INDIANA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
<u>Function</u>										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	85	85	89	89	89	89	89	89	89	89
Fire										
Stations	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Streets										
Miles of Streets	177.98	177.23	177.10	177.04	177.04	175.40	175.13	174.30	174.30	174.30
	3,909	3,873	3,543	3,543	3,538	3,538	3,538	3,737	3,737	3,737
Traffic Signals	62	62	60	60	58	58	58	56	55	55
Culture & recreation										
Park Acreage	393	393	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	317
Number of Parks	29	29	29	29	28	28	28	28	28	27
Golf Courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming Pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tennis Courts	7	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water										
Total connections (taps)	17,398	17,294	17,096	16,850	17,109	17,100	17,082	17,082	17,001	15,539
Fire Hydrants	2,554	2,520	2,394	2,361	2,350	2,311	2,276	2,236	2,168	2,093
Wastewater										
Miles of Sewers	285.47	279.54	275.91	272.73	272.02	271.37	257.08	254.41	253.23	246.14
Electric										
Number of Sub-stations	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Miles of Service Lines										
above/below ground	303	303	303	303	303	303	303	303	303	303

Source: Various city departments