Dear Esteemed Colleagues:

Indiana libraries are a great value for Hoosiers. In these difficult economic times, the public library remains the only place many Hoosiers have access to new technologies, the Internet, and free entertainment opportunities. Indiana libraries are so much more than a bricks and mortar repository of books. Today, the local library is a catalyst for economic development, provider of professional development and lifelong education services, gateway to digital information and online resources, and cultural and civic center of the community. During this time of heightened scrutiny and concern over local spending and property taxes, it’s reassuring to see that Indiana libraries remain a beacon of fiscal responsibility and efficiency by providing at least $2.38 in direct economic benefits to the community per each dollar in cost.

As libraries move into the 21st century we face challenges, but remember that you are never alone. Chances are someone in Indiana’s statewide library community will have overcome the very same obstacles you may one day face. Also, do not hesitate to contact the Indiana State Library for help or reassurance. The State Library staff is dedicated to providing you assistance on wide range of library issues, including programming, law, professional development, board policies and so much more.

This handbook was developed as a tool you can turn to for answers to common questions. Please call our staff if you need clarification or assistance with anything covered in this handbook. You are also welcome to join one or more listservs for Indiana librarians to find help from your peers and other library staff.

Congratulations on your recent appointment as an Indiana public library director. I wish you the best of luck in all your future personal and professional endeavors.

Warmest Regards,

Roberta L. Brooker
Indiana State Librarian
Indiana State Library
rbrooker@library.in.gov
# Library Director’s One-Stop Guide

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Indiana State Library: Open for Exploration
The Indiana State Library was established in 1825 to provide library services to Indiana's state governmental officials and employees. Since that time, its responsibilities have expanded to provide services to all citizens of Indiana, including special populations such as the blind and visually impaired, to collect and preserve all types of information about the state of Indiana, to support the development of the library profession, and to strengthen the services of all libraries within Indiana.

Today, the Indiana State Library houses the vast collections with over two million volumes and three million manuscripts, as well as thousands of maps, federal documents, microfilm, and more. Just as the Library of Congress serves as the historical repository for our nation, the State Library is responsible for collecting and preserving all types of information and data about Indiana. The State Library proudly maintains two of the largest Indiana History and Genealogy collections in the World.

Services for Public Libraries
The Library Development Office (LDO) of the Indiana State Library provides assistance and consultation to librarians, trustees, and community leaders on all aspects of library programming, laws, standards, statistics and operations, including:

- Administration of LSTA funds for improvement of library services;
- Development and provision of workshops, including new director and trustee training, grant support, and budget workshops;
- Collecting, compiling and disseminating statistics on Indiana libraries;
- Maintaining and publishing directories and lists of shared resources and other reciprocal borrowing opportunities;
- Providing consultation and education concerning public library law and standards; and
- Administering statewide library services, such as ILL, delivery services & Evergreen Indiana.

Library Services & Technology Act
The State Library administers the Library Services & Technology Act (LSTA) grant program through the distribution of federal LSTA funds for the purposes of increasing the use of technology in libraries, fostering better resource sharing among libraries, and targeting library services to special populations. The State Library annually awards sub-grants to Indiana libraries for programs in the areas of library technology, digitization, and programming for underserved populations.
Statewide Library Services
The State Library administers several statewide library services, which are made possible through LSTA funding. These innovative technology and resource sharing solutions collectively save Indiana libraries millions of dollars annually.

INSPIRE: For more than a decade, INSPIRE has helped Hoosiers get ahead of the curve at work and in the classroom with the credible information they need instantly. INSPIRE offers free online access to thousands of magazine and journal articles, online research tools, study aids and resources for jobseekers through a virtual portal available to Hoosiers 24/7 from their home, work, school or public library computer. Hoosiers performed over 50 million individual INSPIRE searches in 2011.

INfo Express, a statewide library delivery service for interlibrary loan (ILL) materials and other resources, is available to all Indiana libraries. Public libraries that are active lenders of resources or on Evergreen Indiana are eligible heavily subsidized one to two-days-a-week service.

Evergreen Indiana is a growing consortium of 100 Indiana libraries using the Evergreen open source integrated library system (ILS). Evergreen Indiana collectively saves public libraries millions of dollars in annual licensing, technology and support costs associated with maintain a library catalogue. The Evergreen catalogue enables patrons to place holds from home, or go to any Evergreen library statewide to access more than 6,000,000 items.

Digitization Services: The State Library administers LSTA sub-grants to libraries for the purpose of digitizing Indiana’s historical records. The primary goal is to develop content for Indiana Memory (IndianaMemory.org) a collaboration of historical and cultural organizations enabling free online access to Indiana's unique cultural and historical heritage through a variety of digital formats. The State Library also does extensive user training and performs large-scale digitization projects for both Indiana Memory and as part of the National Digital Newspaper Program.

Consultation Services: The State Library is the authority on laws, standards, library budgets and state requirements affecting Indiana’s public libraries. LDO Consultants are available for one-on-one consultation and also provide essential training for new directors & trustees. They also specialize and train in the areas grants, literacy, library finance, e-rate and resource sharing.

Library Statistics: The State Library collects and compiles an annual report of public library statistics that assists federal, state and local entities in identifying needs, measuring effectiveness of library programming, identifying best practices, and developing plans to improve and strengthen services. Specifically, local libraries may use these findings as talking points with patrons, legislators and other local decision makers.
Professional Development and Certification
The Professional Development Office (PDO) supports the advancement and development of library staff in all Indiana libraries for improved services to the citizens of Indiana. The PDO includes specialists in the areas of programming, children’s services, continuing education opportunities, and services available from the Indiana State Library.

Continuing Education: PDO staff provides educational opportunities via in-house, online and on-site workshops. Indiana librarians are also eligible to enroll in free classes from national providers like Lyrasis and WebJunction.

Certification: The PDO handles all aspects of library certification, including program administration, consultation services and approval of LEU eligibility for course providers.

Children’s Services: Provides training and consulting services related to children's services throughout the state. Primarily focuses on early literacy, facilitating programs like Collaborative Summer Library Program, Every Child Ready to Read and other initiatives.

Regional Consultants: The PDO’s team of regional library consultants provides on-site programming, marketing, consulting and continuing education support and services to libraries within their geographical area of the state.
Chapter 1

Duties of the Director and Library Board

Public Library standards (590 IAC 6) define the role of the director and board members (see Chapter 3).

A. Library Director and Library Board

The library board is responsible for hiring a full-time library director with the education and experience required by the Librarian Certification Rule (590 IAC 5).

The director is the administrative head of the library and is responsible to the library board for the operation and management of the library.

The library board and director shall maintain their functions as follows:

1. The board is responsible for governance and policy.
2. The director is responsible for administration, and is responsible to library board for the operation and management of the library.

IN the Public Trust is the trustee manual. According to page D-2, the director has the responsibility to:

- Implement board policies
- Represent the library in negotiations, public relations and other public events
- Recommend staff for hiring
- Direct, supervise, educate, evaluate and discipline all staff
- Prepare the annual budget for approval by the board
- Manage the finances of the library
- Oversee the assets of the library
- Plan the annual operations of the library to fit into the long-range plan of the board
- Assist the board in the governance of the library by informing the board of the status of the library and recommending policy direction for the board
- Report to the board the results of board actions
- Remain current and knowledgeable about the library and appropriate methods of operation
- Prepare an annual report of the progress of the library and submit that report to the board and to the Indiana State Library.
The library director is the person ultimately responsible for the library. Even though the board is governing the library, the director is managing it and all of its resources. This includes the facilities, finances, personnel, and inventory.

Depending on the size of the library, you will either be working with a team of professionals which you will oversee in their management of select resources, or you will be the one and only manager juggling the management of everything – or something in between.

The first duty of the new director is to find out which scenario fits your library, and roll with it. Either you will be fixing a stopped-up toilet and scraping ice off of the sidewalks in between budget and programming meetings, or you will be making sure that these tasks get done while you deal with issues only the large libraries encounter, such as investments and foundations.

One thing you need to realize, however, is that you are not alone. That is what this guide is all about – to provide you with the resources and contact information you will need to manage your library. The State Library is here to aid you in your quest to provide Indiana residents with top-notch library service.

Another resource is your peers. Many directors in Indiana have mentored new library directors in the past, and many continue to do so. Get on a listserv www.in.gov/library/listservs.htm ask questions, check out statistics on the ISL website www.in.gov/library/plstats.htm to find libraries of similar size and call those directors. Librarians in Indiana are a very giving bunch, so don’t reinvent the wheel. You will be asked to provide payback someday!

The following is adapted from the Small Library Project Pamphlet #3, “The Trustee of a Small Public Library,” published by American Library Association. Also included here are requirements found in section 6-1-4 of 590 IAC 6 Minimum Standards for Public Libraries. Please see Chapter 2 in this manual for full recommendations.

**Recommended Duties of the Library Board**

1. Maintain separate function from the director: board is responsible for governance and policy.
2. Operate in compliance with Ind. laws
3. Employ a full-time library director with the education and experience required by the Librarian Certification Rule (590 IAC 5)
4. Know the program and needs of the library in relation to the community; keep abreast of standards (see Chapter 3 for newest standards).
5. Comply with state and federal laws affecting the library and employment procedures.
6. Adopt proposed library budget that adequately funds library’s programs and purpose.
7. Establish a library policy for book and materials selection commensurate to your community size and adhering to standards.
8. Establish, support and participate in a planned public relations program.
9. Attend all board meetings and see that accurate records are kept on file at the library.
10. Attend regional, state, and national trustee meetings and workshops, and affiliate with the appropriate professional organizations.

11. Be aware of the services of the Indiana State Library.

12. Report regularly to governing officials and the general public.

**Recommended Duties of the Director**

1. Maintain separate function from the board: director carries out policy of board, and is responsible for administration, operation and management of library.

2. Keep the board informed of Indiana Laws and legislation.

3. Keep board informed on certification requirements and keep up-to-date on certification.

4. Prepare regular reports embodying the library’s current progress and future needs; cooperate with the board to plan and carry out the library program. Comply with newest standards. (See chapter 3)

5. Provide documentation for board drafting personnel policies and procedures.

6. Prepare an annual budget for the library in consultation with the board and give a current report of expenditures against the budget at each meeting.

7. Select and order books and materials to support your community adhering to standards with regard to your community.

8. Maintain an active program of public relations.

9. Attend all board meetings.

10. Affiliate with state and national professional organizations and attend professional meetings and workshops.

11. Make use of Indiana State Library services and library consultants.

12. Report regularly to the library board, to the officials of local government, and to the general public.

**B. Working with the Library Board**

When you were hired, you became an employee of your library’s board of trustees. Most of the time, working with your library board will be easy, because you and the library board have a common interest and a common mission: to provide your community with the best possible library service. Good board members will be your best allies in working for better service. They will bring ideas, encouragement and enthusiasm to the library.

The keys to working with your library board are **respect, communication, and tact**. As a new librarian, recognize that the library and the library board have a history. The board is used to
doing things in certain ways. Unless they have had serious problems, board members are not likely to be interested in changing what they see as successful. They are not likely to change things unless you can give them good reasons, and even then, it may take some time for them to develop trust of your judgment.

During your first year, you probably will want to spend more time in trust building rather than in problem solving with your library board. Try to get to know each board member personally, find out what they think about the library and where they want the library to be going.

**It is also vitally important to communicate as much information as possible to your library board members.** If you see a potential difficulty coming up, make sure that the board is aware of it, even if you are afraid it reflects badly on you. No one likes to be surprised by a major problem that everyone else saw coming. At the same time, do not dwell on the negative. Make sure that the board knows about the library’s successes too.

While it is true that the library board is charged with setting policy, you will know more about the day-to-day operations of the library. Board members sometimes have ideas that simply are not workable or that will end up hurting the library. As the library director, it is your duty to inform the board of what you expect the practical consequences of their decisions will be. However, once the decision is made, it is your responsibility to carry it out to the best of your ability, even if you don’t agree with it.

Another problem that sometimes occurs is when a board member interferes with the administration of the library. The trustee may come in and tell you to make changes, interfere with the work of your staff, or go out into the community and misrepresent the library’s position on various issues. In these cases, it is important for you to remember that legally individual board members have no power over the library. It is only when the board acts as a group at an official meeting that library policy is made.

It is all well and good to know that an individual board member doesn’t have the authority to interfere with the administration of the library, but s/he still represents one seventh of your boss. If this trustee has been on the board for a long time or is an officer of the board, s/he may even have more power than that with the board. What do you do in a case like this?

1. First, remember to keep your cool. Treat the request with respect and tact.
2. Second, tell the board member that you do not feel comfortable making the change without the full board acting on it. Tell the board member that you will ask the board chair to put the issue on the agenda for the next board meeting or even to call a special meeting if necessary.
3. Third, look for some alternative that you can use without board approval to solve the problem between the time the problem arises and the next board meeting. Make sure that the alternative that you choose conforms to present policy.

**What should you do if the board makes a decision that you do not agree with?** Unless the decision is illegal or unethical, it is your responsibility to carry out the decision as best you can.
Try to make it work and don’t express your negative opinion to the public or staff. If the decision creates problems for the library, document these and bring them to the board. Don’t forget if the decision turns out to be a good one, however, to compliment the board on it. (Idaho Librarian Survival Manual)

1. New Trustees

Once new trustees have come on the board, it is very useful if your board members and you can give the new trustee an orientation to the library. You should also make sure that new trustees have received a copy of IN the Public Trust, the manual for Indiana public library trustees, as well as copies of important local documents, such as bylaws, policy statements, and minutes from the previous year. Please download a copy of IN the Public Trust from the Library Development Office website at www.in.gov/library/3274.htm. If you need assistance with this, please contact the office at 1-800-451-6028, or ldo@library.in.gov. By working with trustees while they are new on the board, you can build the kind of positive relationship that will most benefit your library.

2. Certificate of Appointment Public Library Board Member

Once appointed by an appointing authority, according to IC 36-12-2-19, the appointing authority needs to provide the new board member with a completed “Certificate of Appointment”. The new board member must take the oath of office within 10 days of receiving the Certificate of Appointment. A copy of the Certificate of Appointment must be provided to the library director for the purpose of filing the certificate with the official papers of the library. The Certificate of Appointment must also be filed with the clerk of the circuit court in your county within 30 days from taking the oath of office or the library board appointment becomes null and void (IC 5-4-1).

The certificate is found at this URL: www.in.gov/library/files/plbmcertap.pdf.

3. Ensuring attendance of board members at meetings

The simplest way to get better attendance is to ask an attorney to explain board member liability to your board members. Missing a meeting is risky. If those who attend take action that is illegal, even those who were not there to vote are at risk. Being there and voting “no” on the action is much better protection. A vacancy occurs whenever a member is absent from six (6) consecutive regular board meetings for any cause other than illness. The appointing authority shall be notified by the secretary of the board of a vacancy. (IC 36-12-2-20(b))

A few points to consider regarding your board meetings:

1. Are meetings businesslike and productive?
2. Are meetings under two hours?
3. Are the agenda items board level items or are the board dealing with trivial matters?
4. Is everyone encouraged to participate?
5. Does another board member contact the missing board member(s) after the meeting and encourage them to attend next time?

4. **Engaging Board members in planning and participating in library projects**

**Be positive.** Get board members to buy into planning. As ideas are mentioned and discussed, ask the board member who seems most interested or who suggested something in particular to chair a committee to develop that plan or policy. Be sure to use people from the community, staff, Friends of the Library, teachers, etc., on the committee with the board member. It is always good to get the ideas of a wide range of the community. Again, be positive. Get the board excited. Brainstorm, but don’t run a topic into the ground. Your excitement can be contagious. Serve food!

5. **Sample Library Board Bylaws**

These are *suggestions* only. They indicate the points to be covered, but each library board must adapt them to fit local conditions. Bylaws are required by Indiana Public Library Standards, 590 IAC 6, in order for the library to be in compliance with standards and qualify for state and federal funds and must be on file at Indiana State Library. 590 IAC 6-1-4(g) “The library shall have written bylaws that outline its purpose and its operational procedures and address conflicts of interest issues and nepotism. The by-laws shall be reviewed at least every three years. A copy of the bylaws shall be submitted to the Indiana State Library."

**Article I Membership, Purpose and Authority**

Section 1. The _________________ Public Library is a municipal corporation and Class [#] library organized under the public library provisions of IC 36-12. The purpose of the library is to meet the educational, information, and recreational interests and needs of the public.

Section 2. In accordance with the provisions of IC 36-12, the library board of ______ Public Library shall consist of members chosen for their fitness for public library trusteeship.

Section 3. The library board shall govern the library under according to the purposes and authority set forth in IC 36-12, as amended, and such other Indiana and federal laws as affect the operation of the Library.

**Article II Officers**

Section 1. Officers of the board shall be a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer.

Section 2. The officers shall be elected at the January meeting and shall serve a term of one year. Vacancies in office shall be filled at the next regular meeting of the board after the vacancy occurs.

Section 3. The duties of the officers shall be such as by custom and law and the rules of this board usually devolve upon such officers in accordance with their titles. (Or the duties might be defined here.)
Article III Meetings

Section 1. The library board shall meet on the (___) of each month at (___) o’clock at the (location). The (name a month) meeting shall be the annual meeting.

Section 2. Special meetings may be called by the President, or upon written request of 2 members, for the transaction of business as stated in the call. Notice stating the time and place of any special meeting and the purpose for which called shall be given each member of the board at least 2 days in advance of such meeting and to the local media 48 hours in advance, as according to law.

Section 3. A quorum for the transaction of business shall consist of a majority-equal to 50% of the number of seats established by law- plus one. This is regardless of any current vacancies on the library’s board. Any vote by a board which does not have a quorum present may be legally invalid.

Section 4. Order of business may be:

Call to order
Reading and approval of minutes
Approval of bills
Report of the librarian
Committee reports
Communications
Unfinished business
New business
Adjournment

Section 5. Robert’s Rules of Order, last revised edition, shall govern the parliamentary procedure of the board.

Article IV Committees

(Suggestion: Special committees for the study of special problems may be appointed by the chairman, with the approval of the board, to serve until the final report of the work for which they were appointed has been filed at a regular library board meeting. Bylaws might include provision for standing committees appointed by the president at the first meeting following the annual meeting, to serve for one year. A finance committee, which might be either a standing committee or a special committee, would assist the library director in preparing the annual budget and represent the library board to justify it before the governing body.

In most matters, the board’s most effective operation is as a committee of the whole. Boards of larger libraries may need other committees to advise the librarian and to represent the
board in the community on such subjects as buildings and maintenance, personnel, library program, and extension of service.

Special committees may investigate, study, and report all matters on which the board can act more expeditiously as a whole.)

**Article V Library Director**

The library director shall be considered the executive officer of the board and shall have sole charge of the administration of the library under the direction and review of the board. The library director shall be held responsible for the care of the building(s) and equipment, for the employment and direction of the staff, for the efficiency of the library’s service to the public, and for the operation of the library under the financial conditions set forth in the annual budget. The library director shall attend all library board meetings, except those at which her/his appointment, salary, or performance is to be discussed or decided.

**Article VI Ethics for Library Trustees**

Trustees, in the capacity of trust imposed upon them, shall observe ethical standards with absolute truth, integrity and honor.

Trustees must promote a high level of service while observing ethical standards.

Trustees must avoid situations in which personal interests might be served or financial benefits gained at the expense of library users, colleagues or the institution.

Trustees will not use the library for personal advantage or the personal advantage of friends or relatives.

It is incumbent upon any Trustee to disqualify himself/herself immediately whenever the appearance of a conflict of interest exists.

**Article VII Nepotism**

Board members and their immediate family members (as defined below) will be excluded from consideration for employment by the organization.

Employees shall not hold a position with the organization while they or members of their immediate family (as defined below) serve on the board of directors or any committee of the board.

Employees may not hold a job over which a member of their immediate family exercises supervisory authority. In this section and sections 1 and 2 above, immediate family includes the following: husband, wife, son, son-in-law, daughter, daughter-in-law, father, father-in-law, mother, mother-in-law, brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, grandparents, and grandchildren.
Article VIII Amendments

These bylaws may be amended at any regular meetings of the library board with a quorum present, by majority vote of the members present, providing the amendment was stated in the agenda for the meeting.
Sample Nepotism Template to Include in the Bylaws

Part One

1. Board members and their immediate family members (as defined below) will be excluded from consideration for employment by the organization.

2. Employees shall not hold a position with the organization while they or members of their immediate family (as defined below) serve on the board of directors or any committee of the board.

3. Employees may not hold a job over which a member of their immediate family exercises supervisory authority. In this section and sections 1 and 2 above, immediate family includes the following: husband, wife, son, son-in-law, daughter, daughter-in-law, father, father-in-law, mother, mother-in-law, brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, grandparents, and grandchildren.

Part Two

It is well accepted that employment of relatives in the same area of an organization can cause serious conflicts and problems with favoritism and employee morale. In these circumstances, all parties, including supervisors, leave themselves open to charges of inequitable consideration in decisions concerning work assignments, transfer opportunities, performance evaluations, promotions, demotions, disciplinary actions, and discharge. In addition to claims of partiality in treatment at work, personal conflicts from outside the work environment can be carried into day-to-day working relationships.

It is XYZ's policy that relatives of persons currently employed by XYZ may be hired only if they will not be working directly for or supervising a relative. If already employed, they cannot be transferred into such a reporting relationship. If the relative relationship is established after employment, the individuals concerned shall decide who is to be transferred. If that decision is not made within 30 calendar days, management shall decide.

In other cases where a conflict or the potential for conflict arises, even if there is no supervisory relationship involved, the parties may be separated by reassignment or terminated from employment.

For the purpose of this policy, a relative is defined to include spouses, parents, children, brothers, sisters, brothers-and sisters-in-law, father- and mothers-in-law, stepparents, stepbrothers, stepsisters, and stepchildren. This policy also applies to individuals who are not legally related but who reside with another employee.
Part Three

EMPLOYMENT OF SPOUSES: With respect to the employment of relatives, XYZ reserves the right to: Refuse to place one spouse under the direct supervision of the other spouse where such has the potential for creating an adverse effect on supervision, safety, security, or morale.

a. Refuse to place both spouses in the same department, division, program or facility where such has the potential for creating an adverse effect on supervision, safety, security, morale, or involves potential conflicts of interest.

EMPLOYMENT OF OTHER RELATIVES: Relatives, up to and including first cousins of any agency employee, board of trustee or any:

a. Person exercising, hiring, promotion, and termination authority may not be hired into agency service without approval of the chief executive or the executive committee of the board of trustees.

b. Relatives within the third degree of kinship by blood or marriage of any agency employee, regardless of status, will not be hired in the same department, division, program, or facility where such has the potential for creating an adverse effect on supervision, safety, security, morale or involves potential conflicts of interest without the written prior approval of the chief executive.

c. If two (2) employees marry or become related, or cohabit and a conflict arises, only one (1) of the employees will be permitted to stay with XYZ unless reasonable accommodations can be made to eliminate the potential problems. The decision as to which relative will remain with XYZ must be made by the two (2) employees within three (3) calendar days or by XYZ on the basis of service value.

IC 35-44-1-3 Conflict of interest
Sec. 3. (a) A public servant who knowingly or intentionally:
(1) has a pecuniary interest in; or
(2) derives a profit from;
a contract or purchase connected with an action by the governmental entity served by the public servant commits conflict of interest, a Class D felony.

(b) This section does not prohibit a public servant from receiving compensation for:
(1) services provided as a public servant; or
(2) expenses incurred by the public servant as provided by law.

(c) This section does not prohibit a public servant from having a pecuniary interest in or deriving a profit from a contract or purchase connected with the governmental entity served under any of the following conditions:
(1) If the:
(A) public servant is not a member or on the staff of the governing body empowered to
contract or purchase on behalf of the governmental entity;
(B) functions and duties performed by the public servant for the governmental entity are unrelated to the contract or purchase; and
(C) public servant makes a disclosure under subsection (d)(1) through (d)(6).
(2) If the contract or purchase involves utility services from a utility whose rate structure is regulated by the state or federal government.
(3) If the public servant:
(A) is an elected public servant or a member of the board of trustees of a state supported college or university; and
(B) makes a disclosure under subsection (d)(1) through (d)(6).
(4) If the public servant:
(A) was appointed by an elected public servant or the board of trustees of a state supported college or university; and
(B) makes a disclosure under subsection (d)(1) through (d)(7).
(5) If the public servant:
(A) acts in only an advisory capacity for a state supported college or university; and
(B) does not have authority to act on behalf of the college or university in a matter involving a contract or purchase.
(6) If the public servant:
(A) is employed by the governing body of a school corporation and the contract or purchase involves the employment of a dependent or the payment of fees to a dependent; and
(B) makes a disclosure under subsection (d)(1) through (d)(6).
(7) If the public servant is under the jurisdiction of the state ethics commission as provided in IC 4-2-6-2.5 and obtains from the state ethics commission, following full and truthful disclosure, written approval that the public servant will not or does not have a conflict of interest in connection with the contract or purchase under IC 4-2-6 and this section. The approval required under this subdivision must be:
(A) granted to the public servant before action is taken in connection with the contract or purchase by the governmental entity served; or
(B) sought by the public servant as soon after the contract or purchase as the public servant becomes aware of the facts that give rise to a question of conflict of interest.
(d) A disclosure required by this section must:
(1) be in writing;
(2) describe the contract or purchase to be made by the governmental entity;
(3) describe the pecuniary interest that the public servant has in the contract or purchase;
(4) be affirmed under penalty of perjury;
(5) be submitted to the governmental entity and be accepted by the governmental entity in a public meeting of the governmental entity prior to final action on the contract or purchase;
(6) be filed within fifteen (15) days after final action on the contract or purchase with:
(A) the state board of accounts; and
(B) if the governmental entity is a governmental entity other than the state or a state supported college or university, the clerk of the circuit court in the county where the governmental entity takes final action on the contract or purchase; and
(7) contain, if the public servant is appointed, the written approval of the elected public servant (if any) or the board of trustees of a state supported college or university (if any) that
appointed the public servant.

(e) The state board of accounts shall forward to the state ethics commission a copy of all disclosures filed with the board under IC 16-22-2 through IC 16-22-5, IC 16-23-1, or this section.

(f) The state ethics commission shall maintain an index of all disclosures received by the commission. The index must contain a listing of each public servant, setting forth the disclosures received by the commission made by that public servant.

(g) A public servant has a pecuniary interest in a contract or purchase if the contract or purchase will result or is intended to result in an ascertainable increase in the income or net worth of:

(1) the public servant; or

(2) a dependent of the public servant who:

   (A) is under the direct or indirect administrative control of the public servant; or

   (B) receives a contract or purchase order that is reviewed, approved, or directly or indirectly administered by the public servant.

(h) It is a defense in a prosecution under this section that the public servant's interest in the contract or purchase and all other contracts and purchases made by the governmental entity during the twelve (12) months before the date of the contract or purchase was two hundred fifty dollars ($250) or less.

(i) Notwithstanding subsection (d), a member of the board of trustees of a state supported college or university, or a person appointed by such a board of trustees, complies with the disclosure requirements of this chapter with respect to the member's or person's pecuniary interest in a particular type of contract or purchase which is made on a regular basis from a particular vendor if the member or person files with the state board of accounts and the board of trustees a statement of pecuniary interest in that particular type of contract or purchase made with that particular vendor. The statement required by this subsection must be made on an annual basis.

(j) This section does not apply to members of the governing board of a hospital organized or operated under IC 16-22-1 through IC 16-22-5 or IC 16-23-1.

(k) As used in this section, "dependent" means any of the following:

(1) The spouse of a public servant.

(2) A child, stepchild, or adoptee (as defined in IC 31-9-2-2) of a public servant who is:

   (A) unemancipated; and

   (B) less than eighteen (18) years of age.

(3) Any individual more than one-half (1/2) of whose support is provided during a year by the public servant.

IC 5-16-11-5.5  Conflicts of interest; consultants
Sec. 5.5. (a) A consultant has a conflict of interest if any of the following apply:
   (1) The entity has given a gift or gifts:
       (A) to the consultant, the consultant's spouse, or the consultant's unemancipated children;
       (B) that have a total fair market value of more than one hundred dollars ($100); and
       (C) within the preceding year.
   (2) The consultant, the consultant's spouse, or the consultant's unemancipated children have an equitable or a legal interest in real property the value of which:
       (A) either:
           (i) is at least five thousand dollars ($5,000); or
           (ii) comprises at least ten percent (10%) of the net worth of the consultant, the consultant's spouse, or the consultant's unemancipated children; and
       (B) has been or would be increased or decreased if a contract were awarded to the entity.
   (3) The consultant or the consultant's spouse is employed by the entity.
   (4) The entity is the sole proprietorship or professional practice of the consultant or the consultant's spouse.
   (5) The consultant or the consultant's spouse is a partner in the entity.
   (6) The consultant or the consultant's spouse is an officer or a director of the entity.
   (7) The consultant, the consultant's spouse, or the consultant's unemancipated children own stock or options to purchase stock in the entity and the stock or the options to purchase stock have a fair market value of more than ten thousand dollars ($10,000). This subdivision does not apply to the following:
       (A) Time deposits or demand deposits in a financial institution.
       (B) An insurance policy.

IC 5-16-11-6  Conflict of interest disclosure; filing

Sec. 6. (a) A consultant shall file a conflict of interest disclosure if the consultant has a conflict of interest under section 5.5 of this chapter.
   (b) The disclosure required under subsection (a) must describe the conflict of interest.
   (c) The consultant shall file the disclosure required under subsection (a) within ten (10) days of the earlier of the following events:
       (1) The closing day for receipt of bids.
       (2) The award of the contract.
Lucrative Office

Article 2 Section 9 of the Constitution of Indiana, states: No person holding a lucrative office or appointment under the United States or under this State is eligible to a seat in the General Assembly; and no person may hold more than one lucrative office at the same time, except as expressly permitted in this Constitution. Offices in the militia to which there is attached no annual salary shall not be deemed lucrative.

(History: As Amended November 6, 1984).

(2/93) Form 236

UNIFORM CONFLICT OF INTEREST DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
Indiana Code 35-44-1-3

A public servant who knowingly or intentionally has a pecuniary interest in or derives a profit from a contract or purchase connected with an action by the governmental entity served by the public servant commits conflict of interest, a Class D Felony. A public servant has a pecuniary interest in a contract or purchase if the contract or purchase will result or is intended to result in an ascertainable increase in the income or net worth of the public servant or a dependent of the public servant who is under the direct or indirect administrative control of the public servant; or receives a contract or purchase order that is reviewed, approved, or directly or indirectly administered by the public servant.

"Dependent" means any of the following: the spouse of a public servant; a child, stepchild, or adoptee (as defined in I.C. 31-3-4-1) of a public servant who is unemancipated and less than eighteen (18) years of age; and any individual more than one-half (*) of whose support is provided during a year by the public servant.

The foregoing consists only of excerpts from I.C. 35-44-1-3. Care should be taken to review I.C. 35-44-1-3 in its entirety.

1. Name and Address of Public Servant Submitting Statement:

2. Title or Position with Governmental Entity:

3. a. Governmental Entity: ________________________________
   b. County: ________________________________

4. This statement is submitted (check one):
   a. ___ as a "single transaction" disclosure statement, as to my financial interest in a specific
contract or purchase connected with the governmental entity which I serve, proposed to be made by the governmental entity with or from a particular contractor or vendor; or

b. ___ as an "annual" disclosure statement, as to my financial interest connected with any contracts or purchases of the governmental entity which I serve, which are made on an ongoing basis with or from particular contractors or vendors.

5. Name(s) of Contractor(s) or Vendor(s):

________________________________________________________________________

6. Description(s) of Contract(s) or Purchase(s) (Describe the kind of contract involved, and the effective date and term of the contract or purchase if reasonably determinable. Dates required if 4(a) is selected above. If "dependent" is involved, provide dependent's name and relationship):

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

7. Description of My Financial Interest (Describe in what manner the public servant or "dependent" expects to derive a profit or financial benefit from, or otherwise has a pecuniary interest in, the above contract(s) or purchase(s); if reasonably determinable, state the approximate dollar value of such profit or benefit.):

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

________________________________________________________________________

(Attach extra pages if additional space is needed)
8. Approval of Appointing Officer or Body (To be completed if the public servant was appointed by an elected public servant or the board of trustees of a state supported college or university):

I (We) being the ___________________________ of
(Title of Officer or Name of Governing Body)
__________________________________________
(Name of Governmental Entity)

and having the power to appoint
the above named public servant(s) to the public position to which he or she holds, hereby approve the participation to the appointed disclosing public servant in the above described contract(s) or purchase(s) in which said public servant has a conflict of interest as defined in Indiana Code 35-44-1-3; however, this approval does not waive any objection to any conflict prohibited by statute, rule, or regulation and is not to be construed as a consent to any illegal act.

______________________________
Elected Official

______________________________
Office

9. Effective Dates (Conflict of interest statements must be submitted to the governmental entity prior to final action on the contract or purchase.):

Date Submitted: ________________ Date of Action on Contract or Purchase: ________________

10. Affirmation of Public Servant: This disclosure was submitted to the governmental entity and accepted by the governmental entity in a public meeting to the governmental entity prior to final action on the contract or purchase. I affirm, under penalty of perjury, the truth and completeness of the statements made above, and that I am the above named public servant.

Signed: ____________________________
(Signature of Public Servant)

Date: ______________________________

Within 15 days after final action on the contract or purchase, copies of this statement must be filed with the State Board of Accounts, Indiana Government Center South, 302 West Washington Street, Room E418, Indianapolis, Indiana, 46204-2738 and the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county in which the governmental entity executed the contract or purchase. A copy of this disclosure will be forwarded to the Indiana State Ethics Commission.
**Handouts that are in the chapter:**

- Certificate of Appointment Public Library Board Member
  
  www.in.gov/library/files/plmcertap.pdf

- Uniform Conflict of Interest Disclosure Statement – Form 236
  
  http://www.in.gov/sboa/2416.htm

- IN The Public Trust
  
  www.in.gov/library/3274.htm

**Helpful information**

IC 36-12-2 and IC 36-12-3 Public Libraries: Organization and Board Members

The code includes board appointment information, terms, meetings, treasurer information, duties, powers, etc.

www.in.gov/legislative/ic/code/title36/ar12/

**Trustee Programs**

Contact the LDO Office at (800) 451-6028 to set up an onsite presentation for an “Overview of IN the Public Trust“ or other available programs.
Chapter 2
Public Library Standards

Public Library Standards are the standards set by the Indiana Library and Historical Board which public libraries are required to meet to be able to receive any state or federal funds disbursed by the Indiana State Library in the form of grants or monetary awards. The current standards are found in 590 IAC 6 [www.in.gov/legislative/iac/T05900/A00060.PDF].

The funds affected include:

- State technology grants
- E-rate funds for Internet connectivity
- Discounts on state-wide services for which the Indiana State Library charges (including INfo Express)
- PLAC distribution
- Other state funds
- LSTA grants

The funds affected include:

Templates and advice for writing trustee bylaws, technology and long range plans are available from the Library Development Office. Questions about the standards should be addressed to Karen Ainslie or Jennifer Clifton, Library Development Office.

To meet standards regarding web sites Access Point is available. In August 2013 all Access Point websites and email accounts will be migrated to a server at the Indiana State Library. If you have questions contact Karen Ainslie in Library Development Office or contact Access Point help desk at accesspoint@library.IN.gov.

Questions about the Evergreen Indiana Open Source Integrated Library System [www.in.gov/library/evergreen.htm], a resource to meet standards regarding automation and a public access catalog, should be addressed to Anna Goben, Professional Development Office, agoben@library.IN.gov.

590 IAC 6 follows.

ARTICLE 6. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Rule 1. Standards of Eligibility to Receive State Funds

590 IAC 6-1-1 Purpose of rule

Authority: IC 4-23-7.1-11; IC 4-23-7.1-24
Affected: IC 4-23-7.1

Sec. 1. Standards for public libraries are established to:
(1) encourage libraries to maintain a minimum level of service; and
(2) establish criteria for eligibility to receive state and federal appropriations.
**590 IAC 6-1-2 Definitions**

*Authority: IC 4-23-7.1-11; IC 4-23-7.1-24*

*Affected: IC 4-23-7*

Sec. 2. The following definitions apply throughout this article:

1. "Bylaws" means the rules adopted by the library board for the:
   - (A) government of its members; and
   - (B) regulation of its affairs.

2. "Class A" means libraries serving a population greater than thirty-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine (39,999).

3. "Class B" means libraries serving a population of at least ten thousand one (10,001) but fewer than forty thousand (40,000).

4. "Class C" means libraries serving a population of ten thousand (10,000) or less.

5. "Collection expenditures" means items that are purchased with operating funds and made available to patrons by the library for loan and reference including:
   - (A) books;
   - (B) audiovisual materials;
   - (C) electronic media devices; and
   - (D) databases.


7. "Director" means the librarian who is:
   - (A) the administrative head of the library; and
   - (B) responsible to the library board for the operation and management of the library.

8. "Electronic media devices" means devices used by the public to directly access information, excluding peripherals and connectivity.

9. "Evening hours" means the hours the library is open after 6:00 p.m.

10. "Fixed location" means each main location, branch, or campus of a library district.

11. "Full-time" means that the director is paid for:
    - (A) at least thirty-five (35) hours per week; or
    - (B) if the library is open fewer than thirty-five (35) hours per week, the number of hours that the library is open.

12. "INSPIRE" means the virtual library composed of multiple on-line databases available to residents of Indiana.

13. "Integrated library system" means software used to track:
    - (A) items owned;
    - (B) circulation; and
(C) patron records.

(14) "Library board" means the fiscal and administrative body of a public library.

(15) "Library sponsored program" means a workshop, program, seminar, or outreach program sponsored by the library, in which the library's staff plays a significant role, including, but not limited to, technology, informational literacy, early literacy, children's, cultural programming, and other programming offered for the community.

(16) "Population served" means residents of the library district taxed for the support of the library.

(17) "Public access computer" means each computer connected to the Internet available to patrons and each workstation with software available to patrons, for example, word processing and spreadsheets, or specialized children's programs. Each fixed service location with wireless access to the library's public Internet shall be computed as ten (10) public access computers.

(18) "Special services" means library service for people who are:
   (A) blind;
   (B) deaf; or
   (C) physically disabled.

(19) "Weekend day" means the library is open four (4) hours per day on Saturday or Sunday.

(20) "Young adult" means the age group defined by the American Library Association's Young Adult Library Services Association.

(Indiana Library and Historical Board; 590 IAC 6-1-2; filed Mar 17, 2010, 4:01 p.m.: 20100414-IR-590080945FRA, eff Jan 1, 2011)

590 IAC 6-1-3 Eligibility to receive state funds; determination
Authority: IC 4-23-7-5; IC 4-23-7.1-24
Affected: IC 4-23-7.1-11; IC 36-12-11

Sec. 3. The eligibility of a public library to receive state or federal funds and services under the provisions of any program for which the Indiana state library is the administrator shall be determined as follows:
   (1) Compliance with any requirements that may be set forth in state legislation providing for such funds.
   (2) Compliance with Indiana law.
   (3) Compliance with the standards promulgated by the Indiana library and historical board.

(Indiana Library and Historical Board; 590 IAC 6-1-3; filed Mar 17, 2010, 4:01 p.m.: 20100414-IR-590080945FRA, eff Jan 1, 2011)

590 IAC 6-1-4 Minimum standards for public libraries
Authority: IC 4-23-7.1-11; IC 4-23-7.1-24
Affected: IC 4-23-7; IC 4-23-7.1; IC 6-1.1-18.5; IC 36-12

Sec. 4. (a) The library must operate in compliance with Indiana laws, including the following:
(1) The Public Library Law under IC 36-12.
(2) The Indiana Library and Historical Department Law under IC 4-23-7.
(3) Other Indiana laws that affect municipal corporations.

(b) The library board is responsible for hiring a full-time library director with the education and experience required by the librarian certification rules under 590 IAC 5.

(c) The library board and director shall maintain their separate functions as follows:

(1) The board is responsible for governance and policy.
(2) The director is responsible for administration, operation, and management of the library.

(d) With the advice and recommendations of the library director, the library board shall adopt the following:

(1) An annual classification of employees.
(2) Schedules of salaries.
(3) The proposed library budget.
(4) Library policies.

(e) The library must comply with federal laws affecting employment practice. The library shall have written personnel policies and procedures. Written personnel policies and procedures must address at least the following:

(1) Employment practices, such as the following:
   (A) Recruitment.
   (B) Selection.
   (C) Appointment.

(2) Personnel actions.

(3) Salary administration.

(4) Employee benefits.

(5) Conditions of work.

(6) Leaves.

(f) The Indiana State Library will provide orientation materials to new library board trustees and training materials to all library trustees and directors annually. The library board shall adhere to the principles discussed in approved and current Indiana state library publications for library trustees.

(g) The library shall have written bylaws that state its purpose and its operational procedures. The bylaws shall specifically state rules governing conflicts of interest issues and nepotism. The bylaws shall be reviewed by the board of trustees at least every three (3) years. A copy of the bylaws shall be submitted to the Indiana state library within 60 days of their adoption. All amendments to the bylaws that have been adopted by the board in each year shall be submitted with the library's annual report.

(h) With the advice and recommendation of the library director, the library board shall adopt the following written plans and policies:

(1) Collection development.

(2) Principles of access to all library materials and services.
(3) A long-range plan of service for between three (3) to five (5) years. The plan, updates, and revisions must be filed with the Indiana state library. At a minimum, the plan shall include the following:
   (A) A statement of community needs and goals.
   (B) Measurable objectives and service responses to the community's needs and goals.
   (C) An assessment of facilities, services, technology, and operations.
   (D) An ongoing annual evaluation process.
   (E) Financial resources and sustainability.
   (F) Collaboration with other:
      (i) public libraries; and
      (ii) community partners.

(4) A technology plan of service for three (3) years. The plan, updates, and revisions must be filed with the Indiana state library. At a minimum, the plan shall include the following:
   (A) Goals and realistic strategy for using telecommunications and information technology.
   (B) A professional development strategy.
   (C) An assessment of telecommunication services, hardware, software, and other services needed.
   (D) An equipment replacement schedule.
   (E) Financial resources and sustainability.
   (F) An ongoing annual evaluation process.
   (G) An automation plan that conforms to national cataloging standards.

   (i) All newly constructed and existing library facilities must be in compliance with local, state, and federal building and health and safety codes.

   (j) The library must comply with provisions of the federal Americans with Disabilities Act to make its physical and digital services available to everyone.

   (k) The library shall provide the following minimum services:
   (1) Acquisition, organization, and loan of print, audiovisual, digital, and other collections.
   (2) Availability of general collections to the public during regular library hours of operation.

   (3) A library expending at least seven and five-tenths percent (7.5%) of its operating fund expenditures for library collections shall meet basic standards for collection expenditures. A library expending the equivalent of fifteen percent (15%) of its operating expenditures, which includes operating, gift, and related funds, for library collections shall meet enhanced standards for collection expenditures. A library expending the equivalent of twenty percent (20%) of its operating expenditures, which includes operating, gift, and related funds, for library collections shall meet exceptional standards for collection expenditures.

   (4) The library shall provide the following means of communication with the public:

      (A) A telephone listed in the library's name.
(B) An answering machine, voice mail, or other similar technology to provide operating hours of the library.
(C) An e-mail address or a means of electronic contact for the library listed on the library's website.
(D) A means to provide copies to the public at each location. A fee may be charged not to exceed a fee established by Indiana state law.
(E) Technology available to transmit documents electronically or through phone lines, for example, a fax machine.

(5) A website that must include the following: (A) Hours of operation, physical address or addresses, a map for each fixed service location, phone number, and e-mail address.

(B) Electronic resources provided free of charge to the citizens of Indiana by the state of Indiana, for example, INSPIRE.
(C) Public service policies including, but not limited to, circulation policies, fees, and Internet use, adopted by the library board.
(D) The library's online public access catalog.
(E) A calendar of events and programs, which shall be updated at least monthly.

(6) Interlibrary loan is free of charge within Indiana (other than reimbursement for actual direct photocopy and postage costs), and each public library shall lend materials through at least one (1) of the following:

(A) Statewide reciprocal borrowing program.
(B) OCLC Resource Sharing.
(C) Evergreen Indiana.
(D) Local reciprocal borrowing with at least one (1) other public library district within the library district's county or an adjacent county.

(7) Participate in the statewide delivery service provided by the Indiana State Library with the following frequency from a single fixed location within the library district:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Basic</th>
<th>Enhanced</th>
<th>Exceptional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Class A Library</td>
<td>Three (3) days/week</td>
<td>Four (4) days/week</td>
<td>Five (5) days/week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class B Library</td>
<td>Two (2) days/week</td>
<td>Three (3) days/week</td>
<td>Four (4) days/week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class C Library</td>
<td>One (1) day/week</td>
<td>Two (2) days/week</td>
<td>Three (3) days/week</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(8) Adult services that include the following:

(A) Programs and reference services offered by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate.
(B) Knowledge of and access to reference materials, including INSPIRE.
(C) A collection of materials for adults.
(D) Space designated in the library for adult services.
(E) To achieve an enhanced level of service, a library shall designate one (1) or more staff to serve at least part time as an adult services librarian.
by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate at each fixed location.

(F) To achieve an exceptional level of service, a library shall designate one
(1) full-time equivalent staff member designated as an adult services librarian by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate at each fixed location.

(9) Young adult services that include the following:
(A) Programs and reference services offered by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate.
(B) Knowledge of and access to reference materials, including INSPIRE.
(C) A collection of materials for young adults.
(D) Space designated in the library for young adult services.
(E) To achieve an enhanced level of service, a library shall designate one
(1) or more staff to serve at least part time as a young adult services librarian by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate at each fixed location.
(F) To achieve an exceptional level of service, a library shall designate one
(1) full-time equivalent staff member designated as a young adult services librarian by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate at each fixed location.

(10) Children's services that include the following:
(A) Programs and reference services offered by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate.
(B) A collection of materials for children, parents, and caregivers in each fixed location.
(C) Space in each fixed location designated in the library for children's services.
(D) An annual summer reading program for a minimum of six (6) weeks at each fixed location.
(E) To achieve an enhanced level of service, a library shall designate one
(1) or more staff to serve at least part time as a children's services librarian by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate at each fixed location.
(F) To achieve an exceptional level of service, a library shall designate one
(1) full-time equivalent staff member designated as a children's services librarian by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate at each fixed location.

(11) Library sponsored programming shall be provided with the following minimum frequency within each library district:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Basic</th>
<th>Enhanced</th>
<th>Exceptional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Public Libraries</td>
<td>Five (5) library programs for every one thousand (1,000) people served per</td>
<td>At least ten (10) library programs for every one thousand (1,000) people</td>
<td>At least fifteen (15) library programs for every one thousand (1,000) people</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(12) Provide access directly or through the Indiana State Library to large print books, Braille books, audio books, and enhanced media to patrons who are unable to read regular print, because of a visual or a physical disability.

(13) An integrated library system with an online public access catalog available on the library’s website.

(14) The library shall provide public access computers with a minimum Internet connection speed of one and five-tenths megabits per second (1.5 Mbps) per fixed service location. Computers shall be provided for the free use of all persons regardless of residency, so long as such use would not violate any laws or other legally binding prohibitions imposed upon the person, including, but not limited to, fines owed to the library or violations of library policies.

(15) The library shall have a base level of technology consisting of at least one (1) staff computer with office software and operating systems, connected to the Internet and a printer. Public access computers shall be connected to the Internet and printers as detailed as follows:

(16) The library shall purge or mark inactive unused library patron cards at least once every three (3) years, deleting those patrons who have not used the card in the last three (3) years and do not owe materials, fines, or fees to the library.

(1) Hours of service shall be provided to allow the greatest possible access for the community as follows for each public library system. Using the definitions provided in section 2 of this rule, hours open is calculated by taking the total unique hours the district is open for regular public service for the majority of the year. The standards for hours and service days are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class A Libraries</th>
<th>Basic</th>
<th>Enhanced</th>
<th>Exceptional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fifty-five (55) hours per week, including six (6) evening hours and one (1) weekend day</td>
<td>Sixty (60) hours per week, eight (8) evening hours, and one (1) weekend day; or sixty (60) hours per week, six (6) evening hours, and two (2) weekend days</td>
<td>Sixty-five (65) hours per week, eight (8) evening hours, two (2) weekend days; or sixty-five (65) hours per week, ten (10) evening hours, and one (1) weekend day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Class B Libraries | Forty (40) hours per week, including four (4) evening hours and one (1) weekend day | Fifty (50) hours per week, four (4) evening hours, and one (1) weekend day | Fifty-five (55) hours per week, six (6) evening hours, two (2) weekend days; or fifty-five (55) hours per week, eight (8) evening hours, and one (1) weekend day |

| Class C Libraries | Twenty (20) hours per week, including two | Thirty (30) hours per week, including two (2) evening | Forty (40) hours per week, including four (4) evening hours |
(m) The library shall provide support for continuing education for staff and trustees.

(n) A library district located within another library district serving an overlapping population shall be considered a branch of the larger library district for purposes of meeting public library standards.

(o) The library shall file with the Indiana State Library by February 1 of each year an annual report for the preceding calendar year, in the form prescribed by the Indiana state library. Any falsification of statements certifying which standards have been met shall result in the library being required to return to the Indiana state library any state or federal funding that was received. The report shall include a statement from the director and board president or their designee certifying which standards have been met, including a statement outlining the library's intention and specific measures planned to reach the remaining requirements not met at that time.

(p) The Indiana Library and Historical Board may provide a temporary waiver, not to exceed one (1) year at a time, for a public library to be exempt from one (1) or multiple public library standards under the following conditions:

(A) The public library is deemed to be out of compliance with one (1) or more standards.

(B) The public library submits an appeal to the Indiana State Library seeking a waiver and stipulating the reason or reasons for a temporary or one (1) year waiver to be granted.

(C) The request for a waiver illustrates unusual, unforeseen, or extreme circumstances beyond the library's control.

(Indiana Library and Historical Board; 590 IAC 6-1-4; filed Mar 17, 2010, 4:01 p.m.: 20100414-IR-590080945FRA, eff Jan 1, 2011; errata filed Mar 31, 2010, 10:21 a.m.: 20100414-IR-590100185ACA)
Chapter 3
Indiana Library Laws and Other Laws Affecting Libraries

Indiana public libraries must follow all applicable state and federal laws.

Indiana public libraries are municipal corporations (units of local government) per IC 36-12-1-5. The Indiana Code (IC) has a chapter dedicated to public libraries in Indiana, IC 36-12 [www.in.gov/legislative/ic/code/title36/ar12/]. This is commonly referred to as the “Library Law”. Indiana public library directors, staff, and trustees need to be very familiar with this section of the Indiana Code.

Indiana public libraries must also be familiar with the Indiana Administrative Code 590 (IAC) 3, 5, and 6, [www.in.gov/legislative/iac/title590.html], listing the public library administrative rules that libraries must follow, including the Public Library Access Card (PLAC), certification and public library standards.

Other laws that must be followed are listed in the Indiana Code and are followed by all political subdivisions in Indiana. These include, but are not limited to:

- public purchasing
- public works
- Indiana Open Door law
- Access to Public Records Act
- bonding
- real property
- building and fire codes
- budgeting

There are also federal laws that must be followed such as:

- Affordable Care Act [www.hhs.gov/healthcare/rights/index.html]
- Family and Medical Leave Act [www.dol.gov/whd/fmla/index.htm]
- Americans with Disabilities Act, [www.usdoj.gov/crt/ada/adahom1.htm]
  [www.dol.gov/dol/topic/discrimination/index.htm]

When there is a legal question concerning laws the library must follow, your library attorney should be contacted. State Board of Accounts will accept the opinion of your library attorney, when that opinion is in writing from the attorney and not in direct conflict with the law.

The Indiana State Library has a general counsel to interpret Indiana law as it relates to libraries; however, each library may still want to have and use their own attorney for the final word on legal issues.
Indiana Open Door Law (IC 5-14-1.5)

The Open Door Law ("ODL"), originally passed by the Indiana General Assembly in 1977, was enacted to permit the citizens of Indiana access to meetings held by public agencies. By providing the public with an opportunity to attend and observe meetings, the public may witness government in action and more fully participate in the governmental process.

Indiana Access to Public Records Act (IC 5-14-3)

The Access to Public Records Act ("APRA"), originally passed by the Indiana General Assembly in 1983, was enacted to permit the citizens of Indiana broad and easy access to public records. By providing the public with the opportunity to review and copy public records, the APRA gives individuals the opportunity to obtain information relating to their government and to more fully participate in the governmental process.

The Handbook on Indiana’s Public Access Laws sets forth the basic elements of the Open Door Law and the Access to Public Records Act and also provides answers to commonly asked questions. In order to find answers to more specific questions, please consult the provisions of the Indiana Code.

The Handbook on Indiana’s Public Access Laws may be found at http://www.in.gov/pac/files/PAC_Handbook_update_draft_7_17_2013_(changes_accepted).pdf

The State has a Public Access Counselor available to answer questions about the Open Door Law.

Public Access Counselor
Phone: 317-233-9435 or 1-800-228-6013
Fax: 317-233-3091
www.in.gov/pac/

Past advisory opinions can also be found on the web at www.in.gov/pac/2330.htm

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)

www.usdoj.gov/crt/ada/adahom1.htm

The intent of the law is to provide the person with a disability equal access to library facilities, information, computer technology, programs, services, and other resources.

The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) was passed July 26, 1990 as Public Law 101-336 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq). The ADA was enacted to create a balance between the reasonable accommodation of citizens' needs and the capacity of private and public entities to respond. It is not an affirmative action law but is intended to eliminate discrimination and level the playing field for disabled individuals.

The Americans with Disabilities Act extends civil rights protection to people with disabilities. These rights include equal access to employment, public services, public accommodations provided by public and private entities, transportation, and telecommunications resources. The law is comprised of five titles with Titles I and II being the primary sections that affect libraries.
**Title I** requires employers to provide qualified individuals with disabilities an equal opportunity to benefit from the full range of employment-related opportunities available to others. For example, it prohibits discrimination in recruitment, hiring, promotions, training, pay, social activities, and other privileges of employment. It restricts questions that can be asked about an applicant's disability before a job offer is made, and it requires that employers make reasonable accommodation to the known physical or mental limitations of otherwise qualified individuals with disabilities, unless it results in undue hardship.

**Title II** requires that State and local governments give people with disabilities an equal opportunity to benefit from all of their programs, services, and activities.

State and local governments are required to follow specific architectural standards in the new construction and alteration of their buildings. They also must relocate programs or otherwise provide access in inaccessible older buildings, and communicate effectively with people who have hearing, vision, or speech disabilities.

Public entities are not required to take actions that would result in undue financial and administrative burdens. They are required to make reasonable modifications to policies, practices, and procedures where necessary to avoid discrimination, unless they can demonstrate that doing so would fundamentally alter the nature of the service, program, or activity being provided.

**ADA Home Page:** [www.ada.gov/](http://www.ada.gov/) (for more information and technical assistance)
Sales (Library / Friends Group)

According to IC 36-12-3-5, the library board may sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of real property and personal property no longer needed for library purposes in accordance with IC 36-1-11 and IC 5-22.

The library board may transfer personal property no longer needed for library purposes for no compensation or a nominal fee to an Indiana nonprofit library organization that is (1) tax exempt, and (2) organized and operated for the exclusive benefit of the library disposing of the property, without complying with IC 36-1-11 or IC 5-22. (501c3 Friends group)

The library board may accept gifts of real or personal property and hold, mortgage, lease, or sell the property as directed by the terms of the grant, gift, bequest, or devise, when the action is in the interest of the public library.

In order to be eligible to receive personal property from the library, the Friends of the Library must:

(a) be registered with the Indiana Secretary of State as a nonprofit corporation;
(b) obtain Employee Identification Number (EIN) (even if there will be no employees);
(c) obtain tax-exempt status under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c);
(d) obtain state sales tax exemption;
(e) apply to the Indiana Department of Revenue (IDOR) using Form BT-1 for a sales tax ID number if the Friends will have employees or sell tangible goods for more than thirty (30) days.

A Friends group will need to report to IDOR annually, quarterly or monthly depending on how much sales tax the group estimates on the BT-1 that it will collect. Generally, a 12-month/year business operation will report and pay sales tax monthly.

Sales of merchandise by a Library See Sales Tax Bulletin #4 (link provided below)

Sales by state and local agencies are tax exempt unless the sale involves a “proprietary” (nontraditional) activity. According to IDOR, “an activity is proprietary when it is not necessary in the performance of a library’s governmental function of lending books, providing reference materials, providing access to the internet...etc.” and when it is an activity competing with the private sector.

According to IDOR, examples of taxable sales are sales of USB drives, book bags or book marks, sales of books if the books were purchased for resale and not for the library’s exempt function of loaning books to patrons, etc.

According to IDOR, examples of non-taxable “sales” are library card fees, debt collection fees, printing and copying fees, penalties and fines, sales of books originally purchased and used by the library for lending to patrons, etc.

Sales by the Friend’s Group – carried on fewer than 31 days in one calendar year

See Sales Tax Bulletin #10 (link provided below)
“Sales of tangible personal property by qualified nonprofit organizations carried on for a total of not more than thirty (30) days in a calendar year and engaged in as a fund raising activity to raise funds to further the qualified nonprofit purposes of the organization are exempt from sales tax”

If a Friends group sells books or other items less than thirty-one days in a calendar year, it is exempt from charging sales tax. Assume that a Friends group is selling tangible personal property inside the library and the estimated length of sales days is less than 31 in the calendar year. If the group was to leave the premises for a lunch break and left a sign instructing a patron to take the merchandise to the library’s check-out desk to make the purchase, the library would not collect sales tax. According to the IDOR, the library would be assisting the nonprofit in the sales of the nonprofit’s merchandise and thus, would not need to collect sales tax.

**Sales by the Friend’s Group - carried on more than 30 days in a calendar year**

See Sales Tax Bulletin #10 (link provided below)

“If an organization conducts sales or fund raising activities during thirty-one (31) or more days in a They also must register as nonprofit organizations. A single application (Form BT-1) is used to register with the Indiana Department of Revenue for sales tax, innkeepers’ tax, and food and beverage tax. A separate application is required for each business location. The nonrefundable application fee for a Retail Merchant’s Certificate is $25. Form BT-1 can be completed online at [https://secure.in.gov/apps/dor/bt1/](https://secure.in.gov/apps/dor/bt1/). Similarly, if the library was assisting the Friends group with its sales, the library also would collect the tax.

**Resources for additional information:**

- **Sales Tax Bulletin #4** Sales to and by Indiana State and Local Governments and the United States Government and Its Agencies [www.in.gov/dor/reference/bulletins/sales/pdf/sib04.pdf](https://www.in.gov/dor/reference/bulletins/sales/pdf/sib04.pdf)
- **Indiana Department of Revenue** (IDOR) [www.in.gov/dor/3325.htm](https://www.in.gov/dor/3325.htm)
  Sales Tax: (317) 233-4015

Please check with IDOR or your library’s attorney if further information is needed.

**Policies and Plans Required by Law**

Included in this chapter are the policies and plans public which library boards must adopt. The Library Development Office has copies of by-laws and policies from other public libraries if you are interested in seeing sample polices. The Library Development Office has also created a template for board by-laws. Also consult Chapter 2, Public Library Standards.
When you develop a new policy or update an old policy, the State Library requests that you email us an electronic copy for the virtual vertical file or the Internet address so that we may create a link to it from the State Library’s Web site.

For examples of policies from Indiana public libraries, go to the following link on the State Library’s Internet site: www.in.gov/library/3290.htm

For examples of plans from Indiana public libraries, go to the following link on the State Library’s Web site: www.in.gov/library/3308.htm

**Policies/plans needed to fulfill the minimum requirements**

**Library Board By-laws**

- Outlines purpose and operational procedures and
- Addresses conflicts of interest issues and nepotism
- Review at least every three (3) years
- Bylaws filed with the Indiana State Library within 60 days of adoption
- Amendments submitted each year with annual report

**Long-Range Plan**

- Covers between three (3) to five (5) years of service
- States community needs and goals
- Contains measurable objectives and service responses
- Assesses facilities, services, technology and operations
- Ongoing annual evaluation process
- Addresses financial resources and sustainability
- Includes plan to collaborate with other libraries and community partners
- Plan filed with the Indiana State Library
- Updates and revisions must be filed with the Indiana State Library

**Technology Plan**

- Covers three (3) years
- Goals and strategy for using telecommunications and information technology
- Contains a professional development strategy
- Assesses telecommunication services, hardware, and software
- Includes an equipment replacement schedule
- Includes a plan for financial resources and sustainability
- Contains an ongoing annual evaluation process
- Includes an automation plan that conforms to national cataloging standards

This plan, covering three years including the eRate budget year, must be approved and on file with the Indiana State Library in order to apply for and receive the eRate discount on Internet
lines. For additional information see Chapter 10 on eRate. You are still required to submit a technology plan even if you do not apply for federal eRate funding.

Standards require the following:

**Collection Development Policy**  
**Principles of Access/**  
**Annual Classification of Employees**  
**Schedules of Salaries**  
**Library policies**  
- **Circulation Policy, Including a Fines and Fees Policy**  
  - See *Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries* 1-3  

**Personnel policy and procedures**

(1) Employment practices, such as:  
  i. Recruitment  
  ii. Selection  
  iii. Appointment  
(2) Personnel actions  
(3) Salary administration  
(4) Employee benefits  
(5) Conditions of work  
(6) Leaves

See *Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries* 8-1 (could be a part of the personnel policy)


**Disaster Recovery Plan for Computer Systems**

*See Accounting & Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries* 5-4

**Internet Acceptable Use Policy**

- IC 36-12-1-12  
  o Must be reviewed annually and  
  o Must address the appropriate use of the Internet or other computer network by library patrons in all areas of the library
For libraries receiving the eRate discount, or LSTA grants, the policy must also be an Internet Safety Policy and after providing reasonable notice and holding at least one public meeting, the library must approve a policy that addresses the following:

- access by minors to inappropriate content on the Internet and World Wide Web
- the safety and security of minors when using electronic mail, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communications
- unauthorized access, including hacking, and other unlawful activities by minors online
- unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personal identification information regarding minors
- measures designed to restrict minors’ access to materials harmful to minors

Children’s Internet Protection Act (CIPA) and Neighborhood Children’s Internet Protection Act (N-CIPA) (PL 106-554)

**Investment Policy**

IC 5-13-7-7, see *Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries* 9-14

**Purchasing Policy**

IC 5-22-3-3, see *Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries* (Small Purchase Policy-under $50,000) 10-7

**Records Excepted from Disclosure Policy**

IC 5-14-3-4, see *Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries* 6-4 and

**Moving and Interview Expense Policy (If the library will pay such expenses)**

IC 36-12-2-24(c), see *Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries* 8-4 (Could be a part of the Personnel policy)

**Travel Policy (If the library will pay such expenses)** See *Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries* 8-3 (Can be part of Personnel policy)
Personnel Policies Checklist (Possible topics to cover)

For examples of policies and procedures see the Indiana State Personnel Department webpage [www.in.gov/spd/2393.htm](http://www.in.gov/spd/2393.htm).

See also “Chapter 10 Employment Practices, Workers Rights” in this Manual.

1. **Employment-At-Will Disclaimer**
2. **Job Classifications:** full-time and part-time status
3. **Orientation/Trial Period**
4. **Equal Employment Opportunity Statement**
5. **Sexual Harassment Policies**
6. **Work Rules and Disciplinary Policy and Procedures** — common items may be:
   - excessive absences, tardiness, or early leaves
   - use, possession, actual or intended distribution or being under the influence of drugs, controlled substances, or alcohol
   - insubordination
   - refusal to cooperate with investigation
   - falsification of library records, including the employment application
   - negligent or unauthorized use of library equipment
   - harassment, physical or verbal abuse of employees, patrons, or visitors
   - gambling during working hours
   - theft or unauthorized use or possession of library property or another person’s property
   - soliciting or seeking support or contributions during working time for any cause or organization without management approval
   - violation of safety rules or common safety practices
   - failure to make a prompt report of any accident on library property
   - inattention to the job or poor job performance
   - failure to observe library working hours and schedules, including scheduled overtime
   - disclosure of confidential information to unauthorized persons
7. **Hours of Work, Layoff/Recall**
8. **Military Leave**
9. **Jury Service**
10. **Bereavement Leave**
11. **Attendance Policy**
12. **Vacation**
13. Holidays
14. Personal Days
15. Sick Days
16. Union-Free Workplace Statement
   Open Door Statement (do not restrict employees from communicating with members of
   management other than their immediate supervisors)
17. Bulletin Boards — fosters communication between employees
18. Substance Abuse Policy
19. Family and Medical Leave Act Policies
20. Smoking — prohibited in facility and within 8 feet of public entrances
21. Dress Code
22. References — prevents employer from releasing references that will cause it to be held liable
   for defamation
23. Promotion/Transfer/Job Openings
24. Timekeeping Requirements
25. Health Insurance, Health Savings Accounts, Disability Benefits Programs, Deferred
   Compensation, and InPRS (formerly PERF)
26. Confidential Information
27. Personal Belongings
28. Employment of Relatives
29. Safety and Health
30. Inclement Weather/Emergencies
31. Telephone (for customer satisfaction and customer and staff personal calls)
32. Internet/E-mail
33. Employee Examination of Personnel Files — employer must provide employee access to
   his/her personnel file; documents should not be removed.
34. Termination of Employment
35. Receipt/Acknowledgement — helps to ensure that the employee has read the handbook
Manuals and Publications:  
Management Necessities for Public Libraries

1. Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries  
   Reissued 2010, revised yearly, (often referred to as “Budget Manual”), request copies from  
   State Board of Accounts: 1-317-232-2521. This manual is now on the Internet and can be  
   downloaded: www.in.gov/sboa/2404.htm  
   You can then search the manual using the “find” function of your document.

2. Handbook on Indiana’s Public Access Laws  
   The revised edition (updated November 2011) is available online, prepared by the Office of the  
   Attorney General and Office of the Public Access Counselor.  

   www.in.gov/library/3288.htm

4. Indiana Public Library Directory (Updated regularly)  
   www.in.gov/library/pldirectory.htm

5. IN The Public Trust: A Reference Manual for Indiana Public Library Board Members  
   *see the Survival Guide’s Chapter 2 – Library Board Information

6. Library Laws IC 36-12  
   Please consult the online edition of Indiana Library Laws which contains the most current information  
   at the following webpage:  

7. Indiana Administrative Code  
   Please consult the online edition of the Indiana Administrative Code for the most current  
   information  
   www.in.gov/legislative/iac/iac_title?iact=590

   www.in.gov/library/plstats.htm
Chapter 4

INDIANA STATE LIBRARY E-RESOURCES

INSPIRE: www.inspire.in.gov

What is INSPIRE?

INSPIRE is Indiana's Virtual Library. INSPIRE is a collection of academic databases and other information resources that can be accessed by Indiana residents using any computer equipped with an Internet Protocol (IP) address located in Indiana and a Web browser such as Firefox or Internet Explorer.

INSPIRE began in January 1998 as a partnership between the Indiana State Library and the Indiana Cooperative Library Services Authority (INCOLSA), along with a one-time grant from the Lilly Endowment Inc. Today, INSPIRE is funded through a combination of funds from the Indiana General Assembly and LSTA (Library Services and Technology Act) funding in partnership with the Academic Libraries of Indiana. The Indiana State Library administers the program, and provides support for and training on INSPIRE.

What kind of information is available on INSPIRE?

INSPIRE includes following content: magazine and journal articles, websites, pamphlets, images, almanacs, library catalogs, eBooks, sample tests, and more.

Who can access INSPIRE?

INSPIRE is accessible for Indiana residents who have Internet access at school, home, in their library or at their place of business. An Indiana user is identified by their IP address; this is called IP authentication.
How much does INSPIRE cost to use?

INSPIRE is provided at no cost to all residents of Indiana.

Who is paying for INSPIRE?

INSPIRE is a service of the Indiana State Library. INSPIRE is supported by the Indiana General Assembly through Build Indiana Funds, the Institute of Museums and Library Services under the provisions of the Library Services and Technology Act and in partnership with Academic Libraries of Indiana.

What is available on INSPIRE?

INSPIRE is a collection of eBooks, academic databases, online encyclopedias, career resources, and much more. INSPIRE is not only a search engine geared towards students, it has features designed for jobseekers, teachers, health professionals, and dozens of other professional, personal and leisure interests.
WebJunction Indiana

WebJunction Indiana ([IN.WebJunction.org](IN.WebJunction.org)) offers online content to libraries such as courses in everything from basic computer skills to advanced web design and from using the Internet to library management skills. Additionally, in the discussion groups, library staff can go online to communicate and share ideas with other libraries around the world. Library professionals may register today and start taking advantage of WebJunction’s resources and engaging in current discussions.

WebJunction Indiana provides all of the aforementioned standard WebJunction resources along with local content of special interest. The community includes material from the Indiana State Library and other Indiana libraries, plus professional articles and instructional columns from WebJunction contributors. WebJunction Indiana also provides useful tools, such as a statewide calendar of library events, free access to TechAtlas technology planning software, and TechSoup, which offers libraries discounts on computing tools, including hardware and software. In the future, Courses in the WebJunction Indiana catalog meet continuing education requirements for certification.

WebJunction Indiana classes are paid for by the Indiana State Library and made available to Indiana library professionals currently working in a library. A catalog of more than 300 courses is available to WebJunction Indiana members. Additionally, WebJunction offers at least 2 webinars per month on hot topics for libraries around the country and the world.

**LEUs are available to Indiana public library staff based on course duration or course length (NOT CONTACT HOURS*) on an hour for hour basis, .5 hour is rounded up to the hour. If both contact hours and course length/course duration are listed, please use course length to determine the LEUs received.**

To register for TechAtlas and use the professional development, inventories, or technology planning tools, visit [webjunction.techatlas.org/tools/](webjunction.techatlas.org/tools/). Be sure to partner with the Indiana State Library if you’d like to have someone verify that your technology plan is sufficiently meeting requirements before you submit it for approval.
Access Point

www.in.gov/library/accesspoint.htm

AccessPoint is the service provided by the Indiana State Library for providing web sites and email to Indiana libraries who request it. As of August 1, 2013, all AccessPoint sites and email will be migrated to Indiana State Library servers. If you need assistance email the help desk at the following email address: accesspoint@library.IN.gov

To learn more about the program you may visit the program’s website: www.in.gov/library/accesspoint.htm or contact the Professional Development Office (317) 234-5650 or (800) 451-6028 (Indiana only).
Indiana Memory

www.indianamemory.org

Indiana Memory is a web portal, providing access to Indiana’s history and culture as found in digitized books, manuscripts, photographs, newspapers, maps, audio, video and other resources. It is part of a statewide collaborative effort to provide access to the wealth of primary sources found in Indiana libraries, archives, museums, and other cultural institutions. Guidelines for digital imaging projects based on national standards have been created and are available to organizations digitizing collection items on the Indiana Memory website.

The Indiana Memory web interface provides multiple access points to the digital collections. The user has the ability to search across all collections, just one collection, or select the collections that are of interest. A selection of pre-determined subject searches is also available on the home page. Because the initial searches are done from the indexed metadata, results are quickly available.

A public library may participate in Indiana Memory in a number of ways.

1. The easiest way is for the library to use CONTENTdm for their digital collections. After obtaining permission from the host library, the Indiana State Library will harvest the metadata and the thumbnail images.

2. If a public library receives a LSTA digitization grant from the Indiana State Library, the resulting digital collection will automatically be included in Indiana Memory. ISL provides free access to the ISL server and its statewide CONTENTdm license for these projects.

3. Public libraries can apply to use ISL CONTENTdm license for their digital project by completing the project application available on the website (www.in.gov/library/indianamemory.htm)

4. If the library is using a different collection management software program to provide online access to its digital images, it can supply the Indiana Memory program with display images and a tab-delimited text file containing metadata.
5. The Indiana State Library will also make its statewide license available to those libraries requesting to use our Mobile Scanning Units. The Mobile Scanning Unit, which includes a laptop computer, scanner and appropriate software, is available for an eight-week loan to local organizations. The State Library will also supply training in scanning and metadata creation along with the equipment at no cost.

In all of the above cases, the digital collection must meet the provisions of the Indiana Memory collection development policy and the standards set by the Scanning and Metadata Guidelines. Libraries are strongly encouraged to discuss their digitization projects with the State Library before they begin the actual scanning.

Indiana Memory is constantly evolving and adding new collections. For more information about the web portal and how to participate, contact Connie Rendfeld (crendfeld@library.in.gov) or call (317) 232-3694.

The Indiana Memory program is part of a statewide digitization program funded by a Library Service and Technology Act (LSTA) grant.
This statewide collaborative database brings together Indiana-related local history and vital records from Indiana’s public libraries, historical societies, genealogy societies, and related agencies. The goal of the project is to allow genealogy and local history researchers to quickly and efficiently locate vital records and local history information from one centralized online location.

The Web-based VINE does not require downloadable software to access the database. This enables libraries and related organizations to search records from any computer with Internet access. The database is searchable by county, event, or general surname. These records are available to the public at no charge and include a host of records such as: anniversary, birth, biography, cemetery, census, church, death, marriage, military, mortality, naturalization, obituary, and school records.

If you would like to join the VINE, go to www.vine.in.gov, click on the “Library Login” button in the upper right hand corner of the page. On the next page, click on the “Join VINE” button in the upper right hand corner, complete the online registration form, and click the “Add Organization” button. A username and password will be sent to the primary contact's email address. If you have records in an electronic format and would like to have them added to the VINE, save your data in Access, or Excel 97, burn to a CD ROM, and send to the project coordinator. If you are unable to save your information in either of these formats we will work with you on an individual basis.

Online video presentations are available on the VINE website at www.vine.in.gov. The videos provide a project overview, helpful information and tutorials. The Library’s IT staff is also available and can handle all issues concerning the VINE except the data entry of new records. For any questions or comments regarding the VINE, please contact Lisa Meadows, Vine Project Coordinator, by phone at (317) 232-3720 or by email at vine@statelib.lib.in.us.
Library Listservs

www.in.gov/library/listservs.htm

All Indiana Library Professionals       INlibraries@lists.IN.gov

The INlibraries listserv is for all types of Indiana libraries – academic, institutional, public, school, and special. Rather than focus on particular specializations in librarianship, the purpose of this listserv is to create a forum to discuss information, issues, services, and opportunities that affect every librarian statewide.

Public Library Professionals       inpublib@lists.IN.gov

Indiana librarians can ask about other libraries' policies, programs, if a type of equipment is good or bad, offer library items for sale or free. The list of possibilities is endless. If you ask a question, there will probably be someone who can answer it or has had the same experience.

Library Marketing & PR Professionals       LibraryPR@lists.IN.gov

LibraryPR is an open discussion list dedicated to library professionals who specialize in public relations, communications, marketing and outreach at their library. The LibraryPR listserv will give marketing professionals the opportunity to share ideas, resources, and strategies for increasing public awareness of libraries programs and services, offer best practices and success stories, receive updates on regional and statewide partnership opportunities and outreach initiatives, and learn more about upcoming marketing workshops and professional development opportunities.

Children's Librarians       inchildprog@lists.IN.gov

Indiana librarians can share successful children's programming ideas, list upcoming events for their libraries, coordinate speaker sharing, borrow & exchange resources, an discuss program flops.

Teen/Young Adult Librarians       yappers@lists.IN.gov

YAPPERS is for librarians who serve teens and young adults. The list is a forum for exchanging ideas and dealing with issues that relate to service for those patrons between ages 12 and 18.
**Trustees**

trustees@lists.IN.gov

Indiana trustees can ask about other library policies, learn about trustee training programs, or find out about a library building project. Ask any question. Chances are there will be someone to answer that has had a similar experience.

**eResources**

eresources@lists.IN.gov

Discuss current issues and developments regarding eReaders, eBooks and other emerging digital content. This list examines best practices for the use of eResources and how digital content is made available statewide.

**To subscribe to any of the listservs visit:** [www.in.gov/library/listservs.htm](http://www.in.gov/library/listservs.htm)
Indiana libraries are LYRASIS Group Member Affiliates and can participate in the benefits of LYRASIS membership at no cost to the libraries by virtue of Indiana State Library’s partnership and status as a LYRASIS Group Member. Indiana Group Member Affiliates, including public libraries, will continue to have access to LYRASIS library products and databases, training, and consulting services at LYRASIS member rates. More specifically, these membership benefits include:

- **DISCOUNTED PRICING** - Proving the power of group buying, LYRASIS offers members discounts on hundreds of products and services—electronic information resources, hardware, software, library management tools, and library supplies—from more than 100 vendors. Through LYRASIS membership, for example, Indiana State Library and its Group Member Affiliates will continue to have access to an exclusive Baker and Taylor discount program as well as a subscription to a NetLibrary Shared eBook Collection.

- **PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT SERVICES** - Through a special partnership with the Indiana State Library, Indiana library and information professionals can take any of hundreds of prepaid live online courses from LYRASIS. These courses normally cost between $120 and $220, but are available at no cost to libraries across the state. LYRASIS distance education courses are taught by professional instructors on a wide range of current library topics, including Metadata and Cataloging, Digitization and Preservation, Technology Trends and Applications, Reference and Resource Sharing, and many more. In addition to the special partnership for online distance learning, Indiana Group Member Affiliates can also register and pay for on-site and customized training sessions at member rates. To view all LYRASIS classes, visit [www.lyrasis.org/Classes-and-Events.aspx](http://www.lyrasis.org/Classes-and-Events.aspx).

- **CONSULTING SERVICES** - Advice on a variety of topics is provided by well-qualified LYRASIS staff and outside experts in the library field via LYRASIS’ Consulting Services. The LYRASIS Strategic Planning Toolkit can also be purchased by Indiana Group Member Affiliates.

- **TECHNOLOGY** - Keeping up with technology is an important task in today’s libraries. One of LYRASIS’ technology-related services provides access to a combined online test bed for emerging technologies. From sampling a wide array of open source software to exploring...
selected commercial applications, members can track trends and emerging standards in the world of information content. Assistance in planning, installing, and troubleshooting hardware and software is also offered through TechSquad.

- **PRESERVATION SERVICES** - LYRASIS provides comprehensive preservation services, including disaster preparedness and resources, training in preservation techniques, consulting, and grant writing for preservation projects.

- **DIGITAL SERVICES** - From classes on digitization, to consulting services, to discounts on digital services products, to the Mass Digitization Collaborative, a grant-subsidized digitization initiative, LYRASIS’ Digital Services offers a full range of support to help members develop and maintain digital collections and services in their libraries and organizations.

- **COMMUNICATION** - LYRASIS communicates with the membership through a variety of communication tools, including an information-packed website. Support is available via phone, fax, a Help Desk, and Live Chat.

- **MY LYRASIS** - My LYRASIS is a 24/7 service providing members the convenience of "one-stop shopping", monitor purchases and payments of services, maintain contact information, register for workshops, and post job openings.

For further information regarding any of the services mentioned here or to explore the many other services available from Lyrasis, the Indiana State Library and Group Affiliate Members can contact:

**Eric Zino** ([eric.zino@lyrasis.org](mailto:eric.zino@lyrasis.org))
Member Products and Services Consultant for the state of Indiana

**John Yorio** ([john.yorio@lyrasis.org](mailto:john.yorio@lyrasis.org))
LYRASIS’ Regional Support Specialists.
Chapter 5

Indiana Public Library Certification Manual

Produced by the Indiana State Library, Professional Development Office
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Librarian Certification

Looking Back and Moving Forward

Librarian certification has been a state requirement for decades. In 2006, the State Library re-examined the administrative rule and began a discussion about bringing certification into compliance with the Indiana Code. In early 2007, the State Library held seven town hall meetings across Indiana. It formed a certification task force in the Spring of 2007 which worked throughout the year to develop a recommended rule that was unanimously approved at the final meeting in November 2007. The Indiana State Library then held informational meetings across the state to discuss the taskforce recommendation in December 2007, and continued to attend meetings in the spring of 2008 to inform the public libraries of the proposal of the taskforce. Following these meetings, the Indiana Library and Historical Board held a public hearing and a separate meeting to vote on the rule in May of 2008. These rules were adopted unanimously by the Board. Participants in all meetings overwhelmingly wanted a meaningful librarian certification program.

Current Law States:

IC 36-12-11-6 - Certification requirements
Sec. 6. All library directors, library department or branch heads, and professional assistants, except those who are employed at school libraries or libraries of educational institutions, must hold a certificate under section 7 of this chapter.

Who should be certified?

- Public library directors, branch heads, department heads, and professional assistants
- Other staff in the library have an option to be certified through the specialist program should they desire to or a local unit requires certification

How these job classifications are defined (IC 36-12-11-6 and 590 IAC 5-1-9)?

- **Director:**
  There is one Library Director per Library system. Associate directors are considered Department Heads. The Director will need to complete 100 Library Education Units (LEUs) in each 5-year renewal cycle

- **Branch or Department Head:**
  Branch or Department Heads who are required to be certified, based on their duties, will be required to complete 75 LEUs in each 5-year renewal cycle. A branch or department head that devotes more than half of his or her time to work that requires:
  - knowledge of professional library practice, development and management of collections and of technical library processes
  - the ability to deal with people in a professional capacity as distinguished from clerical
  - includes but not limited to staff classified as librarians, paraprofessionals, catalogers, reference assistants, and program coordinators

Branch or Department heads that do not devote more than half of his or her time to the above work may choose to be certified as a specialist.
• Professional Assistant Defined (590 IAC 5-1-13):
  Includes positions in which the person devotes more than half his or her time to work that requires:
  o knowledge of professional library practice, development and management of collections and of technical library processes
  o the ability to deal with people in a professional capacity as distinguished from clerical
  o includes but not limited to staff classified as librarians, paraprofessionals, catalogers, reference assistants, and program coordinators

Who will not be required to be certified?
• Pages
• Clerks
• Marketing staff
• Business office staff
• Computer staff
• Maintenance workers
• Volunteers

How Is It Structured?
• A three-tiered certification process, structured in this way:
  o Libraries serving a population of 40,000 or more (A)
  o Libraries serving a population of between 10,000 to 39,999 (B)
  o Libraries serving a population of less than 10,000 (C)

Librarian Certification Levels
• Librarian Certificate 1 (LC1) - ALA-accredited MLS degree (or equivalent) with 10 years professional library experience (or 6 years professional experience including 3 years supervisory experience*)
• Librarian Certificate 2 (LC2) - ALA-accredited MLS degree (or equivalent) with 3 years professional library experience
• Librarian Certificate 3 (LC3) - ALA-accredited MLS degree (or equivalent)
• Librarian Certificate 4 (LC4) - Bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university, including 15 semester hours of required library science courses (590 IAC 5-1-8)
  • Selection and evaluation of materials;
  • Cataloging and organization of materials;
  • Public library administration;
  • Reference and information sources; and
  • Children’s Materials
• Librarian Certificate 5 (LC5) - 60 hours of college or associate's degree plus 9 semester hours of required library science courses (590 IAC 5-1-8)
  • Selection and evaluation of materials;
  • Public library administration; and
  • Reference and information sources
• Librarian Certificate 6 (LC6) - High school diploma or GED with 5 years of library experience or 9 semester hours of required library science courses. (590 IAC 5-1-8)

*supervisory experience – supervising 2 or more MLS librarians
Specialist Certification Levels (Voluntary)

Specialist 1, 2, and 3 will need to complete 100 Library Education Units (LEUs) in each 5-year renewal cycle

- **Specialist 1** - Accredited Master’s degree with 10 years professional experience in subject field (or 6 years of supervisory experience in subject field including 3 years of supervisory experience)
- **Specialist 2** - Accredited Master’s degree with 3 years professional experience in subject field
- **Specialist 3** - Accredited Master’s degree
- **Specialist 4** - Bachelor’s degree from an accredited college or university, including 15 semester hours in subject field
- **Specialist 5** - 60 hours of college or associate’s degree plus 9 semester hours in subject field

Terms for Certification

- Certification will be renewable every five years.
- Library staff, required to be certified and working on July 1, 2008, were grandfathered at their present job level and within their library district.
- Part-time employees in positions requiring certification need to be certified.

Certification Fees

- $50 fee per 5 year certificate upon application or renewal (Initial fee waived for those who were grandfathered in on July 1, 2008)
- Temporary certificates of a one year term are $10. (Limit of 3)

New Staff

- Newly hired staff that requires certification will have six months to become certified.
- Individuals unable to meet the certification requirements for their new position may apply for a one year temporary certification.
- Individuals may apply for up to 3 one-year temporary certifications as they work towards becoming certified.

Grandfathered Employees Who Change Library Systems or Position/Job Classification

- Must re-apply for certification within 6 months of their new start date
- Must meet current certification requirements for their new position or be able to meet those requirements within the span of 3 temporary licenses

Continuing Education as defined in 590 IAC 5-3-4 (Section 3):

Library education units (LEUs):

(a) Library education providers are certified by the Indiana Library and Historical Board, including certified trainers in library-related or specialist subjects of importance to library operations.
(b) College or university courses (credit and not for credit -1 semester hour =15 LEUs).
(c) Local, state and national library association or specialist-subject related conferences (1 hour=1 LEU),
(d) Workshops, seminars, institutes, lectures, training by certified trainers (1 hour=1 LEU).
(e) The Indiana State Library will consider other library education providers on a case by case basis.

Library Education Units and Renewal*

- Renewal for a director will require the completion of one hundred (100) library education units in 5 (five) years. Ten (10) hours of LEUs will be computer or technology related.
Renewal for a department or branch head will require seventy-five (75) library education units in five (5) years. Ten (10) hours of LEUs will be computer or technology related.

Renewal for a professional assistant who is not a department or branch head will require fifty (50) library education units in five (5) years. Ten (10) hours of LEUs will be computer or technology related.

Renewal for Specialist 1, 2, 3 will require the completion of one hundred (100) library education units in five (5) years. Ten (10) hours of LEUs will be computer or technology related.

Renewal for Specialist 4 and 5 will require the completion of seventy-five (75) library education units in five (5) years. Ten (10) hours of LEUs will be computer or technology related.

One hour of class time = 1 LEU

*It is the individual’s responsibility to keep track of their own LEUs. Neither the Indiana State Library nor the continuing education provider is responsible for keeping records of each applicant’s courses.

**Continuing Education Opportunities**

- A list of approved LEU providers is available on the State Library’s certification website at in.webjunction.org/667/-/articles/content/4080024. Classes and Workshops sponsored by the Indiana Library Federation, OCLC Regional Service Providers, the Indiana State Library, WebJunction Indiana, Ivy Tech Community College, and the Schools of Library and Information Science are generally approved trainings.

- Roundtables and committee work of organizations are not considered eligible for LEUs.

- See Chapters 3 and 4 of this manual for more information

**Chapter 5-2**

**New Certification Process for Librarians and Upgrading Certification Level**

Librarians who are statutorily obligated to be certified and have not been grandfathered in (i.e. new library directors, branch heads, department heads and professional assistants) will need to complete an application and remit the fee to the Indiana State Library. Applications can be obtained by download from the State Library’s certification website at in.webjunction.org/667/-/articles/content/4079938, contacting our office at pdo@library.in.gov or by calling 317-234-5650 or 1-800-451-6028, and an application will be mailed to you.

The fee is $50.00 for a five year certificate and $10.00 for a temporary and will need to be sent via a personal check or money order along with the application and a certified copy of your school transcripts to the address below. Transcripts must arrive from the school in unopened sealed envelopes. In order to guarantee their authenticity, the envelopes should have the institution’s Registrar’s seal stamped across the back. Please keep your contact information current as it is used to send your renewal notice along with any updates regarding continuing education. Staff who are grandfathered are NOT required to pay the $50.00 fee until a new certificate is issued due to a change in certificate level, library district, or upon certification renewal in 5 years. Note: The information on your application is public as is the status of your certification; however your personal information will not be published.

Professional Development Office
140 North Senate Avenue
Indianapolis, IN 46204

**Upgrading Certifications**

If you are upgrading the level of your certificate you will need to follow the same procedures as above (excluding school transcripts). If the Indiana State Library has current school transcripts on file they will not need to send those again.
When you upgrade certificate level, your previous certificate will be void along with the expiration date. The new expiration date will coincide with the new certificate. Please keep in mind that library education units will not transfer to another certificate level. For example, if you are grandfathered in at a librarian certificate 2 (LC2) and in three years you are eligible and apply for a librarian certificate 1 (LC1) you will not be able to carry the LEUs you have completed to the new certificate. The certificate cycle would start with the new certificate and you would have five years to complete the library education units.
Chapter 5-3

Renewal Certification Process for Librarians/Specialists

The renewal date will be based on the month in which you obtain your certification. Renewal cycles will be on a quarterly schedule. The quarter in which you renew would be based on the month in which the certificate was received.

- January through March would renew no later than March 31st of the fifth year certificate was held.
- April through June would renew no later than June 30th of the fifth year certificate was held.
- July through September would renew no later than September 30th of the fifth year certificate was held.
- October through December would renew no later than December 31st of the fifth year certificate was held.

On July 1, 2008, staff employed by a library in a position that required certification were grandfathered at their library district and at their current level.

Those who have been grandfathered will need to renew by no later than September 30, 2013.

The Indiana State Library will send out a renewal reminder to the address we have on file sixty (60) days prior to the renewal deadline. A certificate holder will have the option of renewing using an automated system through an online process utilizing the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency, renewing through mail, or in person at the Indiana State Library. Renewal will include:

1. Certification that the applicant has completed the correct number of Library Education Units (LEUs) for renewal. *(Please note that if you change positions during a renewal cycle but do NOT change certification levels you will need to complete the number of hours associated with the job title you held the majority of the time.)*
   a. Professional Assistants need to have completed 50 hours of approved educational units, including 10 hours of technology related training
   b. Branch/Department heads need to have complete 75 hours of approved library education units, including 10 hours of technology related training.
   c. Library Directors need to have completed 100 hours of approved library education units, including 10 hours of technology related training.
2. Submit the $50 renewal fee

The Indiana State Library will audit a percentage of each renewal cycle at random to ensure that LEUs have been completed. The individuals who are audited will receive a letter in the mail, notifying them that they are being audited. The applicant would then have an additional 60 days to send in proof of LEUs to the Indiana State Library. It is very important that to keep personal records of the LEUs taken. The Indiana State Library strongly advises that each certified librarian create a file in order to keep track of the classes taken and the number of hours received. There will not be any “roll-over” LEUs. If an applicant completes more hours than required, the additional hours will not count toward the next renewal cycle.

Please keep all proof of the LEUs for ninety days (90) after receipt of certification renewal.
Chapter 5-4

Library Education Unit Providers

In addition to the workshops, conferences, and courses offered by the Indiana State Library, the Indiana Library and Historical Board recognizes other library training course providers as appropriate providers to offer opportunities to earn Library Education Units. These include, but are not limited to, the American Library Association conferences, Indiana Library Federation conferences, OCLC Regional Service Providers workshops for library staff, Indiana University School of Library and Information Science courses, IVY Tech Library Technical Assistant courses, and WebJunction Indiana courses.

A list will be provided at in.webjunction.org/667/-/articles/content/4080024 and will continue to be updated as more courses and providers are approved.

An application to provide Library Education Units is available on the WebJunction Indiana Certification webpage at in.webjunction.org/667/-/articles/content/4080024. Please note the following information must be provided:

- Provider organization
- Trainer(s) names and related experience
- Agendas of library related courses or workshops
- Approximate time (in hours) to complete the course or workshop

The Indiana State Library will review the applications to become LEU provider. If approved, the named provider and trainer will be eligible to offer LEU opportunities to Indiana library staff. The course, as it is submitted, is approved for a period of two years as long as the agenda, objectives, content, and instructors remain the same. A change to even one of those aspects requires re-submission for approval. LEUs are awarded on an hour for hour basis, rounded up at the half hour.

It is the responsibility of the provider to provide proof of attendance to Indiana library staff. Proof of attendance must verify provider name, course name, date of course, length of course, general or technology, and attendee’s name. The Indiana State Library will provide a template to the provider upon request.

Libraries that will be participating in a training opportunity from a source that is not an approved provider may send that information to the Indiana State Library Professional Development Office (pdo@library.in.gov) at least 30 days prior to the training. Trainings that have not been pre-approved by ISL are not eligible for LEUs and any certificates participants receive from unapproved trainings will not be honored. If library staff finds workshops that interest them, they should contact PDO to confirm if the session is approved or eligible.

Technology Classes

Technology classes that must account for 10 hours of LEUs for every certified librarian every 5 years may include trainings on specific programs libraries use, such as ILLiad, training on an Integrated Library System; and web development courses, INSPIRE training, etc. Additional topics may be acceptable. Please verify any topics with the Indiana State Library staff.

College Courses

Library Science courses from an accredited college or university are preapproved. LEUs will be awarded 15 LEUs per college credit (3 Credit Hour college course will be worth 45 LEUs). Official transcripts from the school will serve as proof of LEUs.

All other college courses will need to be preapproved.

Course approval criteria
The Indiana State Library uses the following criteria when approving courses/workshops for Library Education Units. The course or workshop:

1. Must provide the participants with knowledge of professional library practice, collections and of technical library processes;
2. Must provide the participants with ability to deal with people and organizations in a professional capacity as distinguished from clerical; and
3. Can include, but is not limited to, topics such as reference, cataloging, digitization, management, finance, computer software and hardware, and web development.
4. LEUs will be awarded for Technology for those courses/workshops that teach a specific computer software (e.g. Microsoft Office, SirsiDynix Symphony, Online databases, etc.), or hardware
5. Course and workshops that instruct employees on individual library policies, procedures, and benefits (e.g. How to fill out library forms, Time Management software, and Open Enrollment) are not skills that further the profession of librarianship, but assist the individual to function in a particular organization, and therefore do not count for LEUs.
Chapter 5-5
Certification Frequently Asked Questions and Answers

Certification level versus job function

Question: If I’m a professional assistant, can I be certified at a higher level if I meet the education and experience requirements?

Individual certification is issued on the basis of education and experience, not on job function. The rule provides guidance for the lowest certification level required for a particular job function. It does not dictate the certification level that a person holding a particular job function can be awarded, only the lowest level that must be achieved by an individual.

Library Education Units (LEUs)

Question: What kinds of continuing education courses are accepted?

- Accredited college and university courses (a 3 semester hour course over 15 weeks = 45 LEUs);
- OCLC Network classes, Indiana Library Federation conferences, Indiana State Library workshops and presentations by Professional Development Office staff (1 hour = 1 LEU);
- American Library Association and other library organization conferences (1 hour = 1 LEU);
- Professional conferences or workshops related to a specialist’s job (1 hour = 1 LEU);
- Workshops and seminars relating to library services (1 hour = 1 LEU);
- Presentations by approved library trainers (1 hour = 1 LEU).

Question: What is the process of approving LEUS from providers not on the list?

The Indiana State Library has an application for the provider and/or the trainer to complete prior to the event for Indiana State Library to evaluate and then either approve or disapprove of the program for LEU credit. Informal education (regional meetings with an educational component, library trainer presentations) would need to be approved by the Indiana State Library prior to the event in order for LEUs to be approved.

Question: How will the LEUs be verified?

The Indiana State Library will audit a random percentage of each renewal cycle to ensure that LEUs have been completed. The individuals who are audited will receive a letter in the mail, notifying them, that they are being audited. The applicant would then have an additional 60 days to send in proof of LEUs to the Indiana State Library. It is very important that for each individual to keep records of the LEUs taken. The Indiana State Library strongly advises that you create a file in order to keep track of the classes taken and the number of hours received. There will not be any “roll-over” LEUs. If you complete more hours than required, the additional hours will not count toward the next renewal cycle. If you have not been audited, you may choose to dispose of the proof of the LEUs ninety days (90) after you receive your renewal.

Question: Are there any specific continuing education requirements?

All staff requiring certification must complete ten (10) hours of computer/technology LEUs in each five year renewal cycle. Otherwise, LEUs are at the discretion of the employee, library board, and administration. In each five year renewal period, library directors will be required to complete 100 LEUs, branch heads and department heads 75, and professional assistants 50. Safety training, (CPR, first aid, etc.), while valuable in a public facility, do not directly relate to library service, and would not be considered for LEUs. If you have any question, please consult with the Indiana State Library certification staff.
Question: Is there a database of continuing education providers?
The Indiana State Library posts and regularly updates the WebJunction Indiana website to list authorized trainers and education providers.

Question: If I don’t currently work for a library, but I want to be certified, how many LEUs do I have to complete every 5 years to remain certified?
The number of LEUs for those not currently employed is determined by the position the person could hold. Therefore if someone has the qualifications to hold a Librarian Certificate 1, but not currently working in a library, s/he would be eligible to be employed as a director in a Class A library, and would therefore need to complete 100 hours of LEUs over 5 years to keep the certification current. A person with a high school diploma and 9 semester hours of library science courses or 5 years of library science experience (Librarian Certificate 6), but not currently working for a library would be qualified to be a Branch or Department Head at a Class C library, and would therefore need to complete 75 hours of LEUs over 5 years to keep his/her certification current.

Question: Will Spanish courses count as LEUs? What about roundtable discussion or tours of other libraries?
No. While Spanish, or any number of foreign languages, could be appropriate for assisting diverse populations throughout Indiana, it is not directly related to library service. Tours and round tables do not offer specific objectives that can be applied uniformly for the profession.

Question: What kinds of sessions count at conferences?
Presentations at conferences, including keynote speeches and author talks, count on an hour for hour basis. Attendees of sessions in which professional skills are developed, for example readers’ advisory, expanded knowledge of literary works, and trends in librarianships may earn LEUs on an hour for hour basis.

Meetings, registrations, autograph sessions, social events, and time spent at vendor booths are not eligible for LEUs.

Question: What are the guidelines for approved LEU courses?
1. knowledge of professional library practice, collections and of technical library processes;
2. ability to deal with people and organizations in a professional capacity as distinguished from clerical; and
3. includes, but not limited to, courses in reference, cataloging, digitization, management, finance, computer software and hardware, and web development.

Question: Can I get LEUs for a course that I teach?
There is no mechanism for instructors to earn LEUs for the courses/workshops they offer. Those instructors can be certified instructors and the staff who attend can earn LEUs for attending.

Consequences of non-compliance with certification

Question: Under proposed rule changes, what are the consequences for not meeting certification requirements? Will all "public monies" be withheld? What is the definition of public monies (state? federal? local?)
The term "public monies" does not appear anywhere in the administrative rule. "Public funds" is used in a section defining what types of libraries are required to follow the certification requirements - 590-IAC-4-1-5, those receiving public funds. Public funds include federal, state, and local tax revenues. The State Library’s practice has been to treat failure to comply with certification requirements as a failure to comply with standards. Libraries not meeting standards have generally been ineligible to receive State and federal funding and programs.
Cost

Question: How much does certification cost?
The 5 year certificate costs $50.00 for a five year certificate. Grandfathered applicants will have this fee waived but are required to pay the $50.00 upon renewal or if a change in position or library district occurs.

Question: How much does temporary certification cost?
A temporary certificate, valid for 1 year, costs $10. Up to 3 temporary certificates may be issued. Once three certificates are purchased then client is ineligible for 4th temporary and is out of compliance. Therefore the library does not meet standards for certified staff.

Question: What forms of payment does the Indiana State Library accept for certification?
The certification fee, either temporary or for 5 years, must be paid from the applicant’s personal funds. A library district may choose to increase the applicant’s salary in order to cover the cost of the required certificate (amounting to less than $0.20 per week).

Question: How much does continuing education cost?
Continuing education costs will vary. There are free courses offered directly by the Indiana State Library and through WebJunction Indiana. The Indiana Library Federation (ILF) and Indiana’s OCLC network also offer low cost educational opportunities. Some ILF conferences offer scholarships, with varying requirements. There may be tax advantages when paying for continuing education, including college and university courses; consult a tax professional. There are many opportunities for education through the Internet and distance education, allowing for little or no travel.

Question: Can my library pay for continuing education?
Your library board may be able to pay for continuing education, either in full or in part. In accordance with state regulations, college and university class tuition, if library funds are made available, should be reimbursed only after successful completion of the course, not paid by the library in advance. The library’s Friends group or Foundation may pay for all or a portion of continuing education costs.

Effective dates

Question: When did the previous certification rule expire?
It expired December 31, 2007

Question: When did the new certification rule become effective?
July 1, 2008

Experience

Question: Does library experience completed before earning a B.A. or MLS count towards the experience requirement?
Yes, library experience completed before earning a B.A. or MLS counts towards the experience requirement on a year for year basis.
Grandfathering

**Question: What does that term mean?**

Grandfathered librarian certification is defined as those staff who were employed in positions that require certification on July 1, 2008, who did not need to meet the new education and experience requirements for certification and will remain grandfathered as long as they remain with the same library district and at the same job level.

Grandfathered librarians are required to meet the number of library education units (LEUs) established for their position in order to meet standards. A library director, employed as such before July 1, 2008 must have met the previous certification requirements to be considered grandfathered or must meet the new requirement. If the library director could not meet certification requirements in 2007 and cannot meet them in 2008, the library would not be in compliance with standards until the library director does meet certification requirements.

**Question: Why the difference between library director and library employee?**

Library director certification pre-dates the changes in certification and was required prior to 2008. It has been tied to public library standards for many years.

**Question: May I apply as a new applicant even though I was grandfathered in?**

Yes, a librarian whom had been grandfathered may submit an application, $50, and school transcripts and apply for a new certificate. The new certificate would not be considered a "grandfathered" certificate, would not be tied to a particular position in a particular library and could therefore be transported to different positions and libraries.

When an applicant receives a new certificate, a new 5 year cycle starts. The applicant would begin to accumulate LEUs from the date of issue of the newest certificate.

Merger

**Question: What effect would a merger of two or more library districts have on current staff certification levels?**

If a current grandfathered staff member leaves the newly created library district for a position in another library district, that person would have to meet certification requirements. (The temporary process by which that person could be hired before meeting new requirements provides 3½ years to gain the education/experience needed).

A merger would have no effect upon the certification of grandfathered staff remaining in similar or organizationally lower positions before and after a merger.

New hires

**Question: How do new hires become certified?**

Staff hired after the effective date of the certification rule on July 1, 2008 will become certified by applying through the State Library process, which includes paying $50.00 from their personal funds, submitting a certified copy of their school transcripts, and completing the application.

**Question: What if a new hire does not have the required education/experience for the certification level required by their position?**
There is a temporary certification process, to allow the person to obtain the required education/experience. The first temporary certificate needs to be applied for within six months of being hired and is valid for 12 months, at a cost of $10. If a second or third temporary is needed, it needs to be applied for at a cost of $10 and will be valid for 12 months. The temporary certificates thus covers 3 ½ years for a cost of $30. The five year certificate is applied for when the applicant fully meets the certification requirements, at a cost of $50.

**Part time staff certification**

**Question:** Are part time staff required to become certified?

The certification task force recommended that part time staff be certified. The law does not allow for exception according to the number of hours worked. Part time employees are expected to be as qualified as full time employees in order to provide the best possible service to patrons.

**Population categories**

**Question:** How were the population ranges set as Class A, 40,000 and up; Class B, 10,000 to 39,999; and Class C, under 10,000?

The three categories of libraries as defined in the certification rule are based upon the current requirement to participate in ADOLPLI (40,000 and up), and state law, which requires the minimum population size to establish a new library district in Indiana as 10,000.

**Positions requiring certification**

**Question:** Who must be certified?

According to Indiana Code 36-12-11-6: All library directors, library department or branch heads, and professional assistants, except those who are employed at school libraries or libraries of educational institutions, must hold a certificate under section 7 of this chapter.

**Question:** What about people with an MLS who are not dept. heads? On the chart I don't see any LEU requirements listed for them?

Anyone who is not a library director, branch head, or department head and holds a job which requires certification would be a professional assistant and would be required to be certified and to achieve 50 hours of LEUs, whatever their certification level. Certification level and job function may be two different things.

**Question:** Are department heads of business offices, IT and facilities be required to be certified?

Department heads not classified as librarians may, if desired, be certified either as Librarian, or Specialist, whichever their education, experience and job dictates. Computer staff and Local History/Genealogy staff are examples of staff who perform vital services but whose education and experience are often of a specialist, not librarian, nature.

**Question:** Could a percentage of staff be certified, instead of all?

State law does not allow for a percentage of staff.

**Promotion**

**Question:** What if I am promoted to a position which requires more LEUs than my previous position?

You need to complete the amount of LEUs associated with the job you held the majority of the 5 year renewal cycle.
Substitute certification

Question: We use substitute employees on occasion. Would they need to be certified?

Certification is for public library staff. Substitutes are not, by definition, permanent library staff. However, in order to offer equivalent service to library patrons, substitutes should be of equal quality and comparable education to existing library staff, which would require similar education and experience, including continuing education. If a substitute is hired as a permanent library employee, that person would then be required to be certified should the position require it.

Additional Information may be found at the following links:

- Certification Law – IC 36-12-11  
  www.in.gov/legislative/ic/code/title36/ar12/ch11.html
- Certification Rule – 590 IAC 5  
  www.in.gov/legislative/iac/iac_title?iact=595
- Certification taskforce, summary, etc.  
  www.in.webjunction.org
Chapter 6

Required Annual Reports
And Statistical Sources

Required Annual Reports

A. Annual Report for Indiana Public Libraries (includes Annual PLAC Statistics Report, Statement of Compliance with Public Library Standards, Statement of Intent to Comply with Standards and the Supplement. The Application for State Funds (Signature Page) is a separate form.

1. All forms are mailed to libraries without Internet access in December and posted to the Library Development Office web site. The Annual Report login information and Application for State Funds (Signature Page) is emailed to all libraries with email addresses.

   The Annual Report is completed online by all libraries with Internet access.

   The Application for State Funds (Signature Page) is still paper only.

2. All forms are due to the Library Development Office or to be completed on the Internet by February 1.

3. Data collected may vary slightly from year to year, but usually includes:
   a. library name, address, telephone, fax, TDD, hours open daily, world wide web address, library’s e-mail address
   b. public library service areas (city/town, township(s), county, or other)
   c. library district’s most recent assessed valuation(s) and tax rate(s)
   d. census population (most recent decennial census), # of registered borrowers (both resident and nonresident individuals), ILL and circulation
   e. operating income and expenditure by type
   f. selected holdings of physical and electronic units
   g. selected library services
   h. type and speed of Internet access and number of computers
   i. number of staff by type and hours worked
   j. salary information by designation of employee
   k. benefit information

Application for State Funds (Signature Page) (type of funds may vary from one year to the next)

This has been incorporated into the signature page of the “Annual Report for Indiana Public Libraries”, which must be returned via regular mail with original signatures.

Annual PLAC Statistics Report

This report asks for the number of loans your library makes to people from other library districts. The library must keep statistics all year on the patrons who have PLAC cards. You will need to ask them for the name of their home library. If your library is a net lender, it will receive payment for the net loans.
You must carefully review the number of loans reported, as this could result in a large check for your library, and an error might cause the loss of a large sum of money.

Statement of Compliance with Standards
A public library must meet all standards or receive a waiver for non certification issues each year in order to receive any state or federal funding. This would include any State Technology Fund money, PLAC Distribution, INfo Express service discount, LSTA funds and payments or grants for Internet lines, and other services.

Statement of Intent to Comply with Standards
If any answer in the Statement of Compliance with Standards is “no”, it must be explained on the annual report form, along with a statement as to how the library intends to change it to comply with standards.

If a library does not adequately explain its intent or does not explain a “no” answer, it will be found out of compliance with standards.

Annual Report Supplement
This report is revised annually and is intended to elicit information for the use of the Indiana State Library and Indiana librarians and other interested parties. Some questions are asked on a multi-year cycle, others may be asked only once.

B. Fiscal and Narrative Reports for Grants Awarded (LSTA and other) (ISL)
Reports will vary as to the extent of information required; check grant manual to know exactly what needs to be included and when it is due. A brief quarterly evaluation and a final evaluation are required for each project.  [www.in.gov/library/lsta.htm](http://www.in.gov/library/lsta.htm)

C. PLAC Quarterly Reports (ISL)
Due the 25th of month after end of quarter (due January 25, April 25, July 25, October 25 each year, sent to Indiana State Library, Administrative Division). This report is to be filed, regardless of whether any PLAC cards are sold. A check for the PLAC cards sold must accompany this form and the check must equal the number of cards sold. PLAC cards are the financial responsibility of the library to which they are issued (they are numbered). The report form is on the Internet, at [www.in.gov/library/3309.htm](http://www.in.gov/library/3309.htm)

D. Report of Names and Compensation of Officers and Employees (SBoA) (Form 100R)
To be filed with the State Board of Accounts (SBoA), 302 West Washington Street, Fourth Floor, Room E418, Indianapolis, IN 46204-2765 on or before January 31 [www.in.gov/sboa/2416.htm](http://www.in.gov/sboa/2416.htm). The State Board of Accounts recommends using the library’s address, not each staff member’s home address. These are public records and are often requested by the general public.

E. Withholding Statements for Employees (W-2) (Federal)
The statement must be completed and given to each employee by Jan.31. [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov)

F. Annual Report to Indiana Department of Revenue
Information on state and county income tax withholdings is due in January. [www.dor.in.gov](http://www.dor.in.gov)

G. Annual Report to Internal Revenue Service (W-3) (Federal)
H. **Outstanding Indebtedness Report**

[IC 5-1-18-10] Requires that each political subdivision report any outstanding bonds or leases to the Department, due on or before March 1. [www.in.gov/dlgf/4699.htm](http://www.in.gov/dlgf/4699.htm)

I. **Library Annual Financial Report (Form Number LAR-1)**

The LAR-1 is due by March 1. [www.in.gov/sboa/3302.htm](http://www.in.gov/sboa/3302.htm)

This report, of all the library’s funds in a calendar year, is made available to the Census Bureau after the State Board of Accounts (SBoA) receives it. The SBoA uses it as the basis for the library audit. SBoA has a person on staff who can answer questions about it, at 317-232-2521.

J. **Bi-annual report to the county treasurer certifying names and addresses of every library employee for the county where the employee works**

[IC 6-1.1-22-14] Due twice a year – by June 1 and December 1 (No official form, home address is required). A governmental entity that has an employee who works in more than one (1) county shall certify the information for the employee to the county where the employee has the employee’s principal office.

K. **Post Bond Sale/Post Lease Execution**

[IC 5-1-18-7 and 5-1-18-8] Require that political subdivisions entering into bonds and leases during a calendar year report these obligations to the Department on or before December 31. [www.in.gov/dlgf/4699.htm](http://www.in.gov/dlgf/4699.htm)
Selected Statistical Sources

American Library Association/Public Library Association.
Public Library Data Service Statistical Report – This is a voluntary report, with over 800 libraries from the United States and Canada. www.ala.org/pla/publications/plds


Hennen’s American Public Library Rating Index (HAPLR Index), author Thomas S. Hennen utilizes U.S. Federal-State Cooperative Service (FSCS) and Public Library Service Cooperative (PLSC) data. www.haplr-index.com

Indiana University/Indiana Business Research Center
Stats Indiana www.stats.indiana.edu/

Institute of Museum and Library Services - (Public library and State library agency data) This is where to find data for all public libraries in the United States (1992-2011). (This is also the source for data used by Hennen for his HAPLR ratings) harvester.census.gov/imls/index.asp

Library Journal Index of Public Library Service 2009 – America’s Star Libraries
Ray Lyons & Keith Curry Lance -- Library Journal, 2/15/2009 features.libraryjournal.com/star-libraries/

National Center for Education Statistics – Library Statistics Program (Academic library and school library media center data) www.NCES.ed.gov/surveys/libraries/

The POLIS Center/SAVI
Data for central Indiana (SAVI): www.savi.org/

Statistics of Indiana Public Libraries
Data from 1994 through 2011: www.in.gov/library/plstats.htm

U.S. Census Bureau – American FactFinder
factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml
Statistics Usage


White, Andrew C. and Eric Dijra Kamal. *E-metrics for library and information professionals: how to use data for managing and evaluating electronic resources*. 
Questions from the 2012 Indiana Public Library Annual Report

Part 1 - General Information
Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font
Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.

01-001 Library Code
01-002 Library Name __________________________
01-003 Library Director __________________________
01-004 Street Address __________________________
01-005 City __________________________
01-006 State __________________________
01-007 ZIP+4 __________________________
01-008 Mailing Address __________________________
01-009 Mailing City __________________________
01-010 State __________________________
01-011 Mailing ZIP+4 __________________________
01-012 Phone __________________________
01-013 FAX __________________________
01-014 TDD __________________________
01-015 Congressional District # __________________________
01-016 Public Library E-Mail Address, or a means of electronic contact listed on the library's website __________________________
01-017 Library URL __________________________
01-018 What Day of the Month is the Regular Library Board Meeting? __________________________
01-019 What is the time of the Regular Library Board Meeting? __________________________
01-020 Does your library have a Friends of the Library Group? Yes or No __________________________
01-021 Name of the person preparing this report __________________________
01-022 Preparer's phone number __________________________
01-023 Time zone in which library district headquarters is located. __________________________

Building Questions
01-025 The year the current central building was built __________________________
01-026 Date of most recent structural addition or alteration to current central building __________________________
01-027 What is the square footage of the central building? __________________________
01-028 Total Central Library hours Open per week winter schedule __________________________
01-029 Click here to complete Central Library daily hours.

Please record hours open for the Central Library only. Record the regular hours open during the year in a typical week. These are the hours which will be listed in the directory, found at http://www.in.gov/library/pldirectory.htm and updated as you notify us.
01-030 Total Hours Central Library Open after 6:00 p.m. Each Week __________________________
01-031 Total Hours Central Library Open Saturday and Sunday Each Week __________________________
01-032 Total Central Library Hours Open per Year __________________________
01-033 Total weekly Winter hours __________________________
01-034 # of weeks on the Winter schedule __________________________
01-035 Total weekly Summer hours __________________________
01-036 # of weeks on the Summer schedule __________________________
01-037 Total System Public Service Hours per Year __________________________
01-038 How many Sundays was your Library System Open Last Year? __________________________

Internet Access
01-039 Internet Access __________________________
01-040 Type of Internet Access __________________________
01-041 Speed of Internet Access __________________________
01-042 Does the central building have a wireless hub? __________________________

ISL Use Only
01-043 PLSCKEY __________________________
01-044 PLSC_SEQ __________________________
01-045 LIBID __________________________
01-046 Outlet Type Code __________________________
01-047 Metropolitan Status Code __________________________

Branch Information
01-049 Total Number of Branches __________________________

Individual Branch Information
01-052a Branch Name __________________________
01-052b Street Address __________________________
01-052c City __________________________
01-052d County __________________________
01-052e State __________________________
01-052f Zip+4 __________________________
01-052g Mail Address __________________________
01-052h Total Square Footage __________________________
01-052i Year Built __________________________
01-052j Year of Addition or Alteration __________________________
01-052k Phone __________________________
01-052l Fax __________________________
01-052m Total hours open per week __________________________
01-052n Number of Weeks per Year Individual Branch is Open __________________________
01-052o Internet access __________________________
01-052p Type of Internet Access __________________________
01-052q Speed of Internet Access __________________________
01-052r Does this branch have a wireless hub? __________________________
01-052s Does the branch have a separate webpage? __________________________
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time (Opening/Closing)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Monday</td>
<td>______________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuesday</td>
<td>______________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wednesday</td>
<td>______________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thursday</td>
<td>______________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Friday</td>
<td>______________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saturday</td>
<td>______________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunday</td>
<td>______________________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bookmobile Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bookmobile Number</th>
<th>Street Address</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>County</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Zip+4</th>
<th>Mail Address</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Fax</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Total Annual Hours of All Branches**

- Total Weekly Winter Hours Bookmobile Open: 1
- Total Weekly Summer Hours Bookmobile Open: 2
- Total Winter Branch hours per week: 3
- Total Summer Branch hours per week: 4
- Total Winter Branch Opening Times: 5
- Total Winter Branch Closing Times: 6
- Total Summer Branch Opening Times: 7
- Total Summer Branch Closing Times: 8

**Bookmobile Information**

- Total Number of Bookmobiles: 9

**Individual Bookmobile Information**

- Bookmobile Name: 10
- Street Address: 11
- City: 12
- County: 13
- State: 14
- Zip+4: 15
- Mail Address: 16
- Phone: 17
- Fax: 18

- Total hours per week: 19
- Number of Weeks Bookmobile is Open: 20
- Internet Access: 21
- Type of Internet Access: 22

- Total Weekly Winter Hours Bookmobile Open: 23
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part 2 - Registrations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| 02-001 Total Number of Individual Resident Registered Users |
| 02-002 Total Number of Users from Contracting Areas |
| 02-003 Total Number of Individual Non-Resident (non-taxed) Registered Users |
| 02-004 Total Number of Reciprocal Users |
| 02-005 Total Number of PLAC Users |
| 02-006 Total Number of Non-Resident Cards Issued to Student Users |
| 02-007 Total Number of Non-Resident Cards Issued to School Employees |
| 02-008 Total Number of Non-Resident Cards Issued to Library Employees |
| 02-009 Amount of Individual Non-Resident Fee |
| 02-010 Date Library Board adopted this fee |
| 02-011 Does your library purge or mark inactive patron files at least every three years? |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part 3 - Libraries &amp; Political Subdivisions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If your library district is located in more than one county or is a county contractual, please list information for both counties or library and contractual division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010 Census figures are used for all calculations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| 03-001 County Name of Primary County |
| 03-002 Total Assessed Valuation for Library District |
| 03-003 Operating Tax Rate |
| 03-004 Source year for data |
| 03-005 BIRF/Lease Rental Tax Rate |
| 03-006 LCPF Tax Rate |
| 03-007 Did your library roll the LCPF into the operating tax rate? |
| 03-008 County Name of Additional County or County Contractual (Leave |
blank if the library district does not cross into another county and it is not a county contractual)

03-009 Total Assessed Valuation for Library District __________________________
03-010 Operating Tax Rate __________________________
03-011 Source year for data __________________________
03-012 BIRF/Lease Rental Tax Rate __________________________
03-013 LCPF Tax Rate __________________________
03-014 Total district population without contract __________________________
03-015 Total district population with contracts __________________________
03-016 Political Subdivision Name __________________________
03-017 Type of Political Unit (Taxed Units 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 11, 12 Only) __________________________
03-018 Population 2010 Census (Taxed & Served) __________________________
03-019 Type of Political Unit (Contracting Units 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 Only) __________________________
03-020 Population 2010 Census (Served by Contract) __________________________

Part 4 - Library Operating Fund Income
Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font
Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.
Local Government Operating Fund Income

04-001 Property Tax or CEDIT Operating Fund Income From Library Tax Rate __________________________
04-002 CAGIT Property Tax Replacement Credit __________________________
04-003 CAGIT Certified Shares __________________________
04-004 CAGIT Special Fund __________________________
04-005 County Option Income Tax (COIT) __________________________
04-006 Contractual Revenue Received for Service __________________________
04-007 Local Option Income Tax (LOIT) __________________________
04-008 Total Local Operating Fund Income __________________________

State Government Operating Fund Income
04-009 Financial Institutions Tax (FIT) __________________________
04-010 License Vehicle Excise Tax __________________________
04-011 Commercial Vehicle Excise Tax (CVET) __________________________
04-012 Other State Operating Fund Income __________________________
04-013 Source(s): __________________________
04-014 Total State Operating Fund Income __________________________

Federal Government Operating Fund Income
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>04-015</th>
<th>LSTA Grants</th>
<th>__________________________</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>04-016</td>
<td>Name of Non-Operating Fund</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-017</td>
<td>Amount of LSTA grant placed in Non-Operating Fund</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-018</td>
<td>Other Federal Grants Operating Fund Income</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-019</td>
<td>List Source</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-020</td>
<td>Total Federal Operating Fund Income</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other Operating Fund Income**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>04-021</th>
<th>PLAC Reimbursement</th>
<th>__________________________</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>04-022</td>
<td>Fines and Fees</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-023</td>
<td>Interest on Investments</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-024</td>
<td>Gift Receipts Operating Fund Income</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-025</td>
<td>Private and Public Foundation Grants Operating Fund Income</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-026</td>
<td>Miscellaneous Operating Fund Income</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-027</td>
<td>Source(s)</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-028</td>
<td>Total Other Operating Fund Income</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-029</td>
<td>TOTAL OPERATING FUND INCOME</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>04-030</td>
<td>Total Public and Private Foundation Grants Income (deposited into any fund)</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Part 5 - Expenditure Data**

Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font

Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.

**Operating Fund Expenditures**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>05-001</th>
<th>Salaries/Wages of All Library Staff</th>
<th>__________________________</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>05-002</td>
<td>Employee benefits</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-003</td>
<td>Other Personal Services</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-004</td>
<td>Total Personal Services</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-005</td>
<td>Total Staff Expenditures</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-006</td>
<td>Total Supplies</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-007</td>
<td>Professional Services, i.e.-ADP, webDewey, etc.</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-009</td>
<td>Communication and Transportation</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-010</td>
<td>Printing and Advertising</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-011</td>
<td>Insurance</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-012</td>
<td>Utility Services</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-013</td>
<td>Repairs and Maintenance</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-014</td>
<td>Rentals</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-015</td>
<td>Debt Service (Operating Expenditures only)</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-016</td>
<td>Lease Rental (Operating Expenditures only)</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-017</td>
<td>Other (exclude LIRF and Rainy Day)</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-018</td>
<td>Total Other Services and Charges</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-019</td>
<td>Land</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-020</td>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>__________________________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Code</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-021</td>
<td>Improvements Other Than Buildings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-022</td>
<td>Furniture and Equipment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-023</td>
<td>Public Access Computers, electronic reading and electronic media devices DO NOT REPORT in Q05-022</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operating Fund Expenditure Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>05-024</td>
<td>Books (include Book Lease)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-025</td>
<td>Periodicals and Newspapers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-026</td>
<td>Nonprinted (Physical) Materials, Microforms &amp; AV, not Electronic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-008</td>
<td>Electronic database licensing/purchase/lease expenditures. (DO NOT REPORT in 05-007).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>05-027</td>
<td>Electronic Physical Format, including playaways and Ebook readers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-028</td>
<td>Print Materials Expenditures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-029</td>
<td>Electronic Materials Expenditures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-030</td>
<td>Other Materials Expenditures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-031</td>
<td>Total Collection Expenditures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-032</td>
<td>Total Operating Fund Capital Outlays</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Non-Operating Fund Library Materials Expenditure Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>05-033</td>
<td>Books (Include Book Lease)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-034</td>
<td>Periodicals and Newspapers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-035</td>
<td>Nonprinted (Physical) Materials, Microforms &amp; AV, not Electronic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-036</td>
<td>Public Access Electronic Physical Format (pulled out from Nonprinted Materials and reported separately)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-037</td>
<td>Public Access Purchased/Leased/Licensed/Locally Digitized Electronic Format. PUBLIC ACCESS DATABASES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-038</td>
<td>Operating Expenditure Fund Collection Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-039</td>
<td>Total Non-Operating Fund Collection Expenditures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-040</td>
<td>Public Access Computers, electronic reading and electronic media devices from all funds except operating</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>05-041</td>
<td>TOTAL OPERATING FUND EXPENDITURES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-042</td>
<td>Other Operating Expenditures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-043</td>
<td>Total Operating Expenditures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-044</td>
<td>Collection Expenditure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-045</td>
<td>Operating Expenditures per capita (=SUM(Q05-041/Q03-014)).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Expressed in dollars/cents $____.__</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-046</td>
<td>Difference between OE per capita minus Non-Resident fee (=SUM(Q05-045-Q02-009)).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>05-047</td>
<td>Collection Development Expenditure AS % Operating Expenditure (=SUM(Q05-038/Q05-041)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>05-048</td>
<td>Total Capital Fund Expenditures</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Part 6 - Capital Revenue
Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font
Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.

06-001 Local government capital revenue __________________________
06-002 State government capital revenue __________________________
06-003 Federal government capital revenue __________________________
06-004 Other capital revenue __________________________
06-005 Total capital revenue __________________________

Part 7 - Employment Data
Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font
Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.

07-001 Total Number of ALL Librarians with an ALA-MLS __________________________
07-002 Total Hours Paid Per Week For ALL ALA-MLS Librarians __________________________
07-003 FTE for ALL Librarians with an ALA-MLS __________________________
07-004 Total Number of ALL Librarians, including ALA-MLS Librarians __________________________
07-005 Total Hours Paid Per Week For ALL Librarians, including ALA-MLS Librarians __________________________
07-006 FTE for ALL Librarians __________________________
07-007 Total Number of ALL OTHER PAID STAFF __________________________
07-008 Total Hours Paid Per Week For ALL OTHER PAID STAFF __________________________
07-009 FTE for ALL OTHER PAID STAFF __________________________
07-010 Total Number of ALL PAID STAFF __________________________
07-011 Total Hours Paid per week for ALL PAID STAFF __________________________
07-012 FTE for ALL PAID STAFF __________________________
07-013 Number of hours per week considered to be full-time employment in your library.

Part 8 - Library Service and Technology
Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font
Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.

Interlibrary Loans
08-001 Provided To Other Libraries __________________________
08-002 Received From Other Libraries __________________________

Annual Local Library Service
08-003 # Children's Programs in Library (0-14 yrs) __________________________
08-004 # Children's Programs Outside Library (0-14 yrs) (outreach) __________________________
08-005 Total # of Children's Programs (0-14 yrs) __________________________
08-006 # Young Adult Programs in Library (15-17 yrs) __________________________
08-007 # Young Adult Programs Outside Library (15-17 yrs) (outreach) __________________________
08-008 Total # of Young Adult Programs __________________________
08-009 # Adult Programs in Library (18+ yrs) __________________________________________
08-010 # Adult Programs Outside Library (18+ yrs) (outreach) _____________________________
08-011 # General Programs in Library (All age groups) _________________________________
08-012 # General Programs Outside Library (All Age Groups) (outreach) ________________________
08-013 Total # of Programs (Children, YA, Adult and General: in library & outreach) ______________________
08-014 # of Non-Library Sponsored Programs/meetings/events _________________________________
08-015 How many weeks of a Summer Reading Program for Children did your library offer at each fixed location? __________________________

Attendance
08-017 Children's Program Attendance in library _______________________________________
08-018 Children's Program Attendance Outside library (outreach) _________________________
08-020 Young Adult Program Attendance in library _______________________________________
08-021 Young Adult Program Attendance Outside library (outreach) _________________________
08-023 Adult Program Attendance in library (18+ yrs) _____________________________________
08-024 Adult Program Attendance Outside library (18+ yrs) (outreach) _______________________
08-025 General Program Attendance in library (All age groups) ____________________________
08-026 General Program Attendance Outside library (outreach) (All age groups) ________________
08-028 Total Non-Library Sponsored Programs/meetings/events _____________________________

Attendance
08-029 Total Visits In Library Per Year (If you don't have an annual figure, multiply a typical week count by 52) ___________________________
08-030 Total Reference Transactions Per year (If you don't have an annual figure, multiply typical week count by 52) _______________________
08-019 Total Children's Program Attendance _________________________________________
08-022 Total Young Adult Program Attendance ___________________________________________
08-027 Total Program Attendance _____________________________________________________

Electronic Services
08-031 # of State Licensed Databases (INSPIRE databases) ______________________________
08-032 # of Local/Other Licensed Databases (Not INSPIRE) (Report ebooks, downloadable audio and downloadable video in Part 9). __________________________
08-033 Total Licensed Databases _____________________________________________________

Database Usage Measure
08-034 # of Searches of Databases to which the Library subscribes. (Do not include INSPIRE searches). __________________________
08-035 # of Sessions of Databases to which the Library subscribes (Do not include INSPIRE searches). __________________________
08-036 Name(s) of Public Use/Commercial Databases to which the Library subscribes __________________________
08-037 Subject(s) of Public Use Databases which the Library Both Developed and Owns (NO LICENSE PURCHASED) __________________________

Public Computer Usage
08-038 Uses of Public Internet Computers per Year (if you don't have an annual figure, multiply a typical week count by 52) __________________________
08-039 # of Users of Wireless Internet Connections in Building (or Outside) per Year __________________________

Internet
08-040 Total # of Page Views on All Web Pages in the Library's Domain __________________________
08-041 Total # of Page Views on the Library's Home Page __________________________
08-042 Total # of Hits or Page Views on the Library's Public Access Catalog __________________________
08-043 Number Computer Terminals System-wide Used by General Public Connected to Internet and a Printer __________________________
08-044 Number of Scanners for the General Public System-wide __________________________
08-045 Number of Computer Terminals used by Staff with office software and operating system, connected to the Internet System and a printer. __________________________
08-046 Does Your Library Have Voice over IP? __________________________

Library System Bookkeeping and Circulation
08-047 Does Your Library Have an Automated Bookkeeping System? __________________________
08-048 Name of Bookkeeping System __________________________
08-049 Name of Integrated Library System __________________________
08-050 Is the Library Catalog Available Online? __________________________

Part 9 - Circulation and Holdings
Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font
Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.

09-001 TOTAL Circulation of All Materials __________________________
09-002 circulation of all children's materials (0-14yrs) __________________________
09-003 Total In-house Usage of Materials __________________________
09-004 Did Your Library Circulate Laptops? __________________________
09-005 Number of Annual Circulations of Laptops __________________________
09-006 Did your library circulate Ebook readers or music devices (i.e.-Kindles, Playaways, MP3 players, etc.) __________________________
09-007 Number of Electronic Book Reading or Music Playing Devices Owned by the Library __________________________
09-008 Number of Annual Circulations of Book Reading or Music Playing Devices __________________________
09-009 Did Your Library Circulate Other Equipment? __________________________
09-010 Number of Annual Circulations of Other Equipment __________________________
Selected Holdings (not including INSPIRE)

09-011 Books __________________________
09-012 Video Materials - Physical Units __________________________
09-013 Video Materials - Downloadable Titles (*NEW* Whether cataloged in your ILS or not) __________________________
09-014 Audio Materials - Physical Units __________________________
09-015 Audio Materials - Downloadable Titles (*NEW* Whether cataloged in your ILS or not) __________________________
09-016 Electronic (Physical) Format __________________________
09-017 Electronic books (E-books) (*NEW* Whether cataloged in your ILS or not) __________________________
09-018 Current Serial Subscriptions __________________________
09-019 Holdings __________________________
09-020 Specify Type(s) of Holdings: __________________________
09-021 Does the library belong to an Ebook consortium? __________________________
09-022 Name of Consortium __________________________
09-023 Total # of titles available in Consortium __________________________

Part 10 - Library Board

Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font

Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.

List all county contractual board members, if appropriate.

10-001 Position __________________________
10-002 First Name __________________________
10-003 Middle Initial/Name __________________________
10-004 Last Name __________________________
10-005 Home address __________________________
10-006 City __________________________
10-007 Zip Code __________________________
10-008 E-mail address __________________________
10-009 Appointing Authority __________________________
10-010 Date Term Expires __________________________
10-011 Number of Consecutive Terms __________________________
10-012 Date Initially Appointed __________________________

Part 11 - Salary Section

Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font

Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.

11-001 Director annual salary __________________________
11-002 Director contract __________________________
11-003 Director certification __________________________
11-004 Job Title __________________________
11-005 Certification __________________________
11-006 Minimum Hourly Wage __________________________
11-007 Maximum Hourly Wage __________________________
11-008 Other (list) Job Title: __________________________
11-009 Other: Certification Level __________________________
11-010 Other: Minimum Hourly Wage __________________________
11-011 Other: Maximum Hourly Wage __________________________

Employee Fringe Benefit Information - Full-time Employees
11-012 PERF __________________________
11-013 Deferred Compensation __________________________
11-014 Health Insurance __________________________
11-015 Health Savings Account (HSA) __________________________
11-016 Dental Insurance __________________________
11-017 Life Insurance __________________________
11-018 Vision Insurance __________________________
11-019 Disability __________________________
11-020 Paid Time off for Continuing Education __________________________
11-021 Reimbursement for Continuing Education __________________________
11-022 Other1 (specify) __________________________
11-023 Other2 (specify) __________________________

Employee Fringe Benefit Information - Part-time Employees
11-024 PERF __________________________
11-025 Deferred Compensation __________________________
11-026 Health Insurance __________________________
11-027 Health Savings Account (HSA) __________________________
11-028 Dental Insurance __________________________
11-029 Life Insurance __________________________
11-030 Vision Insurance __________________________
11-031 Disability __________________________
11-032 Paid Time off for Continuing Education __________________________
11-033 Reimbursement for Continuing Education __________________________
11-034 Other1 (specify) __________________________
11-035 Other2 (specify) __________________________

Paid days off per year - Full-time Librarian
11-036 Number of Vacation Days __________________________
11-037 Number of Sick Days __________________________
11-038 Number of Personal Days __________________________
11-039 Holidays __________________________
11-040 Funeral/Bereavement __________________________
11-041 Other Days (specify) __________________________

Paid days off per year - Part-Time Librarian
11-042 Number of Vacation Days __________________________
11-043 Number of Sick Days __________________________
11-044 Number of Personal Days __________________________
11-045 Holidays __________________________
11-046 Funeral/Bereavement __________________________
11-047 Other Days __________________________

Paid days off per year - Full-Time Support Staff
11-049 Number of Vacation Days __________________________
11-050 Number of Sick Days __________________________
11-051 Number of Personal Days __________________________
11-052 Holidays __________________________
11-053 Funeral/Bereavement __________________________
11-054 Other Days __________________________

Paid days off per year - Part-Time Support Staff
11-055 Number of Vacation Days __________________________
11-056 Number of Sick Days __________________________
11-057 Number of Personal Days __________________________
11-058 Holidays __________________________
11-059 Funeral/Bereavement __________________________
11-060 Other Days __________________________

Part 12 - PLAC Loans
Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font
Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.
Report the # of PLAC loans your library made to a home patron of the following library(ies)
DO NOT report any loans made to your own library
12-001 Did your library make any PLAC loans? __________________________

<<List of all 237 Public Libraries – enter number of loans to patrons of each library>>

12-239 TOTAL PLAC Loans __________________________

Part 13 - Compliance with Standards for Public Libraries
Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font
Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.
Standards which can be verified by data or information elsewhere in the report do not appear in this section.
Please answer either "Yes", "No", or "N/A" if applicable.
Do not skip any questions.
Does your library:
13-001 Comply with Public Library Law under IC 36-12? __________________________
13-002 Comply with the Indiana Library and Historical Department Law under IC 4-23-7?

__________________________

13-003 Comply with other Indiana laws that affect municipal corporations?

__________________________

13-004 Comply with all federal laws affecting employment practice? __________________________

13-005 Are all newly constructed and existing library facilities in compliance with local, state, and federal building and health and safety codes.? __________________________

13-006 Does the library comply with provisions of the federal Americans with Disabilities Act to make its physical and digital services available to everyone? __________________________

Do the library board and director maintain separate functions as follows:

13-007 The board is responsible for governance and policy. __________________________

13-008 The director is responsible for administration, operation and management of the library. ______________

Does the director:

13-009 Work full-time? __________________________

13-010 Have the required librarian certification rules under 590 IAC 5? (Check https://mylicense.in.gov/EVerification/Search.aspx if any question occurs) __________________________

With the advice and recommendations of the library director, the library board has adopted the following policies and procedures:

13-011 An annual classification of employees __________________________

13-012 Schedules of salaries __________________________

13-013 A proposed library budget __________________________

13-014 Library policies __________________________

Employment practices, including:

13-016 Recruitment __________________________

13-017 Selection __________________________

13-018 Appointment __________________________

13-019 Personnel actions __________________________

13-020 Salary administration __________________________

13-021 Employee benefits __________________________

13-022 Conditions of work __________________________

13-023 Leaves __________________________

13-024 Does the library board adhere to the principles discussed in approved and current Indiana state library publications for library trustees? __________________________

13-025 Does the library have written bylaws that state its purpose and its operational procedures?

__________________________

13-026 Do the library bylaws specifically state rules governing conflicts of interest issues?

__________________________

13-027 Do the library bylaws specifically state rules governing Nepotism?

__________________________

13-028 Have the bylaws been reviewed by the board in the last three (3) years?

__________________________

13-029 Has a copy of the current version of the bylaws been submitted to the Indiana State Library?
13-030 Have all amendments to the bylaws been adopted by the board and have they been submitted to the Indiana State Library with the annual report?

Does Your Library Have:
13-031 A Collection Development Plan?
13-032 Written principle of access to all library materials and services?
13-033 Does the library have a long-range plan of service?
13-034 Which years are covered by the plan?
13-035 Has the long-range plan been updated in the last three (3) years?
13-036 Have copies of the plan, updates, and all revisions been filed with the Indiana State Library?

Does your long-range plan include:
13-037 A statement of community needs and goals?
13-038 Measurable objectives and service responses to the community's needs and goals?
13-039 An assessment of facilities, services, technology, and operations?
13-040 An ongoing annual evaluation process?
13-041 Financial resources and sustainability?
13-042 Collaboration with other public libraries?
13-043 Collaboration with other community partners?
13-044 Does the library have a technology plan?
13-045 Which years are covered by the plan?
13-046 Has the technology plan been updated in the last three (3) years?
13-047 Have copies of the plan, updates, and all revisions been filed with the Indiana State Library?

Does your technology plan include:
13-048 Goals and realistic strategy for using telecommunications and information technology?
13-049 A professional development strategy?
13-050 An assessment of telecommunication services, hardware, software, and other services needed?
13-051 An equipment replacement schedule?
13-052 Financial resources and sustainability?
13-053 An ongoing annual evaluation process?
13-054 An automation plan that conforms to national cataloging standards?
13-055 Does your library provide interlibrary loan free of charge to other libraries within Indiana (other than reimbursement for actual direct photocopy and postage costs).

The library lends materials
Does the library provide adult services that include the following?
13-061 Programs and reference services offered by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate? __________________________
13-062 Knowledge of and access to reference materials, including INSPIRE? __________________________
13-063 A collection of materials for adults? __________________________
13-064 Space designated in the library for adult services? __________________________
An enhanced level of service is achieved when a library designates:
13-065 One (1) or more staff to serve at least part time, with appropriate certification, as an adult services librarian, at each fixed location? __________________________
An exceptional level of service is achieved when a library designates:
13-066 One (1) full-time equivalent, with appropriate certification, as an adult services librarian, at each fixed location?

Does the library provide young adult services that include the following?
13-067 Programs and reference services offered by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate. __________________________
13-068 Knowledge of and access to reference materials, including INSPIRE. __________________________
13-069 A collection of materials for young adults. __________________________
13-070 Space designated in the library for young adult services. __________________________
An enhanced level of service is achieved when a library designates:
13-071 One (1) or more staff to serve at least part time, with appropriate certification, as a young adult services librarian, at each fixed location? __________________________
An exceptional level of service is achieved when a library designates:
13-072 One (1) full-time equivalent, with appropriate certification, as a young adult services librarian, at each fixed location?

Does the library provide children's services that include the following?
13-073 Programs and reference services offered by a qualified individual holding the appropriate librarian certificate. __________________________
13-074 A collection of materials for children, parents, and caregivers in each fixed location. __________________________
13-075 Space in each fixed location designated in the library for children's services. __________________________
An enhanced level of service is achieved when a library designates:
13-076 One (1) or more staff to serve at least part time, with appropriate certification, as a children's services librarian, at each fixed location? __________________________
An exceptional level of service is achieved when a library designates:

13-077 One (1) full-time equivalent, with appropriate certification, as a __________________________ children's services librarian, at each fixed location?

13-078 Are patrons who are unable to read regular print, because of a visual or a physical disability, provided access directly or through the Indiana state library to large print books, Braille books, audio books, and enhanced media? __________________________

13-079 Does the library provide computers for the free use of all persons regardless of residency, so long as such use would not violate any laws or other legally binding prohibitions imposed upon the person, including, but not limited to, fines? __________________________

13-080 Does the library provide support for continuing education for staff and trustees? __________________________

Does your library provide the following means of communicating with the public:

13-081 An answering machine, voice mail or other similar technology to provide operating hours of the library? __________________________

13-082 Does your library provide a means to provide copies to the public at each location. (A fee may be charged not to exceed a fee established by Indiana State Law)? __________________________

Does your library webpage include:

13-083 Hours of operation? __________________________

13-084 A physical address for your library? __________________________

13-085 A map for each fixed location? __________________________

13-086 A telephone number? __________________________

13-087 An e-mail address or means of electronic contact? __________________________

13-088 A link to free electronic resources, for example INSPIRE? __________________________

13-089 Publicly posted policies adopted by the library board, including, but not limited to, circulation policies, fees, and internet use policies? __________________________

13-090 A link to the library's online public access catalog? __________________________

13-091 A calendar of events and programs which is updated at least monthly? __________________________

13-092 Has your Internet Policy been reviewed by the board in the last year? __________________________

Part 14 - Statement of Intent

14-001 Please explain any NO answers given in Part 13. __________________________

Part 15 - Supplement

Questions relating to standards are in bolded blue font

Grayed boxes are either prefilled (and sometimes locked) or are automatic calculations.

15-001 Does Your Library Have a Foundation? __________________________

15-002 Is Your Foundation Separate From Your Friends Group? __________________________

15-003 Does Your Library Participate in a Community Foundation? __________________________

15-004 If Yes, What Is Its Name? __________________________

15-005 Does Your Library Have a Separate Public Computer Lab? __________________________
15-006 # of Computers Available in the Lab? __________________________
15-007 Does Your Library Have a Mobile / Portable Computer Lab? __________________________
15-008 Has Your Library Received Any Grants During This Period, Other Than LSTA Grants? __________________________
15-009 If Yes, What is the Name of the Funder? __________________________
15-010 How Much Was the Grant for? __________________________
15-011 What Was the Purpose of the Grant? __________________________
15-012 Does Your Library Have a Grant Consultant or a Staff Person Overseeing Grants? __________________________
15-013 Has Your Library Hired a Consultant? __________________________
15-014 What Project Did They Work On? __________________________
15-015 Name: __________________________
15-016 Address __________________________
15-017 Email __________________________
15-018 Phone __________________________
15-019 Is Your Library Involved in Community Outreach, Such As Fairs And Festivals? __________________________
15-020 # Events __________________________
15-021 Attendance __________________________
15-022 Does Your Library Use Social Media? __________________________
Which Ones Do You Use? (check all that apply)
15-023 Facebook __________________________
15-024 Twitter __________________________
15-025 Pinterest __________________________
15-026 Flickr __________________________
15-027 Other __________________________
15-028 Does Your Library Have Book Club Sets? __________________________
15-029 # of Titles __________________________
15-030 # Copies Each Title __________________________
15-031 Name of Contact Person in Charge of Program __________________________
15-032 Email: __________________________
15-033 Does Your Library Participate in a One Book / One City Program? __________________________
15-034 Does Your Library Use Any Open Source Software? __________________________
15-035 List: __________________________
15-036 Does Your Library Provide Assistive Technology? __________________________
If Yes, How Is It Provided:
15-037 # of Separate Assistive Technology Workstations __________________________
15-038 # of Mainstreamed Workstations With Assistive Technology __________________________
15-039 Do You Have Assistive Technology Available for Checkout? __________________________
15-040 List: __________________________
Chapter 7

Resource Sharing

Evergreen Indiana is a growing consortium of 99 public, school and institutional libraries located throughout Indiana that use the Evergreen ILS. Patrons of member libraries can use their Evergreen Indiana library card to view the catalogs and borrow materials from the other member libraries. The Evergreen Indiana catalog, largest catalog in the state, may be viewed at: evergreen.lib.in.us/

The Evergreen Indiana project is funded by the Indiana State Library through Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) grants and state funds. The services provided by the State Library include purchasing and maintaining the central servers, personnel costs in operating the system, training, software development, data conversion, and other related expenses.

In 2008, the Indiana State Library enlisted the services and expertise of Equinox Software, Inc. to develop a comprehensive migration strategy for Indiana libraries. With a migration strategy in place, the 20 pilot libraries elected the first Evergreen Indiana Executive Committee and commenced the development of the consortium’s policies and procedures. Evergreen Indiana's policies, as adopted by the Executive Committee, may be viewed on the website: www.in.gov/library/evergreen.htm

The Evergreen Indiana Consortium has seen a steady rise in interest from all types of libraries around the state. The Consortium is currently accepting applications from libraries seeking to migrate to Evergreen in 2012-2013. Requests for membership are approved by the Executive Committee. Libraries interested in joining the consortium must have board approval and submit a completed executed Membership Agreement, Code of Ethics and Board Resolution which may be found on the website: www.in.gov/library/evergreen.htm

For more information about Evergreen Indiana contact:

Anna Goben, Evergreen Indiana Project Coordinator,
317.234-6624,
agoben@library.in.gov.
Members of Evergreen Indiana are eligible to join the eIndiana Digital OverDrive Consortium. OverDrive Libraries have access to thousands of audiobooks, ebooks, video and music through OverDrive.

Contact Anna Goben, Evergreen Indiana Coordinator, at agoben@library.in.gov for more information.
INFO EXPRESS
Delivery Services for Indiana Libraries

INFO EXPRESS is the statewide library courier service managed by the Indiana State Library. Public Library districts, school districts, academic, institutional and special libraries are eligible to participate in INFO EXPRESS.

Fees are based on the number of deliveries per week. Participants determine how many days a week (weekdays only) they need pick up and delivery. In order to offer the lowest possible delivery service cost for all Indiana libraries, the State Library will continue to provide state tax monies to subsidize the cost of one delivery per week per library district. Public Library districts, school districts, academic, institutional and special libraries are eligible to participate in INFO EXPRESS. The cost of additional stops per week for 52 week delivery is $450 per year after the first day.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2013-2014*</th>
<th>2014-2015 Rate</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In Standards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One Day</td>
<td>$87.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Day</td>
<td>$625.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three Day</td>
<td>$1,162.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four Day</td>
<td>$1,700.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Five Day</td>
<td>$2,237.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The charge for the Info Express courier goes up effective January 1, 2014, however, since INFO EXPRESS is billed for the fiscal year (July 1, 2013 -- June 30, 2014), half of this year will be billed at the old rate and half at the new rate. Starting with the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the new rates will apply.

Participants use the INFO EXPRESS website to create labels and shipping manifests.

To learn more about how to use Info Express visit www.infoexpress.in.gov

You may also contact the Info Express staff:

Phone: (317) 232 3699
Toll Free Number: (877) 835-0014
E-mail infoexpress@library.IN.gov
Fax (317) 232 0002
Indiana SHARE Program

The Indiana SHARE program allows a large variety of libraries from around the state to request interlibrary loan materials through the Indiana State Library using ILLiad software. State Library staff submits the interlibrary loan requests on behalf of the requesting libraries.

Lending libraries that accept the requests will ship the materials to requesting libraries via INfo Express or library rate postage.

IN-SHARE is one of the programs that the State Library inherited from INCOLSA. It was created back in the 1970's and has changed very little since that time. As a result, IN-SHARE is not sustainable in its current form.

The ISL Resources Sharing committee is currently reviewing the construction of IN-Share, and it is unlikely that we will be able to add any more libraries to the program until they come up with a sustainable model for the program.

To learn more about the program including how to submit requests and a brief tutorial, please visit the Indiana SHARE website:

www.in.gov/library/ishare.htm

You may also contact the Indiana Share staff:

E-mail: share@library.in.gov
Phone: (317) 234-5650
Toll Free Number: (877) 835-0014
Fax: (317) 232-0002
Public Library Access Card (PLAC)

**N° 011500**

PUBLIC LIBRARY ACCESS CARD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Date of Expiration (mm/dd/yyyy)</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name of Issuing Library</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

State Form 45680 (9-92) Indiana Code 4-23-7.1-5.1

**Side One of PLAC Card Above**

**Side Two of PLAC Card Below**

**Signature**

is responsible for the return of any borrowed item directly to the public library from which the cardholder borrowed the item.

All public libraries shall participate in this program and shall permit an individual who holds a valid statewide library card to borrow items available for borrowing as established by rules adopted by the Indiana Library and Historical Board under subsection (c).

Indiana Code 4-23-7.1-5.1(b)(6)(7)

The Public Library Access Card (PLAC) is the name for the statewide library card, enacted in 1993 by (Indiana Code 4-23-7.1-5.1), with rules promulgated in 590 IAC 3, www.in.gov/legislative/iac/T05900/A00030.PDF. The PLAC program allows an individual to borrow materials directly from any public library in Indiana. Books and non-book materials that normally circulate are eligible for loan through the PLAC program. Circulation of eBooks and eAudios are restricted and often not available to PLAC borrowers; vendor agreements limit circulation of these items. Any individual who holds a valid Indiana public library card may obtain a PLAC card.

The fee for a PLAC in calendar year **2012-2013** is **$50.00**.

**PLAC Working Guidelines**

**Obtaining a PLAC Card**

1. Availability of Cards. The Indiana State Library will provide a supply of numbered Public Library Access Cards at no cost to each public library in the State. Orders for additional Public Library Access Cards (PLAC) may be placed on the PLAC Quarterly Report Form www.in.gov/library/plac.htm.
2. Appearance of Card. The Public Library Access Card (PLAC) contains the following information: name of cardholder, address of cardholder, home public library of cardholder and expiration date of card. This information will be made part of the PLAC record at the issuing library. The card is issued as an individual card to one specific person.

Definitions:

The **home public library** (590 IAC 3) means the public library where an individual is a resident or real property taxpayer in the taxing district of the library or library from which a nonresident has purchased a card.

The **issuing library** may be any public library in the state, not just the home library. The PLAC card lists the name of the home library, not the issuing library.

Guideline (a): Eligibility for PLAC. An individual who is in "good standing" and eligible to obtain a valid resident or nonresident library card from one of the 237 public libraries in the state of Indiana qualifies to obtain a PLAC. A law passed in 1996 allows an individual to obtain a PLAC at any public library in Indiana.

To receive a Public Library Access Card you must have an Indiana “resident” or a non-resident library card, (I.C. 4-23-7.1-5.1).

Guideline (b): "Good Standing" is defined at the local library level. Do not issue PLAC card to individuals with overdue fines and fees.

Guideline (c): A family PLAC cannot be issued. The card is issued only as an individual card to one specific person. The local library's guidelines regarding use of a library card by a person other than the actual cardholder should be followed if a family member wishes to borrow on a PLAC card.

Guideline (d): A public library may choose to issue its own library card to an individual holding a PLAC to properly code patron record in the circulation system for record keeping. This determination is made at the local library level. Any local card that is issued to a PLAC cardholder should be marked clearly with the PLAC expiration date. Libraries that have computerized registration files should mark the expiration date of the PLAC cardholder's record in the database. PLAC cardholders may be required to show both the PLAC and the local library card to check out materials according to the lending library's rules.

College/University Student PLAC. Resident students are not required to have a PLAC to use the local public library in the college/university community in that library district.

If a college student wants to borrow materials from a public library other than his/her home library or the library in the college/university community where he/she resides, then the student will need to purchase a PLAC.

Guideline: Local libraries should follow their policies in place for issuance of student cards to local college/university or other post secondary school students.
3. Refunds. No refunds for paid PLAC fee will be made under any circumstance.

4. Replacement Card. When a cardholder’s PLAC is lost or stolen, the cardholder will be issued a replacement card at the library where the PLAC was issued; the expiration date remains the original one. The fee for the replacement card will be $1.00 (subject to annual review by the Indiana Library and Historical Board) and will be remitted to the Indiana State Library. Keep a record of voided card numbers. Names, addresses, and card numbers of individuals who are issued replacement cards must appear on the PLAC Quarterly Report Form.

Fee Collection for Card

5. Payment for PLAC. An individual may pay either by cash or by check when obtaining a PLAC; credit card payment is available at some public libraries and is acceptable for PLAC card payment. If payment is made by check, the check should be made out to the public library issuing the PLAC. Collection and deposit of fees should be recorded by the issuing library according to the prescribed method of the Indiana State Board of Accounts www.in.gov/sboa/files/lib2010_003.pdf:

   PLAC CARD FUND [IC 4-23-7.1-5.1]
   All money received from the sale of PLAC cards should be receipted to a PLAC Card fund.
   Payments are to be made to the State Library of such receipts on a quarterly basis as required by 590 IAC 3.

6. Submitting Fees to Indiana State Library. Collected fees on the PLAC should be remitted to the Indiana State Library on a quarterly basis using the PLAC Quarterly Report Form.

Types of Materials Eligible for Loan to PLAC Patrons


Definitions of books: hardbound print books, paperback print books, large print format books and board books.

Books that normally circulate must be available for loan to PLAC cardholders.


Definition of non-book materials: videotapes, audiocassettes, CDs, records, art prints, slides, microfiche, pamphlets, periodicals (single or bound issues), etc.

Non-book materials may be loaned to PLAC cardholders at the discretion of the individual library.

EBooks and eAudio books are often ineligible for the PLAC loans because of vendor restrictions.

Annual Determination of Eligible Materials. Each local library determines annually what types of materials are eligible for loan to PLAC cardholders. This information needs to be readily available to borrowers on their library website.
Overdue & Lost Materials

Fees. Library overdue fees are set locally and the local library collects the daily overdue fee for library materials loaned to PLAC cardholders.

*Guideline: In the spirit of cooperation, when feasible, libraries should alert other libraries to problem borrowers with PLAC privileges that have accrued sizable overdue fines or have lost an inordinate number of items borrowed through the program.*

Replacement Cost. Reimbursement for lost library material borrowed on a PLAC is the responsibility of the borrower not the borrower's home library. The replacement cost of an item is determined by the lending library.

Materials Returned to the Wrong Library. Often library materials can be re-routed to lending library without an additional cost. In those cases where there is an additional cost, the library can collect cost from the borrower.

*Guideline: PLAC users should be informed that they are expected to return materials borrowed using PLAC to the lending library.*

Procedures for Issuing PLAC

1. Determine if individual holds a valid library card at a public library in Indiana.

Here is a link to a map that shows the areas unserved by a library district:


Those in unserved areas may obtain a PLAC card if they have purchased a non-resident card. The fee for a non-resident card is a minimum of $25.00 or the library's operating fund expenditure per capita (if greater than $25.00). The non-resident fee for the Indiana public libraries is found in table 4 of the latest publication of "Statistics of Indiana Libraries" found here [www.in.gov/library/plstats.htm](http://www.in.gov/library/plstats.htm). This fee is paid in addition to the PLAC fee.

2. Determine that the individual is in "good standing." Good Standing" is defined as an individual who does not have outstanding overdue fines and fees. (This may be determined locally and require a phone call to local library for verification of patron standing).

3. Registration can take place at any of the Indiana public libraries. When registering in the computerized system, the PLAC borrower is coded to their home library not necessarily the library that sold the card.

4. Collect the PLAC fee

   a) The PLAC borrower pays by cash, check, or credit card where available. Personal checks are payable to the issuing public library.

   b) In some libraries, the PLAC fee may be paid in part by the home library. Accounting procedures must receive both payments. The individual may pay by cash, check or credit card where available. Personal checks are made out to the issuing public library.
5. When total fee is properly receipted issue the PLAC card to borrower.

6. Type or write in ink on the face of the PLAC
   • Name;
   • Address;
   • Expiration date (one year from date of issue of the PLAC);
   • Home library.
   • Procedure when an individual brings a PLAC to your library:

The issuing library validates that the individual is in good standing at the home library; also verifies the identity on card matches the individual. Libraries differ in their procedures with PLAC borrowers. Some issue local card to register PLAC borrower in the library’s computerized system. The PLAC expiration date matches the expiration date on the local card issued.

Library policy regarding use of a library card by a person other than the actual cardholder is in force for PLAC borrower.

Statistics & Recordkeeping

Each library will be required by the State Library to keep statistics recording the home library of each PLAC cardholder who borrows materials from them as well as the number of items borrowed by a PLAC cardholder.

Library Reporting Responsibilities

Statistics. Each public library is expected to report all required borrowing statistics on the Public Library Access Card Program as a part of the Annual Report. The Board President shall attest to the accuracy of the report submitted on PLAC.

Eligible Materials for Loan. Each public library is responsible to communicate to PLAC cardholders the eligible list of loan items. Two ways to communicate to the cardholders is on the library website and as a handout detailing what library materials are eligible for loan to PLAC cardholders. For illustration of how to list on a library website visit the Allen County Public Library borrower page at www.acpl.lib.in.us/aboutus/borrowing.html#plac

Failure to Report. Failure to submit a complete statistical report to the Indiana State Library by the established deadline will result in the following action taken: Determination that the library is in non-compliance with Minimum Standards for Public Libraries and the withholding of state and federal funds to the library by the Indiana State Library.

PLAC Reimbursement to Libraries Based on Net Loans

Payment of funds for the PLAC program is paid out on the basis of net loans (IC 4-23-7.1-5.2(d)). Money paid into the PLAC program fund to the Indiana State Library plus the interest earned on this fund during a calendar year will be divided by the number of net loans made to PLAC cardholders and the resulting figure will be the per net loan figure paid to libraries. Each eligible public library will receive payment for its net loans, made during the previous calendar year, by August 1 of each year.
PLAC net loans are defined as the number of loans made by a library to PLAC cardholders from outside its district less the number of loans made by PLAC cardholders from within its district at other libraries.

To receive payment public libraries with net PLAC loans must meet Minimum Standards for Public Libraries in order to be eligible for reimbursement through the Public Library Access Card Program.

**Procedures for Recordkeeping:**

1. Keep data on file at your library for PLAC card purchases:
   - Name;
   - Address;
   - Phone (if available)
   - Cash/check#
   - PLAC Number
   - Expiration date (one year from date of issue).

   - When a PLAC cardholder uses the PLAC to borrow materials at your library, keep the usual information that you would need to issue one of your local cards. Keep a record of the name, address, PLAC #, and expiration date.

   - For each use by a PLAC borrower, record the home library of the PLAC cardholder and the number of items borrowed. Some libraries keep this as manual record and others automated circulation systems retain the records. (This information is **VERY IMPORTANT** and will be used to figure the reimbursement to libraries in the PLAC Program.)

**Recordkeeping: Before Library Migrates to New Integrated Library System (Circulation)**

- Always retain the circulation records regarding PLAC borrowers and loans for reporting in the Annual Statistics.

- Ask vendor, including Evergreen Indiana, about retention of the PLAC circulation records.

- Generate end of system report of circulation statistics with PLAC data to backup records. Keep hardcopy if possible.
# Public Library Access Card (PLAC) Quarterly Report

**State Form 44286 (R2/2-04)**

## Check Time Period Covered:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Report Due</th>
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<tr>
<td>1st quarter, Jan-Mar</td>
<td>April 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd quarter, Apr-June</td>
<td>July 25</td>
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<tr>
<td>3rd quarter, July-Sept</td>
<td>Oct 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4th quarter, Oct-Dec</td>
<td>Jan 25</td>
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</table>

## Name of Library

Complete Address

## Cards Sold This Quarter

<table>
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<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>thru</th>
<th>#</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

No cards sold this quarter (check here if applicable)

## Quantity of Replacement Cards Sold at $1.00

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Total $</th>
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Please use the following formula to calculate the quantity of cards sold:

Last card number sold this quarter minus last card number sold from previous quarter = total cards sold.

Total cards sold minus (−) voided or replacement cards = quantity of cards sold.

Example: 131409 - 131400 = 9 - voided card (1) #131408 = 8 cards sold.

## Quantity of Cards Sold

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

## Quantity of Voided Cards

(list card #s in this space)

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Total Remitted $</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Make check payable to the Indiana State Library

Please give information only for each replacement card sold. Attach additional sheets if needed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name, Address</th>
<th>Replacement Card #</th>
<th>Lost Card #</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Send additional cards. (Cards come in packages of 250.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity Requested:</th>
<th>Package(s)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The undersigned hereby certifies the accuracy of the information submitted on the Public Library Access Card (PLAC Quarterly Report).

Signature of Library Director

Date signed (month, day, year)

Signature of one Library Board Officer

Date signed (month, day, year)

Please return check, original form, and 1 copy to: Administrative Division, Room 410, Indiana State Library, 140 North Senate Avenue, Indianapolis, IN 46204-2296. Please make check payable to the Indiana State Library.
Statewide Reciprocal Borrowing

Participating libraries sign a statewide reciprocal borrowing covenant agreement that allows users from any other participating library to borrow books in person at public libraries all over Indiana. The reciprocal borrowing covenant agreement is found online at www.in.gov/library/ldoresources.htm

Any person who has a current resident library card from their local library can use Reciprocal Borrowing privileges to borrow from other libraries that participate in the statewide agreement.

Cardholders from contracting townships are not eligible for this program.

A current list of participants is included at the end of this chapter.

For those libraries wishing to participate in the statewide reciprocal borrowing program, a covenant has been included in this chapter. It must be filled out and returned to the LDO office in order to participate in the program and be added to the list.

Any questions need to be directed to the Indiana State Library, Library Development Office at 1-800-451-6028.

**DO NOT REQUIRE A PLAC CARD,** if the patron’s home library is on the Statewide Reciprocal Borrowing List and they are a taxing resident of that home library. A list of participating libraries can be found at the end of this chapter.

Any 2 or more libraries may sign a local reciprocal borrowing covenant to allow only those libraries to participate in a reciprocal borrowing program that includes their libraries and not participate statewide. This agreement is at the consent of the local library board and not required by state law.

PLAC, on the other hand, is state law and **all public libraries in Indiana are required** to sell a PLAC card to anyone who has a current and valid public library card from any other public library in the state.

Local Reciprocal Borrowing

A local or regional agreement is defined as an agreement between two or more libraries that allows residents of each library district to borrow items from a public library in the other library district(s), or a resolution by a local library board that the library will allow anyone with a public library card from another library in the state to borrow materials.

All local agreements must be in writing and approved by the participating libraries' boards of trustees. For recordkeeping purposes, copies of local agreements are filed with the Indiana State Library.

Do not issue the PLAC card to residents of your library district who wish only to use libraries that have local agreements with your library. (However, you would issue the PLAC if one of your residents wants to borrow materials from a library that does not have a local agreement with your library.)
Do not count loans made to individuals whose libraries have local agreements as part of the PLAC Program. The only loans that are reimbursed in the PLAC Program are those made to PLAC cardholders.

**Non-Resident Fees**

According to Indiana Code (IC 36-12-2-25), a resident of Indiana in an unserved area may purchase library services from one of the 237 library districts. The fee for a nonresident card is at least the sum of $25.00 or the library’s expenditure per capita, if that amount is greater than $25.00; the PLAC fee is in addition to the nonresident fee. A nonresident fee may be set higher than the library's operating fund expenditure per capita. The amounts of the operating fund expenditure per capita for public libraries are found in latest year of Public Library Statistics Table 4 [www.in.gov/library/4841.htm](http://www.in.gov/library/4841.htm).
Reciprocal Borrowing Covenant

WHEREAS, it is to the advantage of the people of Indiana that intellectual materials be accessible to them; and
WHEREAS, public libraries have been developed to promote access to intellectual materials available in organized collections of such materials in locally supported public libraries; and
WHEREAS, the parties to this agreement desire to fulfill their obligations and purposes in this regard do

HEREBY, covenant between them on behalf of the people in their library district to permit any person holding a valid resident borrower’s card from any library which is a party to the Covenant access to circulating materials, such an arrangement being generally referred to as reciprocal borrowing, subject only to the conditions set forth here following:

1. Users of this arrangement are expected to
   a. Conform to the rules and regulations of the institution from which they borrow
   b. Present a valid resident borrower’s card issued by their local library as evidence of their eligibility for this service; and
   c. Pay promptly all delinquency charges which may accrue against them
2. Participating libraries agree to assist each other, if necessary (on request) in recovering materials.
3. Participating libraries may limit this activity to specific eligible materials at their discretion, but are encouraged to provide unlimited access.
4. Participating libraries are not required to take reserves or initiate interlibrary loan requests for reciprocal borrowers.

This covenant becomes effective on the latest date shown below and shall remain in force until either party wishes it modified or canceled. A copy of this agreement shall be filed with the Indiana State Library upon signing, whereas to facilitate the compilation of a statewide listing of participating libraries.

__________________________________________ Public Library

_________________________ Date _________________________ Librarian

_________________________ Date _________________________ President

      Board of Trustees
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statewide Reciprocal Borrowing Covenant Libraries</th>
<th>Date Covenant Signed (It remains in effect until the library board rescinds it in writing, with a copy sent to the Indiana State Library, Library Development Office)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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Chapter 8

LDO Calendar of Important Dates

The LDO calendar is located at: [http://evanced.info/indiana/evanced/eventcalendar.asp?ln=ALL](http://evanced.info/indiana/evanced/eventcalendar.asp?ln=ALL)
The calendar can also be accessed through WebJunction Indiana. On the right hand side of page see Quick Links and select Calendar of Events.
In addition to LDO events dates that are in purple font color, the calendar includes Professional Development Office trainings.

Disclaimer

The calendar is maintained on the server to enhance access to information. The calendar is continually updated as event dates become known. The user should be aware that, while effort is made to keep the information timely and accurate, there is no express or implied guarantee. Please bring to our attention any corrections that are required.
Chapter 9

Employment Practices, Workers Rights

Resources in this chapter are an aid to draft a handbook or personnel manual. A carefully crafted handbook provides an opportunity to communicate to an employee the philosophy of the library. When crafting a handbook check with your library lawyer to make sure it does not imply a contract and jeopardize Indiana’s employment at will doctrine.


Contact the Indiana State Library if you want samples of other library’s personnel manuals.

A. Addresses for Employment Practices, Workers Rights, Etc.

Indiana

Indiana Department of Labor
402 West Washington Street, W-195
Indianapolis, IN 46204
(317) 232-2655
www.IN.gov/dol/2368.htm

Department of Workforce Development
For Employer Handbook of Unemployment Insurance go to www.in.gov/dwd/files/Employer_Handbook.pdf

Unemployment Insurance Taxes
General tax questions and employer assistance (800) 891- 6499
8:00 to 5:00 Monday-Tuesday
8:00 to 4:30 Wednesday-Friday
Hours Effective March 10, 2008
To find WorkOne Center closest to your location visit online map at www.in.gov/dwd/WorkOne/locations.html
Employer Tax Hotline is 1-800-437-9136

Worker’s Compensation Board of Indiana
402 West Washington Street, W-196
Indianapolis, IN 46204
(800) 824-COMP
www.in.gov/wcb/
National
U.S. Department of Labor - Main Office
Frances Perkins Building
200 Constitution Ave., NW
Room S-1032
Washington, DC 20210
(866) 4-USA-DOL
www.dol.gov

DOL Topics and Agency Offices: On the www.dol.gov web page, click on topics (wages, health plans, and unemployment insurance. For a listing of offices, click on DOL Agencies. This includes:

1. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS)
2. Employment Standards Administration (ESA) Includes Wage and Hour Division
3. Employment and Training Administration (ETA)
4. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
5. Veterans’ Employment and Training Service (VETS)
6. Women's Bureau (WB)

B. Federal Laws Requiring Posting

Included here are Federal laws required to be posted in the library - Department of Labor - www.dol.gov.

You can request free posters for each of these. There are companies who will send you an order blank to order their version of the free posters. These posters are in color and all mandatory laws are shown on one poster. The free posters are individual posters that have to be posted independently. It’s your choice whether you get the free ones or pay to have a colorful poster with all the laws in one place.

Posters can be downloaded and printed free of charge directly from this eLaws Poster Advisor at www.dol.gov/elaws/posters.htm.

C. Wage and Hour Division (WHD)

Wage and Hour Division, part of the Department of Labor, webpage at www.dol.gov/whd/ contains links to minimum wage information, overtime pay, recordkeeping, youth employment and special employment, family and medical leave, migrant workers, lie detector tests, worker protections in certain temporary worker programs, and the prevailing wages for government service and construction contracts.

Federal Minimum Wage Notice - (29 USC 206)
www.dol.gov/dol/topic/wages/minimumwage.htm

Employers subject to the Fair Labor Standards Act must post a notice regarding the federal minimum wage in “conspicuous places in every establishment” where the affected employers can readily observe it on their way to or from work (29 CFR 516.4). Failure to post the required notice is a federal crime.

Minimum Wage and Overtime Pay
“The Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) establishes standards for minimum wages, overtime pay, recordkeeping, and child labor. These standards affect more than 100 million workers, both full-time and part-time, in the private and public sectors.

The Act applies to enterprises with employees who engage in interstate commerce, produce goods for interstate commerce, or handle, sell, or work on goods or materials that have been moved in or produced for interstate commerce. For most firms, a test of not less than $500,000 in annual dollar volume of business applies (i.e., the Act does not cover enterprises with less than this amount of business).

However, the Act does cover the following regardless of their dollar volume of business: hospitals; institutions primarily engaged in the care of the sick, aged, mentally ill, or disabled who reside on the premises; schools for children who are mentally, or physically disabled or gifted; preschools, elementary, and secondary schools and institutions of higher education; and federal, state, and local government agencies.”


Employee Polygraph Protection Notice - (29 USC 2001)
www.dol.gov/elaws/firststep/poster_direct.htm?p_eppa=1

Each employer shall post and maintain such notice in conspicuous places on its premises where notices to employees are customarily posted” (29 USC S 2003). Any employer who violates Polygraph Protection Act may be assessed a civil penalty of up to $10,000 (29 USC 2005).

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission/Age Discrimination (29 CFR 1601.30)
www.eeoc.gov/

“Every employer has an obligation to keep posted in conspicuous places upon its premises notices describing the applicable provisions of Title VII and I. The ADA. Section 711(b) of Title VII makes failure to comply with this section punishable by fine...” for each violation (29 CFR 1601.30).

Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 - (U.S. Dept of Labor, Employment Standards Division)

State Laws Requiring Posting
State laws required to be posted in the library – Indiana Department of Labor – You can request free posters for each of these. There are companies who will send you an order blank to order their version of the free posters. These posters are in color and all mandatory laws are shown on one poster. The free posters are individual posters that have to be posted independently. It’s your choice whether you get the free ones or pay to have a colorful poster with all the laws in one place. A number of posters have links on this page www.in.gov/dol/2366.htm to PDF versions

Smoking Ban New Legislation HEA 1149 (Effective July 1, 2012)
Post sign that reads “Smoking is Prohibited by State Law.” Legislation provides that smoking is prohibited within eight feet of a public entrance to a public place or place of employment. This new
law does not prohibit local authorities from enacting more restrictive smoking ordinances and this new law does not supersede an existing more restrictive local smoking ordinance.

**Minimum Wage Law - (Ind. Code Ann. 22-2-2-8)**

www.in.gov/legislative/ic/code/title22/ar2/ch2.html

“Every employer subject to the provisions of this chapter...shall keep a copy of them posted in a conspicuous place in the area where employees are employed.” Violators of this statute may be guilty of an infraction.

**Worker’s Compensation Notice - (Ind. Code Ann. 22-3-2-2)**

www.in.gov/wcb/2371.htm

“Each employer subject to this code shall post a notice in the employer’s place of business to inform the employees that their employment is covered by worker’s compensation.” “(c) An employer who fails to comply with this section is subject to a penalty...” (22-3-2-22).

**Equal Opportunity is the Law - (Ind. Code Ann. 22-9-5-25)**

www.in.gov/legislative/ic/code/title22/ar9/ch5.html

Employers covered under this chapter “shall post notices in a format accessible to applicants, employees, and members describing the applicable provisions of this chapter...” Violators of this requirement may be subject to penalties under Section 711 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. (42 U.S.C. 2000e-10).

**Indiana Civil Rights Commission**

Office: (317) 232-2600
Toll Free: (800) 628-2909
Hearing Impaired: (800) 743-3333
Fax: (317) 232-6580
E-mail: icrc@crc.in.gov
Website: www.in.gov/icrc

It is unlawful to discriminate against any person with regard to recruitment, hiring or firing, promotion, transfers, job training, wages or salaries, or any other term, condition, or benefit of employment. An employer must also accommodate employees with disabilities and those who have “sincerely held religious beliefs.”

**Workforce Development Act – (Ind. Code Ann. 22-4-17-1)**

www.in.gov/legislative/ic/code/title22/ar4/ch17.html

“(e) Each employer shall display and maintain in places readily accessible to all employees posters concerning its regulations...”

**Indiana Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1974**

www.in.gov/dol/2391.htm

This poster must be displayed prominently in the workplace. www.dol.gov/compliance/topics/posters.htm#applicable_laws

**D. Important Employment Laws**

1. **Minimum Wage -- federal and state** All library workers employed by the library, except for professional services, will fall under the federal minimum wage laws. Make sure that you are paying them at minimum wage or more. A computer professional who is paid an amount that is at least as high as the separate minimum wage for computer professionals is exempt from the overtime provisions of FLSA (see below).
2. **Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) -- federal** This includes the federal minimum wage, and it also lists requirements for overtime pay and compensatory (comp) time. It also prohibits covered employees from contributing volunteer hours to their place of employment. The Fair Labor Standards Act also includes child labor provisions, which set certain limitations on the use of juveniles as employees. If you use students under 18 years of age as pages, you should be aware of these restrictions. Please see webinar recording at [http://www.in.gov/library/law.htm](http://www.in.gov/library/law.htm) under heading **2013 Summer Legal Series** for July 31st 2:30-3:30 p.m. “Fair Labor Standards Act.”

3. **State and Federal Civil Rights Laws** These laws prohibit employers from discriminating on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin in hiring, promotion, and other employment policies. The federal Title VII is one of the main civil rights laws.

4. **Age Discrimination Employment Act (ADEA) -- federal** ADEA prohibits employers from discriminating on account of age. The protected age group is 40 years old and older.

5. **American with Disabilities Act (ADA) -- federal** ADA strengthens prohibitions on discrimination against the disabled and requires employers to make their facilities accessible to the disabled and to make reasonable changes in their accommodations for the employment of disabled people.

6. **The Immigration Reform and Control Act -- federal** This law requires that employees complete an I-9 form within three days of starting work, verifying their identity and authorization to work. Employers may condition an offer of employment on the successful applicant’s completing the form, but may not specify what documents must be used to complete the form.

7. **The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) -- federal** FMLA allows employees to take up to 12 work weeks of paid or unpaid leave for certain medical and family reasons. It requires that employees taking such leave be allowed to return to their original job or an equivalent job with equivalent pay, benefits, and other employment terms and conditions.

8. **Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) -- federal** HIPAA provides rights and protections for participants and beneficiaries in group health plans. HIPAA includes protections for coverage under group health plans that limit exclusions for preexisting conditions; prohibits discrimination against employees and dependents based on their health status; and allows a special opportunity to enroll in a new plan to individuals in certain circumstances. HIPAA may also give you a right to purchase individual coverage if you have no group health plan coverage available, and have exhausted COBRA or other continuation coverage.

**E. Indiana’s Employment At-Will**

Indiana is an at-will employment state. The general rule, which has been a longstanding principle of employment in America, is that an employment relationship for no specific duration (no contract has been signed for a set period of time) may be terminated at any time at the will of either the employer or the employee for any reason or for no reason at all. Under this rule, the reason for terminating an at-will employment relationship does not matter. Whether the reason was unfair, immoral or just plain unfair is of no consequence.

Employment-related litigation stemming from employee discharges is an ever-increasing phenomenon in American business. To avoid the threat and liabilities associated with wrongful discharge, employers must review all their policies and procedures, as well as employee handbooks and other written personnel documents, to determine that no promises or statements are being
made that could be construed as a binding employment contract. It is strongly recommended that all employers have written disclaimers that preserve the employment-at-will-relationships.

Finally, when terminating employees, an employer should always make sure that its action is uniform, consistent and fair and that whenever possible the employee has been given advance warning that particular behavior or conduct could result in termination.

F. Overtime Pay

Overtime pay and exemptions are covered by the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA). The State of Indiana refers to this act for matters of overtime.

U.S. Department of Labor
Employment Standards Administration
Wage and Hour Division

Fact Sheet #17A: Exemption for Executive, Administrative, Professional, Computer & Outside Sales Employees Under the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA)

This fact sheet provides general information on the exemption from minimum wage and overtime pay provided by Section 13(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act as defined by Regulations, 29 CFR Part 541.

The FLSA requires that most employees in the United States be paid at least the federal minimum wage for all hours worked and overtime pay at time and one-half the regular rate of pay for all hours worked over 40 hours in a workweek.

However, Section 13(a)(1) of the FLSA provides an exemption from both minimum wage and overtime pay for employees employed as bona fide executive, administrative, professional and outside sales employees. Section 13(a)(1) and Section 13(a)(17) also exempt certain computer employees. To qualify for exemption, employees generally must meet certain tests regarding their job duties and be paid on a salary basis at not less than $455 per week. Job titles do not determine exempt status. In order for an exemption to apply, an employee’s specific job duties and salary must meet all the requirements of the Department’s regulations.

See other fact sheets in this series for more information on the exemptions for executive, administrative, professional, computer and outside sales employees, and for more information on the salary basis requirement.

Executive Exemption

To qualify for the executive employee exemption, all of the following tests must be met:

• The employee must be compensated on a salary basis (as defined in the regulations) at a rate not less than $455 per week;
• The employee’s primary duty must be managing the enterprise, or managing a customarily recognized department or subdivision of the enterprise;
• The employee must customarily and regularly direct the work of at least two or more other full-time employees or their equivalent; and
• The employee must have the authority to hire or fire other employees, or the employee’s suggestions and recommendations as to the hiring, firing, advancement, promotion or any other change of status of other employees must be given particular weight.

**Administrative Exemptions**

To qualify for the administrative employee exemption, all of the following tests must be met:

• The employee must be compensated on a salary or fee basis (as defined in the regulations) at a rate not less than $455 per week;

• The employee’s primary duty must be the performance of office or non-manual work directly related to the management or general business operations of the employer or the employer’s customers; and

• The employee’s primary duty includes the exercise of discretion and independent judgment with respect to matters of significance.

**Professional Exemption**

To qualify for the **learned professional** employee exemption, all of the following tests must be met:

• The employee must be compensated on a salary or fee basis (as defined in the regulations) at a rate not less than $455 per week;

• The employee’s primary duty must be the performance of work requiring advanced knowledge, defined as work which is predominantly intellectual in character and which includes work requiring the consistent exercise of discretion and judgment;

• The advanced knowledge must be in a field of science or learning; and

• The advanced knowledge must be customarily acquired by a prolonged course of specialized intellectual instruction.

To qualify for the **creative professional** employee exemption, all of the following tests must be met:

• The employee must be compensated on a salary or fee basis (as defined in the regulations) at a rate not less than $455 per week;

• The employee’s primary duty must be the performance of work requiring invention, imagination, originality or talent in a recognized field of artistic or creative endeavor.

**Computer Employee Exemption**

To qualify for the computer employee exemption, the following tests must be met:

• The employee must be compensated either on a salary or fee basis (as defined in the regulations) at a rate not less than $455 per week or, if compensated on an hourly basis, at a rate not less than $27.63 an hour;

• The employee must be employed as a computer systems analyst, computer programmer, software engineer or other similarly skilled worker in the computer field performing the duties described below;

• The employee’s primary duty must consist of:

1) The application of systems analysis techniques and procedures, including consulting with users, to determine hardware, software or system functional specifications;
2) The design, development, documentation, analysis, creation, testing or modification of computer systems or programs, including prototypes, based on and related to user or system design specifications;

3) The design, documentation, testing, creation or modification of computer programs related to machine operating systems; or

4) A combination of the aforementioned duties, the performance of which requires the same level of skills.

**Outside Sales Exemption**

To qualify for the outside sales employee exemption, all of the following tests must be met:

- The employee’s primary duty must be making sales (as defined in the FLSA), or obtaining orders or contracts for services or for the use of facilities for which a consideration will be paid by the client or customer; and
- The employee must be customarily and regularly engaged away from the employer’s place or places of business.

**Highly Compensated Employees**

Highly compensated employees performing office or non-manual work and paid total annual compensation of $100,000 or more (which must include at least $455 per week paid on a salary or fee basis) are exempt from the FLSA if they customarily and regularly perform at least one of the duties of an exempt executive, administrative or professional employee identified in the standard tests for exemption.

**Blue Collar Workers**

The exemptions provided by FLSA Section 13(a)(1) apply only to “white collar” employees who meet the salary and duties tests set forth in the Part 541 regulations. The exemptions do not apply to manual laborers or other “blue collar” workers who perform work involving repetitive operations with their hands, physical skill and energy. FLSA-covered, non-management employees in production, maintenance, construction and similar occupations such as carpenters, electricians, mechanics, plumbers, iron workers, craftsmen, operating engineers, longshoremen, construction workers and laborers are entitled to minimum wage and overtime premium pay under the FLSA, and are not exempt under the Part 541 regulations no matter how highly paid they might be.

**Police, Fire Fighters, Paramedics & Other First Responders**

The exemptions also do not apply to police officers, detectives, deputy sheriffs, state troopers, highway patrol officers, investigators, inspectors, correctional officers, parole or probation officers, park rangers, fire fighters, paramedics, emergency medical technicians, ambulance personnel, rescue workers, hazardous materials workers and similar employees, regardless of rank or pay level, who perform work such as preventing, controlling or extinguishing fires of any type; rescuing fire, crime or accident victims; preventing or detecting crimes; conducting investigations or inspections for violations of law; performing surveillance; pursuing, restraining and apprehending suspects; detaining or supervising suspected and convicted criminals, including those on probation or parole; interviewing witnesses; interrogating and fingerprinting suspects; preparing investigative reports; or other similar work.

**Other Laws & Collective Bargaining Agreements**
The FLSA provides minimum standards that may be exceeded, but cannot be waived or reduced. Employers must comply, for example, with any Federal, State or municipal laws, regulations or ordinances establishing a higher minimum wage or lower maximum workweek than those established under the FLSA. Similarly, employers may, on their own initiative or under a collective bargaining agreement, provide a higher wage, shorter workweek, or higher overtime premium than provided under the FLSA. While collective bargaining agreements cannot waive or reduce FLSA protections, nothing in the FLSA or the Part 541 regulation relieves employers from their contractual obligations under such bargaining agreements.

Where to Obtain Additional Information

For additional information, visit our Wage and Hour Division Website: www.dol.gov/whd/ and/or call our toll-free information and helpline, available 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern Time, 1-866-4USWAGE (1-866-487-9243).

When the state laws differ from the federal FLSA, an employer must comply with the standard most protective to employees. Links to your state labor department can be found at www.dol.gov/dol/location.htm.

Personnel Policies Checklist

(Possible topics to cover)

For examples of policies and procedures see the Indiana State Personnel Department webpage www.in.gov/spd/2393.htm.

36. Employment-At-Will Disclaimer
37. Job Classifications; full-time and part-time status
38. Orientation/trial Period
39. Equal Employment Opportunity Statement
40. Sexual Harassment Policies
41. Work Rules and Disciplinary Policy and Procedures — common items included may be:

- excessive absences, tardiness, or early leaves
- use, possession, actual or intended distribution or being under the influence of drugs, controlled substances, or alcohol
- insubordination
- refusal to cooperate with investigation
- falsification of library records, including the employment application
- negligent or unauthorized use of library equipment
- harassment, physical abuse or verbal abuse of employees, patrons, or visitors
- gambling during working hours
- theft or unauthorized use or possession of library property or another person’s property
- soliciting or seeking support or contributions during working time for any cause or organization without management approval
- violation of safety rules or common safety practices
• failure to make a prompt report of any accident on library property
• inattention to the job, or poor job performance
• failure to observe library working hours and schedules, including scheduled overtime
• disclosure of confidential information to unauthorized persons
• possession of weapons on library property

42. **Hours of Work, Layoff/Recall**
43. **Military Leave**
44. **Jury Service**
45. **Bereavement Leave**
46. **Attendance Policy**
47. **Vacation**
48. **Holidays**
49. **Personal Days**
50. **Sick Days**
51. **Union-Free Workplace Statement**
52. **Open Door Statement** (do not restrict employees from communicating with members of management other than their immediate supervisors)
53. **Bulletin Boards** — fosters communication between employees
54. **Substance Abuse Policy**
55. **Family and Medical Leave Act Policies**
56. **Smoking** — can prohibit in facility
57. **Dress Code**
58. **References** — prevents employer from releasing references that will cause it to be held liable for defamation
59. **Promotion/Transfer/Job Openings**
60. **Timekeeping Requirements**
61. **Health Insurance, Health Savings Accounts, Disability Benefits Programs, Deferred Compensation, and PERF**
62. **Confidential Information**
63. **Personal Belongings**
64. **Employment of Relatives**
65. **Safety and Health**
66. **Inclement Weather/Emergencies**
67. **Telephone** (for customer satisfaction and for employee’s personal calls)
68. **Internet/E-mail**
69. **Termination of Employment**

**Receipt/Acknowledgement** — helps to ensure that the employee has read the handbook. **Employee Examination of Personnel Files** — employer may decide whether employees may review their files or not; documents should not be removed.

Adapted from a Barnes & Thornburg handout, 1998.
Taxable Fringe Benefits


Some cases require more research such as the following question.

For example, how is the purchase of staff polo shirts handled when the library board requires polo shirt to be worn during work hours? The work shirt is a taxable benefit because it can be worn for general use. The library allocates an employee clothing allowance in their payroll check.

In 2010 the Library Development Office included in the Annual Library Bookkeeping Workshop a presentation by on the topic of benefits and sales in libraries. Please visit the LDO workshop webpage at www.in.gov/library/ldoworkshops.htm. Click on the link for Video Recording “Afternoon Session (Part 2); Indiana State Library and Indiana Department of Revenue” found under the heading Library Bookkeeping and Annual Report Workshop November 10 & 18, 2010.
**Chapter 10**

**eRate Services at Indiana State Library, the Public Library Internet Consortium and Technology Plans**

Federal and state funding for Internet services is available to public libraries and schools in Indiana. The federal funding is from the FCC eRate program and state funding is from the Build Indiana Fund allocated during the biennial budget session of the state legislature. The public library consultant supports the statewide service associated with the Public Library Consortium for Internet Connectivity.

To provide eRate services, a federal program, the ISL hires a broadband vendor/consultant and an eRate application consultant. The broadband vendor/consultant and eRate application consultant are selected through state procurement process. The ISL works with the procurement personnel at the Indiana Department of Administration (www.in.gov/idoa/2342.htm). The public library consultant is part of the team that reviews proposals. In addition, the broadband vendor is also selected with the FCC eRate requirement to post the 470 form. The contracts are for 3 years, and the procurement is every three years. Copies of the contracts are filed in the Administrative Office.

There are three types of technology services eligible for eRate funding: telecommunications, Internet, and internal connections. The ISL Consortium supports only internet connectivity and not filing for the two other services. Internet connectivity is known as Priority 1 service. Priority 1 service no longer requires a technology plan, though the ISL requires a 3 year technology plan according to 590 Indiana Administrative Code Rule 6.

Each library in the consortium has a Billed Entity Number (BEN). For new members, AdTec will obtain a BEN number. AdTec may need the public library consultant to provide the FSCS number for the Indiana library found on IMLS website at https://harvester.census.gov/imls/search/index.asp

**Timeline for the support services**

FCC program defines the eRate year as beginning July 1 and ending on June 30. The public library consultant handles three years of the program at any given time: the year ending, the current year, and planning for the next year. Most consultant duties are associated with the planning that begins in June and ends in late February with the application for funding for eRate services.
I. Planning for the Next Year Begins in Late July

ERate packets are prepared for all public libraries in Indiana in July. There are two versions of the packet: 1) CIPA compliant libraries that filter; 2) CIPA non-compliant libraries who do not filter. A packet is sent to all libraries, members and non-members alike, to notify all public libraries about the opportunity to continue or join Consortium with the notification of forms and timeline for application.

Packet

The annual packet sent in July includes a formal letter from the Library Development Office Supervisor at the Indiana State Library. The letter declares the end of past eRate year, start of current eRate year, and the planning for the next year. Also included with the letter are the new forms for planning year in order for public libraries to file for eRate; the forms allow the eRate consultant to file for consortium members with reference to the State Master Contract 470. Included in the packet are the following new forms:

- **Form 479** to certify that you are in compliance with the Children’s Internet Protection Act (CIPA)
- **Letter of Agency** to give authority to AdTec to file E-rate forms on behalf of your library for the upcoming year
- **Board Resolution** to continue in the consortium
- Letter and data sheet from AdTec
- Sample of Request for Services Form
- Tentative timeline for your E-Rate Year 2012-2013.

Forms and information may also be found on the E-Rate page of the Indiana State Library’s website [www.in.gov/library/erate.htm](http://www.in.gov/library/erate.htm)

Please consider needs as outlined in the library’s Technology Plan and select service requirements on Request for Services Form. Service requirements may be affected by proposed new Public Library Standards. Please consider the need for additional broadband capacity whether that entails additional T1 lines or a switch to fiber.

Each year a representative from the State Library will attend the State Budget Committee meeting, usually in August. Data on funding the State Technology Grant is released at that time. Public Libraries are required to budget the full non-eRate portion of Internet and Internet related services.
Completion of Forms
Consortium libraries have from July until October to meet with their library board and complete the first four documents. Even if library completed forms the year before, new ones are completed and copies filed with Indiana State Library for the new eRate year.

1. new Form 479 to certify that library is in compliance with the Children’s Internet Protection Act (CIPA)
2. new Letter of Agency to give authority to AdTec to file E-rate forms on behalf of your library for the upcoming year
3. new Board Resolution to continue in the consortium

Original signed documents one through three are returned to eRate consultant in the Library Development Office in mid-September. The libraries retain copies for audit purposes.

The AdTec data sheet is completed and faxed in mid-September to AdTec in Centerville, IN.

4. Letter and data sheet from AdTec
In late November, the library assesses broadband capacity for current year and determines if additional service capacity needs to be ordered.

5. Request for Services Form
Document five is completed after meeting with broadband consultant, selected through state procurement process; library fills in the data.

6. Tentative timeline for your E-Rate Year 2014-2015
Document six is informational with deadlines for submitting the documents. The deadlines for eRate documents are also on the LDO Calendar evanced.info/indiana/evanced/eventcalendar.asp?ln=2
The tentative dates for planning year 2014-2015 are:

**Timeline for Your E-Rate Year 15**

*(July 1, 2012-June 30, 2013)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9/13/13</td>
<td>Deadline for the AdTec Data Sheet (including budget pages). Submit completed document to AdTec offices in Centerville and not to Indiana State Library by this date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9/23/2013</td>
<td>Deadline for the AdTec Data Sheet (including budget pages)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/01/2013</td>
<td>Draft of 3 year technology due in Library Development Office; reviewed with final version due January 6, 2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11/23/2012</td>
<td>Service Level Checklist Form—Document is handled on or before this date by eRate service provider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12/2013-2/2014</td>
<td>Approximate window for Form 471 (Description of Services Ordered and Certification Form)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/01/2014</td>
<td>Service year begins</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/2014-10/2014</td>
<td>Approximate window for Form 486 (Receipt of Services Confirmation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6/30/2015</td>
<td>Service Year ends</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. **Current eRate Year**

Concurrent with the receipt of completed documents for planning year, the Public Library Consultant calculates the reimbursement from State Technology Grant Fund to be deposited (EFT) into Consortium libraries accounts by end of calendar year. Reimbursement is for the full eRate year of non-eRate portion paid out of pocket by Consortium member(s). The reimbursement is based on a school lunch discount in library district and the balance of money
in the State Technology Grant Fund for distribution. The distribution also pays the Adtec eRate consultant fee.

III. Closing Out the Previous Year

Retention Schedule for eRate Documents

Schools and libraries shall retain all documents related to the application for, receipt, and delivery of discounted telecommunications and other supported services for at least 5 years after the last day of service delivered in a particular Funding Year. Any other document that demonstrates compliance with the statutory or regulatory requirements for the schools and libraries mechanism shall be retained as well. Schools and libraries shall maintain assets and inventory records of equipment purchased as components of supported internal connections services sufficient to verify the actual location of such equipment for a period of five years after purchase.
E-RATE Timeline: July 1 - June 30

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JULY</th>
<th>AUG</th>
<th>SEPT</th>
<th>OCT</th>
<th>NOV</th>
<th>DEC</th>
<th>JAN</th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
<th>MAY</th>
<th>JUNE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Technology Plan</td>
<td>Form 470: Seeking Services*</td>
<td>Form 471: Funding Requests for all Services**</td>
<td>Funding Commitment Letter</td>
<td>Form 486: Applicant ready to receive Services</td>
<td>Receive Discounts</td>
<td>29 Days Competitive Bidding</td>
<td>SLD Reviews Applications</td>
<td>Provide documentation to each Service Provider to get E-Rate Discounts</td>
<td>Start Over!</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*These dates are estimates. In order to derive the Form 470 deadline, applicants must count backwards from the Form 471 deadline.

**FCC announces Form 471 filing deadlines each Fall.

Source: J. Siminitus 7/2007
Technology Plan

As September 28, 2010 the FCC announced changes in the eRate program. A technology plan is no longer required for Priority 1 Internet Access services. A 3-year Technology Plan is a state requirement as defined in the Indiana Administrative Code Title 590 Article 6. Furthermore, Priority 2 services in the eRate program require an approved technology plan. Definition of eligible services for eRate, including the definition of priority 2 services, can be found on the USAC site for USAC Eligible Services List

Technology Plan Requirements from IAC 590 6-1-4

A technology plan of service for three (3) years. The plan, updates, and revisions must be filed with the Indiana State Library. At a minimum, the plan shall include the following:

(A) Goals and realistic strategy for using telecommunications and information technology.

(B) A professional development strategy.

(C) An assessment of telecommunication services, hardware, software, and other services needed.

(D) An equipment replacement schedule.

(E) Financial resources and sustainability.

(F) An ongoing annual evaluation process.

(G) An automation plan that conforms to national cataloging standards.

TechAtlas is not required for completion of technology plan. Please contact public library consultant at Indiana State Library if you require assistance in drafting a technology plan.

In order to be in compliance with Indiana Public Library standards (590 IAC 6-1-4(g)), use the checklist on the following page to ensure the following elements are included in your submission to the Indiana State Library.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Does the technology plan . . .</th>
<th>Yes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cover, at most, three years?</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>List the library goals and realistic strategies for using telecommunications and information technology to respond to needs of the community?</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provide a professional development strategy to ensure that staff has the skills and training necessary to meet the library’s technology goals?</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assess the library’s current telecommunication services, hardware, software, and other services that comply with basic standards for the population served by the library?</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indicate a replacement schedule for telecommunication services, hardware, software, and other services to meet continuing needs of the community?</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Include a budget for the costs of telecommunication services, hardware, software and other services required during the years covered by the plan?</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Describe the ongoing annual evaluation of the plan’s goals and strategies that includes revision and modifications filed with the Indiana State Library?</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Outline the library’s automation plan that indicates the library’s collections are managed through the use of an integrated library system (ILS)?</td>
<td>☐</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please contact Karen Ainslie (317) 232-1938 or (800) 451-6028 [In State only], or kainslie@library.IN.gov with any questions you may have.
Children’s Internet Protection Act
As of July 1, 2004, public libraries must comply with the Children’s Internet Protection Act, or CIPA, to be eligible for the Internet access discount. This is done by filing an annual form 479 with the State Library. CIPA has three requirements:

1. The library must have an Internet safety policy adopted by the board. It must address the following issues:
   a. Access by minors to inappropriate matter on the Internet and World Wide Web;
   b. The safety and security of minors when using electronic mail, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communications;
   c. Unauthorized access, including so-called “hacking,” and other unlawful activities by minors online;
   d. Unauthorized disclosure, use, and dissemination of personal information regarding minors; and
   e. Measures designed to restrict minors’ access to materials harmful to minors.

2. The policy must include a technology protection measure (filter) that protects against Internet access by both adults and minors to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or, with respect to use of the computers by minors, harmful to minors. The filter must be present on ALL library computers, including staff computers, connected to the Internet, but must be disabled on request for adults engaged in bona fide research or for other lawful purposes. This includes staff computers.

3. The library shall hold at least one (1) public hearing or meeting and provide reasonable public notice for that hearing.

Please contact Karen Ainslie at the Library Development Office at 1-800-451-6028 for assistance
Resources

Bandwidth utilization reports for each Indiana State Library consortium members are available from ENA site at inpublibraries.ena.com/ Call customer support to obtain username and password.

Universal Service Administrative Corporation www.usac.org/sl/

- To receive notice of weekly funding commitments from eRate subscribe to USAC listserv for wave notifications
- Training in the fall and spring, conference is gratis but you have to pay travel/lodging
- Reference Area
- Data Retrieval Tool

American Library Association State www.ala.org/offices/oitp

Children’s Internet Protection Act (CIPA)

State of Wisconsin Department of Education webpage at http://pld.dpi.wi.gov/pld_cipafaq
Chapter 11
Department of Local Government and Finance (DLGF) and the Budgeting Process

**Department of Local Government Finance**

Dan Jones (assistant director – budget division, libraries)

djones@dlgf.IN.gov

100 N. Senate Ave.

N1058 Indiana Government Center North

Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

317-232-0651

www.in.gov/dlgf

**The Role of the Department of Local Government Finance**

- Certifies budgets, tax rates and levies;
- Administers property tax laws; and
- Ensures property assessments are made in a manner provided by law

**Budgeting Process**

- Who is in charge of establishing the budget?
  - Your library board is legally responsible for establishing the library’s budget and for practicing good fiscal management. Often, however, much of this responsibility is delegated to the library director. As a new library director, one of your first jobs should be to find out how much you will be involved with the fiscal management of the library. Here are some questions that you should ask your library board:
  - Who approves the budget?
    - The budget is always reviewed by county, or city/town council. If over the growth quotient it is a binding review. Budget may be adopted by County or City/Town council if library exceeds growth quotient. Fiscal body who adopts advertises adoption date.
  - What is the library’s budget for this year? Get a copy!
  - Who receives the bills and verifies that the goods or services charged for have been received?
  - Who assigns the bills to budget categories?
  - Who prepares the monthly financial statement? If you are responsible for preparing the financial statement, what format should you use?
    - Are there computer programs/forms that are set up for this purpose?
  - Who prepares and signs the check?
    - In Indiana the library director is not allowed to sign library checks
  - If the fiscal management is handled by someone other than the staff, how is the staff kept informed of the library’s financial status?
• Is there a limit set on the size of expenditures that can be made by the staff without board pre-approval?
  ○ This should be part of the public purchasing policy

You need to find out how the library board does its budget. Does the board ask you to present a draft budget, or does it have a budget committee of its own members? It is vitally important that you as the library director have input into the budget, as you know the day-to-day operation of the library better than any other person.

Once you know what the library board wants to do in the next year, you can begin to develop cost figures. You need to gather cost information from a variety of sources, such as the present year’s expenditures, catalogs, information on utility rates and the cost of living rate that appears in newspapers and other sources, and information you gather from service vendors.

Remember that in budgeting you are making a series of educated guesses. The more information you have, the better your guesses are.

**Budget Process**

Beginning with the preparation of the 2012 budget the Department of Local Government Finance premiered the Gateway, online input of governmental units’ budgets. The DLGF offers training on the system; please check with your local DLGF representative.

The Indiana State Library introduces the budgeting process with an Adobe Connect audio PowerPoint found at this link [webinar.isl.in.gov/boardbudgetplan](http://webinar.isl.in.gov/boardbudgetplan). The “Budget Workshop” is offered in June by the Indiana State Library with presentations from the Department of Local Government Finance, and State Board of Accounts. The State Board of Accounts updates libraries on any changes in recent legislative session that impacts the budget.

The Department of Local Government Finance also covers legislation as well as the Gateway budget forms. The budget process involves following a set timetable required by law. This year (2012) legislation simplified the deadlines for budget review and approval. The deadline to submit an approved budget remains November 1.

For up to date information, see 2013/2014 Budget Calendar of the Department of Local Government Finance website at [http://www.in.gov/dlgf/files/130510_-_Jones_Memo_-_2013-2014_Budget_Calendar.pdf](http://www.in.gov/dlgf/files/130510_-_Jones_Memo_-_2013-2014_Budget_Calendar.pdf). All libraries are encouraged to attend the budget workshop, usually held in June. In past years the budget calendar followed the general timeframe that follows on the next page:
Overview

Online audio PowerPoint overview of library budget plan found at webinar.isl.in.gov/boardbudgetplan

June

Budget Workshops, usually held 2 times and broadcast to the video sites in Indiana. These workshops are presented by the State Board of Accounts, the Department of Local Government Finance, and the Indiana State Library. View the presentation on LDO workshop website: www.in.gov/library/ldoworkshops.htm. The Department of Local Government Finance offers a special workshop in each county for libraries. If a library is unable to attend the assigned workshop, a workshop in another county can be attended.

June - July

Preliminary work on the budget by board and librarian. Library is notified by the Department of Local Government Finance through the County Auditor of its maximum permissible levy. Often you do not have this information available and must estimate using previous year maximum permissible levy listed on the 1782 notice. Department of Local Government Finance Field Representative sets up an appointment to meet with each taxing unit in the county. After the meeting, library should have a completed Form 3, ready for advertisement.

September 3

Submission of Information to Fiscal Body. If the assessed valuation of a public library is entirely contained within a city or town or the assessed valuation of a public library is not entirely contained within a city or town but the public library was originally established by the city or town, the governing body must, before September 1, submit its proposed budget and property tax levy to the city or town fiscal body in the manner prescribed by the Department of Local Government Finance (“Department”).

However, if more than 50% of the parcels of real property within the jurisdiction of the public library are located outside the city or town, the governing body must, before September 2 and in the manner prescribed by the Department, submit its proposed budget and property tax levy to the county fiscal body of the county where the public library has the most assessed valuation. (IC 6-1.1-17-3)

September 13

Deadline for first advertisement or publication of proposed 2014 tax levy, budget and notice to taxpayers of public hearing

September 20

Last date for second publication of proposed 2014 tax levy, budget and notice to taxpayers of public hearing (Form 3) (IC 6-1.1-17-3).

October 1

Last day for county fiscal body to complete review and issue non-binding recommendation to civil taxing units regarding civil taxing units’ proposed 2013 tax rates, review, and budgets. IC 6.1-17-3.5
October 19  Last date for units to file excessive levy appeals for annexation/consolidation/extension of services, three (3) year growth factor, emergence levy appeal and correction of error with DLGF. IC 6-1.1-18.5-12; IC 6-1.1-18.5-13(1), (3), (13); IC 6-1.1-18.5-14.

October 22  Last day for taxing units to hold a public hearing on the 2014 budget (except in Marion County and in second class cities) IC 6-1.1-17-5.

October 29  Last possible day ten (10) or more taxpayers may object to a 2014 budget, tax rate, or tax levy of a political subdivision (must occur not more than seven (7) days after the hearing). IN OTHER WORDS THIS DEADLINE IS SUBJECT TO THE SCHEDULING OF THE ADOPTION HEARING, WHICH COULD BE HELD BEFORE NOVEMBER 1. IC 6-1.1-17-5(b).

November 1  Deadline for all taxing units to adopt 2014 budgets, rates, and levies IC 6-1.1-17-5(a).

If a taxpayer objection petition is filed, the fiscal body of the political subdivision shall adopt with its 2014 budget a finding concerning the objections in the petition and any testimony presented at the adoption hearing. IC 6-1.1-17-5(c).

In Marion County and second class cities, public hearing may be held anytime after introduction of 2014 budget. IC 6-1.1-17-5(a). Note that November 1 is the last date for adoption of the budget.

November 3  Last day for civil units to file adopted 2014 budgets with county auditor and County Tax Adjustment Board (TAB). Must not be later than two (2) days after budget adoption. IC 6-1.1-17-5.

November 4  Submit budget to DLGF through the Gateway.
February 17, 2014

The Department of Local Government Finance has until this date each year to certify the library’s final appropriations (budget), tax rates and levies.

February 28, 2014

Deadline for each political subdivision to submit report to the DLGF of any outstanding bonds or leases (as of January 1). IC 5-1-18-9

March 3, 2014

Units file 2013 Annual Report with State Board of Accounts. In addition to being used for SBoA audit, this information is used by the DLGF to prepare an annual report on expenditure per capita of political subdivisions. IC 5-11-1-4; IC 6-1.1-33.5

The Department will deny entirely a unit’s budget and additional appropriations until the unit files an annual report.

Deadline to establish new units in order to receive a property tax levy in 2014. IC 6-1.1-18.5-7
**Things to Remember About Gateway**

**Input Budget**
Prepare all the prescribed forms
Forms and screens will have formulas built in to perform math calculations
Prepare the budget advertisement

**Budget Advertisement**
An ad is by fund and includes: the budget, max levy, proposed levy, current levy, and amount of excess levy appeals.
An ad may include more funds than those reviewed by the DLGF.
Always include language that says taxpayers may object to budget or levies within seven days after the public hearing.
The goal is for units to have a copy of the ad at the end of budget workshop session at July or August meeting with DLGF representative.
Submit the adopted budget to the DLGF electronically
Make sure that all forms needing signatures have been signed at the appropriate time.
Make sure that you follow the proper number of days between each step.
If a petition is filed by taxpayers objecting to the budget, the library board **shall** adopt with its budget a finding concerning the objections in the petition and any testimony presented at the adoption hearing. All of this must be in writing.

**Review Numbers in Published Budget by County**
When the county auditor publishes the rates, you should compare the published rates with the amount you turned in to the auditor. If there is an error or if the County Board of Tax Adjustment has changed your rate, you only have 10 days to appeal. See levy appeal memo and forms at [http://www.in.gov/dlgf/files/130716_-_Vincent_Memo_-_Review_of_Excess_Levy_Appeals_ATTACHMENT_2013_pay_2014_Excessive_Levy_Appeal_Forms.pdf](http://www.in.gov/dlgf/files/130716_-_Vincent_Memo_-_Review_of_Excess_Levy_Appeals_ATTACHMENT_2013_pay_2014_Excessive_Levy_Appeal_Forms.pdf). The library board must file the appeal petition with the Department of Local Government Finance, Indiana Government Center North, Rm. N1058, 100 North Senate Avenue, Indianapolis, IN 46204.

**Resources:**
Definitions of Budget Classifications [www.in.gov/library/files/DEFINITIONS_OF_BUDGET_CLASSIFICATIONS.pdf](http://www.in.gov/library/files/DEFINITIONS_OF_BUDGET_CLASSIFICATIONS.pdf)
Budget Preparation [webinar.isl.in.gov/boardbudgetplan](http://webinar.isl.in.gov/boardbudgetplan)
Publication of Budget Notice to Taxpayers and Public Notice Errors (on last page) [www.in.gov/library/files/workshoppub_not.pdf](http://www.in.gov/library/files/workshoppub_not.pdf) and [www.in.gov/library/files/workshopErrors.pdf](http://www.in.gov/library/files/workshopErrors.pdf)
Financial Glossary of Terms to Know
This form is to be completed and submitted through the Indiana Gateway for Government Units at https://gateway.ifionline.org/login.aspx.

Prescribed by the Department of Local Government Finance
Approved by the State Board of Accounts

Budget Form No. 1 (Rev. 2011)

BUDGET ESTIMATE FOR

Selected Year: ___________________________
Selected County: _________________________
Selected Unit: ___________________________
Selected Fund: ___________________________
Selected Department: _____________________

1. Personal Services

Salaries and Wages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line Item Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Published Amount</th>
<th>Adopted Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Employee Benefits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line Item Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Published Amount</th>
<th>Adopted Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other Personal Services

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line Item Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Published Amount</th>
<th>Adopted Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Personal Services Totals


2. Supplies

Office Supplies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line Item Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Published Amount</th>
<th>Adopted Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operating Supplies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line Item Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Published Amount</th>
<th>Adopted Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This form is to be completed and submitted through the Indiana Gateway for Government Units at https://gateway.fionline.org/login.aspx.

Prescribed by the Department of Local Government Finance
Approved by the State Board of Accounts

Budget Form No. 2 (Rev. 2011)

ESTIMATE OF MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES

Selected Year: 
Selected County: 
Selected Unit: 
Selected Fund: 

TAXES AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revenue Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>July 1 to Dec 31, 20xx</th>
<th>Jan 1 to Dec 31, 20xx</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other Taxes Totals

LICENCES AND PERMITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revenue Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>July 1 to Dec 31, 20xx</th>
<th>Jan 1 to Dec 31, 20xx</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Licenses and Permits Totals

CHARGES FOR SERVICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revenue Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>July 1 to Dec 31, 20xx</th>
<th>Jan 1 to Dec 31, 20xx</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Charges for Services Totals

FINES AND FORFEITURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revenue Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>July 1 to Dec 31, 20xx</th>
<th>Jan 1 to Dec 31, 20xx</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fines and Forfeitures Totals

I hereby acknowledge that the submission of this document through the Gateway password and PIN system constitutes an "electronic signature" as defined in IC 5-24-2-2. This submission is intended to, and hereby does, constitute authentication and approval of the submitted document as required by the Indiana Code. I understand that this electronic signature takes the place of my handwritten signature and accomplishes the same purposes as would my handwritten signature in the same circumstance. I further acknowledge that this electronic signature has the same force and effect as my handwritten signature and can and will be used for all lawful purposes. I affirm that I have the real and apparent authority to electronically sign and submit this document on behalf of the unit.
**BUDGET ESTIMATE - FINANCIAL STATEMENT - PROPOSED TAX RATE**

**Selected Year:**  
**Selected County:**  
**Selected Unit:**  
**Selected Fund:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Funds Required For Expenses To December 31st Of Incoming Year</th>
<th>Published Amount</th>
<th>Adopted Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Total budget estimate for incoming year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Necessary expenditures, July 1 to December 31 of present year, to be made from appropriations unexpended</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Additional appropriation necessary to be made July 1 to December 31 of present year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Outstanding temporary loans:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. To be paid not included in lines 2 or 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Not repaid by December 31 of present year</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. TOTAL FUNDS required (add lines 1, 3, 4a and 4b)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Funds On Hand To Be Received From Source Other Than Proposed Tax Levy</th>
<th>Published Amount</th>
<th>Adopted Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6. Actual cash balance, June 30 of present year (including cash investments)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Taxes to be collected, present year (December settlement)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Miscellaneous revenue to be received July 1 of present year to December 31 of incoming year (Schedule on file):</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a. Total Column A Budget Form 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Total Column B Budget Form 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. TOTAL FUNDS (Add lines 6, 7, 8a and 8b)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Net amount to be raised for expenses to December 31 of incoming year (deduct line 5 from 9)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Proposed Tax Levy and Tax Rate</th>
<th>Published Amount</th>
<th>Adopted Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11. Operating balance (not in excess of expense January 1 to June 30, less miscellaneous revenue for same period)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Amount to be raised by tax levy (add lines 10 and 11)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13a. Property Tax Replacement Credit from Local Option Tax</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13b. Operating LOT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. NET AMOUNT TO BE RAISED BY TAX LEVY (deduct line 13a and 13b from line 12)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Levy Excess Fund applied to current budget</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Net amount to be raised</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Net Tax Rate on each one hundred dollars of taxable property</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Name:**  
**Title:**  
**PIN:**  
**Date:**

By submitting this form 4b, I confirm that this electronic submission contains the same budget as the form 4b that was adopted by the adopting body in a resolution or ordinance. I hereby acknowledge that the submission of this document through the Gateway风暴and IN system constitutes an "electronic signature" as defined in IC 5-5.3-4-1. The signature is intended to and hereby does, constitute authorization and approval of the submitted document as required by the Indiana Code. I understand that this electronic signature takes the place of a handwritten signature and accomplishes the same purpose as a handwritten signature in the same circumstance. I further acknowledge that this electronic signature has the same force and effect as my handwritten signature and can and will be used for all legal purposes. I affirm that I have the real and apparent authority to electronically sign and submit this document on behalf of the unit.
Library Board: Desire to issue bonds or enter into a lease payable in whole or in part from property taxes.

Assessed valuation of library is entirely contained within a city or town, or was originally established by the city or town.

All other libraries.

County Council: In the county where the library has the most net assessed valuation, approve or deny the bond issuance or lease rental agreement.

City or Town Fiscal Body: Approve or deny the bond issuance or lease rental agreement.

Approval process for issuance of bonds and lease rental agreements.

*In accordance with IC 6-1.1-20-3.1-.3.2, the petition and remonstrance process applies to certain "controlled projects" below specific thresholds. In accordance with IC 6-1.1-20-3.5-.3.6, referendum procedures apply to certain "controlled projects" above specific thresholds. Under IC 6-1.1-20-7.5, notwithstanding any other provision, review by the Department of Local Government Finance (DLGF) and approval by the DLGF are not required before a political subdivision may issue or enter into bonds, a lease or any other obligations from ad valorem property taxes.
Debt Management

The debt management report can be submitted through the Gateway. Each debt that has an outstanding balance must be reported through Gateway no later than March 1. This serves as the annual debt report. The following are reported:

- All bonds
- All loans except Tax Anticipation Warrants and other temporary loans
- Lease rentals that apply to real property and any equipment that is in a lease to own arrangement
- Do not report leases equipment such as copiers and vehicles

**PUBLICATION OF BUDGET NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS**

The library board is required by law pursuant to IC 6-1.1-17-3 to formulate the estimated budget and proposed tax rate using forms prescribed by the Department of Local Government Finance and approved by the State Board of Accounts. The library must give notice to taxpayers of the estimated budget, the estimated maximum permissible levy, the current and proposed tax levies of each fund; and the amounts of excess levy appeals to be requested. In the notice, the library board must state the time and place at which a public hearing will be held on these items. The notice must be published twice, according to the provisions given below, with the first publication to be made at least ten (10) days before the date fixed for the public hearing (IC 20-14-3-10 and IC 6-1.1-17-3).

**Publication Requirements**

Public notice of the estimated budget, rate and levy must be given as follows (IC 5-3-1-4),

a) By publication in two newspapers which are published in the library district; or

b) This subsection applies to notices published by county officers. If there is only one (1) newspaper published in the county, then publication in that newspaper alone is sufficient.

c) If no newspaper is published in the municipality or school corporation, then publication shall be made in a newspaper published in the county in which the municipality or school corporation is located and that circulates within the municipality or school corporation.

d) This subsection applies to notices published by officers of political subdivisions not covered by subsection (a) or (b). If there is only one (1) newspaper published in the political subdivision, then the notice shall be published in that newspaper. If no newspaper is published in the political subdivision, then publication shall be made in a newspaper published in the county and that circulates within the political subdivision.

e) This subsection applies to a political subdivision, including a city, town, or school corporation. Notwithstanding any other law, if a library district has territory in more than one county, public notices that are required by law or ordered to be published must be given as follows:

1) By publication in two (2) newspapers published within the boundaries of the political subdivision.

2) If only one (1) newspaper is published within the boundaries of the political subdivision, by publication in that newspaper and in some other newspaper:
   (A) published in any county in which the political subdivision extends; and
   (B) that has a general circulation in the political subdivision.
3) If no newspaper is published within the boundaries of the political subdivision, by publication in two (2) newspapers that:
   (A) are published in any counties into which the political subdivision extends; and
   (B) have a general circulation in the political subdivision.
4) If only one (1) newspaper is published in any of the counties into which the political subdivision extends, by publication in that newspaper if it circulates within the political subdivision.
(f) A political subdivision may, in its discretion, publish public notices in a qualified publication or additional newspapers to provide supplementary notification to the public. The cost of publishing supplementary notification is a proper expenditure of the political subdivision
Definition of Newspaper

A newspaper is defined as follows:

1. Is a daily, weekly, semiweekly, or tri-weekly newspaper of general circulation;
2. Has been published for at least three (3) consecutive years in the same city or town;
3. Has been entered, authorized and accepted by the United States Postal Service for at least three (3) consecutive years as mail able matter of the periodicals class; and
4. Has at least fifty percent (50%) of all copies circulated paid for by subscribers or other purchasers at a rate that is not nominal. (IC 5-3-1-0.4)

Qualified Publications

A library district may in its discretion, publish public notices in a qualified publication to provide supplementary notification to the public. The cost of publishing supplementary notification is a proper expenditure of the library (IC 5-3-1-4). Qualified publications are specifically defined in IC 5-2-3-.07.

Posting notice on newspaper web site

IC 5-3-1-1.5

Requires a notice published in a newspaper to also be posted on the newspaper's Internet web site, if the newspaper maintains an Internet web site. A newspaper may not charge a fee for posting a notice on the newspaper's Internet web site under this section

PUBLIC NOTICE ERRORS

Error of Newspaper

If a notice of budget estimates for a library is published as required in IC 6-1.1-7-3, and the published notice contains an error due to the fault of a newspaper, the notice as presented for publication shall be considered valid. If the budget notice is not published for the first time at least ten days before the date fixed for the public hearing due to the fault of a newspaper, the notice shall be considered valid if it is published one time at least three days before the hearing. (IC 5-3-1-2)

Other Errors and Omissions

IC 5-3-1-2.3 provides that a notice required to be published by law is valid even though it contains error or omissions, as long as:

1. A reasonable person would not be misled by the error or omissions; and
2. The notice is in substantial compliance with the time and publication requirements applicable under this chapter or and other Indiana statutes under which the notice is published
DEFINITIONS OF BUDGET CLASSIFICATIONS

1. **Personal Services**

Personal service is the direct labor of persons in the employment of the library and all related employee benefits.

**Salary of Librarian** - Compensation of the head librarian

**Salary of Assistants** - Compensation of all assistant librarians, either part or full-time employees, including clerks and pages

**Salary of Treasurer** - Compensation of treasurer when so established by board resolution. This person can be a library board member and cannot be the library director.

**Wages of Janitors** - Compensation of regular employed janitors. If a firm is hired to do the custodian and maintenance work, the cost would come from either professional services or services, repair and maintenance.

**Employee Benefits** - Would include only the employer’s or library’s share of the cost of health insurance, life insurance, retirement and social security payments made to the Public Employees’ Retirement Fund and other approved retirement plans. The employee’s share is handled through the payroll deduction columns on the Financial and Appropriation Record and, therefore, requires no appropriation.

**Other Compensation** - Include fees paid for special counsel, legal service, surveys, expert and other services rendered of which the employment is temporary or on a part-time basis and social security, federal taxes, state taxes, and county taxes are withheld.

2. **Supplies**

Supplies include commodities which, after use, are either entirely consumed or show a definite impairment of their physical condition and rapid depreciation after use for a short period of time.

**Office Supplies** - All articles necessary to the proper operation of an office, other than equipment. Examples of office supplies are: prescribed forms and records, letterheads, envelopes, printer cartridges, paper clips, pencils, scotch tape, stencils, calculator tape and stationery.

**Operating Supplies** - Supplies used in cleaning, fuel, oil, bottled gas, lubricants, etc.

**Repair and Maintenance Supplies** - Materials used in repairing buildings, paint, motor vehicle repair supplies, repair parts, plumbing and electrical supplies, etc.

**Other Supplies** - Children’s programming craft supplies and any other type of consumable product used by the library staff in the daily operation of the library and library programs. This would now include food and other emergency supplies needed to house people at the library in case of a Code Red Homeland Security Alert.
3. Other Services and Charges

This classification includes all services performed for the library, under express or implied contract, by other than employees of the library. Also included are all expenditures for insurance, premiums on official surety bonds of the designated treasurer or other employees, licenses, refunds, awards, indemnities, rents, tax assessments, dues to organizations, subscriptions to a service, and all other charges of a similar nature. (Subscriptions to magazines, newspapers, and periodicals should be charged to “Capital Outlays” if it is for hard copy.) EBook and electronic subscriptions are included in this category. Also includes software, and database subscriptions.

**Professional Services** - Services provided by professionals to the library, such as architectural services, legal services, accounting services, consulting services, INSPIRE Database cost, etc.

**Communication and Transportation** - Include costs of freight and express (when such expenses cannot be charged as part of the original cost of the commodity), postage, telephone and Internet transport costs, traveling expenses, professional meetings.

**Printing and Advertising** - Charges for advertising and publication of notices in newspapers and periodicals, expenditures for photographing and blueprinting and expenditures for printing other than office supplies. Printing of stationery, forms and other office supplies is chargeable to Account No. 2, Office Supplies.

**Insurance** - Includes expenditures on all types of insurance policies purchased by the library, the purpose of which is to purchase a guarantee of indemnity for injury or loss of property. Annual premiums on official surety bonds are also charged to this account.

**Utility Services** - Includes charges for heat, light, power and water furnished by public utilities. (Also, if applicable, sewage services furnished by a public utility would be charged under this caption.) Fuel, oil, and bottled gas used for heating should be charged to Account No. 2, Operating Supplies.

**Repairs and Maintenance** - All expenditures of a contractual nature for repairs of buildings, structures and equipment, except extensive repairs which would constitute additions or betterments to properties. If repair is performed by regular employees of the library, labor should be included under Services Personal and repair parts and materials should be charged to Account No. 2, Repair and Maintenance Supplies.

**Rents** - All expenditures for the use of properties not owned by the library, such as, temporary or emergency office rooms, store rooms, post office tax, safety deposit box, rental of equipment, etc.

**Debt Service** - Expenditures for the reduction of the principal of the library’s general obligation bonds and the interest on such bonds. This budget item is usually listed on a separate set of budget forms in a fund especially for budgeting the amortization schedule the library has to follow for payment of bonds sold for a construction project. This item is listed on the operating budget only if it is to be paid out of the operating budget.
Lease Rental - Expenditures for the reduction of the principal of the bonds for the lease rental fund and the interest on such bonds. This budget item is usually listed on a separate set of budget forms in a fund especially for budgeting the amortization schedule the library has to follow for payment of bonds sold for a construction project. This item is listed on the operating budget only if it is to be paid out of the operating budget.

Other - All expenditures for memberships (in the name of the library, not individual) in state and national associations of a civic, education, professional, or governmental nature that have as their purpose the betterment and improvement of library operations. Also, interest on temporary loans; taxes and assessments for streets, sidewalks, sewers, and similar improvements; transfer to Library Improvement Reserve Fund; and all other services not included in other classifications, such as trash collection and laundry services.

4. Capital Outlays

Capital Outlays include all outlays which result in the acquisition of or additions to fixed assets.

Land - All land owned by the library.

Buildings - All permanent buildings owned by the library.

Improvements Other Than Buildings - All other improvements to land owned by the library.

Furniture and Equipment - Consists of machinery, implements, tools, furniture, motor vehicles, computer, servers, typewriters, calculators, microfilm readers, copying machines, projectors, and other equipment that may be used repeatedly without material impairment of its physical condition and which have a calculable period of service.

Other Capital Outlays - This classification includes all expenditures for books, periodicals, newspapers, audiovisual materials used for educational purposes and similar items or materials used as basic material furnished by a library. These are not electronic or virtual items but physical items.

Revised 5-2012
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SUGGESTED BUDGET CLASSIFICATIONS FOR POSTING TO LIBRARY FINANCIAL LEDGER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IF YOU USE A DIFFERENT SYSTEM, THAT IS FINE. BEING CONSISTENT IS IMPORTANT TO REMEMBER.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Revised 3-13-2012</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Personal Services</th>
<th>Operating Supplies 2.2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Salary and Wages 1.1</td>
<td>Fuel, Oil, &amp; Lubricants 2.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salary of Librarian 1.11</td>
<td>Other Operating Supplies 2.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salary of Assistants 1.12</td>
<td>Other Repair &amp; Maintenance Supplies 2.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Wages 1.13</td>
<td>Other Supplies 2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wages of Janitors 1.14</td>
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<tr>
<td>College Clerks 1.15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pages 1.16</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2. Supplies</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Office Supplies 2.1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Official Records 2.11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stationary &amp; Supplies 2.12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Office Supplies 2.13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3. Other Services and Charges</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employee Benefits 1.2</td>
<td>Professional Services 3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer's Share-FICA &amp; Medicare 1.21</td>
<td>Consulting Services 3.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unemployment Compensation 1.22</td>
<td>Engineering &amp; Architectural 3.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employer's Contribution-PERF 1.23</td>
<td>Legal Services 3.13</td>
</tr>
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6. Non Budgeted Item

The account numbers have been suggested by a library that has used this list for years. Library Development has updated the list. If you use account numbers different from this list that is o.k. The list was done to give libraries a suggested place to post entries. State Board of Accounts suggests making sure you are consistent in the way you post. They realize that some items can be posted in different areas and your interpretation of where to post could be different than someone else. Just be consistent.
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Chapter 12

State Board of Accounts/Bookkeeping Process and Prescribed Forms

State Board of Accounts
Charlie Pride (library supervisor)  cpride@sboa.in.gov
Todd Austin (back-up)  taustin@sboa.in.gov
302 W. Washington Street, E418
Indianapolis, Indiana
317-232-2521
www.IN.gov/sboa

The Role of the State Board of Accounts

- To serve the citizens of Indiana by providing to the State of Indiana, its agencies and political subdivisions, on-time quality services at the best possible value.
- To help make Indiana's citizen-run government a workable concept.
- To perform financial and compliance audits of state and local governments
- To prescribe forms and uniform accounting systems.
- To provide training for public officials and employees.
- To publish manuals, newsletters, and technical bulletins.
- To consult with officials on the state and local level.

State Board of Accounts and Libraries

- Performs financial and compliance audits of state and local government.
- Prescribes forms and uniform accounting systems.
- Provides training for public officials and employees.

Workshops

- **Budget Clinics** are held late spring, often June, in cooperation with the Department of Local Government Finance and the Library Development Office of the Indiana State Library. New legislation, accounting changes, and budgeting matters are discussed at these clinics.

- **Bookkeeping workshops** are conducted each fall for new library directors, treasurers, and bookkeepers; the meeting is scheduled in early November. Accounting forms prescribed for libraries are discussed at these workshops as well.
as bookkeeping and financial statement preparation. In addition, libraries are given guidance on various recurring issues and audit positions.

The Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries

- Published and updated annually by the State Board of Accounts to assist officers and employees of public libraries. The latest version Reissued 2010.
- This manual is now on the web and can be downloaded at: www.in.gov/sboa/2404.htm
- The manual includes important information about library board and employee responsibilities, revenue sources, allowable expenditures, budgeting, operating procedures, and uniform compliance guidelines.
- Referred to as the “Budget Manual”, you may request copies from the State Board of Accounts, at 1-317-232-2521.
  You can then search the manual using the ‘find” function of your document program.

Approved Ledger Sheets

- Libraries can use either prescribed ledger sheets specifically approved for library bookkeeping or those prescribed for cities and towns.

Computerized Bookkeeping Systems

- If a library board wants to change to a computerized bookkeeping system, they must first see if the forms produced by that system have previously been approved by State Board of Accounts.
- If another library has had a computerized bookkeeping software program approved by State Board of Accounts and your library plans to use the exact same set of forms, etc. for bookkeeping, you do not have to get prior approval to use the system.
- If the system has not already been approved by the State Board of Accounts, you will have to follow State Board of Accounts procedures for getting the forms approved.
  *See a sample letter in this Survival Guide Chapter – Prescribed Forms to start this process.
- You cannot begin using the new system until it has been formally approved by the State Board of Accounts.
- A list of libraries and their bookkeeping systems is included in this chapter.

Annual Library Audit Checklist

- A good tool to use for knowing what types of records need to be kept.
- An Audit Checklist is included in this chapter.

Bookkeeping Questions

- When a question arises concerning library bookkeeping, State Board of Accounts has people at the state level as well as in the field who can answer your questions.
- The telephone number for State Board of Accounts is 1-317-232-2521.
- Their website is www.IN.gov/sboa/.
**Prescribed Forms**

The State Board of Accounts is charged by law with the responsibility of prescribing and installing a system of accounting and reporting which shall be uniform for every public office and every public account of the same class. [IC 5-11-1-2]

**All governmental units are required by law to use the forms prescribed by State Board of Accounts;** however, if it is desirable to use a different form or to have a prescribed form modified to conform for computer applications, a letter and three copies of the proposed form may be submitted to the State Board of Accounts for approval. No form should be printed and placed into use, other than a prescribed form, without prior approval.

As a result of advances in computer technology, some computer hardware, software, and application systems can now produce exact replicas of the forms prescribed by the State Board of Accounts.

The State Board of Accounts prescribes the required accounting system forms, but does not specify the source from which the forms must be obtained. Therefore, the State Board of Accounts will not take exception to the use of forms which provide exact replications of the prescribed forms created by computer printer or utilizing continuous form computer paper. These exact replications must be identical to the prescribed forms in format, titles and locations of data. The exact replicas are not required to be submitted to the State Board of Accounts for approval and each form should be identified as "Prescribed By the State Board of Accounts" in the same location as is printed on the prescribed forms.

The use of computer-generated prescribed forms should be brought to the attention of the Field Examiner during the next regularly scheduled audit. The forms and computer system generating the forms are subject to a technical computer audit based upon the results of the Field Examiner's risk assessment.

**Form Approval Process**

The use of a vendor software system is the responsibility of the library board in accordance with its statutory authority. If the library board desires to use forms generated by a particular software program, it may pass a resolution stating such a preference.

The **resolution and a letter** should be sent to the State Board of Accounts for compliance with applicable statutes and regulations and to provide assurance that a library does indeed desire to use the forms. The forms submitted should be very similar to the prescribed system (same headings and titles, information, etc.). Otherwise, a cross-reference to the prescribed form intended to be replaced should be submitted.

The State Board of Accounts approval is based upon compliance with the conditions outlined in this section. Compliance with these conditions will be reviewed during subsequent audits. Thereafter, other libraries may use any forms previously approved for the original library using that particular software program.
Any forms not previously reviewed and approved by the State Board of Accounts will need to go through the traditional form approval process. However, once approved, the new process as summarized below may be utilized.

**Summarization of the Form Approval Process**

1. The Library Board passes a resolution in a public meeting stating the desire to use forms generated by a specific software program.

2. A copy of the resolution, along with information in the sample is sent to the State Board of Accounts by the Library Board, along with a sample of all reports and forms of the system. The forms submitted should be very similar to the prescribed system (same headings, titles, information, etc.). Otherwise, a cross-reference to the prescribed form intended to be placed must be submitted.

3. The Library Board receives an approval letter from the State Board of Accounts and begins using the forms without any further approvals in the future unless the forms change.

4. Previously approved forms for an accounting system do not have to be sent in for approval. The Library Board does need to send a letter to State Board of Accounts stating which accounting system is going to be used. A suggested form letter can be found in the appendix of the *Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries*.

**Form Approval Conditions**

1. The forms and systems shall be subject to further review and recommendations during the audits of the Library to allow for on-site review, as well as to ensure compliance with current statutes.

2. Any other Forms, Checks, Receipts, etc., necessary to complete the system shall be submitted to the State Board of Accounts for approval. The Library should continue to maintain all prescribed forms not otherwise covered by an approval.

3. All transactions that occur in the system must be recorded. Transactions can be maintained on-line, on backup tapes, microfilmed, or printed on hardcopy. These transactions include, but are not limited to: all input transactions, transactions that generate receipts, transactions that generate checks, master file updates, and all transactions that affect the ledgers in any way. For all information maintained on the system, the system must be designed in such a manner that changes to a transaction file cannot occur without being processed through an application.
4. The ability must not exist to change data after being posted. If an error is discovered after the entry has been posted, then a separate correcting entry must be made. Both the correcting entry and the original entry must be maintained.

5. If the unit owns the source code, sufficient controls must exist to prevent unauthorized modification. If the unit does not own the source code, upon request or in the event the vendor no longer provides maintenance service for the system, the vendor shall provide representatives of the State Board of Accounts with access to all computer source code for this system. In addition, the vendor shall provide representatives of the State Board of Accounts with a document describing the operating system used, the language that the source code is written in, the name of the compiler used, and the structure of the data files including data file names and data file descriptions, field names and field descriptions for the system upon request.

6. Any Checks, Receipts, Purchase Orders, Deposit Advices or other prescribed forms that require numbering shall be serially pre-numbered by the printing supplier prior to delivery to the Library. All receipts are to be printed at the time money is received. Furthermore Checks, Receipts, Purchase Orders or Deposit Advices shall not be pre-signed and shall have duplicates. An approved check register may be used to meet the duplicate requirement for checks.

7. Recap sheets for each depository for deposit advices, if applicable, will be maintained indicating direct deposits. Individual wage assignment agreements will be kept on file to support direct deposit.

8. Checks drawn on multiple bank accounts should only occur as a result of compliance with the Public Depository Law.
## FORMS FOR USE BY LIBRARIES

Many of the forms are found in the Appendix of State Board of Accounts Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries. Other electronic forms can be found on SBoA website at [www.in.gov/sboa/2416.htm](http://www.in.gov/sboa/2416.htm).

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<td>99A</td>
<td>Employees Service Record</td>
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<td>99B</td>
<td>Employees Earnings Record</td>
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<td>99C</td>
<td>Employee’s Weekly (Work Period) Earnings Record</td>
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<td>99P</td>
<td>Publisher’s Claim</td>
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<tr>
<td>100R</td>
<td>Certified Report of Names, Address, Duties and Compensation of Public Employees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101</td>
<td>Mileage Claim</td>
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<tr>
<td>350</td>
<td>Register of Investments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>351</td>
<td>Register of Insurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>352</td>
<td>Receipt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>359</td>
<td>Ledger of Appropriations, Encumbrances, Disbursements and Balances</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>364</td>
<td>Accounts Payable Voucher Register</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>369</td>
<td>General Fixed Asset Account Group Ledger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>370</td>
<td>Receipt Register</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Other Forms - Suggested Format

Certificate of County Auditor
Certificate of Secretary of Appropriating Body
Certified Copy of Additional Appropriation
Conflict of Interest Disclosure
Form Approval Letter
Library Appropriation Resolution
Notice to Taxpayers of Proposed Additional Appropriations
Petition to Appeal
Proof of Posting of Notice of Additional Appropriations
Resolution to Reduce Current Operating Budget
Annual Library Audit Checklist

Background Information
The library should have available or be able to obtain quickly the following information:

a. Name and address of library, plus any branches

b. Population of service area as of latest official census (Indiana State Library, Library Development Office can give you this number)

c. Names and addresses of officials, including
   - Library Trustees
   - Library Director
   - Library Attorney
   - Library Insurance Agent
   - Library Accountant

d. Major state statute(s) under which library operates

e. Date of library establishment (Indiana State Library, Library Development Office can give you this information)

f. Terms of library trustees (there should be a file in the director’s office or business office that has the certificates of appointment with the appropriate date for each library board member; also, the appointing authorities should have this information)

g. All library policies in effect, including
   - General policies
   - Rules and regulations
   - Personnel policies
   - Resolutions as contained in minutes or other records
   - Minutes of regular and special board meetings
   - Index to above material, if available

h. Library personnel records, including
   - Personnel files
   - Annual leave and sick-leave records
   - Payroll records, including time cards

i. Name and address of all depositories and all account numbers and authorized signatures
j. All Insurance policies in effect during the audit period
k. General ledger, balance sheets, and other accounting records
l. Schedule of investment transactions by fund for the period covered
m. Invoices, purchase orders, and receiving reports for the period covered
n. Bank statements, including checking, for period covered
o. Details of any new bond issues, significant contracts, and lease agreements
p. Copy of any other audit prepared for the library during the period covered
q. Summary of all litigation involving the library during the period covered, including an administrative evaluation of the probable outcome
r. Copies of all lease agreements involving facilities and equipment

Review of General Actions  (Yes or No)

_____Yes Has any property or thing of value been loaned, pledged, granted, or ____No otherwise conveyed to anyone during the past year, other than through normal routines of circulation?

_____Yes Does the accounting system make it possible to show that the library ____No has complied with all applicable legal provisions?

_____Yes Are all major accounting entities separated by Funds? Does a deficit ____No exist in any Fund at year-end?

_____Yes Has any library officer or employee accepted anything of value, ____No whether in form of service, loan, thing, or promise, from anyone doing business with the library?

_____Yes Are there persons on the library payroll not performing work for the ____No library?

_____Yes Has any library official or employee used influence or their vote to ____No obtain expenditures of public funds for himself or a concern in which he has an interest?

_____Yes Have all previous critical audit discrepancies been corrected? If not, ____No list those not corrected and explain delay in correction.

_____Yes Is the library involved in any lawsuit, either as plaintiff or defendant? ____No

_____Yes Are minutes or memoranda taken at all meetings of the library board? ____No

_____Yes Is all official action taken by the library board done so at a properly ____No announced public meeting?

_____Yes Are special meetings of the library board announced at regular ____No meetings?
Yes Are library records maintained in accordance with applicable retention standards?

No

Yes Does the library have bonding or surety coverage for individuals with access to library funds?

No

Yes Does the library follow the applicable regulations with respect to bid laws for purchase and disposal of surplus items?

No

Yes Does the library keep financial records in accordance with applicable state guidelines?

No

Review of Financial Actions (Yes or No)

Yes Is there security pledged for the balances in the bank accounts?

No

Yes Does the library pay a monthly charge or fee for the bank accounts maintained by the library?

No

Yes Are funds in excess of those needed for normal operation invested in interest-bearing accounts or securities?

No

Yes Are restricted funds (those provided for special purposes other than general operations) loaned to other funds?

No

Yes Does the library maintain proper accounts for petty cash, including a receipt for all disbursements?

No

Yes Does the library use petty cash funds to cash personal checks, hold NSF checks, make loans or cash advances?

No

Yes Does the library keep clear and separate accounting records for the receipt and expenditure of general taxes, special purpose taxes, and other monies received?

No

Yes Does the library utilize tax monies received in special funds only for the purpose specified in those funds?

No

Yes Does the library make deposits intact and promptly?

No

Yes Does the library take adequate internal precautions, both physical and clerical, to protect its cash collections such as fines and fees?

No

Yes Did the library board adopt and approve a legal appropriation document or budget listing both expected revenues and proposed expenditures?

No

Yes Did expenditures exceed estimated revenues?

No

Yes Did the library make expenditures in accordance with its approved budget?
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>Did the library make its expenditures either by check or supported bank memoranda, except for petty cash?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Did the library make payroll changes, including pay increases, in accordance with approved procedures adopted by the library board or other governing authority?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Did the library make payment of any salary bonuses or retroactive pay increases?</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Did the library make advance wages or salaries to any staff member?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Did the library pay staff for annual vacation in lieu of their taking it? If so, is this in accordance with approved procedures adopted by the library board or other governing authority?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Did the library make travel reimbursements in accordance with approved procedures, including approval by the responsible official either verbally or in writing?</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Did the library require receipts for travel expenses such as hotels, airline tickets, meals, etc.?</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Does the library have documented justification for any lump sum advances or allowances paid to officials or employees?</td>
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<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Does the library have an established policy for the use of gasoline or other credit cards?</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Does the library conduct a physical inventory on movable equipment and furnishings?</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Does the library conduct a physical inventory on consumable materials and supplies?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Have expenditures for such items as floral or memorial gifts and contributions to private or public organizations been made in accordance with appropriate policies or regulations?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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</table>

**Review of Purchasing Actions (Yes or No)**

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Yes</th>
<th>Does the library have established and documented purchasing procedures?</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Do all departments, divisions, or employees comply with existing purchasing procedures?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Does the library clear all purchases through a central purchasing office?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Does the library ensure against purchasing in excessive amounts?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Does the library require purchase orders for purchase?
- Yes
- No

Are the purchase orders pre-numbered and adequately safeguarded?
- Yes
- No

Does a purchase order require adequate approval before funds are obligated?
- Yes
- No

Can any department purchase its own materials directly from vendors?
- Yes
- No

Does the library follow approved policies and regulations on materials and services for which a bid is required?
- Yes
- No

Does the library ever split purchases in order to avoid applicable bid guidelines?
- Yes
- No

Do receiving reports on items purchased and/or delivered include:

- Yes  Details of items received at time of delivery?
- No

Do receiving reports on items purchased and/or delivered include:

- Yes  Verification and certification of items received by a responsible library employee?
- No

Does the library use the receiving report as part of the documentation for the disbursement of payments?
- Yes
- No

Does the library take precaution against theft and waste of supplies?
- Yes
- No

State laws which may bear on the audit

- Annual financial and operations reports
- Code of ethics
- Conflict of Interest
- Dual office holding
- Fixed asset accounting
- Leases
- Local government budget and appropriations
- Open meetings
- Sale or disposal of property
- Public bid
- Public records

(Adapted from “YOUR ANNUAL AUDIT” and “SYSTEM SURVEY AND COMPLIANCE QUESTIONNAIRE”. Office of the Legislative Auditor, State of Louisiana. Used with permission.)
RESOLUTION
00-01

WHEREAS, the ____________________________ Library finds that it is beneficial to utilize the financial software from a single vendor and,

WHEREAS, Name of Software Vendor has provided financial software systems and updates to Indiana libraries which contain procedures and produce forms that are required and approved by Indiana State Board of Accounts and State Board of Tax Commissioners.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Library adopts Name of Software Vendor financial software systems and requests that the Indiana State Board of Accounts approve all forms which have been previously submitted by ____________________________ Library and any updates and revisions provided in the future for use by the ____________________________ Library.

APPROVED by the Library Board of Trustees of ____________________________ Library, ____________ County, Indiana.
THIS 2nd DAY OF MARCH 2000.

__________________________, PRESIDENT
__________________________, VICE PRESIDENT
__________________________, MEMBER
__________________________, MEMBER
__________________________, MEMBER
__________________________, MEMBER

ATTEST: ____________________________
Secretary
## 2012 Indiana Public Library Statistics

### Automated Bookkeeping and Circulation Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Library Name</th>
<th>Name of Automated Bookkeeping System</th>
<th>Integrated Library System</th>
<th>Library Catalog Online</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADAMS PUBLIC LIBRARY SYSTEM</td>
<td>CompuTrain</td>
<td>Evergreen Indiana</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AKRON CARNEGIE PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>AVC Corporation</td>
<td>Evergreen Indiana</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALEXANDRIA-MONROE PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>AVC</td>
<td>Evergreen Indiana</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALEXANDRIAN PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>CompuTrain</td>
<td>SirsiDynix Symphony</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALLEN COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>Fundware</td>
<td>SirsiDynix Symphony</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>ANDERSON PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>Kintera Fundware</td>
<td>SirsiDynix Horizon 7.5.2</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>ANDREWS-DALLAS TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARGOS PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>Computrain</td>
<td>Follett Destiny</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>ATTICA PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>AVC</td>
<td>Evergreen Indiana</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>AURORA PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT</td>
<td>Banyon Data Systems</td>
<td>TLC Library Solutions</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>AVON-WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>Black Baud</td>
<td>SirsiDynix</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>BARTHOLOMEW COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>Evolve</td>
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<td>Quick Books</td>
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<td>BEDFORD PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>SirsiDynix Horizon</td>
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<td>BEECH GROVE PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>BELL MEMORIAL PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>BRISTOL-WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>DUNKIRK PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>ECKHART PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>EDINBURGH WRIGHT-HAGEMAN PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>AVC Technology Corp</td>
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<td>FAYETTE COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>SirsiDynix Symphony</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>Library Name</td>
<td>System Provider</td>
<td>Catalog Provider</td>
<td>Database Access</td>
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<td>FLORA-MONROE TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>Evergreen Indiana</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<tr>
<td>FORT BRANCH-JOHNSON TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
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<td>Polaris</td>
<td>Yes</td>
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<td>AVC FX</td>
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<td>Polaris</td>
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<td>FRANKLIN COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY DISTRICT</td>
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<td>Evergreen Indiana</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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Chapter 13
Library Capital Projects Fund (LCPF)

On March 19, 2012, Governor Mitch Daniels signed into law House Enrolled Act 1072 (“HEA 1072”). Section 124 of HEA 1072 amends IC 36-12-12-5 so that a library board is no longer required to submit its resolution establishing a capital projects fund (“CPF”) and its CPF plan to the Department of Local Government Finance (“Department”) and the Department can no longer require that a Notice of Submission be provided to taxpayers.

Instead, if the library board passes a resolution establishing a CPF and the appropriate fiscal body or bodies approve the CPF plan, the library board must publish a Notice of Adoption in accordance with IC 5-3-1-2(i).

Ten or more taxpayers who will be affected by the adopted plan may file a petition with the county auditor of a county in which the library district is located not later than ten days after the publication of the Notice of Adoption. The petition must set forth the taxpayers’ objections to the proposed plan and the county auditor must immediately certify the petition to the Department.

This amendment takes effect July 1, 2012.

A. How can the LCPF be used?

1) A facility used or to be used by the Library District
   (a) planned construction, repair, replacement or remodeling
   (b) site acquisition
   (c) site development
   (d) repair, replacement or site acquisition that is necessitated by an emergency
2) the purchase, lease or repair of equipment to be used by the Library District
3) The purchase, lease, upgrading, maintenance or repair of computer hardware or software including hiring a computer expert to manage the computer operations, purchase and/or subscription to online databases

B. How does one do the bookkeeping of a Library Capital Projects Fund?

The LCPF is set up as a separate ledger account using the same format as a gift fund, 3 columns: received, disbursed, and balance.

If more detail is wanted, a separate hand or computer ledger with columns for each LCPF line item can be set up in the same format as the Library Financial and Appropriation Record.
A sample of the Library Financial and Appropriation Record can be found in the Appendix (A-1) of the Accounting and Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries (reissued 2010).

New legislation in 2012 session eliminates the need to submit the plan to the DLGF with the advertisement requirements. These duties are conducted by the County Auditor.
MEMORANDUM

TO: Library Directors

FROM: Dan Jones, Assistant Budget Director

SUBJECT: Library Capital Projects Fund (IC 36-12-12)

DATE: June 26, 2013

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Bulletin is to outline the provisions governing the Library Capital Projects Fund ("LCPF"). This Bulletin supersedes all previous LCPF Bulletins and includes a Glossary of Terms and guidance for completing the LCPF Summary Page.

PLEASE NOTE: This memorandum is intended to be an informative bulletin; it is not a substitute for reading the law.

The LCPF is a fund for which a Library District may levy property taxes to be used to pay for the following (IC 36-12-12-2):

a) a facility used or to be used by the Library District, including:
   1) Planned construction, repair, replacement or remodeling;
   2) Site acquisition;
   3) Site development; and
   4) Repair, replacement or site acquisition that is necessitated by an emergency;

b) the purchase, lease, or repair of equipment to be used by the Library District; and

c) the purchase, lease, upgrading, maintenance, or repair of computer hardware or software.

Before a Library board may collect property taxes for an LCPF in a particular year, the Library Board must, after January 1 and before May 15 of the immediately proceeding year (IC 36-12-12-3):

a) hold a public hearing on a proposed Library Capital Projects Plan ("Plan");

b) pass a resolution to adopt a Plan; and

c) submit the Plan for approval or rejection by the appropriate fiscal body.
TIMELINE FOR ESTABLISHING AN LCPF

Steps 1 through 4 must be completed after January 1 and before May 15 (IC 36-12-12-3).

1) The Library board prepares a proposed LCPF Plan and LCPF Plan Summary in the year before the taxes are to be collected. This Plan must specify anticipated expenditures along with revenue estimates, tax rates to be charged, and estimated assessed valuation. The Plan must apply to at least the three years immediately following the year the Plan is adopted. The format of the LCPF Plan is included in this memo. The library board may, for each year in which a Plan is adopted, impose a property tax rate that does not exceed $0.0167 per $100 of assessed valuation as provided by IC 36-12-12-10. The LCPF levy is within the maximum property tax levy limit.

2) Pursuant to IC 36-12-12-3, the Library board must give at least a ten-day Notice of Public Hearing on the proposed LCPF Plan. A sample of the hearing notice advertisement is included in this memo. The notice of the public hearing shall be published one time in two newspapers published within the Library District at least ten days before the date of the hearing. If there are not two newspapers published within the Library District, publication in one newspaper published within the Library District is sufficient (see IC 5-3-1-4). This notice must specify planned expenditures and Allocations for Future Projects, estimates of revenue, proposed tax rates, and estimated assessed valuation for a minimum of three years.

3) Pursuant to IC 36-12-12-4, after considering the comments and contentions presented at the public hearing, the Library board may pass a resolution to adopt the proposed Plan. The secretary of the Library board shall submit a copy of the Plan to the appropriate fiscal body not later than ten days after the Library board passes the resolution, along with a certificate stating that the submission is a complete transcript of the proceedings to adopt the Plan. The following documents should be maintained in the Library offices for public inspection:

   a) a certified copy of the Plan adopted by the Library board;
   b) proper proofs of publication; and
   c) a copy of the Library board’s resolution adopting the Plan.

4) Under IC 36-12-12-4, the fiscal body shall hold a public hearing on the Plan not later than 30 days after receiving a certified copy of the Plan. This hearing should be advertised one time at least ten days prior to the hearing in accordance with IC 5-3-1-2 and 4. The advertisement should include the date, time, and location of the hearing, but does not need to include the complete Plan summary. Sample fiscal body notices are included in this memo. The appropriate fiscal body, as specified in IC 36-12-12-4, is:

   a) The Town Council if the Library District is located entirely within the corporate boundaries of a town.

   b) The City Common Council if the Library District is located entirely within the corporate boundaries of a city.
c) The Township Advisory Board if the Library District is not located entirely within the corporate boundaries of a city or town but is located entirely within the corporate boundaries of a Township.

d) The Common Council of each county in which the Library District is located if the Library District is not located entirely within the corporate boundaries of a city, town, or single township.

e) The City-County Council if the Library District is not located entirely within the corporate boundaries of a city, town, or township and is located in a county with a consolidated city.

5) The fiscal body will either reject or approve the Plan before August 1 of the year the Plan is received (IC 36-12-12-4) (See sample RESOLUTION OF APPROPRIATE FISCAL BODY form included in this memo). If the Plan is approved by the fiscal body, the Library board shall publish a Notice of Adoption as required by IC 36-12-12-5 and in accordance with IC 5-3-1-2(i) (meaning one time within 30 days after the date of the adoption). Ten or more taxpayers who may be affected by the Plan may file a petition with the county auditor setting forth the taxpayers’ objections to the Plan. The county auditor shall immediately certify the petition to the Department of Local Government Finance (“Department”).

6) The Department will, within a reasonable time, fix a date for a local hearing on the petition filed. The hearing will be held in a county in which the Library District is located and the Department will notify:

   a) the Library board, and
   b) the first ten taxpayers whose names appear upon the petition.

This notice will be given at least five days before the date of the hearing (IC 36-12-12-6).

7) After a hearing on the petition, the Department will certify its approval, disapproval, or modification of the Plan to the Library Board and the county auditor. The action of the Department with respect to the Plan is final. The Library board or a taxpayer who signed the objection petition may appeal the Department’s decision to the Tax Court not more than 45 days after the Department certifies its determination (IC 36-12-12-7).

8) If no objection petition is filed with the county auditor, within seven days following the close of the 10-day objection period, the unit must submit proofs of publication of the Notice of Public Hearing and Notice of Adoption, along with a copy of the resolution establishing the Plan, a copy of the Plan, and a copy of the county auditor’s Certificate of No Remonstrance to the Department. Upon receipt, the Department will issue a determination approving, modifying, or denying the Plan. Please note that it is the Library’s responsibility to obtain the auditor’s Certificate of No Remonstrance from the county auditor and forward it to the Department.
BUDGET APPROVAL

In addition to annually adopting the Plan, the Library District must incorporate the Plan into the Library budget and advertisement for the ensuing year in accordance with IC 6-1.1-17 to receive funding. All budget forms are to be used in preparing the annual budget for the LCPI. Budget Form 4-B is commonly referred to as the 16-line statement. Line 1 of Form 4-B is the annual budget appropriation for the ensuing year. Items 1 through 6 of the Plan Summary Page are to be included on Line 1 of Form 4-B. The Allocation for Future Projects (Item 7 of the Plan Summary Page) is included on Line 11 of Form 4-B. Line 11 is referred to as the operating balance.

The Library board will advertise and adopt the appropriations and levy for the LCPI annually, consistent with the budget calendar. Even though the rate is not advertised with the annual budget, it must be adopted in the Plan and included on Budget Form 4B.

The Library board will supply to the Department copies of the Plan and Department-approval determination for review of the annual budget. The budget certification issued by the Department will approve LCPI appropriations, tax rates, and levies where they are consistent with an approved Plan.

EMERGENCY AMENDMENT OF PLAN

Indiana Code 36-12-12-9 allows a Library board to amend its Plan because of an emergency. Under IC 36-12-12-1, “emergency” means:

a) when used with respect to repair or replacement due to damage from a fire, flood, windstorm, mechanical failure of any part of a structure, or other unforeseeable circumstance; and

b) when used with respect to site acquisition, the unforeseeable availability of real property for purchase.

The Plan may be amended due to an emergency to:

a) provide money for the purposes of repair or replacement due to damage or for site acquisition; or

b) to supplement money accumulated in the Emergency Allocation of the Plan.

The following steps must be completed to amend a Plan:

1) When an emergency arises and the need for funds exceeds the amount accumulated in the Emergency Allocation, the Library board must immediately apply to the Department for a determination that an emergency exists. The Department should be notified by telephone and in writing (preferably by fax or email) of the Library’s request for approval of an amendment to its Plan. The request for a determination should include identification of where in the library system the emergency occurred, a description of the emergency, the proposed amendment, and the changes and additions to the expenditures and revenue by Plan year necessary to amend the Plan. The Library director may contact the Assistant Director of the Budget Division at (317) 232-0651 regarding the amendment. Determination requests may be faxed to the Department at (317) 974-1629.
2) After the Department issues its determination that an emergency exists, the Library board will amend its Plan at a meeting properly advertised pursuant to the Open Door Law and forward its resolution to the Department. The amendment is not subject to the deadlines and procedures for adoption of the original Plan. The resolution must reduce a designated project(s) and increase the Emergency Allocation. If the amendment requires use of any part of the Allocation for Future Projects, the library will also need to process an additional appropriation.

3) The resolution is subject to modification by the Department. An amendment adopted may require the payment of eligible emergency costs from:
   a) money accumulated in the LCPF for other purposes; or
   b) money to be borrowed from other funds of the Library board or from a financial institution.

4) The amendment may also provide for an increase in the property tax rate for the ensuing budget year for the LCPF to restore money to the fund or to pay principal and interest on a loan. Before the property tax rate may be increased, the Library board must submit a Plan containing the increase to the appropriate fiscal body and obtain the approval of that fiscal body as provided in IC 36-12-12-4. **The increase in the property tax rate for the LCPF is effective for property taxes payable for the year next certified by the Department. However, the rate is not to exceed the maximum rate established by IC 36-12-12-10 and the levy is considered within the maximum levy controls.** Loan repayments and other debts will be given a debt service levy, which falls outside the maximum levy controls.

### COMPUTER REPAIR PERSONNEL

A Library may adopt a Plan to pay for the services of full or part-time computer repair personnel. These items should be incorporated into Item 6 on the LCPF SUMMARY (purchase, lease, updating, maintenance, and repair of computer hardware or software).

### ALLOCATION FOR FUTURE PROJECTS

The Allocation for Future Projects allows the library to levy property taxes in a current year for expenditure in a future year, **if the specific use is identified in the Plan.** Taxpayers and the Department should be able to clearly determine the proposed use and cost of the future project. When preparing the ensuing year's LCPF budget, the Allocation for Future Projects should be included in Line 11 of Budget Form 4-B. It should not be appropriated, since its expenditure is planned for a future year, as documented in the Plan.

### APPROPRIATION IN A YEAR EARLIER THAN PLANNED

An opportunity also exists to convert the projects planned for the future years of the Plan into a current appropriation during the current budget year of the Plan.

The following conditions apply:

a) the Plan must be specific as to the need to be addressed and the manner in which it will be addressed;

b) the Library must proceed with an additional appropriation. The Notice to Taxpayers
of the additional appropriation must state the fund name, a description of the project and the project cost; and
c) this course of action results in the appropriation of all or part of the Plan’s current year Allocation for Future Projects.

**PLAN FORMAT**

The Plan must be prepared annually using the following format:

1) General description of the Library District:
   a) Library taxing district area;
   b) name and location of Library, including contact person’s name, address, phone number, and e-mail address;
   c) composition of the governing body;
   d) number of employees;
   e) current annual budget in Operating, Library Improvement Reserve (“LIRF”) and Bond and Interest Redemption (“BIRF”) funds, and LCPF; and
   f) current annual property tax rates and levies for all funds.

2) Listing of present facilities operated and maintained by the Library District:
   a) with respect to each facility:
      1) name and location;
      2) year constructed, leased, or rented;
      3) estimated current value; and
      4) detailed evaluation of condition; and
   b) identification and description of all land owned for future needs.

3) Library Service Area:
   a) area in square miles;
   b) population served; and
   c) annual statistics of service (i.e., circulation of materials, collection size, hours of service, etc.).

4) Anticipated LCPF resources that will be available for the term of the Plan. For each year of the Plan (show also on the Plan Summary Page), include the following:
   a) sources and amounts of anticipated income;
   b) amount of revenue to be retained for expenditures proposed for a later year;
   c) projected assessed valuation of the Library District for each year of the Plan; and
   d) projected tax rates and levies for the LCPF based on the above assessed valuations.

5) Proposed use of the LCPF:
   a) includes, by Plan year and location, the proposed expenditures from the fund for all specific uses within the following areas:
      1) planned facility needs:
         a) new construction;
         b) repair;
c) replacement;  
d) remodeling; and  
e) lease or rental of existing real estate;  
2) acquisition of real property;  
3) site development;  
4) Emergency Allocation (repair or replacement necessitated by emergency or for site acquisition);  
5) purchase, lease, repair, and maintenance of equipment:  
a) administration;  
b) public use;  
c) mechanical; and  
d) furniture.  
6) Computer hardware and software:  
a) purchase, lease, or upgrading; and  
b) maintenance and repair.  

B) Includes, by Plan year, location and project or specific purpose of allocation for proposed expenditures beyond the upcoming budget year (Allocation for Future Projects).

**Failure to comply with the above format may be cause for denial of the proposed Plan.**

**DISCONTINUING THE LCPF**

The General Assembly combined the library operating fund and the LCPF for purposes of performing the maximum levy calculation. As a result, little incentive remains for a library to undergo the annual process of updating and adopting a new Plan. A library may decide to discontinue the planning process and combine the remaining LCPF balance with the operating fund balance or the rainy day fund balance, or both.

The procedure for closing the LCPF is to not prepare a new Plan for the ensuing budget year. The existing fund and the certified budget remain in existence until year-end. Both revenues and expenses may be posted to the fund until year-end. In fact, the fund must remain active to receive the final tax distribution, which is typically in December. After the final tax settlement, the fiscal body of the Library may adopt an ordinance to close the fund and transfer the remaining fund balances to either the operating fund or the rainy day fund. The ordinance may direct any remaining balances to one or both funds.

The next year’s operating fund budget may be prepared by merging the LCPF fund balances and appropriations into the operating fund in anticipation of closing the LCPF. The budget advertisement for the following year’s budget will show the budget and levy amounts for the operating fund as including the LCPF amounts.

**NOTE:** Libraries that prefer to continue spending from the LCPF must continue to update and adopt the Plan annually.
GLOSSARY OF TERMS

The following definitions apply to the LCPF.

1) **REPAIR** means the restoration of a piece of equipment, a building, or grounds to the original condition of completeness from a worn, damaged, or deteriorated condition.

2) **EQUIPMENT** means a mobile or fixed unit of furniture or furnishings, a machine, an apparatus, an article, or a set of articles that meets all of the following conditions:
   1. It retains its original shape and appearance with use.
   2. It is non-expendable, which means that if the article is damaged or some of its parts are lost or worn out, it is usually more feasible to repair it than to replace it with an entirely new unit.
   3. It represents an investment of money that makes it feasible and advisable to capitalize the item.
   4. It does not lose its identity through incorporation into a different or more complex unit or substance.
   "Equipment" does not include a vehicle subject to licensing under IC 9.

3) **EMERGENCY** is defined with respect to the LCPF as follows:
   a) repair or replacement due to a fire, flood, windstorm, mechanical failure, or other unforeseen circumstance; or
   b) the foreseeable availability of real property for purchase.

COMPLETING THE LCPF SUMMARY PAGE

The purpose of the Summary Page is to summarize the expenditures, allocations, transfers, and revenues for the Plan. The general format is the same as the public notices for the Plan.

**CURRENT EXPENDITURES** is a summary of the planned expenditures noted in each major classification in the Plan for each year of the Plan for all locations.

**SUBTOTAL CURRENT EXPENDITURES** is the amount of expenditures, which require appropriation, that a Library plans to make in a given year.

**_ALLOCATION FOR FUTURE PROJECTS** is the amount of funds that will accumulate or continue accumulating for projects to be expended in a future year of the Plan. Any Allocation for Future Projects should be clearly noted on the appropriate location page(s) in the Plan. If a Library plans to expend the Allocation in the second or third years of the Plan, this will increase the current expenditures and decrease the Allocation. If a Library does not intend to spend the Allocation in the second or third years, the Allocation for those years should show the total expected to be accumulated at the end of the year. The Allocation budgeted in the third year should include the amount accumulated in years one and two, plus what will be accumulated during year three. The summary page of the Allocation should be a cumulative summation of the Allocation from each location.

**CASH BALANCE AVAILABLE TO FUND THE PLAN** For Libraries beginning the first year of their first Plan, the beginning cash balance will be zero. For Libraries that have a Plan in effect, the January 1 cash balance of the first year will equal the estimated year-end cash balance
plus the amount of unexpended appropriations. The Plan should explain any unexpended appropriation from the prior year and note the total dollar amount of unexpended appropriations. For the second and third years of the Plan, Libraries should assume that funded appropriations carried forward from the previous year have been exhausted. Under normal circumstances, the projected January 1 cash balance for the second and third years of the Plan will be the prior years' Allocation for Future Projects.

ESTIMATED EXCISE, CVET AND FIT are estimates of revenue prepared in the same manner as the annual budget for other funds.

OTHER REVENUE refers to income to the Fund other than property taxes, such as interest income.

PROJECTED TAX RATE will be the estimated tax rate necessary to fund the Plan.
RESOLUTION TO ADOPT LIBRARY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND PLAN

This resolution is adopted by the Library Board of _____________________________
/Library Name/ of _____________________________, County, Indiana.
/County Name/

Whereas, a Library Capital Projects Fund has been established; and

Whereas, the Library Board is required under IC 36-12-12-3 to adopt a Plan with respect
to the Library Capital Projects Fund; and

Whereas, the Library Board held a public hearing on the Plan on _____________________________
(Date)
at _____________________________ (Location).

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Library Board that the Plan entitled
>Title/ of _____________________________
(Date)
is hereby incorporated by reference into this resolution and is adopted as the Library Board’s
Plan with respect to the Library Capital Projects Fund.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Library Board will submit a certified copy of
this resolution (including the adopted Plan) to the appropriate local fiscal body for review and
the Department of Local Government Finance under IC 36-12-12-4.

ADOPTED THIS ________ DAY OF _____________________________, 20____.

AYE

NAY

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ATTEST:

________________________
Secretary of Library Board
Certificate of Submission to Appropriate Fiscal Body

I, THE UNDERSIGNED REPRESENTATIVE OF ___________________ PUBLIC LIBRARY, __________ COUNTY, INDIANA, DO HEREBY CERTIFY TO THE __________ OF ___________________, __________________, INDIANA, THAT THE ATTACHED IS A COMPLETE TRANSCRIPT OF THE PROCEEDINGS HELD WITH RESPECT TO THE LIBRARY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND PLAN ADOPTED BY THE ABOVE NAMED LIBRARY AT A MEETING HELD ON _____________.

(Date)

NOTICE

PURSUANT TO IC 36-12-12-4, THE APPROPRIATE FISCAL BODY SHALL HOLD A PUBLIC HEARING ON THIS ISSUE NOT LATER THAN 30 DAYS AFTER RECEIVING A CERTIFIED COPY OF THE PLAN AND EITHER REJECT OR APPROVE THE PLAN BEFORE AUGUST 1 OF THE YEAR THAT THE PLAN IS RECEIVED.

Submitted this _____ day of ________________, 20___ to the above named fiscal body.

______________________________
(Signature of Secretary of Library Board)

Instructional Note: The “Submitted” date is the date the LCPF Plan was forwarded to the appropriate fiscal body.
RESOLUTION OF APPROPRIATE FISCAL BODY OF ACTION ON LIBRARY CAPITAL PROJECTS PLAN

WHEREAS, the __________________________ has adopted a Library Capital Projects Plan (Name of Library)
as provided for in IC 36-12-12, be it resolved that the __________________________, being the (Name of Fiscal Body)
appropriate Fiscal Body for the __________________________ as designated in IC 36-12-12-4, (Name of Library)
does hereby __________________________ the Plan as received by this body on the ___ day (Approve/Reject)
of __________________________, 20__. 

ADOPTED THIS _______ DAY OF __________________________, 20__. 

AYE

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ATTEST:

__________________________________________

Secretary of Fiscal Body

Instructional Note:  Must be adopted before August 1 of the current year.
NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF __________________ PUBLIC LIBRARY

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers of __________________, __________________ County, that the Library Board

(Library Name) (County Name)

will meet at __________________, on __________________ for the purpose of considering a proposal to establish a

(Location) (Date and Time)

Library Capital Projects Fund Plan under IC 36-12-12. The following is a general outline of the proposed Plan.

**CURRENT EXPENDITURES**

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**SUBTOTAL CURRENT EXPENDITURES**

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(7) Allocation for Future Projects (cumulative totals)

**TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND ALLOCATIONS**

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**TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR PLAN**

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Based upon an anticipated assessed valuation of

The projected tax rate for the Library Capital Projects Fund will be

Taxpayers are invited to attend the meeting for a more detailed explanation of the Plan and to exercise their right to be heard on the proposal.

(Show names and titles of board members.)

(__________________________)

(__________________________)

(__________________________)

(__________________________)

(__________________________)

Attest:

__________________________

Secretary of Library Board

Date: ______________________
NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

The Township Board of Township, County, Indiana, will hold a public hearing on the day of , 20 , at a.m./p.m. at the office of the Township Trustee, , Indiana, for the purpose of rejecting or approving the Library Capital Projects Fund Plan for the years 20 , for the .

(Name of Library)

Township Trustee
NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

The ___________ County Council, ___________ County, Indiana, will hold a public hearing on the ____ day of ___________, 20___, at __________ a.m./p.m. at the ___________, ___________, Indiana, (location of meeting) (address) for the purpose of rejecting or approving the Library Capital Projects Fund Plan for the years 20__-20__, for the ___________. (Name of Library)

________________________________________
County Auditor
NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

The _____________ City (or Town) Council, _____________ County, Indiana, will hold a public hearing on the ____ day of ____________, 20___, at _____________ a.m./p.m. at the _____________ (location of meeting), _____________ (address), Indiana, for the purpose of rejecting or approving the Library Capital Projects Fund Plan for the years 20___-20___, for the _____________ (Name of Library).

Clerk-Treasurer
(LCPF AMENDMENT NOTICE)
NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF ___________ COUNTY, that the Library Board
met at ________________, on ________________, because the Library Board determined that the Library Capital
Projects Fund Plan it adopted for the years 20___-20___ required amendment; and that the Library Board did adopt a resolution to
amend said Plan at the meeting. A brief description of the amendment is as follows:

The following is a general outline of the Plan as amended:

**CURRENT EXPENDITURES**

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<th>Item</th>
<th>20___</th>
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The projected tax rate for the Library Capital Projects Fund will be

Taxpayers are invited to attend the meeting for a more detailed explanation of the Plan and to exercise their right to be heard on
the proposal.

(Show names and titles of board members.)

______________________________
______________________________
______________________________
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______________________________

Attest:

______________________________
Secretary of Library Board
Date:
NOTE: PROOFS OF PUBLICATION AND COUNTY AUDITOR’S CERTIFICATE OF NO REMONSTRANCE MUST BE FORWARDED TO THE DEPARTMENT NOT LATER THAN SEVEN DAYS FOLLOWING THE CLOSE OF THE OBJECTION PERIOD.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers of __________________ County, that the Library Board met at _______ on _______ to adopt a Library Capital Projects Fund Plan for the years 20__-20__. The proper legal officers of ______________ are hereby required by IC 36-12-12-5 to publish the following notice:

CURRENT EXPENDITURES

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TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR PLAN

Based upon an anticipated assessed valuation of
The projected tax rate for the Library Capital Projects Fund will be

Ten or more taxpayers in the library district who will be affected by the Plan may file a petition with the county auditor of __________________ County, not later than ten days after publication of this notice, setting forth their objections to the Plan. Upon filing of the petition, the county auditor shall immediately certify the same to the Department of Local Government Finance, which will fix a date and conduct a public hearing on the Plan before issuing its approval, modification, or disapproval thereof.

(Show names and titles of board members.)

(____________________)
(____________________)
(____________________)
(____________________)

Attest:

____________________
Secretary of Library Board
Date:

Page 18 of 19
Procedure Checklist

Have you included:

- Y/N

Cover page with contact name, address, e-mail, phone number and fax number
Proof of publication of public hearing held by Library Board
Certificate of Submission from Library Board to fiscal body
Proof of publication of public hearing held by fiscal body
Proof of publication of notice of adoption
Auditor’s Certificate of No Remonstrance
Certified Plan in which the following have been addressed:

General Description
- Area of Library District
- Name of location of Library, including contact person’s information
- Composition of governing body
- Number of employees
- Current annual budget, property tax rates, and levies for all funds

List of Present Facilities
- Name and location of each facility
- Year constructed
- Estimated current value
- Detailed evaluation of each facility
- Identification and description of land owned for future development

Library Service Area
- Area in square miles
- Population served
- Annual statistics (circulation/hours of operation/collection size, etc.)

Anticipated Capital Projects Fund Resources
- Sources and amount of anticipated income
  (including an explanation of January 1 cash balance for first year of Plan)
- Projected assessed value, tax rates, and levies for each year of Plan

Proposed Use of Plan
- Planned facility needs
- Acquisition of real property
- Site development
- Emergency Allocations
- Purchase, lease, Repair, and maintenance of equipment
- Computer hardware and software
- Description and amount for future allocations

Is the Plan balanced (do Total Expenditures and Allocations equal the Total Funds Available for Plan)?

Do the columns in the Plan add up correctly (mathematically)?
Library Capital Projects Fund ("CPF") Frequently Asked Questions
July 1, 2013

PLEASE NOTE: This memorandum is intended to be an informative bulletin; it is not a substitute for reading the law.

PURCHASES FROM THE CPF

Can vehicles be purchased through the CPF?

No. 50 IAC 9-1-3 explicitly excludes "vehicle[s] subject to licensing under IC 9" from the term "equipment."

May library materials and/or books be purchased through the CPF?

No. The CPF cannot be used to purchase library materials and/or books, with the exception of computer software.

May the CPF Plan include feasibility studies and architect fees?

Yes. The planned expenditures should be included in item one (1) ("Planned construction, repair, replacement, or remodeling") of the capital projects fund plan summary. If the architect fees are to be reimbursed, such as in the formation of a holding corporation, the anticipated reimbursement would be included in the CPF plan summary as other revenue.

May we pay for architect fees to design a building that a holding corporation will purchase at a later date?

Yes. The CPF plan should anticipate the expenditures under item one (1) on the plan summary. If the library anticipates reimbursement from the holding corporation, the reimbursement should be estimated under "other revenue."

What are some examples of "replacements" (Item One (1) under current expenditures of the Plan)?

Replacements may include carpet, shelving, and computer equipment. For specific questions about what is a replacement item, contact the Department of Local Government Finance ("Department") or the State Board of accounts ("SBOA").
Should we include a narrative section in the Plan format for site development?

Yes.

Is landscaping considered part of site development?

It depends on what type of landscaping. Please refer specific questions to the Department or SBOA.

**APPROPRIATIONS**

If we spend less than planned in one portion of the CPF Plan, may we transfer the surplus appropriations to another area where we would like to spend more than planned?

No. A CPF plan cannot be changed once it has been approved by the Department except in the case of an amendment approved for an emergency or an appropriation of an allocation for a future project in a year earlier than planned.

If we do not spend all of the CPF appropriations for a given year or we have encumbrances, would those amounts be included in the ensuing year’s January 1 cash balance?

The January 1 cash balance on the CPF plan summary is the estimated or anticipated cash balance for the ensuing year. If you anticipate unexpended appropriations or encumbrances for the current year’s plan, then those amounts would be included in the estimated January 1 cash balance for the ensuing year. The January 1 cash balance may also include allocation for future projects from the previous year(s).

If the CPF Plan is denied but there is a cash balance in the CPF, can I do an additional appropriation to spend that money?

No. If the plan is denied, you may not appropriate funds in the CPF. A Library desiring to close a CPF may, after the final tax settlement, adopt an ordinance to close the fund and transfer the remaining fund balances to either the operating fund or the rainy day fund. The ordinance may direct any remaining balances to one or both funds. The next year’s operating fund budget may be prepared by merging the CPF balances and appropriations into the operating fund in anticipation of closing the CPF. The budget advertisement for the following year’s budget will show the budget and levy amounts for the operating fund as including the CPF amounts.

**THE LIBRARY’S FISCAL BODY**

Must the fiscal body that approves the CPF Plan advertise the public hearing the fiscal body must conduct before voting to approve or reject the Library’s CPF Plan?

Yes. The fiscal officer must give notice of the public hearing. Although IC 36-12-12 does not dictate the advertising requirements for the fiscal body, it does subject the Library’s
advertisement to IC 5-3-1-2. Thus, the Department suggests and expects that the fiscal body follow the same procedure whereby the notice is published one time at least ten days before the date of the hearing in the appropriate number of newspapers in accordance with IC 5-3-1-4. The Library may offer to publish this notice for the fiscal body to ensure that the advertisement complies with the necessary requirements.

How do we certify copies of the CPF Plan to the fiscal body and the Department?

A certificate of submission signed by the library board secretary attesting to the timely submission of the Plan to the fiscal body will suffice. A suggested certification form is included with the CPF memo. The Library’s submission to the Department of its resolution, proofs of publication of the Notice to Taxpayers and Notice of Adoption, Certificate of Submission to the fiscal body, proof of publication of the fiscal body’s Notice to Taxpayers, a copy of the fiscal body’s resolution or ordinance, and a copy of the Plan will suffice as certification to the Department.

Can the library pay for the advertisement of the fiscal body’s public hearing?

Yes, the library may submit the fiscal body’s Notice to Taxpayers to the appropriate newspaper(s) and pay for the advertisement.

Is there a prescribed format for the Notice to Taxpayers of the public hearing by the fiscal body?

A suggested format is included with the CPF memo.

Some fiscal bodies advertise the entire CPF Plan with the Notice to Taxpayers. Is this permissible?

Yes, but it is not required. The fiscal body only needs to advertise the date, time, and location of the hearing. The ad must note that the fiscal body plans to discuss the CPF Plan. A suggested format of the fiscal body Notice to Taxpayers is included with the CPF memo.

Is it possible for a fiscal body to approve appropriations for a CPF Plan but not approve a tax rate and levy?

Yes.

Can a fiscal body approve a lower tax rate and/or levy than those adopted by the Library board?

No.
PLAN AMENDMENTS (EMERGENCIES)

May we amend the CPF Plan for non-emergency reasons?

No. Libraries may only amend the CPF plan for emergency reasons as outlined in IC 36-12-12-9.

If an emergency situation occurs and we need to use CPF moneys, how do we contact the Department?

The Department may be reached by telephone (317-232-0651) and by fax (317-974-1629). A written explanation of the emergency and the proposal for an amendment to the CPF plan must also be submitted.

What if an emergency situation occurs and the Library does not have appropriations in the emergency allocation line item to cover the emergency?

The Library would need to amend its CPF Plan.

How quickly can an emergency amendment be approved by the Department?

The Department reviews CPF emergency amendments as soon as possible. Please contact the Department for assistance in preparing an amendment to your Plan.

ESTABLISHING THE FUND AND THE BUDGET PROCESS

If I receive an order approving the Library CPF Plan, must I also go through the normal budget process?

Yes. The submission of the Plan to the Department is for approval of only the Plan only. The budget process is subject to IC 6-1.1-17. The CPF must be advertised and adopted as would any other fund for the ensuing budget year. Failure to do so will result in the appropriations, levy, and rate being denied.

Is the CPF the same as the Library Improvement Reserve Fund ("LIRF")?

No. Funds for accumulation in the LIRF come from the operating fund budget as a transfer to LIRF and fall within the maximum levy limit set for the operating fund. The library may levy a separate tax rate of not more than one and sixty-seven hundredths cents ($.0167) annually for accumulation of funds in the CPF. The CPF also falls within the maximum levy limits.

Does the CPF replace the LIRF?

No. Both funds are permitted under Indiana law (CPF: IC 36-12-12 and LIRF: IC 36-12-3-11).
Must I go through the Plan and budget procedure to expend funds even if our Library does not want a tax rate?

Yes. Indiana Code 36-12-12-8 states that the Department may approve appropriations from the CPF only if the appropriations conform to a plan that has been advertised and adopted.

I advertised a $.0133 rate for my CPF in my annual budget. When I received my budget certification, the rate was reduced to $.005. Why didn’t I receive the full rate?

The Library CPF rate is based upon the need shown in the plan. Need refers to the total current expenditures and allocation for future projects. During the budget process, the rate approved will be lowered if current expenditures and allocation for future projects can be funded at a lower rate. Also, the rate could be lower because of the adjustment made per IC 6-1.1-18-12.

**REVENUES, CASH, AND OPERATING BALANCE**

Where does the January 1 cash balance come from on the CPF Plan Summary?

A cash balance in the CPF Plan can only come from allocations for future projects from the previous year(s) or unexpended appropriations from the previous year(s).

A narrative within the Plan must indicate the sources of the anticipated January 1 cash balance for the ensuing year. Later year cash balances reflect the previous year future allocation amount.

Isn’t my operating balance the same as my future allocations?

Yes, the operating balance is the amount of future allocations detailed in your Plan. Keep in mind that the Department will not approve a future allocation (line 11) that is higher than what is adopted in the Plan.

**ACCOUNTING FOR CPFs**

What if I have money left over in my CPF and it is not appropriated for anything?

The money will remain in the fund and will be accounted for in the operating balance.

If we use the CPF to help pay for a project that includes bonds as part of the financing, do we disburse the bond proceeds through the CPF?

No. Bond proceeds for a project are disbursed through a construction fund.

What if my ensuing year’s CPF Plan is denied and I have funds left over?

You will have a CPF with a cash balance. This cash balance cannot be transferred to the library operating fund or rainy day fund unless the CPF is closed.
Does the interest generated from the cash in the CPF need to be receipted to the CPF?

Yes. Refer specific questions about this to SBOA.

Do we need to set up a separate fund to account for the CPF Plan?

Yes.

Are there any special accounting guidelines associated with the CPF?

Generally this fund is handled like any other fund. Please refer specific questions to SBOA.

Do we include our local matching funds for a CPF project in the estimates of “Other Revenue” in the CPF Plan Summary for each fiscal year?

No. Local matching funds should be appropriated in the LIRF or other special fund and should not be included in the CPF Plan Summary or the CPF budget. A description and explanation of use of the local matching funds should be included as a part of the narrative describing the CPF Plan.

OTHER

Can the public hearing be held on the same day as a regular Library board meeting? Can the public hearing be held one hour before the board meeting?

Yes, if advertised correctly beforehand, the public hearing for the CPF may be held on the same day as the Library board meeting and can be held an hour before the board meeting. The public hearing must be held on the date and time advertised in the Notice to Taxpayers and must precede adoption of the Plan.

If I am accumulating money in my future allocations for a new roof (1/3 of the cost each year) and the fiscal body denies my future allocation for the final (3rd) year, can I still purchase the roof if I have sufficient money in my fund?

No, but it may be possible to purchase the roof through an emergency amendment. Contact the Department.

Will the ad from the paper be sufficient Proof of Publication?

Yes.

Is the annual cost for telephone lines an allowable expense from the CPF?

No, telephone lines are not considered equipment, so the rental charges for this item are not an allowable expense.
Is the cost of internet service an allowable expense for the CPF (this would include educational services provided through the internet)?

The initial cost for the installation of the lines could be an allowable expense. However, the monthly fees for internet service would not qualify.
Chapter 14

Additional Appropriation and Transfer Procedures

Additional Appropriations

New legislation in 2012, HEA 1072 (section 29) amends IC 6-1.1-18-5 effective July 1, 2012 to require additional appropriations for units that have annual appropriations approved by that body before they can submit them to the DLGF. This applies to libraries when the additional appropriation causes the budget to exceed the average growth quotient even though the original budget only received the non-binding recommendation.

New subsection IC 6-1.1-18-5(k) applies to public library that

(1) is required to submit the public library’s budgets, tax rates, and tax levy for nonbinding review under IC 6-1.1-17-3-5; and

(2) is not required to submit the public library’s budgets, tax rates, and tax levy for binding review and approval under IC 6-1.1-17-20

If a public library subject to IC 6-1.1-18-5(k) proposes to make an additional appropriation for a year, and the additional appropriation would result in the library’s budget for that year increasing (as compared to the previous year) by a percentage that is greater that the result of the average value growth quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the calendar year minus one (1), the additional appropriation must first be approved by the city, town, or county fiscal body described in IC 6-1.1-17-20.3(c) or IC 6-1.1-17-20(d), as appropriate. The library’s additional appropriation must be approved by the city, town or county fiscal body, whichever is appropriate.

State grant monies, such as Build Indiana grants, that are not required to be paid back and that are itemized and earmarked for particular expenditures do not need to be appropriated by the taxing unit in order to make such expenditures. The State Technology Grant Fund is a restricted fund and expended only on broadband connectivity. Grant monies are also restricted funds and must be expended in accordance with the grant budget. These funds are not reported to DLGF.

Additional Appropriations/Transfer Procedures 2012 -
Transfer of Funds to and From the Rainy Day Fund

Money is never transferred out of the Rainy Day Fund. To spend money from the Rainy Day Fund requires a submitted and approved budget or an additional appropriation.

To establish the Rainy Day Fund requires a resolution. Here is a copy of the resolution found on the LDO website at www.in.gov/library/3289.htm Please see the following page. This is a template and requires for its purpose.

Transfers can be made to the Rainy Day Fund anytime during the year. Total transfer during the year can be no more than 10% of total budget for the current year.

Further procedures for Rainy Day Fund are outlined in Chapter 3 starting on page 3 of the State Board of Accounts Manual of Accounting for Public Libraries found online at www.in.gov/sboa/2802.htm.
Resolution to Establish a Rainy Day Fund

WHEREAS, the Board of Trustees of the ________________________________ Public Library (hereafter “Board”) finds that the purposes of the ______________ Fund has been fulfilled [or list specific multiple funds if applicable]; and,

WHEREAS, there remains in the fund unused and unencumbered funds, and

WHEREAS, I.C. 36-1-8-5 and I.C. 36-1-8-5.1 authorizes the board to transfer such funds, at any time during the fiscal year, to a Rainy Day Fund so long as the amount of funds transferred is not more than 10% of the library’s total annual budget for the fiscal year.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board does hereby establish a Rainy Day Fund for the following purpose: _____________________; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that sources of funding for the Rainy Day Fund may include unused and unencumbered funds under I.C. 36-1-8-5; funds received under I.C. 6-3.5-1.1-21.1 (CAGIT); I.C. 6-3.5-6-17.3 (COIT); I.C. 6-3.5-7-17.3. (CEDIT), or any other funding source specified in any future resolution adopted under I.C. 36-1-8-5.1 which is not otherwise prohibited by law; and [modify this clause, or delete, as appropriate for your library]

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Board acknowledges that this fund is subject to the same appropriation process as other funds that receive tax money; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Board hereby transfers the balance of the _________ Fund [or list specific multiple funds if applicable] to the Rainy Day Fund, such transfer being in the amount of $____________; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Board will report this transfer to the Department of Local Government Finance.

DULY ADOPTED by the Board of Trustees of the ________________________________ Public Library at its regular meeting held on the _____ day of _____________, ________, at which meeting a quorum was present.

NAY AYE

________________________________  _______________________________
________________________________  _______________________________
________________________________  _______________________________
________________________________  _______________________________
________________________________  _______________________________

ATTEST ________________________________

SECRETARY ________________________________
Transfer of Funds to Library Improvement Reserve Fund (LIRF)

For procedures on transferring funds to Library Improvement Reserve Fund (LIRF) see Chapter 3 starting on page 3 of the State Board of Accounts Manual of Accounting for Public Libraries found online at www.in.gov/sboa/2802.htm

The LIRF fund is established by Resolution. The money is not to be set up in a separate bank account. The transfer is authorized by a warrant from the operating fund. The actual transfer may occur at any time but needs to be completed before the appropriation expires at the end of the year.

Procedure for Additional Appropriation

The following steps must be followed to obtain an additional appropriation that was not included in the certified annual budget and certified appropriations of the unit as reflected on Line 1 of the final version of the unit’s Fund Report. These procedures are followed for reporting only funds such as Rainy Day Fund and Library Improvement Reserve Fund (LIRF). For categorized budgets with the Library’s operating fund see the procedure to follow for transfers of appropriations when an equal amount of appropriations are reduced in one major category and reappropriated in another major category within the same fund.

Library board gives notice of proposed additional appropriation. The notice shall state the time and place at which a public hearing will be held on the proposal. The notice shall include fund name and number, a categorical breakdown of the proposed additional appropriation for each fund, and the total of the proposed additional appropriation for each fund. The notice shall be published one time in two newspapers, if available, not less than ten (10) days before the public hearing on the proposal, in accordance with IC 5-3-1-2(b).

The library board shall hold the public hearing on the proposal as advertised. At the public hearing, action shall be taken to approve, modify, or disapprove the proposed additional appropriations as advertised. If the board tables the request until the following meeting, the additional appropriation does not have to be re-advertised provided the tabling of the request is stated publicly and included in the minutes of the correct advertised meeting to follow. The board shall not adopt appropriations exceeding the amount advertised.

If the library board proposes to make an additional appropriation for a year, and the additional appropriation would result in the budget for the library for that year increasing (as compared to the previous year) by a percentage that is greater than the result of the assessed value growth quotient determined under IC 6-1.1-18.5-2 for the calendar year minus one (1), the additional appropriation must first be approved by the city, town, or county fiscal body described in IC 6-1.1-17-20.3(c) or IC 6-1.1-17-20(d), as appropriate

After the public hearing, the proper officers complete and file with the Department of Local Government Finance a Certified Copy of Additional Appropriation (“Certified Copy”) and any other relevant information, including the unit’s financial information. The requested amount of additional appropriation shown on the Certified Copy must not exceed the fiscal body’s final approved amount or the advertised amount.
Resolution for Additional Appropriation

WHEREAS, Board of Trustees of the ____________________________ Public Library (hereafter “Board”) has determined that it is now necessary to appropriate more money than was originally appropriated in the annual budget;

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Trustees of the ____________________________ Public Library that for the expenses of the taxing unit the following additional sums of money are hereby appropriated out of the funds named and for the purposes specified, subject to laws governing the same:

DULY ADOPTED by the Board of Trustees of the ____________________________ Public Library at its regular meeting held on the _____ day of _____________, __________, at which meeting a quorum was present.

Fund Name: Amount Requested Amount Approved

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Major Category</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10000 Personal Services</td>
<td>$________________</td>
<td>$_____________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20000 Supplies</td>
<td>$________________</td>
<td>$_____________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30000 Other Services/Charges</td>
<td>$________________</td>
<td>$_____________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40000 Capital Outlays</td>
<td>$________________</td>
<td>$_____________</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL for ____________________________Fund</td>
<td>$________________</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

JULY ADOPTED by the Board of Trustees of the ____________________________ Public Library at its regular meeting held on the _____ day of _____________, __________, at which meeting a quorum was present.

NAY _______________________________ AYE _______________________________

________________________________  _______________________________
________________________________  _______________________________
________________________________  _______________________________
________________________________  _______________________________
________________________________  _______________________________

ATTEST ________________________________ SECRETARY ________________________________
NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS

Notice is hereby given the taxpayers of _______________ Public Library, _______________ County, Indiana, that the proper legal officers will consider the following additional appropriations in excess of the budget for the current year at their regular meeting place at (location), at time am or pm, on the (number) day of (month), (year)

Fund Name: ____________________

Major Category

10000 Personal Services $_________________
20000 Supplies $_________________
30000 Other Services/Charges $_________________
40000 Capital Outlays $_________________
TOTAL for__________________Fund $_________________

(Repeat for any other funds)

Taxpayers appearing at the meeting shall have a right to be heard.
CERTIFIED COPY OF ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATION

UNIT NAME: ________________________________

COUNTY NAME: ____________________________

Date of Publication ______________   Newspaper __________________

Date of Publication ______________   Newspaper __________________

Date of Public Hearing ________________________

Date of Resolution/Ordinance ____________________

Complete for each fund from which the additional appropriations are made. Use a separate column for each fund.

Lines referred to below are on the Fund Report from the Department.

| A. Department | Fund Number | | |
| B. Fund Name | | | |
| C. Appropriation Amount Requested | | | |
| D. Amount by Reduction | | | |
| E. Net Amount of Increase (C minus D) | | | |

1. Property Tax Levy (Line 16)
2. Levy Excess (Line 15)
3. PTRC from CAGIT (Line 13A)
4. LOIT Freeze Amount (Line 13B)
5. Misc. Revenue (Line 8B)
   (If higher than 8B amount, a revised Budget Form 2 must be attached.)
6. January 1 Cash Balance (include investments)
7. Subtotal of Funds (Add 1 thru 6)
8. Less Circuit Breaker
9. Total Funds (7 minus 8)
10. Department Approved Budget (Line 1)
11. Encumbered Appropriations
12. Temporary Loans Outstanding as of January 1
13. Beginning Obligations (Add 10 thru 12.)
14. Surplus Funds (9 minus 13)
15. Previous additional appropriation(s) approved since January 1, less any reductions in appropriations.
16. Amount transferred to the Rainy Day Fund
17. Surplus Funds Remaining (14 minus 15 minus 16)

I, ____________________________, fiscal officer of ____________________________, do hereby certify that the above information is true and correct.

Dated this ___ day of __________________, 20___.

(Signature) ____________________________ (Title) ____________________________

(Unit Address) ____________________________ (Telephone Number)___________________

(City/Town/Zip Code) ____________________________ (E-mail Address Optional) ________________
Chapter 15
Public Library Records Retention

Public Libraries Retention Schedule and County/Local General Retention Financial Schedule

The Public Libraries Retention Schedule and the County/Local General Retention Financial Schedule were adopted in 2010. All public libraries in Indiana must follow the same general retention financial schedule.

Any records not on the approved list cannot be destroyed without the permission of the County Commission on Public Records and the Indiana Commission on Public Records.

Included in this chapter are a printout of the section of Chapter 6 of the State Board of Accounts Library Manual (pages 5 through 9) explaining the preservation and destruction of public records, the Public Libraries Retention Schedule and the County/Local General Retention Financial Schedule. There are links on this page to the SBOA Library Manual, the June presentation by Jim Corridan, Chief Archivist and Director, Indiana Commission on Public Records, on retention schedules, and the two retention schedules.


Adobe presentation by Jim Corridan, Chief Archivist and Director, Indiana Commission on Public Records, on retention schedules: webinar.isl.in.gov/p37554645/?launcher=false&fcsContent=true&pbMode=normal

Public Libraries (LIB) Retention Schedule and the County/Local General Retention Schedule (GEN) www.in.gov/icpr/2739.htm
**Records Retention FAQs**

Q1) How long should we keep past insurance policies/coverage that have been replaced with new policies/coverage?
A1) Insurance paperwork would be considered a contract; keep for 10 years after the end of the insured year.

Q2) How long should we keep past in-house staff directories?
A2) If they simply provide personnel information in a different format, destroy.

Q3) How long should we keep statements of Concern regarding library materials completed by patrons?
A3) Regard as correspondence and destroy after 3 years.

Q4) How long should we keep incident reports (injuries, accidents, behavior)?
A4) 10 years, as for public library annual reports

Q5) How long should we keep emails?
A5) Treat emails as you would print correspondence regarding a particular issue. They are public records.


INDIANAPOLIS — “An Indiana commission will soon set new rules for how long state and local governments must keep employee emails and other electronic records — and which of those missives will be considered public records.

The Indiana Commission on Public Records will also review and adopt rules for paper-based public records, which local governments will now be required to implement within 30 days of the commission adopting them....

That's why the commission plans to work in July — in a meeting not yet set — to create a statewide policy regarding email and other electronic communications. This policy will deal with what qualifies as a public record that must be kept — and for how long.

The commission also plans to readopt the retention policies they already have in place. The new state law requires the commission to reconsider those policies before they are implemented for local governments.”
Fees

The governing board shall establish a fee schedule for the certification or copying of documents. The fee for certification of documents may not exceed five dollars ($5) per document. The fee for copying documents may not exceed the greater of:

(1) ten cents ($0.10) per page for copies that are not color copies or twenty-five cents ($0.25) per page for color copies; or

(2) the actual cost to the agency of copying the document.

"Actual cost" means the cost of paper and the per-page cost for use of copying or facsimile equipment and does not include labor costs or overhead costs. A fee established must be uniform throughout the public agency and uniform to all purchasers. [IC 5-14-3-8(d)]

PRESERVATION AND DESTRUCTION OF PUBLIC RECORDS

Policy

The governing board is charged with the duty to preserve, keep, maintain, or file all the official records of the political subdivision pursuant to IC 5-15-1-1. The final decision as to the destruction or disposition of such records rests with the local public records commission. A local public records commission is established in each county pursuant to IC 5-15-6-1.

IC 5-15-6-3(f) concerning destruction of public records, states in part: "Original records may be disposed of only with the approval of the commission according to guidelines established by the commission."

Definition of Public Record

A public record is defined as all documentation of the informational, communicative or decision-making processes of the political subdivision in connection with the transaction of public business or governmental functions, which documentation is created, received, retained, maintained, or filed by the political subdivision as evidence of its activities or because of the information value of the data in the documentation, and which is generated on paper or paper substitutes; photographic or chemically based media; magnetic or machine readable media; or any other materials, regardless of form or characteristics. [IC 5-15-5-1-1]

For purposes of IC 5-15-6, the terms "public record" or "record" refer to local government documentation. [IC 5-15-6-1.5]

County Public Records Commission

IC 5-15-6-1 creates in each county a commission known as the "County Commission of Public Records of ______ County." IC 5-15-6-2 sets out the duties and responsibilities of the commission. It is the duty of the commission to determine the following:

1. Which public records, if any, are no longer of official or historical value.

2. Which public records are of current official value and should be retained in the office where they are required to be filed.

3. Which public records are of official value but are consulted and used so infrequently that they are no longer of appreciable value to the officer with whom they are required to be filed.

4. Which public records are of no apparent official value, but which do have historical value.
5. Adopt and implement retention schedules for use by local governmental officials as part of a records management program for local government public records at the first meeting of the county commission after the commission receives a retention schedule for the local government approved by the oversight committee on public records as established by IC 5-15-5.1-18.

The following officers make up the commission:

1. Judge of the Circuit Court (Ex Officio);
2. President of the Board of County Commissioners;
3. County Auditor;
4. Clerk of the Circuit Court (Secretary);
5. County Recorder;
6. Superintendent of Schools of the school district in which county seat city is located.
7. City Controller or Clerk-Treasurer of the county seat city or town.

Suggested Procedures

As a starting point for disposing of old records, an inventory of the office and the storerooms should be taken. The inventory should list the type of record and the year such record was made.

After the inventory is completed and a decision is made as to the records to be destroyed, a request and approval for destruction of records should be submitted to the County Commission of Public Records of the county in which the public agency is located.

A pamphlet entitled "Guide for Preservation and Destruction of Local Public Records" published by the State Commission on Public Records will be furnished to any official upon request. You should carefully review this publication and comply with the instructions therein when considering the destruction of any records.

The State Commission has furnished each Clerk of the Circuit Court, who serves as secretary of the County Commission of Public Records, a supply of this publication and a supply of Form PR1 entitled "Request for Permission to Destroy and Transfer Certain Public Records" to be used by local officials in submitting requests to the County Commissions.
Removal of Records - Time Restriction

IC 5-15-6-3 concerning the removal and destruction of records states:

a. As used in this section, "original records" includes the optical image of a check or deposit document when:

1. The check or deposit document is recorded, copied, or reproduced by an optical imaging process described in subsection (e); and

2. The drawer of the check receives an optical image of the check after the check is processed for payment or the depositor receives an optical image of the deposit document after the document has been processed for the deposit.

b. All public records which, in the judgment of the commission, have no official or historical value, and which occupy space to no purpose in the offices and storerooms of the local government of a county, shall be destroyed or otherwise disposed of. Except as provided in this section, such records shall not be destroyed until a period of at least three (3) years shall have elapsed from the time when the records were originally filed, and no public records shall be destroyed within a period of three (3) years if the law provides that they shall be kept for a longer period of time, or if the law prohibits their destruction.

c. Subject to this section, records may be destroyed before three (3) years elapse after the date when the records were originally filed if the destruction is according to an approved retention schedule.

d. No financial records or records relating thereto shall be destroyed until the earlier of the following actions:

1. The audit of the records by the State Board of Accounts has been completed, report filed, and any exceptions set out in the report satisfied.

2. The financial record or records have been copied or reproduced as described in subsection (e).

e. As used in this section, "public records" or "records" includes records that have been recorded, copied, or reproduced by a photographic, photostatic, miniature photographic, or optical imaging process that correctly, accurately, and permanently copies, reproduces, or forms a medium for copying or reproducing the original record on a film or other durable material. Original records may be disposed of in accordance with subsection (f), if the record has been copied or reproduced as described in this subsection. The copy must be treated as an original. Copies, recreations, or reproductions made from an optical image of a public record described in this subsection shall be received as evidence in any court in which the original record could have been introduced, if the recreations, copies, or reproductions are properly certified as to authenticity and accuracy by an official custodian of the records.

f. Original records may be disposed of only with the approval of the commission according to guidelines established by the commission. However, the guidelines established by the commission concerning the disposal of financial records must be approved by the State Board of Accounts before the guidelines become effective.

The decision as to the disposition or destruction of any record rests entirely upon the commission; however, there are certain records which appear to be sufficient value to require that they be retained permanently, and there are other records which should not be disposed of for a period of longer than three (3) years, due to limitations imposed under other statutes. Among these records are:
Retained Permanently

All minutes due to their historical value and their value in determining titles of property, appointments, etc.

Ledgers of Receipts and Disbursements as permanent financial records.

Bond Records, as evidence of indebtedness and payment.

Retained for Longer Periods Than Three (3) Years

All contracts, claims and paid warrants for minimum of six (6) years due to statute of limitations in civil actions. [IC 34-1-2-1 and IC 34-1-2-2]

Public Records Retention - Audit

IC 5-15-6-3(f) concerning destruction of public records, states in part: "Original records may be disposed of only with the approval of the commission according to guidelines established by the commission."

Supporting documentation such as receipts, canceled checks, tickets, invoices, bills, contracts, and other public records must be available for audit to provide supporting information for the validity and accountability of monies disbursed. Payments without supporting documentation may be the personal obligation of the responsible official or employee.

Order to Destroy Public Records

A copy of any order to destroy public records shall be delivered to the State Archivist, Indiana State Library, any active genealogical society of the county and any active historical society of the county not later than sixty days before the destruction date accompanied by a written statement that they may procure such records at their own expense subject to the provisions enumerated in the law. [IC 5-15-6-7]

Penalty

A public official or other person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally destroys or damages any public record commits a Class D felony unless:

1. The commission shall have given its approval in writing that public records may be destroyed;

2. The commission shall have entered its approval for destruction of the public records on its own minutes, or

3. Authority for destruction of the records is granted by an approved retention schedule. [IC 5-15-6-8]
Public Records Go With the Office

Sometimes it is reported that when an official is replaced by reason of death, resignation, appointment, or election, the records are being withheld from the successor until they are audited.

When an official assumes custody of an office many of the forms and records are continuous. Each official’s acts are a matter of record. An official is not responsible for the acts of his successor and a successor is not responsible for the acts of his predecessor.

Regardless of the capacity served by an official, upon completion of his service, all records and forms are to be surrendered to his successor.

Supporting documentation such as receipts, canceled checks, tickets invoices, bills, contracts, and other public records must be available for audit to provide supporting information for the validity and accountability of monies disbursed. Payments without supporting documentation may be the personal obligation of the responsible official or employee.

Transaction Recording

All financial transactions pertaining to the governmental unit should be recorded in the records of the governmental unit.

Timely Recordkeeping

All documents and entries to records should be done in a timely manner to ensure that accurate financial information is available to allow the governmental unit to make informed management decisions and to help ensure compliance with IC 5-15-1-1 et seq., commonly referred to as the Public Records Law.

RETENTION SCHEDULES

The State’s Oversight Committee on Public Records has approved retention schedules for Library financial records. The schedules list prescribed forms and the length of time each form is required to be kept. The schedules can be obtained at www.in.gov/cpr

IC 5-15-6-2.5 requires each local County Commission on Public Records to adopt such retention schedules at the first meeting of the County Commission following receipt of the schedules from the State Oversight Committee.

Once the retention schedules are adopted, records may be destroyed in accordance with the schedules and without permission of the local County Commission. However, libraries must submit documentation of such destruction to the County Commission and the State Archives and should notify any active genealogical societies and any active historical located in the county before destruction.
Public Libraries Retention Schedule (LIB)
Indiana Commission on Public Records – County Records Management

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Approved by the Oversight Committee on Public Records:</th>
<th>Name of County Adopting Retention Schedule:</th>
<th>Date Adopted by the County Commission of Public Records:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>September 22, 2010</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Director/State Archivist, Indiana Commission on Public Records

Signature

Printed Name: Jim Corridan

Chairperson of the County Commission of Public Records

Signature

Printed Name:

Secretary of the County Commission of Public Records

Signature

Printed Name:

This schedule may be used only after adoption by the County Commission of Public Records.

Instructions:

1. Records listed on this schedule may be destroyed upon completion of a Notice of Destruction, State Form 44905 and distribution of copies of the form to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the County and to the Indiana Commission on Public Records, 402 West Washington Street W472, Indianapolis, IN 46204.

2. Officials should first reference this office-specific retention schedule. If the form/record series you’re looking for is not listed, refer to the general retention schedule (GEN).

3. All records not listed on these approved schedules can be destroyed or transferred only by completing a Request for Permission to Destroy or Transfer Certain Public Records (PR-1), State Form 30505, and by obtaining approval of the County Commission of Public Records and the Indiana Commission on Public Records.

Guidelines:

Permanent records may be maintained either in the original format or on microfilm that meets standards outlined in 60 IAC 2 or Administrative Rule 6 (Court Records).

Microfilmed records may be deposited or transferred according to the retention period outlined for that record.

Security/original rolls of microfilm to be stored offsite in secure location. Duplicate rolls for office use.

Electronic records and computer printouts that include data from more than one (1) form must be retained for the longest retention period for all included forms.

Any STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS forms approved for use in lieu of prescribed forms are subject to the same retention requirements.
# Public Libraries Retention Schedule (LIB)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RECORD SERIES</th>
<th>TITLE/DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>RETENTION PERIOD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LIB 10-1</td>
<td>ANNUAL PUBLIC LIBRARY REPORT</td>
<td>DESTROY after ten (10) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD of ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIB 10-2</td>
<td>LEDGERS</td>
<td>PERMANENT. MICROFILM according to 60 IAC 2 STANDARDS. Original may be retained in office, transferred to the County Archives or destroyed upon receipt of written approval from the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>14.1 Library Form:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Form 1, 1A, 1B, and 1C (R 1982): Library Financial and Appropriation Ledger</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>14.2 General Form:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Form 369 (1996) General Fixed Asset Account Group Ledger</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIB 10-3</td>
<td>PATRON LIBRARY CARD, RECIPROCAL BORROWING CARD APPLICATION</td>
<td>DESTROY three (3) years after patron account becomes inactive.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIB 10-4</td>
<td>PUBLIC LIBRARY ACCESS CARD (PLAC) &amp; NON-RESIDENT CARD APPLICATION</td>
<td>DESTROY after three (3) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD of ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIB 10-5</td>
<td>NO-FEE INTERLIBRARY LOAN FILES</td>
<td>DESTROY 30 days after return of materials.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Applies to interlibrary loans for which a patron or library is not charged and does not collect a fee</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[CONFIDENTIAL: IC 5-14-3-4(a)(16)(A)]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIB 10-6</td>
<td>FEE-BASED INTERLIBRARY LOAN FILES</td>
<td>DESTROY after three (3) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD of ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Applies to interlibrary loans for which a patron or library is charged or collects a fee</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[CONFIDENTIAL: IC 5-14-3-4(a)(16)(A)]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIB 10-7</td>
<td>PROGRAM REGISTRATION INFORMATION</td>
<td>DESTROY each April for previous calendar year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIB 10-8</td>
<td>COMPUTER USE SIGN UP SHEETS &amp; LOGS</td>
<td>DESTROY 90 days after date of use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Patron agreement to utilize public access computers provided by a library</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[CONFIDENTIAL: IC 5-14-3-4(a)(16)(A)]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIB 10-9</td>
<td>PHOTOGRAPHS &amp; VIDEOS</td>
<td>The collections of a library shall REMAIN part of the library, subject to the procedures used by the library to weed its collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Photographic and video holdings of library</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**THIS SCHEDULE MAY BE USED ONLY AFTER ADOPTION BY THE COUNTY COMMISSION OF PUBLIC RECORDS.**
Adopted September 22, 2010 by the Oversight Committee on Public Records/Indiana Commission on Public Records
# County/Local General Retention Schedule (GEN)

**Indiana Commission on Public Records – County Records Management**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date Approved by the Oversight Committee on Public Records</th>
<th>Name of County Adopting Retention Schedule</th>
<th>Date Adopted by the County Commission of Public Records</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>December 15, 2010</td>
<td>Director/State Archivist, Indiana Commission on Public Records</td>
<td>Printed Name: Jim Corridan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chairperson of the County Commission of Public Records</td>
<td>Printed Name:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Secretary of the County Commission of Public Records</td>
<td>Printed Name:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Signature</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**This Schedule May Be Used Only After Adoption by the County Commission of Public Records.**

**Instructions:**

1. Records listed on this schedule may be destroyed upon completion of a *Notice of Destruction*, State Form 44905 and distribution of copies of the form to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the County and to the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS, 402 West Washington Street W472, Indianapolis, IN 46204.

2. Officials should first reference their office-specific retention schedule. If the form/record series you're looking for is not listed, refer to this general retention schedule (GEN).

3. All records not listed on these approved schedules can be destroyed or transferred only by completing a *Request for Permission to Destroy or Transfer Certain Public Records (PR-1)*, State Form 30505, and by obtaining approval of the COUNTY COMMISSION OF PUBLIC RECORDS and the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.

**Guidelines:**

- Permanent records may be maintained either in the original format or on microfilm that meets standards outlined in 60 IAC 2 or Administrative Rule 6 (Court Records).
- Microfilmed records may be deposited or transferred according to the retention period outlined for that record.
- Security/original rolls of microfilm to be stored offsite in secure location. Duplicate rolls for office use.
- Electronic records and computer printouts that include data from more than one (1) form must be retained for the longest retention period for all included forms.

Any STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS forms approved for use in lieu of prescribed forms are subject to the same retention requirements.
## County/Local General Retention Schedule (GEN)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Record Series</th>
<th>Title/Description</th>
<th>Retention Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ADMINISTRATIVE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-1</td>
<td>MINUTES</td>
<td>PERMANENT. MICROFILM according to 60 IAC 2 STANDARDS. Original may be retained in office, transferred to the County Archives or destroyed upon receipt of written approval from the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Official minutes of any county/local agency, board, commission, or of any division. THIS IS A CRITICAL RECORD.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[IC 5-15-6.2.5]; [IC 5-15-5.1-12]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-2</td>
<td>COUNTY/LOCAL AGENCY, BOARD OR COMMISSION MEETING TAPES.</td>
<td>ERASE or DESTROY after official minutes taken from them are approved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For offices, board or commissions that record their meetings using magnetic audio tapes. These tapes are used to complete the minutes of the meetings.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-3</td>
<td>POLICY FILES – OFFICE HOLDERS, DEPUTIES, AND DIVISION DIRECTORS.</td>
<td>PERMANENT. MICROFILM according to 60 IAC 2 STANDARDS. Original may be retained in office, transferred to the County Archives or destroyed upon receipt of written approval from the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>These office files document substantive actions of the county or local government unit and constitute the official record of the unit’s performance of its functions and the formation of policy and program initiatives. This series may include various types of records such as correspondence, memos, and reports concerning policy and procedures, organization, program development and reviews. THIS IS A CRITICAL RECORD. Disclosure of these records may be affected by the discretion of a public agency, IC 5-14-3-4(b) (6).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[IC 5-15-6.2.5]; [IC 5-15-5.1-12]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-4</td>
<td>GENERAL FILES</td>
<td>DESTROY after three (3) calendar years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Office records that are not related to policy implementation. This series includes correspondence, memos, and routine staff files.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-5</td>
<td>LEGAL FILES</td>
<td>RETAIN in office five (5) calendar years after adjudication of litigation. Evaluate and transfer to County Archives, or INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS, STATE ARCHIVES DIVISION, only files that have been determined to have historical or legal significance and identified as PERMANENT.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Also called Litigation Files)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All records pertaining to litigation with the county/local government and all supporting documentation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Disclosure of these records may be affected by IC 5-14-3-4(a) (1), (3), and (8), and also by the discretion of a public agency, IC 5-14-3-4(b) (6).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Retention consistent with IC 34-11-2-6 and IC 35-41-4-2(a)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-6</td>
<td>ORDINANCES</td>
<td>PERMANENT. MICROFILM according to 60 IAC 2 STANDARDS. Original may be retained in office, transferred to the County Archives or destroyed upon receipt of written approval from the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Includes records created by a county/local agency related to the legislature’s review of proposed laws or adoption of administrative rule(s). Disclosure of these records may be affected by the discretion of a public agency, IC 5-14-3-4(b)(6).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-7</td>
<td>BUILDING PERMITS</td>
<td>DESTROY after three (3) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>[IC 36-7-4-1109]</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-8</td>
<td>DISASTER RECOVERY AND CONTINUITY PLANS</td>
<td>TRANSFER one copy of each plan to the COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS, STATE ARCHIVES DIVISION, for permanent archival.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The copy of all Disaster Recovery/Contingency Plans, including those</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**THIS SCHEDULE MAY BE USED ONLY AFTER ADOPTION BY THE COUNTY COMMISSION OF PUBLIC RECORDS.**

Adopted December 15, 2010 by the Oversight Committee on Public Records/Indiana Commission on Public Records
### County/Local General Retention Schedule (GEN)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GEN 10-9</th>
<th>NOTICES &amp; CERTIFICATES</th>
<th>DESTROY after three (3) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>ACCOUNTING &amp; FINANCE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-10</td>
<td>RECEIPTS/QUIETUS/RECEIPT REGISTER/QUIETUS REGISTER</td>
<td>DESTROY after six (6) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retention based on IC 34-11-2-6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-11</td>
<td>VOUCHERS/CLAIMS &amp; PURCHASE ORDERS</td>
<td>DESTROY after ten (10) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Includes all claims and requisitions submitted by all county offices and departments, including all supporting documentation.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retention based on IC 34-11-1-2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-12</td>
<td>POOR RELIEF VOUCHERS/CLAIMS</td>
<td>DESTROY after ten (10) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retention based on IC 34-11-1-2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-13</td>
<td>REGISTER OF POOR RELIEF CLAIMS</td>
<td>DESTROY after three (3) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-14</td>
<td>CANCELED CHECKS/WARRANTS</td>
<td>DESTROY after ten (10) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retention based on IC 34-11-1-2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-15</td>
<td>CHECK REGISTER/WARRANT REGISTER</td>
<td>DESTROY after ten (10) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retention based on IC 34-11-1-2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-16</td>
<td>PAYROLL RECORDS</td>
<td>PERMANENT. MICROFILM according to 60 IAC 2 STANDARDS. Original may be retained in office, transferred to the County Archives or destroyed upon receipt of written approval from the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applies to Forms 99A, 99B and 99C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-17</td>
<td>TIME CARDS</td>
<td>DESTROY after three (3) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Includes Weekly Earning Record, work period.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retention based on IC 34-11-2-1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-18</td>
<td>BANK RECONCILIATION RECORDS AND REPORTS</td>
<td>DESTROY after six (6) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-19</td>
<td>BANK STATEMENTS, DEPOSIT TICKETS, RECORD OF DEPOSITORY BALANCES</td>
<td>DESTROY after three (3) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-20</td>
<td>FEE BOOK</td>
<td>DESTROY after six (6) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-21</td>
<td>ACCOUNTS PAYABLE JOURNAL</td>
<td>DESTROY after six (6) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This schedule may be used only after adoption by the County Commission of Public Records. Adopted December 15, 2010 by the Oversight Committee on Public Records/Indiana Commission on Public Records.
# County/Local General Retention Schedule (GEN)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GEN 10-22</th>
<th>ACCOUNTS PAYABLE VOUCHER REGISTER</th>
<th>DESTROY after three (3) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-23</td>
<td>TRANSMITTALS</td>
<td>DESTROY after six (6) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-24</td>
<td>INVESTMENTS/INSURANCE REGISTER</td>
<td>PERMANENT. MICROFILM according to 60 IAC 2 STANDARDS. Original may be retained in office, transferred to the County Archives or destroyed upon receipt of written approval from the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-25</td>
<td>BONDS, BIDS, CONTRACTS AND LEASES</td>
<td>DESTROY ten (10) years after expiration of the contract and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-26</td>
<td>AS-SUBMITTED BUDGETS</td>
<td>DESTROY after five (5) calendar years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PERSONNEL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-27</td>
<td>PERSONNEL FILES</td>
<td>DESTROY 75 years after employee is no longer employed by the county/local government unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-28</td>
<td>EMPLOYEE MEDICAL RECORDS</td>
<td>DESTROY seven (7) years after the employee leaves county/local government.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-29</td>
<td>INMATE MEDICAL RECORDS</td>
<td>DESTROY seven (7) years after the inmate is released from the jail facility.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-30</td>
<td>FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT OF 1993 RECORDS</td>
<td>DESTROY records after three (3) calendar years if no other Record Series with a longer retention period applies to them. If records are part of another Record Series with a longer retention, follow the retention instruction for that Record Series.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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**THIS SCHEDULE MAY BE USED ONLY AFTER ADOPTION BY THE COUNTY COMMISSION OF PUBLIC RECORDS.**

Adopted December 15, 2010 by the Oversight Committee on Public Records/Indiana Commission on Public Records
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GEN 10-31</th>
<th>EMPLOYMENT APPLICATIONS-NOT HIRED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Series includes applications from persons seeking employment who are not hired. Series also contains vacancy notices, job information bulletins, unsolicited resumes, rejection correspondence, examination material, and other related materials. Disclosure of these records may be affected by the discretion of a public agency per IC 5-14-3-4 (b)(6)(b). Retention based on IC 4-15-2-15 (b)(4).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESTROY three (3) calendar years after the decision not to hire.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-32</td>
<td>EMPLOYEE HAZARDOUS EXPOSURE RECORDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical records could include employee exposure records and/or analyses using exposure or medical records. Disclosure of these records may be affected by IC 5-14-3-4(a)(9).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESTROY Thirty-five (35) calendar years after employee termination.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-33</td>
<td>LOG OF WORK-RELATED INJURIES AND ILLNESSES, OSHA FORM 300 (REVISED 01/2004)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In accordance with 29 CFR 1904.0, et seq., every private and public employer with more than ten (10) employees must confidentially record every work-related death and work-related injury and illness meeting specific recording criteria in this federal rule. Electronic (computer) maintenance and retention is permitted. Any medical information attached or included with the OSHA form and record is also confidential and must be retained with the OSHA form and record for the same time period. Disclosure of these records may be affected by 29 CFR 1904.29 and IC 5-14-3-4(a)(3). Retention based on 29 CFR 1904.33.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESTROY five (5) years after the end of the calendar year that the records cover.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PUBLICATIONS & REPORTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GEN 10-34</th>
<th>RECORDS RETENTION AND DISPOSITION SCHEDULE, INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS APPROVED RETENTION SCHEDULES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contains a description of all records maintained by a county/local office, and specifies when and how they may dispose of their records.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESTROY after replaced by revised schedule and after adoption by the COUNTY COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEN 10-35</td>
<td>STATUTE AND ADMINISTRATIVE RULE RECORDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documents created by a county/local government entity related to</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESTROY two (2) calendar years after amendments, adoptions, or proposal of final administrative rule was published in the Indiana Register.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**THIS SCHEDULE MAY BE USED ONLY AFTER ADOPTION BY THE COUNTY COMMISSION OF PUBLIC RECORDS.**
Adopted December 15, 2010 by the Oversight Committee on Public Records/Indiana Commission on Public Records
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>GEN 10-35</strong></th>
<th>MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>These reports and data sheets are supplied by the manufacturer of hazardous chemicals and submitted to businesses and other organizations receiving and using the substances. One (1) report or MSDS is submitted for each chemical in accordance with federal OSHA requirements. General information, ingredients, physical data, fire and explosion hazard data and other precautions are listed to inform and protect individuals who use or are exposed to these substances and chemicals. Disclosure of these records may be affected by 29 CFR 1910.120(f)(1) and (f)(2), and IC 5-14-3-4(a)(4). Retention based on 29 CFR 1910.120(d)(1)(i)(i)(B).</td>
<td>DESTROY thirty (30) years after the year of conclusion of the worker’s employment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>GEN 10-37</strong></th>
<th>STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS AUDIT REPORTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EXCLUDES FORM 100R – CERTIFIED REPORT OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, DUTIES AND COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES [PERMANENT]</td>
<td>PERMANENT. MICROFILM according to 60 IAC 2 STANDARDS. Original may be retained in office, transferred to the County Archives or destroyed upon receipt of written approval from the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **GEN 10-38** | REPORTS |
| EXCLUDES FORM 100R – CERTIFIED REPORT OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, DUTIES AND COMPENSATION OF EMPLOYEES [PERMANENT] | DESTROY after six (6) calendar years and after receipt of STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS Audit Report and satisfaction of unsettled charges. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>GEN 10-39</strong></th>
<th>PERF QUARTERLY REPORT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PERMANENT. MICROFILM according to 60 IAC 2 STANDARDS. Original may be retained in office, transferred to the County Archives or destroyed upon receipt of written approval from the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>AUDIO, VIDEO &amp; GENERAL MEDIA</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

| **GEN 10-40** | MICROFILM DOCUMENTATION FILE |
| A written documentation list created and maintained for the microfilm based on the approved retention schedule (60 IAC 2-2-3). See 60 IAC 2 for required contents of the file. | PERMANENT. Transfer copy to the Indiana Commission on Public Records, State Archives Division. |

| **GEN 10-41** | PHOTOGRAPHS, VIDEO RECORDINGS, FILMS |
| TYPICALLY CONSISTS OF PHOTOGRAPHS OF SPECIAL EVENTS AND ACTIVITIES OF THE OFFICE, GENERAL CIRCULATION OR SPECIAL PURPOSE PERIODICALS, INTRA-OFFICE NEWS, OR OTHER STILL PHOTOGRAPHS. | TRANSFER to the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS, STATE ARCHIVES DIVISION, for evaluation, sampling, or weeding pursuant to archival principles one (1) calendar year after the date of the event or activity. |

| **GEN 10-43** | ROUTINE SURVEILLANCE RECORDINGS |
| DISCLOSURE OF THESE RECORDS MAY BE AFFECTED BY IC 5-14-3-4(a)(1-3) and the discretion of a public agency per IC 5-14-3-4(b)(1) & (6). This record series and retention period does not apply to the criminal history records of the Indiana State Police, pursuant to IC 5-15-5.1-5 (a) (4). Retention based on IC 34-11-1-2 | DESTROY after 30 days if no improper or illegal activity is captured on recording. If improper or illegal activity is captured on recording, RETAIN for the longer of the following: 1) Duration of criminal proceedings and appeals; or 2) Ten (10) years. |

| **GEN 10-46** | PROTECTED CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION |
| INFORMATION RECEIVED BY THE COUNTY AND/OR LOCAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY AND/OR PARTNER AGENCIES INCLUDING PUBLIC SAFETY, HEALTH, FIRE AND EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES, FROM THE | DESTROY when outdated or replaced by subsequent records received from the Indiana Department of Homeland Security and/or the US Department of Homeland Security. |

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Adopted December 15, 2010 by the Oversight Committee on Public Records/Indiana Commission on Public Records
**County/Local General Retention Schedule (GEN)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department/Agency</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Retention Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Indiana Department of Homeland Security and/or the US Department of Homeland Security pursuant to 6 USC 131-135 and 6 CFR 29 regarding the security of critical infrastructure and protected systems, analysis, warning, interdependency study, recovery, reconstitution, and related purposes. Records include correspondence, reports, assessments, strategies, grant applications, drawings, specifications, plans, and risk planning documents in paper or electronic form. Disclosure of these records is affected by 6 USC 133a(1)(A)-(E) and 6 CFR 29.8. Retention period is based on high security-level of information and its duplicate existence at the Federal level.</td>
<td>DESTROY when outdated or replaced.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Obsolete Records

**GEN 10-47**

**CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION**

Homeland security and counterterrorism records which may be intra-agency or interagency advisory or deliberative material (including material developed by a private contractor under a contract with a public agency). These may be expressions of opinion or of a speculative nature, and include: 1) administrative or technical information that would jeopardize a record keeping or security system, 2) computer programs, codes, filing systems, and other software, 3) portions of electronic maps entrusted to a public agency by a utility, and 4) school safety and security measures, plans, and systems, including emergency preparedness plans developed under 511 IAC 6.1-2-2.5. Records may include correspondence, reports, assessments, strategies, grant applications, drawings, specifications, plans, and risk planning documents in paper or electronic form, as further described in IC 5-14-3-4(b)(6), (10), (11), (18) and 19. Disclosure of these records may be affected by the previously listed statutes. Retention is based on a reasonable likelihood of threatening public safety by exposing a vulnerability to terrorist attack should records be improperly disclosed.

**PERMANENT OBSCURE RECORDS**

- Chattel Mortgage Record [to 30 June 1935]
- Index to Chattel Mortgage Record [to 30 June 1935]
- Sire Lien Record [1889-1984]
- Stock Market Record
- Apprentice Indenture Record
- County Newspapers [1 RS 1852, ch. 75; repealed Acts 1980, ch. 211, sec. 5]
- PR-6 (Township Trustee ONLY) – Register of Poor Relief Claims
- Twp. PR-7 – Poor Relief Statistical Report
- Twp. Form 369 – General Fixed Asset Account Group
- SD Form 306A/B – Cash Journal, Municipal Sewage Utility (short & long forms)
- SD Form 329A/B – Sewage Utility Voucher Register (short & long forms)

**PERMANENT. DO NOT LAMINATE. MICROFILM according to 60 IAC 2 STANDARDS. Original may be retained in office, transferred to the County Archives or destroyed upon receipt of written approval from the INDIANA COMMISSION ON PUBLIC RECORDS.**

**NON-PERMANENT OBSCURE RECORDS**

- Chattel Mortgage Minute Book [1 July 1935 – 30 June 1964]
- Index to Chattel Mortgage Receipts [1 July 1935 – 30 June 1964]
- Chattel Mortgage Receipts [1 July 1935 – 30 June 1964]
- Entry Book of Old-Age Pensions [1936-1945]
- Inheritance Tax Record [1913-1931]
- Fee Docket
- Premortem Examination Certificate [Confidential and NOT open to]

**DESTROY.**

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**THIS SCHEDULE MAY BE USED ONLY AFTER ADOPTION BY THE COUNTY COMMISSION OF PUBLIC RECORDS.**

Adopted December 15, 2010 by the Oversight Committee on Public Records/Indiana Commission on Public Records
There are numerous sources of grants for libraries. The following list is a sampling of available sources and includes both public and private sources for funding.

Please notify us of any new grant opportunities by contacting Jennifer Clifton at jclifton@library.in.gov or (317) 234-6550.

**LSTA Grants**

[in.gov/library/lsta.htm](http://in.gov/library/lsta.htm)

The first source you consider as a library in Indiana should be LSTA sub-grants. LSTA funding is made possible by the Institute of Museum and Library Services (IMLS) who distributes federal funds to states annually under the provision of the Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA). The Indiana State Library reserves a portion of these funds for competitive sub-grant opportunities. Grant programs vary, but generally include technology and digitization initiatives. Please check our website for current grant opportunities.

**LOCAL**

**Public Service/Social Organizations**

Clubs such as Kiwanis, Lions Club, Rotary, etc. have sponsored library projects in the past.
Local Government

Community Foundations
www.incommunityfoundations.org/

Many counties in Indiana have a community foundation that collects and invests money for local agencies and returns the interest earned to the local agencies. The Indiana Grantmakers Alliance offers a handy tool for locating community foundations in the state on its web site.

STATE

Indiana Humanities
http://www.indianahumanities.org/resources/grants/

Humanities Initiative Grants may be used for any public or school humanities program planned and implemented with the expertise of a humanities scholar. Eligible projects include town hall meetings, panels, workshops, lectures, reading and discussion programs, film discussion programs, festivals, and production of humanities resources.

Community Development Block Grants
www.IN.gov/ocra/2375.htm

These grants for construction come from the Indiana Office of Community and Rural Affairs. Indiana requests federal funds to help rural communities with a variety of projects such as sewer and water systems, community centers, health and safety programs, and many others. These funds help communities improve their quality of life and ensure the health and safety of their citizens. A public library cannot apply for a Community Focus grant, but a town can apply on a public library’s behalf.

Indiana State Historic Records Advisory Board (SHRAB) Grants
www.in.gov/icpr/3088.htm

The Indiana State Historic Records Advisory Board (SHRAB) occasionally offers grant opportunities for organizations that preserve and maintain historic collections of Indiana records.

FEDERAL

Institute for Museum and Library Services (IMLS)
www.imls.gov/applicants/applicants.shtm
The Institute of Museum and Library Services’ mission is to create strong libraries and museums that connect people to information and ideas. The Institute works at the national level and in coordination with state and local organizations to sustain heritage, culture, and knowledge; enhance learning and innovation; and support professional development.

IMLS provides step-by-step assistance for grant applicants. Applicants can search for a grant program that best matches their project. Contact information for program officers who can provide assistance is also available.

**National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH)**
[www.neh.gov/grants/](http://www.neh.gov/grants/)

The National Endowment for the Humanities (NEH) is an independent grant-making agency of the United States government dedicated to supporting research, education, preservation, and public programs in the humanities.

**National Trust for Historic Preservation Endowment**
[www.preservationnation.org/resources/find-funding/](http://www.preservationnation.org/resources/find-funding/)

The Trust’s National Preservation Endowment offers several types of financial assistance to nonprofit organizations, public agencies, for-profit companies, and individuals involved in preservation-related projects. In 2005, through the National Preservation Endowment, the National Trust provided almost $17 million in financial assistance and direct investment to support preservation in cities, towns, and rural areas all over the United States.

**FOUNDATIONS/CORPORATE**

*Tip- Try consulting local banks, real estate brokers, convention and visitor bureaus, etc., for possible funding.

**AT&T ASPIRE: Connecting Our Youth**

AT&T Aspire is a $350 million initiative to address high school success and college and workforce readiness. This program is AT&T's most significant education initiative to date and one of the largest corporate commitments ever to address high school success and workforce readiness.

**Bank of America**
Bank of America’s local grant making activities can — and do — vary, depending on what your local community needs. Our local market presidents and their teams develop relationships with other community leaders to determine the best use of philanthropic dollars in each community.

**Barbara Bush Foundation for Family Literacy**
[www.barbarabushfoundation.com](http://www.barbarabushfoundation.com)

The Barbara Bush Foundation for Family Literacy offers grants to organizations supporting literacy initiatives. The Foundation seeks to develop or expand projects designed to support the development of literacy skills for adult primary care givers and their children. Grantees are eligible for up to $65,000.

**Barnes & Noble**
[www.bn.com](http://www.bn.com)

Barnes & Noble considers local and national support requests from non-profit organizations that focus on literacy, the arts or education (pre-K through 12). They also consider organizations that focus their core businesses on higher learning, literacy and the arts.

**Build-A-Bear Literacy and Education Grants**

*Deadline: Applications accepted March through October 2013*
Build-A-Bear Workshop, Inc. is accepting grant applications as part of its annual giving program. The Build-A-Bear Workshop Bear Hugs Foundation supports charities in the US and Canada through grant programs including Literacy and Education Grants which provide support for children in literacy and education programs such as summer reading programs, early childhood education programs, and literacy programs for children with special needs. Grants are a one-time contribution, and range from $1,000 to $5,000.

**Dekko Foundation**
[www.dekkofoundation.org](http://www.dekkofoundation.org)

Dekko Foundation accepts grant applications from community organizations that build a foundation of economic freedom in young people. A major focus is early childhood development. Applicants must be located in the following counties of northeast Indiana: DeKalb, LaGrange, Kosciusko, Noble, Steuben and Whitley.

**Dollar General Literacy Foundation**

The *Dollar General Adult Literacy Grants* award funding to non-profit organizations that provide direct service to adults in need of literacy assistance. Organizations must provide assistance in
one of the following instructional areas: Adult basic education, General education diploma preparation, and English for speakers of other languages. The Dollar General School Library Relief Program benefits public school libraries recovering from major disasters. The Dollar General Youth Literacy Grants provide funding to schools, public libraries and non-profit organizations to help with the implementation or expansion of literacy programs for students who are below grade level or experiencing difficulty reading.

W.K. Kellogg Foundation
www.wkkf.org/

W.K. Kellogg offers funding opportunities for projects focused on Educated Kids, Healthy Kids, Secure Families, Racial Equity, and Civic Engagement. The web site provides detailed information about what the foundation funds and does not fund, how to apply, along with information on previously funded grant projects.

Literacy Empowerment Foundation (LEF)
LEFbooks.org

Distributes books in English and Spanish free of charge for literacy programs, nonprofits and schools. Note: These paperback books are recommended for incentive programs and are not suited for circulation.

Lois Lenski Covey Foundation
www.loislenskicovey.org

The Lois Lenski Covey Foundation, Inc. annually awards grants for purchasing books published for young people preschool through grade 8. Public libraries, school libraries, and non-traditional libraries operated by 501(c)(3) agencies are eligible. The Foundation provides grants to libraries or organizations that serve economically or socially at-risk children, have limited book budgets, and demonstrate real need. Grants for 2012 will range from $500 to $3000 and are specifically for book purchases.

Lowe's Charitable and Educational Foundation
low.es/lcefgrants

Lowe's Charitable and Educational Foundation awards more than $4.5 Million annually to individuals and organizations across the United States. Founded in 1957, the Foundation's primary philanthropic focus areas include K-12 public schools and non-profit community-based organizations. Lowe’s only considers requests from 501(c)(3) organizations for projects strongly related to Lowe’s retail focus, such as renovation and landscaping activities, as described in their guidelines.

Praxair Foundation
bit.ly/praxairgrants
The Praxair Foundation supports non-profit organizations primarily in the communities where Praxair operates. Public Libraries may apply for funds through Praxair’s "Library Links" program which assists libraries in upgrading their technology, acquiring new materials or initiating innovative programs.

**RGK Foundation**  
[www.rgkfoundation.org/public/grants](http://www.rgkfoundation.org/public/grants)

RGK Foundation awards grants in the broad areas of **Education**, **Community**, and **Medicine/Health**. The Foundation’s primary interests within **Education** include programs that focus on formal K-12 education (particularly mathematics, science and reading), teacher development, literacy, and higher education. Please send an electronic letter of inquiry before applying.

**Target**  
[http://tgt.biz/16xOLnV](http://tgt.biz/16xOLnV)

Target Store Grants support your local community. Targeted areas are arts and culture related programs and early childhood reading. Reading grants are awarded to schools, libraries and nonprofit organizations, supporting programs such as weekend book clubs and after-school reading programs that foster a love of reading and encourage children, from birth through age 9, to read together with their families.

**Verizon Foundation**  
[www.verizonfoundation.org/grants/](http://www.verizonfoundation.org/grants/)

Organizations seeking grants must actively support programs that address the Verizon Foundation's focus areas of education (including innovative learning), literacy, health care and sustainability. The web site contains an eligibility quiz to determine if you may apply for a grant.

**Wal-Mart**  
[www.walmartfoundation.org](http://www.walmartfoundation.org)

Through the State Giving Program, the Wal-Mart Foundation seeks to support organizations with programs that align with our mission to create opportunities so people can live better. Two areas of focus include education and workforce development/economic opportunity. While the Foundation encourages funding requests that align with its four areas of focus, eligible programs that do not align with the four focus areas will also be given consideration. In addition, local **Walmart Stores** and **Sam’s Clubs** can recommend grants of up to $5,000 to local nonprofit organizations.
Resources to Locate Grants

Grants.gov

Grants.gov is a central storehouse for information on over 1,000 grant programs and access to approximately $400 billion in annual awards. Searching for grant applications does not require registration. Once registered at this site, you may apply online for any federal grant. Online assistance with the application process is available.

The Foundation Center
foundationcenter.org/

The Foundation Center is an independent nonprofit information clearinghouse. The Center’s mission is to foster public understanding of the foundation field by collecting, organizing, analyzing, and disseminating information on foundations, corporate giving, and related subjects. The Foundation Center operates libraries at five locations. It also operates more than 200 Cooperating Collections across the country. Cooperating Collections give access to Foundation Directory Online Professional, an online funding research tool. A list of Indiana Libraries where the Foundation Center collections can be found is located at: foundationcenter.org/collections/ccin.html

The Indiana Grantmakers Alliance
bit.ly/ingrantalliance

The Indiana Grantmakers Alliance maintains The Directory of Indiana Grantmakers that profiles over 1,400 foundations that have been known to fund in Indiana.
Grant Writing Tips

1. Ask for advice. Start on the application well before the deadline. Solicit help from the granting organization program officer. Ask colleagues to review the application and offer suggestions.

2. Identify projects that would be of benefit to your organization before looking for grants. Ways to do this include conducting a meeting of stakeholders and brainstorming, creating a file of ideas submitted by staff and patrons, and soliciting ideas from the public. Determine what ideas would be most suitable for grant funding. Be ready when funding opportunities arise instead of reacting to announcements of available grants.

3. Locate grant-making organizations with goals that match your project. Using various tools listed above, identify grantors who fund projects similar to your proposed project.

4. Research the grant opportunity. Read the guidelines to determine if the project fits with the mission of the granting organization and if there are any restrictions that may prohibit you from accepting the funds. Learn about previous grants awarded by the organization. Determine the funding limits and whether the amount of money being offered will realistically cover the costs for your project.

5. Follow the instructions provided by the grantmaker. Check deadlines. Answer all the questions and include all the necessary parts of the proposal or application when submitting it. If any part of the application is confusing, contact the grant program officer for help.

6. Don’t give up if an application isn’t funded. If possible, ask for feedback as to why your grant application was denied. Ask about any opportunities for resubmitting the grant. Consider other funding sources.

7. New applicants make two common mistakes. One is including too little detail about the proposed project and giving insufficient justification for the significance of the need. Another is proposing more work than can be reasonably done during the grant period.

8. Think like a reviewer. One of the best ways to learn how to write a grant is to participate on a grant review committee. Organizations that offer publicly-funded grants are always looking for individuals willing to assist in grant review.
Sources of Grant Writing Classes & Workshops

This list is for informational use and does not imply endorsement of any kind.

Colleges/Universities

Indiana University offers a Grant Writing course during the Summer I session. Please contact the School of Library and Information Science for more information.

slis.iu.edu/

In the past, Ivy Tech Community College has offered an online course in Writing Effective Grant Proposals. For more information, visit www.ivytech.edu/register-now/

Professional Organizations

The Center on Philanthropy at Indiana University
http://www.philanthropy.iupui.edu/the-fund-raising-school
The Fund Raising School at the Center on Philanthropy at Indiana University offers courses for a fee, such as “Preparing Successful Grant Proposals.”

The Foundation Center – Grant Space
www.grantspace.org/Classroom
The Foundation Center offers free training courses and webinars and full-day training courses for a fee. Courses are offered in their five library/learning centers and in selected other locations across the country.

Indiana Nonprofit Resource Network
www.inrn.org/calendar/calendar.aspx
The Indiana Nonprofit Resource Network offers fundraising workshops throughout the state for a fee, including “Grantwriting for Beginners” and “Outcomes Made Easy.”

LYRASIS
www.lyrasis.org/Classes-and-Events.aspx
LYRASIS offers classes on Grant Writing, Grant Writing for Digitization and Preservation Projects, and Grant Writing Secrets for Librarians.

WebJunction Indiana
in.webjunction.org/
Register at WebJunction Indiana for a self-paced online course called “Grant Writing Basics.”
Grant Writing Resources

The Indiana State Library has numerous grant writing resources in their collection. Here is a sampling of what is available.


Staines, Gail M. *Go get that grant! : a practical guide for libraries and nonprofit organizations*. Scarecrow Press, 2011.


*Writing the winning grant proposal for libraries*. Thompson West, 2005.

Online Resources

Shaping Outcomes – Online course in Outcomes Based Evaluation
www.shapingoutcomes.org/

This course was developed through a cooperative agreement between the Institute of Museum and Library Services (IMLS) and Indiana University-Purdue University Indianapolis (IUPUI). It is a particularly helpful resource in preparing for an LSTA or other IMLS grant application.

Library Grants Blog
librarygrants.blogspot.com

Grant experts/librarians Stephanie Gerding and MacKellar frequently update this blog with new grant opportunities.

Primary Source
www.imls.gov/news/source.shtm

Subscribe to this monthly newsletter from The Institute of Museum and Library Services here:

The Foundation Center
foundationcenter.org/getstarted/tutorials/shortcourse/

The Foundation Center provides online training exercises as well as information on upcoming grants administration training courses and seminars. The above links will take you to the free online class.

GRANTwritersonline
www.grantwritersonline.com /

Web site provides a good overview of writing a grant proposal. Topics discussed include the components of a grant proposal, financial statements for grants, grantwriting mistakes, tips on writing a grant proposal, grant application checklist, and grant proposal and financial samples.

Minnesota Council on Foundations
www.mcf.org/nonprofits/successful-grant-proposal

These tips on Writing a Successful Proposal from the Minnesota Council on Foundations includes answers to common questions, such as “What happens to my proposal after it reaches the grantmaker?” and “What should I do if my proposal is rejected?”

University of Pittsburgh Office of Research
www.pitt.edu/~offres/propwriting.html
www.pitt.edu/~offres/proposal/propwriting/websites.html
The web site offers basic advice on writing a proposal along with links to other web sites offering assistance. If you explore the web site, you will find other tools to assist with locating grant opportunities and preparing grant applications.
Chapter 17

Funding a Library Building Project

A library building project does not have to be a painful experience. There will be anxious moments in every project, such as the minutes before construction bids are opened. There will also be times when it appears that the legal process takes forever to complete. But with proper planning, good and open communication and the assistance of qualified, experienced professionals, the process and the end result can be very rewarding.

There are two types of bonds that libraries can use to fund a building project:

a. General obligation bonds, and
b. Lease financing (a.k.a. Building Corporation or Holding Corporation bonds)

House Enrolled Act 1001 requires that before any debt (whether general obligation bonds or leases) can be issued by a non-elected library board, the library must obtain the approval of a specific elected entity. (IC 6-1.1-17-20.5)

This approving body will either be the county council or the city/town council depending on the library district. If the library district is coterminous with a city or town or was originally created by a city or town, then the approving entity will be the city or town council. However, if the library district expands beyond the city or town or the library was originally created by a township or the county, then the approving entity will be the county council.

This approval must be obtained prior to issuing the bonds; however the timing of this approval is otherwise up to the library. It is political decision whether the Board requests this approval before or after the petition remonstrance process or referendum. Discuss this issue with your library counsel and bond counsel.

General obligation bonds

General Obligation Bonds are limited in principal amount to one third (1/3) of two percent (2%) of the assessed valuation of the library taxing district – State Constitutional debt limitation

1. The material in this chapter is intended for general information purposes only and does not constitute legal advice. The library board should consult financial counsel, bond counsel, or local legal counsel to determine how laws apply to specific situations.
Lease financing

With a lease financing, a separate not-for-profit corporation is formed using patrons in your community. This building or holding corporation issues the bonds which finance the construction of the library building and leases the facility back to the library for a predetermined number of years, usually 20 years. Once the bonds are paid off, the Building Corporation transfers title to the building back to the library.

Many libraries in Indiana, due to the cost of the building, use the lease method of financing. Lease financing allows for a library building project to exceed the maximum constitutional debt limitation placed on the general obligation bond. In library districts where the assessed valuation does not raise enough money for a project, the library would need to use the lease financing method of obtaining bonds.

A. Outline of Procedures for the Preliminary Determination Process for financing a Controlled Project

1. Controlled Project (IC 6-1.1-20-1.1):

A controlled project is defined as a construction project for which the total project cost is at least $1,000,000 and exceeds the lesser of: i) 1% of the total gross assessed valuation of the library district or ii) $2,000,000. The controlled project definition applies to a project if some portion of the project is financed, whether by general obligation bonds or a lease financing.

If the project is non-controlled because it does not meet the above test, no other process is required which permits taxpayers or voters to stop the project through petition/remonstrance or referendum. The library will still need to follow the lease or general obligation bond process, as applicable.

2. Petition/Remonstrance Process (IC 6-1.1-20-3.1):

If the library's Controlled Project is equal to or less than the lesser of (a) 1% of the total gross assessed valuation of the library district or $12,000,000 per building, the library will need to follow the process which will permit the taxpayers or voters to request of petition/remonstrance process.

The following steps should be followed if the petition/remonstrance process applies to the Controlled Project:
a. Publish and mail notice of hearing on a preliminary determination to issue bonds. IC 6-1.1-20-3.1 (*10 day notice*)

b. Meeting of Board of Trustees to hold hearing and adopt resolution making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease, as applicable. *(Note that this resolution establishes the maximum financing terms)*

c. Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination to issue bonds. IC 6-1.1-20-3.1 and IC 5-3-1 *(begins 30 day application period in which 100 voters and taxpayers may request that the petition/remonstrance process apply to the project)*

d. If a petition requesting petition/remonstrance process is filed, proceed with next step; if not, skip to steps for general obligation bonds or leases, as applicable.

e. Certification by the Voter Registration Office/County Auditor of the number of signers requesting application of petition/remonstrance process who are owners of real property or voters within the library district. IC 6-1.1-20-3.1 *(the lesser of 100 people or 5% of the property tax owners or voters filing a petition can force a petition/remonstrance race)*

f. Publish and mail notice of the applicability of the petition/remonstrance process. IC 6-1.1-20-3.2 *(publication date determines timing of race)*

g. Race period occurs beginning from the 30th day ending on the 60th day *(a thirty day period)* after notice of application is published, during which taxpayers and voters circulate petitions in favor of bonds and remonstrances against bonds *(simultaneously)* *(whichever side gets the most valid signatures of taxpayers and voters, wins)*.

h. Certification by the Voter Registration Office/County Auditor of the number of signers of each who are owners of real property or voters within the library district. If the Library wins it moves on to general obligation bond or lease steps, as applicable. If the Library loses, it may not hold a new preliminary determination hearing for one year on a substantially similar project.

3. **Referendum Process (IC 6-1.1-20-3.5):**

   If the library’s Controlled Project *exceeds* the lesser of (a) 1% of the total gross assessed valuation of the library district or $12,000,000 per building, the library will need to follow the process which will permit the taxpayers or voters to request the referendum process.

   The following steps should be followed if the referendum process applies to the Controlled Project:
a. Publish and mail notice of hearing on a preliminary determination to issue bonds. IC 6-1.1-20-3.5 (10 day notice)

b. Meeting of Board of Trustees to hold hearing and adopt resolution making a preliminary determination to issue bonds or enter into a lease, as applicable. (Note that this resolution establishes the maximum financing terms).

c. Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination to issue bonds. IC 6-1.1-20-3.5 and IC 5-3-1 (begins 30 days application period in which 100 voters and taxpayers may request that the referendum apply to the project).

d. If a petition requesting referendum process is filed, proceed with next step; if not, skip to steps for general obligation bonds or leases, as applicable.

e. Certification by the Voter Registration Office/County Auditor of the number of signers requesting application of referendum who are owners of real property or voters within the library district. IC 6-1.1-20-3.5 (the lesser of 100 people or 5% of the property tax owners or voters filing a petition can force a referendum)

f. Library files with the County Auditor and the Voter Registration Office certification and request for the referendum

g. County Auditor certifies the question to the County Election Board which either puts the question on the ballot of a general, municipal or primary election or schedules a special election as requested by the Library and dictated by the timing of the next scheduled election.

h. If there is a scheduled election within six months of the certification of the question by the Auditor, the project is placed on the ballot of the scheduled election. Otherwise the question will be placed on the ballot of a special election. The special election must be held not sooner than 90 days nor later than 120 days after the question is certified by the County Auditor.

i. Certification of the election results. If the Library wins, it moves on to general obligation bond or lease steps, as applicable. If the Library loses, it may not hold a new preliminary determination hearing for one year on a substantially similar project.

B. Outline of Procedures for the Issuance of Library General Obligation Bonds

If the Library's project is a Controlled Project it should have completed the petition/remonstrance or referendum process as outlined above before proceeding with the general obligation bond steps.

Remember that a Library must obtain the approval of the County Council or City/Town Council prior to issuing bonds (IC 6-1.1-17-20.5). This step needs to be inserted in the outline and timetables at the point most strategically advantageous for the library.
1. Meeting of Board of Trustees to adopt the bond resolution. IC 6-1.1-20-9.

2. Publish notice of hearing on appropriation of bond proceeds. *(publish twice, on week apart; first publication at least 10 days prior to hearing)*

3. Meeting of Board of Trustees to hold hearing on appropriation of bond proceeds and adopt appropriation resolution. IC 6-1.1-18-5

4. A copy of the additional appropriation proceedings is certified by the secretary to the Department of Government Finance.

5. Publication of the bond sale notice in accordance with IC 5-1-11 and 5-3-1. In order to obtain the best bids, it is recommended that the bond sale notice also be published in *The Court & Commercial Record*, 431 N. Pennsylvania, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204. If the bonds are to be rated, the rating should be applied for by this time.

6. If the bond issue is over $1,000,000, an official statement should be prepared by this time to distribute to the potential purchasers. It is appropriate to arrange for the printing of the bonds at this time.

7. Meeting of Board of Trustees to receive and award the bids for the bonds. The dealers who bid on bonds recommend that the bond sale be scheduled near the middle of the day on a Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday which is not a day before or after a holiday.

8. Bond counsel prepares final transcript certificates and bonds. Submit transcript to bond counsel for approval. Check with registrar and paying agent, bond counsel and purchaser to determine when bonds will be ready for delivery. Schedule delivery of bonds with purchaser, bond counsel and registrar and paying agent.

9. Delivery of and payment for bonds -- the closing.

**C. General Obligation Bonds for Controlled Project Proposed Timetable -- Petition/Remonstrance Process**

**IF PETITION/REMONSTRANCE RACE APPLIES TO PROJECT**

| Day 1 | Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination hearing |
| Day 11 | Board of Trustees meeting to hold preliminary determination hearing and adopt preliminary determination resolution and preliminary bond resolution |
| Day 13 | Post, publish and mail notice of preliminary determination to issue bonds *(first publication)* |
| Day 20 | Publish notice of preliminary determination to issue bonds *(second publication)* |
Day 43  End of application period -- Petition for application of petition and remonstrance process is filed with Voter Registration Office/County Auditor
Day 58  Voter Registration Office/Auditor files certificate with Board of Trustees certifying petition requesting application of petition and remonstrance process
Day 59  Publish and mail notice of applicability of petition and remonstrance process
Day 88  Voter Registration Office issues petition and remonstrance forms - beginning of petition and remonstrance circulation
Day 119 End of petition and remonstrance period -- file petitions and remonstrances with Voter Registration Office/County Auditor
Day 134 Voter Registration Office/Auditor certifies taxpayer signatures on petitions and remonstrances to Board of Trustees
Day 135 Board of Trustees meeting to receive Auditor’s certificate with petitions and remonstrances; if petition in favor wins, adopt final bond resolution
Day 135 Publish notice of additional appropriation hearing
Day 140 City/Town Council or County Council meeting to approve bond issue
Day 146 Board of Trustees meeting to hold hearing on additional appropriation
Day 147 Publish bond sale notice *(first publication)*
Day 154 Publish bond sale notice *(second publication)*
Day 161 Bond sale
Day 175 Closing -- deliver bonds and receive money

D. **General Obligation Bonds for Controlled Project Proposed Timetable -- Referendum Process Applies**

**IF REFERENDUM APPLIES TO PROJECT**

Day 1 Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination hearing
Day 11 Board of Trustees meeting to hold preliminary determination hearing and adopt preliminary determination resolution and preliminary bond resolution
Day 13 Post, publish and mail notice of preliminary determination to issue bonds *(first publication)*
Day 20 Publish notice of preliminary determination to issue bonds *(second publication)*
Day 43 End of application period -- Petition for application for referendum is filed with Voter Registration Office/County Auditor
Day 58  Voter Registration Office/Auditor files certificate with Board of Trustees certifying petition requesting application of referendum
Day 65  Library files Certification of Voter Registration Office and letter requesting question be placed on ballot with County Auditor
Day 79  County Auditor certifies question to County Election Board
Day 109 County Election Board places question on ballot of next scheduled election, or if no scheduled election within next six months, special election scheduled. Special election to occur no sooner than 90 days nor later than 120 days after Auditor certifies the question
Day 200  Election
Day 207  Board of Trustees meeting to receive election results; if win, adopt final bond resolution
Day 210  Publish notice of additional appropriation hearing
Day 215  City/Town Council or County Council meeting to approve bond issue
Day 220  Board of Trustees meeting to hold hearing on additional appropriation
Day 224  Publish bond sale notice (first publication)
Day 231  Publish bond sale notice (second publication)
Day 238  Bond sale
Day 252  Closing -- deliver bonds and receive money

E. General Obligation Bonds for Controlled Project Proposed Timetable

**IF NO REQUEST FOR APPLICATION OF PETITION & REMONSTRANCE or REFERENDUM PROCESS**

Day 1  Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination hearing
Day 11  Board of Trustees meeting to hold preliminary determination hearing and adopt preliminary determination resolution
Day 13  Post, publish and mail notice of preliminary determination to issue bonds (first publication)
Day 20  Publish notice of preliminary determination to issue bonds (second publication)
Day 43  End of period to request application of petition and remonstrance process
Day 44  Publish notice of additional appropriation hearing
Day 50  City/Town Council or County Council meeting to approve bond issue
Day 54  Board of Trustees meeting to hold hearing on additional appropriation and adopt final bond resolution
Day 55  Publish bond sale notice (*first publication*)
Day 62  Publish bond sale notice (*second publication*)
Day 69  Bond sale
Day 83  Closing—deliver bonds and receive money

**F. General Obligation Bonds for Non-controlled Project Proposed Timetable**

Day 1  Board of Trustees meeting to adopt bond resolution
Day 2  Publish and post notice of additional appropriation hearing (*first publication*)
Day 9  Publish notice of additional appropriation hearing (*second publication*)
Day 10 City/Town Council or County Council meeting to approve bond issue
Day 14 Board of Trustees meeting to hold hearing on additional appropriation
Day 15 Publish bond sale notice (*first publication*)
Day 22 Publish bond sale notice (*second publication*)
Day 29 Bond sale
Day 44 Closing -- deliver bonds and receive money

**G. Library Lease Financings Under IC 36-1-10 for Controlled Project**

**Basics**

- A library is limited to borrowing directly one-third of its net assessed valuation times two percent. Previously, the formula was 2% of its net assessed valuation. However, after the tripling effect of the change to a market value system the General Assembly requires a governmental entity to divide by three before applying the 2% to arrive at the debt limitation. If the cost of the building project and financing will put the library over its debt limitation, a lease financing is used to fund the project.
- The library deeds the real estate on which the building is to be built, or in the case of a renovation project, the building to be improved, to the building corporation;
- the building corporation issues its first mortgage bonds to finance the cost of construction;
- the building corporation leases the building to the library; and
- the library pays lease rental to the building corporation in an amount which matches the debt service payments on the building corporation’s bonds

**Procedures**
An architect should be hired and begin to prepare plans and specifications

The taxpayers have two different mechanisms to oppose projects: the petition/remonstrance process and the referendum process. Which process applies is determined by the size of the project and library's assessed valuation. See discussion above. One or the other applies but not both.

Petition/remonstrance process

- The board of trustees holds hearing following notice and after meeting publishes notice of determination to enter into lease
- 100 owners of real property or voters may within 30 days petition for application of petition/remonstrance process to project
- If valid petition is filed, notice that the petition/remonstrance process has been requested is published and mailed
- Petitions in favor of project and remonstrances against project are circulated concurrently between 30 and 60 days after publication of notice that petition/remonstrance process has been requested
- If more taxpayers or voters oppose project than support project, it may not be pursued for one year

Referendum process

- The board of trustees holds hearing following notice and after meeting publishes notice of determination to enter into lease
- 100 owners of real property or voters may within 30 days petition for application of the referendum
- Election is held; If more voters oppose project than support project, it may not be pursued for one year
- The library which desires to lease a building must receive a petition signed by 50 or more taxpayers of the library district requesting such lease arrangement
- The board of trustees should meet to accept the petition and determine, after an investigation, that the library project is needed
- A not-for-profit corporation should be formed as the building corporation
  - Board of trustees members and employees may not serve on the building corporation
  - Building corporations must abide by the open meeting law
  - Building corporation members are often people in the community who are supportive of the library and would like to volunteer their time to assist in the financing of the project
  - The working group, which may include the library director, local attorney, financial advisor, bond counsel and architect (and construction manager, if applicable), will meet to develop a proposed budget for the financing.
This budget will be used to determine the term, rental payment dates and payment amount for the lease

- It is important that all members of the working group are comfortable with the budget because this information will be used by the financial advisor to determine the maximum lease rental amount and term

- Board of trustees and building corporation approve form of lease and publish notice of hearing on lease
- Town/City Council or County Council must approve borrowing
- Board of trustees holds public hearing on lease to receive comments on whether the lease terms are fair and reasonable
- Preliminary plans and specifications and the proposed lease must be available for inspection prior to the hearing
- The board of trustees and building corporation execute the lease
- Publish notice of execution of lease
- Two professional appraisers prepare a joint appraisal of real estate to be sold to building corporation
- If real estate was acquired by the library within the last three years, the amount the building corporation pays the library for the real estate may not be less than the original purchase price
- Publish notice of receipt of construction bids
- Receive and award construction bids to lowest responsible and responsive bidder
- Publish bond sale notice (if a competitive sale is used)
- Besides local papers, also publish in the Indianapolis in The Court & Commercial Record
- Bond Sale (this may be negotiated with an underwriter if the library chooses)
- Delivery of bonds and money -- the closing
- Bond counsel delivers opinion that lease is a valid obligation and that interest on bonds is tax-exempt

H. Library Lease Financing Proposed Timetable

** If no request for application of petition & remonstrance process or referendum **

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Preliminary budget meeting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination hearing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Board of Trustees meeting to hold preliminary determination hearing and adopt preliminary determination resolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination to enter into lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>End of period to request application of petition and remonstrance process</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Day 45-74  Circulate Taxpayers Petition *(if no application of petition and remonstrance process or referendum is filed)* and submit to Auditor for certification

Day 75  Form Building Corporation

Day 76  Building Corporation meeting to approve form of lease

Day 76  Board of Trustees meeting to receive taxpayers petition and to approve form of lease and formation of Building Corporation

Day 77  City/Town Council or County Council meeting to approve borrowing

Day 78  Publish notice of hearing on Lease

Day 111  Board of Trustees meeting to hold hearing on Lease

Day 112  Publish Notice of Execution of Lease

Day 140  Complete appraisal proceedings for sale of real estate

Day 141  Board of Trustees meeting to approve construction documents

Day 142  Publish notice of construction bids *(first publication)*

Day 149  Publish notice of construction bids *(second publication)*

Day 165  Publish Bond Sale Notice *(first publication)*

Day 171  Receive construction bids

Day 172  Publish Bond Sale Notice *(second publication)*

Day 178  Board of Trustees meeting to award construction bids and assign bids to Building Corporation

Day 178  Building Corporation meeting to approve borrowing and Trust Indenture, to deem Official Statement nearly final and accept assignment of construction bids

Day 185  Bond Sale

Day 199  Closing

Day 200  Commence Construction

I. Library Lease Financing Proposed Timetable – Petition/remonstrance Process

**If petition and remonstrance process applies and application petition is filed**

Day 1  Preliminary budget meeting

Day 2  Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination hearing

Day 12  Library Board meeting to hold preliminary determination hearing and adopt preliminary determination resolution

Day 14  Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination to enter into Lease

Day 43  Petition for application of petition and remonstrance process is filed with County Auditor
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>Voter Registration Office/Auditor files certificate with Board of Trustees certifying petition requesting application of petition and remonstrance process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>Publish notice of applicability of petition and remonstrance process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89</td>
<td>Voter Registration Office/Auditor issues petition and remonstrance forms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>Beginning of petition and remonstrance circulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120</td>
<td>End of petition and remonstrance period -- file petitions and remonstrances with Voter Registration Office/County Auditor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>135</td>
<td>Voter Registration Office/Auditor certifies taxpaying/voter signatures on petitions and remonstrances to Board of Trustees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>136</td>
<td>Form Building Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>137</td>
<td>Board of Trustees meeting to receive Auditor’s certificate with the taxpayers petition and remonstrances; if petitioners have greater number, approve form of Lease and formation of Building Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>137</td>
<td>Building Corporation meeting to approve form of lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>138</td>
<td>City/Town Council or County Council meeting to approve borrowing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>139</td>
<td>Publish notice of hearing on Lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>169</td>
<td>Board of Trustees meeting to hold hearing on Lease; Execute Lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>173</td>
<td>Publish Notice of Execution of Lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>Board of Trustees meeting to approve construction documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>205</td>
<td>Publish notice of construction bids <em>(first publication)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>212</td>
<td>Publish notice of construction bids <em>(second publication)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>252</td>
<td>Receive construction bids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>253</td>
<td>Complete appraisal proceedings for sale of real estate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>259</td>
<td>Board of Trustees meeting to award construction bids and assign bids to Building Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>261</td>
<td>Building Corporation meeting to approve borrowing and Trust Indenture, to deem Official Statement nearly final and accept assignment of construction bids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>262</td>
<td>Publish bond sale notice (first publication)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>269</td>
<td>Publish bond sale notice (second publication)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>277</td>
<td>Bond Sale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>291</td>
<td>Closing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>292</td>
<td>Commence Construction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### J. Library Lease Financing Proposed Timetable – Referendum

**If referendum applies and application petition is filed**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Day</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Day 1</td>
<td>Preliminary budget meeting</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 2</td>
<td>Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination hearing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 12</td>
<td>Library Board meeting to hold preliminary determination hearing and adopt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>preliminary determination resolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 14</td>
<td>Publish and mail notice of preliminary determination to enter into Lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 43</td>
<td>Petition for application of referendum is filed with County Auditor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 58</td>
<td>Voter Registration Office/Auditor files certificate with Board of Trustees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>certifying petition requesting referendum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 65</td>
<td>Library files Certification of Voter Registration Office and letter requesting question be placed on ballot with County Auditor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 79</td>
<td>County Auditor certifies question to County Election Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 109</td>
<td>County Election Board places question on ballot of next scheduled election, or if no scheduled election within next six months, special election scheduled. Special election to occur no sooner that 90 days nor later than 120 days after Auditor certifies the question</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 200</td>
<td>Election</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 207</td>
<td>Form Building Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 207</td>
<td>Board of Trustees meeting to receive election results; if win approve form of Lease and formation of Building Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 207</td>
<td>Building Corporation meeting to approve form of lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 208</td>
<td>City/Town Council or County Council meeting to approve borrowing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 210</td>
<td>Publish notice of hearing on Lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 237</td>
<td>Board of Trustees meeting to hold hearing on Lease; Execute Lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 240</td>
<td>Publish Notice of Execution of Lease</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 267</td>
<td>Board of Trustees meeting to approve construction documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 270</td>
<td>Publish notice of construction bids <em>(first publication)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 277</td>
<td>Publish notice of construction bids <em>(second publication)</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 300</td>
<td>Receive construction bids</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 300</td>
<td>Complete appraisal proceedings for sale of real estate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 307</td>
<td>Board of Trustees meeting to award construction bids and assign bids to Building Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Day 307</td>
<td>Building Corporation meeting to approve borrowing and Trust Indenture, to deem Official Statement nearly final and accept assignment of construction bids</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
K. The Role of the Building Corporation

Under the Indiana Constitution a municipal corporation, such as a library, has a debt limitation of two percent of the net assessed valuation of property within the district. A building corporation is formed during a lease financing to assist the library in constructing and financing a project which it could not do alone because of this limitation. In this way the building corporation acts as a conduit. It is important to stress to the members of the building corporation that their role is to assist the library with its building project.

From the building corporation’s perspective, there are three major phases to a building project. During the first phase, the members of the building corporation will meet and organize, approve the form of the lease and approve the plans and specifications for the building developed by the architect selected by the library. The library will also approve the plans and specifications and the form of the lease and after a notice period, hold a hearing on the lease.

The second phase is the financing part of the project. The building corporation will meet and approve the issuance of bonds to finance the project, the trust indenture and the official statement. The official statement is a document describing the building corporation, the library and the project and is used by the underwriter to market the bonds. During this phase, the bonds are sold and a closing occurs. At the closing, a transcript of the proceedings of the library and the building corporation with closing certificates is assembled. The bonds are delivered to the underwriter in exchange for payment.

The third phase of the project is the construction of the project. During this phase, the architect and construction manager, if applicable, will typically present contractor invoices for payment to the Board of Library Trustees, who will approve such payment. The invoices are then submitted to the building corporation for approval. The invoices will be attached to an affidavit for payment signed by two officers of the building corporation for approval. The invoices will be attached to an affidavit for payment signed by two officers of the building corporation or its designated representative and submitted to and paid by the trustee out of bond proceeds.

The building corporation will also need to approve any change orders required during construction after such change orders have been recommended by the architect and
construction manager, if applicable, and approved by the Board of Library Trustees. The building corporation will need to hold annual meetings and make all necessary filings to continue its existence. Typically, the building corporation will continue to exist until the bonds are paid off, but it will not be active unless market conditions make a refunding economically feasible.

As with any other type of corporation, the members do not have individual liability for debts or obligations of the corporation. IC 23-17-13-1(d) further states that “(a) director is not liable for an action taken as a director, or failure to take such action, unless: . . . the breach or failure to perform constitutes willful misconduct or recklessness.”

During phase two, as described above, there is a possibility of liability under certain Security and Exchange Commission rules designed to prevent fraud in the sale of securities. The financial advisor, local counsel and bond counsel will assist the building corporation in avoiding such liability. The Board of Library Trustees and building corporation members can also assist in avoiding liability by reviewing the Official Statement for accuracy and completeness.

The members of the building corporation are an important part of any lease financing, and a library should appreciate the members’ dedication to helping build a better library for the community. It is, however, important to emphasize to members of the building corporation that this building project is the library’s project before, during and after the involvement of the building corporation. If that point is understood and accepted by members of the building corporation, there should be no opportunity for tension between the library and the building corporation.

L  Bond Sale: Negotiated Versus Competitive

Bonds issued by a building corporation, in connection with a library lease financing pursuant to Indiana Code 36-1-10, may be issued using a competitive sale or by negotiating with an investment banker. Various factors should be considered in determining which type of sale is appropriate for a particular library’s transaction. The financial advisor, based on his or her experience, will be able to make a recommendation; however, the ultimate decision is with the library.

With a competitive sale, a bond sale notice is published establishing a date or range of dates on which the building corporation will receive bids on its bonds. Generally, the financial advisor will supply the potential underwriters with maturity dates and amounts, either with the notice or just prior to the sale. The financial advisor will generate this schedule of maturity dates and amounts based upon estimated interest rates. The underwriter’s bid will contain the interest rates for those maturity dates and amounts and the underwriter’s discount. At the time of the sale, the building corporation will receive bids and, after the financial advisor reviews the bids, award the bonds to the underwriter offering the lowest interest cost. Many financial advisors believe that the building corporation will receive the best interest rates on its bonds at a competitive sale on the date of the sale because the competition will require the
underwriters to offer the best interest rates possible on that day to win the bonds. Some libraries like competitive sales because it avoids the political problem of having to choose an underwriter.

With a negotiated sale, the library chooses an investment banker to underwrite the bonds. The library may use a financial advisor and an underwriter, if it desires, or it may use the investment banker as both financial advisor and underwriter. The underwriter will watch the bond market and choose a day to sell the bonds which it believes will generate the best interest rates. After the underwriter markets the bonds, the building corporation and the underwriter will execute a bond purchase contract, which locks in the interest rates.

Financial advisors may recommend to a library or a library may decide on its own, that a negotiated sale would have certain advantages in a particular transaction. The decision to use a negotiated sale is sometimes merely based on the personal preferences and prior experiences of the board of trustees involved. There are certain factors, however, that tend to suggest that a negotiated sale may be of some advantage.

If a bond issue is very large or if the interest rate markets are very volatile, it may be appropriate to negotiate the issue. With a large issue it becomes difficult for an individual underwriter to submit a bid and therefore the underwriter joins a syndicate of underwriters to submit one joint bid. If this happens, competition may be limited or eliminated because of the small number of bids received. Financial advisors seem to vary on what size of issue is too large to sell competitively.

There are times when a library is trying to control its debt service and tax rate and therefore a very deliberate amortization schedule is desired. For example, a library may have a new industry in its district that currently is receiving property tax abatement, but in ten years will embody a large portion of the library’s tax base. The financing can be structured in a way using capital appreciation bonds that will allow the debt service to be minimized for the first ten years of the issue until the industry comes on line. Capital appreciation bonds can only be accomplished with a negotiated sale. It is also possible, where a library is paying off other obligations (such as general obligation bonds or leases) over time, to structure the financing to achieve a relatively flat tax rate. Certain tax rate structuring will be more efficient with a negotiated sale.

Another scenario in which negotiated sales become very attractive is when the library has a story to tell. For example, a few years ago a major industry in a particular school corporation announced its closure the day before the school corporation had advertised to receive competitive bids on its bonds. The school corporation talked with an investment banker and explained the community’s plans for dealing with the closure. The investment banker, on a negotiated basis, was able to sell the bonds by explaining the events to its potential customer.

Sometimes it is important for a library to sell the bonds as quickly as possible. For example, construction bids may be on the verge of expiring and the library wants to give
notice to proceed as soon as possible. Often, negotiated sales can be accomplished more quickly because there is not the fifteen day advertisement requirement, as there is with a competitive sale.

The decision between a competitive bond sale and a negotiated bond sale is ultimately the library’s decision. The financial advisor can provide the library with the various advantages and disadvantages for a particular transaction to assist in the decision.

M. New Circuit Breaker Law

In the simplest terms, the circuit breaker tax credit enacted in the Indiana General Assembly puts a percentage cap on property taxes for certain taxpayers beginning with taxes payable in 2008. The percentage amount of the cap is based on the type of property. The percentages will decrease each year (in other words the amount of the cap will decrease) which will increase the potential loss to the governmental entities who receive tax dollars from that taxpayer until 2010 at which time the following will apply:

- Residential Homesteads – 1% of gross assessed valuation of the property
- Rental property and Agriculture – 2% of gross assessed valuation of the property
- Business – 3% of gross assessed valuation of the property

Even though the circuit breaker tax caps effect will not be fully felt until 2010, it is already having an effect on governmental units and school districts. The impact of the circuit breaker credit could be minimal for some libraries, but for others in connection with borrowing it could result in downgrades of credit ratings and may prevent them from being able to sell bonds.

Each taxing unit’s ability to generate income will be linked to others in the taxing district. Since circuit breaker losses are shared by all taxing entities in the district, if one entity issues bonds or increases its tax rates, it impacts the ability of other entities to do the same.

N. In Conclusion

A library project (and related financing) does not have to be a painful experience. There will be anxious moments in every project, such as the minutes before construction bids are opened. There will also be times when it appears that the legal process takes forever to complete. But with proper planning, good and open communication and the assistance of qualified, experienced professionals, the process and the end result can be very rewarding.

Handouts in this chapter that can be found on websites:

Community Development Block Grant – [www.in.gov/ocra/2375.htm](http://www.in.gov/ocra/2375.htm)
SUGGESTED STEPS FOR NEW OR REMODELED LIBRARY FACILITIES

This outline consists of the major steps to be considered in the planning and construction of new or remodeled library facilities. The various points are listed in the approximate sequence but need not be followed in this exact order. Since the decision concerning new or remodeled facilities is of prime importance, the points concerning this are listed in more detail than those of the remainder of the outline.

I. Initial suggestion to build.

II. Decision on suggestion to build.

A. Condition and adequacy of present facilities to meet present and future needs.
   1. Is the space for shelving, seating, and the staff becoming crowded?
   2. Is rearrangement needed?
   3. Structure as a building.
      a. Is it generally sound?
      b. Is the foundation solid and dry?
      c. Is the heating and ventilating system adequate?
      d. What is the condition of the wiring and plumbing?
      e. Are the floors solid and level and will they hold the necessary weight for books, etc.?
      f. Is the roof in good condition and does it drain well?
      g. Does the structure meet building codes?

B. Alternatives to a new building.
   1. Check the possibility of renovating the old building (as in II, A above)
   2. Determine the possibilities of placing an addition on the old building.
      a. Irregular floors between structures.
      b. Bearing walls at place where structures are joined.
   3. Cost per square foot for renovation and an addition may equal the cost per square foot for a new building.
   4. Non-assignable space in an old building may amount to as much as forty to fifty per cent.
   5. Renovation and addition should provide sufficient space for future activities and functions (this is determined by IV, the study of the library’s community, and VII, the written building program).
III. Designation of responsibilities for planning the building, and for conducting and supervising the various other activities in the construction.

A. Definition of various owner responsibilities to be assigned to individuals or groups in library, library's administration or governing body, and library's community.

B. Identification of responsibilities assigned by law, regulation, policy, tradition, or other predetermination.

C. Recognition of the existence of any special responsibilities arising from specific building project (e.g., interests of a donor or joint ownership of a facility).

D. Assessment of capability in existing organization for discharging planning, executory, and supervisory responsibilities.

E. Determination of need for consultants.

F. Consideration of the employment of a clerk of the works.

G. Identification and representation of appropriate individuals and groups in planning activity.

H. Determination of the organizational form of planning activity.

I. Written specification of responsibilities of various persons involved (e.g., architect, legal counsel, consultants, construction contractors, representative designated by owner to accept and approve plans and construction, and groups of individuals with other responsibilities on behalf of the owner.)

IV. Study of library's community.

A. Characteristics of general population.

B. Projected changes in general population during the anticipated life of projected building as determined by owner.

C. Development plans for civil community.

D. General information about library’s community.

E. Identification of present and future library needs of individuals and groups in community.

F. Other libraries and other recreational, cultural, informational, educational, and research activities and facilities in community.

G. Existing plans for area or regional library development.

H. Special library problems.

I. Observations and conclusions of any studies which may have been made about library or lack of library use in community.

V. Survey of the library.

A. Assess the quantity and quality of the book and periodical collection.

B. Assess the quantity and quality of audio-visual materials.
C. Evaluate the services offered to decide what should be dropped, strengthened, or added.
D. Study the library staff for an adequate number of people and duties to be performed by each person.

VI. Selection of architect, consultants, and others to be employed by owner.

A. Identification of necessary characteristics of architect, consultants, and others (e.g., clerk of the works and legal counsel).
B. Determination of method of selecting architect, consultants, and others.
C. Verification of competency of architect, consultants, and others being considered for employment.
D. Determination of basis for establishing fees and charges.
E. Provision for Architectural, consultant, and other services in the event those selected are not able to fulfill commitments.
F. Specification of architect who will design building if an architectural partnership or firm is employed.
G. Execution of contracts between owner and architect, consultants, and others selected.

VII. Preparation for actual planning.

A. Literature search and reading on library and other building architecture, layout, and equipment.
B. Visits by planners to other libraries, appropriate other buildings, and library and non-library equipment displays.
C. Correspondence with other libraries.
D. Survey of governing body, administration, library staff, and library users for suggestions regarding facilities to be included in new library building.

VIII. Preparation of building program statement.

A. Statement of library’s history, organization, and policies.
B. Statement of library’s philosophy.
C. Summary of the study of library’s community.
D. Outline of library and nonlibrary functions and activities to be included in building.
E. Indication of amount of funds available for planning, site acquisition, and construction.
F. Indication of aesthetic and general requirements of building (e.g., architectural style, if appropriate; entrance at grade; and application of standards of construction for use by physically handicapped).
G. Description of criteria for selecting site.
H. Reference to standards appropriate to owner’s type of library and to library construction.
I. Indication of space requirements for each function and activity.

J. Indication of space and service relationships.

K. Complete list of features and equipment not included elsewhere (e.g., integrated works of art; display facilities; book returns; and provisions for heating, ventilating, and lighting) and their requirements.

L. Indication of provision for expansion.

M. Indication of the name of building.

IX. Development and execution of financing plan.

A. Identification and study of possible sources of finance.

B. Selection of source or combination of sources which will provide adequate funds at the least cost of financing and debt service.

C. Crediting value of present mechanical and other equipment which can be used in new building.

D. Estimating total funds available for planning, site acquisition and construction.

E. Planning and executing funding campaign.

F. Consulting with legal counsel regarding financing.

G. Accepting funds, accounting, auditing, and other activities of financing responsibility.

X. Survey, selection, and acquisition of site.

A. Survey or mapping of prospective sites showing key data.

B. Location with respect to residence, movement of members of library’s community, and traffic patterns in community.

C. Accessibility by foot and conveyed traffic, both private and public.

D. Visual prominence sites would give to building.

E. Geology and geography (grade, size, shape, orientation, soil and ground conditions, drainage, and natural hazards, such as flooding and landslides).

F. Zoning, requirements of master plan, or building restrictions.

G. Availability and convenience of utilities required.

H. Relationship to location of activities allied with or related to library.

I. Neighborhood (e.g., sounds and smells, civic attitudes, personal safety, and fire and other hazards).

J. Public relations aspects.

K. Advice and assistance of legal counsel.

L. Fairness of price.

M. Existence of clear title and possession of deed.

XI. Development and execution of publicity campaign.

A. Determination of objectives.

B. Coordination with library’s general public relations program.

C. Establishment of publicity schedule, publicity budget allocations, and
assignment of publicity responsibilities.

D. Selection and preparation of individuals, offices, groups, and media which will be used.

E. Preparation of plan to handle negative situations (e.g., strikes, accidents, and differences of opinion over site).

XII. Preparation and approval of schematic designs.

A. Preparation of proposed floor layouts by architect.

B. Submission of a statement of probable costs of construction by architect or by cost estimator.

C. Inspection, comparison with program requirements, and evaluation by governing body, administration, and planning team.

D. Revision of schematic design by architect.

E. Approval of schematic design by owner’s designated representative.

XIII. Determination of built-in and other equipment requiring special consideration in construction.

A. Identification of those built-in and other items which will require special consideration.

B. Assurance that architect understands any items with which he may not be familiar.

C. Preparation of specifications by architect.

D. Identification of prospective suppliers and estimation of costs by architect or by cost estimator.

XIV. Preparation and approval of preliminary drawings and outline specifications.

A. Preparation by the architect of detailed drawings, elevations, and other drawings.

B. Preparation by architect of outline specifications for materials; type of structure; and mechanical, electrical, and other systems.

C. Submission by the architect or cost estimator of a revised statement of probable costs of construction.

D. Inspection, comparison with program requirements, and evaluation by governing body, administration, and planning team.

E. Revision by architect of preliminary drawings and outline specifications.

F. Approval by owner’s designated representative of preliminary drawings and outline specifications.

XV. Preparation and approval of working drawings and detailed specifications.

A. Preparation by architect of working drawings, including detail drawings of architectural, structural, and mechanical work, and from which
specifications for bids are prepared.

B. Inspection, comparison with program requirements, and evaluation by governing body, administration, and planning team.
C. Revision by architect of working drawings.
D. Preparation by architect of detailed specifications.
E. Submission by the architect or cost estimator of revised statement of probable costs of construction.
F. Acceptance in writing by owner’s designated representative of final drawings, incorporating indicated changes or modifications, and of specifications.
G. Preparation of construction documents.

XVI. Selection and specification writing for movable furniture and equipment.

A. Compilation by planning team of list giving name and quantity of all movable furniture and equipment to be purchased.
B. Writing of specifications for movable furniture and equipment by architect, librarian, or consultant.

XVII. Preparation of contract documents, and advertisement and receipt of bids.

A. Identification of purchases of construction, mechanical equipment, and built-in and movable furniture and equipment to be made by bid and those to be made by negotiated purchase.
B. Preparation of bid documents.
C. Consultation with library’s legal counsel on purchase requirements, bid documents, and bid forms and procedures.
D. Negotiation of purchase of those items not subject to purchase by bid.
E. Determining schedule and time and place of bid opening.
F. Advertising invitation to bid.
G. Receiving bids.
H. Disqualification of bids not received in accordance with invitation specifications.

XVIII. Planning ground-breaking ceremony.

XIX. Award of contracts or confirmation of purchase, signing of contracts, and establishment of construction and delivery schedules.

A. Opening bids.
B. Reviewing bids for compliance with bid procedure and for compliance with specifications.
C. Comparing prices, conditions of delivery, and other details.
D. Investigating performance record of contractors submitting bids.
E. Awarding and signing contracts and confirming negotiated purchases.
F. Reviewing contracts and negotiated purchases for legal compliances.
G. Determining tentative construction delivery, and other schedules not specified in contracts.

XX. Conducting in-construction activities.

A. Holding ground-breaking ceremonies.

B. Continually inspecting work to assure that the construction agrees with the working drawings and specifications.

C. Providing delivery access to site, unloading areas, and storage facilities for supplies, materials, and equipment which must be held before use.

D. Handling change orders.

E. Providing for working temperature in cold weather.

F. Providing security from pilferage, vandalism, personal injury, and property damage for property during construction.

G. Inspection and certifying work completed and for payment to contractors.

H. Receiving and inspecting equipment and furniture delivered to owner.

I. Paying architect, consultants, vendors, contractors, and others according to schedules as construction is completed and as equipment and supplies are delivered and accepted.

J. Preparing list of significant errors, omissions, defects, and deficiencies to be corrected by contractor before owner’s final payment.

XXI. Planning for post-construction activities and procedures.

A. Determining increased staff requirements, and recruiting and training additional staff.

B. Determining and arranging for the provision of new library materials required to be available on the opening of new building as a result of new or reorganized services.

C. Developing new and revised rules and regulations necessitated by the move into new building and planning for publication of revised rules and regulations.

D. Planning for the provision of increased funds which may be required for added staff, service contracts for new equipment, etc. required by new building.

E. Planning movement of materials, equipment, and furniture from old to new building.

XXII. Final inspection and acceptance of the new building.

A. Final inspection of building by architect, contractor, and representative of the owner.

B. Preparation of list of unsatisfactory and incomplete work.

C. Correction or errors and completion of the work by the contractor.

D. Acceptance of building and final payments made to the architect,
contractors, and others to whom payments are due.

XXIII. Movement to new building.

XXIV. Post-acceptance activities.

______A. Shakedown period for building, equipment, and staff, after acceptance and before opening to the public.

______B. Publication and distribution of guides, new policies, rules, and regulations for new building.

______C. Detection and solution of construction problems not noted before acceptance of building.

For the most recent data on Indiana Public Library Facilities and Construction Status see Table 13-2012 Indiana Public Library Statistics at http://www.in.gov/library/4841.htm
Chapter 18
PUBLIC PURCHASES, PURCHASE OF LAND OR STRUCTURES AND INVENTORY OF FIXED ASSETS

This content is excerpted from the Indiana State Board of Accounts Library Manual Chapter 10 found at [www.in.gov/sboa/files/lib2010_010.pdf](http://www.in.gov/sboa/files/lib2010_010.pdf) (reissued 2010). In all cases please consult current statutes for up to date information at [www.in.gov/legislative/ic/code/title5/ar22/](http://www.in.gov/legislative/ic/code/title5/ar22/)

The "Public Purchasing Law" applies to every expenditure of public funds by a governmental body, unless specifically exempted in IC 5-22. [IC 5-22-1-1]

The purchase of books, magazines, pamphlets, films, filmstrips, microfilm, slides, transparencies, phonodiscs, models, art reproductions, and all other forms of library and audiovisual materials are exempt from the restrictions imposed by IC 5-22. (IC 36-12-3-16)

GENERAL PROVISIONS
Definitions

IC 5-22-2 contains definitions applicable to the public purchasing statutes. Selected definitions are presented in this section and throughout this chapter.

"Policy" refers to a governmental body's or purchasing agency's written statement of purchasing procedure or substantive purchasing purposes that does not have the force and effect of law. [IC 5-22-2-21]

"Public Funds" means money derived from the revenue sources of the governmental body and deposited into the general or a special fund of the governmental body. [IC 5-22-2-23(a)]

"Purchase" includes buy, procure, rent, lease, or otherwise acquire. The term includes the following activities: description of requirements; solicitation or selection of sources; preparation and award of contract; all phases of contract administration; and all functions that pertain to purchasing. [IC 5-22-2-24]

"Purchasing Agency" means a governmental body that is authorized to enter into contracts by this article, rules adopted under this article, or by another law. [IC 5-22-2-25]

"Purchasing Agent" means an individual authorized by a purchasing agency to act as an agent for the purchasing agency in the administration of the duties of the purchasing agency. [IC 5-22-2-26]

“Reverse Auction” means a method of purchasing in which offerors submit offers in an open and interactive environment through the Internet.

"Rule" refers to an order, an ordinance, a resolution, or another procedure by which the governmental body is authorized by law to adopt a policy that has the force and effect of law. [IC 5-22-2-29]

"Supplies" means any property. The term includes equipment, goods, and materials. The term does not include an interest in real property. [IC 5-22-2-38]
Rules and Written Policies

A governmental body may adopt rules to regulate purchases of the governmental body which may supplement IC 5-22 and not be inconsistent with IC 5-22.

The purchasing agency of a governmental body may establish written policies for purchases made by the purchasing agency. The written policies may apply to all purchases generally or to a specific purchase as stated in the solicitation for the purchase. A written policy may supplement this article or a rule adopted by the purchasing agency's governmental body and not be inconsistent with this article or a rule adopted by the purchasing agency's governmental body. [IC 5-22-3-3]

COMPETITIVE BIDDING

A purchasing agent shall follow competitive bidding procedures in awarding a contract for supplies, unless another purchasing method is required or authorized by IC 5-22. [IC 5-22-7-1]

Invitation for Bids

A purchasing agent shall issue an invitation for bids, as defined in IC 5-22-2-14. Pursuant to IC 5-22-7-2, an invitation for bids must include the following:

1. A purchase description. IC 5-22-2-27 defines a "purchase description" as the words used in a solicitation to describe the supplies or services to be purchased. The term includes specifications attached to, or made a part of, the solicitation.
2. All contractual terms and conditions that apply to the purchase
3. A statement of the evaluation criteria that will be used, including any of the following: inspection; testing; quality; workmanship; delivery; suitability for a particular purpose; and the requirement imposed under IC 5-22-3-5 regarding offers submitted by trusts.

Evaluation criteria that will affect the bid price and be considered in the evaluation for an award must be objectively measurable. [IC 5-22-7-3]

Only criteria specified in the invitation for bids may be used in bid evaluation. [IC 5-22-7-4]

4. The time and place for opening the bids.
5. A statement concerning whether the bid must be accompanied by a certified check or other evidence of financial responsibility that may be imposed in accordance with the rules or policies of the governmental body.
6. A statement concerning the conditions under which a bid may be canceled or rejected in whole or in part as specified under IC 5-22-18-2.

Notice of Invitation for Bids IC 5-22-7-5

a) The purchasing agency shall give notice of the invitation for bids in a manner required by IC 5-3-1.
b) The purchasing agency for a political subdivision may also provide electronic access to the notice or any other electronic means available to the political subdivision through the electronic gateway administered by the Office of Technology; or
c) any other electronic means available to the political subdivision as determined by the commission. [IC 5-22-7-5(c)]

Public Opening of Bids

The purchasing agency shall open bids publicly in the presence of one or more witnesses at the time and place designated in the invitation for bids. [IC 5-22-7-6]

Acceptance and Evaluation of Bids IC 5-22-7-7

Bids must be unconditionally accepted without alteration or correction, except as provided in IC 5-22-7-11 through IC 5-22-7-13 and evaluated based on the requirements provided in the invitation for bids. [IC 5-22-7-7]

Change in Bid Prices. A purchasing agency may not permit changes in bid prices or other provisions of bids prejudicial to the interest of the governmental body or fair competition after bid opening. [IC 5-22-7-11]
**Additional Terms or Items.** If a bidder inserts contract terms or bids on items not specified in the invitation for bids, the purchasing agent shall treat the additional material as a proposal for addition to the contract and may do any of the following:

1) Declare the bidder nonresponsive.
2) Permit the bidder to withdraw the proposed additions to the contract in order to meet the requirements and criteria provided in the invitation for bids.
3) Accept any of the proposed additions to the contract, subject to IC 5-22-7-13. [IC 5-22-7-12]

**Contract Additions.** The purchasing agent may not accept proposed additions to the contract that are prejudicial to the interest of the governmental body or fair competition. [IC 5-22-7-13]

**Invitation for Bid Requirements.** A decision of the purchasing agent to permit a change to the requirements of the invitation for bids must be supported by a written determination by the purchasing agency.[IC 5-22-7-13]

**Awarding of Contract** A contract must be awarded with reasonable promptness by written notice to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder. [IC 5-22-7-8]

**Erroneous Bid or Mistake** The governmental body may adopt rules or establish policies to allow any of the following:

1. Correction or withdrawal of inadvertently erroneous bids before or after award.
2. Cancellation of awards or contracts based on a mistake described in subdivision (1). Except as provided in a rule or policy, a purchasing agency must make a written decision to permit the correction or withdrawal of a bid; or cancel awards or contracts based on bid mistakes.
   [IC 5-22-7-10]

**Maintenance of Information by Purchasing Agency**

The purchasing agency shall maintain the following information:

1. The name of each bidder.
2. The amount of each bid.
3. Other information required by this article and rules adopted under this article.

This information is subject to public inspection after each contract award. [IC 5-22-7-9]

**SPECIFICATIONS**

**General Provisions**

**Economy.** A specification must promote overall economy for the purposes intended and encourage competition in satisfying the governmental body’s needs. [IC 5-22-5-3]

**Rules and Policies.** A governmental body may adopt rules or establish policies for the preparation, maintenance, and content of specifications. Rules or policies may include a description of requirements for inspecting, testing, or preparing an item for delivery. [IC 5-22-5-1]

**Purchasing Agent Responsibility.** A purchasing agent shall prepare, issue, revise, maintain, and monitor the use of specifications. [IC 5-22-5-2]

**File of Specifications.** The purchasing agency shall maintain an indexed file of specifications prepared by or under the authority of its purchasing agents. [IC 5-22-5-4]

**Request for Specifications**

A request for specifications may be issued if the purchasing agent makes a written determination that the development of specifications by the governmental body is not feasible and the executive of the governmental body approves the use of a request for specifications under IC 5-22-5-5. [IC 5-22-5-5]

A request for specifications must include the following:

1. Factors or criteria that will be used in evaluating the specifications.
2. A statement concerning the relative importance of evaluation factors.
3. A statement concerning whether discussions may be conducted with persons proposing specifications to clarify the specification requirements. [IC 5-22-5-5]

Notice
The purchasing agent shall give notice of the request for specifications under IC 5-3-1. [IC 5-22-5-5]

Discussion and Revision of Specifications
As provided in the request for specifications, the purchasing agent may discuss proposed specifications with persons proposing specifications to clarify specification requirements. Persons proposing specifications must be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposed specifications. [IC 5-22-5-5]

REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS
When a purchasing agent makes a written determination that the use of competitive sealed bidding is either not practicable or not advantageous to the governmental body, the purchasing agent may award a contract using the request for proposals process under IC 5-22-9 instead of competitive sealed bidding under IC 5-22-7. [IC 5-22-9-1]

Rules and Policies
The governmental body may provide by rule or policy that it is either not practicable or not advantageous to the governmental body to purchase specified types of supplies by competitive sealed bidding and receiving proposals is the preferred method for purchase of that type of supply. [IC 5-22-9-8]

Content of Request for Proposals
The purchasing agent shall solicit proposals through a request for proposals, which must include the following:

1. The factors or criteria that will be used in evaluating the proposals.
2. A statement concerning the relative importance of price and the other evaluation factors.
3. A statement concerning whether the proposal must be accompanied by a certified check or other evidence of financial responsibility, which may be imposed in accordance with the rules of the governmental body.
4. A statement concerning whether discussions may be conducted with responsible offerors, who submit proposals determined to be reasonably susceptible of being selected for award. [IC 5-22-9-2]

The only factors or criteria that may be used in the evaluation of proposals are those specified in the request for proposals. [IC 5-22-9-10]

Notice
The purchasing agency shall give public notice of the request for proposals in the manner required by IC 5-3-1. [IC 5-22-9-3(a)]

The purchasing agency for a political subdivision may also provide electronic access to the notice through the electronic gateway administered by the Office of Technology. [IC 5-22-9-3(c)]

Opening of Proposals
Proposals must be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing offerors during the process of negotiation. [IC 5-22-9-4]

Discussion and Revision of Proposals
As provided in the request for proposals or under the rules or policies of the governmental body, discussions may be conducted with, and best and final offers obtained from, responsible offerors who submit proposals determined to be reasonably susceptible of being selected for award. [IC 5-22-9-6]

Offerors must be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals. In conducting discussions with an offeror, information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors may be used in discussion only if the identity of the offeror providing the information is not disclosed to
others. The purchasing agency must provide equivalent information to all offerors with which the purchasing agency chooses to have discussions. [IC 5-22-9-9]

Award

Award shall be made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the governmental body, taking into consideration price and the other evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposals. [IC 5-22-9-7]

If provided in the request for proposals, award may be made to more than one offer or whose proposals are determined in writing to be advantageous to the governmental body, taking into consideration price and other evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposals. [IC 5-22-9-7]

Register of Proposals

A register of proposals must be prepared and open for public inspection after contract award. The register of proposals must contain the following:

1. A copy of the request for proposals.
2. A list of all persons to whom copies of the request for proposals were given.
3. A list of all proposals received, which must include all the following:
   a. The names and addresses of all offerors.
   b. The dollar amount of each offer.
   c. The name of the successful offeror and the dollar amount of that offeror's offer.
4. The basis on which the award was made.
5. The entire contents of the contract file except for proprietary information included with an offer, such as trade secrets, manufacturing processes, and financial information that was not required to be made available for public inspection by the terms of the request for proposals. [IC 5-22-9-5]

SMALL PURCHASES

General Provisions

The small purchase chapter, IC 5-22-8, applies only to a purchase expected by the purchasing agent to be less than $150,000. [IC 5-22-8-1]

Purchase requirements may not be artificially divided so as to constitute a small purchase under IC 5-22-8. [IC 5-22-8-1]

Quotes

Solicitation of Quotes. If the purchasing agent expects the purchase to be at least $50,000 and not more than $150,000, the purchasing agent may purchase supplies by inviting quotes from at least three persons known to deal in the lines or classes of supplies to be purchased. [IC 5-22-8-3]

The purchasing agent shall mail an invitation to quote at least seven days before the time fixed for receiving quotes. [IC 5-22-8-3]

Award of Contract. If the purchasing agent receives a satisfactory quote, the purchasing agent shall award a contract to the lowest responsible and responsive offeror for each line or class of supplies required. [IC 5-22-8-3]

Rejection of Quotes. The purchasing agent may reject all quotes. [IC 5-22-8-3]

No Satisfactory Quote Received. If the purchasing agent does not receive a quote from a responsible and responsive offeror, the purchasing agent may purchase the supplies under IC 5-22-10-10. [IC 5-22-8-3]

Small Purchase Policies

If the purchasing agent expects the purchase to be less than $50,000, the purchasing agent may make a purchase under small purchase policies established by the purchasing agency or under rules adopted by the governmental body. [IC 5-22-8-2]

SPECIAL PURCHASING METHODS
Notwithstanding any other provision of IC 5-22, a purchasing agent may make a purchase under IC 5-22-10 without soliciting bids or proposals. [IC 5-22-10-1]

Administrative Requirements

Listing of Contracts. A governmental body shall maintain a record listing all contracts made under IC 5-22-10 for a minimum of five years. The record must contain the following information:

1. Each contractor's name.
2. The amount and type of each contract.
3. A description of the supplies purchased under each contract. [IC 5-22-10-3]

Contract Files. A purchasing agent shall maintain the contract records for a special purchase in a separate file. A purchasing agent shall include in the contract file a written determination of the basis for the special purchase and the selection of a particular contractor. The contract records for a special purchase are subject to annual audit by the State Board of Accounts. [IC 5-22-10-3]

Competition. A special purchase must be made with competition as is practicable under the circumstances. [IC 5-22-10-2]

Emergency Conditions

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase when there exists, under emergency conditions, a threat to public health, welfare, or safety. [IC 5-22-10-4]

Savings to Governmental Body

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase when there exists a unique opportunity to obtain supplies or services at a substantial savings to the governmental body. [IC 5-22-10-5]

Auctions

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase at an auction. [IC 5-22-10-6]

Data Processing Contract or License Agreements

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase of data processing contracts or license agreements for software programs or supplies or services when only one source meets the using agency's reasonable requirements. [IC 5-22-10-7]

Compatibility of Equipment, Accessories, or Replacement Parts

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase when the compatibility of equipment, accessories, or replacement parts is a substantial consideration in the purchase and only one source meets the using agency's reasonable requirements. [IC 5-22-10-8]

Purchasing Method Impairs Functioning of Agency

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase when purchase of the required supplies or services under another purchasing method under this article would seriously impair the functioning of the using agency. [IC 5-22-10-9]

No Offer Received Under Other Purchasing Method

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase when the purchasing agency has solicited for a purchase under another purchasing method described in IC 5-22 and has not received a responsive offer. [IC 5-22-10-10]

Evaluation of Supplies or System Containing Supplies

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase for the evaluation of supplies or a system containing supplies for any of the following reasons:

A. To obtain functional information or comparative data.
B. For a purpose that in the judgment of the purchasing agent may advance the long term competitive position of the governmental body. [IC 5-22-10-11]
Governmental Discount Available

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase when the market structure is based on price but the governmental body is able to receive a dollar or percentage discount of the established price. [IC 5-22-10-12]

Single Source for Supply

Subject to IC 5-22-10-14 and IC 5-22-10-15, a purchasing agent may award a contract for a supply when there is only one source for the supply and the purchasing agent determines in writing that there is only one source for the supply. [IC 5-22-10-13]

Efficiency and Economic Advantages

A purchasing agent may make a purchase from a person when the purchasing agent determines in writing that supplies can be purchased from the person or the person's authorized representative at prices equal to or less than the prices stipulated in current federal supply service schedules established by the federal General Services Administration; and it is advantageous to the governmental body's interest in efficiency and economy. [IC 5-22-10-14]

Contract With a Federal Agency

A purchasing agent may purchase supplies if the purchase is made from a person who has a contract with a federal agency and the person's contract with the federal agency requires the person to make the supplies available to the state or political subdivisions. [IC 5-22-10-15]

Contract With a State Agency

A purchasing agent for a political subdivision may purchase supplies if the purchase is made from a person who has a contract with a state agency and the person's contract with the state requires the person to make the supplies or services available to political subdivisions. [IC 5-22-10-15]

Transfer From Federal Government

A purchasing agent may acquire supplies if the purchasing agent determines that the governmental body can obtain the transfer of the supplies from the federal government under IC 4-13-1.7 at a cost less than would be obtained from purchase of the supplies by soliciting for bids or proposals. [IC 5-22-10-16]

Appropriation. A governmental body may not make a purchase under this section if title to the property will be transferred to the governmental body before a sufficient appropriation to pay the costs of the purchase is appropriated. However, if the supplies will be transferred to the governmental body upon conditional sale or under a lease, a lease with option to purchase or a contract for the use of the supplies, the governmental body may make the purchase under this section if there are sufficient funds to pay the consideration required for one year of the agreement. [IC 5-22-10-16]

Notice. A purchasing agent who purchases or leases surplus federal materials shall, at the time of the purchase or lease, or immediately thereafter, give public notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1. [IC 5-22-10-16]

Acceptance of Gift

A purchasing agent may acquire supplies by accepting a gift for the purchasing agent's governmental body. [IC 5-22-10-17]

Purchase From a Public Utility

A purchasing agent may make a special purchase from a public utility if the purchase or lease price is a negotiated price that considers the results of an independent appraisal that the purchasing agency obtains and an independent appraisal that the public utility obtains. [IC 5-22-10-19]

PURCHASES FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION

Subject to IC 5-22-11-2, a governmental body shall purchase from the department of correction supplies and services produced or manufactured by the department under IC 11-10-6 as listed in the department's printed catalog unless the supplies and services cannot be furnished in a timely manner. [IC 5-22-11-1]
Supplies and services purchased under this chapter must meet the specifications and needs of the purchasing governmental body and be purchased at a fair market value. [IC 5-22-11-2]

PURCHASE OF REHABILITATION CENTER PRODUCTS

Definitions

"Bureau" refers to the Rehabilitation Services Bureau of the Division of Disability, Aging, and Rehabilitative Services established under IC 12-12-1-1. [IC 5-22-12-2]

"Rehabilitation Center" refers to the Rehabilitation Center established under IC 12-12-3-1. [IC 5-22-12-3]

General Provisions

A governmental body shall purchase articles produced by the Rehabilitation Center under the same conditions as articles produced by the Department of Correction under IC 5-22-11, unless similar articles are produced by the governmental body. [IC 5-22-12-4]

Whenever a governmental body needs an article listed in the catalog published by the bureau, the governmental body:

1. shall give the Bureau a reasonable time to produce or supply the article; and
2. except for an article produced by the Department of Correction, may not elsewhere contract for, purchase or pay a bill for an article described in the catalog unless the article cannot be furnished by the Bureau. [IC 5-22-12-6]

A governmental body may contract elsewhere for purchase of an article described in the catalog if the bureau gives a written statement that the bureau cannot furnish the article. [IC 5-22-12-6]

Supplies purchased under this chapter must meet the specifications and needs of the purchasing governmental body and be purchased at a fair market price. [IC 5-22-12-7]

PURCHASES FROM QUALIFIED NONPROFIT AGENCIES FOR PERSONS WITH SEVERE DISABILITIES

The governmental body of a political subdivision may purchase supplies and services without advertising or calling for bids from a qualified agency under the same conditions as supplies produced by the department of correction are purchased under IC 5-22-11. [IC 5-22-13-2]

Supplies and services purchased under this chapter must meet the specifications and needs of the purchasing governmental body and be purchased at a fair market price. [IC 5-22-13-5]

SMALL BUSINESS SET-ASIDE PURCHASES

Definitions

"Small business" means a business that is independently owned and operated, is not dominant in its field of operation, and satisfies the criteria in the rules adopted under IC 5-22-14. [IC 5-22-14-1]

"Small business set-aside" means a purchase in which the solicitation states that offers will be accepted only by small businesses. [IC 5-22-14-2]

Rules

A governmental body may adopt rules to implement IC 5-22-14. The rules must establish criteria for determining qualifications as a small business. IC 5-22-14-3 contains criteria which must be included in the rules. The governmental body may also receive assistance from the Indiana Department of Commerce to establish criteria or to implement the rules. [IC 5-22-14-3]

A purchase from a small business under IC 5-22-14 is subject to all other provisions of IC 5-22 and the rules of the governmental body. [IC 5-22-14-10]

Designation as a Small Business Set-Aside

1. A small business designation must be made before the solicitation for the purchase is issued and the public notice of the purchase must state that the purchase is a small business set aside. [IC 5-22-14-4]
2. If a purchase is designated as a small business set-aside, the solicitation must be confined to small businesses. [IC 5-22-14-6]

3. A governmental body that has adopted rules under IC 5-22-14 may identify as a small business set-aside specific supplies for which purchase has been requested under IC 5-22. [IC 5-22-14-4]

4. A governmental body may not designate a purchase as a small business set-aside unless there is a reasonable expectation that offers will be obtained from at least two small businesses capable of furnishing the desired supplies or service at a fair and reasonable price. [IC 5-22-14-5]

**Award of Contract**

A contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible and responsive offeror among the small businesses in accordance with the rules of the governmental body. [IC 5-22-14-7]

**Rejection of Offers**

If the purchasing agent determines that acceptance of the lowest responsible and responsive offer will result in the payment of an unreasonable price, the purchasing agent shall reject all offers and may withdraw designation of the purchase as a small business set-aside.

**Assistance From Department of Commerce**

The Department of Commerce may assist a governmental body in doing any of the following:

1. Compiling and maintaining a comprehensive list of small businesses.
2. Assisting small businesses in complying with the procedures for bidding on governmental contracts.
3. Examining requests from governmental bodies for the purchase of supplies to help determine which purchases are to be designated small business set-asides.
4. Simplifying specifications and contract terms to increase the opportunities for small business participation in governmental contracts.
5. Investigations by a governmental body to determine the responsibility of offerors on small business set-asides. [IC 5-22-14-9]

**SERVICES**

**Definitions**

"Services" means the furnishing of labor, time, or effort by a person, not involving the delivery of specific supplies other than printed documents or other items that are merely incidental to the required performance. [IC 5-22-2-30]

**General Provisions**

The purchasing agency of a governmental body may purchase services using any procedure the governmental body or the purchasing agency of the governmental body considers appropriate. [IC 5-22-6-1]

Payments made or received for contractual services should be supported by a written contract. Each governmental unit is responsible for complying with the provisions of its contracts.

**Rules and Policies**

A governmental body may adopt rules governing the purchase of services for the governmental body. The purchasing agency of a governmental body may establish policies regarding the purchase of services for the governmental body. [IC 5-22-6-2]

**Contracts for Collection Services**

A unit of local government or an agency of a unit of local government may contract with a collection agency to collect amounts due and authorize the collection agency to collect from the debtor a collection fee. [IC 5-22-6.5-3]

The governmental body shall award a contract for collection services using any procedure authorized by statute. [IC 5-22-6.5-4]

**QUALIFICATIONS AND DUTIES OF OFFERORS**
Responsibility of Offeror

Written Determination. If the purchasing agent determines that an offeror is not responsible, that determination must be made in writing by the purchasing agent. [IC 5-22-16-1]

Factors. In determining whether an offeror is responsible, a purchasing agent may consider the following factors:

1. The ability and capacity of the offeror to provide the supplies or service.
2. The integrity, character, and reputation of the offeror.
3. The competency and experience of the offeror. [IC 5-22-16-1]

Failure to Provide Information. If an offeror fails to provide information required by the purchasing agent concerning a determination of whether the offeror is responsible, that offeror may not be considered responsible. Information furnished by an offeror shall not be disclosed outside the purchasing agency without the offeror’s prior written consent. [IC 5-22-16-1]

Foreign Corporation. An offeror that is a foreign corporation must be registered with the Secretary of State to do business in Indiana in order to be considered responsible. The purchasing agent may award a contract to an offeror pending the offeror’s registration with the Secretary of State. If, in the judgment of the purchasing agent, the offeror has not registered within a reasonable period, the purchasing agent shall cancel the contract. [IC 5-22-16-4]

Responsiveness of Offeror

In determining whether an offeror is responsive, a purchasing agent may consider the following factors:

1. Whether the offeror has submitted an offer that conforms in all material respects to the specifications.
2. Whether the offeror has submitted an offer that complies specifically with the solicitation and the instructions to offerors.
3. Whether the offeror has complied with all applicable statutes, ordinances, resolutions, or rules pertaining to the award of a public contract. [IC 5-22-16-2]

Prequalified Contractors

Prospective contractors may be prequalified for particular types of supplies. Solicitation mailing lists of potential contractors may include any or all of such prequalified persons. [IC 5-22-16-3]

Evidence of Financial Responsibility

Solicitation. A purchasing agent may specify in a solicitation that an offeror must provide evidence of financial responsibility in order to be considered responsible. The evidence of financial responsibility may be a bond, certified check, or other evidence specified by the purchasing agent in the solicitation. An offeror must file evidence of financial responsibility in the amount, at the time and as specified by the purchasing agent in the solicitation. [IC 5-22-16-5]

Amount. If a bond or certified check is required as the evidence of financial responsibility, the amount of the bond or certified check may not be set at more than ten percent of the contract price. The bond, certified check, or other evidence of financial responsibility shall be made payable to the governmental body. [IC 5-22-16-5]

Check of Successful Offeror. The check of a successful offeror shall be held until delivery or until completion of the contract. [IC 5-22-16-5]

Check of Unsuccessful Offeror. The check of an unsuccessful offeror shall be returned to the offeror by the purchasing agent upon selection of successful offerors. [IC 5-22-16-5]

Performance Bond

A performance bond may be required in addition to the bond, certified check or other evidence of financial responsibility if the amount of the performance bond is stated in the solicitation. [IC 5-22-16-5]

Affirmation by Offeror

An offeror must file with the purchasing agent an affirmation, made under the penalties for perjury that states in substance the following:
1. The offeror has not entered into a combination or an agreement: relative to the price to be offered by a person; to prevent a person from making an offer; or to induce a person to refrain from making an offer.
2. The offeror's offer is made without reference to any other offer.

The purchasing agent may require the affirmation to be made in the contract documents.

The purchasing agent shall reject an offer that the purchasing agent finds to be collusive.

If after the purchasing agent has awarded the contract, the purchasing agent discovers that the successful offeror's affirmation was false, the purchasing agent shall declare the contract forfeited and award a new contract. [IC 5-22-16-6]

**PURCHASING PREFERENCES**

**Rules**

A governmental body may adopt rules to implement the statutes governing purchasing preferences. [IC 5-22-15-15]

**Allowable Preferences**

An offeror may claim one of the following types of preference for which the offeror is eligible:

1. An Indiana business preference under rules adopted under IC 5-22-15-20 or IC 4-13.6-6-2.5.
2. A preference for supplies as provided by sections 16, 18, 19, and 24 of IC 5-22-15.
3. An Indiana small business preference as provided by section 23 of IC 5-22-15.

An offeror may not claim more than one preference as provided by sections 16, 18, 19, and 24 of IC 5-22-15 for a given supply item. [IC 5-22-15-7]

**Claiming a Preference**

An offeror who wants to claim a preference provided under this chapter for a given supply item must indicate in the offer what supply item in the offer is a preferred supply. [IC 5-22-15-8(a)]

A purchasing agent may require an offeror who claims a preference for a given supply item under IC 5-22-15-8 to certify that the supply offered meets the qualifications set for preferred supplies. [IC 5-22-15-9]

**Computation of Adjusted Offer**

If an offeror offers a preferred supply for a given supply item, the purchasing agent shall compute an adjusted offer for that item according to the following formula:

STEP ONE: Determine the price preference percentage for the supply item under this chapter.

STEP TWO: Multiply the offeror's offer for the supply item by the percentage determined under STEP ONE.

STEP THREE: Subtract the number determined under STEP TWO from the offeror's offer for the supply item.

If an offeror offers to conduct an indoor air quality inspection and evaluation program under IC 16-41-37.5, the purchasing agent shall compute an adjusted offer to conduct that indoor quality inspection and evaluation program according to the following formula.

STEP ONE: Determine the price preference percentage for the indoor air quality inspection and evaluation program eligible to an offeror under section 20.7 [IC 5-22-15-20.7] of this chapter.

STEP TWO: Multiply the offeror's offer for the indoor air quality inspection and evaluation program by the percentage determined under STEP ONE.

STEP THREE: Subtract the number determined under STEP TWO from the offeror's offer to conduct the indoor air quality inspections and evaluation program.

This computation does not apply to an absolute preference, as defined in IC 5-22-15-2. [IC 5-22-15-10]

**Contract Award**
Notwithstanding any statute requiring the award of a contract to the lowest offeror, but subject to IC 5-22-15-12, a purchasing agent shall award a contract to the offeror whose total adjusted offer is lower than the total adjusted offer of each other offeror. [IC 5-22-15-11]

The award of a contract under IC 5-22-15-11 is subject to the following:

1. A requirement of an applicable statute to award a contract to a responsible and responsive bidder.
2. A requirement of an applicable statute to award a contract to the best bidder or, in the case of a purchase under IC 5-22-9, to the offeror whose offer is most advantageous to the governmental body.
3. The authority of the purchasing agent under IC 5-22-17-12 to award contracts separately or for a combination of a line or class of supplies. [IC 5-22-15-12]

If the purchasing agent awards contracts separately, or for a combination of a line or class of supplies under an applicable law, the purchasing agent shall compute total adjusted offers and award contracts as if each combination of lines or classes of supplies to be awarded a contract had been solicited separately. [IC 5-22-15-13]

The price paid for preferred supplies purchased under a contract shall be the price offered for the supplies and not the adjusted offer price of the supplies. [IC 5-22-15-14]

**Price Preferences**

1. Price preference for supplies that contain recycled materials or post-consumer materials which meet the standards set by rules adopted by the governmental body, policies established by the purchasing agency, or the solicitation. The price preference may not be less than ten percent or exceed fifteen percent.
3. Price preference to Indiana Businesses. A governmental body may adopt rules to give a preference to an Indiana Business that submits an offer for a purchase if the requirements of IC 5-22-15-20 are met.[IC 5-22-15-20]
4. Price preference of fifteen percent for supplies to an Indiana small business (as defined in IC -22-14-1) that submits an offer for purchase under IC 5-22.[IC 5-22-15-23]
5. High calcium foods and beverages are preferred supplies. This section applies to a governmental entity listed in IC 5-22-15-1 or a business that contracts with a governmental entity listed in IC 5-22-15-1 that purchases food or beverages to be processed and served in a building or room owned or operated by a governmental entity. [IC 5-22-15-24]

**Coal Mined in Indiana**

Whenever a purchasing agent purchase coal as fuel, the purchasing agent shall give an absolute preference to coal mined in Indiana. This does not apply if federal law requires the use of low sulphur coal in the circumstances for which the coal is purchased. [IC 5-22-15-22]

"Absolute preference" means a requirement that a governmental body must purchase supplies regardless of price. [IC 5-22-15-22]

**Supplies Manufactured in the United States**

A governmental body shall adopt rules to promote the purchase of supplies manufactured in the United States. These rules shall provide that supplies manufactured in the United States shall be specified and purchased unless the governmental body determines that the requirements of IC 5-22-15-21(c) are met. [IC 5-22-15-21]

**Supplies Made Using Forced Labor**

If an offeror offers to furnish supplies made in a country other than the United States, a governmental body may not award a contract to the offeror for those supplies if the supplies were made using forced labor. As used in this section, “forced labor” has the meaning set forth in 19 U.S.C. 1307.

A governmental body shall inform offerors in the solicitation of the provisions of this section. [IC 5-22-15-24.2]
A solicitation must require that if any steel products are used in (1) the manufacture of the supplies required under the contract; or (2) supplies used in the performance of the services under the contract by the contractor or a subcontractor of the contractor; the steel products must be manufactured in the United States.[IC 5-22-15-25(c)]

IC 5-22-15-25(c) does not apply if the: (1) head of the purchasing agency determines in writing that: (A) the cost of the contract with the requirements of subsection (c) would be greater than one hundred fifteen percent (115%) of the cost of the contract without the requirements of subsection (c); and (B) failure to impose the requirements of subsection (c) would not in any way: (i) harm the business of a facility that manufacturers steel products in Indiana; (ii) result in the reduction of employment or wages and benefits of employees of facility described in item (i); or (2) purchase is: (A) less than ten thousand dollars ($10,000); and (B) made under the small purchase policies (as described in IC 5-22-8-2(b)) established by the purchasing agency or under rules adopted by the governmental body.

A purchasing agency shall inform offerors in the solicitation of the provisions of this section.

**CONTRACT PROVISIONS**

**Cost Plus a Percentage of Cost Contract**

A governmental body may not enter into a cost plus a percentage of cost contract. [IC 5-22-17-1]

**Cost Reimbursement Contract**

A governmental body may enter into a cost reimbursement contract if the purchasing agent determines in writing that the contract is likely to be less costly to the governmental body than any other contract type, or that it is impracticable to obtain the supplies required except under such a contract. [IC 5-22-17-2]

**Time Period**

A contract for supplies may be entered into for a period not to exceed four years. However, this does not apply to a discounted contractual arrangement for services or supplies funded through a designated leasing entity. [IC 5-22-17-3]

**Appropriations**

The contract must specify that payment and performance obligations are subject to the appropriation and availability of funds. [IC 5-22-17-3]

A political subdivision must have available a sufficient appropriation balance or an approved additional appropriation before a purchasing agent may award a contract. [IC 5-22-17-3]

The foregoing two paragraphs do not apply to a discounted contractual arrangement for services or supplies funded through a designated leasing entity. [IC 5-22-17-3]

When the fiscal body of the governmental body makes a written determination that funds are not appropriated or otherwise available to support continuation of performance of a contract, the contract is considered canceled. [IC 5-22-17-5]

**Renewal of Contracts**

Subject to IC 5-22-17-5, a contract may be renewed any number of times with the agreement of the contractor and purchasing agency. However, the term of a renewed contract may not be longer than the term of the original contract. [IC 5-22-17-4]

A contract that contains a provision for escalation of the price of the contract may be renewed under his section if the price escalation is computed using a commonly accepted index named in the contract or a formula set forth in the contract. (IC 5-22-17-4)

**Early Performance**

The purchasing agent may specify in a contract that early performance of the contract will result in increased compensation at either a percentage of the contract amount or a specific dollar amount determined by the purchasing agent. Notice of inclusion of this contract provision must be included in the solicitation. [IC 5-22-17-6]
Late Performance

The purchasing agent may specify in a contract that completion of the contract after the termination date of the contract will result in a deduction from the compensation in the contract at either a percentage of the contract amount or a specific dollar amount determined by the purchasing agent. Notice of inclusion of this contract provision must be included in the solicitation. [IC 5-22-17-6]

Modification of Contracts

A governmental body may establish policies or adopt rules permitting or requiring any of the following:

1. The inclusion of clauses providing for adjustments in prices or time of performance.
2. The inclusion of contract provisions dealing with either of the following:
   A. The unilateral right of the governmental body to order in writing either of the following:
      1. Changes in the work within the scope of the contract.
      2. Temporary stopping of the work or delaying performance.
   B. Variations occurring between estimated quantities of work in a contract and actual quantities. [IC 5-22-20-1]

Adjustments in Price

Adjustments in price must be computed in one or more of the following ways:

1. By agreement on a fixed price adjustment before the beginning of the pertinent performance or as soon after the beginning of the performance as practicable.
2. By unit prices specified in the contract or subsequently agreed upon.
3. By the costs attributable to the events or situations under such clauses with adjustment of profit or fee, all as specified in the contract or subsequently agreed upon.
4. In such other manner as the contracting parties may mutually agree.
5. In the absence of agreements by the parties, by a unilateral determination by the governmental body of the costs attributable to the events or situations under such clauses, with adjustment of profit or fee, all as computed by the governmental body in accordance with applicable rules adopted by the governmental body. [IC 5-22-20-2]

OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

Public Notice

Whenever public notice is required by this article, notice shall be given by publication in the manner prescribed by IC 5-3-1. The purchasing agent may give notice other than as required in IC 5-3-1 that the purchasing agent considers will increase competition. [IC 5-22-18-1]

The purchasing agent shall schedule all notices to provide a reasonable amount of time for preparation and submission of responses after notification. The period between the last publication, mailing, or posting of notices and the final date set for submitting offers must be at least seven calendar days. [IC 5-22-18-1]

Electronic Transmissions of Material

Whenever IC 5-22 requires that notice or other material be sent by mail, the material may be sent by electronic means as stated in any of the following:

1. Rules adopted by the governmental body.
2. Written policies of the purchasing agency.
3. A solicitation.

These rules, written policies, and solicitation statements are subject to IC 5-22 and must provide that the transmission of information is at least as efficient and secure as sending the material by mail.

A governmental body may receive electronic offers if both of the following apply:

1. The solicitation indicates the procedure for transmitting the electronic offer to the governmental body.
2. The governmental body receives the offer on a fax machine, by electronic mail, or by means of another electronic system that has a security feature that protects the content of an electronic offer with the same degree of protection as the content of an offer that is not transmitted by electronic means. [IC 5-22-3-4]

Acceptance of Offer

Within thirty days after the acceptance of an offer, the purchasing agent shall deliver in person or by first class mail to the successful offeror the original of each purchase order or lease, retain a copy for the purchasing agent’s records, and file a copy for public record and inspection as follows:

1. When a purchase or lease is made for a county or municipality, the copy of the purchase order or lease must be filed with the fiscal officer of the unit.
2. When a purchase or lease is made for a township, the copy of the purchase order or lease must be filed with the fiscal officer of the county.
3. When a purchase or lease is made for a school corporation or a quasi-public corporation, the copy of the purchase order or lease must be filed with the records of the corporation. [IC 5-22-18-5]

Award of Contracts

Award to Different Offerors. A solicitation may provide that offers will be received and contract will be awarded separately or for any combination of a line or a class of supplies or services contained in the solicitation. [IC 5-22-17-12]

If the solicitation does not indicate how separate contracts might be awarded, the purchasing agent may award separate contracts to different offerors under this section only if the purchasing agent makes a written determination showing that the award of separate contracts is in the interest of efficiency or economy. [IC 5-22-17-12]

Award to Other Than Lowest Offeror. If the purchasing agent awards a contract for a line or class of supplies or services, or any combination of lines or classes, to an offeror other than the lowest offeror the purchasing agent must make a written determination stating the reasons for awarding a contract to that offeror. [IC 5-22-17-12]

Unspecified Number of Items. A solicitation may provide that the purchasing agent will award a contract for supplies or services for an unspecified number of items at a fixed price per unit. Such a contract may include a formula or a method for escalation of the unit price. [IC 5-22-17-13]

Cancellation of Solicitation and Rejection of Offers

When the purchasing agent determines it is in the best interests of the governmental body, a solicitation may be canceled or offers may be rejected in whole or in part as specified in the solicitation. The reasons for a cancellation of a solicitation or rejection of offers must be made a part of the contract file. [IC 5-22-18-2]

Offers Opened After Time Stated in Solicitation

Notwithstanding any other law, offers may be opened after the time stated in the solicitation if both of the following apply:

1. The governmental body makes a written determination that it is in the best interest of the governmental body to delay the opening.
2. The day, time, and place of the rescheduled opening is announced at the day, time, and place of the originally scheduled opening. [IC 5-22-18-3]

Contract and Purchasing Records

Except as provided by another law, contract and purchasing records are public records subject to public inspection under IC 5-14-3.

A governmental body may establish policies or adopt rules for the protection of documents submitted to the governmental body in response to a solicitation.

Policies or rules may provide procedures for the following:
1. Protection of offers before opening to prevent disclosure of contents.
2. Afford unobstructed evaluation of offers and award of contracts by the purchasing agent after opening.
3. Protection of offers from tampering before and after opening. [IC 5-22-18-4]

OVERPAYMENT COLLECTIONS

Governmental units should collect any overpayments made.

ADVANCE PAYMENTS

Compensation and any other payments for goods and services should not be paid in advance of receipt of the goods or services unless specifically authorized by statute. Payments made for goods or services which are not received may be the personal obligation of the responsible official or employee.

PURCHASING BONUSES

Any compensation, premium, bonus, or product earned as a result of the purchase of goods or services by the governmental unit becomes the property of the governmental unit.

COOPERATIVE PURCHASES BY LOCAL LIBRARIES

It is possible that joint or cooperative purchases of books and supplies by local libraries may be accomplished by a cooperative agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of IC 36-1-7.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Every governmental unit should have a complete inventory of all capital assets owned which reflect their acquisition value. Such inventory should be recorded on the applicable Capital Asset Ledger form. A complete inventory should be taken at least every two years for good internal control and for verifying account balances carried in the accounting records.

CAPITALIZATION POLICY

The governing body should establish a capitalization policy that sets a dollar amount as a threshold to be used in determining which items will be recorded.

Land

The records of each governmental unit should reflect land owned, its location, its acquisition date and the cost (purchase price). If the purchase price is not available, appraised value may be used.

Buildings

A capital asset account for buildings should reflect the location of each building and the cost value (being the purchase or construction cost) and the cost of improvements, if applicable. If a building is acquired by gift, the account should reflect its appraised value at the time of acquisition.

Improvements Other Than Buildings

A capital asset account should reflect the acquisition value of permanent improvements, other than buildings, which have been added to the land. Examples of such improvements are fences, retaining walls, sidewalks, gutters, tunnels and bridges. The improvements should be valued at the purchase or construction cost.

Equipment

Tangible property of a permanent nature (other than land, buildings and improvements) should be inventoried. Examples include machinery, trucks, cars, furniture, typewriters, adding machines, calculators, bookkeeping machines, data processing equipment, desks, safes, cabinets, books, etc. The value of such items should be carried in the inventory at the purchase cost.

Construction Work In Progress

Where construction work has not been completed in the current reporting calendar year, the cost of the project should be carried as "construction work in progress." When the project is completed, it will be placed on the inventory applicable to the assigned asset accounts.
SEE ACCOUNTING AND UNIFORM COMPLIANCE MANUAL FOR LIBRARIES FOR SAMPLES AND SUGGESTED FORMAT FOR:
Special Purchase Contract File List
Register of Proposals
Index to Specifications
Bid Record for Invitation for Bids
Checklist for Invitation for Bids
Non-Collusion Affidavit
Chapter 19
PUBLIC WORKS LAW

This content is excerpted from the Indiana State Board of Accounts Library Manual Chapter 10 found at www.in.gov/sboa/files/lib2010_011.pdf (reissued 2010). In all cases please consult current statutes for up to date information at www.in.gov/sboa/files/lib2010_011.pdf

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The "Public Works Law" [IC 36-1-12] applies to all public work performed or contracted by political subdivisions and their agencies. Any public work performed on property leased with an option to purchase is also included. [IC 36-1-12-1]

The term "public work" means the construction, reconstruction, alteration, or renovation of a public building, airport facility, or other structure that is paid for out of a public fund or out of a special assessment. [IC 36-1-12-2]

A contract for public work by a political subdivision or agency is void if it is not let in accordance with IC 36-1-12. [IC 36-1-12-16]

PUBLIC WORK PROJECTS FOR WHICH ADVERTISING AND BIDDING IS REQUIRED

A public work project for the routine operation, routine repair, or routine maintenance of existing structures, buildings, or real property if the cost of the public work is estimated to be $150,000 or more, or other public works projects where the estimated cost will be at least $50,000, the board must comply with the following procedures.

Plans and Specifications

The board shall prepare general plans and specifications describing the kind of public work required, but shall avoid specifications which might unduly limit competition. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(1)]

The board shall file the plans and specifications in a place reasonably accessible to the public, which shall be specified in the notice required. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(2)]

All plans and specifications for public buildings must be approved by the State Department of Health, the Division of Fire and Building Safety, and other state agencies designated by statute. [IC 36-1-12-10]

Notice

Upon filing of the plans and specifications, the board shall publish a notice two times, at least one week apart, with the second publication made at least seven days before the date the bids will be received, calling for sealed proposals for the public work. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(3)] [IC 5-3-1-2(e)]

The notice must specify the place where the plans and specifications are on file, the date fixed for receiving bids, and the amount of the bond or certified check to be filed with each bid. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(4); IC 36-1-12-4.5]

The period of time between the date of the first publication and the date of receiving bids may not be more than six weeks. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(5)]
Evidence of Financial Responsibility

A bond or certified check shall be filed with each bid by a bidder in the amount specified by the board if the cost of the public work is estimated to be more than two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000). The amount may not be more than 10% of the contract price. The bond or certified check shall be made payable to the political subdivision.

All checks of unsuccessful bidders shall be returned to them by the board upon selection of successful bidders. Checks of successful bidders shall be held until delivery of the performance bond. [IC 36-1-12-4.5]

Sec. 4.5. (a) The political subdivision or agency:

(1) shall require a bond or a certified check to be filed with each bid by a bidder in the amount determined and specified by the board in the notice of the letting if the cost of the public work is estimated to be more than two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000); and

(2) may require a bond or a certified check to be filed with each bid by a bidder in the amount determined and specified by the board in the notice of the letting if the cost of the public work is estimated to be not more than two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000).

(b) The amount of the bond or certified check may not be set at more than ten percent (10%) of the contract price. The bond or certified check shall be made payable to the political subdivision or agency.

(c) All checks of unsuccessful bidders shall be returned to them by the board upon selection of successful bidders. Checks of successful bidders shall be held until delivery of the performance bond, as provided in section 14(e) of this chapter.

Bidder’s Affidavit

The board shall require the bidder to submit an affidavit that the bidder has not entered into a combination or agreement:

1. Relative to the price to be bid by a person;
2. To prevent a person from bidding; or,
3. To induce a person to refrain from bidding and that his bid is made without reference to any other bid. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(12)]

Public Meeting

The board may not require a bidder to submit a bid before the meeting at which bids are to be received. The meeting for receiving bids must be open to the public. All bids received shall be opened publicly and read aloud at the time and place designated. Bids shall be submitted on prescribed General Form 96 (Bid for Construction). [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(7)]

Responsive Bidder

In determining whether a bidder is responsive, the board may consider the following factors:

1. Whether the bidder has submitted a bid or quote that conforms in all material respects to the specifications.
2. Whether the bidder has submitted a bid that complies specifically with the invitation to bid and the instructions to bidders.
3. Whether the bidder has complied with all applicable statutes, ordinances, resolutions, or rules pertaining to the award of a public contract. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(10)]
Responsible Bidder

In determining whether a bidder is a responsible bidder, the board may consider the following factors:

1. The ability and capacity of the bidder to perform the work.
2. The integrity, character, and reputation of the bidder.
3. The competence and experience of the bidder. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(11)]

Award of Contract

The board shall award the contract for public work or improvements to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder or the board may reject all bids submitted. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(8)]

If the board awards the contract to a bidder other than the lowest bidder, the board must state in the minutes or memoranda, at the time the award is made, the factors used to justify the award. The board shall keep a copy of the minutes or memoranda available for public inspection. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(9)]

Except as provided below, the board shall award the contract and shall provide the successful bidder with written notice to proceed within sixty (60) days after the date on which bids are opened.

1. If general obligation bonds are to be sold to finance the construction that is the subject of the bid, the board shall allow the bidder ninety (90) days.
2. If revenue bonds are to be issued and sold to finance the construction, the board shall allow the bidder one hundred fifty (150) days.

A failure to award and execute the contract and to issue notice within the time required entitles the successful bidder to reject the contract and withdraw his bid without prejudice, or extend the time to award the contract and provide notice to proceed at an agreed later date. If the successful bidder elects to reject the contract and withdraw his bid, notice of that election must be given to the board in writing within fifteen (15) days of the sixty (60) day expiration date or any other extension date. [IC 36-1-12-6]

Contract Provision - Payment of Subcontractors

A contract for public work must contain a provision for the payment of subcontractors, laborers, material suppliers, and those performing services. The board shall withhold money from the contract price in a sufficient amount to pay the subcontractors, laborers, material suppliers, and those furnishing services. [IC 36-1-12-13]

Change Orders

If, in the course of construction, reconstruction or repair of a public work project, it becomes necessary to change or alter the original specifications, a change order may be issued to add, delete, or change an item or items in the original contract. All change orders must be directly related to the original public work project.

Addendum. The change order becomes an addendum to the contract and must be approved and signed by the board and the contractor.

Architect or Engineer. If a licensed architect or engineer is assigned to the public work project the change order must be prepared by that person.

Increase in Scope of Project. The total of all change orders issued that increase the scope of the project may not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the amount of the original contract. A change order issued as a result of circumstances that could not have been reasonably foreseen does not increase the scope of the project.

Cost of Materials. If additional units of materials included in the original contract are needed, the cost of these units in the change order must be the same as those shown in the original contract.

A change order may not be issued before commencement of the actual construction, reconstruction, or repairs except in the case of an emergency. In that case, the board must make a declaration, and the board's minutes must show the nature of the emergency. [IC 36-1-12-18]

Installation of Plumbing
A person who submits a bid for a public works contract that involves the installation of plumbing must submit evidence that the person is a licensed plumbing contractor under Indiana Code 25-28.5-1. [IC 36-1-12-21]

**Final Payment**
The board shall withhold final payment to the contractor until the contractor has paid the subcontractors, material suppliers, laborers, or those furnishing services. However, if there is not a sufficient sum owed to the contractor to pay those bills, the sum owed to the contractor shall be prorated in payment of the bills among the parties entitled. To receive payment the subcontractor or subcontractors, material suppliers, laborers, or those furnishing services shall file their claims with the board within sixty days after the last labor performed, last material furnished, or last service rendered by them. [IC 36-1-12-12]

**PUBLIC WORK PROJECTS COSTING MORE THAN $150,000 - ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES**
In addition to the foregoing items applying to major public work projects, the following items apply to public work projects costing more than $150,000.

**Approval of Plans and Specifications**
If the cost of the project is more than $150,000, the plans and specifications must be approved by an architect or engineer licensed under IC 25-4 or IC 25-31. [IC 36-1-12-7]

**Bidder Information**
If the cost of a project is $150,000 or more, the board shall require the bidder to submit a financial statement, a statement of experience, a proposed plan or plans for performing the public work, and the equipment that the bidder has available for the performance of the public work. [IC 36-1-12-4(b)(6)]

**Filing of Final Record Drawing**
The Board must, within sixty (60) days after the completion of the public work project, file in the office of the State Division of Fire and Building Safety a complete set of final record drawings for public work project if the project involves a public building. [IC 36-1-12-11]

If upon substantial completion of the public work minor items remain uncompleted, an amount equal to 200% of the value of each item as determined by the architect-engineer shall be withheld until the item is completed. [IC 36-1-12-14(c)]

**PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS - OTHER REQUIREMENTS**

**Payment Bond**
IC 36-1-12-13.1 requires a payment bond to be filed with a contract for public work only if the cost exceeds $200,000. The contractor shall execute a payment bond to the appropriate political subdivision or agency, approved by and for the benefit of the political subdivision or agency, in an amount equal to the contract price. The payment bond is binding on the contractor, the subcontractor, and their successors and assigns for the payment of all indebtedness to a person for labor and service performed, material furnished, or services rendered. The payment bond must state that it is for the benefit of the subcontractors, material suppliers, laborers, and those performing services. The payment bond shall be deposited with the board. [IC 36-1-12-13.1]

A payment bond may be required by a political subdivision on public works projects estimated to be no more than two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000).

**Performance Bonds**
The contractor shall furnish the board with a performance bond equal to the contract price. If acceptable to the board, the bond may provide for incremental bonding in the form of multiple or chronological bonds that, when taken as a whole, equal the contract price. The surety on the performance bond may not be released until one year after the date of the board’s final settlement with the contractor. [IC 36-1-12-14(e)]

For public works contracts of less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000), the board may waive the performance bond requirement and accept from a contractor an irrevocable letter of credit for an equivalent amount from an Indiana financial institution instead of a performance bond. [IC 36-1-12-14(h)]
Actions against a surety on a performance bond must be brought within one year after the date of the board’s final settlement with the contractor. [IC 36-1-12-14(g)]

Retainage and Escrow Agreement

A board that enters into a contract for public work in excess of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000), and a contractor who subcontracts parts of that contract, shall include in their respective contracts provisions for the retainage of portions of payments by the board to contractors, by contractors to subcontractors, and for the payment of subcontractors. At the discretion of the contractor, the retainage shall be held by the board or shall be placed in an escrow account, with a bank, savings and loan institution, or the state as the escrow agent. The escrow agent shall be selected by mutual agreement between board and contractor or subcontractor under a written agreement among the bank or savings and loan institution and: (1) the board and the contractor; or (2) the subcontractor and the contractor. The board shall not be required to pay interest on the amounts of retainage it holds. [IC 36-1-12-14(b)]

To determine the amount of retainage to be withheld, the board shall:

1. Withhold no more than 10% nor less than 6% of the dollar value of all work satisfactorily completed until the public work is 50% completed, and nothing further after that; or
2. Withhold no more than 5% nor less than 3% of the dollar value of all work satisfactorily completed until the public work is substantially completed.

If upon substantial completion of the public work minor items remain uncompleted, an amount equal to 200% of the value of each item as determined by the architect-engineer shall be withheld until the item is completed. [IC 36-1-12-14(c)]

The escrow agreement must contain the following provisions:

1. The escrow agent shall invest all escrowed principal in obligations selected by the escrow agent.
2. The escrow agent shall hold the escrowed principal and income until receipt of notice from the board and the contractor, or the contractor and the subcontractor, specifying the part of the escrowed principal to be released from the escrow and the person to whom that portion is to be released. After receipt of the notice, the escrow agent shall remit the designated part of escrowed principal and the same proportion of then escrowed income to the person specified in the notice.
3. The escrow agent shall be compensated for his services, to be paid from the escrowed income.

Final Payment

The contractor shall be paid in full, including all escrowed principal and escrowed income, by the board or escrow agent, within sixty-one (61) days after the date of substantial completion. If within sixty-one (61) days after the date of substantial completion there remain uncompleted minor items, an amount equal to 200% of the value of each item as determined by the architect-engineer shall be withheld until the item is completed. [IC 36-1-12-14(f)]

ROUTINE OPERATION, ROUTINE REPAIR, AND ROUTINE MAINTENANCE PROJECTS LESS THAN $150,000

The board may award a contract for public work projects involving routine operation, routine repair, or routine maintenance of existing structures, buildings, or real property in the manner provided in IC 5-22 if the work is estimated to be less than $150,000.

PUBLIC WORK COSTING AT LEAST $25,000 AND LESS THAN $50,000 [IC 36-1-12-4.7]

The board must comply with the following provisions:

1. The board shall invite quotes from at least three (3) persons known to deal in the class of work proposed to be done by mailing them a notice stating that plans and specifications are on file in the specified office. The notice must be mailed not less than seven (7) days before the time fixed for receiving quotes.
2. The board may not require a person to submit a quote before the meeting at which quotes are to be received. The meeting for receiving quotes must be open to the public. All quotes received shall be opened publicly and read aloud at the time and place designated and not before.
3. The board shall award the contract for the public work to the lowest responsible and responsive quoter.
4. The board may reject all quotes submitted.

**Plans and Specifications**

All plans and specifications for public buildings must be approved by the State Department of Health, the Division of Fire and Building Safety, and other state agencies designated by statute. [IC 36-1-12-10]

**Inviting Quotes**

The board shall invite quotes from at least three persons known to deal in the class of work proposed to be done by mailing them a notice stating that plans and specifications are on file in a specified office. The notice must be mailed not less than seven days before the time fixed for receiving quotes. [IC 36-1-12-4.7(b)(1)]

**Public Meeting**

The board may not require a person to submit a quote before the meeting at which quotes are to be received. The meeting for receiving quotes must be open to the public. All quotes received shall be opened publicly and read aloud at the time and place designated and not before. [IC 36-1-12-4.7(b)(2)]

**Award of Contract**

The board shall award the contract for the public work to the lowest responsible and responsive quoter. [IC 36-1-12-4.7(b)(3)]

**Rejection of All Quotes**

The board may reject all quotes submitted. [IC 36-1-12-4.7(b)(4)]

**PUBLIC WORK COSTING LESS THAN $25,000 [IC 36-1-12-5]**

If the board wishes to award contract for a public work costing less than $25,000, the procedures outlined for public works costing $50,000 or more contained in IC 36-1-12-4 may be used. If such procedures are not used, then the following procedures may be used:

**Plans and Specifications**

All plans and specifications for public buildings must be approved by the State Department of Health, the Division of Fire and Building Safety, and other state agencies designated by statute. [IC 36-1-12-10]

**Inviting Quotes**

Quotes may be obtained by soliciting at least three (3) quotes by telephone or facsimile transmission. The seven (7) day waiting period required by IC 36-1-12-4(b)(1) does not apply to this procedure.

**Public Meeting**

The board may not require a person to submit a quote before the meeting at which quotes are to be received. The meeting for receiving quotes must be open to the public. All quotes received shall be opened publicly and read aloud at the time and place designated and not before. [IC 36-1-12-5]

**Award of Contract**

The board shall award the contract for the public work to the lowest responsible and responsive quoter. [IC 36-1-12-5]


**Rejection of All Quotes**

The board may reject all quotes submitted. If the board rejects all quotes, the board may negotiate and enter into agreements for the work in the open market without inviting or receiving quotes if the board establishes in writing the reasons for rejecting the quotes. [IC 36-1-12-5]

**USE OF OWN WORK FORCE**
The political subdivision may purchase or lease materials in the manner provided in IC 5-22 and perform any public work by means of its own work force, without awarding a contract whenever the cost of that public work project is estimated to be less than $100,000. Before the political subdivision may perform any work under this section by means of its own work force, the political subdivision must have a group of employees on its staff who are capable of performing the construction, maintenance, and repair applicable to that work. For purposes of this subsection, the cost of a public work project includes the actual cost of materials, labor, equipment, rental, a reasonable rate for use of trucks and heavy equipment owned, and all other expenses incidental to the performance of the project. [IC 36-1-12-3]

DIVISION OF PUBLIC WORK PROJECTS [IC 36-1-12-19]

The cost of a single public work project may not be divided into two or more projects for the purpose of avoiding the requirement to solicit bids. The cost is defined by IC 36-1-12-19(a) to include cost of materials, labor, equipment rental, and all other expenses incidental to the performance of the project. Any board member or officer of the political subdivision, bidder, quoter, or other person who is party to a public work contract who knowingly violates IC 36-1-12-19 commits a Class A infraction.

EMERGENCY CONTRACTS

In case of an emergency the board may contract for a public work project without advertising for bids if bids or quotes are invited from at least two persons known to deal in the public work required to be done. The minutes of the board must show the declaration of emergency and the names of the persons invited to bid or provide quotes. [IC 36-1-12-9]

USE OF UNITED STATES STEEL PRODUCTS

IC 5-11-1-26 requires the State Board of Accounts to include in its examination report a political subdivision’s compliance with IC 5-16-8, which requires use of steel products made in the United States for construction and alterations of public buildings except under certain circumstances.

PROCEDURE FOR HIRING ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, OR LAND SURVEYOR [IC 5-16-11.1]

Whenever the political subdivision decides to hire an architect, engineer, or land surveyor, the political subdivision may:

1. Publish a notice in accordance with the requirements of publishing legal notices as found in IC 5-3-1;
2. Provide for notice (other than notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1) as it determines is reasonably calculated to inform those performing professional services of the proposed project;
3. Provide for notice in accordance with both subdivision (1) and (2); or
4. Determine not to provide any notice.

If the political subdivision provides for notice in accordance with the above, each notice must include:

1. The location of the project;
2. A general description of the project;
3. The general criteria to be used in selecting professional services firms for the project.
4. The place where any additional project description or specifications are on file;
5. The hours of business of the public agency; and
6. The last date for accepting statements of qualifications from interested parties.

PREVAILING WAGE/COMMON CONSTRUCTION WAGE

A contract by the board for a public work project must conform to the wage scale provisions of IC 5-16-7 if the actual construction costs are $150,000 or more. [IC 36-1-12-15]

DISCRIMINATION BY CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS PROHIBITED

A contract by the board for public work must conform with the antidiscrimination provisions of IC 5-16-6. The board may consider a violation of IC 5-16-6 a material breach of contract, as provided in IC 22-9-1-10. [IC 36-1-12-15]
Every contract for the construction, alteration, or repair of any public building or public work in the State of Indiana shall contain provisions by which the contractor agrees:

1. That in the hiring of employees for the performance of work under this contract or any subcontract hereunder, no contractor, or subcontractor, nor any person acting on behalf of such contractor or subcontractor, shall, by reason of race, religion, color, sex, national origin, or ancestry, discriminate against any citizen of the State of Indiana who is qualified and available to perform the work to which the employment relates;
2. That no contractor, subcontractor, nor any person on his behalf shall, in any manner, discriminate against or intimidate any employee hired for the performance of work under this contract on account of race, religion, color, sex, national origin or ancestry.
3. That there may be deducted from the amount payable to the contractor by the State of Indiana or any municipal corporation thereof, under this contract, a penalty of five dollars for each person for each calendar day during which such person was discriminated against or intimidated in violation of the provisions of the contract; and

That this contract may be cancelled or terminated by the State of Indiana or by any municipal corporation thereof, and all money due or to become due hereunder may be forfeited, for a second or any subsequent violation of the terms or conditions of this section of the contract.

OVERPAYMENT COLLECTIONS

Governmental units should collect any overpayments made.

ADVANCE PAYMENTS

Compensation and any other payments for goods and services should not be paid in advance of receipt of the goods or services unless specifically authorized by statute. Payments made for goods or services which are not received may be the personal obligation of the responsible official or employee.

PURCHASING BONUSES

Any compensation, premium, bonus, or product earned as a result of the purchase of goods or services by the governmental unit becomes the property of the governmental unit.

PUBLIC-PRIVATE AGREEMENTS [IC 5-23]

A political subdivision may enter into a public-private agreement under IC 5-23. The procedures of IC 5-23 must be specifically adopted by resolution or ordinance of the legislative body of the political subdivision, or if the political subdivision does not have a legislative body, the fiscal body of the political subdivision. [IC 5-23-1-1]

Definitions

Definitions are contained in IC 5-23-2. Three terms are defined below.

BOT Agreement. BOT Agreement means any agreement between the a governmental body and an operator to construct, operate, and maintain a public facility and to transfer the public facility back to the governmental body at an established future date.

Operating Agreement. Operating Agreement means any agreement between an operator and the governmental body for the operation, maintenance, repair, or management of a public facility.

Public Facility. Public Facility means a facility located on, or to be located on, real property owned or leased by a governmental body and upon which a public service is or may be provided.

BOT Agreements

A governmental body may enter into a BOT agreement with an operator for the acquisition, planning, design, development, reconstruction, repair, maintenance, or financing of any public facility on behalf of the governmental body. Items which should be contained in the BOT Agreement are found in IC 5-23-3.
Operating Agreements

A governmental body may enter into an operating agreement with an operator for the operation, maintenance, repair, management, or any combination of operation, maintenance, repair, or management of any public facility for any public service to be performed on behalf of the governmental body. Other provisions relating to operating agreements are located in IC 5-23-4.

Other Provisions

Other provisions contained in IC 5-23 cover the selection of contractor by request for proposals, contract terms and conditions, and records.

Consult Attorney

Before entering into a public-private agreement, it is recommended that the governing body consult with the political subdivision’s attorney in order to ensure the provisions of IC 5-23 are complied with as well as any other applicable laws.

DESIGN-BUILD PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS

IC 5-30-1-3 Design-build contract means a contract between a public agency and a design-builder to furnish: (1) architectural, engineering, and related design services as required for a public project; and (2) labor, materials, and other construction services for the same public project. IC 5-30-1-11 "Public agency" means: (2) a state educational institution (as defined in IC 20-12-0.5-1); (3) a unit (as defined in IC 36-1-2-23) IC 5-30-1-12 (a) "Public project" means the process of designing, constructing, reconstructing, altering, or renovating a public building, an airport facility, or another structure or improvement that is paid for out of: (1) a public fund; or (2) a special assessment. The term includes either of the following: (1) A process described in subsection (a) relating to a building or structure leased by a public agency under a lease containing an option to purchase. (2) A public improvement to real property owned by a public agency. IC 5-30-2-2 Before entering into a design-build contract under this article for a public project, the governing body of a public agency must adopt a resolution authorizing the use of the design-build contracting method for the public project. The resolution must identify the members of the technical review committee appointed under IC 5-30-4. The governing body must adopt the resolution at a public meeting for which public notice has been provided. IC 5-30-4-1 Before entering into a design-build contract, a public agency must appoint a technical review committee of at least three (3) individuals. The members of the technical review committee must include the following: (1) A representative of the public agency. (2) At least two (2) of the following, but not more than one (1) under each clause: (A) An architect registered under IC 25-4. (B) A professional engineer registered under IC 25-31. (C) A qualified contractor under IC 4-13.6. A member of the technical review committee who is an architect or a professional engineer may be: (1) an employee of the public agency; or (2) an outside consultant retained by the public agency for the specific purpose of evaluating proposals submitted under this article. The design criteria developer may serve as: (1) a full member; or (2) a nonvoting adviser; of the committee. IC 5-30-4-3 The technical review committee shall do the following: (1) Qualify potential design-builders as provided in IC 5-30-5. (2) Rate and score qualitative proposals as provided in IC 5-30-6 and IC 5-30-7. (b) The technical review committee may interview persons submitting proposals and conduct other business necessary to fulfill the purposes of this article.

Please see IC 5-30 for various other provisions for the design-build process.
Chapter 20
Friends of the Library and Foundations

A. Friends of the Library

- Every library needs friends.
- The Friends of the Library organization is the right arm of the library.
- The Friends can have fund raising campaigns, book sales, etc. to help with the needs of the library beyond what the library can do, either financially or legally.
- Friends groups can buy incentives for summer reading programs, food as a drawing card for teen programs, or recognition programs for volunteers and staff. The list goes on and on. It is only limited by the imaginations of the Friends members and the funding they have to develop and carry out the dreams of the library.
- Friends also help the library as volunteers, advocates and lobbyists.

For more information, join:

Friends of Indiana Libraries (FOIL)
http://www.ilfonline.org/units/friends-of-indiana-libraries-foil/

- Operates as a clearinghouse of information about the activities of local Friends of the Library groups
- Can help local communities establish a Friends of the Library group and coordinate a network of volunteers working for passage of library legislation
- Individuals and local Friends of the Library groups may become members of FOIL
- Presents a program on issues of interest to Friends groups at the annual ILF Conference

United for Libraries (formerly ALTAFF)
http://www.ala.org/united/
109 South 13th Street
Suite 117B
Philadelphia, PA 19107
(800) 545-2433, ext. 2161
(312) 280-2161
united@ala.org

Electronic Discussion Group for Friends (Listserv)

To join, send an email to sympa@ala.org. In the subject line of your message type:
The mission of United for Libraries is to support citizens who govern, promote, advocate, and fundraise for all types of libraries.

United for Libraries has the specific responsibility for:

- Educating through a continuing and comprehensive program for library Trustees to enable them to discharge their responsibilities in a manner best fitted to benefit the public and the libraries they represent.
- Encouraging and assisting the formation of and development of Friends of Library groups and Library Foundations.
- Providing a means for Trustees to have access to information and ideas that will prove useful to them in the governance of their libraries.
- Providing Friends of Library groups and Library Foundations access to information and ideas that will prove useful to them in fundraising, library promotion and the operation of their organizations.
- Promoting strong state and regional Trustee and Friends of Library organizations.
- Providing to all who value libraries the materials and support they need to be effective advocates for their libraries on the local, state and national levels.
- Making the public aware of the existence of formalized citizen groups such as Trustees, Friends of Library groups and Library Foundations and the services they perform to encourage and develop expanded citizen participation in the support of libraries across the country.

1. How to Organize a Friends Group

- Determine the purpose of and need for the group. This should be done with the librarian and a small core of concerned citizens.
- Select a steering committee to reflect your community and the needs of the group. It is important to have access to an attorney, public relations and advertising talent, and high profile leaders.
- Join the Friends of Indiana Libraries (FOIL).
• Work on the Federal tax-exempt status (501©(3)). Here is some general information about the 501c designation.
  o en.wikipedia.org/wiki/501(c)
  o www.501c3.org/what-is-a-501c3/

• The following IRS URLs will provide helpful information.
  o www.irs.gov/charities/charitable/article/0,,id=96099,00.html

• State tax-exempt status at
  o www.in.gov/sos/business/2426.htm

• Many organizations use a lawyer’s services. The 501c3 designation is required so that
  1) the Friends group can legally sell items donated to your organization by the library (IC 36-12-3-5(c); and
  2) when the Friends group collects dues or donations, they will be tax-deductible. A tax advisor can furnish more guidance.

  o At the same time, work on a constitution and by-laws.
    o Define your dues structure and membership categories.
    o Decide on membership brochure, artwork, and how you will reproduce and distribute the brochure.
    o Begin the publicity campaign in your community. Be sure to involve elected officials, trustees, and other interested parties.
    o Determine a tentative schedule for the first year, in order to involve new members on committees as soon as they join.
    o If fund raising is important, have a campaign in place and set goals. People like to know where their money is going.
    o Set the opening meeting. Plan the program carefully. Have a brief agenda for the first annual meeting.
    o Develop a long-range plan for Friends. Re-evaluate after the first year.
    o For more information and ideas, join the Association of Library Trustees, Friends and Foundations (ALTAFF – a division of the American Library Association, ALA), www.ala.org/altaff/

2. How to Revitalize Your Friends Group

  o Define problem areas for group (or board of directors). Confidential phone calls to directors or member dropouts will help.
Give a party for members and past members only. It should be fun, with refreshments and music. Use any reason for the party: holiday, author, recognition, social evening. A private home will make it special.

Be sure to include the dropouts and get a little help from many people to ensure attendance. Have various people be responsible for bringing food and necessary articles.

Send out pre-event and post-event publicity with names and photos. Make the Friends look like a fun and meaningful group.
- Reevaluate your goals and objectives with the information you should now have.
- Did you have too broad a mission?
- Were you stressing fund-raising to the neglect of other activities?

Reorganize the board of directors, adding positions and breaking down responsibilities so that individuals do not have too great a burden. Enlarge committees.

Review benefits of membership, making sure they are in line with what your community expects.

Review communications to members; are they being kept informed? Are you taking advantage of the materials ALTAFF provides through “National Notebook” and “Idea Bank”?

Consider enrolling of new members as a year-round effort, not limited to a certain period. Be sure brochures are available at every event and at the library desk.

Be sure to appreciate and recognize efforts of every magnitude. Recognition is of primary importance to volunteers.

B. Public Library as a Foundation
Providing revenues to the library to enhance services is the most direct and observable activity of a library foundation, but a foundation has other advantages.

1. Benefits of a Library Foundation
- A foundation can give the library alternatives it usually does not have in its budget structure. Sometimes during a tightly budgeted fiscal year an unplanned opportunity or necessary expense presents itself. A budget has little flexibility, but the foundation may have resources to meet the unforeseen need.
- Many public libraries are limited in the amount of reserve or building funds they can accumulate. A foundation can be used for this purpose without interfering with annual budget proposals or negotiations.
- Another more subtle benefit is that people seem to have confidence in foundations. The word itself provides feelings of safety and security. So does the word “library”. When the two words are used together, and a list of prominent citizens who serve as board members and manage the foundation is added, potential contributors are convinced and willing to give support.
2. Forming a Foundation
Before taking the legal steps to actually organize or establish a foundation for a public library, it is wise to take time to do some planning, decision making and educating.

- The success of a foundation hinges on the performance of the library in the community, the support of the staff and board of trustees for a foundation, and the careful choice of persons to serve as the board of the foundation.
- In addition to acceptance of the concept, the library should identify its roles and develop a mission statement and strategic plan.
- A long-range plan can help identify library needs and provide a sense of purpose to the foundation.
- Many libraries choose to start an account in a community foundation. These URLs lists 97+ community foundations and affiliate funds in Indiana. You can contact them for further information. [www.indianagrantmakers.org/locator/][1] [www.tgci.com/funding/cfs.asp?statename=Indiana&statecode=IN][2]

3. Choosing a Board
- It is essential that foundation board members be influential residents of the community, able to garner financial support from their contacts and from business and industry, able to personally give financial support, and able to command respect for the library.
- The board should represent a good cross-section of the community.
- Another group to consider is the local Friends of the Library. If an active group exists in the community, consider whether the foundation should be created by the Friends with strong Friends membership on the foundation board, or whether the foundation would function better as an independent association. At least consider appointment of a Friends member to the Foundation Board, along with other civic groups with strong ties to the library.

4. Organizational Meeting
- Once a list of potential foundation board members is selected, it is time to invite them to an organizational meeting. This is a vital moment in the life and success of a foundation.
- First impressions last.
- Outline the needs of the library, as well as the role a foundation and its board can play in fulfilling those needs.
- Be prepared for questions about the library and the perceived need for and value of the foundation.
- Point out how valuable this coalition would be to the community.
- Before they leave, try to gain a commitment from each individual to serve on the foundation board.
5. **Articles of Incorporation**

Articles of Incorporation should be brief and contain only the most essential facts about the organization. These would include:

- name of corporation
- duration of the corporation
- purpose of the corporation
- address of the corporation
- management of the corporation
- name of the registered agent
- names and addresses of the initial board
- hold harmless clause (for protection for board members)
- provision of distribution of assets upon dissolution

6. **Bylaws**

Bylaws are the guidelines and procedures under which the foundation will operate.

They include:

- location of corporation
- members
- meetings
- board of directors
- officers
- executive director
- committees
- fiscal year
- dues
- books and records
- contracts, loans, check and deposits
- dissolution
- amendments
- rules of order
- waiver of notice
- indemnification

7. **Applying for Tax Exempt Status**

- Once the organization has incorporated with the state, received an employer identification number, and adopted bylaws, it is ready to file for recognition of exemption from federal income tax.
• The magic number at this point is 501(c)(3). Contact the local IRS center for the appropriate forms to complete.
• The forms can be completed while waiting for certification from the state and should be done by or reviewed by an attorney.
• The form asks the following:
  • signature of authorized person
  • employer identification number
  • previous tax returns
  • balance sheet of receipts and expenditures for current and preceding three years or a proposed two year budget
  • description of anticipated activities
  • articles of incorporation
  • bylaws

8. Announcing the Foundation to the Public
Any time after adopting the bylaws, the new foundation may declare its existence and begin receiving contributions.
• The announcement to the public should be planned carefully. All persons involved in the foundation must be committed to the protection of the library’s tax support.
• When a necessary and visible item is purchased for the library, the publicity surrounding its arrival can be used as a vehicle to acquaint people with the foundation.
• Each new public library foundation needs to find its own appropriate way of “going public”.

9. Funding a Foundation
A new library foundation needs money. There are various methods of encouraging contributions:
• deferred giving
• endowment fund drives
• direct mail
• special events
• raffle
• any other creative fund-raising idea that is legal
Handouts that can be found on these website:

- FOIL Group Membership Form: [http://www.ilfonline.org/clientuploads/FOIL%20Membership%202013.pdf](http://www.ilfonline.org/clientuploads/FOIL%20Membership%202013.pdf)
- Indiana NonProfits: [www.indiana.edu/~nonprof](http://www.indiana.edu/~nonprof)
# Appendix A: Contact Directory

Always look to your peers for help – they are a great resource!

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Library Contacts at Indiana State Library</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Indiana Historical Bureau</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Voice 317-232-2535</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fax 317-232-3738</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Indiana State Library</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>(317) 232-3675</td>
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<tr>
<td>1(866) 683-0008</td>
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<td><strong>Census</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Director’s Office</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Genealogy</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Indiana Division</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Reference: and Government Services</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>1(800) 683-0008</td>
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<td><strong>Talking Books &amp; Braille</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Library Development Office</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Local</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Fax</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Email</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Evergreen Indiana</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>(317) 234-6624 (800) 451-6028</td>
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<td><strong>Indiana Share</strong></td>
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<td><strong>INfo Express</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Indiana Memory</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>(317) 232-3694 (800) 451-6028</td>
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<td><strong>Book discussion and die cut kits</strong></td>
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<td>Library Contacts at Indiana State Library</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Professional Development Office</strong></td>
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<td>Local</td>
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<td>Fax</td>
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<td>Children's Services Consultant</td>
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<td>Collaborative Summer Library Program</td>
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<td>Storytime Kits</td>
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<td>Public Library Directory</td>
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<td>Public Library Statistics</td>
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<th>State Agency Contacts</th>
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<td><strong>Department of Local Government and Finance</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Dan Jones</td>
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<td>Gateway (Ryan Burke or Colby Shank)-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tammy Merriweather Additional Appropriations</td>
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<td>Budget Manual</td>
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<td>State Agency Contacts</td>
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<td><strong>State Department of Workforce Development</strong></td>
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<td>DWD Contact Information</td>
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<td>General UI Tax Questions</td>
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<td><strong>State Board of Accounts</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Main Office</td>
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<td>Charlie Pride</td>
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<td>Todd Austin</td>
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<td>Accounting &amp; Uniform Compliance Guidelines Manual for Libraries</td>
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<td><strong>Commission on Public Records</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Retention &amp; Disposition of Public Records</td>
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<td><strong>Indiana Bond Bank</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Indiana Board of Depositories</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>List of approved depositories</td>
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<td><strong>Indiana Department of Labor</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Indiana Department of Revenue</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Indiana State Department of Health</strong></td>
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<td><strong>State Agency Contacts</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Access Counselor</td>
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<td>Counselor</td>
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<td>Open Door Law</td>
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<td>Indiana Public Retirement System (INPRS) - Public Employment Retirement Fund (PERF)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local Number</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spiceland Township Public Library</td>
<td>Kathleen Painter, Interim Director</td>
<td><a href="mailto:spice@comcast.net">spice@comcast.net</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St Joseph County Public Library</td>
<td>Donald J Napoli</td>
<td><a href="mailto:donald.napoli@sjcpl.org">donald.napoli@sjcpl.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Starke County Public Library System</td>
<td>Sheila Urwiler</td>
<td><a href="mailto:surwiler@starkecountyclibrary.org">surwiler@starkecountyclibrary.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sullivan County Public Library</td>
<td>Rebecca Cole</td>
<td><a href="mailto:rcole@sullivan.lib.in.us">rcole@sullivan.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swayzee Public Library</td>
<td>Dana Melton</td>
<td><a href="mailto:swaypub@swayzee.com">swaypub@swayzee.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switzerland County Public Library</td>
<td>Shannon Phipps</td>
<td><a href="mailto:sphpips@scp.us">sphpips@scp.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Syracuse-Turkey Creek Township Public Library</td>
<td>John Castleman</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jcastleman@syracuse.lib.in.us">jcastleman@syracuse.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LIBRARY</td>
<td>NAME</td>
<td>EMAIL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THORNTOWN PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>CHRISTINE STERLE</td>
<td><a href="mailto:csterle@thorntown.lib.in.us">csterle@thorntown.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIPPECANOE COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>JOS HOLMAN</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jholman@tcpl.lib.in.us">jholman@tcpl.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIPTON COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>CHERIE SPENCER</td>
<td><a href="mailto:cspencer@tiptonpl.org">cspencer@tiptonpl.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TYSON LIBRARY ASSOCIATION INC</td>
<td>ANDY ROWDEN</td>
<td><a href="mailto:director@tysonlibrary.org">director@tysonlibrary.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNION CITY PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>VIRGINIA M HIATT</td>
<td><a href="mailto:vhiatt@unioncity.lib.in.us">vhiatt@unioncity.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNION COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>KAREN KAHL</td>
<td><a href="mailto:karenkahl@hotmail.com">karenkahl@hotmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAN BUREN PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>ANN HOEHN</td>
<td><a href="mailto:director@vbpl.lib.in.us">director@vbpl.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VERMILLION COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>MISTY BISHOP</td>
<td><a href="mailto:mistybishop.vcpln@gmail.com">mistybishop.vcpln@gmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIGO COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>KRISTI HOWE</td>
<td><a href="mailto:khowe@vigo.lib.in.us">khowe@vigo.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WABASH CARNEGIE PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>WARE W WIMBERLY III</td>
<td><a href="mailto:warew@wabash.lib.in.us">warew@wabash.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAKARUSA-OLIVE &amp; HARRISON TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>JO GELESKE</td>
<td><a href="mailto:jgeleske@wakarusa.lib.in.us">jgeleske@wakarusa.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WALKERTON-LINCOLN TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>TRACIE STEWART</td>
<td><a href="mailto:walkerton.lincoln.library@gmail.com">walkerton.lincoln.library@gmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WALTON &amp; TIPTON TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>KAREN TROUTMAN</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ktroutman@walton.lib.in.us">ktroutman@walton.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WANATAH PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>DON PARKER</td>
<td><a href="mailto:wanatahl@hotmail.com">wanatahl@hotmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WARREN PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>ROBERT</td>
<td><a href="mailto:warrenpl@warren.lib.in.us">warrenpl@warren.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warsaw Community Public Library</td>
<td>ANN M ZYDEK</td>
<td><a href="mailto:azydek@warsawlibrary.org">azydek@warsawlibrary.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington Carnegie Public Library</td>
<td>TERESA HEIDENREICH</td>
<td><a href="mailto:teresah@washingtonpubliclibrary.org">teresah@washingtonpubliclibrary.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington Township Public Library</td>
<td>SUZANNE A ROBINSON</td>
<td><a href="mailto:washtwpbl@hotmail.com">washtwpbl@hotmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATERLOO-GRANT TOWNSHIP PUBLIC LIBRARY</td>
<td>LINDA DUNN</td>
<td><a href="mailto:info@waterloo.lib.in.us">info@waterloo.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waveland-Grant Township Public Library</td>
<td>RICK PAYNE</td>
<td><a href="mailto:director@waveland.lib.in.us">director@waveland.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wells County Public Library</td>
<td>STEPHANIE DAVIS</td>
<td><a href="mailto:sdavis@wellsco.library.org">sdavis@wellsco.library.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Lafayette Public Library</td>
<td>E NICHOLAS SCHENKEL</td>
<td><a href="mailto:nick@wlaf.lib.in.us">nick@wlaf.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Lebanon-Pike Township Public Library</td>
<td>TERRI WARGO</td>
<td><a href="mailto:westleblibrary@hotmail.com">westleblibrary@hotmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westchester Public Library</td>
<td>PHILIP D BAUGHER</td>
<td><a href="mailto:phil@wpl.lib.in.us">phil@wpl.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westfield Washington Public Library</td>
<td>SHERYL SOLLARS</td>
<td><a href="mailto:sheryl@westfieldlibrary.lib.in.us">sheryl@westfieldlibrary.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westville-New Durham Township Public Library</td>
<td>COURTNEY UDVARF</td>
<td><a href="mailto:wvpubliclibrary@yahoo.com">wvpubliclibrary@yahoo.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whiting Public Library</td>
<td>RACHAEL DELUNA</td>
<td><a href="mailto:rachael@whiting.lib.in.us">rachael@whiting.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Willard Library of Evansville</td>
<td>GREGORY HAGER</td>
<td><a href="mailto:ghager@willard.lib.in.us">ghager@willard.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Williamsport-Washington Township Public Library</td>
<td>CHRISTOPHER BROWN</td>
<td><a href="mailto:cbrown@wwtp.lib.in.us">cbrown@wwtp.lib.in.us</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winchester Community Public Library</td>
<td>JANA BARNES</td>
<td><a href="mailto:wincomlib@yahoo.com">wincomlib@yahoo.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wolcott Community Public Library</td>
<td>DEANNA DREBLOW</td>
<td><a href="mailto:wolcottlibrary@mywcp.com">wolcottlibrary@mywcp.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worthington Jefferson Township Public Library</td>
<td>ANDREA FULLER</td>
<td><a href="mailto:andrea.fuller@hotmail.com">andrea.fuller@hotmail.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>York Township Public Library</td>
<td>CHRISTINE MCPETERS</td>
<td><a href="mailto:raublibr@midwaynet.net">raublibr@midwaynet.net</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yorktown-Mount Pleasant Township Community Public Library</td>
<td>LIZ ROZELLE</td>
<td><a href="mailto:lizrozelle@yorktownlib.org">lizrozelle@yorktownlib.org</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Appendix B: Library Acronyms and Terms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>AASL:</strong></td>
<td>American Association of School Libraries, A division of ALA serving school library media specialists.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AASLH:</strong></td>
<td>American Association for State and Local History</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ACA:</strong></td>
<td>American Correctional Association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ACRL:</strong></td>
<td>Association of College &amp; Research Libraries, a division of ALA for academic and research libraries, including large public libraries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ADA:</strong></td>
<td>Americans with Disabilities Act, Federal legislation to protect the rights of citizens with disabilities. Libraries are required to comply with certain provisions of the law.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ADOLPLI:</strong></td>
<td>Administrators of Large Public Libraries in Indiana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AECT:</strong></td>
<td>Association for Educational Communications and Technology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AIIN:</strong></td>
<td>Access Indiana Information Network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AIME:</strong></td>
<td>Association of Indiana Media Educators, See AISLE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AISLE:</strong></td>
<td>Association of Indiana School Library Educators, one of the four associations that make up the Indiana Library Federation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ALA:</strong></td>
<td>American Library Association, the oldest and largest organization of librarians and libraries in the country, with over 30,000 members. ALA provides leadership for the development, promotion, and improvement of library and information services and the profession of librarianship in order to enhance learning and ensure access to information for all.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ALCTS:</strong></td>
<td>Association for Library Collections &amp; Technical Services - a division of ALA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ALI:</strong></td>
<td>Academic Libraries of Indiana.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ALSC:</strong></td>
<td>Association for Library Service to Children - a division of ALA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ALTA:</strong></td>
<td>American Library Trustee Association. See ALTAFF.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ALTAFF:</strong></td>
<td>Association of Library Trustees, Advocates, Friends and Foundations - a division of ALA formed in 2009 by a merger of the American Library Trustee Association and Friends of Libraries USA.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ARL:</strong></td>
<td>Association of Research Libraries</td>
</tr>
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</table>
ASCLA: Association of State and Cooperative Library Agencies - a division of ALA

ASIS: American Society for Information Science, a professional organization concerned with the design, management and use of information systems and technology.

ASLA: Association of State Library Agencies

BOA: Board of Accounts. see SBoA

CAGIT: County Adjusted Gross Income Tax

CBW: Children's Book Week

CE: Continuing Education. Advanced training in a profession (not leading to a degree) to learn new skills or keep abreast of developments in the field.

CEA: Correctional Education Association

CEDIT: County Economic Development Income Tax

CEU: Continuing Education Unit. One CEU is equal to one hour of instruction or contact time. See also LEU and TLEU.

CIPA: Children’s Internet Protection Act (Public Law 106-554, Title XVII)

CLENE: Continuing Library Education Network Exchange - a division of ALA

CO: ILF Community Outreach Division.

COIT: County Option Income Tax

CONTENTdm: A digital collection tool. See Indiana Memory.

COSLA: Chief Officers of State Library Agencies

CYPD: ILF Children & Young People's Division.

DLGF: Department of Local Government Finance.

DOE: Dept. of Education, Indiana (formerly Dept. of Public Education)

eGovernment: The use of the Internet to deliver government information and services to the public.

E-rate: Education rate (federal discount telecommunications services for schools K-12 and libraries)

ERIC: Educational Research Information Center

ESEA: Elementary and Secondary Education Act. The Federal act which provides funds for educational purposes, including school library materials.
**Evergreen Indiana:** A growing consortium of 100 public, school and institutional libraries located throughout Indiana that use the Evergreen ILS. Patrons of member libraries can use their Evergreen Indiana library card to view the catalogs & borrow materials from the other member libraries. The Evergreen Indiana catalog holds over 2.8 million bibliographic records and provides access to over 6.6 million items.

**FIT:** Financial Institutions Tax

**FOIL:** Friends of Indiana Libraries

**FOLUSA:** Friends of Libraries USA. Now see ALTAFF.

**FRRD:** ILF Fundraising and Resource Development Division.

**GAC:** Group Access Contract

**GODORT:** Government Documents Round Table

**GPO:** Government Printing Office. Prints and sells books, reports and materials produced by government agencies; also makes material available electronically.

**IAACE:** Indiana Association for Adult and Continuing Education

**IAC:** Indiana Administrative Code

**IALA:** Indiana Academic Library Association, one of the four associations that make up the Indiana Library Federation.

**IALC:** Indiana Adult Literacy Coalition

**IC:** Indiana Code

**ICA:** Indiana Correction Association

**ICD:** ILF Interlibrary Loan and Circulation Division

**IDOR:** Indiana Department of Revenue

**IE:** ILF Instruction and Education Division

**IFLA:** International Federation of Library Associations

**IHC:** Indiana Humanities Council

**IHETS:** Indiana Higher Education Telecommunications System

**IHLSA:** Indiana Health Science Librarians Association

**ILF DISTRICT 1:** Lake, LaPorte, Porter, St. Joseph, Starke, Elkhart, Newton, Jasper, Pulaski, Marshall, and Kosciusko Counties.


ILF DISTRICT 4: Boone, Hamilton, Hancock, Shelby, Morgan, Johnson, Marion, and Hendricks Counties.

ILF DISTRICT 5: Vermillion, Parke, Putnam, Vigo, Clay, Owen, Sullivan, Greene, Monroe, and Lawrence Counties.

ILF DISTRICT 6: Bartholomew, Brown, Clark, Crawford, Dearborn, Decatur, Floyd, Harrison, Jackson, Jefferson, Jennings, Ohio, Orange, Ripley, Scott, Switzerland, and Washington Counties.

ILF DISTRICT 7: Knox, Warrick, Spencer, Perry, Davies, Martin, Gibson, Pike, Dubois, Posey, and Vanderburgh Counties.

ILF DISTRICT 8: Grant, Blackford, Jay, Madison, Delaware, Randolph, Henry, Wayne, Rush, Fayette, Union, and Franklin Counties.

ILF: Indiana Library Federation. The mission of ILF is to foster the professional growth of its members and to promote all types of libraries in Indiana.

ILHB: Indiana Library and Historical Board

ILTA: Indiana Library Trustee Association, one of the four associations that make up the Indiana Library Federation.

IMCPL: Indianapolis-Marion County Public Library

IMLS: Institute of Museum and Library Services. Federal grant-making agency that promotes leadership, innovation, and a lifetime of learning by supporting the nation's museums and libraries. It administers LSTA funds.

Indiana Memory: Indiana Memory, the Indiana digital library, is a collaboration of Indiana libraries, museums, archives, and related cultural organizations to enable access to Indiana's unique cultural and historical heritage through a variety of digital formats and free distribution over the Internet

INPRS: Indiana Public Retirement System formerly PERF
IN-SHARE: The Indiana SHARE program allows a large variety of libraries from around the state to request interlibrary loan materials through the Indiana State Library using ILLiad software.

INSPIRE: Indiana’s virtual library, INSPIRE.IN.GOV

IOLUG: Indiana Online Users Group

IPLA: Indiana Public Library Association, one of the four associations that make up the Indiana Library Federation.

ISL: Indiana State Library. The Indiana State Library is responsible for developing and providing library services to state government, providing specialized library services to the individual citizens of the state; supporting the development of the library profession; and strengthening services of all types of publicly and privately supported special, school, academic, and public libraries. The Indiana State Librarian is Roberta Brooker.

LAMA: Library Administration and Management Association - a division of ALA.

LC: Library of Congress. The Library of the U.S. Congress, which also serves as our National Library. Also the classification system used by most larger libraries.

LC1: Librarian Certificate 1

LC2: Librarian Certificate 2

LC3: Librarian Certificate 3

LC4: Librarian Certificate 4

LC5: Librarian Certificate 5

LC6: Librarian Certificate 6

LCCN: Library of Congress Card Number. The number assigned to an item by the Library of Congress, which is also a depository library. Used to order catalog cards from LC and to search the OCLC database.

LCPF: Library Capital Projects Fund is a separate fund for which library districts can levy a tax, to provide for capital projects, approved by DLGF

LDO: Library Development Office, Indiana State Library

LEU: Library Education Units
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LIT:</td>
<td>ILF Library Information &amp; Technology Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LITA:</td>
<td>Library and Information Technology Association - a division of ALA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LSCA:</td>
<td>Library Services and Construction Act. See LSTA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LSTA:</td>
<td>Library Services and Technology Act. Federal funding for libraries in several areas -- technology, interlibrary cooperation, literacy, etc., and for state library agencies. Replaces LSCA - Library Services and Construction Act.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LYTAS:</td>
<td>Library and Information Technology Association - a division of ALA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LYRASIS:</td>
<td>The nation’s largest regional membership organization serving libraries and information professionals - providing opportunities for networking and collaboration, offering innovative solutions, and significant cost savings through group purchasing for products and services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARC:</td>
<td>Machine Readable Cataloging. MARC records contain data in standardized format and allow conversion to automated cataloging and circulation systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MKT:</td>
<td>ILF Marketing Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MLS:</td>
<td>Master's Degree in Library Science. ALA accredits MLS programs in the U.S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MR:</td>
<td>ILF Media Resources Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEA:</td>
<td>National Endowment for the Arts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEH:</td>
<td>National Endowment for the Humanities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLM:</td>
<td>National Library of Medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLS:</td>
<td>National Library Service for the Blind and Physically Handicapped</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLW</td>
<td>National Library Week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OCLC:</td>
<td>Online Computer Library Center. A bibliographic utility based in Ohio which provides online cataloging, interlibrary loan, serials control and other services to libraries worldwide.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OITP</td>
<td>Office for Information Technology Policy part of ALA Washington Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PAC:</td>
<td>Public Access Catalog</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PALNI:</td>
<td>Private Academic Library Network of Indiana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acronym</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<tr>
<td>PDO</td>
<td>Professional Development Office, Indiana State Library</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PERF</td>
<td>Public Employees Retirement Fund. See INPRS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLA</td>
<td>Public Library Association - a division of ALA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLAC</td>
<td>Public Library Access Card</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POLIS</td>
<td>An academic at IUPUI using Geospatial technologies, especially GIS, to integrate and visualize information by location.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTRC</td>
<td>Property Tax Replacement Credits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RASD</td>
<td>Reference &amp; Adult Services Division - a division of ALA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RB</td>
<td>Reciprocal Borrowing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RDA</td>
<td>Resource Description and Access cataloging rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REF</td>
<td>ILF Reference Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFID</td>
<td>Radio Frequency Identification. A technology that uses radio waves to automatically identify objects by embedding a barcode or unique ID in a tag that transmits the information to a reader which in turn is connected to a network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RUSA</td>
<td>Reference and User Services Association - a division of ALA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAMS</td>
<td>ILF Small and Medium Size Libraries Division</td>
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<tr>
<td>SAVI</td>
<td>A large spatially-enabled system providing local organizations and researchers with the detailed, geographically precise information about the social, physical, and economic conditions of Central Indiana. See also POLIS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SHRAB</td>
<td>State Historical Records Advisory Boards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLIS</td>
<td>School of Library and Information Science, Indiana University</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SS</td>
<td>ILF Support Staff Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STATIS</td>
<td>Statistical Information System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUDOC</td>
<td>Superintendent of Documents. SUDOC numbers are assigned by the Government Printing Office to documents and are used to order items from the GPO.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TBBL</td>
<td>Talking Books and Braille Library</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TS</td>
<td>ILF Technical Services Division</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unserved</td>
<td>Areas not taxed by a library district.</td>
</tr>
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</table>
USF: Universal Service Fund Money collected from telecommunications companies and dedicated to fulfilling the goals of universal service, federal eRate program.

VINE: Vital Information Exchange

WebJunction: An online community where library staff meet to share ideas, solve problems, and take courses for professional development.

WHEELS: Former statewide courier service. See INfo Express

WO: ILF Women in Indiana Libraries Division

WorldCat: OCLC's online public-access catalog with more 69 million records and one billion holdings contributed by more than 9,000 institutions worldwide.

YA: Young Adult. Common term for library users between the ages of 12 and 18.

YALSA: Young Adult Library Services Association - a division of ALA