Appendix M: Hospital Audit Tool: Risk Assessment of OB Hemorrhage

Process measure – Document how often a new approach is occurring.

Review 20 vaginal and cesarean randomly selected deliveries monthly – or – review 80% of all deliveries monthly if delivery volume is <500 deliveries annually.

Examples:

- Hemorrhage Risk Assessment:
  - Numerator = Number of charts with hemorrhage risk assessment on admission documented
  - Denominator = Total number of audited charts
  - Goal: 100% of patients have risk assessment on admission - See sample hospital audit tool that follows

- Quantification of Blood Loss:
  - Numerator = Number of charts with QBL by volume and weight measures
  - Denominator = Total number of audited charts
  - Goal: 100% of patients have blood loss assessed by QBL
**HOSPITAL AUDIT TOOL: RISK ASSESSMENT FOR OB HEMORRHAGE**

**Topic:** Risk Assessment for obstetric hemorrhage is documented in the chart at admission

**Goal:** 100% of women are assessed for risk of obstetric hemorrhage on admission

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MR#</th>
<th>Vaginal Delivery</th>
<th>Cesarean Delivery</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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**Risk Assessment is documented in the chart**

Total number of audited charts with:

**Numerator:** _______ risk assessment documented in chart

**Denominator:** ______ total number of charts audited