

HONORED TO SERVE
Indiana Judicial Service Report

2010

VOLUME 1: JUDICIAL YEAR IN REVIEW



2010

INDIANA JUDICIAL SERVICE REPORT

Volume I



The Supreme Court of Indiana

The Honorable Randall T. Shepard, Chief Justice

The Honorable Brent E. Dickson, Assoc. Justice

The Honorable Frank Sullivan, Jr., Assoc. Justice

The Honorable Theodore R. Boehm, Assoc. Justice (retired September 2010)

The Honorable Robert D. Rucker, Assoc. Justice

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DIVISION OF STATE COURT ADMINISTRATION



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Dear Fellow Hoosiers:

Our vast court system touches the lives of nearly every Hoosier in one way or another at some point in their lives. Nearly two million cases are filed each year in our trial courts, our probate courts, the small claims courts, and city and town courts. These cases range from complex civil and criminal cases to domestic relations cases to traffic tickets and disputes over consumer matters.

To capture a small part of those cases, we have produced the *2010 Indiana Judicial Service Report*, as we have done every year since our first published report covering the year 1976. These pages tell in a small way the story of how justice is delivered in our state.

This *Indiana Judicial Service Report* attempts to relate that story with statistics and data involving caseloads and financial information. To make it more user-friendly we have increased the number of graphs and charts. It is also part of our continuing effort to move from a paper-driven effort to a more efficient web-based system. For the fourth year, the data for this report was collected completely on-line, thanks to the skillful use of the Indiana Courts On-line Reports system (ICOR) by thousands of trial court staffers. As a result of tough economic times and preferences among a significant part of the trial bench for an electronic format, the *Indiana Judicial Service Report* is being distributed largely in digital format only. We hope that you appreciate the many conveniences of the digital form and we welcome your suggestions for improvements.

This report was assembled by the Supreme Court's Division of State Court Administration, especially its Trial Court Management team and its Director James Walker. But it would not have been possible without the extensive cooperation of Indiana's judges, court staff, probation officers and others, who helped transform mountains of data into a useful format. We would also like to acknowledge the contributions of Division staffers Angela James, James Diller, Doyal McLemore, Jeffrey Wiese, Tom Jones, Mary Carey, and Lindsey Borschel.

It is our hope that you find this 2010 report helpful in your day-to-day work, and that it reminds you of the vast amount of good we do every day in our courts for the people of Indiana.

Handwritten signature of Randall T. Shepard in blue ink.

Randall T. Shepard

Handwritten signature of Lilia G. Judson in black ink.

Lilia G. Judson

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INTRODUCTION

2010

INDIANA JUDICIAL SERVICE REPORT

The *Indiana Judicial Service Report* is an annual publication that compiles statistical data on the workload and finances of the Indiana judicial system. This report covers calendar year 2010, with the exception of the Indiana Supreme Court data and certain state fiscal information, which are reported on a July 1 to June 30 fiscal year basis. The Indiana Supreme Court's Division of State Court Administration (the Division) has published the Indiana Judicial Service Report every year since 1976.

Information is presented in three volumes:

- * Judicial Year in Review (Vol. I)
- * Caseload Statistics (Vol. II)
- * Fiscal Report (Vol. III)

The Judicial Year in Review also includes data regarding the operation of Indiana's appellate courts. Excerpted statistical information and earlier reports are also found on the Indiana Courts website at www.courts.in.gov.

The statistical information published in this report was compiled from Quarterly Case Status Reports (QCSR) filed with the Division by each trial court. All trial courts annually file a summary report on court revenue and a report on court expenditures and budget. Although the administrative offices of the appellate courts compile and publish their own caseload reports, Indiana law requires that appellate information also be included in this report. Fiscal data for the state is

obtained from the annual report of the Auditor of the State of Indiana.

This report is not an exact accounting of funds or of every judicial decision. It is based on aggregate summary data and presents an overview of the workload and functioning of the Indiana judiciary. It is intended to be used by trial judges in evaluating their workload and monitoring the caseloads in their respective courts; by trial judges and county councils in the budgeting process; by the Indiana General Assembly and its committees in legislative deliberations; by the Division in its oversight of judicial administrative activities and by the Indiana Supreme Court in meeting its responsibility to supervise the administration of justice. Additionally, the information detailed in this report provides a factual basis for long-term judicial planning in the State of Indiana.

TRENDS AND HIGHLIGHTS IN THE 2010 NEW FILINGS

The following statistics show the relationship between 2010 new filings and 2010 population figures:¹

- a. One Felony case was filed for every 93.7 residents.
- b. One Misdemeanor case was filed for every 35.2 residents.

¹ Indiana's 2010 population was reported to be 6,483,802. This figure was provided by the U.S. Census Bureau and can be found at: www.census.gov.

- c. The Infraction case type, which accounts for a large number of cases filed in Indiana courts, averaged one new case for every 7.9 residents.

Historical comparisons show that in 1990, one felony case was filed for every 135 residents, one misdemeanor was filed for every 37 residents, and one infraction was filed for every 14 residents.

The following highlights new filings statistics for Courts of Record, City and Town Courts, and Marion County Small Claims Courts in 2010:

Courts of Record

The 1,418,928 new cases filed in 2010 represent a decrease of 6.2 percent over the previous year. The number of new cases filed in 2010 is also 1 percent less than the number of cases filed ten years ago in 2001. Of the total new cases filed, 76.3 percent were filed in Courts of Record².

- Paternity case filings increased 32.8 percent.
- Civil Miscellaneous case filings increased 16.8 percent.
- Post Conviction case filings increased 15.1 percent.
- Reciprocal Support filings increased 13.8 percent.
- Miscellaneous Criminal case filings increased 13.3 percent.
- Juvenile Status case filings increased 12.4 percent.

² Circuit, Superior, and Probate Courts are considered Courts of Record in the state of Indiana.

- Trust case filings decreased 24.3 percent.
- Juvenile Miscellaneous case filings decreased 24 percent.
- Infraction case filings decreased 13.7 percent.
- Ordinance Violation case filings decreased 13.6 percent.
- Murder case filings decreased 8.9 percent.
- Juvenile Delinquency case filings decreased 6.1 percent.

Three case types represent the largest numbers in case filings:

- Infractions - 554,157
- Small Claims - 205,502
- Misdemeanors - 140,920

The Criminal case category, excluding Infractions and Ordinance Violations, represents 17 percent of total cases filed in 2010.³ The Criminal case category, including Infractions and Ordinance Violations, revealed the most significant change over 2009 new filings, with a 10.2 percent decrease.

City and Town Courts

- The 371,361 new cases filed in City and Town Courts represent a decrease of 1.1 percent over the previous year.
- The number of new cases filed in City and Town Courts in 2010 is

³ The Criminal category consists of the following case types: Murder, Felony, Class A Felony, Class B Felony, Class C Felony, Class D Felony, Misdemeanor, Post-Conviction Relief, Miscellaneous Criminal, Infractions, and Ordinance Violations. Infractions and Ordinance Violations constitute 43 percent of total cases filed.

16.7 percent more than the number filed in 2001.

Marion County Small Claims Courts

- The 69,581 new cases filed in Marion County Small Claims Courts represent an increase of 0.5 percent over the previous year.
- The number of new cases filed in Marion County Small Claims Courts in 2010 is 5.6 percent less than the number filed in 2001.

TRENDS AND HIGHLIGHTS IN THE 2010 DISPOSITIONS

Indiana courts disposed of 1,833,970 cases in 2010, which represents a 5 percent decrease over the previous year. The number of cases disposed in all Indiana courts in 2010 is 3.3 percent greater than the number disposed in 2001.

Three case types represent the largest number of dispositions:

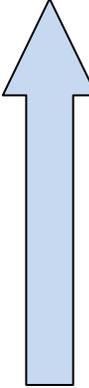
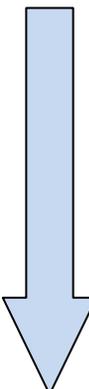
- Infractions – 820,421
- Small Claims – 282,006
- Misdemeanors – 179,235

The Criminal category, excluding Infractions and Ordinance Violations, represents 15 percent of total cases disposed in 2010⁴. The most significant change in dispositions was the Paternity category with a 21 percent increase from 2009 dispositions.

⁴ Infractions and Ordinance Violations constitute 50.3 percent of total dispositions.

Courts of Record

Of the total cases disposed, 76.4 percent were disposed in Courts of Record.

- 
- 
- Paternity case dispositions increased 21 percent.
 - Reciprocal Support case dispositions increased 14.3 percent.
 - Criminal Miscellaneous case dispositions increased 13.9 percent.
 - Adoption case dispositions increased 13.3 percent.
 - Juvenile Status case dispositions increased 10.8 percent.
 - Miscellaneous Civil case dispositions increased 10.1 percent.
 - Ordinance Violation case dispositions decreased 24.6 percent.
 - Juvenile Miscellaneous case dispositions decreased 19.9 percent.
 - Plenary case dispositions decreased 16.6 percent.
 - Infraction case dispositions decreased 13.1 percent.
 - Criminal Misdemeanor case dispositions decreased 7 percent.

2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD

Several years ago Indiana began evaluating caseloads in trial courts with a weighted caseload measurement system. This system, which is highlighted further in other parts of this report, revealed a

shortage of judicial officers statewide. In 2010, the overall state utilization average for courts was 1.35, suggesting that Indiana courts were operating at 35 percent above optimal capacity. Put another way, each Indiana judicial office would need another one-third person just to operate at capacity. Despite its many benefits, however, the weighted caseload measurement system addresses only available judicial officers and does not evaluate the vital role that support staff plays in the efficient operation of the court system. Many courts that reflect a need for additional judicial officers may operate efficiently as a result of the efforts of the support staff and the effective use of technology to maintain records and process cases.

2010 FISCAL HIGHLIGHTS

Indiana's trial courts are financed primarily through county general revenue and a substantial portion of it comes from local property taxes. State General Fund revenues pay judicial salaries, appellate level courts, defray some of the expenses associated with indigent criminal defense and guardian *ad litem* services for abused and neglected children, court interpreter services, *Pro Se* support, civil legal aid, Family Courts, and Drug Courts. City and town funds pay for the respective city and town courts, while the townships in Marion County (the most populous Indiana County) fund the Marion County Small Claims Courts.

The fiscal data shows a decrease in 2010 expenditures. Total expenditures by the state, county and local governmental units on the operation of the

judicial system decreased 1.5 percent from 2009.

The state of Indiana spent \$132,167,046 during fiscal year 2009/2010 on the operation of the judicial system. The counties, which report on a calendar year basis, spent \$244,409,818; the cities, towns, and townships spent \$16,756,441 on their respective courts, for a total annual expenditure of \$393,333,305.

All courts in the state, including city courts, town courts, and Marion County Small Claims courts, generated a total of \$232,656,052 in revenue. Of that amount, \$120,759,354 (52 percent) went to state level funds and \$93,474,316 (40 percent) went to a variety of county level funds. The remaining \$18,422,382 (8 percent) went to various local funds. An additional \$2,302,686 was generated by Marion County Small Claims Courts and paid to constables for service of process.

Deducting the total revenues generated by the courts from the total expenditures results in a net cost of \$24.78 per Hoosier to operate the judicial system.

FINAL NOTE

The production of this report would not be possible without the diligent work of hundreds of Indiana judges, court employees, and clerks who ensure access to justice and provide exceptional service to the citizens of Indiana. The Division is grateful to them for all of their assistance and to our own staff who coordinate the entire production of the Indiana Judicial Service Report each year.

STATE OF THE JUDICIARY

“Burdened but Unbowed”

State of the Judiciary Address to a Joint Session of
the Indiana General Assembly
by Chief Justice Randall T. Shepard
January 12, 2011

Governor Daniels and Members of the General Assembly:

One of the features of our national dialogue last summer and fall was skepticism about the capabilities of public institutions and public leaders. You’d occasionally hear phrases like the “government is broken,” and while people say that in Indiana they didn’t often say it about Indiana.

I think that’s because, even acknowledging the multiple problems that need tackling, the many elements of Indiana government, under the most serious strain most of us can remember, have proven themselves capable of coming to terms with crisis.

So it is with the men and women of Indiana’s courts, who have proven able at diagnosing a defect or identifying an opportunity, recruiting talented people and capable of seizing the moment on the basis of the best ideas available.

The challenges of the moment cover an amazing range. Like, what do we do when someone who speaks only Laotian shows up in the courtroom? What can be done to cut the cost of litigation? How do we deal with the phenomenon of jurors using smart phones? How do we expand a new system of assessing the effectiveness of individual courts? How do we provide advocates for the thousands of abused or neglected children? Are there better ways to regulate lawyer advertising? How do we advance the cause of equal opportunity in the legal profession? How do we give a full and fair

hearing to litigants when there’s a sixteen percent growth in case filings but only four percent more judges?

The men and women of the Indiana courts tackle all these issues and more, both through long-range strategic planning and through immediate action. Today I’ll highlight four of these.

THE MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE CRISIS

The first is a genuine crisis on which all three branches of Indiana government have worked: mass foreclosures. Foreclosure filings were even higher last year than in 2009. While Indiana may no longer be near the top of the national list, that’s little comfort to the 43,000 new families facing loss of their homes.

You recently passed legislation giving every homeowner the right to a settlement conference and the chance to negotiate for a modified loan. The Indiana Foreclosure Prevention Network led by Lieutenant Governor Skillman, the lenders, Attorney General Zoeller, the Housing and Community Development Authority, and our Division of State Court Administration have been perfecting techniques to maximize the possibility of success.

In the beginning, just five or six percent of homeowners responded to the notice offering a settlement conference. Most people missed it in the blizzard of paper a homeowner receives when a foreclosure is filed.

The judges working on this have discovered that when the court itself sends a separate settlement notice, more than 40 percent of the homeowners respond. To make sure these conferences are productive, we have assigned settlement facilitators to bring the right people and the right documents to the table. The facilitators report that many homeowners appear for the settlement conferences embarrassed, resigned, and tearful. In recent months this system of court-facilitated conferences has been perfected to the point that the number of people who leave the room with a revised loan is half.

We now use these techniques in counties that have 60 percent of the foreclosures and we'll cover the rest of the state by year's end. We do it all without any claim on the state's General Fund because you've authorized a user's fee on foreclosure cases.

Still, this is a fluid situation. A week ago Monday, State Court Administration issued a best practices document to all judges outlining case management improvements that maximize the chance for writing a new loan. Attorney General Zoeller, who has taken a leadership position on foreclosure with the National Association of Attorneys General, has asked the Supreme Court to use its rule-making authority to reinforce these improvements.

There is a need for further legislation, and we've outlined our own ideas to possible sponsors.

THE SMARTEST SENTENCING POSSIBLE

Just a year ago, Governor Daniels, President Pro Tem Long, Speaker Bauer, Attorney General Zoeller, and I all signed the same letter asking that the Council of State Governments and the Pew Center on the States assist the Indiana Criminal

Code Evaluation Commission in a thorough review of our state's criminal corrections. Just weeks ago, these researchers and the Indiana team working with them issued their proposals, and all the Commission members—legislators, corrections staff, prosecutors, public defenders, and judges—endorsed them.

You will know from the press that the central idea of these proposals is to find better ways to sanction non-violent offenders through local corrections. Half of the new commitments to the Department of Correction are people whose crimes are in the least serious category.

In my own career I've handled felony cases for the theft of \$6, and I've signed warrants for lethal injection. In between those polar opposites, making sound decisions about which offenders are so risky that a prison cell is the only right sentence and which offenders may respond well to local alternatives makes all the difference for public safety, recidivism rates, employability of offenders, and the dollars we spend on corrections.

One of the weaknesses in Indiana's criminal justice system has been that we have mostly used relatively outdated assessment tools to evaluate individual offenders. Those assessment tools organize and validate common sense and intuition. Is this offense a defendant's first or second? Were any prior offenses minor or serious? If he's been on probation or parole before, did he successfully complete it or get revoked? Is there reason to believe that requiring drug or alcohol treatment might make a difference?

Are we capable of devising a new, more reliable tool to help sort out who needs to go to prison and who probably does not? The answer's been yes, and last Monday a new generation risk assessment became mandatory in every criminal court and delinquency court. We

have trained and tested 2,300 probation and corrections officers, drug and alcohol staff, and judges in using it. The Council of State Governments people told the Criminal Code Evaluation Commission's working group that Indiana is doing a better job at this than any state.

The package of sentencing reforms before you is based on reliable evidence. I think it's good for Indiana and I join Governor Daniels in endorsing it.

TACKLING TECHNOLOGY

If there's a field where Indiana's courts have proven themselves capable of identifying an opportunity or a problem, devising a plan to address it and executing on the plan, it is technology. Here are some examples.

You'll know that at your direction, every county now uses a system built by our Judicial Technology and Automation Committee (called "JTAC") to notify law enforcement immediately when a court enters a protective order on behalf of victims of domestic violence. Was there a way to help those victims obtain an order without a trip to the courthouse? We have empowered thirty agencies and 300 victim advocates to apply online. Is there a way to notify victims about a dangerous moment when the abuser receives the order? Yes. Victims will soon be able to receive immediate notice by text or e-mail.

On another public safety front, the question has been how to enforce effectively the laws designated to prevent people who are certified mentally ill and dangerous from purchasing and possessing firearms. At your direction, JTAC has created an electronic system for notifying law enforcement when someone is adjudicated mentally ill. Last week alone, names of 39 people adjudicated mentally ill were transmitted through the FBI so that police and gun dealers could

do their part in keeping firearms out of the hands of the mentally ill.

Is there something the judiciary can do to improve the collection of taxes? We collaborated with the Department of Revenue to build a system for transmitting tax warrants directly to local courts. This time last year, 26 counties were using this system and today there are 47. We recently issued the millionth electronic tax warrant for collection at the local level.

Is there a way to stop hand-writing traffic tickets so officers spend less time with a pen and more time on patrol? Yes, and this time last year 143 police departments were using JTAC's Electronic Citation and Warning System. In the last year, 60 more have started using it. Altogether they've created 2.8 million citations that would have been written by hand.

All of these solutions to various problems work ever so much more powerfully when they are linked to each other through a court case management system we call Odyssey. Procured with your blessing three years ago through competitive bidding, we now use it in 77 courts in 26 counties, from large ones like Marion to small ones like Posey, accounting for nearly a third of the state's caseload.

The power of this combination is something judges and clerks and law enforcement personnel see close up. Let me tell you about a recent e-mail from a bail commissioner in Fort Wayne, where we are deploying Odyssey. He was doing a regular check on a defendant out on bail:

Def reported today – on pretrial release for Robbery.

Checked Odyssey per normal supervision course – appeared def had Felony Probation Violation warrant issued out of Huntington County yesterday. Not on

Spillman. Called Warrants. Asked them to check IDACS. Not on IDACS. Explained to Rita the basis for my call – had seen warrant on Odyssey. Rita then called Huntington County directly. They reported that they did in fact want the def.

Did my typical stall until warrants showed up and took him into custody.

Such experiences prompt messages like one we received from Hendricks County, “When can you come install Odyssey?”

We are now installing it twice as fast as last year, and we’re working with clerks and judges in places like LaPorte and Shelby and Steuben and eight or nine others. Just how fast we can get this all done essentially depends on how many teams we can send to the courthouses and city halls.

We manage to pay for this work with federal grants or with fees paid by court users, presently \$7 a case. We ask that the user fee be temporarily increased to \$10 to speed up the installation. The House voted to approve doing that in the last General Assembly and the Senate Judiciary Committee did likewise by a vote of 9-0.

All of these achievements are the result of collaboration between the judiciary and agencies like the Indiana Office of Technology, the BMV, the Department of Revenue, the Criminal Justice Institute, DCS and the State Police. None of these could have been accomplished by the judiciary alone or by anybody else alone.

Does this matter to citizens? If you build it, they will come. Rather than driving to the courthouse or hanging on the phone, our constituents were seeking court information this morning at the rate

of more than 3400 an hour. I’m proud that Indiana’s courts are creating a 21st Century system.

PLAIN ENGLISH JURY INSTRUCTIONS

As for making the legal system easier for citizens, let me mention something we finished just a few months ago.

People come to the courthouse by the tens of thousands to make possible that jewel of the Bill of Rights, trial by jury. During those trials, lawyers and judges explain the law that applies to the case jurors are being asked to decide. Too often, we have talked to jurors about this in legalese.

Committed to doing better, the Indiana Judges Association began work on what we decided to call “Plain English Jury Instructions.” The drafting committee, led by Judges John Pera of Lake County and Carl Heldt of Evansville, and an English teacher, spent three years revising the traditional instructions.

The new instructions were issued during the fall. I’ll give you one of my favorite examples.

Old instruction:

Direct evidence means evidence that directly proves a fact, without an inference, and which if true conclusively establishes that fact. Circumstantial evidence means evidence that proves a fact from which an inference of the existence of another fact may be drawn. An inference is a deduction of fact that may logically and reasonably drawn....

New instruction:

Direct evidence that an animal ran in the snow might be the testimony

of someone who actually saw the animal run in the snow. Circumstantial evidence might be the testimony of someone who only saw the animal's tracks in the snow.

HOW GOOD IS WHAT WE'RE DOING?

On jury instructions, the chief justice of a southern state called last fall to say that their judges had decided to do something and that experts in the field had told her: "Call Indiana."

The chief judge of a large federal court in the north called to say he was thinking about allowing jurors to ask questions during trial and he'd heard that Indiana seemed to have it right. I told him what we were doing and sent him to Judge Robert Altice of the Marion Superior Court.

The Council of State Governments gave JTAC's project called InCite an Innovation in Government Award, and the Kennedy School at Harvard gave its work on e-tickets a "Bright Idea" award.

Judge Greg Donat won the nation's leading honor for devising ways to help citizens who have to navigate the legal system without a lawyer.

The American Bar Association said that our Courts in the Classroom project on civics was one of the best in the country.

The chief justice of a western state stopped me at a conference to say that the members of his court had debated at length whether they should adopt an opinion on medical expenses written for us by Justice Sullivan. And a leading national expert on alternative criminal sentencing, a retired judge from California, told me that Justice Dickson's opinion on using risk assessment tools was the best piece in

the country on the subject. Judge Kirsch's opinion on robo-signing in mortgage foreclosures has recently been cited in many places.

In short, Indiana's judiciary is one that keeps its feet planted firmly on Hoosier soil while keeping its eyes on the horizon. They are men and women of high ambition who are capable of confronting a problem, devising a plan, and executing on the plan.

WHY DOES THIS MATTER?

Whether we can build a better system of justice matters first and foremost to the individual citizens who come to court as part of the two million cases we hear every year. Our first duty is give them a full and fair hearing.

But whether we run a respectable court system also matters for people who have never seen the inside of a courtroom because a reliable court system is part and parcel of a decent government and a crucial element of a healthy and productive economy. I was reminded of this economic connection while driving to work last week. I heard an interview with the author of a new book on the economic miracle of today's India.

The interviewer asked about what he called the differing narratives of India and the United States. The United States, said the reporter, has always thought of itself as a place of unlimited future opportunity but now wonders whether it will be such a nation in this new century. India, long held back by caste and class, is now written about as the wave of the future. Is India, the reporter asked, "The New Land of Opportunity?"

You're right about the story line, said the author, but in both countries we tend to overplay the story line of the day and underplay the fundamentals:

In America, you take something like American universities, for example; you take the Silicon Valley phenomenon; you take the way the American legal system functions. These are century level advantages. It will take other people a very, very long time to replicate any of these.

In short, the message was that if we do what it lies within us to do, places like India and China aren't going to catch Indiana for a very, very long time.

I promise you we're building a court system that does its part to make that so.

2010 Report of the Division of State Court Administration

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2010 REPORT

OF THE

DIVISION OF STATE COURT ADMINISTRATION

In 2010, the Indiana Supreme Court's Division of State Court Administration (Division) sought new ways to support the work of Indiana's trial courts by building on the myriad programs and projects under its supervision and by continually looking for new and innovative ways to deliver services to the trial courts and the people of Indiana.

Every day at the Division, the phone rings, the fax machine beeps or an inbox dings, frequently bringing a question, inquiry, request and even a compliment from an Indiana judicial officer, a legislator or a member of the public. They are often seeking advice on a grant program or a new project they might want to find money to support. At the Division, those contacts are welcomed because the mission of the Division is to assist the Indiana Supreme Court in its leadership role as the administrator and manager of Indiana's judicial system, its courts, officers, and related projects and programs. In particular, the Division examines and recommends improvements in the methods, procedures, and administrative systems used by the courts, by other offices related to and serving the courts, and by the clerks of the courts. It also serves as the "paymaster" to Indiana's judges, magistrates and prosecutors.

During 2010, the Division stood ready to provide support to its many constituents. It did this through outreach efforts like the bi-monthly *Indiana Court Times*, email updates about new Court Rules, interpretations of new statutes and the small but growing BRIDGES program, in which an attorney from the Division is

assigned to serve as a liaison and "first point of contact" between the Division and smaller county court systems.

The Division's successful Court Reform Grant project distributed an additional \$200,000 in grants to courts seeking funding for innovative ways to deliver court services. In addition to distributing grants, the Division received grants. In the fall of 2010, the Division was awarded a \$50,000 grant to train Indiana judges on how to better preside over domestic violence cases. Indiana is one of the first state court systems to ever receive a grant directly from the Department of Justice. In 2010 the Division also received a \$1 million grant from the U.S. Department of Justice to be used by Indiana drug courts. With the help and cooperation of the Indiana Judicial Center, the Division has distributed the entire one million dollars to drug courts in six counties: Delaware, Marion, Monroe, Spencer, Vanderburgh, and Vigo. The Division, along with the Indiana Judicial Center, also provided staff support to the Indiana Judicial Conference Strategic Planning process known as *A New Way Forward*.

To combat the mortgage foreclosure crisis in 2010, the Division coordinated a statewide effort to implement a new requirement in 2010 legislation that required a face-to-face settlement conference between a borrower and lender before a mortgage foreclosure case could be finalized. A pilot project set up in Marion, Allen, and St. Joseph counties organized a system of facilitators to manage the settlement conference project and relieve the trial courts of much

of the groundwork. The program has produced positive results and plans were made in late 2010 to continue its expansion statewide.

The Division also began examining how technology could better aid local court reports and speed up the production of the trial transcript needed for an appeal. A significant amount of research yielded some promising results and six courts volunteered to participate in a pilot project which is expected to get underway in 2011. As part of its effort to support trial courts, the Division also provided Continuity of Operations Plan (COOP) support and sent a staff member trained in that area to a number of trial courts to help develop COOPs .

Trial court technology continued to be a large focus by the Division, and the rollout of the new statewide case management system, known as Odyssey, spread to even more courts in 2010. A detailed description of that massive effort and its related development of additional software applications that benefit courts, law enforcement, the public and nearly any entity that needs and uses court information is included later in this report.

In conjunction with the Indiana Judicial Center, the Division also supported on-going efforts to enhance the training provided to trial court staff. It did this by providing faculty to the large audience of trial court staff at an Indianapolis conference and also by on-site training at a number of Indiana courthouses.

A long-standing program of the Division, the Family Court Project also got a facelift in 2010. Family Court Project partners and Division staff reviewed the goals of the program and the outcomes of the nearly 10-year old program and decided a fresh look was needed. With input from the Family Court Project participants, the Division staffers revised

the types of programming the project would support and made plans to present a revamped version for approval to the Chief Justice during 2011.

Along with this brief introduction, the following pages will provide additional information and data about the many ways the Division is working to help Indiana's judiciary.

TRIAL COURT SERVICES

The Division's Trial Court Services Section has a number of diverse responsibilities but among the most important ones are payroll and benefits administration and budgeting and accounts management.

ACCOUNTS MANAGEMENT, PAYROLL AND CLAIMS, JUDICIAL BENEFITS COORDINATION

The Division maintains and administers 27 accounts, totaling \$132 million. This fiscal responsibility includes the administration of payroll and benefit programs for all state trial court judges, prosecuting attorneys, and other judicial officials paid with state funds. The annual payroll accounts for these purposes total approximately \$83 million, and cover approximately 700 individuals. As part of this "paymaster" function, the Division processes and pays more than 1,600 claims per year for special and senior judge services.

During 2010, the Trial Court Services Section worked in concert with the Indiana judicial Center and conducted many educational sessions on judicial benefits, retirement, and payroll and updated and published, as required by Indiana Administrative Rule 5 (A), a schedule for payment of senior judges and continued its efforts to inform its constituents about the payroll and benefit processes. In addition, the Division helped people navigate through the PeopleSoft system during Open Enrollment and answered questions relating to the various benefit offerings.

CIVIL LEGAL AID FUND

Since 1997, the Division has administered the distribution of a \$1 million annual appropriation from the Indiana General Assembly to aid qualified organizations providing legal assistance to indigent persons in civil cases. In 2007, the Indiana General Assembly increased the annual appropriation for the civil legal aid fund to \$1.5 million.

In 2010, the Division distributed \$1.5 million to 11 organizations providing civil legal aid services to Indiana's poor as follows:

Program	Annual Amount
Legal Aid - District 11	\$17,907.78
Community Organizations Legal Assistance Program	\$49,364.27
Elkhart Legal Aid Service, Inc.	\$24,262.82
Indiana Legal Services, Inc.	\$957,655.44
Indianapolis Legal Aid Society, Inc.	\$93,429.77
Law School Legal Service, Inc.	\$49,364.27
Legal Aid Corporation of Tippecanoe County	\$9,487.77
Legal Aid Society of Evansville, Inc.	\$26,942.36
Neighborhood Christian Legal Clinic	\$159,379.26
Indiana Coalition Against Domestic Violence, Inc.	\$49,364.27
Volunteer Lawyer Program of Northeast Indiana, Inc.	\$62,841.99
Total	\$1,500,000.00

These eleven organizations provided services to more than 23,000 clients. Distributions are based upon an analysis of each county's civil caseload as it relates the civil caseload for the entire state, and the number of organizations serving each county.

Data indicates that the vast majority of cases handled by these providers

continue to involve domestic relations matters such as divorce, separation, custody, visitation, paternity, termination of parental rights, and spousal abuse. Since 1997, the Division has distributed \$16 million through this program.

SENIOR JUDGE PROGRAM

Since 1989, Indiana has been able to tap into an experienced pool of former judges to help alleviate the pressure of increasing caseloads. Enabling legislation provides that a former judge may apply to the Indiana Judicial Nominating Commission for certification as a senior judge under rules adopted by the Indiana Supreme Court. The legislation further provides that any trial court and the Indiana Court of Appeals may ask the Indiana Supreme Court to appoint a senior judge to assist that court. The Division's Trial Court Services Section administers the senior judge program.

In 2003, the Indiana Supreme Court developed a comprehensive set of standards for the certification, service, appointment and payment of senior judges. Indiana Administrative Rule 5 enables the Indiana Supreme Court to allocate senior judge time to courts with the heaviest caseloads while still allowing all courts to have sufficient senior judge help (a minimum of 10 days per year) to relieve trial judges during necessary absences from the bench.

The Division's administration of the senior judge program includes processing certification applications and orders of certification, requests for appointments, weighted caseload comparisons and orders of appointment. The Division also administers senior judge benefits and processes claims for payment of *per diem* expenses.

Small at first, the Indiana senior judge program has grown into an

invaluable resource of seasoned judicial officers who serve at minimal cost to the state and no cost to the counties. In 2010, Indiana had 99 certified senior judges who served a total of 3,587.61 days. These days are equivalent to approximately 20.25 full-time judicial officers.

For more information, see the senior judge statistical reports in the Indiana Trial Courts Annual Reports section in this volume.

SPECIAL JUDGES AND REVIEW OF DISCIPLINARY GRIEVANCES

The Division's legal staff serves as counsel to the Indiana Supreme Court in matters involving requests for the appointment of special judges, special masters, and senior judges. The Division staff also conducts preliminary investigations of disciplinary grievances filed against members and staff of the Indiana Supreme Court Disciplinary Commission and attorneys who are serving as hearing officers in disciplinary cases. In 2010, one preliminary investigation was closed. Two cases were referred for further review and investigation, and one was recommended for appointment of a hearing officer to consider the merits of the complaint.

Indiana Supreme Court rules governing the method of special judge selection call for the establishment of local rules for such selection and certification to the Indiana Supreme Court in certain circumstances. The Division monitors local rules establishing plans for special judge selection and processes requests for the appointment of special judges by the Indiana Supreme Court. In 2010, the Division received 88 new requests for special judge appointments.

LOCAL COURT RULES

Local courts have primary responsibility for keeping their local court rules up-to-date and in conformity with the Indiana Rules of Court. Division attorneys provide on-going assistance to Indiana's trial courts with their local rules.

The Indiana Supreme Court initiated a project seven years ago designed to ensure that local court rules are readily available to practitioners, litigants, and the public. The Indiana Supreme Court also sought to bring uniformity to the numbering system and to the process for adopting new or amending existing rules.

That initiative was spearheaded by a Local Rules Committee, chaired by Court of Appeals Judge Margret G. Robb. The Indiana Supreme Court approved significant amendments to Indiana Trial Rule 81 governing local court rules and provided for a two-year transition period. Local court rules in every county in Indiana, historically posted mainly on courthouse bulletin boards, are now available for all to see and are published on the official Indiana Courts website, www.courts.in.gov.

Indiana Trial Rule 81 states that judges who propose to adopt new or amend existing local court rules must give notice and provide for a comment period of at least 30 days. Courts must send proposed changes to the Division for posting on the Indiana Courts website, to their county clerk for posting in their office or on their website, and to the officers of their county bar association.

The Division has posted on the Indiana Courts website a schedule and the required format for adopting or amending local court rules. Local courts must give notice of any proposed local rule changes by June 1. After a comment and review period, with Indiana Supreme Court

approval, if necessary, new or amended rules will be effective the following January 1. However, under Trial Rule 81 (D) judges may find that good cause exists to deviate from this schedule, and the new or amended rule may be effective sooner. In all cases, there must be at least a thirty-day comment period.

TEMPORARY JUDICIAL SERVICE

In addition to administering the Senior Judge Program, the Trial Court Services Section of the Division oversees two programs for temporary judicial service—one for private judges and one for judge *Pro Tempore* assignments.

Private Judges. The Indiana General Assembly has provided by statute that, in certain circumstances, litigants can agree to try civil cases before a private judge who is compensated by the litigants (Indiana Code 33-38-10-1 *et seq.*). The Division maintains a roster of private judges and administers requests and appointments of private judges.

A person who is not currently a judge of a circuit, superior, criminal, probate, municipal, or county court, who has served as a judge for at least four (4) consecutive years may serve as a private judge. A private judge must be admitted to practice law in Indiana and be an Indiana resident. A former judge who wishes to serve as a private judge must register with the Executive Director of the Division. The Executive Director compiles and periodically updates a list of registered private judges that is made available to the public.

Parties to an action that qualifies, who wish to have it heard by a private judge, must submit a written petition to the Executive Director requesting a private judge by name, who verifies that the former judge is qualified as required by statute, and then forwards the petition to

the selected private judge.

The parties then obtain and file the written consent of the private judge in the court where the case is filed. The parties may present the petition and consent either contemporaneously with the filing of the case in the trial court or after the case has been filed. The regular judge of the court in which the cases filed actually appoints the private judge.

The parties pay a private judge. The compensation contract must include terms for compensation of all personnel and the costs of facilities and materials as determined by the Clerk of the Circuit Court. Requests for private judges are rare, with the first one taking place in 2004 and one each in 2005 and 2006, two in 2007, none in 2008, one in 2009, and none in 2010. The most current list of registered private judges can be found at www.courts.in.gov.

Judge Pro Tempore. Indiana law also allows a judge *pro tempore* (temporary judge) to sit in the place of a regular judge who is unavailable. Judges *pro tempore* can be appointed by a trial court for a short period of time. In the case of lengthier unavailability of a judge, the Indiana Supreme Court may appoint a judge *pro tempore* under Indiana Trial Rule 63 for a longer period of time. The judge *pro tempore* has the authority of the judge temporarily replaced, subject to the continuing jurisdiction of the Indiana Supreme Court. To be appointed a judge *pro tempore*, the individual must be an attorney in good standing with the bar of the Indiana Supreme Court. The Division is responsible for administering requests for judges *pro tempore* and assisting the Indiana Supreme Court in preparing the orders appointing them. The circumstances surrounding these appointments range from absences due to military service, temporary medical conditions, and vacancies created by retirement or death that exist until the Governor fills the vacancy. The Indiana

Supreme Court made seven *pro tempore* appointments in 2010.

COMMUNICATION LINKS WITH JUDGES AND CLERKS

In the early 1990s, the Division began the new service called the *Indiana Court Times* “to foster communication, respond to concerns, and contribute to the spirit of pride that encompasses the work of all members of the judiciary around the state.” That was the goal stated on the first page of the April-May 1992 inaugural issue in a *Letter from the Editor-in-Chief*. It is published bi-monthly.

Although it is still called a newsletter, the *Indiana Court Times* has evolved into a colorful magazine that is distributed in the traditional printed format, but also published on the Indiana Courts website at www.courts.in.gov. Feature articles include *Bits & Bytes* focusing on court technology; *Ask Adrienne* answering questions concerning judicial ethics; *Brenda’s Bailiwick* addressing employment and personnel issues impacting courts; *SIDEBAR* exploring the lives of trial court judges and circuit clerks off the bench; an annual recap of the *State of the Judiciary* address given by our Chief Justice; highlights of the activities of the Indiana General Assembly impacting the judicial branch; and features during the year on current topics of interest.

CERTIFIED COURT INTERPRETER PROGRAM

The Indiana Court Interpreter Certification Program, administered by the Division, certifies interpreters for use in the Indiana courts. The Program consists of a five-part process for foreign language interpreter certification. The first phase involves a two-day orientation in which candidates receive instruction on judicial procedure, protocol and

courtroom decorum; the role of an interpreter; ethics; skills and modes of interpreting; and terminology. Indiana-specific laws and rules are also presented, and candidates may also practice the interpreting skills that are required in court. The second phase, a written exam in English, tests candidates on general English vocabulary, court-related terms and usage, common English idioms, and court interpreter ethics and professional conduct. For candidates testing for certification in Spanish, the written exam also requires candidates to translate several sentences from English into Spanish. The third phase is a two-day skills building workshop where candidates spend concentrated time on individual skill enhancement and group work in sessions conducted by skilled, certified instructors. Once a candidate completes the skills building workshop, the candidate is eligible to take the oral foreign language proficiency examination, the fourth stage of the certification process. The oral exam tests the candidate's skill in sight, consecutive, and simultaneous interpretation. The candidate must receive a score of 70 percent or higher in all three modes to receive a passing score on the exam. The fifth and final stage is a criminal background check, which each candidate must successfully complete before becoming certified by the Indiana Supreme Court.

During calendar year 2010, 44 candidates sat for the oral exam with seven candidates passing in Spanish. The pool of certified interpreters is now at 82. Indiana continues to be a leader in the area of interpreter certification, with a cumulative passage rate of 33 percent overall since the start of the program, verses a national average of 25 percent over the same time period.

Also in 2010, the Indiana Supreme Court awarded \$140,000 in foreign language interpreter grants to 36 county court systems to encourage trial

courts to use certified interpreters and to help trial courts defray the costs of interpretation. The Indiana Supreme Court continues to provide, at no charge to every county court system in the state, the use of Language Line, which provides interpretation services by telephone in more than 140 languages, including Burmese, Karen, Hmong, Hindi, Vietnamese, Bosnian and Macedonian, to name a few.

TRIAL COURT MANAGEMENT

The Trial Court Management Section deals with the administrative procedures and recordkeeping practices used by trial courts and clerks. It is also responsible for the data collection system and publication of statistical reports.

DATA COLLECTION AND STATISTICAL REPORTS PUBLICATION

The collection of statistical data concerning the operation of Indiana's courts and their offices is one of the fundamental duties of the Division. In accord with Indiana Code 33-24-6-3 and Indiana Administrative Rules 1 and 2, the Division collects and compiles information on the caseload and fiscal activities of all courts and probation departments throughout the state, and each year publishes *The Indiana Judicial Service Report* and *The Indiana Probation Report*. The data compiled in these reports provide the Indiana Supreme Court and the Indiana General Assembly with a factual foundation for making policy decisions, and also provide important management information for individual courts.

Since 2007, Indiana trial courts and probation departments have submitted their statistical reports, including quarterly statistical reports (caseload, probation supervisions and Juvenile Law Services information) and financial reports to the

Division electronically using the Indiana Courts Online Reports (ICOR) system. The electronic filing of statistical reports not only reduces calculation errors, but it also expedites the Division's publication of the annual reports, and provides greater ability to analyze the data when reviewing court services.

WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES REPORT

The Division uses a weighted caseload (WCL) measurement system to analyze the statistical caseload data collected from the trial courts and report on judicial resource needs. The WCL measurement system is designed to provide a uniform, statewide method for comparing trial court caseloads. Each April, the Division publishes a Weighted Caseload Report for the previous calendar year on the Indiana Courts website.

Indiana Administrative Rule 1(E) requires the courts of record in a county to implement a caseload allocation plan to achieve an even distribution of the judicial workload among the courts of record. Based on the weighted caseload measures, the difference in utilization between any two courts of record within a county must not exceed a variance of 0.40. Courts of record in a county must submit a plan, or revalidate their current plan, not less than once every two years.

Indiana's WCL system was first developed in 1993-1994 by a committee of the Indiana Judicial Conference and the Division, with the help of a consultant with nationally recognized expertise in weighted caseload measurement systems. Indiana's caseload measurement system is based on time studies and actual case file audits and ascribes relative "weights" to the different types of cases.

The Indiana Supreme Court has defined 33 case types that are assigned

weights for the weighted caseload measurement system⁵. Without a weighted system, each of these case types, whether murders or infractions, such as speeding tickets, would receive a weight of "one." A WCL system provides a relative comparison between the different case types and allows courts and court policy makers to determine the resources that would be necessary to handle the courts' caseloads.

The original study involved more than 200 judicial officers who maintained time sheets for specific periods. During the first phase of the study, the committee developed a list of specific case actions that occur before, during and after a case, such as prejudgment hearings, trial preparation, motion practice, plea/admissions hearings, bench trials, settlements, jury trials, opinion drafting, order issuing, sentencing, post-judgment hearings (for example, probation revocations, petitions for support and custody modifications) and research. During the second phase, the participating judicial officers then maintained time sheets detailing how much time each of these particular actions required. The third phase involved the audit by the committee and its consultants of thousands of randomly selected case files, some already closed for many years, and others still active. This audit revealed how frequently each of the specific case actions occurred in a particular case type. The consultant then analyzed this data to determine the statewide average of how frequently these actions occurred in particular case types and how long they took. The analysis resulted in the establishment of a relative time, in minutes, for handling each of the case types.

The committee also derived an average number of minutes available to

⁵ Indiana Administrative Rule 8 identifies 36 case types but CB – Court Business does not receive a weight and two case types are no longer used for new case filings.

every judicial officer in a calendar year for handling case-related activities. This number represents an average 40-hour workweek, reduced by time for events or obligations such as vacations, illness, administrative responsibilities, continuing legal education, community activities and public outreach.

The WCL system is used to evaluate new filings only. It allows courts to forecast the amount of judicial time that would be necessary to process the cases being filed in a particular court or county.

Because the WCL system is based on statewide averages, it is important to recognize that it encompasses cases that are dismissed before any action is ever taken by a court, cases that are settled, cases that are reopened numerous times, and cases that require weeks to try. In addition, averages do not reflect specific local differences that may affect a particular county or court.

The system was updated in 2002 and again in 2009, based on a study that commenced in 2007. The procedures for the 2002 and 2009 studies mirror the original study, but both update studies examined only selected case types. The committee and the Division, along with expert statistical consultants, worked well into 2009 on the update, with a final report issued in May 2009. As a result of the study completed in 2009, the weights allocated to each of the felony case types, Juvenile CHINS, and Juvenile Termination of Parental Rights cases were adjusted. Additionally, for the first time, the post-conviction relief case type was studied and certified problem solving courts were studied as well. Because several case types have not been studied since the original study in the mid-1990's, the committee commenced a new, comprehensive study in 2010. This study, funded by a Court Reform Grant awarded by the Indiana Supreme Court, is expected to take 18 to 24 months to complete.

To assist policy makers in accurately assessing a county's need for additional judicial officers, the Division prepares a report on the relative severity of judicial resource need. The WCL system provides a tool for assessing the need for additional judges based on the number of cases being filed in a county. The "relative severity of need" concept provides a relative comparison of the need for new judges in each county.

This concept is best illustrated by an example. If the report indicates that County A and County B each need 2 additional judges, it may seem that their need is identical. However, because of the number of judges already working in a county, the severity of the need may vary significantly. If County A already has 10 judges and needs 2 judges, it means that each of the 10 judges has to carry 120 percent of the expected caseload. On the other hand, if County B only has 2 judges and needs 2 more, it means that each of its existing judges is already handling double the expected caseload. Obviously, the "relative severity" of County B's need for new judges is far greater than the need of County A.

The Weighted Caseload Measures report for 2010 appears in this Volume in the Indiana Trial Courts Annual Report section and also is available at www.courts.in.gov.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES AND RECORDKEEPING PRACTICES

Under Indiana Code 33-24-6-3, the Division is charged with the duty to examine the administrative and business methods and systems of clerks of courts and other offices serving the courts and to make recommendations for necessary improvement. Within the Division, this responsibility is handled by the Trial Court Management Section. Under Indiana Trial Rule 77(J), the Division reviews the clerk's

recordkeeping systems and formats and the quality and permanency requirements for the chronological case summary, case file and record of judgments and orders for compliance with Trial Rule 77. Dovetailing with these responsibilities, the Trial Court Management Section provides staff support for the Indiana Supreme Court Records Management Committee whose mission under Indiana Administrative Rule 4 is to “conduct a continuing study of the practices, procedures and systems for the maintenance, management and retention of court records employed by the courts and offices serving the courts of this State.”

The Trial Court Management Section is charged with the administration of Indiana Administrative Rule 6, which sets standards for microfilming and scanning programs, and Indiana Administrative Rule 7, which contains retention schedules concerning the disposal and the long-term retention of records. Part of the records management services offered by the Division is on-site assistance to courts and clerks with records preservation, disposal, and imaging. Trial Court Management Section staff visited nine counties on 12 visits to county courthouses and government centers in 2010. These visits were results of invitations from judges and clerks and from suggested visits on the part of staff to help clerks and judges with such issues as records retention and disposal, implementation of court rules on record keeping and information technology, microfilming, and document imaging. At the invitation of the Honorable Carl Taul, Judge of the Ripley Circuit Court, and Mary Ann McCoy, Clerk of the Ripley Circuit Court, section staff conducted a training seminar for the clerk’s staff on record keeping and access to court records. In Fayette County, at the request of the Honorable Daniel Pflum, Judge of the Fayette Circuit Court, and Clerk of the Fayette Circuit Court Ann Frost, staff from the Trial Court Management Section helped organize and dispose of records

that have been stored in the basement of the county jail. In Shelby County, at the request of the Honorable Russell Sanders, Judge of Shelby Superior Court #2, and Carol Stohry, Clerk of the Shelby Circuit County, Trial Court Management staff conducted two training seminars for employees who had been hired to work on a comprehensive records program for the courts and clerk. Visits to other counties mainly focused on advising clerks and their staffs on records retention and disposal and on implementing microfilming and document imaging programs.

In 2010, the Division approved document imaging systems of three counties, Bartholomew, Daviess, and Porter. Clerks and judges in these counties certified that their document imaging programs adhered to the standards stated in Indiana Administrative Rule 6. The certification of document imaging programs began in 2005, and an average of three to five programs have been approved each year since then.

ELECTRONIC CASE FILING AND ELECTRONIC SERVICE PILOT PROJECTS

The Indiana Supreme Court adopted Indiana Administrative Rule 16 to encourage trial courts to initiate electronic filing pilot projects, and the Indiana Supreme Court approved pilot projects in Lake and Marion counties that were implemented in 2010. The case types that were included in these pilot projects were civil collection cases in Marion County and mortgage foreclosure cases in both Lake and Marion Counties. Electronic filing in these counties has resulted in greater efficiencies and in a reduction in the number of paper documents filed in these case types, thereby saving storage space needed for records retention. In 2010, White County submitted to the Division a written request for approval of a project and a plan, as is required by Indiana

Administrative Rule 16. The county proposes to implement electronic filing for all case types except estates, using the court's existing case management system.

The Division has the responsibility under Indiana Administrative Rule 16 to define the necessary elements of any plan submitted to initiate an electronic filing project. In 2010, to facilitate this process, the Division's staff drafted a proposed model e-filing plan, a model local rule for e-filing, and accompanying exhibits for the plan. Beginning in 2011, these model documents will be posted to the Indiana Court's website at www.courts.in.gov, and may be used by courts seeking approval for their plans.

ACCESS TO COURT RECORDS AND REQUESTS FOR BULK DISTRIBUTION OF COURT RECORDS

Indiana Administrative Rule 9 addresses public access to court records and confidentiality of certain court records. The rule governs all case and administrative court records maintained and generated by every court and court agency in the state court system. Court records are generally accessible to the public except as specifically provided in the rule.

One significant provision in the rule requires that the Division review all requests for bulk distribution or compilations of court information. "Bulk distribution" is defined as "the distribution of all, or a significant subset of the information in court records in electronic form, as is, and without modification or compilation." "Compiled information" is information "derived from the selection, aggregation or reformulation of some of all or a subset of all the information from more than one individual court record in electronic form." If the request is for bulk distribution of court information that is not

excluded from public access under Indiana Administrative Rule 9, the Division requires the requesting party to execute a bulk data user agreement before referring the requesting party to the local court for its decision on whether or not to provide bulk distribution. The bulk data user agreements expire annually, but may be renewed. An amendment to Indiana Administrative Rule 9, effective January 1, 2010, permits the Indiana Supreme Court to make granting a request for bulk distribution contingent upon the requesting party paying the fair market value of the information.

The Division may refer requests for records from multiple courts, and must refer all requests for information in court records that is excluded from public access to the Indiana Supreme Court.

Only the Indiana Supreme Court may approve requests for bulk distribution of information that is excluded from public access under Indiana Administrative Rule 9. These requests are subject to strict requirements and may only be made by persons having a substantial interest or a *bona fide* research activity for scholarly, journalistic, political, governmental, research, evaluation or statistical purposes. In 2010, the Division approved six requests for bulk distribution of non-confidential records and executed the requisite user agreements. A list of the bulk records requestors approved to receive non-confidential court records, along with copies of their user agreements, may be found at www.courts.in.gov. The Indiana Supreme Court approved two bulk data requests for information that is excluded from public access under Indiana Administrative Rule 9.

Many trial courts post non-confidential court information on the Internet as permitted by Indiana Trial Rule 77 (K). If a court contracts with a third-party vendor to do so, the vendor must also execute a bulk data user agreement

with the Division.

Education about and assistance with the application of the provisions of Administrative Rule 9 on public access to court records continues to be a significant Division function. In July 2010, the Division revised its *Public Access to Court Records Handbook* which may be found on the Indiana Courts website at www.courts.in.gov.

DEPLOYMENT OF TRIAL COURT INFORMATION ON THE INTERNET

Courts are encouraged to make court docket information available to the public over the Internet. However, to ensure that only public court information is deployed and deployed appropriately, Indiana Trial Rule 77(K) provides that before any court or clerk posts court records on the Internet, it must seek and receive authorization from the Division. Courts using the Odyssey case management system deployed by the Division's Judicial Technology and Automation Committee (JTAC) staff are automatically authorized to make non-confidential listings of cases filed with the court, including party names and case numbers, attorney addresses and chronological case summaries available on the Internet using the Odyssey public access module, which may be accessed from the Indiana Courts homepage, www.courts.in.gov, at no cost.

During 2010, Division staff reviewed and approved many Internet related requests. Of the 92 counties in Indiana, 49 have been approved to post their docket information on the Internet, as are four city courts and two town courts. Most post chronological case summary, party and calendar information. In addition, the Division, under the direction of the Supreme Court, approved pilot projects in five counties to permit the posting of images of non-confidential court orders

and judgments on the Internet under certain conditions. Although no records were posted under these approvals in 2010, the Division worked with stakeholders throughout the year to refine the conditions under which imaged documents would be permitted to be posted. The list of approved counties can be viewed at www.courts.in.gov.

COURT IMPROVEMENT GRANTS

The Indiana Supreme Court's Court Improvement Program (CIP), which began in 1994, continued in 2010 under the leadership of its CIP Executive Committee. The CIP distributed federal grants earmarked to improve the judicial system for abused and neglected children in foster care. The funds are used primarily for basic court improvements, training, and data collection and analysis. The Division serves as the fiscal administrator of the CIP grant funds, while the Indiana Judicial Center provides substantive program administration.

In 2010, a detailed pilot study of Court Performance Measures in Child Abuse and Neglect Cases continued in Allen County, with plans to expand to other counties in coming years. Presentation of the results of an extensive study of Termination of Parental Rights cases appealed during a five- year period and proposals for modifications of Indiana Rules of Appellate Procedure to eliminate unnecessary delay in the process were presented to the Indiana Supreme Court Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure.

As recommended by the Indiana Task Force on Dual Jurisdiction Youth, a Court initiative based on the Team Report on Summit III, National Judicial Leadership Summit on the Protection of Children, a study continued during 2010 to identify and define the nature, comparative treatment and scope of this phenomenon

in the state. After the initial step of defining a dual jurisdiction youth as “regardless of the original entry by circumstances into either the delinquency or dependency system, a dual jurisdiction child is one who qualifies for adjudication under both codes,” the Task Force began the process of gathering and assessing available data, while determining what additional data may be required. Additional accomplishments of the Court Improvement Program can be found in the portion of the Indiana Supreme Court Annual Report detailing the work of the Judicial Conference of Indiana and Indiana Judicial Center.

CONTINUITY OF OPERATIONS PLANNING FOR THE TRIAL COURTS

In 2010, fires and ruptured water pipes in court facilities impacted the operations of Indiana's courts, clearly demonstrating the importance of advance planning for recovery of court functions. The Division developed new tools allowing courts to quickly and easily plan for such unexpected situations and continued to devote a full time staffer to assist court personnel with all aspects of continuity planning.

A newly enhanced, more streamlined continuity plan format rolled out in 2010 allows courts to quickly develop a plan that addresses basic issues such as command and control, and communication. The plan can then be continually improved over time through the addition of more in-depth components that cover specific considerations and recovery strategies for individual court functions. The flexibility of the plan format allows the court to start with a first-rate outline for an emergency and move to even more detailed and robust plans. When complete, a typical continuity plan will incorporate a Line of Succession, Plan Activation Team, Internal and External Contact Lists,

Essential Functions, and Recovery Checklists that address essential functions.

An emergency communication wallet card developed in 2010 puts critical contact and activation information in the hands of judges and other key personnel so that, even if they do not have access to their continuity plan, they will be prepared at all times to respond to the unexpected by communicating to court personnel and accessing available recovery resources and assistance.

TRIAL COURT TECHNOLOGY AND AUTOMATION

During the third full year of deployment of Indiana's uniform statewide case management system (CMS) called “Odyssey,” 32 courts in 13 counties were added to the network. This brought the total number of courts using Odyssey at year's end to 77, managing 30 percent of the state's caseload. Approximately 570,000 new cases were stored in a central database and their dockets made available at no charge over the Internet to the public and other users of court data.

Just over a decade ago, the Indiana Supreme Court created its Judicial Technology and Automation Committee (JTAC) to improve trial court technology in our state. Because implementation of a uniform statewide CMS and sharing of court information are principal among its goals, having nearly one-third of the state's caseload managed by the Odyssey CMS is a major milestone in what has been—and what continues to be—a challenging and necessary endeavor for justice and public safety in Indiana.

The successes of the Odyssey project to date mirror similar successes in other centralized technology projects implemented by JTAC over the past five years. While Odyssey is by far JTAC's

biggest and most ambitious undertaking, it is only a part of a comprehensive effort to improve trial court technology in Indiana. To see how far technology has come, reflect on the fact that when JTAC was established in 1999, only 30 percent of Indiana judges had access to the Internet and e-mail in their courts.

In the early years, JTAC helped courts get Internet and e-mail access, LexisNexis access, computer equipment, and desktop training. Later, an award-winning jury pool project made available comprehensive jury lists for every county across the state. Additional projects have been carried out in response to changing legislation creating a need for a statewide technology solution. And as a uniform statewide CMS began materializing, other projects have been developed that are interdependent with the concept of a uniform statewide CMS. The balance of this report discusses both the CMS project and these other projects in some detail.

THE ODYSSEY CMS PROJECT

Odyssey has been installed in 68 courts in the 36 months since the nine initial pilot installations in December 2007. This record is all the more impressive when the rigorous quality controls demanded by the Indiana Supreme Court are considered — quality as to converting data from old case management systems, to standardizing business practices to comply with state law and regulations, and to configuring Odyssey to conform to local practices.

Judges and Clerks using Odyssey have noted significant advantages in their ability to manage court cases and related financial information. This is especially evident in courts like the Marion County Traffic Court, where many infractions are processed electronically from the moment they are written through to their disposition.

At year's end, JTAC was preparing for additional deployments in courts in Marion, Shelby, Greene, Hendricks, Steuben, Henry and Starke counties. JTAC has a long waiting list of courts and clerks that would also like to have Odyssey installed. But with only so many men and women on our deployment teams, JTAC is unable to fulfill these requests as rapidly as we would like. JTAC will install Odyssey as rapidly as our resources allow, consistent with the quality demanded by the Indiana Supreme Court.

Odyssey's "Supervision" module was deployed during 2010. It will assist users in managing the caseload of its Probation Department, Community Corrections Department, Court Alcohol and Drug Program, Drug Court Program, Mental Health Court Program, and other Problem-Solving Court Programs. Information pertaining to a Supervision client is stored and accessible by not only the Courts and Clerks who use Odyssey, but also other users of Odyssey Supervision throughout the state. This feature truly makes Odyssey a statewide case management system. Odyssey Supervision allows the user to create a caseload of clients; assess and collect program fees; create case contact notes; enter and track conditions of supervision; print forms and reports; store drug test results; monitor compliance with intervention services; and manage program attendance. Ten agencies began using Odyssey Supervision during 2010.

Among the major characteristics and attendant advantages of Odyssey are the following:

Centralization and Uniformity. Odyssey operates from a single centralized data center under the terms of a single licensing agreement and annual maintenance and support agreement with the Odyssey vendor. The costs of the data center, licensing agreement, and maintenance and support agreement are all born by JTAC. This is fiscally

advantageous to local budgets because it frees them from supporting software licensing, maintenance, and training costs, easing the burden on local property taxes. In addition, local courts are relieved of the significant data center costs of localized systems. (If a county needs additional network capacity to run Odyssey, those costs are also absorbed by JTAC.)

Low Marginal Cost of New Deployments. With Odyssey, a statewide license for an unlimited number of users was paid for, up front, one time. Costs for the data center, maintenance, and support are essentially fixed, regardless of how many counties use the system. The marginal costs that do increase as counties join the system are related to network access and helpdesk staffing, but overall, those costs are small. This means that the ongoing operating cost of the system won't get more expensive as it spreads throughout the state. In fact, it's just the opposite—the marginal cost of adding courts to Odyssey is substantially less than the savings those courts realize in terminating their existing licensing, maintenance, support, data center, and other financial obligations.

Person-based system. With Odyssey, the basic unit for each record is not the case, but the individual. Users can easily see whether an individual has an outstanding warrant or relevant pending or decided cases in other counties.

Consistent financial tracking. A uniform system means the financial transactions entrusted to Indiana clerks are accounted for uniformly from county to county and in accordance with Indiana statutes and State Board of Accounts regulations.

Uniform case processing. Like clerk financials, the processing of cases is standardized from court to court to the extent required by state laws and Indiana Supreme Court rules, assuring similarly

situated litigants are treated the same throughout the state.

CRITICAL INTERFACES USING INCITE

Critical interfaces now exist between courts and clerks, law enforcement and state agencies. These interfaces reside on a secure "extranet" called "INcite" (Indiana Court Information Transmission Extranet), a website that is used to exchange important information with external and disconnected user groups.

Here are the principal ways in which INcite is being used to transmit and receive critical information.

Jury List and Management System. For the sixth year, JTAC released a master jury list created with the help of the Bureau of Motor Vehicles and the Department of Revenue. Data from these agencies is merged and filtered producing the most comprehensive list of jurors for courts to utilize. Following the development of this list, JTAC worked on building a jury management system that could be used by courts to draw a panel, administer questionnaires, and process jury compensation. Fifty-six counties are now using the jury management system.

JTAC/Bureau of Motor Vehicles Initiative. JTAC continues to work with courts and clerks throughout the state to ensure the timely submission of driver license suspension and conviction information to the Bureau of Motor Vehicles (BMV). Starting in 2005 with the deployment of INcite, courts began to send this information electronically to the BMV so that a person's driver record was updated by the next day. By the end of 2010, more than 16,000 transmissions were being sent each week. JTAC worked with the BMV to expand the types of convictions that could be reported

electronically to include not only infractions and ordinance violations but also criminal convictions. Clerks can now access activity reports through INcite instead of receiving them in the mail from the BMV. These reports are essential because they contain any errors that may have occurred during the electronic submission of a conviction or suspension. For example, an error in a date of birth or a name misspelled will cause the electronic submission to fail on the BMV's end. Clerks have the ability to resubmit these cases once the corrections are made. During 2010, JTAC released new functionality that allowed users to access not only driver records, but also vehicle title and registration information. Clerks have the ability to look up suspension information for each driver as well as court information as it relates to that suspension.

Electronic Citation and Warning System (eCWS). With federal funding and the help of law enforcement partners, JTAC developed the "electronic Citation and Warning System" (eCWS) to use scanners and other technology to increase greatly the speed at which traffic tickets are issued. The Indiana State Police implemented the system in 2007. Fifty-two additional law enforcement agencies began using eCWS in 2010, bringing the total number of agencies to 202 and the number of officers using the system to more than 6,200. A scanner reads the barcode on the driver license and registration, populating the e-ticket to save valuable time during stops and reduce data errors. Used in conjunction with Odyssey, approximately 166,000 traffic tickets have been filed electronically using eCWS that previously would have been processed by hand. JTAC worked with Lake County officials and several city and town court judges to provide traffic ticket data electronically to their local case management systems. Since 2007 through the end of 2010, more than 2.7 million tickets and warnings have been uploaded to the e-ticket central repository.

Mental Health Adjudications. A new law requiring courts to electronically provide mental health data to the FBI was enacted effective July 1, 2009. Public Law 110-2009 requires the Division to establish and administer an electronic system for transmitting information that relates to certain individuals who may be prohibited from possessing a firearm to the FBI for inclusion in the federal National Instant Criminal Background Check System. By the end of 2010, 2,326 cases had been submitted to the FBI.

Protection Order Registry. Developed in 2007, the Protection Order Registry (POR) helped standardize the way Protection and No-Contact Orders are issued and enforced across the state. The POR allows the court to prepare the order, submit it to the Indiana Data and Communications System (IDACS) and on to the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) at the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), and to notify local law enforcement that the order has been issued. Within minutes following the issuance of an order, it appears on the state and national law enforcement databases where the information can be viewed by any law enforcement agency in the country. On July 1, 2009, the Indiana General Assembly began requiring all courts and law enforcement agencies to utilize the POR. JTAC provided the necessary training and support so that all courts could comply with the new law. In 2009, JTAC implemented new POR functionality that allowed victim advocates to complete a request for a protection order through the on-line Registry. Advocates agree that this process allows the advocates to provide more comprehensive and valuable assistance to victims during their time of crisis. Advocates created 2,733 petitions for a protection order during 2010. Work was completed on an interface between the POR and Odyssey allowing the two systems to communicate and users no longer have to enter the same information into each system.

Department of Child Services. In 2008, probation officers acquired new responsibilities related to the reporting of Title IV-E eligibility for individuals involved in juvenile delinquency cases. The obligation to reimburse third-party providers shifted from the county to the Department of Child Services (DCS); however this new payment model required a process whereby data could be exchanged between probation officers in 92 counties and DCS. JTAC and DCS began work in September and a new INcite system was developed and then launched January 1, 2009, the effective date of the legislation. This application interfaces with DCS' Indiana Child Welfare Information System (ICWIS) and facilitates the IV-E eligibility determination and payment process for child placement services in juvenile delinquency cases. Since 2008, more than 6,000 ICWIS cases have been initiated or re-opened through this INcite application .

Marriage License e-file. In 2010, more than 19,000 Indiana marriage licenses were recorded by 64 counties through JTAC's Marriage License e-file system. The system eliminates the need to handwrite applications and record data in paper record books. The system is used by the Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH). Applicants for a marriage license must provide their social security number in an effort to improve the collection of unpaid child support. The Department of Child Services (DCS), ISDH and JTAC worked to facilitate the exchange of applicant data in order to enhance Title IV-D child support enforcement efforts throughout Indiana. JTAC provides a data file to DCS and DCS compares that information with their delinquent payor data file. If a match occurs, information is submitted to the local child support enforcement office in order to initiate new enforcement proceedings. DCS uses this same data file to locate custodial parents in order to forward child support payments received through IV-D collection efforts.

ICOR Project. The "Indiana Courts Online Reports" (ICOR) project enables courts and probation departments to file their statistical reports with the Indiana Supreme Court through INcite, rather than by fax or mail. These reports provide quarterly information on such matters as the filing and disposition of cases and annual fiscal information. Using this information, the Indiana Supreme Court publishes this annual Indiana Judicial Service Report, providing vital information for long-range planning and other policy decisions by the Indiana Supreme Court, the Indiana General Assembly, and others.

e-Tax Warrants. JTAC receives tax warrants from the Department of Revenue (DOR) for 45 county clerks. Within INcite, these warrants are assigned a 'CB' case number and are entered into an electronic judgment book pursuant to statute. INcite returns the case number to DOR and, in return, DOR sends \$3 for every judgment entered back to the clerk. JTAC incorporated this process into Odyssey so that all tax warrants in Odyssey can be found on the public records website at <http://mycase.in.gov>. There were more than 1 million tax warrants in the database by year end.

Risk Assessment Tools. In 2009, the Indiana Judicial Center led the task force to develop a new set of risk assessment tools for Indiana adult and juvenile probation officers, community corrections officers and Department of Correction staff. The purpose of these tools is to determine appropriate case plans, treatment and sentencing for adults and juveniles in the judicial system. Once these tools were developed and validated, JTAC began work to incorporate these tools into an on-line application within INcite. The tools for juveniles were released and piloted in September by the Marion County Juvenile Probation Department. The tools for adults were released and piloted by users in the Morgan and Hendricks counties' Adult

Probation departments. By the end of 2010, over 575 users had completed 3,685 juvenile assessments and 237 adult assessments. The departments and agencies involved can share risk assessment results when appropriate and INCite maintains all risk assessments completed for any given individual.

Public Defender Information System. Through a grant awarded by the Indiana Criminal Justice Institute, JTAC and the Indiana Public Defender Council partnered to build a case management system for public defenders. The Public Defender Information System (PDIS) was launched in September and was installed in the Monroe and Floyd Counties Public Defender offices. Washington County began using PDIS in November. PDIS works in conjunction with Odyssey and the users are able to pull case and calendar information from Odyssey on a real time basis. PDIS allows users to track client information, appointments, case information and the system generates the necessary reports that are required by the state.

Indiana Courts Website (www.courts.in.gov). JTAC develops and maintains the Internet website for Indiana courts, containing information about Indiana trial courts, city and town courts, and county clerks, including contact information, local court rules, and online courthouse tours. The website has extensive sections on Indiana appellate courts and their agencies, judicial committees, programs and initiatives discussed in this report. Visitors can also access public court records from the Odyssey case management system and webcasts of oral arguments. Under the direction of the Domestic Relations Committee, the on-line Child Support Calculators were redesigned during 2010 and incorporated the new 2010 Guidelines. These calculators are used by judges, court staff, attorneys, and parents. Appellate opinions and the Child Support

Calculator are the two most popular features of the website.

Criminal Case Disposition Information. Another critical Odyssey interface was developed during 2010. Through a grant from the Indiana Criminal Justice Institute, JTAC worked with the Indiana State Police (ISP) to send disposition information in criminal cases from Odyssey to the Criminal History Records Information System (CHRIS) at ISP electronically. Information for the test case was sent to ISP the last week in December. Work will continue through 2011 so that all Odyssey courts can submit conviction information to ISP in real time.

JTAC HONORS

In 2010, JTAC received the “Innovations in American Government Award – Bright Idea” for the INCite platform and the electronic traffic ticket technology (eCWS) developed by JTAC. In December, JTAC was honored by the Council of State Governments with the “Innovations Award” for the INCite platform and the multiple applications developed and maintained within INCite.

APPELLATE COURT TECHNOLOGY

The Division’s Appellate Information Technology Section provides computer, network, and related infrastructure services to more than 250 computer users in the Indiana Supreme Court, Indiana Court of Appeals, Indiana Tax Court, and all supporting agencies. The section supports desktop applications, networks, and custom software applications, including appellate case management, role of attorneys, and education tracking for judges, attorneys, and mediators.

During 2010, the team focused significant effort on analyzing process and technology requirements for a new appellate case management system. Initially, the section assembled a team from the Indiana Supreme Court Clerk's office, the Indiana Supreme Court, the Indiana Court of Appeals, and the Indiana Tax Court to review all case-related processes from the filing of a notice of appeal to a case's final disposition and archive. The team issued a public notice of contracting opportunity in July 2010 requesting proposals for a new case management system with electronic filing capabilities. After reviewing proposals from eight vendors, three finalists were selected for additional consideration.

The case management analysis led to the development of a reporting system, or data mart, to facilitate gathering information relating to the role of attorneys and case management applications. IT staff and key users have the ability to query the databases and generate reports, from simple to very complicated. Annual processing has been streamlined with the new reporting system.

The section provided a data link for a new website, developed by JTAC, supporting the judicial retention elections of 2010. The website delivers information for appellate cases on which each judge served on the assigned panel, including links to each judge's written opinions.

EMPLOYMENT LAW, OFFICE MANAGEMENT AND HUMAN RESOURCES

The Director of Office and Employment Law Services serves as special "in-house" counsel to all the judges of Indiana. The Indiana Supreme Court provides an attorney with extensive experience in the area of employment law, as well as experience in office

management, as an advisor for the trial and appellate courts. It is common-place for judges to have had limited supervisory experience before taking the bench. Suddenly the judges not only have to supervise a staff but one in which the laws and regulations are uniquely applied. Employees of the judiciary are in a unique position. The laws that apply to public employees vary from those that apply to private employees. Further, at times judicial employees are considered county, other times state, and other times neither state nor county employees. Because of the unique position of judicial employees, it is important for the judges to have a readily available source knowledgeable of all the laws and issues related to judicial employment.

The Director is available to advise and assist judges with all employment related matters: consultation on the proper disciplinary measure, research on laws related to employment, review of employee handbooks, providing templates of policies for employees, appeal of unemployment claims, and responses to EEOC charges. She also serves as the liaison between the Office of Attorney General and the judges. She is able to keep track on the work done on cases against judges, and also help keep some distance between judges who may be represented by the Attorney General in one cause and have the Attorney General before the court representing a party in another cause.

The Director works proactively to educate the courts with activities such as articles in the *Indiana Court Times* and presentations at Judicial College sessions and seminars. The Director also is available to do staff training on a variety of issues, including harassment and ethics for court employees.

In the course of her service to the courts, the Director has provided direct services to the majority of the judges in

Indiana, as well as provided education to all.

PUBLIC INFORMATION SERVICES

Because of the high level of interest by the public and the press in the work of the judicial branch, the Indiana Supreme Court employs a full-time Public Information Officer (PIO) who serves as a liaison between all the courts and the press. The PIO's services are available to each justice, appellate judge, all trial court judges and the Indiana Supreme Court agencies.

The level of public interest in the work of the judiciary is evident in the number of inquiries received by the Public Information Officer. The PIO answered approximately 550 media inquiries from local, state and national press and nearly 200 questions from members of the public during 2010.

The Indiana Supreme Court uses a number of tools to communicate with the press and public. In May 2010, the Indiana Supreme Court launched a Twitter page. By the end of the year the Indiana Supreme Court had approximately 500 followers. The page allows the press and the public to receive instant notification of Court information including details about press events and links to certain court documents. The weekly list of cases granted and denied transfer is also published on the page. The Indiana Supreme Court communicates through a number of other blogs including the Indiana Judicial Center Legislative Blog (indianacourts.us/blogs/legislative) and the JTAC Bits & Bytes blog (indianacourts.us/blogs/jtac). The Indiana Supreme Court's YouTube Channel is increasingly popular with more than 130,000 video views by the end of 2010. Reaching out to reporters in a more traditional manner, the Indiana Supreme

Court distributed more than 100 press releases and hosted nine press conferences in 2010. The range of topics varied greatly and showcased everything from the Indiana Supreme Court's work deploying a statewide case management system to the charges filed against judges accused of misconduct.

The State of the Judiciary address by Chief Justice Randall T. Shepard was widely covered by press. The annual speech was carried live by WRTV-6, the Indianapolis ABC affiliate, on its digital sub-channel. Indiana Public Broadcasting Stations later aired a special devoted to the State of the Judiciary on television stations across the state. In addition to the coverage by traditional media, Internet bloggers covered the remarks.

Many oral arguments were the subject of press coverage. The PIO coordinates all requests for still and broadcast photography of the arguments. Journalists also took advantage of the live webcasts by covering arguments from their newsroom without ever stepping foot in the courtroom. The Indiana Supreme Court continued its partnership with Indiana Public Broadcasting Stations (IPBS). IPBS aired oral arguments on stations across the state and produced eight jury duty Public Service Announcements.

The majority of media attention on the Indiana Supreme Court during the year focused on the retirement of Justice Theodore Boehm and the selection of Justice Steven David. The media took great interest in the selection process for the Indiana Supreme Court's 106th member. The interviews conducted by the Indiana Judicial Nominating Commission were open to the press and public and were attended by media from across the state. Reporters did extensive stories on their "hometown" candidate by following them through the process. Abbreviated versions of the applications submitted by

attorneys and judges were placed online for the public to review. The Indiana Supreme Court also hosted a session in the law library where full applications, with voluminous writing samples, reference letters and academic transcripts were available for in-person inspection. Many reporters attended the session and complimented the Indiana Supreme Court for its transparency.

In August 2010, in cooperation with the Indiana Judicial Center and the Community Relations Committee, the Indiana Supreme Court hosted a Law School for Journalists. The event took place in Indianapolis and was attended by approximately 30 print, television, radio and Internet journalists. The curriculum included information on covering juvenile cases, tips on how to find court documents and featured Matt Tully of *The Indianapolis Star* as the keynote speaker. It provided press with real world information to improve the level of reporting on the work of the judicial branch.

GAL/CASA PROGRAM

The state GAL/CASA office, which was first established to manage the state matching grant program, has significantly increased the services it provides to the county programs since the Indiana General Assembly mandated the appointment of a Guardian *Ad Litem*/Court Appointed Special Advocate in each abuse and neglect case and increased state funding for such programs.

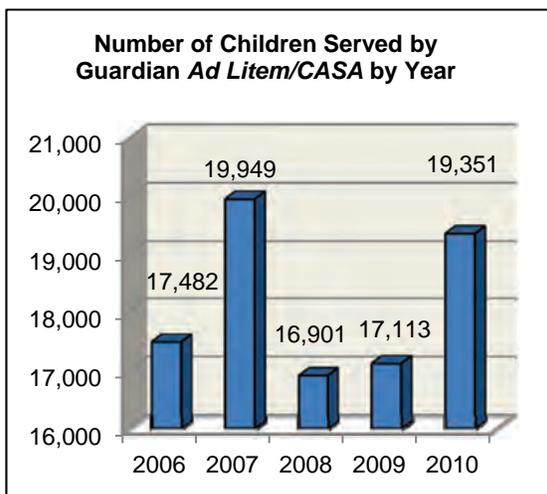
In child abuse and neglect cases, the needs of the child-victims are often overlooked while the attorneys and the court focus on addressing the parents' problems. Guardian *Ad Litem* and Court Appointed Special Advocates serve as representatives of abused and neglected children in Child in Need of Services, or "CHINS," cases so that their interests are protected and their voices are heard. In

1989, the Indiana General Assembly established a program for Guardian *Ad Litem* and Court Appointed Special Advocate (GAL/CASA) services, to be administered by the Division. In 2005, the Indiana General Assembly passed legislation requiring the appointment of a GAL/CASA for every child in every CHINS case; in 2007, they increased the funding to support the program in its efforts to serve every child.

Through this program, counties that operate a certified GAL/CASA volunteer-based program receive matching state grants that are administered and disbursed by the Division based on a statutory formula. In order to be certified, programs must comply with the Indiana Supreme Court's GAL/CASA Program Standards and Code of Ethics, and provide annual statistics, a budget and a financial statement regarding the use of the grant funds. The Division's GAL/CASA office through its State Director and Program Coordinator, oversee the certification process and ensure compliance with the program standards. The Division's GAL/CASA office also holds an annual conference and provides training and support services for local GAL/CASA programs.

Seventy-one of Indiana's 92 counties were certified and received state GAL/CASA matching funds in 2010. These programs were staffed by the equivalent of 171 paid full-time personnel. Of the 71 counties with volunteer-based programs, 37 counties had court-based programs, 20 counties had programs that were separate non-profit entities, and 14 counties had programs that were operated under the umbrella of another non-profit entity. The remaining 21 counties appointed either attorney GALs or utilized other paid GALs. The Division's GAL/CASA office also developed two new volunteer based CASA programs in Fountain and Newton Counties; these programs were certified and received state funding in 2010.

There were at least 3,268 active GAL/CASA volunteers statewide in 2010 including 1,010 newly trained volunteers. This is the highest number of active volunteers in the history of the Division's GAL/CASA office. GAL/CASA volunteers advocated for 19,351 children in CHINS and termination of parental rights cases and made 107,703 contacts with the children they spoke for in 2010. GAL/CASA volunteers donated an estimated 508,423 hours of their time to advocate for Indiana's children. If the contribution of GAL/CASA volunteers is calculated using the estimated average rate paid to non-volunteer appointed GALs (\$50 hourly), the volunteers contributed an estimated \$25.5 million dollars to the State of Indiana.



The Division's GAL/CASA office offered many training opportunities to local GAL/CASA programs in 2010. On October 15, the Division's GAL/CASA office held its annual meeting for GAL/CASA directors and staff, and on October 16, held one of the largest GAL/CASA conferences in its history, hosting 650 GAL/CASA volunteers, local program staff and directors, and other child welfare stakeholders from all over the state. The Division's GAL/CASA office also collaborated with the Department of Education and the Youth Law Team to revise an educational advocacy training

manual and to provide four regional trainings on education advocacy.

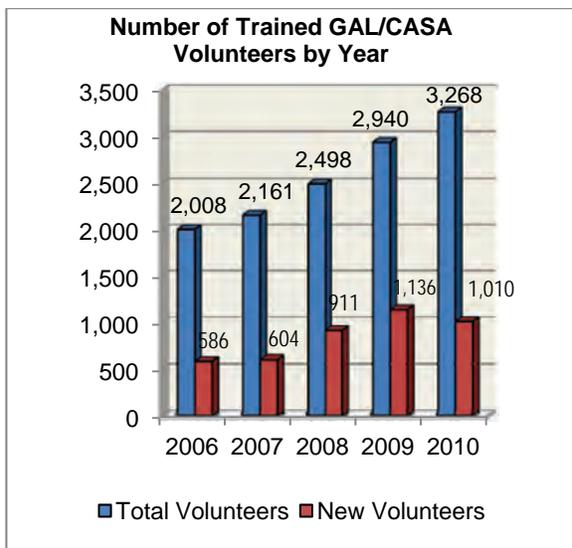
In March of 2010, the Division's GAL/CASA office was chosen by the National CASA Association to pilot a project called Fostering Futures, aimed at improving outcomes of youth aging out of the foster care system. These youth often drop out of school, become unemployed, homeless or incarcerated. In Indiana, 435 children in foster care turned 18 and faced aging out of the system without a permanent family in 2009.

The Division's GAL/CASA office was awarded a \$75,000 grant to implement the Fostering Futures project. The goal of the project was to train 75 volunteers using a special curriculum aimed at supporting youth transitions into adulthood. In the training, volunteers learn how to work with older youth to examine specific issues related to planning a positive future, such as setting short and long term goals. The volunteers were trained to complete a needs assessment with the youth and to provide resources to them in key areas, including education, employment, housing, supportive relationships, and physical and behavioral health.

The Division's GAL/CASA office provided eight different Fostering Futures events across Indiana from Evansville to South Bend. The Division's GAL/CASA office exceeded the goals of the project and trained 103 volunteers from 31 different programs. These volunteers are working with more than 120 older youth in Indiana to help them achieve their goals by purposeful planning and positive decision making. When the pilot concluded, the Division's GAL/CASA office evaluated the curriculum and provided valuable feedback that is being used to revise the curriculum. The Division's GAL/CASA office hopes to continue to offer the Fostering Futures training to help improve outcomes for Indiana's older foster youth.

The Division's GAL/CASA office also continued its partnership with the Indiana Retired Teachers Association (IRTA). A Vigo County CASA volunteer received the IRTA's Volunteer of the Year Award from Judge Cale Bradford of the Indiana Court of Appeals at a ceremony at the Statehouse. The Division's GAL/CASA office also kicked off a new partnership with the Fraternal Order of the Eagles in the summer of 2010. The Eagles sponsored various events across the state in 2010 to promote awareness of the need for CASA volunteers and to raise funds for CASA programs in Indiana.

Due to an increase in their funding in 2007, CASA programs have made significant strides in increasing the number of CASA volunteers. The first year the programs received the additional funds, the number of volunteers increased by 50 percent. The total number of volunteers in the state has gone from 2,161 in 2007 to 3,268 in 2010. However, at the end of 2010, there were still 3,000 children waiting for a GAL/CASA volunteer across the State. The Division's GAL/CASA office and local programs continue to work toward providing a volunteer and a voice for every foster child. For more information, see the GAL/CASA statistical reports in the Indiana Trial Courts Annual Reports section in this volume.



FAMILY COURT PROJECT

The Family Court project was initiated in 1999 as a cooperative effort between the Indiana General Assembly and the Indiana Supreme Court to develop common sense models to better serve children and families in our courts. The initial emphasis of the Family Court Project was to develop models to coordinate families who have multiple cases pending before multiple judges.

Beginning in 2000, three pilot counties developed Family Court models under the administration of the Division of State Court Administration, with guidance from a statewide Family Court Task Force.

The Indiana Supreme Court established four Family Court rules exclusively for the use of the Family Court projects. These rules address judicial notice, jurisdiction, and confidentiality issues to promote information sharing on troubled families. These rules are online at www.courts.in.gov.

During calendar year 2010, 21 counties participated in the Family Court project. These projects served 4,517 families and a total of 6,481 children. These projects receive assistance from the Family Court project manager under the direction of the Division.

While all projects must include some type of judicial coordination of multiple case families, programming has expanded to include non-adversarial dispute resolution and other programming. In 2010, programming types included service referral, direct service case management, truancy programming, drug court, assistance for self represented litigants, mental health related services, and high risk screening. The original counties remain actively involved in the project and continue to share ideas and mentor new pilot counties.

APPROVAL OF LOCAL ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PLANS FOR DOMESTIC RELATIONS CASES

In 2003, the Indiana General Assembly passed legislation authorizing the creation of alternative dispute resolution (ADR) programs in domestic relations cases in each of Indiana's 92 counties. The statute was modeled after a pilot program first implemented in Allen County by Judge Thomas Felts. The alternative dispute resolution program in domestic relations cases under Indiana Code 33-23-6 permits a county to collect a \$20 fee from a party filing for a legal separation, paternity or dissolution case. This fee is paid in a separate fund and may be used for mediation, reconciliation, nonbinding arbitration and parental counseling in the county in which it is collected. Money in the fund must primarily benefit litigants who have the least ability to pay. Litigants with current criminal charges or convictions of certain crimes relating to domestic violence are excluded from participating.

A county wishing to participate in an ADR program must develop an ADR plan that is consistent with the statute and that is approved by a majority of the county's judges with jurisdiction over domestic relations and paternity cases. The Executive Director of the Division must approve the plan, in accordance with Indiana ADR Rule 1.11. The counties are required to file an annual report summarizing the ADR program each year. Currently, there are 27 counties with approved ADR plans (Allen, Boone, Brown, Clark, Crawford, DeKalb, Delaware, Henry, Jackson, Johnson, Lake, LaPorte, Lawrence, Marion, Martin, Monroe, Montgomery, Orange, Owen, Parke, Porter, Putnam, St. Joseph, Shelby, Stark, Sullivan, and Tippecanoe).

The Division has approved plans in the following areas: mediation services for

litigants; free mediation days; payment for training of attorneys and others in exchange for handling a number of mediation cases in a set period of time; parental counseling; and other ADR services. Courts in various counties are creative in the use of the ADR funds to provide a wide range of alternative dispute resolution services under the statute including facilitation, conflict resolution classes, anger management classes, parenting coordination and intensive in-home case management, all of which fall under the general categories of parental counseling and reconciliation listed in the ADR statute.

The 27 counties participating in the program during calendar year 2010 provided alternative dispute resolution services in 2,813 cases, which affected 3,625 children.

For more information, see the ADR statistical reports in the Indiana Trial Courts Annual Reports section in this volume.

SUPPORT TO COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES, AND PROGRAMS

JUDICIAL QUALIFICATIONS/NOMINATING COMMISSION

The Indiana Judicial Nominating Commission (Nominating Commission) and the Indiana Commission on Judicial Qualifications (Qualifications Commission) are established by Article 7, Section 9, of the Indiana Constitution. The Chief Justice of Indiana, Randall T. Shepard, is the *ex officio* Chairman of both Commissions. The other six members, who serve three-year terms, are three lawyers elected by other lawyers in the three geographic districts

of the Indiana Court of Appeals and three non-lawyers appointed by the Governor. Although comprised of the same members, the two Commissions perform distinct functions. In 2010, the Nominating Commission met eleven times and the Qualifications Commission met six times. The Division provides legal and administrative support staff to the commissions as required by Indiana Code 33-24-6-3(a)(4).

The Qualifications Commission investigates and prosecutes allegations of ethical misconduct brought against Indiana judges, judicial officers, and candidates for judicial office. Periodically, the Commission privately cautions judges who have committed relatively minor or inadvertent violations of the Code of Judicial Conduct, but in the most serious cases, the Qualifications Commission prosecutes formal disciplinary charges in public proceedings before the Supreme Court. Additionally, the Qualifications Commission staff provide judges and judicial candidates with advice about their ethical obligations under the Code of Judicial Conduct.

The Nominating Commission appoints the Chief Justice of Indiana from among the five Supreme Court Justices. The Nominating Commission also solicits and interviews candidates to fill vacancies on the Indiana Supreme Court, the Indiana Court of Appeals, and the Indiana Tax Court. It selects three nominees for each vacancy, and the Governor appoints one of the nominees to fill the vacancy.

Justice Theodore R. Boehm announced in May 2010 that he would step down from the Indiana Supreme Court on September 30, 2010. The Nominating Commission completed its evaluation of 34 candidates who applied to fill the vacancy and sent the names of three nominees to the Governor for his selection of Justice Boehm's replacement. On September 17, 2010, Governor Mitch Daniels appointed Boone Circuit Judge

Steven David to the Indiana Supreme Court from the nominees submitted by the Commission.

In August 2010, Judge Thomas G. Fisher announced that he would retire from the Indiana Tax Court at the end of the year. On October 27, 2010, after conducting interviews of 14 candidates for appointment to the Indiana Tax Court, the Commission sent the names of three nominees to the Governor. On December 27, 2010, Governor Daniels appointed Martha B. Wentworth to replace Judge Fisher on the Indiana Tax Court.

The Nominating Commission also certifies former judges as Senior Judges to help qualifying courts with their caseloads. In 2010, the Nominating Commission certified 17 new Senior Judges and recertified 91 Senior Judges. Two Senior Judge applications were rejected in 2010.

A more detailed report about the Commission and its members and activities may be found at www.courts.in.gov.

Information for Calendar Year 2010

Senior Judge Certifications	17
Senior Judge Recertifications	91
Senior Judge Certifications Denied	2

Complaints Received Alleging Code of Judicial Conduct Violations	398
Complaints Dismissed	359
Inquiries or Investigations	39
Investigation Closed Due to Judge's Resignation	2
Commission Concluded No Misconduct Occurred	6
Private Cautions Issued	11
Commission Admonition Issued With Judge's Consent	1
Formal Disciplinary Charges Filed	3
Resolved by the Supreme Court of Indiana	2
Public Hearings	0
Pending Matters 12/31/10	14

PUBLIC DEFENDER COMMISSION

The Division is responsible for providing staff support to the Indiana Public Defender Commission. In 1989, the Indiana General Assembly created a public defense fund to reimburse counties for the costs associated with indigent defense legal representation in capital cases, and in 1995, for non-capital cases. The Public Defender Commission, consisting of 11 members, was formed to distribute money from the fund to the counties, and to create standards that encourage counties to provide quality defense in criminal cases. The United States and Indiana constitutions mandate public defense services to indigent persons.

State law authorizes counties to receive reimbursements for 50 percent of expenditures for indigent defense services in capital cases and up to 40 percent in non-capital cases from this state fund. There are two sources of money for the state's Public Defense Fund: the state auditor distributes \$5.4 million yearly to the fund from court fees, under Indiana Code 33-37-7-9(c)(2), and the Indiana General Assembly appropriates money for a public defense budget from the state fund. In 2010, the Public Defense Fund received \$18.25 million.

All 92 counties are eligible for reimbursement of indigent defense costs in capital cases, provided they comply with Indiana Rules of Criminal Procedure Rule 24. The commission is required by Indiana Code 33-40-6-6 to give priority to requests for reimbursement of expenses in capital cases. In 2010, \$574,096 was distributed to the counties for death penalty defense. Since 1990, more than \$10.3 million has been distributed to Indiana counties from the Public Defense Fund to assist in defense costs of capital cases.

Currently, 50 counties qualify for reimbursement from the Public Defense

Fund for non-capital public defense expenses. These counties comprise more than 65 percent of Indiana's population. In 2010, counties participating in the reimbursement program of the public defense fund handled 92,163 indigent defense cases—a 4,101 increase of the 88,062 cases assigned in 2009.

The Indiana Public Defender Commission meets four times during each fiscal year to audit and approve claims by the counties. In 2010, the Commission distributed \$15 million to the counties on their non-capital defense requests. From 1995 to the end of 2010, more than \$108.7 million has been reimbursed to the counties from the Public Defense Fund to assist in non-capital public offense expenses.

COMMISSION ON RACE AND GENDER FAIRNESS

The Supreme Court created the Commission on Race and Gender Fairness in 1999 to study race and gender fairness in Indiana's judicial system, among legal service providers and public organizations. Under the leadership of former Indiana Supreme Court Justice Myra Selby as chair and Lake County Circuit Court Judge Lorenzo Arrendondo, as vice chair, the Commission makes recommendations to the Indiana Supreme Court to advance the issues of race and gender fairness for the improvement of our courts. The Commission is comprised of members of the judiciary, bar, state and local governments, academia, law enforcement and corrections, and public organizations. The Division provides staff support to the Commission.

In December 2002, the Commission submitted its executive report and recommendations to the Indiana Supreme Court. The report, found on the Indiana Courts website at www.courts.in.gov, was issued after three years of research,

including public forums and focus groups, all designed to assess where Indiana's courts stood on the issue of race and gender fairness. The report contains 30 recommendations in five subject areas: makeup of the profession, language and cultural barriers, criminal and juvenile justice, civil, domestic, and family law, and employment. The recommendations continue to serve as a guide to enable the Commission to fulfill its mission to promote justice for all who enter Indiana's courts.

Notable among the Commission's achievements since its inception are the establishment of the court interpreter certification program, which now boasts 82 certified interpreters on its registry, the 2005 Diversity Summit, the reproduction of public service posters in English and Spanish on display in Indiana's courts and clerks offices that explain what the court "can and cannot do" for self-represented litigants, and the translation of the child support worksheet, parenting time guidelines and portions of the Indiana criminal code into Spanish. The Commission also has produced a DVD in Spanish with English subtitles for the initial hearing in juvenile delinquency for Indiana's juvenile judges. In honor of its 10-year anniversary, the Commission decided to revisit Indiana communities to continue the discussion about race and gender issues at the local level. Following the model used ten years ago, the Commission hosted six public forums around the state in an effort to identify areas of growth and concern, and map ideas for continued improvement. The Commission's continuing work demonstrates the Indiana Supreme Court's commitment to the principle that every litigant is entitled to equal access to justice in Indiana's courts.

SUPREME COURT COMMITTEE ON RULES OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

The Executive Director of the Division serves as Executive Secretary of the Indiana Supreme Court Committee on Rules of Practice and Procedure, known informally as "The Rules Committee," and, together with Division legal staff, assists the committee and the Indiana Supreme Court in drafting and promulgating amendments to the Indiana Rules of Court.

The significant rule amendments adopted by the Indiana Supreme Court in 2010 dealt with: 1) changes to the attorney advertising rules; 2) requiring affidavits of debt in cases based upon accounts; 3) increased mandatory judicial continuing legal education; 4) a uniform method of calculating time limits based on the notations of actions in the chronological case summary; 5) new administrative judicial districts; 6) new rules for the disposition of residual funds in class-action settlements; and 7) an increase in attorney registration fees.

During the same timeframe the Rules Committee considered proposed amendments dealing with: 1) changes to the notice of appeal; 2) limited appearance by attorneys; 3) changes to the method by which cases are removed from a judge who fails to rule in a timely manner; 4) changes to the rules of evidence dealing with the waiver of attorney-client privilege; 5) application of the Family Court project rules on a state-wide basis; and 6) how out-of-state attorneys are permitted to appear before administrative agencies.

SUPREME COURT RECORDS MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

One of the earliest committees convened by the Indiana Supreme Court is the Records Management Committee,

chaired by Justice Brent Dickson, and comprised of judicial officers, clerks, bar members, a representative for prosecutors, the state public defender, and other stakeholders. The Division's Executive Director and staff assist the Committee. The Committee has been and continues to be the genesis of the package of rules which sets standards for the maintenance, management and retention of court records, as well as privacy and access to court records.

In 2010, the Committee discussed a number of issues affecting court records and procedures, including a proposed rule for reconstructing records, the abstract of judgment in criminal cases, video conferencing, the uniform numbering system, the electronic service of court orders, electronic filing, judgment docket issues, the future of the Record of Judgments and Orders in the age of Odyssey, issues relating to document imaging and microfilming, and the issuance of search warrants electronically.

JUDICIAL TECHNOLOGY AND AUTOMATION COMMITTEE (JTAC)

Division staff provides staff support to the Judicial Technology and Automation Committee which is established by the Indiana Supreme Court and chaired by Justice Frank Sullivan, Jr. The Committee's work is described previously under the Trial Court Technology section of this report.

SUPREME COURT COMMITTEE ON SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS

The *Pro Se* Committee was originally formed to address the needs of individuals who entered Indiana's courts without the assistance of an attorney. In 2000, the committee launched the Self Service Legal Center on the Indiana Courts website, www.courts.in.gov. The

center is an online repository of information, resources and forms that enable an individual to navigate in our courts and relatively simple matters without an attorney's assistance. Examples of form packages include dissolution of marriage, modification of child-support, and contempt pertaining to parenting time, to name a few. The Division maintains the site, and a Division staff attorney serves as a contact person to respond to mail, phone and electronic inquiries and provide additional referrals and resources.

As the number of self-represented litigants appearing in court continues to rise, the Indiana Supreme Court amended Indiana Administrative Rule 4 (D), effective January 1, 2008, and reconstituted the "*pro se* committee" as Committee on Self-Represented Litigants. Composed of judges, court clerks, community members, librarians, attorneys, and legal service providers, the committee's mission is to study and recommend to the Indiana Supreme Court improvement of the practice, procedures and systems for serving the self-represented litigants in Indiana's courts. The Indiana Supreme Court also understands that resources for self-represented litigants are not only necessary for our courts, but for its staff as well. The Division has conducted in-house training and statewide court staff training in Elkhart, Hamilton, Allen, Lake, Tippecanoe, and Vanderburgh counties on enhanced customer service for informed referrals for self-represented litigants and across the board, has earned high satisfaction ratings from the judicial officers and court staff participants.

For more information on the number of self-represented litigants in Indiana's courts, see the *pro se* litigants statistical report in the Indiana Trial Courts Annual Reports section in this volume.

INDIANA CONFERENCE ON LEGAL EDUCATION OPPORTUNITY (ICLEO)

The Indiana Conference for Legal Education Opportunity (ICLEO) continues to forge ahead in its goal to see increased diversity in the Indiana legal community. In May 2010, twenty five ICLEO Fellows graduated from one of the four Indiana law schools. To date, ten of those Fellows were successful on the Indiana Bar.

In June 2010, the newest ICLEO class began the mandatory Summer Institute hosted on the campus of Valparaiso University School of Law. This diverse group consisted of five African American males, eight African American females, one Mexican American male, one Hispanic female, one Mexican American female, one Asian/Pacific Islander female, two Asian/Pacific Islander males, one American Indian or Alaskan native female, six Caucasian females, and two Caucasian males.

Fellows have a tradition of blazing trails along their legal study and career paths. For example, Milton Turner, ICLEO 2007, was the 2009-10 Chief Justice of the Moot Court at Indiana University School of Law-Indianapolis. Nicholas Cayetano, also of the 2007 ICLEO class, was the 2009-10 Associate Night Justice for the court. Ilisha Dowell, ICLEO 2007, was the 2009-10 Chief Justice of the Moot Court at Valparaiso University School of Law. Current Fellows are also making waves nationally. Tiffany Munsell, Leah Dupree, and Melvin Felton all of the ICLEO 2007 class served on the 2009-2010 National Board of the National Black Law Student's Association where Tiffany served as the National Chair, Leah served as the National Chief of Staff, and Melvin served as the National Director of Communications.

INDIANA JUDICIAL CONFERENCE PROTECTION ORDER COMMITTEE

The Indiana General Assembly has assigned the Division the responsibility for designing and updating the forms used in protection order proceedings. To fulfill this duty, the Division's staff works closely with the members of the Protection Order Committee of the Indiana Judicial Conference to explore ways to improve the protection order process.

Trial court judicial officers and clerks of the circuit courts comprise the membership of the committee, and the Indiana Judicial Center and Division provide staff support for the committee. A comprehensive set of forms that fall into four main categories--protection orders, no-contact orders, child protection orders, and workplace violence restraining orders—has been created by the committee. All the forms are located on the Protection Order Forms web site www.courts.in.gov.

In 2010, the committee completed its revision the Protection Order Deskbook. New forms were created, and several existing forms were modified. The committee continued to work closely with the Protection Order Registry that has been developed by our JTAC staff.

COURT REFORM GRANT PROGRAM

The Indiana Supreme Court continued to award and disperse funds to trial courts during the second and third cycles of its court reform grant program, administered by the Division. This program is funded from federal reimbursements for previously uncollected expenses associated with Title IV-D enforcement actions. Since 2008, the Indiana Supreme Court has disbursed nearly \$1 million in grants for the study and implementation of various plans, as well as the installation of

modern equipment, to create more efficient court systems throughout the state.

Court Reform Grants are intended to assist courts in conducting organizational assessments and implementing recommended improvements, as well as purchasing and upgrading computer equipment that will enable the courts to utilize state-of-the-art technology. The Division identified seven project categories that would receive priority consideration: development of a multi jurisdictional drug court or other problem-solving court; measuring core performance through use of *CourTools*, a set of 10 trial court performance measures developed by the National Center for State Courts (NCSC); studies on consolidating judicial responsibility over court records; unified court administration; modern jury management system; infrastructure or upgrades for Odyssey case management system (CMS); and modern court reporting technology.

Nearly \$500,000 was awarded to 25 courts in 23 counties in calendar year 2010, compared with just more than \$300,000 awarded to 11 counties in calendar year 2009. The 2010 grant recipients included Bartholomew, Fountain, Lake, Martin, Starke, Sullivan, and St. Joseph counties which received grants, ranging in amount from \$30,000 to \$40,000, for the purchase and installation of digital court reporting equipment. The creation of an accurate and complete record of trial court proceedings is vital, yet many courts use outdated and sometimes unreliable reporting equipment, requiring dozens of man-hours to create a single transcript.

Carroll, Cass, Hancock, Hendrix, Jackson, Jasper, Jennings, LaPorte, Madison, Posey, Scott, Shelby, and Steuben counties all received grants for hardware, infrastructure, and payment for temporary workers in conjunction with the launch of the Odyssey CMS in these

counties during 2010. These grants ranged in amount from \$3,200 to \$29,000.

In addition to its Odyssey grant, LaPorte County received a \$4,200 grant to measure court performance with several of the *CourTools* measures developed by the NCSC. This study will evaluate the following case statistics: clearance rates; time to disposition; age of active pending caseload; court employee satisfaction; and access and fairness.

Dearborn County received \$30,000 for a study to assess the county's goal to create a unified court system, consolidated probation department, and long-term vision for "umbrella" resources. Hendricks County received a \$5,000 grant as matching funds for a \$50,000 State Justice Institute grant for a strategic plan to coordinate court functions and improve cost effectiveness.

Henry and Marion counties each received a \$30,000 grant for a NCSC study on the transfer of responsibility for court records from the clerks to the courts. The results of this study will be made available in 2012 to other Indiana courts wishing to consolidate responsibility for court records.

Efficiency and consolidation studies will have long reaching effects, not only in the recipient courts, but in other courts able to apply the study results. By eliminating duplicate work in the automating of common processes, courts make themselves better able to wisely utilize resources in good economic times as well as bad.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURES- FRONTLINE COURT EFFORTS

After topping the list of states hardest hit by mortgage foreclosures for nearly a decade, Indiana currently ranks 17th nationwide. However, foreclosures

remain a significant problem - in fact, Indiana's rate of default and foreclosure is now higher than it was during the years it spent at the top of the charts.

However, the Indiana Supreme Court made great strides in this arena during 2010. Since July 1, 2009, all residential homeowners in foreclosure have been entitled to request a face-to-face settlement conference with their lender. A portion of an additional \$50 filing fee on all new foreclosure cases is remitted to the Supreme Court to conduct training and pay mortgage foreclosure facilitators to organize and assist with settlement conferences.

In his January 20, 2011 State of the Judiciary address to the Indiana General Assembly, Chief Justice Randall T. Shepard said:

"The judges working on this have discovered that when the court itself sends a separate settlement notice, more than 40 percent of the homeowners respond. To make sure these conferences are productive, we have assigned settlement facilitators to bring the right people and the right documents to the table. The facilitators report that many homeowners appear for the settlement conferences embarrassed, resigned, and tearful. In recent months this system of court facilitated conferences has been perfected to the point that the number of people who leave the room with a revised loan is half.

We now use these techniques in counties that have 60 percent of foreclosures and we'll cover the rest of the state by year's end. We do it all without any claim on the state's general fund."

From July to December 2009, very few homeowners - an estimated 300 of the more than 17,000 total foreclosure filings - had taken advantage of the new settlement conference legislation. Many individuals who had already received foreclosure documents stopped opening or reading any mail received from their lender. Others did not know precisely what a settlement conference entailed, or mistakenly believed that they needed to hire an attorney, which they could not afford.

With input from a committee of trial judges, the Division partnered with the Indiana Housing and Community Development Authority (IHCDA) to create a system for coordinating all settlement conferences on a county or district-wide basis.

This program was launched on a pilot basis in 2010 in Allen, Clark, Delaware, Elkhart, Lake, LaPorte, Hamilton, Hendricks, Howard, Marion, Madison, Monroe, St. Joseph, and Vanderburgh counties. These 14 counties encompass slightly more than 50 percent of all statewide foreclosure filings in 2009.

A project manager at the Division oversees local logistical coordinators and facilitators, who coordinate with *pro bono* attorneys, housing counselors, homeowners, and lenders to schedule and conduct settlement conferences. Facilitators and logistical coordinators work as contract employees for the Division and are funded through a portion of the \$50 filing fee on mortgage foreclosure cases.

The two essential elements of this program are outreach to the homeowner by the courts, and the presence of a court-appointed facilitator at the settlement conference. Although the statute requires lenders to furnish the homeowners a notice of their right to a settlement conference, this document is often buried beneath the foreclosure summons and

complaint, and frequently goes unnoticed by overwhelmed borrowers.

In pilot counties, once a mortgage foreclosure case is filed, the court employee or attorney facilitator makes an effort to contact the homeowner directly, whether through a telephone call, an order to contact the court, or a single sheet notice for settlement conference mailed to the homeowner's residence. This extra effort helps ensure that the homeowner truly understands that he or she has a right to a settlement conference, and makes an informed decision whether or not to request the conference.

Once a homeowner requests a settlement conference, the facilitator arranges to conduct a pre-settlement conference telephone call between the lender and homeowner. During this call, the facilitator determines what documents are needed by each party in order for negotiations to take place, and sets a time, date, and location for the settlement conference. The homeowner is generally required to produce all financial information to the lender and/or the facilitator at least two weeks prior to the settlement conference.

At the settlement conference, the facilitator works with the homeowner, the lender's attorney, and the mortgage loan servicing agent to see what sort of workout options, if any, are available to the homeowner. In many cases, particularly those in which a borrower fell behind while unemployed but recently found work and is able to begin making payments again, the arrearage can be "cured" simply by making the normal mortgage payments plus a little extra for a specified period of time. Other times, the lender may be willing to lower the interest rate or extend the payment period so that the borrower is required to pay a smaller monthly amount. Lenders may also agree to workouts involving disposal of the home via short sale or a deed in lieu of foreclosure.

During the first 11 months of this project, February through December 2010, there were 2,431 telephone conferences scheduled, 1,221 telephone conferences held, and 1,011 settlement conferences requested in the 14 pilot counties.

Of the 908 settlement conferences that took place from February through December 2010, 398 resulted in a "stay-at-home" workout, 50 resulted in an "other" workout (generally short sale), and 407 resulted in foreclosure. Another 53 conferences required additional work and were followed up by facilitators.

The separate notice sent from the court has increased conference request rate from less than 10 percent to more than 40 percent, while those conferences that have taken place have a success rate of 49 percent. This means that nearly one of every four foreclosures in Indiana can be prevented through this program.

The Joint Economic Committee of Congress has estimated that each averted foreclosure saves stakeholders and community members approximately \$40,000 in property tax revenue, conservation of police, fire, and other public services, and preservation of equity in surrounding homes. Using this measure, the mortgage foreclosure prevention program has already preserved at least \$17.9 million of value in Hoosier communities during its first year of operation in 14 of Indiana's 92 counties.

CONCLUSION

While this section of the *Indiana Judicial Service Report* highlights the many projects, programs, and activities of the Division, its primary focus continues to be providing first-rate service to the Indiana judiciary and the public.

STATE COURT ADMINISTRATION STAFF ROSTER

Abeltins	Dace	JTAC Administrative Assistant
Beasley	Robin	JTAC Court Reporter Subject Matter Expert
Borschel	Lindsey	JTAC Web Coordinator/Documentation Specialist
Brooks	Valerie	Benefits Manager
Brown	Dawn	Administrative Assistant
Cain	Andrew	JTAC Director, MIS
Carey	Mary	Administrative Assistant
Carusillo	Tom	Director, Trial Court Services
Chiplis	Tim	Desktop Support Analyst
Christopher	Teresa	GAL/CASA Program Coordinator
Collins	Yolanda	Administrative Assistant
Cowan	Carlos	JTAC Field Trainer (POR)
Daulton	Elizabeth	Staff Attorney
DePrez	Mary	JTAC Director and Counsel for Trial Court Technology
Diller	James	Court Analyst
Dolan	Kathryn	Public Information Officer
Edgar	Donna	JTAC Project Manager
Epperson	LaJuan	JTAC Associate Project Manager
Foster	Kevin	Systems Analyst
Frazier	Steve	Systems Analyst
Gant	Phyllisia	ICLEO Coordinator
Genovese	Mark	JTAC Field Trainer
Griffith	David	JTAC Staff Attorney & Project Manager
Grimes	Krystal	Administrative Assistant
Hassebroek	Ryan	JTAC Senior Support Specialist
Herzberg	Jesse	JTAC Systems Analyst
Hillier	Dawn	Field Support Specialist
Holland	Amber	Administrative Assistant
Hunter	Linda	Administrative Assistant
James	Angela	Court Analyst
Johnson	John	JTAC Business Analyst
Jones	Tom	Records Manager
Judson	Lilia	Executive Director
Kellam	Hon. John	JTAC Senior Judge
Kincaid	Laura	JTAC Help Desk
Kronoshek	Mary	JTAC Administrative Assistant
Lalani	Stephanie	Accounts/Payroll Assistant
Lile	Brad	Help Desk
Lowe	Rusty	Director, Appellate IT Operations
Maguire	James	Staff Attorney
McLemore, Jr.	Doyal	Staff Attorney
Meiring	Adrienne	Counsel, Judicial Qualifications Commission
Meyers	Robin	JTAC Field Support Specialist
Mikesell	Paula	JTAC Training and Help Desk
Moore	Robert	JTAC MIS Deputy Director
Moore	Trevor	Continuity Planning Analyst
Murphy	Michael	Staff Attorney, CIP Statistical Analyst
Neal	Deborah	Staff Attorney, Public Defender Commission
Oleksy	Loretta	Family Court Project Manager
Page	Annette	Project Manager

Payne	Hon. Richard	JTAC Senior Judge
Payne	Teresa	Business Analyst
Powers-Richardson	Farrah	JTAC Business Analyst
Rath	Robert	Director, Appellate Court Technology
Reeves	Erskine	JTAC Field Trainer (POR)
Remondini	David	Chief Deputy Executive Director
Robbins	Ginalee	JTAC Business Analyst
Rodeheffer	Brenda	Director, Office & Employment Law Services
Rogers-Dunn	Leslie	Director, Guardian <i>Ad Litem</i> / GAL/CASA
Roth	Mark	Deputy Director, Appellate IT Operations
Ruivo	Armando	JTAC Senior Support Specialist
Rusk	Andrea	JTAC Web Content Specialist
Russell	Jill	JTAC Training and Help Desk
Scott	Marci	Business Analyst
Smith	Janice	Accounts Payroll Manager
Steinke	Brian	JTAC Interface Manager
Steward	David	JTAC Field Trainer (eCWS)
Strickland	Gaye Lynn	JTAC Business Analyst
Thompson	Lisa	Probation Subject Matter Expert
Walker	James	Director, Trial Court Management
Warfield	Anthony	JTAC Office/Fiscal Manager
Wasson	Kathy	JTAC Field Support Specialist (eCWS)
Wiese	Jeffrey	Staff Attorney
Wiggins	Camille	Staff Attorney
Williams	ChiQuita	JTAC Associate Field Support Specialist
Wilson	Mary	JTAC Software Quality Assurance Lead Analyst
Wolting	Scott	JTAC Help Desk

INDIANA JUDICIAL SYSTEM

INTRODUCTION

The Constitution of Indiana sets out three branches of state government: Legislative, Executive, and Judicial. Indiana judicial power is vested in a Supreme Court, a Court of Appeals, Circuit Courts and such other courts as the Indiana General Assembly may establish.⁶ The Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals are appellate-level courts, while the Circuit and Superior Courts are the county level courts of general jurisdiction. The Tax Court is a legislatively created court with appellate level and trial jurisdiction.

Traditionally, Indiana's trial court system has been organized on a county basis through legislation establishing courts in specific counties. As provided in the Constitution, the state has been divided into judicial circuits. The General Assembly has predominantly chosen to base these circuits on county lines. However, Ohio County, Indiana's least populated county, is combined with Dearborn County to form a joint judicial circuit.

As local needs have grown and more trial courts have become necessary, the Indiana General Assembly has created additional courts. Such courts are funded on a county basis with the county bearing all expenses for court operations, except judges' salaries. Superior courts are examples of these legislatively created courts and have general jurisdiction similar to the circuit court.

Marion County is the only county with distinct small claims courts. St. Joseph County is the only county with a specialized probate court, which also has juvenile jurisdiction.

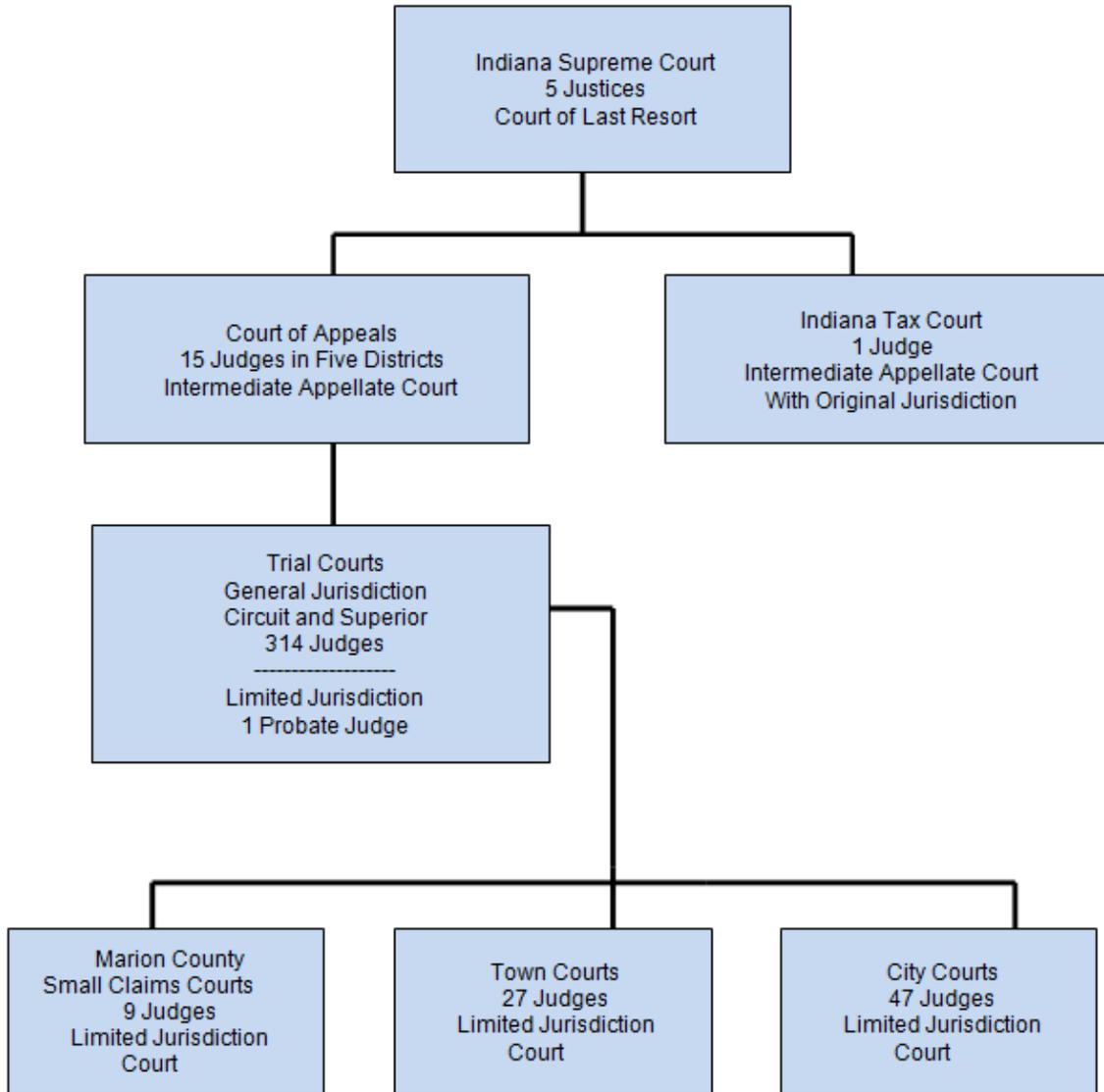
The Indiana General Assembly authorized cities and towns to create city and town courts to handle misdemeanors, infractions and local ordinance violations. City courts also have limited civil jurisdiction. In most instances, city and town court judges are not required to be attorneys.

The Indiana Supreme Court has implemented significant, unified administrative and record keeping procedures in the last several years. As a result, Indiana now has a uniform case numbering system for every case filed in the state, a uniform schedule for retention of court records, uniform imaging standards, a uniform record keeping process, a uniform process for local rules, and a number of other standardized practices. The Supreme Court, through its Judicial Automation and Technology Committee, has undertaken the deployment of a statewide case management system that will result in efficient sharing of information between courts, law enforcement, other governmental entities, and the public.

For a specific list of courts in each county, see the Judicial Officer Roster at the end of this volume. A roster of the names of judges and judicial officers also appears in Volume II.

⁶ Indiana Constitution, Article 7, § 1.

Organizational Chart



THE INDIANA SUPREME COURT

The Supreme Court has five justices, one of whom is the Chief Justice of Indiana (selected by the Indiana Judicial Nominating Commission).⁷

The Supreme Court has original exclusive jurisdiction in (1) admission to the practice of law; (2) discipline and disbarment of those admitted; (3) unauthorized practice of law; (4) discipline, removal, and retirement of judges; (5) supervision of the exercise of jurisdiction by other courts; (6) issuance of writs necessary in aid of its jurisdiction; (7) appeals from judgments imposing a sentence of death; (8) appeals from the denial of post-conviction relief in which the sentence was death; (9) appealable cases where a state or federal statute has been declared unconstitutional; and, (10) on petition, cases involving substantial questions of law, great public importance, or emergency. The Supreme Court has the power to review all questions of law and to review and revise sentences imposed by lower courts.⁸

The Governor appoints the Justices of the Supreme Court after nomination by the Judicial Nominating Commission. After an initial two-year term, justices run on a “Yes—No” retention ballot, and, if successful, they then serve ten-year terms.⁹

THE INDIANA COURT OF APPEALS

The Court of Appeals became a constitutional court under a 1970 revision of the Indiana Constitution. Article 7 of the Constitution provides that the state be divided into geographic districts by the

⁷ Indiana Constitution, Article 7, § 2; Indiana Code 33-24-1-1

⁸ Indiana Constitution, Article 7, § 4; Indiana Rules of Court, Appellate Rule 4

⁹ Indiana Constitution, Article 7, § 11; Indiana Code 33-24-2-1

General Assembly, and that each district has three judges.¹⁰ The Court of Appeals has five districts, with a total of 15 judges.¹¹ The judges select one of their number as chief judge, and each district elects a presiding judge.¹² The Court of Appeals has no original jurisdiction except as authorized by Supreme Court rules to review directly final decisions of certain administrative agencies.¹³ It exercises appellate jurisdiction over all appeals not taken to the Supreme Court.

The judges of the Court of Appeals are selected in the same manner and serve the same terms as the Supreme Court justices.

THE INDIANA TAX COURT

The Tax Court came into existence on July 1, 1986. The Tax Court is an appellate level court with one judge who is selected in the same manner as are Justices of the Supreme Court.¹⁴ The Tax Court is a court of limited jurisdiction that exercises exclusive jurisdiction in original tax appeals, which are defined as cases that arise under the tax laws of this state and which are initial appeals of a final determination made by (1) the Department of State Revenue, or (2) the State Board of Tax Review.¹⁵ The principal office of the Tax Court is located in Indianapolis although a taxpayer may select to have all evidentiary hearings conducted in one of six other specifically designated counties that are spread throughout the state.

The Tax Court must also maintain a small claims docket for processing (1) claims for refunds from the Department of Revenue that do not exceed \$5,000 for any year, and (2) appeals of final

¹⁰ Indiana Constitution, Article 7, § 5

¹¹ Indiana Code 33-25-1-1

¹² Indiana Code 33-25-3-1

¹³ Indiana Constitution, Article 7, § 6; Indiana Rules of Court, Appellate Rule 5(C)

¹⁴ Indiana Code 33-26-1-1; 33-26-2-3

¹⁵ Indiana Tax Court Rule 2B; Indiana Code 33-26-3-1

determinations of assessed value made by the State Board of Tax Review that do not exceed \$45,000 for any year.¹⁶ Appeals from the Tax Court are taken directly to the Supreme Court.¹⁷

CIRCUIT, SUPERIOR, PROBATE AND LOCAL COURTS

As noted in the Introduction to the Indiana Judicial System, the Indiana judicial power is vested in the Supreme Court, a Court of Appeals, circuit courts and such other courts as the General Assembly may establish. The sections that follow describe the number and jurisdiction of these courts as they exist in 2010.

CIRCUIT COURTS

The Indiana Constitution directs the General Assembly divide the state into judicial circuits.¹⁸ Ninety of Indiana's 92 counties constitute 90 circuits, while the remaining two counties, Ohio and Dearborn, constitute a "joint" circuit. Some circuit courts have more than one circuit court judge. As of December 31, 2010, there were 103 circuit court judges.¹⁹ The Constitution vested the circuit courts with unlimited trial jurisdiction in all cases, except when exclusive or concurrent jurisdiction is conferred upon other courts. They also have appellate jurisdiction over appeals from city and town courts.²⁰ Generally, the circuit courts in counties without superior courts maintain small claims and minor offenses divisions. Civil actions, in which the amount sought to be recovered is less than \$6,000, and landlord and tenant actions, in which the

rent due at the time of the action does not exceed \$6,000, may be filed on the small claims docket. The minor offenses division hears Class D felonies, all misdemeanors, infractions, and ordinance violations.²¹ Cases in the small claims division are heard in a more informal atmosphere and without a jury.²² In the remaining counties, the superior courts have incorporated the small claims division and minor offenses division.

The voters of each respective circuit elect the judges of the circuit courts in partisan elections every six years.²³ The only exception is Vanderburgh County where the election is non-partisan.²⁴

SUPERIOR COURTS

The General Assembly enacts statutes to create superior courts as needed. Though their organization and jurisdiction may vary from county to county, they are typically courts of general jurisdiction. They have the same appellate jurisdiction as circuit courts over appeals from city and town courts.²⁵ As of December 31, 2010, there were 211 superior court judges. In some counties, statutory language sets up one unified superior court with two or more judges, while in others, the courts operate as unified county systems through internal rules.

With the exception of four counties, the superior court judges are elected at a general election for six-year terms. In Lake and St. Joseph Counties, superior court judges are nominated by local nominating commissions and then appointed by the Governor for six-year terms²⁶. Thereafter,

¹⁶ Indiana Code 33-26-5-1

¹⁷ Indiana Code 33-26-6-7(d)

¹⁸ Indiana Constitution, Article 7, § 7

¹⁹ Ohio and Dearborn Counties share a circuit judge.

Monroe County has nine circuit judges. Delaware County has five circuit judges. All other counties have one circuit judge.

²⁰ Indiana Code 33-28-1-2; 33-35-5-9

²¹ Indiana Code 33-28-3-8

²² Indiana Code 33-28-3-7

²³ Indiana Constitution, Article 7, § 7; Indiana Code 33-28-2-1

²⁴ Indiana Code 33-33-82-31

²⁵ Indiana Code 33-35-5-9

²⁶ Under Indiana Code 33-33-45-43, the judges of the County Court Division of the Lake Superior Court were

they run on a “yes — no” retention ballot. The judges of the Vanderburgh Superior Court are elected in non-partisan elections. In Allen County, superior court judges are elected at the general election on a separate ballot without party designation. Vacancies are filled by the governor from a list of three candidates nominated by the Allen County Judicial Nominating Commission.

PROBATE COURT

St. Joseph Probate Court is the only distinct probate court remaining in Indiana. One judge exercises original jurisdiction in all matters pertaining to the probate of wills, appointment of guardians, assignees, executors, administrators and trustees, settlements of incompetents’ estates, and adoptions.²⁷ The court also has exclusive juvenile jurisdiction.²⁸

The Probate Court Judge is elected for a six-year term at a general election.

LOCAL COURTS

City and town courts may be created by local ordinance. A city or town that establishes or abolishes its court must give notice to the Division of State Court Administration.²⁹ In 2010, there were forty-seven city courts and twenty-seven town courts.

Jurisdiction of city courts varies depending upon the size of the city. All city courts have jurisdiction over city ordinance violations, misdemeanors, and infractions.³⁰ City courts also have civil

jurisdiction over cases where the amount in controversy does not exceed \$500. They have no jurisdiction in actions for libel, slander, real estate foreclosure, where title to real estate is at issue, matters relating to decedents’ estates, actions in equity and actions involving the appointment of guardians.³¹

The civil jurisdiction of city courts in Lake County extends to cases where the amount in controversy does not exceed \$3,000.³² A city court in a third class city, which is not a county seat, also has civil jurisdiction of cases up to \$3,000. Because city and town courts are not courts of record, appeals are tried *de novo* in the circuit or superior court of the county.³³ Town courts have exclusive jurisdiction over all violations of town ordinances and jurisdiction over all misdemeanors and infractions.³⁴ Like city courts, appeals from judgments of a town court are also taken to the circuit or superior court of the county.³⁵

The voters of the city or town elect city and town court judges to four-year terms. The judges of Anderson City Court, Avon Town Court, Brownsburg Town Court, Carmel City Court, Crown Point City Court, East Chicago City Court, Gary City Court, Greenwood City Court, Hammond City Court, Hobart City Court, Lake Station City Court, Lowell Town Court, Martinsville City Court, Merrillville Town Court, Muncie City Court, Noblesville City Court, Plainfield Town Court, Schererville Town Court, and Whiting City Court must be attorneys.

elected in a political election. Effective 7/1/11, the County Court Division of Lake County will be appointed under the same terms as the rest of the Lake Superior courts.

²⁷ Indiana Code 33-31-1-9

²⁸ Indiana Code 33-31-1-9(b); 33-31-1-10

²⁹ Indiana Code 33-35-1-1

³⁰ Indiana Code 33-35-2-3

³¹ Indiana Code 33-35-2-4

³² Indiana Code 33-35-2-5

³³ Indiana Code 33-35-5-9(a)

³⁴ Indiana Code 33-35-2-8

³⁵ Indiana Code 33-35-5-9(b)

COUNTY	CITY COURTS	TOWN COURTS
ALLEN	New Haven	
BOONE	Lebanon	Jamestown Thorntown Whitestown Zionsville
CARROLL	Delphi	Burlington
CLARK	Charlestown Jeffersonville	Clarksville Sellersburg
CLINTON	Frankfort	
DEARBORN	Aurora Lawrenceburg	
DEKALB	Butler	
DELAWARE	Muncie	Yorktown
ELKHART	Elkhart Goshen Nappanee	
FOUNTAIN	Attica	
GRANT	Gas City Marion	
HAMILTON	Carmel Noblesville	
HENDRICKS		Avon Brownsburg Plainfield
HENRY	New Castle	Knightstown
HUNTINGTON		Roanoke
JASPER		DeMotte
JAY	Dunkirk Portland	
JOHNSON	Franklin Greenwood	
KNOX	Bicknell	
LAKE	Crown Point East Chicago Gary Hammond Hobart Lake Station Whiting	Merrillville Lowell Scherverville
MADISON	Alexandria Anderson Elwood	Edgewood Pendleton
MARION	Beech Grove	
MIAMI	Peru	Bunker Hill
MORGAN	Martinsville	Mooreville
RANDOLPH	Union Winchester	
RIPLEY	Batesville	Versailles
ST. JOSEPH		Walkerton
STARKE	Knox	
STEBEN		Fremont
TIPPECANOE	West Lafayette	
TIPTON	Tipton	Sharpsville
VERMILLION	Clinton	
VIGO	Terre Haute	
WABASH	Wabash	North Manchester
WAYNE		Hagerstown
WELLS	Bluffton	
TOTAL	47	27

SMALL CLAIMS COURTS

Only Marion County has distinct small claims courts. There are 9 such courts, each of which is a Township Small Claims Court of Marion County. The courts' jurisdiction is concurrent with the circuit and superior courts in all civil cases founded on contract or tort in which the claim does not exceed \$6,000,³⁶ in actions for possession of property where the value of the property sought to be recovered does not exceed \$6,000, and in possessory actions between landlord and tenant in which the past due rent at the time of filing does not exceed \$6,000.³⁷ The small claims courts have no jurisdiction in actions seeking injunctive relief, in actions involving partition of real estate, or in declaring or enforcing any lien thereon (with certain exceptions), in cases in which the appointment of a receiver is requested, or in suits for dissolution or annulment of marriage.³⁸ Because the small claims courts are not courts of record,³⁹ appeals are tried *de novo* in the Marion Superior Court.⁴⁰

The voters within the township in which the division of the court is located elect the small claims court judges. The judges serve four-year terms.⁴¹

MARION COUNTY SMALL CLAIMS COURTS
Center Township
Decatur Township
Franklin Township
Lawrence Township
Perry Township
Pike Township
Warren Township
Washington Township
Wayne Township

³⁶ Indiana Code 33-34-3-2

³⁷ Indiana Code 33-34-3-3

³⁸ Indiana Code 33-34-3-5

³⁹ Indiana Code 33-34-1-3

⁴⁰ Indiana Code 33-34-3-15

⁴¹ Indiana Code 33-34-2-1; 33-34-2-3

2010

Indiana Supreme Court Annual Report FOR FISCAL YEAR 2009 –2010 (JULY 1, 2009 - JUNE 30, 2010)



The Supreme Court of Indiana

The Honorable Randall T. Shepard, Chief Justice
The Honorable Brent E. Dickson, Assoc. Justice
The Honorable Frank Sullivan, Jr., Assoc. Justice
The Honorable Theodore R. Boehm, Assoc. Justice (retired September 2010)
The Honorable Robert D. Rucker, Assoc. Justice
The Honorable Steven H. David, Assoc. Justice (appointed October 2010)

Kevin Smith, Administrator
Indiana Supreme Court
200 West Washington Street, Room 315
Indianapolis, IN 46204

Phone: (317) 232-2540
Fax: (317) 233-8372

www.courts.in.gov

SUPREME COURT SUMMARY INFORMATION

Case Inventories and Disposition Summary July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2010

	Cases Pending as of 7/1/09	Cases Transmitted 7/1/09 - 6/30/10	Cases Disposed 7/1/09 - 6/30/10	Cases Pending as of 6/30/10
Capital Cases	2	2	2	2
Criminal Direct Non-Capital	4	1	4	1
Criminal Transfers	58	545	501	102
Civil Direct Appeals	1	1	2	0
Civil Transfers	44	313	244	113
Tax Court Petitions for Review	2	3	3	2
Certified Questions	0	2	2	0
Original Actions	1	52	51	2
Attorney Discipline	71	95	94	72
Board of Law Examiners	0	2	1	1
Judicial Discipline	0	2	2	0
Rehearings	4	10	12	2
Mandate of Funds	0	1	1	0
Other	1*	0	1*	0
Total	188	1,029	920	297

*Unauthorized Practice of Law

2010 CASELOAD INFORMATION

Total Dispositions

Criminal	507	55.1%
Civil	246	26.8%
Tax	3	0.3%
Certified Questions	2	0.2%
Original Action	51	5.6%
Attorney Discipline	94	10.2%
Board of Law Examiners	1	0.1%
Judicial Discipline	2	0.2%
Rehearings	12	1.3%
Mandate of Funds	1	0.1%
Other	1*	0.1%
Total	920	

* Unauthorized Practice of Law

Majority Opinions and Published Dispositive Orders

Criminal	44	26.0%
Civil	43	25.4%
Tax	0	0.0%
Certified Questions	2	1.2%
Original Action	4	2.4%
Attorney Discipline	71	42.0%
Board of Law Examiners	1	0.6%
Judicial Discipline	2	1.2%
Rehearings	0	0.0%
Mandate of Funds	1	0.6%
Other	1*	0.6%
Total	169	

Total Opinions

	Direct Appeal Crim.	Direct Appeal Civil	Transfer Crim.	Transfer Civil	Tax Review	Certified Questions	Original Action	Atty. Discipline	BLE	Judicial Discipline	Rehearing Opinions	Mandate Funds	Other	Total
Shepard, C.J.	1	1	5	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16
Dickson, J.	0	0	8	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16
Sullivan, J.	2	0	8	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	20
Boehm, J.	1	0	6	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
Rucker, J.	1	0	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14
By the Court	1	0	3	1	0	0	4	71	1	2	0	0	1*	84
Total	6	1	38	42	0	2	4	71	1	2	0	1	1	169

ORAL ARGUMENTS, NON-DISPOSITIVE OPINIONS, CERTIFIED QUESTIONS

Cases in which Oral Arguments were held

	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	Total
Criminal (before decision on transfer)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2
Criminal (after transfer granted)	0	0	2	5	3	7	6	0	0	0	2	3	28
Civil/Tax (before decision on transfer/review)	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	4
Civil/Tax (after transfer/review granted)	1	0	4	9	4	2	0	0	3	7	0	2	32
Criminal Direct Appeals	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	5
Civil Direct Appeals	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Certified Question	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Attorney Discipline	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1	0	8	17	7	11	7	2	4	9	4	5	75

Non-Dispositive Opinions

	Concurring	Dissenting	Concur/ Dissent in part	Recusal Opinion	Total
Shepard, C.J.	3	2	1	0	6
Dickson, J.	2	3	1	0	6
Sullivan, J.	1	1	0	0	2
Boehm, J.	1	6	1	0	8
Rucker, J.	0	4	1	0	5
Total	7	16	4	0	27

Certified Questions

	Pending 7/1/09	Received	Accepted	Rejected	Opinions	Pending 6/30/10
Federal District Court	0	1	1	0	1	0
Federal Appellate Court	0	1	1	0	1	0
Total	0	2	2	0	2	0

CAPITAL CASES, PETITIONS FOR EXTENSION OF TIME AND MISCELLANEOUS ORDERS

Capital Cases

	Direct Appeals	PCR	Interlocutory Appeals	Successive PCR	Rehearing	Total
Shepard, C.J.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dickson, J.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sullivan, J.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boehm, J.	1	0	0	0	0	1
Rucker, J.	0	0	0	0	0	0
By the Court	0	0	0	1	0	1
Total	1	0	0	1	0	2

Petitions for Extension of Time and Miscellaneous Orders

Petitions for Extension of Time Processed	44
Special Judge Requests	86
Other Miscellaneous Appellate Orders	972
Total	1,102

DISCIPLINARY, CONTEMPT, AND RELATED MATTERS

Disciplinary Cases Pending Before Hearing Officer/Court on July 1, 2009

Before the Court for Hearing Officer Appointment	6
Disciplinary Action Pending Before Hearing Officer	36
Reinstatement Action Pending Before Hearing Officer	7
Briefing Stage	7
Before the Court for Decision	6
Show Cause Order Entered, Awaiting Attorney Response	2
Noncooperation Suspension Imposed, Awaiting Attorney Response	7
Total Cases Pending as of July 1, 2009	71

New Disciplinary Matters Received July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2010

Petitions to Show Cause for Noncooperation	22
Verified Complaints for Disciplinary Action	39
Private Administrative Admonitions Tendered	3
Affidavits of Resignation (tendered before filing Verified Complaint)	4
Petitions for Emergency Interim Suspension	1
Notices of Findings of Guilt (Felony)/Requests for Interim Suspension	4
Notices of Foreign Discipline/Requests for Reciprocal Discipline	5
Petitions for Reinstatement	6
Petitions to Revoke Probation	2
Petitions to Terminate Probation	8
Contempt of Court Proceedings	0
Miscellaneous	1
Total	95

Disciplinary Cases Disposed July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2010

Dismissal on Compliance with Show Cause Order	9
Terminating Noncooperation Suspension on Compliance with Show Cause Order	2
Converting Noncooperation Suspension to Indefinite Suspension	5
Private Administrative Admonition	4
Rejection of Private Administrative Admonition	0
Private Reprimand	4
Public Reprimand	7
Suspension with Automatic Reinstatement (after Verified Complaint)	4
Suspension without Automatic Reinstatement (after Verified Complaint)	15
Suspension with Conditions/Probation (after Verified Complaint)	9
Disbarment	1
Accepting Resignation	5
Emergency Interim Suspension	2
Interim Suspension on Finding of Guilt (Felony)	0
Reciprocal Discipline (Suspension)	5
Finding or Judgment for Respondent	1
Granting Reinstatement	3
Withdrawing of Petition for Reinstatement	1
Denying Reinstatement	0
Revoking Probation	2
Terminating Probation	9
Finding Contempt of Court	0
Dismissing or Withdrawing Action	4
Miscellaneous	2
Total	94

Disciplinary Cases Pending June 30, 2010

Before Court for Hearing Officer Appointment	6
Disciplinary Action Pending Before Hearing Officer	34
Reinstatement Pending Before Hearing Officer	7
Briefing Stage	7
Before the Court for Decision	7
Show Cause Order Entered, Awaiting Attorney Response	4
Noncooperation Suspension Entered, Awaiting Attorney Response	7
Total Pending as of June 30, 2010	72

ANALYSIS OF SUPREME COURT DISPOSITIONS

Criminal Cases

Opinions on direct appeals	5
Direct appeal disposed of by order	0
Opinions on petitions to transfer	38
Opinions on rehearing	0
Orders on rehearing	3
Petitions to transfer dismissed, denied, or appeal remanded by unpublished order	464
Other opinions/dispositions (Successive P.C.)	1
Total	511

Civil Cases

Opinions and dispositive orders on certified questions	2
Opinions on direct appeals	1
Direct Appeals disposed of by order	1
Opinions on rehearing	0
Orders on rehearing	9
Opinions on petitions to transfer	42
Petitions to transfer denied, dismissed, or appeal remanded by unpublished order	201
Other opinions/dispositions (Unauthorized Practice of Law)	1
Total	257

Tax Cases

Opinions on Tax Court petitions for review	0
Dispositive orders on Tax Court petitions for review	3
Total	3

Original Actions

Opinions issued	4
Disposed of without opinion	47
Total	51

Mandate of Funds

Opinions and published orders	1
Total	1

Attorney Disciplinary Matters

Opinions and published orders	71
Other dispositions	23
Total	94

Petitions for Review of State Board of Law Examiners Matters

Petitions for review	1
Total	1

Judicial Discipline Matters

Opinions and published orders	2
Other dispositions	0
Total	2

Total Dispositions

Total Dispositions	920
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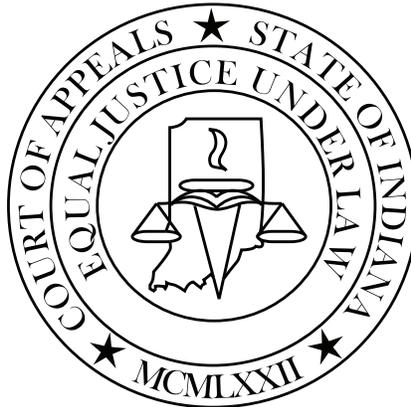
CASES PENDING JUNE 30, 2010

Cases Pending as of June 30, 2010

	Pending Cases as of 6/30/2010 (does not include Rehearing Petitions)	Pending Petitions For Rehearing as of 6/30/2010
Shepard, C.J.	11	1
Dickson, J.	3	0
Sullivan, J.	5	0
Boehm, J.	6	1
Rucker, J.	8	0
To the Court	1	0
Unassigned Civil Cases	96	0
Unassigned Tax Court Petitions for Review	0	0
Unassigned Criminal Transfer Cases	90	0
Unassigned Criminal Direct Appeals	0	0
Unassigned Civil Direct Appeals	0	0
Unassigned Original Actions	2	0
Unassigned Certified Questions	0	0
Unassigned Other	0	0
Pending Bar Examination Reviews	1	0
Attorney Discipline	72	0
Judicial Discipline	0	0
Total	295	2

2010

INDIANA JUDICIAL SERVICE REPORT COURT OF APPEALS OF INDIANA ANNUAL REPORT



First District

The Honorable John G. Baker, Chief Judge & Presiding Judge
The Honorable Edward W. Najam, Jr. Judge
The Honorable L. Mark Bailey, Judge

Second District

The Honorable Cale J. Bradford, Presiding Judge
The Honorable Ezra H. Friedlander, Judge
The Honorable James S. Kirsch, Judge

Third District

The Honorable Michael P. Barnes, Presiding Judge
The Honorable Paul D. Mathias, Judge
The Honorable Terry A. Crone, Judge

Fourth District

The Honorable Melissa May, Presiding Judge
The Honorable Patricia A. Riley, Judge
The Honorable Carr L. Darden, Judge

Fifth District

The Honorable Nancy H. Vaidik, Presiding Judge
The Honorable Margret G. Robb, Judge
The Honorable Elaine B. Brown, Judge

"To serve all people by providing equal justice under law"

Steven Lancaster, Administrator
Court of Appeals of Indiana
200 West Washington Street, Room 433
Indianapolis, IN 46204
Phone: (317) 232-6893
Fax: (317) 233-4627

www.courts.in.gov

COURT OF APPEALS TOTAL CASELOAD COMPARISON

Total Civil and Criminal Caseload*

Year	Total		Criminal		Civil		Other	
	Filed	Disposed	Filed	Disposed	Filed	Disposed	Filed	Disposed
2008	3,964	4,121	2,438	2,458	1,113	1,187	413	476
2009	3,988	3,901	2,147	2,238	1,229	1,066	612	597
2010	4,392	3,924	2,407	2,104	1,213	1,110	772	710

*Total caseload is defined by the National Center for State Courts in "Appellate Court Tools" as all appellate cases that have been disposed of in a year. A case is an appellate case when a notice of appeal is filed, when a petition for a permissive interlocutory appeal is filed, or when a petition requesting permission to file a successive petition for post-conviction relief is filed.

COURT OF APPEALS SUMMARY INFORMATION

2010 Court Summary

	Criminal	Post-Conviction	Civil	Expedite	Other	Total
Cases Pending 12/31/09	120	13	90	4	26	253*
Cases Fully-Briefed Rec'd	1,320	124	629	72	285	2,430
Geographic District One	305	25	204	0	59	593
Geographic District Two	683	58	235	72	136	1,184
Geographic District Three	332	41	190	0	90	653
Cases Disposed	1,286	125	618	67	287	2,383
By Majority Opinion	1,286	125	610	67	287	2,375
By Order	0	0	8	0	0	8
Net Increase/Decrease	34	-1	11	5	-2	47
Cases Pending 12/31/10	154	12	101	9	24	300

Cases Affirmed	1113	115	398	57	239	1922
Cases Affirmed Percent	86.5%	92.0%	65.2%	85.1%	83.3%	80.9%
Cases Reversed	155	10	210	9	44	428
Cases Reversed Percent	12.1%	8.0%	34.4%	13.4%	15.3%	18.0%
Cases Remanded	18	0	2	1	4	25
Cases Remanded Percent	1.4%	0.0%	0.3%	1.5%	1.4%	1.1%

Oral Arguments Heard	37	1	61	1	5	105
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Oral Arguments Heard includes: 1 Stay Hearing.

*Total is one more than total on 2009 Annual Report because a majority opinion originally issued 8/5/2009 was vacated and reissued on 3/5/2010.

Average Age of Cases

12/31/2009 1.0 Months
12/31/2010 1.1 Months

Motions, Petitions for Time, Miscellaneous Motions Received: 7,835
Motions, Petitions for Time, Miscellaneous Orders Issued: 7,473

Summary by Judge

	Majority Opinions Issued	All Opinions Issued	Orders Issued	Cases Voted On	Oral Arguments Heard	Cases Pending 12/31/2009	Cases Pending 12/31/2010
Bailey (1st)	141	144	1	439	23	10	21
Baker (1st)	179	191	1	497	29	13	12
Barnes (3rd)	158	170	0	488	8	13	13
Bradford (2nd)	158	166	0	451	21	11	10
Brown (5th)	150	155	0	483	22	23	19
Crone (3rd)	155	168	0	497	19	13	14
Darden (4th)	152	157	1	476	20	24	25
Friedlander (2nd)	149	154	0	448	12	6	15
Kirsch (2nd)	122	139	0	475	26	16	27
Mathias (3rd)	144	151	1	463	23	21	25
May (4th)	144	150	1	467	22	31	33
Najam (1st)	155	159	1	446	26	14	12
Riley (4th)	151	167	1	453	19	17	17
Robb (5th)	149	157	0	459	27	13	18
Vaidik (5th)	152	160	0	463	15	12	15
Senior Judges						16	24
Barteau	64	67	1	67	1	0	0
Boehm	4	4	0	5	1	0	0
Garrard	10	10	0	10	0	0	0
Sharpnack	28	28	0	28	0	0	0
Sullivan	10	10	0	10	1	0	0

2010 CASELOAD INFORMATION

Caseload Statistics

	Cases Pending 1/1/2010	Intake				Dispositions			Cases Pending 12/31/2010
		Cases Assigned	Transfers		Total	Majority Opinion	Orders	Total	
			In	Out					
Bailey (1st)	10	150	7	4	153	141	1	142	21
Baker (1st)	13	151	31	3	179	179	1	180	12
Barnes (3rd)	13	150	8	0	158	158	0	158	13
Bradford (2nd)	11	158	5	6	157	158	0	158	10
Brown (5th)	23*	150	7	11	146	150	0	150	19
Crone (3rd)	13	152	4	0	156	155	0	155	14
Darden (4th)	24	155	8	9	154	152	1	153	25
Friedlander (2nd)	6	153	9	4	158	149	0	149	15
Kirsch (2nd)	16	151	4	22	133	122	0	122	27
Mathias (3rd)	21	156	5	12	149	144	1	145	25
May (4th)	31	152	6	11	147	144	1	145	33
Najam (1st)	14	154	6	6	154	155	1	156	12
Riley (4th)	17	156	8	12	152	151	1	152	17
Robb (5th)	13	154	6	6	154	149	0	149	18
Vaidik (5th)	12	155	3	3	155	152	0	152	15
Senior Judges									
Barteau	0	0	0	0	0	64	1	65	0
Boehm	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	0
Garrard	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10	0
Sharpnack	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	28	0
Sullivan	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	10	0
Senior Judge Totals	16	133	2	10	125	116	1	117	24
Total	253	2,430	119	119	2,430	2,375	8	2,383	300

*Total is one more than total on 2009 Annual Report because a majority opinion originally issued 8/5/2009 was vacated and reissued on 3/5/2010.

Opinions Issued

	Majority Opinions			Opinions				Total
	Issued	Published	Percent Published	Concurring Opinions	Dissenting Opinions	Rehearing Opinions	Other Opinions	
Bailey (1st)	141	32	22.7%	1	1	1	0	144
Baker (1st)	179	47	26.3%	3	6	3	0	191
Barnes (3rd)	158	31	19.6%	8	3	1	0	170
Bradford (2nd)	158	30	19.0%	0	8	0	0	166
Brown (5th)	150	38	25.3%	0	5	0	0	155
Crone (3rd)	155	43	27.7%	0	10	3	0	168
Darden (4th)	152	26	17.1%	0	5	0	0	157
Friedlander (2nd)	149	15	10.1%	0	4	1	0	154
Kirsch (2nd)	122	30	24.6%	2	14	1	0	139
Mathias (3rd)	144	32	22.2%	1	5	1	0	151
May (4th)	144	33	22.9%	2	1	2	1	150
Najam (1st)	155	55	35.5%	1	3	0	0	159
Riley (4th)	151	44	29.1%	1	13	1	1	167
Robb (5th)	149	24	16.1%	3	2	3	0	157
Vaidik (5th)	152	40	26.3%	4	3	1	0	160
Senior Judges								
Barteau	64	8	12.5%	1	1	1	0	67
Boehm	4	1	25.0%	0	0	0	0	4
Garrard	10	3	30.0%	0	0	0	0	10
Sharpnack	28	11	39.3%	0	0	0	0	28
Sullivan	10	4	40.0%	0	0	0	0	10
Total	2,375	547	23.0%	27	84	19	2	2,507

Cases Handed Down

	Criminal		Post-Conviction		Civil		Expedite		Other		Total	
	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel
Bailey (1st)	72	160	9	18	40	71	5	10	15	39	141	298
Baker (1st)	87	175	10	15	55	91	7	11	20	26	179	318
Barnes (3rd)	89	176	5	18	40	88	4	12	20	36	158	330
Bradford (2nd)	84	159	7	12	38	76	4	6	25	40	158	293
Brown (5th)	80	178	12	16	38	86	4	7	16	46	150	333
Crone (3rd)	88	172	4	27	46	92	4	10	13	41	155	342
Darden (4th)	78	188	8	14	42	76	4	8	20	38	152	324
Friedlander (2nd)	80	166	6	9	34	77	7	7	22	40	149	299
Kirsch (2nd)	76	182	2	24	31	88	3	11	10	48	122	353
Mathias (3rd)	82	174	4	17	37	86	4	6	17	36	144	319
May (4th)	77	177	8	18	37	80	4	10	18	38	144	323
Najam (1st)	83	153	9	18	46	73	4	9	13	38	155	291
Riley (4th)	74	165	17	12	34	81	4	9	22	35	151	302
Robb (5th)	86	175	3	14	27	80	4	8	29	33	149	310
Vaidik (5th)	79	169	13	18	38	74	3	10	19	40	152	311
Senior Judges												
Barteau	45	2	5	0	8	1	2	0	4	0	64	3
Boehm	3	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	1
Garrard	7	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	10	0
Sharpnack	11	0	1	0	13	0	0	0	3	0	28	0
Sullivan	5	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	10	0
Total	1,286	2,572	125	250	610	1,220	67	134	287	574	2,375	4,750

Oral Arguments Heard

	Criminal		Post-Conviction		Civil		Expedite		Other		Total	
	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel	Writing	Panel
Bailey (1st)	5	6	1	0	4	4	0	0	0	3	10	13
Baker (1st)	1	6	0	0	8	11	1	0	2	0	12	17
Barnes (3rd)	0	3	0	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	1	7
Bradford (2nd)	4	4	0	0	2	10	0	0	0	1	6	15
Brown (5th)	0	7	0	1	2	10	0	0	0	2	2	20
Crone (3rd)	1	4	0	0	4	10	0	0	0	0	5	14
Darden (4th)	0	8	0	0	5	7	0	0	0	0	5	15
Friedlander (2nd)	0	3	0	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	2	10
Kirsch (2nd)	3	6	0	0	1	16	0	0	0	0	4	22
Mathias (3rd)	5	4	0	0	3	9	0	1	0	1	8	15
May (4th)	4	7	0	0	5	4	0	0	2	0	11	11
Najam (1st)	2	2	0	0	11	10	0	0	0	1	13	13
Riley (4th)	2	3	0	0	4	8	0	1	1	0	7	12
Robb (5th)	9	5	0	1	5	6	0	0	0	1	14	13
Vaidik (5th)	1	4	0	0	4	5	0	0	0	1	5	10
Senior Judges												
Barteau	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Boehm	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Garrard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sharpnack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sullivan	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total	37	74	1	2	61	122	1	2	5	10	105	210

Cases Pending as of December 31, 2010

	Criminal	Post-Conviction	Civil	Expedite	Other	Total
Bailey (1st)	12	1	6	0	2	21
Baker (1st)	7	0	5	0	0	12
Barnes (3rd)	5	1	5	0	2	13
Bradford (2nd)	6	1	2	0	1	10
Brown (5th)	6	1	11	0	1	19
Crone (3rd)	7	0	5	1	1	14
Darden (4th)	16	1	4	0	4	25
Friedlander (2nd)	7	1	6	0	1	15
Kirsch (2nd)	16	1	7	1	2	27
Mathias (3rd)	13	0	9	1	2	25
May (4th)	16	3	10	1	3	33
Najam (1st)	6	0	4	1	1	12
Riley (4th)	8	0	8	1	0	17
Robb (5th)	9	1	7	1	0	18
Vaidik (5th)	5	1	6	1	2	15
Sr. Judge Total	15	0	6	1	2	24
Total	154	12	101	9	24	300

Successive Petitions for Post-Conviction Relief

Case Movement

Pending 12/31/09	14
Petitions Filed	157
Total	171

Authorization

Petitions Authorized To Be Filed in Trial Court for Hearing	11
Petitions Not Authorized To Be Filed in Trial Court for Hearing ("No Merit")	149
Petitions Pending	11
Total	171

Motions to Dismiss or Affirm

Case Movement

Pending Motions 12/31/09	30
Motions Filed	318
Total	348

Dispositions

Motion to Dismiss Granted	222
Motion to Dismiss Denied	79
SubTotal	301

By Per Curiam Opinions	0
Total	301

Pending

Pending Motions 12/31/10	47
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Statistics Regarding Disposition of Chief Judge Matters

Total Number of Motions, Petitions for Time, Misc. Motions Received	7,835
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January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2010

Orders Granting Petitions to File Belated Appeal	17
Orders Denying Petitions to File Belated Appeal	8
Orders Granting Pre-Appeal Conferences	1
Orders Denying Pre-Appeal Conferences	10
Orders with Instructions from Pre-Appeal Conference	0
Orders Granting Permissive Interlocutory Appeals	94
Orders Denying Permissive Interlocutory Appeals	122
Orders Granting Successive Petitions for Post-Conviction Relief	11
Orders Denying Successive Petitions for Post-Conviction Relief	149
Orders Granting Consolidations of Appeals	95
Orders Denying Consolidations of Appeals	32
Orders Granting Petitions to Amend Brief	35
Orders Denying Petitions to Amend Brief	3
Orders Granting Withdrawals of Record	346
Orders Denying Withdrawals of Record	42
Miscellaneous Orders	2,767

Time Grants

Petitions for Time to File Record Granted	406
Petitions for Time to File Record Denied	22
Petitions for Time to File Appellant's Brief Granted	1,156
Petitions for Time to File Appellant's Brief Denied	24
Petitions for Time to File Appellee's Brief Granted	372
Petitions for Time to File Appellee's Brief Denied	9
Petitions for Time to File Appellant's Reply Brief Granted	89
Petitions for Time to File Appellant's Reply Brief Denied	5

Oral Argument Action

Orders Setting Oral Arguments	116
Orders Denying Petitions for Oral Arguments	66

Dismissals

Orders Granting Appellants' Motions to Dismiss	267
Orders Denying Appellants' Motions to Dismiss	18
Orders Granting Appellees' Motions to Dismiss	223
Orders Denying Appellees' Motions to Dismiss	79
Court-Directed Orders of Dismissal	648

Rehearings

Petitions for Rehearing Granted without Opinion	0
Petitions for Rehearing Denied without Opinion	222
Petitions for Rehearing Granted with Opinion	19
Petitions for Rehearing Denied with Opinion	0

Total

Total	7,473
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2010

INDIANA JUDICIAL SERVICE REPORT INDIANA TAX COURT



The Honorable Thomas G. Fisher (retired December 2010)
The Honorable Martha Blood Wentworth (appointed January 2011)

Karyn Graves, Administrator
Indiana Tax Court
115 West Washington Street, Suite 1160S
Indianapolis, IN 46204

Phone: (317) 232-4694
Fax: (317) 232-0644

www.courts.in.gov

TAX COURT SUMMARY INFORMATION

2010 Court Summary

Case Movement

Total Cases Pending 12/31/09	138
Total Cases Filed in 2010	63
Total Cases Reinstated	0
Total	201

Dispositions

Settled/Dismissed	86
Opinions/Merits	23
Opinions/Involuntary Dismissals	1
Total	110

Total Pending 12/31/10	91
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Cases with written opinions but not fully disposed	3
Opinions on Rehearing	0

Status of Cases Pending

Settled-Dismissals Pending	8
Proceedings Stayed Pending Outcome in Related Cases	9
Preliminary or Pleading Stage	27
Under Advisement	7
Status Report Due	23
Remanded	0
Mediation	0
Briefs Due	9
Set For Trial or Oral Argument	8
Interlocutory Appeal	0
Total	91

Number of Trials, Oral Arguments and Hearings	29
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ANALYSIS OF CASES FILED IN 2010

Board of Tax Review

Personal Property	1
Real Property	12
DLGF	2
Other	1
Total	16

Department of Revenue

Income	13
Sales and Use	25
Fuels	0
Inheritance	5
CSET	0
Bank & FIT	1
Auto Excise	0
Withholding	0
Bond	0
Utility Receipts	1
Other	2
Total	47

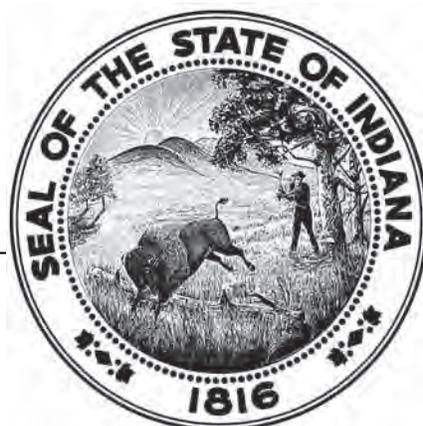
Total Filed	63
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County where the Parties Elected to Hold Hearings

Marion	54
Allen	1
St. Joseph	3
Lake	1
Vigo	2
Vanderburgh	1
Jefferson	1
Total	63

2010

INDIANA JUDICIAL SERVICE REPORT INDIANA TRIAL COURTS



Lilia G. Judson, Executive Director

Division of State Court Administration
30 South Meridian, Ste. 500
Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

Phone: (317) 232-2542

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SUMMARY OF CASELOAD REPORTS

Each quarter, Indiana's trial courts report their caseloads to the Division by filing a Quarterly Case Status Report (QCSR). This report contains summary information, by case type, on the number of cases filed and pending, the movement of cases between courts via transfer or venue, and the method by which cases were disposed during a reporting period. All courts report these statistics online using the Indiana Courts Online Reports (ICOR) system, through INcite, the judicial system's secure extranet for court information.

In addition to the cases that are handled by a specific court, the Quarterly Case Status Report tracks the amount of judicial resources available to a court and when a Judge hears cases in another court. The QCSR also captures other case-related information that is used to administer and improve court performance, projects, and initiatives. For example, statistics are collected tracking the number of cases referred to alternative dispute resolution or for which pauper counsel was appointed, the number of cases that required the service of a court interpreter, and the number of juvenile cases in which a guardian *ad litem* or court appointed special advocate was appointed.

Case information is grouped into three categories: criminal, juvenile, and civil, and is tracked using the case type classification code outlined in Indiana Administrative Rule 8(B)(3). An administrative case type called "court business record" is also recorded but is not counted in a court's weighted caseload. Case type designations and categories are as follows:

CRIMINAL CASE TYPES

If a defendant is charged with multiple offenses, the case is counted only one time under the most serious charge, combining the rest of the charges within the case. Even if the prosecutor later amends the charges, for administrative purposes, a case continues to be counted under its initial case designation in the statistical reports. Each defendant constitutes a single case with a distinct case number.

1. **MR - Murder:** All murder cases are filed under this category. When the State seeks either the death penalty or life without parole, that information is reported in the Quarterly Case Status Report.
2. **CF - Criminal Felony:** This category includes all cases filed prior to 1/1/2002 as Murder or Class A, B, and C felonies. Although no new filings are permitted in this category, existing cases with a CF designation are still reported and disposed in this category.
3. **FA - Class A Felony:** Cases in which the defendant is charged with a crime defined as a Class A felony are filed under the FA category. Examples include kidnapping, voluntary manslaughter with a deadly weapon, and arson involving bodily injury.
4. **FB - Class B Felony:** Examples include aggravated battery, rape, child molesting, carjacking, and armed robbery.
5. **FC - Class C Felony:** Examples include involuntary manslaughter,

robbery, burglary, and reckless homicide.

6. **FD - Class D Felony:** All Class D felonies filed on or after 1/1/2002 plus all Class D felonies filed before 1/1/2002 that have the case type DF are filed under the FD category. Examples of crimes in this category include theft, receiving stolen property, computer tampering, and fraud.
7. **CM - Criminal Misdemeanor:** This category includes all criminal cases filed as misdemeanors. Examples of crimes in this category are criminal trespass, check deception, harassment, and battery.
8. **PC - Post-Conviction Petition:** This category includes all petitions for post-conviction relief filed under the Post-Conviction Rules.
9. **MC - Miscellaneous Criminal:** This category includes all criminal matters which are not easily classified as felony or misdemeanor and which are not part of an ongoing proceeding. An example of a case falling into this category would be a probable cause hearing in a case not yet filed. When a search warrant is issued before charges are filed, an MC case number is assigned for the search warrant and should be disposed of via a bench disposition. If charges are filed, then a case in the appropriate category should be filed.
10. **IF - Infractions:** Although infractions are technically non-criminal in nature, infractions are reported in the criminal category for the purposes of this report. Infractions are typically traffic-related offenses. Similar to other criminal cases and ordinance violations, multiple offenses (i.e., multiple tickets or citations issued to the same individual or arising from the same circumstances) result in only one case filing.

11. **OV/OE - Ordinance Violations:** These involve local ordinance violations. If an ordinance violation must be enforced through court proceedings, it is given an OV case type. The OE case type is used if the violator will not be charged a court cost in accord with Indiana Code 33-37-4-2(d). If found to have violated a non-exempt ordinance, the violator will be assessed court costs. All moving traffic violations must be enforced through a court proceeding. However, a municipal corporation may enforce many other ordinances (exempt ordinances) without proceeding in court by establishing a violations clerk who accepts the admissions of violation and payment of civil penalties.

JUVENILE CASE TYPES

Each child considered by the court system receives a separate case number, regardless of his or her familial relationship to another child. Cases of related children and other related cases can be linked together and tried together.

1. **JC - Juvenile CHINS:** This category reflects those cases before the court where a child is alleged to be a child in need of services as defined by Indiana Code 31-34-1-1 *et. seq.* Examples include circumstances where the child is not receiving and is unlikely to receive care, treatment or rehabilitation without court intervention.
2. **JD - Juvenile Delinquency:** Cases in which a child is alleged to be a delinquent are filed in this category. Indiana Code 31-37-1-2 defines a delinquent act as one that is committed by a child before becoming eighteen (18) years of age and that would be an offense if committed by an adult. The case is recorded as a new filing when a petition for

detention hearing or a petition alleging delinquency is filed.

3. **JS - Juvenile Status:** Cases in which a child is charged with committing an offense which would not be a crime if committed by an adult are filed in this category. Examples include curfew violations, school truancy and underage alcohol purchase or consumption.
4. **JP - Juvenile Paternity:** This includes paternity actions filed by any of the parties specified by statute, including the prosecutor. (Indiana Code 31-14-4-1 identifies who may file paternity actions.)
5. **JM - Juvenile Miscellaneous:** This category applies to juvenile matters which are not specifically listed in the previous juvenile case type categories. The most common example is the approval by the court of an informal adjustment. Each informal adjustment must be filed in the court as a JM and there must be an order approving it.
6. **JT - Termination of Parental Rights:** This category includes all proceedings for termination of parental rights. In termination of parental rights cases involving multiple children, a separate case number must be assigned to each child, as well as each parent.

CIVIL CASE TYPES

Civil cases are filed when the plaintiff or petitioner seeks monetary damages or court redress.

1. **CP - Civil Plenary:** All Civil Plenary cases filed before 1/1/2002. Although no new filings are permitted for this category, existing cases with a CP designation are still reported and disposed in this category.

2. **PL - Civil Plenary:** All Civil Plenary cases filed on or after 1/1/2002. Basic civil cases not otherwise specifically included as separate categories are filed with this designation. Generally, these cases may be more complex cases not involving a mortgage foreclosure or the collection of an outstanding debt. Frequently cases involving contract disputes and actions seeking equitable or injunctive relief are assigned this case type.
3. **MF - Mortgage Foreclosure:** All Mortgage Foreclosure cases filed after 1/1/2002 are reported in this category.
4. **CC - Civil Collection:** All Civil Collections filed after 1/1/2002 are reported in this category, and may include the following: suits on notes and accounts; general collection suits; landlord/tenant suits for collection; ejectment; and tax warrants. If these cases are filed on the small claims docket of a court or the small claims division of a multi-division court, the SC case type should be used.
5. **CT - Civil Tort:** Cases founded in tort and filed on the regular civil docket of the court are included in this category. Small claims, which also could be founded in tort, are included in a separate category.
6. **SC - Small Claims:** This category includes cases filed on the small claims docket of Circuit or Superior courts, as well as cases filed in the Marion County Small Claims Court. While city and town courts may have cases that fall within the monetary limits of small claims jurisdiction, those cases are not defined as small claims by statute and must be counted as PL – Plenary or CC – Civil Collection, depending upon the nature of the action. Small claims actions include cases where the amount in

dispute is \$6000 or less, landlord-tenant ejectment actions, and landlord-tenant disputes.

7. **DR - Domestic Relations:** Actions involving petitions for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, and petitions to establish child support are filed in this category.
8. **RS - Reciprocal Support:** Actions for reciprocal enforcement of child support and petitions for modification of support or custody and/or support under the 2007 Amended Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction Act are counted in this category.
9. **MH - Mental Health:** Proceedings involving mental health commitments including temporary commitments, an extension of temporary commitment, regular commitment, or termination of a commitment are filed under this category.
10. **AD - Adoption:** Petitions for adoption are filed under this category. Additionally, on or after 1/1/2002, petitions seeking release of adoption records are filed in this category.
11. **AH - Adoption History:** All petitions seeking release of adoption records filed prior to 1/1/2002 are still reported and disposed in this category even though no new filings are permitted. The AH case type is no longer included in Indiana Administrative Rule 8.
12. **ES/EU/EM - Estates:** This category includes both supervised (ES) and unsupervised (EU) probate of estates. Claims against the estate that are transferred for trial are listed as civil, or CT matters. EM is a new category, effective 1/1/2009, and includes all matters related to estates but does not include actually filed estates. Examples include filing an inheritance tax return, petition to open a safety

deposit box, and spreading of a will. In the examples given, no court costs are assessed unless proceedings beyond the court's approval of the tax return or admitting a will to probate become necessary. Indiana Code 33-37-4-7(c).

13. **GU - Guardianship:** Petitions for appointment of guardians are filed under this category. A guardianship case is considered "closed" when the court enters an order appointing and approving the guardianship.
14. **TR - Trusts:** This category includes trust matters before the court. This case type includes trusts that have been created through an estate and are separately reported from the estate.
15. **PO - Protective Order:** New petitions for protective orders which are not part of an ongoing process (such as marriage dissolution) are filed in this category. However, if the parties subsequently file a petition for dissolution, the cases remain separate for reporting, enforcement and retention purposes.
16. **MI - Civil Miscellaneous:** Routine civil matters which are not easily categorized in other areas and which are not part of any other pending litigation may be included in this category. Examples are petitions for name change, appointments of appraisers, petitions for emancipation, a proceeding to reinstate a driver's license that has been administratively suspended, a Habeas Corpus case from DOC, and marriage waivers.

ADMINISTRATIVE CASE TYPE

1. **CB - Court Business Record:** This category includes non-case specific matters, such as the appointment of a judge *pro tem* or the appointment of

pauper counsel, drawing the jury, adopting or amending local rules, or recording a foreign protective order. The case type assists the court in having reference numbers for court business activities and will promote a smooth transition to the statewide case management system in the near future.

DISPOSITION CATEGORIES

The Quarterly Case Status Reports also include summary dispositional information. A brief description of the disposition categories is as follows:

1. **Jury Trial:** This category reflects cases that have been decided by a jury or have gone to the jury. This type of disposition is limited to cases where the jury is seated and sworn and the court has received evidence.
2. **Bench Trial:** Cases that are disposed of by the court after a trial in which a witness is sworn. Until 1999, cases in which a trial did not take place were also counted as disposed by bench trial. After 1999, such cases have been included under “bench disposition.”
3. **Bench Disposition:** Cases that are disposed by final judicial determination of an issue, but where no witnesses are sworn and no evidence is introduced, should be counted in this category. These dispositions include decisions on motions for summary judgment, hearings on other dispositive motions, and settled cases in which the parties tender an agreed judgment to the court for approval, which can then be enforced through proceedings supplemental to execution. Approval of informal adjustments in juvenile matters and issuance of search warrants unrelated to any pending case also generally fall into this category. This category was
- new, and voluntary, during 1999. It became mandatory beginning January 1, 2001.
4. **Dismissed:** This applies to cases which are dismissed either by the court on its own motion (Indiana Trial Rule 41(E)), upon the motion of a party, or upon an agreed entry as the result of settlement between the parties.
5. **Default:** This category is applicable only in civil cases, infractions and ordinance violations where the defendant fails to comply with the trial rules and a judgment of default is entered by the court.
6. **Deferred/Diverted:** This category was added in January 2002. If a prosecutor and defendant agree to defer prosecution or for the defendant to enter a diversion program, the case is disposed in this category. Even though the case is not formally dismissed until the completion of the deferral obligations, this category permits the criminal courts to reduce their pending caseloads by the number of cases where the cases will eventually be dismissed. Likewise, even though diversion programs are generally part of a guilty plea, they fall into this category as a way for the state to track the number of defendants consenting to the programs.
7. **Guilty Plea/Admission:** Cases in which the defendant pleads guilty to an offense or admits to the commission of an infraction or ordinance violation are counted under this category. Infraction and ordinance violation cases are only reflected in this disposition category if the case actually comes before the court for decision. An admission by mail or through a clerk or Violations Bureau is counted as being disposed by violations bureau. Also included in this category are dispositions of juvenile cases where the juvenile admits the claims, or the father admits

paternity; and in protective order cases where a party admits to the claims in the protective order.

8. **Violations Bureau:** This disposition category reflects infractions and ordinance violations that have been filed in the court but are handled through a Violations Bureau, or if the county does not have an established bureau, a payment clerk. Cases counted here include those in which a defendant makes an admission, pleads *no contendere*, or pays a fine through the bureau, through the clerk, or through the mail, rather than in court.
9. **Closed:** Routine closing of an estate or adoption proceeding, as well as the routine termination of a trust or guardianship are counted in this disposition type. Also included in this category are cases where the defendant has filed bankruptcy or the case is removed to federal court.
10. **FTA/FTP:** This category includes ordinance violation cases and infraction cases in which the defendants fail to appear or fail to pay. Once counted in this category, the case is not recounted even if the defendant later appears, pays, or proceeds to a full trial.
11. **Other:** Any case disposition that is not otherwise accounted for in the preceding categories may be included here. One example would be a case resolved by the death of the defendant or the case was opened in error.

MOVEMENT OF CASES

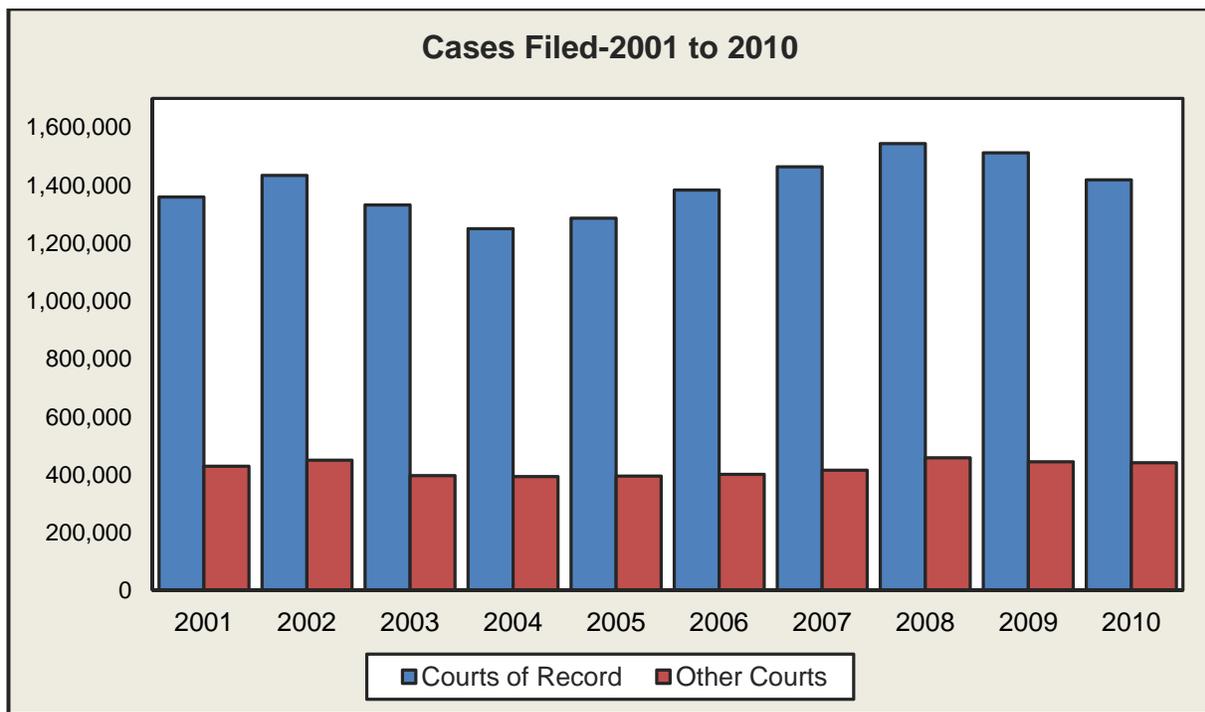
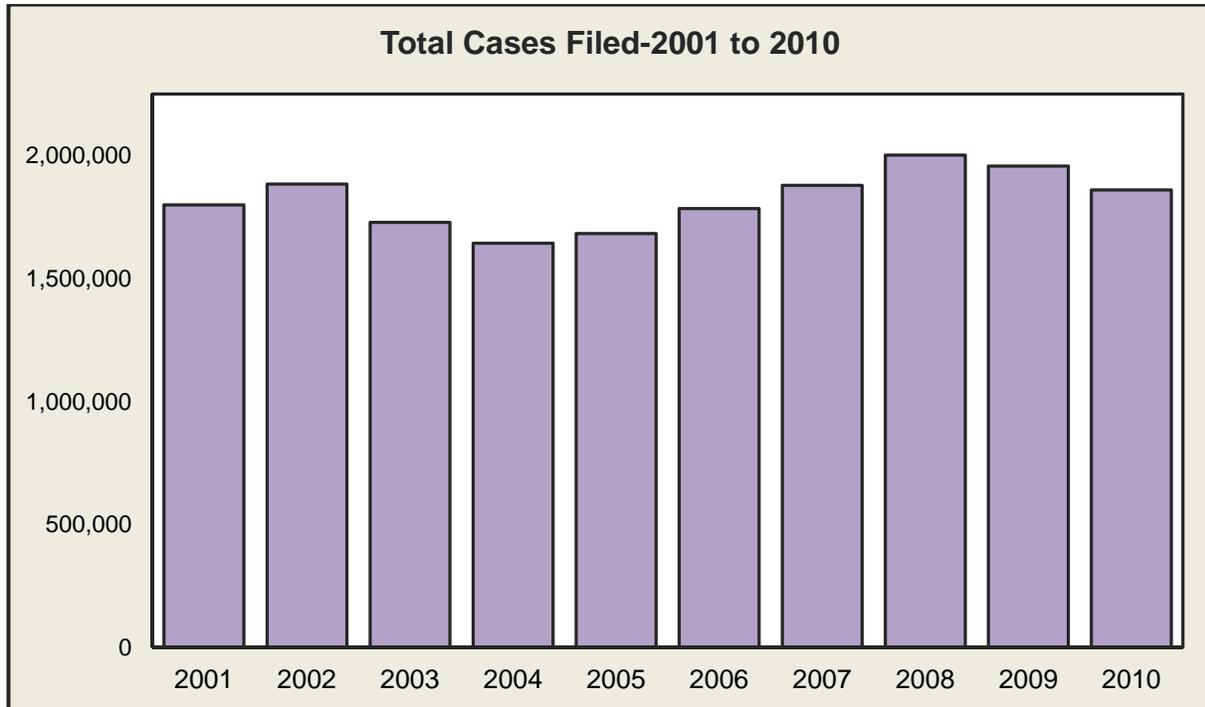
In addition to cases being filed and disposed, cases may be venued or transferred between courts.

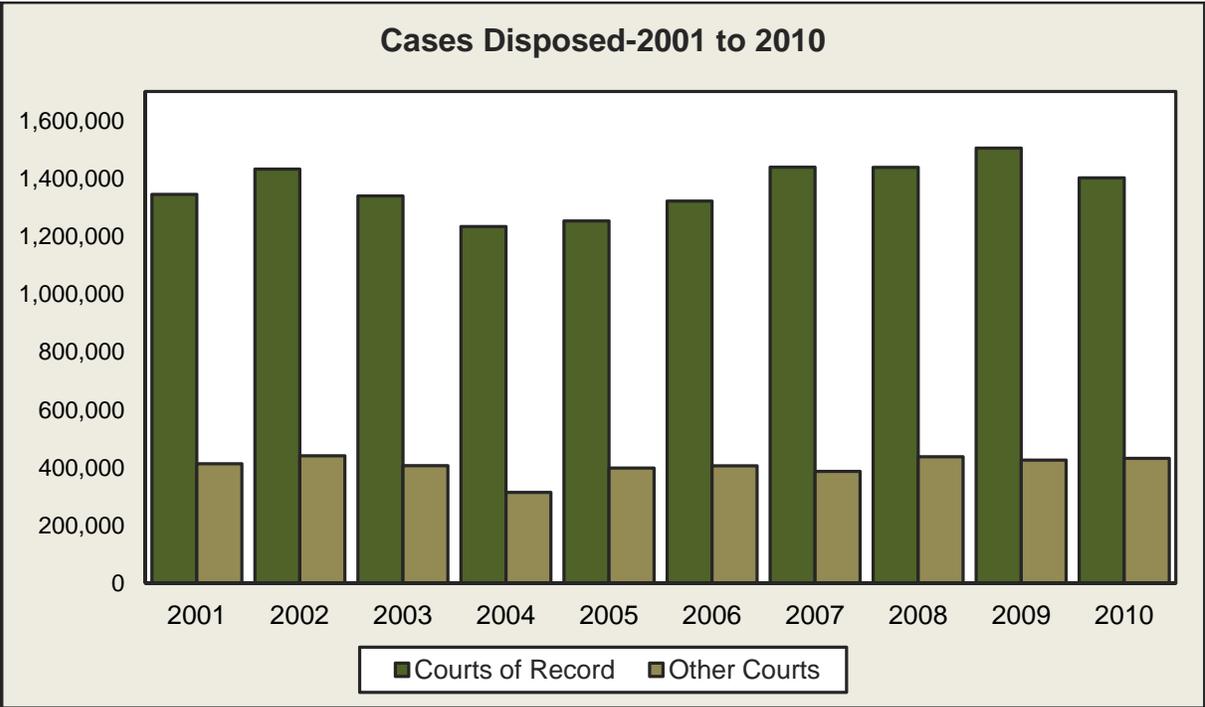
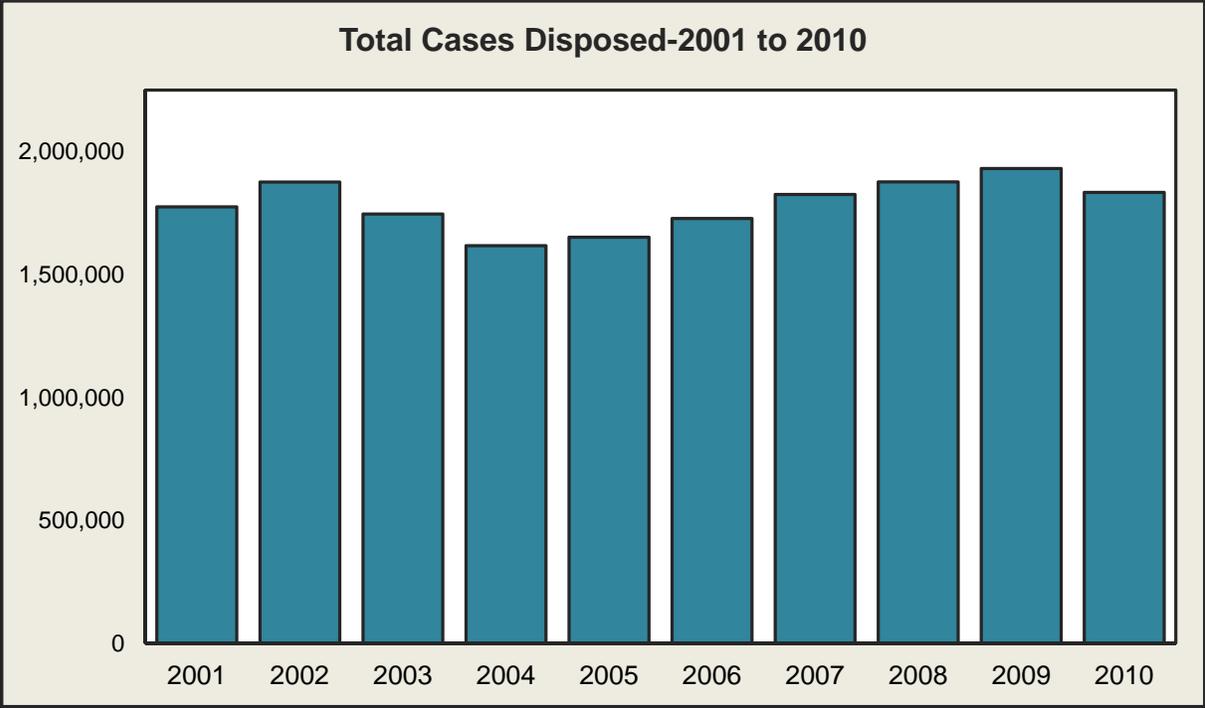
1. **Venued In/Out:** Cases that have been filed in a court but are moved to another county for any reason should be listed in this category.
2. **Transferred In/Out:** Cases that are transferred from one court to another within the same county, or from one court docket to another (such as a move from small claims docket to the civil plenary docket), should be recorded here. In the event a motion for change of venue from the judge results in a transfer of the case to another court in the same county, the case should also be counted in this category.

For more detailed information regarding case assignment and case disposition, three resources are available. Please refer to the instructions for reporting requirements (QCSR Application Guide), the Case Type Quick Reference Guide and the Administrative Manual at: www.courts.in.gov.

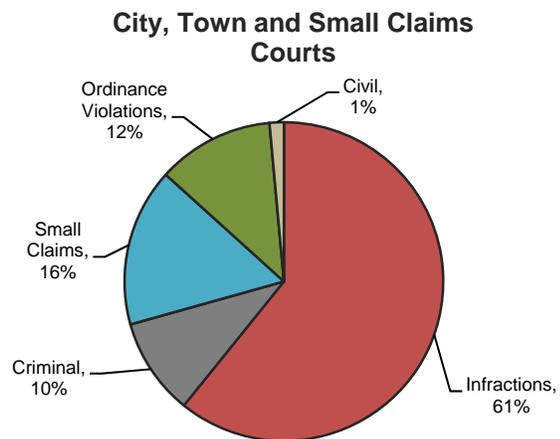
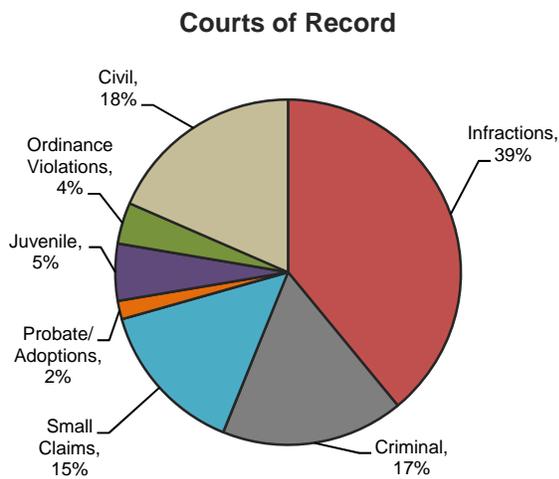
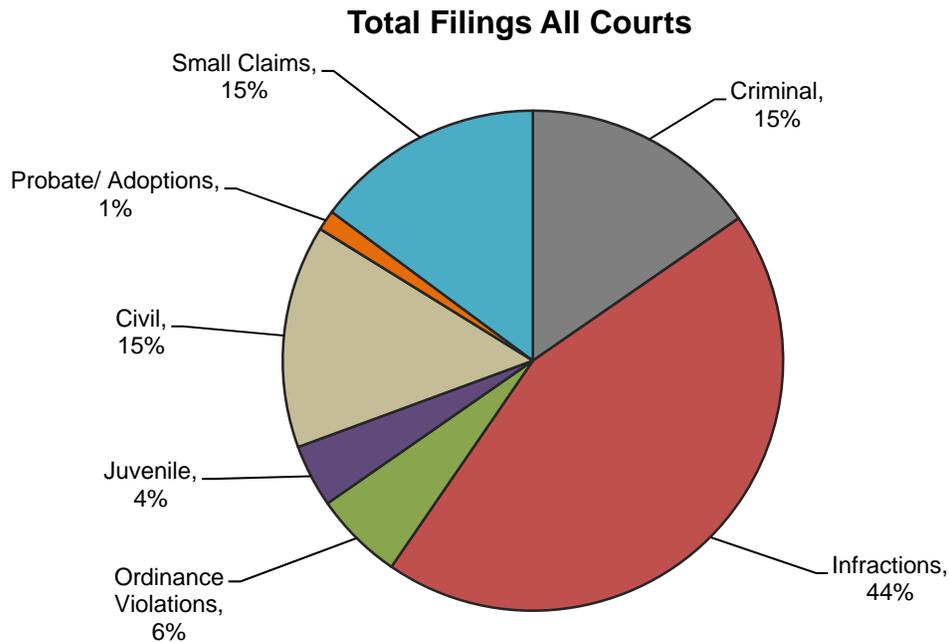
TRIAL COURT STATISTICAL REPORTS

Total Cases Filed and Disposed from 2001 to 2010





Summary of 2010 New Filings by General Case Type



As can be seen in the pie charts, Infraction and Ordinance Violation case types together comprise the highest number of new filings for both Courts of Record and City, Town, and Small Claims courts. The amount of time required to adjudicate these cases is relatively small in comparison to the other case types. Further information about the weighted caseload measures employed in Indiana to determine the relative time differences in case types is contained in the next section of this report.

COMPARISON OF CASES FROM 2001 TO 2010

Cases Filed--All Courts

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
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Criminal

Murder		279	243	234	232	228	209	209	225	205
Felony	16,443	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Class A Felony		2,534	2,505	2,577	2,671	2,829	2,765	2,784	2,745	2,589
Class B Felony		5,525	5,902	5,982	5,717	5,906	5,741	6,187	6,578	6,889
Class C Felony		9,340	9,500	9,596	10,025	10,039	10,009	9,808	9,227	8,866
Class D Felony	40,634	42,961	44,690	47,498	48,266	48,985	51,230	52,172	51,524	50,661
Misdemeanor	201,639	204,239	200,347	203,161	201,711	197,372	200,071	195,551	188,889	183,946
Post Conviction	1,206	1,385	1,213	1,072	970	878	999	992	1,049	1,207
Misc. Criminal	13,762	17,059	17,642	26,259	21,306	24,335	26,859	25,560	27,881	31,372
Infractions	839,762	885,562	740,201	641,144	691,506	774,286	852,868	930,004	912,591	822,226
Ordinance Violations	88,121	115,638	97,205	91,521	86,084	102,065	96,234	108,686	111,880	107,037
Sub-Total	1,201,567	1,284,522	1,119,448	1,029,044	1,068,488	1,166,923	1,246,985	1,331,953	1,312,589	1,214,998

Juvenile

CHINS	7,888	8,215	8,655	9,574	9,865	8,861	10,143	12,681	12,625	12,160
Delinquency	25,547	26,101	25,861	26,653	26,926	27,835	24,706	23,939	21,914	20,585
Status	6,375	6,314	6,832	6,460	6,661	7,448	6,091	5,307	4,081	4,586
Paternity	16,147	16,310	17,813	16,710	18,277	20,651	21,057	20,544	16,732	22,217
Miscellaneous	6,434	6,281	7,615	7,245	7,159	8,969	10,281	13,568	16,458	12,506
Term Parental Rights	1,551	1,513	1,801	2,097	2,224	2,553	2,504	3,485	3,378	3,502
Sub-Total	63,942	64,734	68,577	68,739	71,112	76,317	74,782	79,524	75,188	75,556

Civil

Plenary	103,499	36,358	28,346	22,981	20,687	21,475	20,457	20,005	20,692	17,658
Mortgage Foreclosure		29,731	29,827	30,867	34,142	40,896	43,804	45,394	40,905	41,274
Civil Collections		51,760	60,021	66,355	63,667	68,709	82,139	101,615	96,659	94,899
Tort	12,169	14,596	13,565	15,387	13,588	12,915	11,747	11,379	10,434	10,500
Domestic Relations	40,682	39,794	38,360	37,410	39,039	37,491	37,861	38,845	42,187	41,095
Reciprocal Support	3,174	3,125	3,078	2,843	2,837	3,063	3,123	3,225	2,774	3,157
Mental Health	5,946	6,109	5,991	6,568	6,748	6,833	7,305	7,226	8,091	7,772
Protective Orders	27,067	26,387	25,067	27,004	28,373	29,323	31,953	34,736	36,494	36,534
Miscellaneous	9,216	10,122	11,367	11,883	12,013	12,306	11,690	12,077	13,314	15,548
Sub-Total	201,753	217,982	215,622	221,298	221,094	233,011	250,079	274,502	271,550	268,437
Small Claims	305,776	290,493	298,477	297,891	296,240	282,943	281,530	289,925	272,602	276,295

Probate/ Adoption

Adoption	3,826	3,647	3,430	3,615	3,549	3,640	3,722	3,867	3,511	3,645
Adoption Histories	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estate	15,633	15,705	15,428	15,240	15,086	14,386	14,187	14,409	13,777	13,672
Guardianship	6,475	6,544	6,469	6,671	6,657	6,695	6,814	7,088	6,957	6,832
Trusts	310	348	432	432	474	444	443	463	575	435
Sub-Total	26,292	26,244	25,759	25,958	25,766	25,165	25,166	25,827	24,820	24,584
Grand Total	1,799,330	1,883,975	1,727,883	1,642,930	1,682,700	1,784,359	1,878,542	2,001,731	1,956,749	1,859,870

Cases Filed--Circuit, Superior, and Probate Courts

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
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Criminal

Murder		279	243	234	232	228	209	209	225	205
Felony	16,443	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Class A Felony		2,534	2,505	2,577	2,671	2,829	2,765	2,784	2,745	2,589
Class B Felony		5,525	5,902	5,982	5,717	5,906	5,741	6,187	6,578	6,889
Class C Felony		9,340	9,500	9,596	10,025	10,039	10,009	9,808	9,227	8,866
Class D Felony	40,634	42,961	44,690	47,498	48,266	48,984	51,230	52,172	51,524	50,661
Misdemeanor	148,544	153,326	152,421	155,362	152,198	152,142	152,280	148,327	143,463	140,920
Post Conviction	1,143	1,317	1,175	1,071	970	878	999	992	1,049	1,207
Misc. Criminal	13,383	15,456	17,228	25,376	20,790	23,675	25,901	24,772	27,292	30,926
Infractions	568,077	613,535	510,419	419,613	470,335	540,391	608,031	648,175	641,954	554,157
Ordinance Violations	60,684	82,777	64,951	54,763	50,494	65,227	59,893	67,071	63,460	54,816
Sub-Total	848,908	927,050	809,034	722,072	761,698	850,299	917,058	960,497	947,517	851,236

Juvenile

CHINS	7,888	8,215	8,655	9,574	9,865	8,861	10,143	12,681	12,625	12,160
Delinquency	25,547	26,101	25,861	26,653	26,926	27,835	24,706	23,939	21,914	20,585
Status	6,375	6,314	6,832	6,460	6,661	7,448	6,091	5,307	4,081	4,586
Paternity	16,147	16,310	17,813	16,710	18,277	20,651	21,057	20,544	16,732	22,217
Miscellaneous	6,434	6,281	7,615	7,245	7,159	8,969	10,281	13,568	16,458	12,506
Term Parental Rights	1,551	1,513	1,801	2,097	2,224	2,553	2,504	3,485	3,378	3,502
Sub-Total	63,942	64,734	68,577	68,739	71,112	76,317	74,782	79,524	75,188	75,556

Civil

Plenary	91,221	20,312	20,657	16,412	14,846	15,045	13,430	12,553	12,746	11,995
Mortgage Foreclosure		29,731	29,827	30,867	34,142	40,896	43,804	45,394	40,905	41,274
Civil Collections		50,101	56,832	63,189	59,559	65,121	80,667	100,303	95,464	94,175
Tort	12,169	12,795	11,874	12,388	11,255	10,706	9,660	9,875	10,434	10,500
Domestic Relations	40,682	39,794	38,360	37,410	39,039	37,491	37,861	38,845	42,187	41,095
Reciprocal Support	3,174	3,125	3,078	2,843	2,837	3,063	3,123	3,225	2,774	3,157
Mental Health	5,916	6,099	5,969	6,528	6,711	6,800	7,278	7,209	8,061	7,772
Protective Orders	27,067	26,387	25,067	27,004	28,373	29,323	31,953	34,736	36,494	36,534
Miscellaneous	9,216	10,116	11,308	11,601	11,982	12,232	11,687	12,073	13,314	15,548
Sub-Total	189,445	198,460	202,972	208,242	208,744	220,677	239,463	264,213	262,379	262,050
Small Claims	299,033	217,582	225,275	224,725	220,834	211,089	207,179	213,865	202,278	205,502

Probate/ Adoption

Adoption	3,826	3,647	3,430	3,615	3,549	3,640	3,722	3,867	3,511	3,645
Adoption Histories	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Estate	15,633	15,705	15,428	15,240	15,086	14,386	14,187	14,409	13,777	13,672
Guardianship	6,475	6,544	6,469	6,671	6,657	6,695	6,814	7,088	6,957	6,832
Trusts	310	348	432	432	474	444	443	463	575	435
Sub-Total	26,292	26,244	25,759	25,958	25,766	25,165	25,166	25,827	24,820	24,584
Grand Total	1,427,620	1,434,070	1,331,617	1,249,736	1,288,154	1,383,547	1,463,648	1,543,926	1,512,182	1,418,928

Cases Filed--City, Town, and Small Claims Courts

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
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Criminal

Murder										
Felony										
Class A Felony										
Class B Felony										
Class C Felony										
Class D Felony	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Misdemeanor	53,095	50,913	47,926	47,799	49,513	45,230	47,791	47,224	45,426	43,026
Post Conviction	63	68	38	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Misc. Criminal	329	1,603	414	883	516	660	958	788	589	446
Infractions	271,685	272,027	229,782	221,531	221,171	233,895	244,837	281,829	270,637	268,069
Ordinance Violations	27,437	32,861	32,254	36,758	35,590	36,838	36,341	41,615	48,420	52,221
Sub-Total	352,609	357,472	310,414	306,972	306,790	316,624	329,927	371,456	365,072	363,762

Juvenile

CHINS										
Delinquency										
Status										
Paternity										
Miscellaneous										
Term Parental Rights										
Sub-Total	0									

Civil

Plenary	12,278	16,046	7,689	6,569	5,841	6,430	7,027	7,452	7,946	5,663
Mortgage Foreclosure										
Civil Collections		1,659	3,189	3,166	4,108	3,588	1,472	1,312	1,195	724
Tort		1,801	1,691	2,999	2,333	2,209	2,087	1,504	0	0
Domestic Relations										
Reciprocal Support										
Mental Health	30	10	22	40	37	33	27	17	30	0
Protective Orders										
Miscellaneous	0	6	59	282	31	74	3	4	0	0
Sub-Total	12,308	19,522	12,650	13,056	12,350	12,334	10,616	10,289	9,171	6,387
Small Claims	75,023	72,911	73,202	73,166	75,406	71,854	74,351	76,060	70,324	70,793

Probate/ Adoption

Adoption										
Adoption Histories										
Estate										
Guardianship										
Trusts										
Sub-Total	0									
Grand Total	392,335	439,940	449,905	396,266	393,194	400,812	414,894	457,805	444,567	440,942

Cases Disposed--All Courts

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Criminal										
Murder		44	237	216	237	244	241	199	205	215
Felony	16,207	10,777	3,447	1,636	1,614	994	1,288	286	358	355
Class A Felony		621	2,042	2,299	2,462	2,621	2,734	2,715	2,784	2,679
Class B Felony		1,790	4,889	5,318	5,511	5,976	5,794	5,872	6,110	6,547
Class C Felony		3,618	8,157	8,407	9,428	9,960	9,966	9,763	9,733	9,052
Class D Felony	40,742	41,935	45,551	43,799	44,975	47,032	50,399	50,135	51,235	51,157
Misdemeanor	199,287	206,895	210,598	202,430	195,052	194,681	195,360	187,139	190,923	179,235
Post Conviction	718	892	786	1,280	1,021	709	743	964	850	842
Misc. Criminal	12,468	15,726	17,011	18,826	19,576	26,238	23,914	24,399	27,789	30,106
Infractions	837,308	905,916	762,833	663,027	694,606	755,269	837,049	864,449	905,391	820,421
Ordinance Violations	93,980	119,459	101,844	86,953	82,963	99,347	92,664	93,900	111,146	102,082
Sub-Total	1,200,710	1,307,673	1,157,395	1,034,191	1,057,445	1,143,071	1,220,152	1,239,821	1,306,524	1,202,691
Juvenile										
CHINS	7,535	7,471	7,201	8,446	8,032	8,702	9,277	11,977	11,427	12,129
Delinquency	24,682	24,157	25,401	23,392	22,677	23,295	22,947	24,202	20,760	19,884
Status	5,970	5,612	6,287	5,837	5,315	6,248	5,386	5,740	3,838	4,254
Paternity	13,739	14,832	14,794	14,786	16,381	17,961	19,007	19,562	16,846	20,379
Miscellaneous	5,939	5,730	7,146	6,823	6,442	8,457	10,453	12,669	14,705	11,784
Term Parental Rights	1,557	1,506	1,692	1,515	1,674	2,240	2,143	3,163	2,922	3,206
Sub-Total	59,422	59,308	62,521	60,799	60,521	66,903	69,213	77,313	70,498	71,636
Civil										
Plenary	95,806	57,603	35,131	28,654	28,057	23,411	16,406	15,260	16,052	13,306
Mortgage Foreclosure		15,740	28,362	29,889	31,414	39,091	42,600	44,815	38,268	36,680
Civil Collections		29,908	51,242	56,853	59,064	57,926	74,501	89,510	98,183	93,031
Tort	12,997	15,393	15,444	15,211	13,686	13,120	11,903	11,874	10,477	9,932
Domestic Relations	41,726	40,413	38,858	36,138	34,430	36,256	36,808	35,076	39,226	39,218
Reciprocal Support	2,099	2,366	3,371	2,091	2,636	2,227	2,083	2,303	2,516	2,876
Mental Health	5,079	4,536	5,045	5,831	5,997	5,870	6,101	5,790	10,017	10,785
Protective Orders	24,400	26,170	23,708	24,062	26,829	26,420	32,652	32,484	33,953	34,521
Miscellaneous	8,277	8,297	10,304	10,995	12,442	10,646	10,243	10,618	10,747	11,835
Sub-Total	190,384	200,426	211,465	209,724	214,555	214,967	233,297	247,730	259,439	252,184
Small Claims	299,033	284,741	289,841	287,761	295,613	280,447	274,490	288,586	270,909	282,006
Probate/ Adoption										
Adoption	3,521	3,712	3,168	3,392	3,269	3,244	3,172	3,917	3,304	3,745
Adoption Histories	50	53	7	6	4	19	66	4	1	0
Estate	14,566	14,872	14,737	15,538	14,053	13,679	15,754	12,465	12,419	13,060
Guardianship	7,017	5,428	6,139	5,561	5,431	5,453	8,881	6,375	7,590	8,334
Trusts	307	233	445	349	306	225	458	318	291	314
Sub-Total	25,461	24,298	24,496	24,846	23,063	22,620	28,331	23,079	23,605	25,453
Grand Total	1,775,010	1,876,446	1,745,718	1,617,321	1,651,197	1,728,008	1,825,483	1,876,529	1,930,975	1,833,970

Cases Disposed--Circuit, Superior, and Probate Courts

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Criminal										
Murder		44	237	216	237	244	241	199	205	215
Felony	16,207	10,777	3,447	1,636	1,614	994	1,288	286	358	355
Class A Felony		621	2,042	2,299	2,462	2,621	2,734	2,715	2,784	2,679
Class B Felony		1,790	4,889	5,318	5,511	5,976	5,794	5,872	6,110	6,547
Class C Felony		3,618	8,157	8,407	9,428	9,960	9,966	9,763	9,733	9,052
Class D Felony	40,742	41,935	45,551	43,799	44,975	47,031	50,399	50,135	51,235	51,157
Misdemeanor	150,881	159,128	166,575	153,715	150,907	149,607	154,495	146,657	149,581	139,073
Post Conviction	653	817	746	1,278	1,020	707	743	961	850	840
Misc. Criminal	12,137	14,369	16,739	17,930	19,183	25,986	23,667	24,049	26,106	29,743
Infractions	575,945	629,645	520,168	442,519	469,331	513,874	597,395	582,427	633,682	550,480
Ordinance Violations	66,843	87,457	72,616	54,054	51,111	63,950	60,481	56,435	67,936	51,221
Sub-Total	863,408	950,201	841,167	731,171	755,779	820,950	907,203	879,499	948,580	841,362
Juvenile										
CHINS	7,535	7,471	7,201	8,446	8,032	8,702	9,277	11,977	11,427	12,129
Delinquency	24,682	24,157	25,401	23,392	22,677	23,295	22,947	24,202	20,760	19,884
Status	5,970	5,612	6,287	5,837	5,315	6,248	5,386	5,740	3,838	4,254
Paternity	13,739	14,832	14,794	14,786	16,381	17,961	19,007	19,562	16,846	20,379
Miscellaneous	5,939	5,730	7,146	6,823	6,442	8,457	10,453	12,669	14,705	11,784
Term Parental Rights	1,557	1,506	1,692	1,515	1,674	2,240	2,143	3,163	2,922	3,206
Sub-Total	59,422	59,308	62,521	60,799	60,521	66,903	69,213	77,313	70,498	71,636
Civil										
Plenary	82,666	49,103	28,793	23,314	19,934	16,950	15,899	14,948	14,687	12,243
Mortgage Foreclosure		15,740	28,362	29,889	31,414	39,091	42,600	44,815	38,268	36,680
Civil Collections		28,647	46,171	53,695	55,853	55,150	72,728	88,033	97,027	92,180
Tort	12,997	12,365	12,379	12,164	11,458	11,146	10,325	10,134	10,477	9,932
Domestic Relations	41,726	40,413	38,858	36,138	34,430	36,256	36,808	35,076	39,226	39,218
Reciprocal Support	2,099	2,366	3,371	2,091	2,636	2,227	2,083	2,303	2,516	2,876
Mental Health	5,049	4,526	5,023	5,791	5,960	5,837	6,074	5,762	9,987	10,785
Protective Orders	24,400	26,170	23,708	24,062	26,829	26,420	32,652	32,484	33,953	34,521
Miscellaneous	8,277	8,292	10,243	10,823	12,438	10,610	10,174	10,614	10,747	11,835
Sub-Total	177,214	187,622	196,908	197,967	200,952	203,687	229,343	244,169	256,888	250,270
Small Claims	223,941	212,216	213,600	218,636	212,145	207,345	204,169	214,676	205,157	213,136
Probate/ Adoption										
Adoption	3,521	3,712	3,168	3,392	3,269	3,244	3,172	3,917	3,304	3,745
Adoption Histories	50	53	7	6	4	19	66	4	1	0
Estate	14,566	14,872	14,737	15,538	14,053	13,679	15,754	12,465	12,419	13,060
Guardianship	7,017	5,428	6,139	5,561	5,431	5,453	8,881	6,375	7,590	8,334
Trusts	307	233	445	349	306	225	458	318	291	314
Sub-Total	25,461	24,298	24,496	24,846	23,063	22,620	28,331	23,079	23,605	25,453
Grand Total	1,349,446	1,433,645	1,338,692	1,233,419	1,252,460	1,321,505	1,438,259	1,438,736	1,504,728	1,401,857

Cases Disposed--City, Town, and Small Claims Courts

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Criminal										
Murder										
Felony										
Class A Felony										
Class B Felony										
Class C Felony										
Class D Felony	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Misdemeanor	48,436	47,767	44,023	48,715	44,145	45,074	40,865	40,482	41,342	40,162
Post Conviction	65	75	40	2	1	2	0	3	0	2
Misc. Criminal	331	1,357	272	896	393	252	247	350	1,683	363
Infractions	261,363	276,271	242,665	220,508	225,275	241,395	239,654	282,022	271,709	269,941
Ordinance Violations	27,137	32,002	29,228	32,899	31,852	35,397	32,183	37,465	43,210	50,861
Sub-Total	337,332	357,472	316,228	303,020	301,666	322,121	312,949	360,322	357,944	361,329
Juvenile										
CHINS										
Delinquency										
Status										
Paternity										
Miscellaneous										
Term Parental Rights										
Sub-Total	0									
Civil										
Plenary	13,140	8,500	6,338	5,340	8,123	6,461	507	312	1,365	1,063
Mortgage Foreclosure										
Civil Collections		1,261	5,071	3,158	3,211	2,776	1,773	1,477	1,156	851
Tort		3,028	3,065	3,047	2,228	1,974	1,578	1,740	0	0
Domestic Relations										
Reciprocal Support										
Mental Health	30	10	22	40	37	33	27	28	30	0
Protective Orders										
Miscellaneous	0	5	61	172	4	36	69	4	0	0
Sub-Total	13,170	12,804	14,557	11,757	13,603	11,280	3,954	3,561	2,551	1,914
Small Claims	75,092	72,525	76,241	69,125	83,468	73,102	70,321	73,910	65,752	68,870
Probate/ Adoption										
Adoption										
Adoption Histories										
Estate										
Guardianship										
Trusts										
Sub-Total	0									
Grand Total	425,594	442,801	407,026	383,902	398,737	406,503	387,224	437,793	426,247	432,113

2010 CASE INFORMATION

Cases Pending on January 1, 2010

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	347	0	0	0	347
Felony (CF)	8,362	0	0	0	8,362
Class A Felony (FA)	3,357	0	0	0	3,357
Class B Felony (FB)	6,959	0	0	0	6,959
Class C Felony (FC)	10,184	0	0	0	10,184
Class D Felony (FD)	60,906	0	0	0	60,906
Misdemeanor (CM)	169,147	140,879	0	140,879	310,026
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	3,649	17	0	17	3,666
Miscellaneous (MC)	14,355	70	0	70	14,425
Infraction (IF)	291,558	143,966	0	143,966	435,524
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	23,012	74,345	0	74,345	97,357
Total Criminal	591,836	359,277	0	359,277	951,113
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	13,752	0	0	0	13,752
Delinquency (JD)	20,835	0	0	0	20,835
Status (JS)	5,186	0	0	0	5,186
Paternity (JP)	40,187	0	0	0	40,187
Miscellaneous (JM)	7,559	0	0	0	7,559
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	4,181	0	0	0	4,181
Total Juvenile	91,700	0	0	0	91,700
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	50,624	7,907	0	7,907	58,531
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	25,880	0	0	0	25,880
Civil Collections (CC)	69,012	3,193	0	3,193	72,205
Tort (CT)	22,528	0	0	0	22,528
Small Claims (SC)	210,513	5,384	79,317	84,701	295,214
Domestic Relations (DR)	66,998	0	0	0	66,998
Reciprocal Support (RS)	11,996	0	0	0	11,996
Mental Health (MH)	11,377	0	0	0	11,377
Adoptions (AD)	4,606	0	0	0	4,606
Adoption History (AH)	30	0	0	0	30
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	49,394	0	0	0	49,394
Guardianships (GU)	50,386	0	0	0	50,386
Trusts (TR)	1,923	0	0	0	1,923
Protective Orders (PO)	22,893	0	0	0	22,893
Miscellaneous (MI)	22,466	0	0	0	22,466
Total Civil	620,626	16,484	79,317	95,801	716,427
Total All Case Types	1,304,162	375,761	79,317	455,078	1,759,240

2010 Total Cases Filed

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	205	0	0	0	205
Felony (CF)	0	0	0	0	0
Class A Felony (FA)	2,589	0	0	0	2,589
Class B Felony (FB)	6,889	0	0	0	6,889
Class C Felony (FC)	8,866	0	0	0	8,866
Class D Felony (FD)	50,661	0	0	0	50,661
Misdemeanor (CM)	140,920	43,026	0	43,026	183,946
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	1,207	0	0	0	1,207
Miscellaneous (MC)	30,926	446	0	446	31,372
Infraction (IF)	554,157	268,069	0	268,069	822,226
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	54,816	52,221	0	52,221	107,037
Total Criminal	851,236	363,762	0	363,762	1,214,998
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	12,160	0	0	0	12,160
Delinquency (JD)	20,585	0	0	0	20,585
Status (JS)	4,586	0	0	0	4,586
Paternity (JP)	22,217	0	0	0	22,217
Miscellaneous (JM)	12,506	0	0	0	12,506
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	3,502	0	0	0	3,502
Total Juvenile	75,556	0	0	0	75,556
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	11,995	5,663	0	5,663	17,658
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	41,274	0	0	0	41,274
Civil Collections (CC)	94,175	724	0	724	94,899
Tort (CT)	10,500	0	0	0	10,500
Small Claims (SC)	205,502	1,212	69,581	70,793	276,295
Domestic Relations (DR)	41,095	0	0	0	41,095
Reciprocal Support (RS)	3,157	0	0	0	3,157
Mental Health (MH)	7,772	0	0	0	7,772
Adoptions (AD)	3,645	0	0	0	3,645
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	13,672	0	0	0	13,672
Guardianships (GU)	6,832	0	0	0	6,832
Trusts (TR)	435	0	0	0	435
Protective Orders (PO)	36,534	0	0	0	36,534
Miscellaneous (MI)	15,548	0	0	0	15,548
Total Civil	492,136	7,599	69,581	77,180	569,316
Total All Case Types	1,418,928	371,361	69,581	440,942	1,859,870

2010 Total Cases Venued In

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	0	0	0	0	0
Felony (CF)	0	0	0	0	0
Class A Felony (FA)	3	0	0	0	3
Class B Felony (FB)	4	0	0	0	4
Class C Felony (FC)	6	0	0	0	6
Class D Felony (FD)	17	0	0	0	17
Misdemeanor (CM)	11	1	0	1	12
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MC)	1,309	0	0	0	1,309
Infraction (IF)	396	1	0	1	397
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	9	0	0	0	9
Total Criminal	1,755	2	0	2	1,757
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	38	0	0	0	38
Delinquency (JD)	109	0	0	0	109
Status (JS)	5	0	0	0	5
Paternity (JP)	39	0	0	0	39
Miscellaneous (JM)	9	0	0	0	9
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	1	0	0	0	1
Total Juvenile	201	0	0	0	201
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	33	0	0	0	33
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	20	0	0	0	20
Civil Collections (CC)	319	0	0	0	319
Tort (CT)	50	0	0	0	50
Small Claims (SC)	113	0	41	41	154
Domestic Relations (DR)	106	0	0	0	106
Reciprocal Support (RS)	55	0	0	0	55
Mental Health (MH)	5	0	0	0	5
Adoptions (AD)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	5	0	0	0	5
Guardianships (GU)	17	0	0	0	17
Trusts (TR)	1	0	0	0	1
Protective Orders (PO)	103	0	0	0	103
Miscellaneous (MI)	21	0	0	0	21
Total Civil	848	0	41	41	889
Total All Case Types	2,804	2	41	43	2,847

2010 Total Cases Transferred In

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	25	0	0	0	25
Felony (CF)	40	0	0	0	40
Class A Felony (FA)	136	0	0	0	136
Class B Felony (FB)	610	0	0	0	610
Class C Felony (FC)	809	0	0	0	809
Class D Felony (FD)	3,915	0	0	0	3,915
Misdemeanor (CM)	6,450	39	0	39	6,489
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	167	0	0	0	167
Miscellaneous (MC)	300	0	0	0	300
Infraction (IF)	45,479	133	0	133	45,612
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	149	0	0	0	149
Total Criminal	58,080	172	0	172	58,252
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	36	0	0	0	36
Delinquency (JD)	209	0	0	0	209
Status (JS)	16	0	0	0	16
Paternity (JP)	238	0	0	0	238
Miscellaneous (JM)	47	0	0	0	47
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	4	0	0	0	4
Total Juvenile	550	0	0	0	550
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	443	0	0	0	443
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	113	0	0	0	113
Civil Collections (CC)	427	0	0	0	427
Tort (CT)	507	0	0	0	507
Small Claims (SC)	815	0	112	112	927
Domestic Relations (DR)	1,400	0	0	0	1,400
Reciprocal Support (RS)	23	0	0	0	23
Mental Health (MH)	22	0	0	0	22
Adoptions (AD)	29	0	0	0	29
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	81	0	0	0	81
Guardianships (GU)	89	0	0	0	89
Trusts (TR)	4	0	0	0	4
Protective Orders (PO)	1,413	0	0	0	1,413
Miscellaneous (MI)	256	0	0	0	256
Total Civil	5,622	0	112	112	5,734
Total All Case Types	64,252	172	112	284	64,536

2010 Total Cases Venued Out

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	2	0	0	0	2
Felony (CF)	0	0	0	0	0
Class A Felony (FA)	2	0	0	0	2
Class B Felony (FB)	5	0	0	0	5
Class C Felony (FC)	1	0	0	0	1
Class D Felony (FD)	8	0	0	0	8
Misdemeanor (CM)	6	0	0	0	6
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	1	0	0	0	1
Miscellaneous (MC)	1	0	0	0	1
Infraction (IF)	6	61	0	61	67
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	0	1	0	1	1
Total Criminal	32	62	0	62	94
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	24	0	0	0	24
Delinquency (JD)	166	0	0	0	166
Status (JS)	24	0	0	0	24
Paternity (JP)	12	0	0	0	12
Miscellaneous (JM)	7	0	0	0	7
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Juvenile	233	0	0	0	233
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	49	0	0	0	49
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	13	0	0	0	13
Civil Collections (CC)	233	0	0	0	233
Tort (CT)	61	0	0	0	61
Small Claims (SC)	75	0	38	38	113
Domestic Relations (DR)	68	0	0	0	68
Reciprocal Support (RS)	12	0	0	0	12
Mental Health (MH)	6	0	0	0	6
Adoptions (AD)	5	0	0	0	5
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	1	0	0	0	1
Guardianships (GU)	7	0	0	0	7
Trusts (TR)	1	0	0	0	1
Protective Orders (PO)	83	0	0	0	83
Miscellaneous (MI)	24	0	0	0	24
Total Civil	638	0	38	38	676
Total All Case Types	903	62	38	100	1,003

2010 Total Cases Transferred Out

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	22	0	0	0	22
Felony (CF)	15	0	0	0	15
Class A Felony (FA)	130	0	0	0	130
Class B Felony (FB)	565	0	0	0	565
Class C Felony (FC)	669	0	0	0	669
Class D Felony (FD)	3,758	0	0	0	3,758
Misdemeanor (CM)	6,559	756	0	756	7,315
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	37	0	0	0	37
Miscellaneous (MC)	296	0	0	0	296
Infraction (IF)	197	865	0	865	1,062
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	72	61	0	61	133
Total Criminal	12,320	1,682	0	1,682	14,002
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	46	0	0	0	46
Delinquency (JD)	159	0	0	0	159
Status (JS)	14	0	0	0	14
Paternity (JP)	81	0	0	0	81
Miscellaneous (JM)	29	0	0	0	29
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	3	0	0	0	3
Total Juvenile	332	0	0	0	332
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	420	0	0	0	420
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	127	0	0	0	127
Civil Collections (CC)	453	0	0	0	453
Tort (CT)	584	0	0	0	584
Small Claims (SC)	525	2	161	163	688
Domestic Relations (DR)	695	0	0	0	695
Reciprocal Support (RS)	66	0	0	0	66
Mental Health (MH)	26	0	0	0	26
Adoptions (AD)	33	0	0	0	33
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	51	0	0	0	51
Guardianships (GU)	99	0	0	0	99
Trusts (TR)	2	0	0	0	2
Protective Orders (PO)	1,260	0	0	0	1,260
Miscellaneous (MI)	248	0	0	0	248
Total Civil	4,589	2	161	163	4,752
Total All Case Types	17,241	1,684	161	1,845	19,086

2010 Total Cases Disposed

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	215	0	0	0	215
Felony (CF)	355	0	0	0	355
Class A Felony (FA)	2,679	0	0	0	2,679
Class B Felony (FB)	6,547	0	0	0	6,547
Class C Felony (FC)	9,052	0	0	0	9,052
Class D Felony (FD)	51,157	0	0	0	51,157
Misdemeanor (CM)	139,073	40,162	0	40,162	179,235
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	840	2	0	2	842
Miscellaneous (MC)	29,743	363	0	363	30,106
Infraction (IF)	550,480	269,941	0	269,941	820,421
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	51,221	50,861	0	50,861	102,082
Total Criminal	841,362	361,329	0	361,329	1,202,691
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	12,129	0	0	0	12,129
Delinquency (JD)	19,884	0	0	0	19,884
Status (JS)	4,254	0	0	0	4,254
Paternity (JP)	20,379	0	0	0	20,379
Miscellaneous (JM)	11,784	0	0	0	11,784
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	3,206	0	0	0	3,206
Total Juvenile	71,636	0	0	0	71,636
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	12,243	1,063	0	1,063	13,306
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	36,680	0	0	0	36,680
Civil Collections (CC)	92,180	851	0	851	93,031
Tort (CT)	9,932	0	0	0	9,932
Small Claims (SC)	213,136	1,224	67,646	68,870	282,006
Domestic Relations (DR)	39,218	0	0	0	39,218
Reciprocal Support (RS)	2,876	0	0	0	2,876
Mental Health (MH)	10,785	0	0	0	10,785
Adoptions (AD)	3,745	0	0	0	3,745
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	13,060	0	0	0	13,060
Guardianships (GU)	8,334	0	0	0	8,334
Trusts (TR)	314	0	0	0	314
Protective Orders (PO)	34,521	0	0	0	34,521
Miscellaneous (MI)	11,835	0	0	0	11,835
Total Civil	488,859	3,138	67,646	70,784	559,643
Total All Case Types	1,401,857	364,467	67,646	432,113	1,833,970

Cases Pending on December 31, 2010

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	338	0	0	0	338
Felony (CF)	8,032	0	0	0	8,032
Class A Felony (FA)	3,274	0	0	0	3,274
Class B Felony (FB)	7,345	0	0	0	7,345
Class C Felony (FC)	10,143	0	0	0	10,143
Class D Felony (FD)	60,576	0	0	0	60,576
Misdemeanor (CM)	170,890	143,027	0	143,027	313,917
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	4,145	15	0	15	4,160
Miscellaneous (MC)	16,850	153	0	153	17,003
Infraction (IF)	340,907	141,302	0	141,302	482,209
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	26,693	75,643	0	75,643	102,336
Total Criminal	649,193	360,140	0	360,140	1,009,333
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	13,787	0	0	0	13,787
Delinquency (JD)	21,529	0	0	0	21,529
Status (JS)	5,501	0	0	0	5,501
Paternity (JP)	42,209	0	0	0	42,209
Miscellaneous (JM)	8,301	0	0	0	8,301
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	4,479	0	0	0	4,479
Total Juvenile	95,806	0	0	0	95,806
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	50,383	12,507	0	12,507	62,890
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	30,467	0	0	0	30,467
Civil Collections (CC)	71,067	3,066	0	3,066	74,133
Tort (CT)	23,008	0	0	0	23,008
Small Claims (SC)	203,207	5,370	81,206	86,576	289,783
Domestic Relations (DR)	69,618	0	0	0	69,618
Reciprocal Support (RS)	12,277	0	0	0	12,277
Mental Health (MH)	8,359	0	0	0	8,359
Adoptions (AD)	4,497	0	0	0	4,497
Adoption History (AH)	30	0	0	0	30
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	50,040	0	0	0	50,040
Guardianships (GU)	48,884	0	0	0	48,884
Trusts (TR)	2,046	0	0	0	2,046
Protective Orders (PO)	25,079	0	0	0	25,079
Miscellaneous (MI)	26,184	0	0	0	26,184
Total Civil	625,146	20,943	81,206	102,149	727,295
Total All Case Types	1,370,145	381,083	81,206	462,289	1,832,434

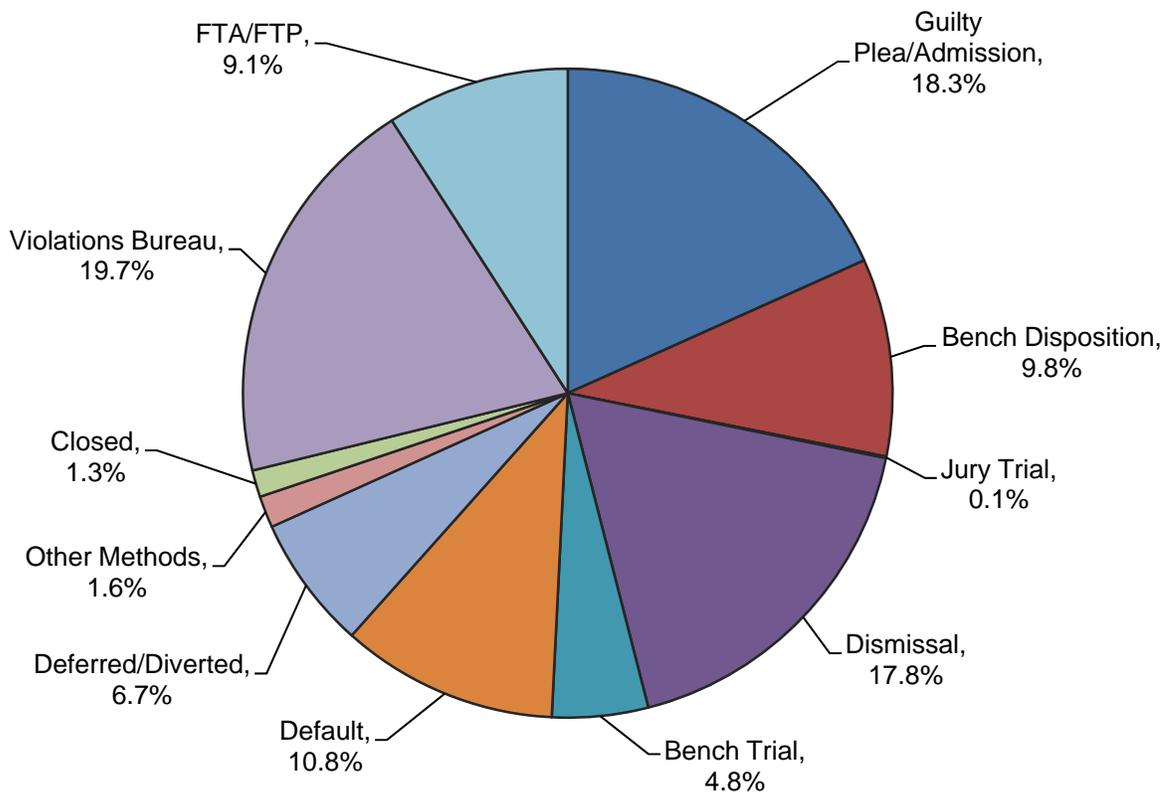
2010 METHOD OF CASE DISPOSITION

Summary of All Disposition Types

Method of Disposition (Number of Cases)

Disposition Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Jury Trial	1,510	4	0	4	1,514
Bench Trial	72,713	4,390	10,511	14,901	87,614
Bench Disposition	155,065	4,055	21,328	25,383	180,448
Dismissal	259,325	50,909	16,193	67,102	326,427
Guilty Plea/ Admission	223,276	112,886	0	112,886	336,162
Default	170,001	9,186	18,891	28,077	198,078
Deferred/Diverted	85,488	35,932	0	35,932	121,420
Violations Bureau	264,862	96,620	0	96,620	361,482
Closed	24,125	405	0	405	24,530
FTA/FTP	121,757	45,477	0	45,477	167,234
Other Methods	23,735	4,603	723	5,326	29,061
Total	1,401,857	364,467	67,646	432,113	1,833,970

Method of Disposition (Percent of Total)



Dispositions by Jury Trial

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	77	0	0	0	77
Felony (CF)	1	0	0	0	1
Class A Felony (FA)	181	0	0	0	181
Class B Felony (FB)	251	0	0	0	251
Class C Felony (FC)	193	0	0	0	193
Class D Felony (FD)	332	0	0	0	332
Misdemeanor (CM)	137	4	0	4	141
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MC)	0	0	0	0	0
Infraction (IF)	41	0	0	0	41
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	1	0	0	0	1
Total Criminal	1,214	4	0	4	1,218
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	0	0	0	0	0
Delinquency (JD)	0	0	0	0	0
Status (JS)	0	0	0	0	0
Paternity (JP)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (JM)	0	0	0	0	0
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Juvenile	0	0	0	0	0
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	51	0	0	0	51
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	0	0	0	0	0
Civil Collections (CC)	8	0	0	0	8
Tort (CT)	234	0	0	0	234
Small Claims (SC)	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Relations (DR)	0	0	0	0	0
Reciprocal Support (RS)	0	0	0	0	0
Mental Health (MH)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoptions (AD)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	0	0	0	0	0
Guardianships (GU)	0	0	0	0	0
Trusts (TR)	0	0	0	0	0
Protective Orders (PO)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MI)	3	0	0	0	3
Total Civil	296	0	0	0	296
Total All Case Types	1,510	4	0	4	1,514

Dispositions by Bench Trial

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	5	0	0	0	5
Felony (CF)	1	0	0	0	1
Class A Felony (FA)	29	0	0	0	29
Class B Felony (FB)	62	0	0	0	62
Class C Felony (FC)	101	0	0	0	101
Class D Felony (FD)	357	0	0	0	357
Misdemeanor (CM)	1,673	1,373	0	1,373	3,046
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	100	0	0	0	100
Miscellaneous (MC)	679	1	0	1	680
Infraction (IF)	3,851	2,287	0	2,287	6,138
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	885	550	0	550	1,435
Total Criminal	7,743	4,211	0	4,211	11,954
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	2,024	0	0	0	2,024
Delinquency (JD)	1,742	0	0	0	1,742
Status (JS)	175	0	0	0	175
Paternity (JP)	6,669	0	0	0	6,669
Miscellaneous (JM)	998	0	0	0	998
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	925	0	0	0	925
Total Juvenile	12,533	0	0	0	12,533
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	806	34	0	34	840
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	399	0	0	0	399
Civil Collections (CC)	1,294	31	0	31	1,325
Tort (CT)	213	0	0	0	213
Small Claims (SC)	22,315	114	10,511	10,625	32,940
Domestic Relations (DR)	9,982	0	0	0	9,982
Reciprocal Support (RS)	544	0	0	0	544
Mental Health (MH)	5,132	0	0	0	5,132
Adoptions (AD)	1,755	0	0	0	1,755
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	105	0	0	0	105
Guardianships (GU)	901	0	0	0	901
Trusts (TR)	19	0	0	0	19
Protective Orders (PO)	7,109	0	0	0	7,109
Miscellaneous (MI)	1,863	0	0	0	1,863
Total Civil	52,437	179	10,511	10,690	63,127
Total All Case Types	72,713	4,390	10,511	14,901	87,614

Dispositions by Bench Disposition

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	4	0	0	0	4
Felony (CF)	25	0	0	0	25
Class A Felony (FA)	26	0	0	0	26
Class B Felony (FB)	62	0	0	0	62
Class C Felony (FC)	137	0	0	0	137
Class D Felony (FD)	362	0	0	0	362
Misdemeanor (CM)	907	1,097	0	1,097	2,004
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	424	0	0	0	424
Miscellaneous (MC)	21,507	170	0	170	21,677
Infraction (IF)	1,033	2,460	0	2,460	3,493
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	1,055	287	0	287	1,342
Total Criminal	25,542	4,014	0	4,014	29,556
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	2,294	0	0	0	2,294
Delinquency (JD)	2,852	0	0	0	2,852
Status (JS)	1,195	0	0	0	1,195
Paternity (JP)	5,355	0	0	0	5,355
Miscellaneous (JM)	7,018	0	0	0	7,018
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	309	0	0	0	309
Total Juvenile	19,023	0	0	0	19,023
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	2,293	7	0	7	2,300
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	5,143	0	0	0	5,143
Civil Collections (CC)	12,978	34	0	34	13,012
Tort (CT)	758	0	0	0	758
Small Claims (SC)	37,871	0	21,328	21,328	59,199
Domestic Relations (DR)	22,090	0	0	0	22,090
Reciprocal Support (RS)	1,371	0	0	0	1,371
Mental Health (MH)	2,008	0	0	0	2,008
Adoptions (AD)	623	0	0	0	623
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	2,425	0	0	0	2,425
Guardianships (GU)	2,144	0	0	0	2,144
Trusts (TR)	92	0	0	0	92
Protective Orders (PO)	16,217	0	0	0	16,217
Miscellaneous (MI)	4,487	0	0	0	4,487
Total Civil	110,500	41	21,328	21,369	131,869
Total All Case Types	155,065	4,055	21,328	25,383	180,448

Dispositions by Dismissed

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	22	0	0	0	22
Felony (CF)	147	0	0	0	147
Class A Felony (FA)	341	0	0	0	341
Class B Felony (FB)	818	0	0	0	818
Class C Felony (FC)	1,299	0	0	0	1,299
Class D Felony (FD)	10,418	0	0	0	10,418
Misdemeanor (CM)	43,112	12,403	0	12,403	55,515
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	229	0	0	0	229
Miscellaneous (MC)	2,822	190	0	190	3,012
Infraction (IF)	48,638	27,069	0	27,069	75,707
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	7,179	10,374	0	10,374	17,553
Total Criminal	115,025	50,036	0	50,036	165,061
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	3,181	0	0	0	3,181
Delinquency (JD)	3,699	0	0	0	3,699
Status (JS)	928	0	0	0	928
Paternity (JP)	3,486	0	0	0	3,486
Miscellaneous (JM)	1,328	0	0	0	1,328
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	1,775	0	0	0	1,775
Total Juvenile	14,397	0	0	0	14,397
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	5,457	303	0	303	5,760
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	9,407	0	0	0	9,407
Civil Collections (CC)	20,961	96	0	96	21,057
Tort (CT)	7,141	0	0	0	7,141
Small Claims (SC)	65,626	474	16,193	16,667	82,293
Domestic Relations (DR)	5,938	0	0	0	5,938
Reciprocal Support (RS)	667	0	0	0	667
Mental Health (MH)	1,355	0	0	0	1,355
Adoptions (AD)	190	0	0	0	190
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	221	0	0	0	221
Guardianships (GU)	425	0	0	0	425
Trusts (TR)	0	0	0	0	0
Protective Orders (PO)	10,245	0	0	0	10,245
Miscellaneous (MI)	2,270	0	0	0	2,270
Total Civil	129,903	873	16,193	17,066	146,969
Total All Case Types	259,325	50,909	16,193	67,102	326,427

Dispositions by Guilty Plea/Admission

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	104	0	0	0	104
Felony (CF)	103	0	0	0	103
Class A Felony (FA)	2,025	0	0	0	2,025
Class B Felony (FB)	5,225	0	0	0	5,225
Class C Felony (FC)	7,134	0	0	0	7,134
Class D Felony (FD)	37,673	0	0	0	37,673
Misdemeanor (CM)	75,849	18,472	0	18,472	94,321
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MC)	214	0	0	0	214
Infraction (IF)	72,105	83,480	0	83,480	155,585
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	3,400	10,934	0	10,934	14,334
Total Criminal	203,832	112,886	0	112,886	316,718
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	4,206	0	0	0	4,206
Delinquency (JD)	10,315	0	0	0	10,315
Status (JS)	1,709	0	0	0	1,709
Paternity (JP)	2,673	0	0	0	2,673
Miscellaneous (JM)	411	0	0	0	411
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	75	0	0	0	75
Total Juvenile	19,389	0	0	0	19,389
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	0	0	0	0	0
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	0	0	0	0	0
Civil Collections (CC)	0	0	0	0	0
Tort (CT)	0	0	0	0	0
Small Claims (SC)	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Relations (DR)	0	0	0	0	0
Reciprocal Support (RS)	0	0	0	0	0
Mental Health (MH)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoptions (AD)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	0	0	0	0	0
Guardianships (GU)	0	0	0	0	0
Trusts (TR)	0	0	0	0	0
Protective Orders (PO)	52	0	0	0	52
Miscellaneous (MI)	3	0	0	0	3
Total Civil	55	0	0	0	55
Total All Case Types	223,276	112,886	0	112,886	336,162

Dispositions by Default

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	0	0	0	0	0
Felony (CF)	0	0	0	0	0
Class A Felony (FA)	0	0	0	0	0
Class B Felony (FB)	0	0	0	0	0
Class C Felony (FC)	0	0	0	0	0
Class D Felony (FD)	0	0	0	0	0
Misdemeanor (CM)	0	0	0	0	0
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MC)	0	0	0	0	0
Infraction (IF)	6,610	5,672	0	5,672	12,282
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	1,220	2,170	0	2,170	3,390
Total Criminal	7,830	7,842	0	7,842	15,672
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	0	0	0	0	0
Delinquency (JD)	0	0	0	0	0
Status (JS)	0	0	0	0	0
Paternity (JP)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (JM)	0	0	0	0	0
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Juvenile	0	0	0	0	0
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	2,929	498	0	498	3,427
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	20,547	0	0	0	20,547
Civil Collections (CC)	54,086	319	0	319	54,405
Tort (CT)	1,234	0	0	0	1,234
Small Claims (SC)	81,716	527	18,891	19,418	101,134
Domestic Relations (DR)	266	0	0	0	266
Reciprocal Support (RS)	29	0	0	0	29
Mental Health (MH)	34	0	0	0	34
Adoptions (AD)	1	0	0	0	1
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	46	0	0	0	46
Guardianships (GU)	12	0	0	0	12
Trusts (TR)	0	0	0	0	0
Protective Orders (PO)	267	0	0	0	267
Miscellaneous (MI)	1,004	0	0	0	1,004
Total Civil	162,171	1,344	18,891	20,235	182,406
Total All Case Types	170,001	9,186	18,891	28,077	198,078

Dispositions by Deferred/Diverted

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	1	0	0	0	1
Felony (CF)	3	0	0	0	3
Class A Felony (FA)	25	0	0	0	25
Class B Felony (FB)	23	0	0	0	23
Class C Felony (FC)	47	0	0	0	47
Class D Felony (FD)	1,525	0	0	0	1,525
Misdemeanor (CM)	15,486	5,784	0	5,784	21,270
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	1	0	0	0	1
Miscellaneous (MC)	6	0	0	0	6
Infraction (IF)	60,026	22,754	0	22,754	82,780
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	8,345	7,394	0	7,394	15,739
Total Criminal	85,488	35,932	0	35,932	121,420
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	0	0	0	0	0
Delinquency (JD)	0	0	0	0	0
Status (JS)	0	0	0	0	0
Paternity (JP)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (JM)	0	0	0	0	0
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Juvenile	0	0	0	0	0
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	0	0	0	0	0
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	0	0	0	0	0
Civil Collections (CC)	0	0	0	0	0
Tort (CT)	0	0	0	0	0
Small Claims (SC)	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Relations (DR)	0	0	0	0	0
Reciprocal Support (RS)	0	0	0	0	0
Mental Health (MH)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoptions (AD)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	0	0	0	0	0
Guardianships (GU)	0	0	0	0	0
Trusts (TR)	0	0	0	0	0
Protective Orders (PO)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MI)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Civil	0	0	0	0	0
Total All Case Types	85,488	35,932	0	35,932	121,420

Dispositions by Violations Bureau

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	0	0	0	0	0
Felony (CF)	0	0	0	0	0
Class A Felony (FA)	0	0	0	0	0
Class B Felony (FB)	0	0	0	0	0
Class C Felony (FC)	0	0	0	0	0
Class D Felony (FD)	0	0	0	0	0
Misdemeanor (CM)	1,129	316	0	316	1,445
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MC)	44	0	0	0	44
Infraction (IF)	245,509	84,019	0	84,019	329,528
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	18,168	12,285	0	12,285	30,453
Total Criminal	264,850	96,620	0	96,620	361,470
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	0	0	0	0	0
Delinquency (JD)	0	0	0	0	0
Status (JS)	0	0	0	0	0
Paternity (JP)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (JM)	0	0	0	0	0
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Juvenile	0	0	0	0	0
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	0	0	0	0	0
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	0	0	0	0	0
Civil Collections (CC)	0	0	0	0	0
Tort (CT)	0	0	0	0	0
Small Claims (SC)	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Relations (DR)	0	0	0	0	0
Reciprocal Support (RS)	0	0	0	0	0
Mental Health (MH)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoptions (AD)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	0	0	0	0	0
Guardianships (GU)	0	0	0	0	0
Trusts (TR)	0	0	0	0	0
Protective Orders (PO)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MI)	12	0	0	0	12
Total Civil	12	0	0	0	12
Total All Case Types	264,862	96,620	0	96,620	361,482

Dispositions by Closed

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	0	0	0	0	0
Felony (CF)	0	0	0	0	0
Class A Felony (FA)	0	0	0	0	0
Class B Felony (FB)	0	0	0	0	0
Class C Felony (FC)	0	0	0	0	0
Class D Felony (FD)	0	0	0	0	0
Misdemeanor (CM)	0	0	0	0	0
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MC)	1,606	0	0	0	1,606
Infraction (IF)	0	0	0	0	0
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Criminal	1,606	0	0	0	1,606
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	0	0	0	0	0
Delinquency (JD)	0	0	0	0	0
Status (JS)	0	0	0	0	0
Paternity (JP)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (JM)	0	0	0	0	0
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Juvenile	0	0	0	0	0
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	157	0	0	0	157
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	289	0	0	0	289
Civil Collections (CC)	1,121	371	0	371	1,492
Tort (CT)	110	0	0	0	110
Small Claims (SC)	1,937	34	0	34	1,971
Domestic Relations (DR)	0	0	0	0	0
Reciprocal Support (RS)	0	0	0	0	0
Mental Health (MH)	2,050	0	0	0	2,050
Adoptions (AD)	1,120	0	0	0	1,120
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	10,140	0	0	0	10,140
Guardianships (GU)	4,699	0	0	0	4,699
Trusts (TR)	198	0	0	0	198
Protective Orders (PO)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MI)	698	0	0	0	698
Total Civil	22,519	405	0	405	22,924
Total All Case Types	24,125	405	0	405	24,530

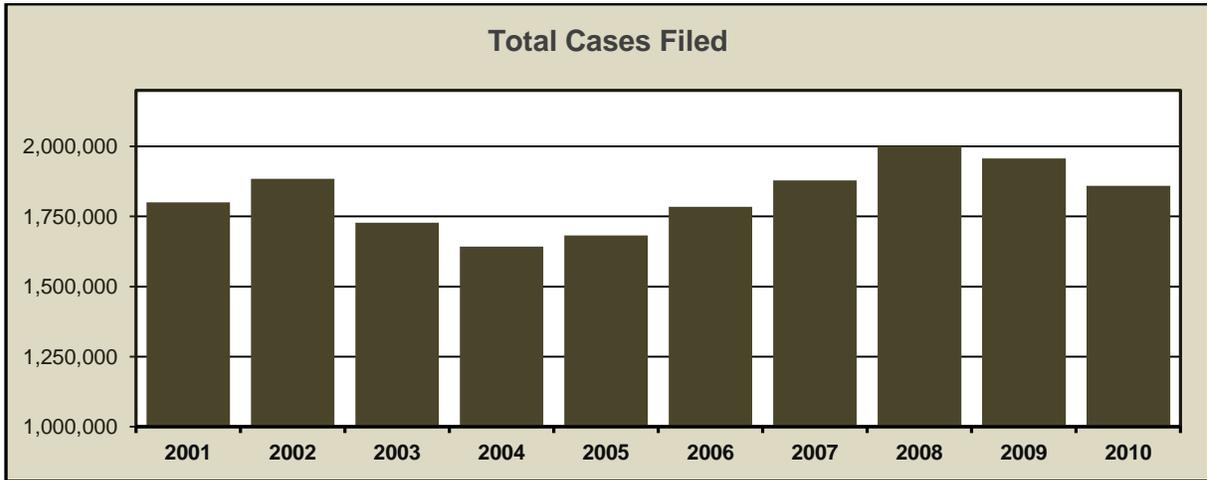
Dispositions by Failure to Appear/Pay

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	0	0	0	0	0
Felony (CF)	0	0	0	0	0
Class A Felony (FA)	0	0	0	0	0
Class B Felony (FB)	0	0	0	0	0
Class C Felony (FC)	0	0	0	0	0
Class D Felony (FD)	0	0	0	0	0
Misdemeanor (CM)	0	0	0	0	0
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MC)	0	0	0	0	0
Infraction (IF)	111,038	40,607	0	40,607	151,645
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	10,719	4,870	0	4,870	15,589
Total Criminal	121,757	45,477	0	45,477	167,234
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	0	0	0	0	0
Delinquency (JD)	0	0	0	0	0
Status (JS)	0	0	0	0	0
Paternity (JP)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (JM)	0	0	0	0	0
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Juvenile	0	0	0	0	0
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	0	0	0	0	0
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	0	0	0	0	0
Civil Collections (CC)	0	0	0	0	0
Tort (CT)	0	0	0	0	0
Small Claims (SC)	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Relations (DR)	0	0	0	0	0
Reciprocal Support (RS)	0	0	0	0	0
Mental Health (MH)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoptions (AD)	0	0	0	0	0
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	0	0	0	0	0
Guardianships (GU)	0	0	0	0	0
Trusts (TR)	0	0	0	0	0
Protective Orders (PO)	0	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous (MI)	0	0	0	0	0
Total Civil	0	0	0	0	0
Total All Case Types	121,757	45,477	0	45,477	167,234

Dispositions by Other Methods

Case Type	Circuit, Superior & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total City, Town, & Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal					
Murder (MR)	2	0	0	0	2
Felony (CF)	75	0	0	0	75
Class A Felony (FA)	52	0	0	0	52
Class B Felony (FB)	106	0	0	0	106
Class C Felony (FC)	141	0	0	0	141
Class D Felony (FD)	490	0	0	0	490
Misdemeanor (CM)	780	713	0	713	1,493
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	86	2	0	2	88
Miscellaneous (MC)	2,865	2	0	2	2,867
Infraction (IF)	1,629	1,593	0	1,593	3,222
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	249	1,997	0	1,997	2,246
Total Criminal	6,475	4,307	0	4,307	10,782
Juvenile					
CHINS (JC)	424	0	0	0	424
Delinquency (JD)	1,276	0	0	0	1,276
Status (JS)	247	0	0	0	247
Paternity (JP)	2,196	0	0	0	2,196
Miscellaneous (JM)	2,029	0	0	0	2,029
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	122	0	0	0	122
Total Juvenile	6,294	0	0	0	6,294
Civil					
Plenary (CP/PL)	550	221	0	221	771
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	895	0	0	0	895
Civil Collections (CC)	1,732	0	0	0	1,732
Tort (CT)	242	0	0	0	242
Small Claims (SC)	3,671	75	723	798	4,469
Domestic Relations (DR)	942	0	0	0	942
Reciprocal Support (RS)	265	0	0	0	265
Mental Health (MH)	206	0	0	0	206
Adoptions (AD)	56	0	0	0	56
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	123	0	0	0	123
Guardianships (GU)	153	0	0	0	153
Trusts (TR)	5	0	0	0	5
Protective Orders (PO)	631	0	0	0	631
Miscellaneous (MI)	1,495	0	0	0	1,495
Total Civil	10,966	296	723	1,019	11,985
Total All Case Types	23,735	4,603	723	5,326	29,061

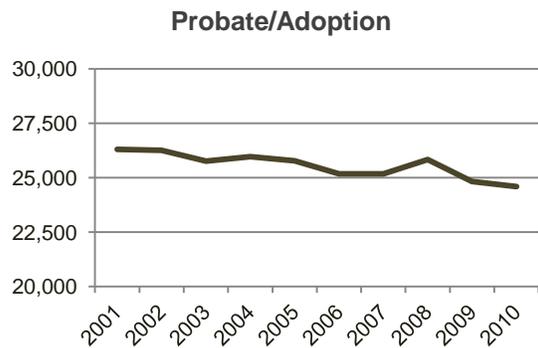
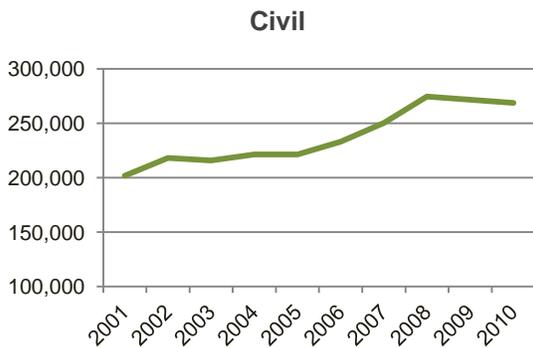
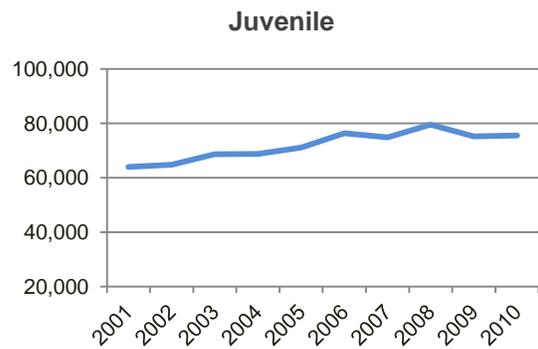
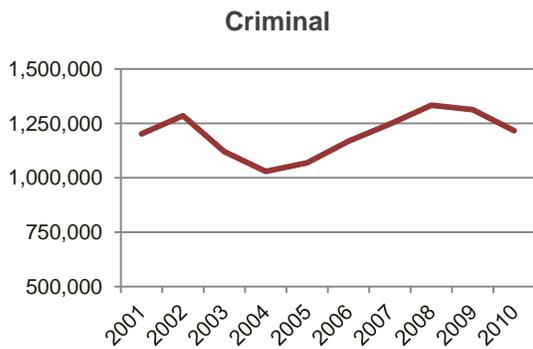
STATISTICAL TRENDS



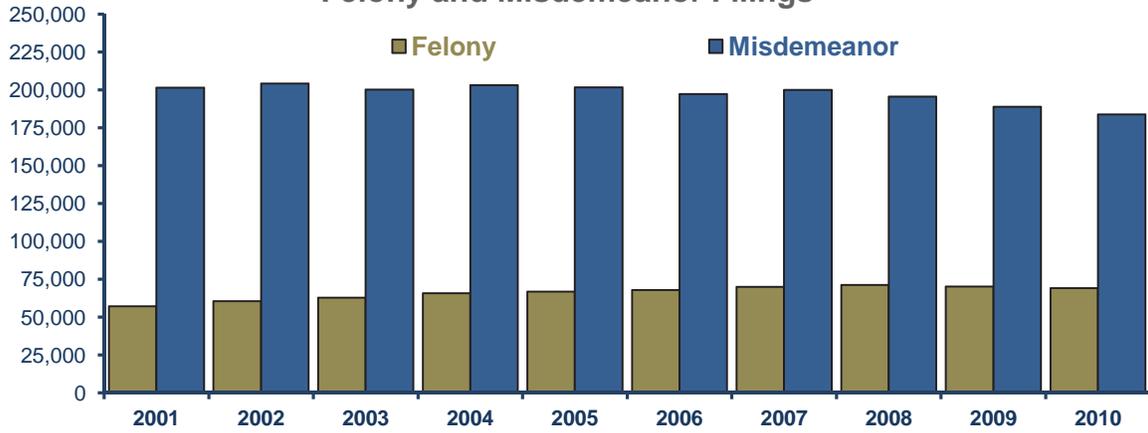
2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
1,799,330	1,883,975	1,727,883	1,642,930	1,682,700	1,784,359	1,878,542	2,001,731	1,956,749	1,859,870

2001 to 2005	2006 to 2010
6% Decrease in Filings	4% Increase in Filings

2001 to 2010
3% Increase in Filings



Felony and Misdemeanor Filings

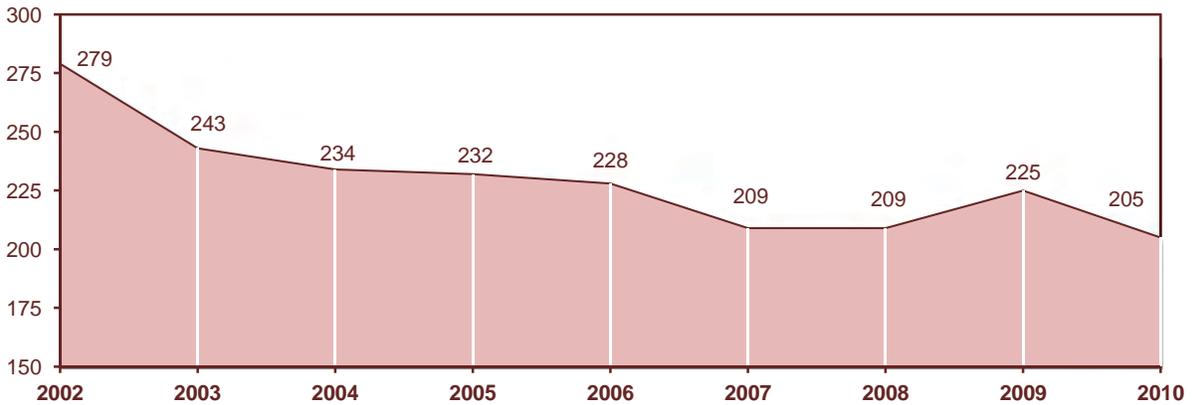


	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Felony	57,077	60,639	62,840	65,887	66,911	67,987	69,954	71,160	70,299	69,210
Misdemeanor	201,639	204,239	200,347	203,161	201,711	197,372	200,071	195,551	188,889	183,946
Total	258,716	264,878	263,187	269,048	268,622	265,359	270,025	266,711	259,188	253,156

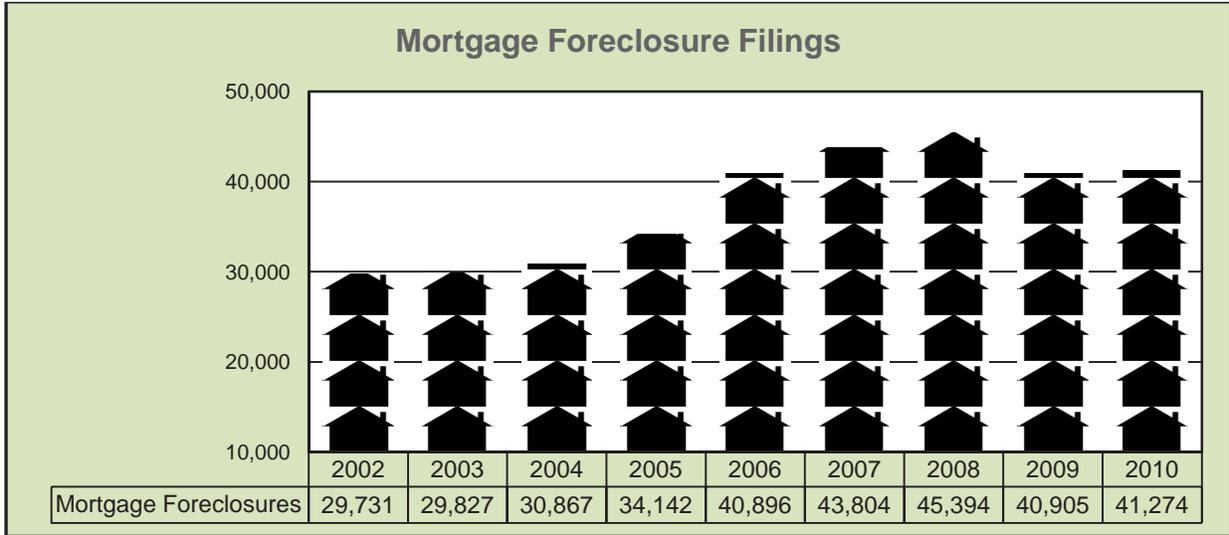
	2001 to 2005	2006 to 2010
Felony	17% Increase in Filings	2% Increase in Filings
Misdemeanor	0% Change in Filings	7% Decrease in Filings
Total	4% Increase in Filings	5% Decrease in Filings

	2001 to 2010
Felony	21% Increase in Filings
Misdemeanor	9% Decrease in Filings
Total	2% Decrease in Filings

Murder Filings

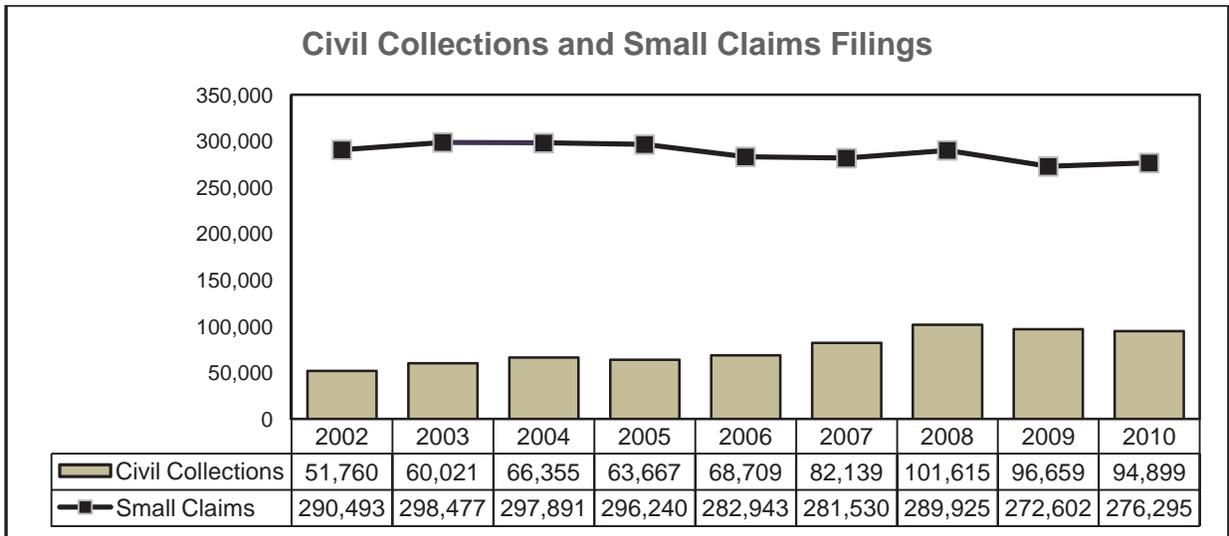


	2002 to 2010
	27% Decrease in Filings



2006 to 2010
1% Increase in Filings

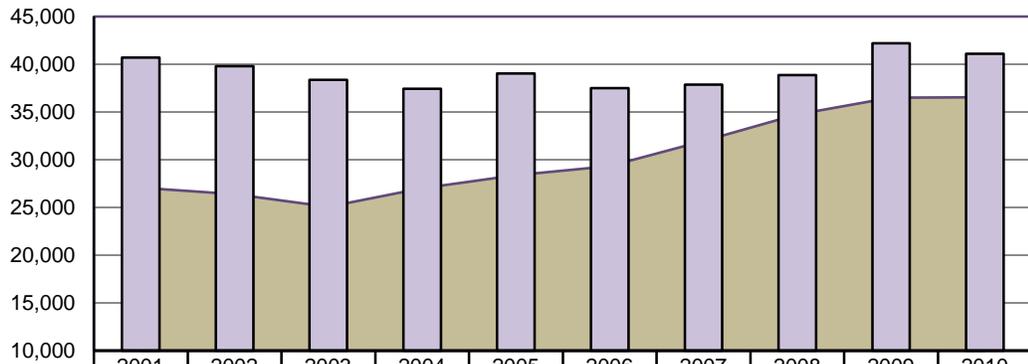
2002 to 2010
39% Increase in Filings



	2006 to 2010
Civil Collections	38% Increase in Filings
Small Claims	2% Decrease in Filings

	2002 to 2010
Civil Collections	83% Increase in Filings
Small Claims	5% Decrease in Filings

Domestic Relations and Protective Order Filings

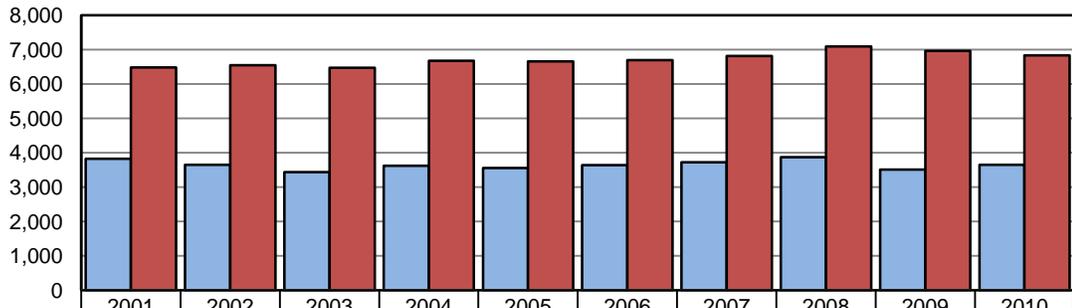


Protective Orders	27,067	26,387	25,067	27,004	28,373	29,323	31,953	34,736	36,494	36,534
Domestic Relations	40,682	39,794	38,360	37,410	39,039	37,491	37,861	38,845	42,187	41,095

	2001 to 2005	2006 to 2010
Domestic Relations	4% Decrease in Filings	10% Increase in Filings
Protective Orders	5% Increase in Filings	25% Increase in Filings

	2001 to 2010
Domestic Relations	1% Increase in Filings
Protective Orders	35% Increase in Filings

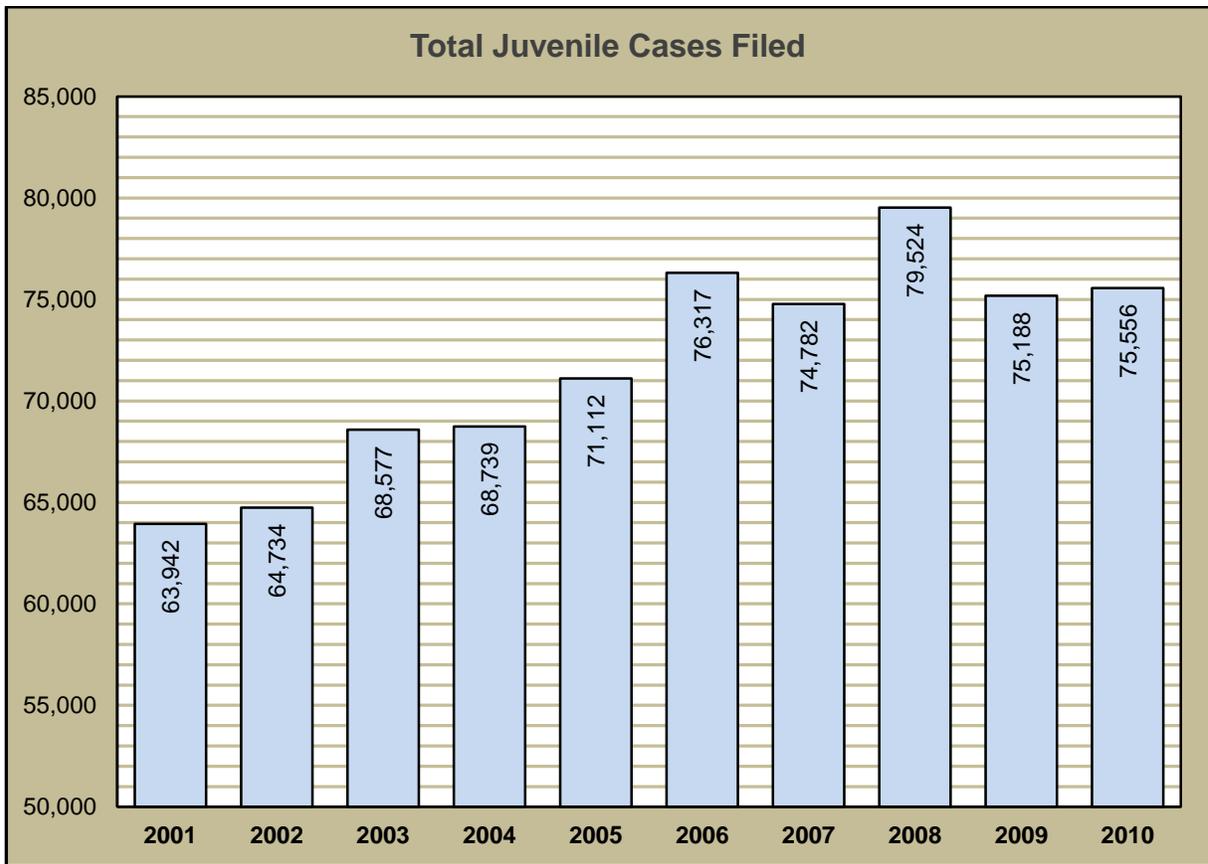
Adoption and Guardianship Filings



Adoption	3,826	3,647	3,430	3,615	3,549	3,640	3,722	3,867	3,511	3,645
Guardianship	6,475	6,544	6,469	6,671	6,657	6,695	6,814	7,088	6,957	6,832

	2001 to 2005	2006 to 2010
Adoption	7% Decrease in Filings	0% Change in Filings
Guardianship	3% Increase in Filings	2% Increase in Filings

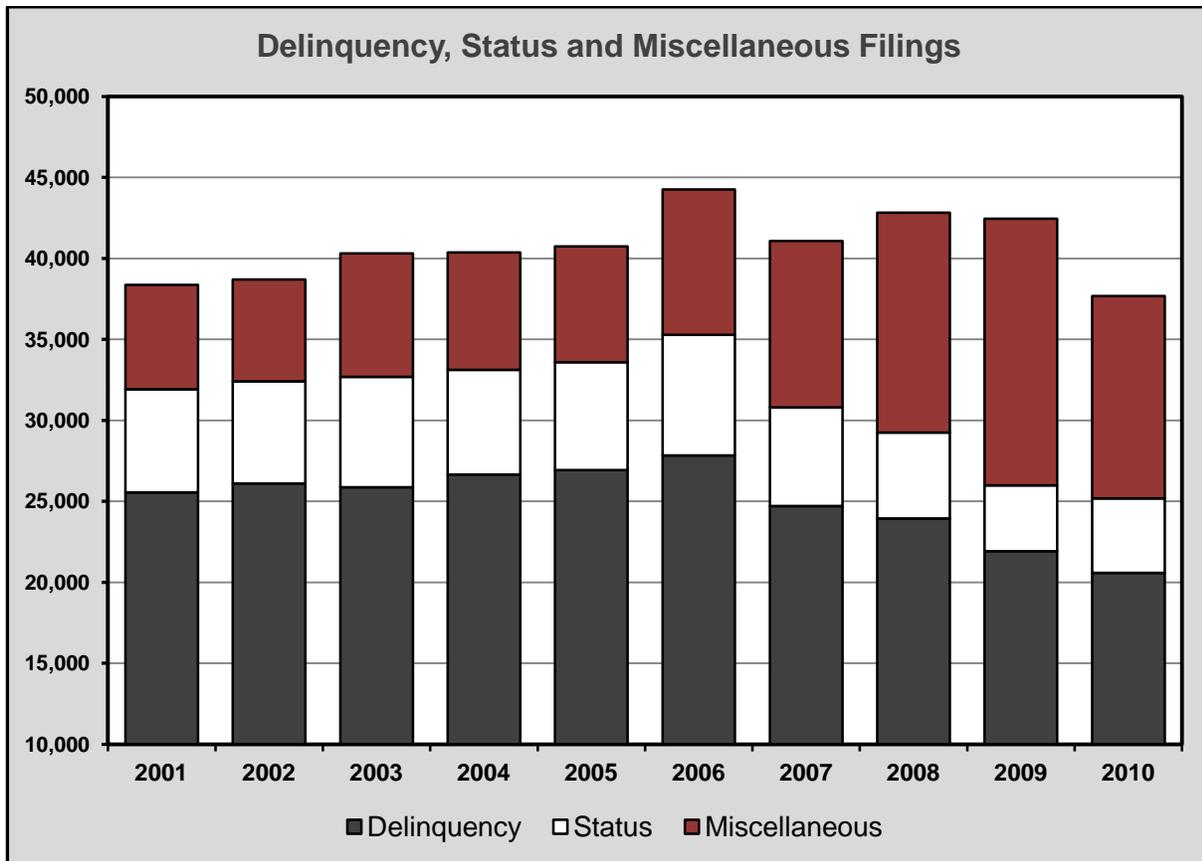
	2001 to 2010
Adoption	5% Decrease in Filings
Guardianship	6% Increase in Filings



	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Delinquency	25,547	26,101	25,861	26,653	26,926	27,835	24,706	23,939	21,914	20,585
Status	6,375	6,314	6,832	6,460	6,661	7,448	6,091	5,307	4,081	4,586
Miscellaneous	6,434	6,281	7,615	7,245	7,159	8,969	10,281	13,568	16,458	12,506
CHINS	7,888	8,215	8,655	9,574	9,865	8,861	10,143	12,681	12,625	12,160
Term of Parent Rights	1,551	1,513	1,801	2,097	2,224	2,553	2,504	3,485	3,378	3,502
Paternity	16,147	16,310	17,813	16,710	18,277	20,651	21,057	20,544	16,732	22,217
Total Cases Filed	63,942	64,734	68,577	68,739	71,112	76,317	74,782	79,524	75,188	75,556

	2001 to 2005	2006 to 2010
Total Cases Filed	11% Increase in Filings	1% Decrease in Filings

	2001 to 2010
Total Cases Filed	18% Increase in Filings

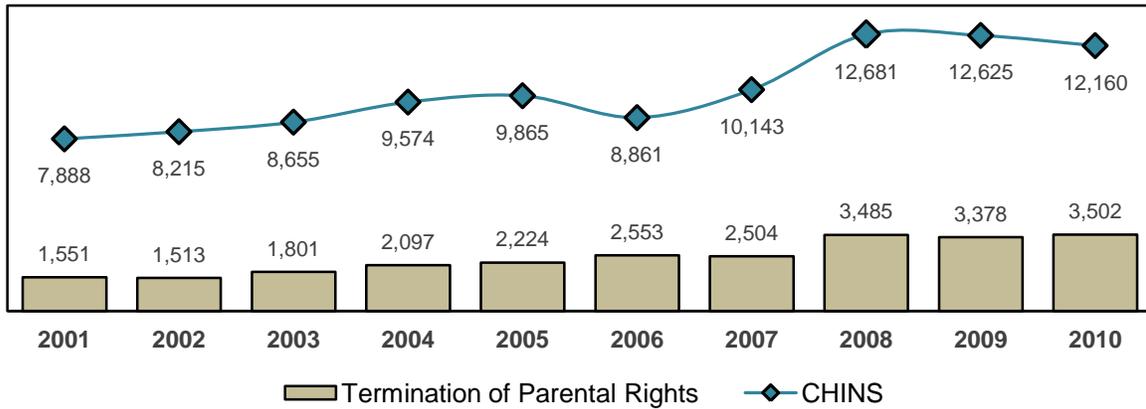


	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Delinquency	25,547	26,101	25,861	26,653	26,926	27,835	24,706	23,939	21,914	20,585
Status	6,375	6,314	6,832	6,460	6,661	7,448	6,091	5,307	4,081	4,586
Miscellaneous	6,434	6,281	7,615	7,245	7,159	8,969	10,281	13,568	16,458	12,506

	2001 to 2005	2006 to 2010
Delinquency	5% Increase in Filings	26% Decrease in Filings
Status	4% Increase in Filings	38% Decrease in Filings
Miscellaneous	11% Increase in Filings	39% Increase in Filings

	2001 to 2010
Delinquency	19% Decrease in Filings
Status	28% Decrease in Filings
Miscellaneous	94% Increase in Filings

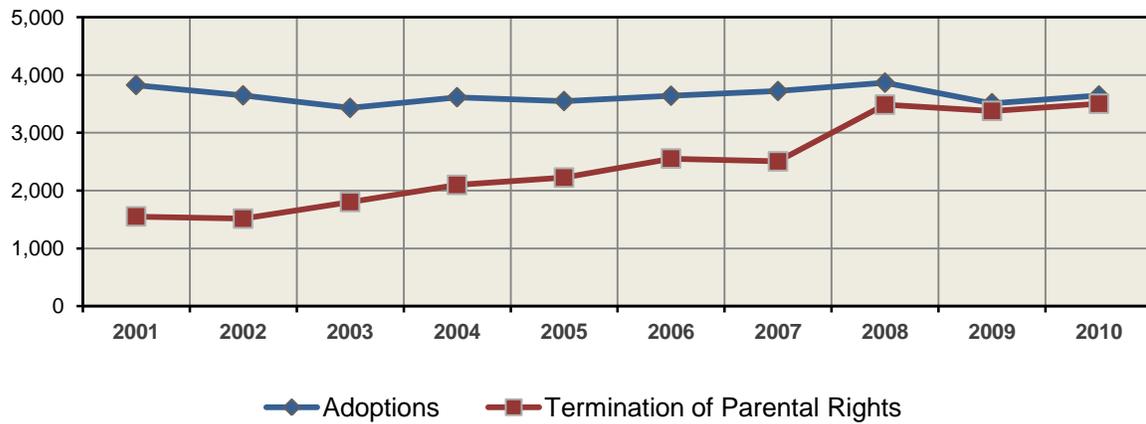
CHINS and Termination of Parental Rights Filings



	2001 to 2005	2006 to 2010
CHINS	25% Increase in Filings	37% Increase in Filings
Term of Parental Rights	43% Increase in Filings	37% Increase in Filings

	2001 to 2010
CHINS	54% Increase in Filings
Term of Parental Rights	126% Increase in Filings

Adoptions and Termination of Parental Rights Filings



	2001 to 2005	2006 to 2010
Adoptions	7% Decrease in Filings	0% Change in Filings
Term of Parental Rights	43% Increase in Filings	37% Increase in Filings

	2001 to 2010
Adoption	5% Decrease in Filings
Term of Parental Rights	126% Increase in Filings

COURTS IN WHICH DISPOSITIONS EXCEEDED NEW CASES

County	Court Name	New Cases	Disposed Cases
ADAMS	CIRCUIT	908	1,005
ALLEN	SUPERIOR 1	7,989	10,744
ALLEN	SUPERIOR 2	7,973	10,648
ALLEN	SUPERIOR 3	7,956	10,613
ALLEN	SUPERIOR 4	10,207	10,294
ALLEN	SUPERIOR 5	10,158	10,249
ALLEN	SUPERIOR 6	9,985	10,007
ALLEN	SUPERIOR 8	1,855	1,859
ALLEN	SUPERIOR 9	8,483	11,080
BARTHOLOMEW	CIRCUIT	2,488	2,561
BARTHOLOMEW	SUPERIOR 2	16,783	17,385
BLACKFORD	CIRCUIT	594	705
BLACKFORD	SUPERIOR	1,445	1,450
BOONE	SUPERIOR 2	4,751	4,838
BOONE	LEBANON CITY	1,595	1,718
CARROLL	CIRCUIT	691	854
CARROLL	BURLINGTON TOWN	636	653
CASS	SUPERIOR 2	3,795	3,963
CLARK	SUPERIOR 3	28,672	28,874
CLARK	CHARLESTOWN CITY	1,602	1,990
CLARK	SELLERSBURG TOWN	618	889
CRAWFORD	CIRCUIT	3,300	3,342
DEARBORN	CIRCUIT	1,609	2,063
DEARBORN	AURORA CITY	2,073	2,088
DECATUR	CIRCUIT	1,212	1,441
DECATUR	SUPERIOR	4,273	4,360
DEKALB	CIRCUIT	964	1,024
DEKALB	SUPERIOR 1	2,318	2,515
DEKALB	BUTLER CITY	5,116	5,628
DELAWARE	CIRCUIT 1	1,376	1,377
DELAWARE	CIRCUIT 2	2,294	2,781
DELAWARE	CIRCUIT 4	4,356	4,438
DELAWARE	CIRCUIT 5	4,181	4,611
DELAWARE	YORKTOWN TOWN	7,018	7,603
DUBOIS	CIRCUIT	1,711	1,840
DUBOIS	SUPERIOR	7,624	7,727
ELKHART	CIRCUIT	2,805	2,859
ELKHART	SUPERIOR 2	1,691	1,741
ELKHART	SUPERIOR 3	1,420	1,614
ELKHART	SUPERIOR 4	11,930	12,490
ELKHART	SUPERIOR 5	5,630	6,023
ELKHART	SUPERIOR 6	6,782	7,608
ELKHART	ELKHART CITY	25,608	27,298

County	Court Name	New Cases	Disposed Cases
ELKHART	NAPPANEE CITY	735	811
FLOYD	CIRCUIT	1,873	1,891
FLOYD	SUPERIOR 2	18,284	20,210
FOUNTAIN	CIRCUIT	2,922	2,994
FOUNTAIN	ATTICA CITY	618	716
GRANT	CIRCUIT	1,718	1,996
GRANT	SUPERIOR 3	3,764	7,499
GRANT	MARION CITY	3,522	3,544
GREENE	CIRCUIT	1,399	1,536
GREENE	SUPERIOR	4,896	5,021
HAMILTON	SUPERIOR 2	1,812	2,035
HAMILTON	CARMEL CITY	13,227	13,695
HAMILTON	NOBLESVILLE CITY	7,763	9,477
HANCOCK	SUPERIOR 2	14,304	14,348
HARRISON	SUPERIOR	4,996	5,333
HENDRICKS	CIRCUIT	1,974	1,994
HENDRICKS	SUPERIOR 3	2,150	2,948
HENDRICKS	SUPERIOR 4	2,177	2,204
HENDRICKS	PLAINFIELD TOWN	4,050	4,606
HENRY	CIRCUIT	1,780	1,843
HENRY	SUPERIOR 2	2,807	2,866
HOWARD	CIRCUIT	2,554	3,458
HOWARD	SUPERIOR 4	1,775	1,881
HUNTINGTON	CIRCUIT	1,509	1,598
HUNTINGTON	SUPERIOR	4,150	4,652
HUNTINGTON	ROANOKE TOWN	6,317	7,068
JAY	SUPERIOR	1,087	1,155
JAY	DUNKIRK CITY	156	172
JEFFERSON	SUPERIOR	4,070	4,572
JENNINGS	SUPERIOR	3,834	3,836
JOHNSON	SUPERIOR 1	4,493	4,680
JOHNSON	GREENWOOD CITY	9,476	10,593
LAGRANGE	CIRCUIT	1,266	1,607
LAKE	SUPERIOR, CIVIL 4	1,214	1,408
LAKE	SUPERIOR, JUVENILE	7,325	7,774
LAKE	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 1	634	835
LAKE	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 2	642	757
LAKE	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 3	636	807
LAKE	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 4	665	749
LAKE	GARY CITY	18,130	18,451
LAKE	HOBART CITY	3,916	4,434
LAKE	LAKE STATION CITY	4,988	5,591
LAKE	SCHERERVILLE TOWN	4,728	6,093
LAKE	LOWELL TOWN	2,101	2,167

County	Court Name	New Cases	Disposed Cases
LAPORTE	CIRCUIT	3,495	3,645
LAPORTE	SUPERIOR 4	11,763	12,424
LAWRENCE	CIRCUIT	1,994	2,354
LAWRENCE	SUPERIOR 1	1,120	1,254
MADISON	SUPERIOR 5	3,755	4,103
MADISON	ANDERSON CITY	5,528	6,442
MADISON	EDGEWOOD TOWN	9,103	9,394
MADISON	PENDLETON TOWN	8,063	8,668
MARION	SUPERIOR, CIVIL 1	2,384	2,498
MARION	SUPERIOR, CIVIL 2	2,396	2,845
MARION	SUPERIOR, CIVIL 6	2,400	2,470
MARION	SUPERIOR, CIVIL 11	2,381	2,480
MARION	SUPERIOR, CIVIL 13	2,109	2,995
MARION	SUPERIOR, CIVIL 14	2,377	2,439
MARION	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 8	1,062	2,280
MARION	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 1	823	875
MARION	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 2	756	799
MARION	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 4	640	665
MARION	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 5	625	684
MARION	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 6	879	889
MARION	SUPERIOR, CRIMINAL 20	1,360	1,809
MARION	BEECH GROVE CITY	4,503	4,568
MARION	CENTER TOWNSHIP	14,021	19,550
MARION	DECATUR TOWNSHIP	7,718	8,516
MARION	PIKE TOWNSHIP	8,277	8,282
MARSHALL	SUPERIOR 1	830	862
MARSHALL	SUPERIOR 2	9,021	9,467
MARTIN	CIRCUIT	2,442	2,939
MIAMI	CIRCUIT	1,106	1,194
MIAMI	SUPERIOR 2	1,229	1,233
MIAMI	PERU CITY	2,785	2,849
MIAMI	BUNKER HILL TOWN	5,239	5,289
MONROE	CIRCUIT 1	1,909	2,082
MONROE	CIRCUIT 2	4,637	5,036
MONROE	CIRCUIT 3	4,652	5,028
MONROE	CIRCUIT 4	4,161	4,302
MONROE	CIRCUIT 5	4,594	5,065
MONROE	CIRCUIT 6	1,379	1,577
MONROE	CIRCUIT 8	4,339	4,394
MONROE	CIRCUIT 9	4,690	5,191
MONTGOMERY	SUPERIOR 1	1,063	1,082
MONTGOMERY	SUPERIOR 2	5,716	5,787
MORGAN	CIRCUIT	1,998	2,099
MORGAN	SUPERIOR 2	1,181	1,194

County	Court Name	New Cases	Disposed Cases
MORGAN	MARTINSVILLE CITY	6,610	6,794
MORGAN	MOORESVILLE TOWN	5,240	5,506
NEWTON	SUPERIOR	4,172	4,309
NOBLE	CIRCUIT	800	823
ORANGE	CIRCUIT	912	934
PORTER	CIRCUIT	3,288	3,350
PORTER	SUPERIOR 1	2,974	3,042
PORTER	SUPERIOR 2	2,925	2,951
PORTER	SUPERIOR 6	6,651	7,148
PUTNAM	CIRCUIT	1,528	1,833
PUTNAM	SUPERIOR	5,859	6,433
RIPLEY	CIRCUIT	848	896
RIPLEY	SUPERIOR	1,861	1,885
RIPLEY	BATESVILLE CITY	698	733
RIPLEY	VERSAILLES TOWN	2,511	2,567
RUSH	SUPERIOR	3,048	3,642
SCOTT	CIRCUIT	1,415	1,470
SCOTT	SUPERIOR	3,826	4,698
SHELBY	CIRCUIT	1,548	1,783
SHELBY	SUPERIOR 2	7,454	8,132
SPENCER	CIRCUIT	4,070	4,586
ST. JOSEPH	SUPERIOR 1	6,114	6,988
ST. JOSEPH	SUPERIOR 2	5,889	6,729
ST. JOSEPH	SUPERIOR 3	5,832	6,651
ST. JOSEPH	SUPERIOR 4	6,632	7,872
ST. JOSEPH	SUPERIOR 6	6,598	8,031
ST. JOSEPH	SUPERIOR 7	6,684	8,198
ST. JOSEPH	SUPERIOR 8	5,906	6,705
STARKE	CIRCUIT	2,519	2,859
STARKE	KNOX CITY	3,278	3,423
STEUBEN	SUPERIOR	3,525	3,688
STEUBEN	FREMONT TOWN	16,432	16,489
SULLIVAN	SUPERIOR	6,670	7,045
TIPPECANOE	CIRCUIT	1,893	1,912
TIPTON	TIPTON CITY	2,592	2,854
TIPTON	SHARPSVILLE TOWN	824	860
UNION	CIRCUIT	1,903	1,953
VANDEBURGH	SUPERIOR 1	9,268	9,410
VANDEBURGH	SUPERIOR 2	9,296	9,545
VANDEBURGH	SUPERIOR 3	9,307	9,435
VANDEBURGH	SUPERIOR 4	4,125	4,387
VANDEBURGH	SUPERIOR 5	9,285	9,448
VANDEBURGH	SUPERIOR 6	9,259	9,407
VANDEBURGH	SUPERIOR 7	9,296	9,444

County	Court Name	New Cases	Disposed Cases
VERMILLION	CIRCUIT	1,683	2,014
VIGO	SUPERIOR 2	1,053	1,146
VIGO	TERRE HAUTE CITY	15,723	15,812
WABASH	CIRCUIT	1,555	1,594
WABASH	SUPERIOR	5,112	5,924
WARRICK	CIRCUIT	1,868	1,945
WARRICK	SUPERIOR 2	5,801	7,045
WASHINGTON	CIRCUIT	2,709	3,026
WAYNE	CIRCUIT	1,426	1,480
WAYNE	SUPERIOR 1	1,452	1,508
WAYNE	SUPERIOR 2	1,392	1,589
WAYNE	SUPERIOR 3	12,174	12,210
WHITE	SUPERIOR	4,723	5,082
WHITLEY	SUPERIOR	7,483	7,632

CASES IN WHICH JURISDICTION WAS WITHDRAWN FROM TRIAL JUDGE FOR FAILURE TO RULE WITHIN PROSCRIBED TIME

Withdrawn Jurisdiction Pursuant to Trial Rule 53.1 & 53.2* or Criminal Rule 15

County	Case Number			Withdrawn From
DELAWARE	18C04	0707	PL-44	Judge John M. Feick & Magistrate Darrel K. Peckinpaugh
FAYETTE	21C01	0912	FA-175	Judge Daniel Lee Pflum
GRANT	27D02	8806	JP-427	Judge Randall Lee Johnson
GRANT	27D02	0907	DR-103	Judge Randall Lee Johnson
HANCOCK	30D01	0810	DR-1195	Judge Dan E. Marshall
HENRY	33C01	0601	PL-1	Special Judge Jay L. Toney
HENRY	33D01	0810	PL-28	Judge Michael D. Peyton
HOWARD	34D02	0309	DR-830	Special Judge Douglas B. Morton
HOWARD	34D02	0101	CP-60	Judge Stephen M. Jessup
HOWARD	34D01	0007	DR-486	Judge William C. Menges, Jr.
JENNINGS	40D01	0711	PL-299	Special Judge Ted R. Todd
MADISON	48D03	0809	MF-1253	Judge Thomas Newman, Jr.
MADISON	48C01	1001	PL-1	Judge Rudolph R. Pyle, III
MARION	49D04	0806	PL-28784	Judge Cynthia J. Ayers
MARION	49D03	0812	PL-58397	Judge Patrick L. McCarty
MARION	49D08	0402	AD-163	Judge Gerald Zore & Commissioner Mark D. Batties
MONROE	53C08	0611	DR-663	Judge Valeri Haughton
MONROE	53C08	0810	DR-580	Judge Valeri Haughton
PORTER	64D01	0710	DR-10031	Judge Roger V. Bradford & Magistrate James A. Johnson
PORTER	64D01	0603	CT-1832	Judge Roger V. Bradford
PORTER	64D02	0805	MF-4626	Judge William E. Alexa
PORTER	64D01	0710	PL-9891	Judge Roger V. Bradford
ST. JOSEPH	71D01	0901	CC-157	Judge Michael Scopelitis
TIPPECANOE	79D01	0709	PL-66	Judge Randy J. Williams
WARRICK	87D02	0506	MR-54	Judge Robert R. Aylsworth
WAYNE	89D01	0007	CT-13	Judge Charles K. Todd
WHITLEY	92D01	0906	DR-199	Judge Michael D. Rush
WHITLEY	92D01	1005	PL-164	Special Judge Duane G. Huffer

*Trial Rule 53.1 governs the failure of a judge to rule on a motion. With some exceptions, if a motion is not set for a hearing or ruled upon within 30 days of filing or within 30 days of the hearing, an interested party in the case may request the clerk to remove the case from the trial judge. The Indiana Supreme Court then appoints a Special Judge to hear the case. Trial Rule 53.2 provides a time limitation for holding an issue under advisement after trial. With some exceptions, any issues of law or fact which remain unresolved 90 days after a trial or hearing may be withdrawn from the trial judge, and a Special Judge is appointed by the Supreme Court. Criminal Rule 15 makes the time limitations found in Trial Rule 53.1 and 53.2 applicable in criminal proceedings.

CASES HELD UNDER ADVISEMENT

This report represents the total number of cases held under advisement throughout the year after the case had been tried.

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Cases Held Under Advisement	1,467	2,279	1,903	2,188	6,892*	6,694*	6322*	5,572*	4,645*	4,499*

*From 2001 to 2004, the figures represent the number of cases under advisement at the end of the 4th quarter in that particular year. From 2005 forward, the figure represents the total number of cases held under advisement throughout the year.

CASES IN WHICH PAUPER COUNSEL WAS APPOINTED

Pursuant to the Indiana Constitution and case law, all persons are entitled to representation in criminal and juvenile cases, as well as appeals. If the court considers a defendant indigent, the court will appoint the defendant a Public

Defender. The Division tracks and reports the number of cases in which counsel was provided in the listed case types, where the county incurred expense, or partial expense.

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Murder		198	169	212	231	158	214	167	222	163
Criminal Felony *	13,476									
Class A Felony		1,391	1,641	1,795	2,021	2,036	2,263	2,296	2,348	2,270
Class B Felony		3,472	4,167	4,985	6,410	5,128	5,349	5,640	6,395	6,116
Class C Felony		6,482	6,932	7,661	8,688	8,137	8,802	8,602	8,567	7,390
Class D Felony	21,777	23,712	28,075	31,480	31,503	31,621	35,736	36,641	38,090	38,060
Criminal Misdemeanor	42,982	45,169	47,494	51,637	53,905	51,965	55,133	56,080	60,825	62,464
Juvenile CHINS	1,577	2,164	2,488	3,358	3,461	4,981	6,165	7,381	8,420	8,496
Juvenile Delinquency	12,982	14,149	12,649	16,437	18,748	18,460	15,481	14,965	14,374	13,006
Juvenile Status	1,385	1,417	1,358	1,963	1,911	1,752	1,648	1,622	1,609	1,386
Termination of Parental Rights				1,081	849	1,448	1,274	1,525	1,836	1,806
Juvenile Paternity	939	1,085	1,187	2,661	3,357	2,312	1,481	1,334	1,860	2,016
Other	2,496	5,411	6,240	5,850	4,977	5,323	3,946	5,034	4,962	3,496
Post-Conviction Relief	683	658	184	626	707	862	933	2,397	1,735	1,056
Appeals	270	276	449	312	469	476	470	457	661	416
TOTAL	98,567	105,584	113,033	130,058	137,237	134,501	138,895	144,141	151,904	148,141

*Beginning in 2002, the Criminal Felony category was subdivided into the four felony classes A, B, C, and D.

2010 SELF-REPRESENTED LITIGANTS

This chart represents the number of cases in which at least one of the litigants represented themselves for part or all of the proceeding.

Case Type	Circuit, Superior, & Probate Courts	City & Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims	Total of All Courts
Criminal				
Murder (MR)	7	0	0	7
Felony (CF)	56	0	0	56
Class A Felony (FA)	120	0	0	120
Class B Felony (FB)	375	0	0	375
Class C Felony (FC)	572	0	0	572
Class D Felony (FD)	4,398	0	0	4,398
Misdemeanor (CM)	16,814	13,943	0	30,757
Post Conviction Relief (PC)	161	0	0	161
Miscellaneous (MC)	3,535	218	0	3,753
Infraction (IF)	116,714	70,101	0	186,815
Ordinance Violation (OV/OE)	4,226	12,084	0	16,310
Total Criminal	146,978	96,346	0	243,324
Juvenile				
CHINS (JC)	950	0	0	950
Delinquency (JD)	1,079	0	0	1,079
Status (JS)	295	0	0	295
Paternity (JP)	3,591	0	0	3,591
Miscellaneous (JM)	788	0	0	788
Term, Parental Rights (JT)	58	0	0	58
Total Juvenile	6,761	0	0	6,761
Civil				
Plenary (CP/PL)	804	0	0	804
Mortgage Foreclosure (MF)	2,472	0	0	2,472
Civil Collections (CC)	10,516	0	0	10,516
Tort (CT)	364	0	0	364
Small Claims (SC)	56,241	0	10,176	66,417
Domestic Relations (DR)	13,419	0	0	13,419
Reciprocal Support (RS)	229	0	0	229
Mental Health (MH)	122	0	0	122
Adoptions (AD)	55	0	0	55
Adoption History (AH)	0	0	0	0
Estates (ES/EU/EM)	90	0	0	90
Guardianships (GU)	275	0	0	275
Trusts (TR)	2	0	0	2
Protective Orders (PO)	15,584	0	0	15,584
Miscellaneous (MI)	1,535	0	0	1,535
Total Civil	101,708	0	10,176	111,884
Total All Case Types	255,447	96,346	10,176	361,969

CASES IN WHICH COURT INTERPRETER SERVICES WERE USED

Beginning in 2004, the Division began tracking and reporting use of court interpreter services. While court interpreter services may be provided in every case type before the Indiana courts, the Division seeks to track only those interpreter services that were provided by

the county, at county or partial county expense in the listed case types. The frequently used languages are: Spanish, American Sign Language, Arabic, Burmese, French, Italian, Japanese, Mandarin, Punjabi, Russian, Somali, and Vietnamese.

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Court Interpreter Services Used	12,557	14,355	14,425	17,953	14,046	13,419*	14,978

*In 2009, city and town court interpreter numbers were not included. The above number has been revised.

2010 GAL/CASA

2010 Program and Case Statistics

County	Program Statistics				Case Statistics				
	Volunteer Based Programs				Juvenile CHINS Served			Juvenile Termination Served	
	# Personnel (FTE)	Active Vol.	New Vol.	Vol. Hours	New	Total	Wait List	New	Total
ADAMS	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ALLEN	5.5	162	45	10,478	182	608	0	27	48
BARTHOLOMEW	8	157	19	18,180	187	547	20	5	5
BENTON	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BLACKFORD	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BOONE	1.5	32	3	3,020	113	272	0	6	12
BROWN	0.75	15	2	1,485	24	49	0	0	3
CARROLL	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CASS	1	27	11	1,209	75	32	6	0	0
CLARK	1.5	49	20	2,848	45	100	0	1	12
CLAY	0.5	4	2	1,291	11	21	0	2	2
CLINTON	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CRAWFORD	0.62	9	9	482	13	80	0	1	1
DAVISS	1	20	22	352	71	71	33	0	0
DEARBORN	1	24	8	2,182	49	105	66	4	16
DECATUR	See Bartholomew-Multi County Program				22	54	26	0	0
DEKALB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DELAWARE	2.5	61	27	3,529	73	225	70	13	27
DUBOIS	0.75	20	3	868	31	62	0	3	7
ELKHART	2.75	99	29	17,264	177	367	189	65	93
FAYETTE	1.5	8	2	2,292	27	27	33	1	2
FLOYD	2	64	22	15,538	128	265	0	11	16
FOUNTAIN	1.25	14	14	840	21	86	0	7	16
FRANKLIN	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FULTON	1.25	23	3	10,110	76	117	10	11	38
GIBSON	2	28	8	820	32	295	47	16	23
GRANT	2	47	17	11,333	57	162	35	21	35
GREENE	2	37	10	7,131	61	142	2	14	17
HAMILTON	2.25	43	18	3,447	47	245	0	7	18
HANCOCK	5	115	34	16,195	107	312	12	15	27
HARRISON	1.5	40	14	4,234	61	111	10	3	4
HENDRICKS	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HENRY	1.8	43	11	4,485	60	135	8	9	14
HOWARD	1.5	66	13	2,729	60	123	55	13	24

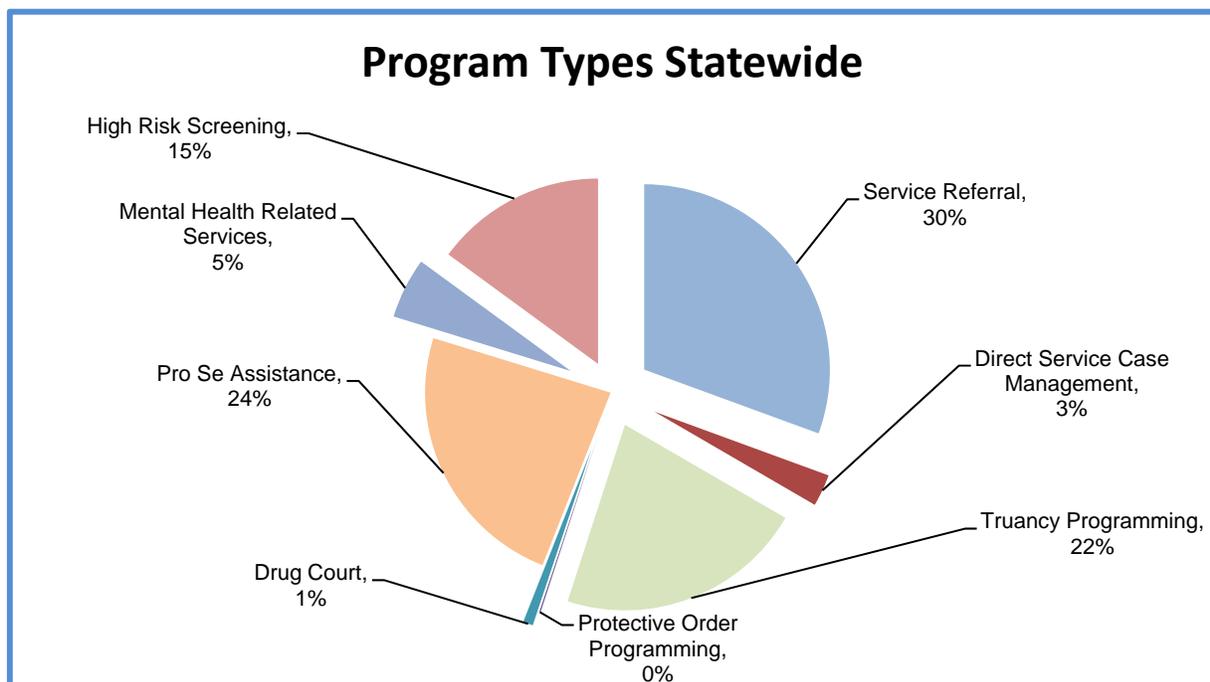
County	Program Statistics				Case Statistics				
	Volunteer Based Programs				Juvenile CHINS Served			Juvenile Termination Served	
	# Personnel (FTE)	Active Vol.	New Vol.	Vol. Hours	New	Total	Wait List	New	Total
HUNTINGTON	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JACKSON	See Bartholomew-Multi County Program				30	95	45	0	0
JASPER	0.9	27	13	695	36	61	0	5	12
JAY	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
JEFFERSON	1.25	38	8	2,445	59	159	10	9	9
JENNINGS	See Bartholomew-Multi County Program				27	94	79	4	4
JOHNSON	1.5	46	14	2,430	96	267	24	34	41
KNOX	1.5	16	21	1,536	51	62	179	0	0
KOSCIUSKO	2	74	12	11,395	60	144	1	21	24
LAGRANGE	4	47	8	10,028	160	410	1	9	13
LAKE	14.5	98	29	40,726	1,185	3,169	0	244	504
LAPORTE	3.5	68	13	2,539	58	267	56	16	16
LAWRENCE	1.25	15	9	1,147	9	35	29	5	10
MADISON	See Hancock-Multi County Program				36	162	301	52	75
MARION	36	543	191	19,548	2,051	4,852	289	509	719
MARSHALL	0.75	40	12	2,974	23	58	0	11	15
MARTIN	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MIAMI	2	52	12	2,856	72	160	19	14	24
MONROE	5.37	125	38	9,442	166	308	26	45	62
MONTGOMERY	2.6	52	18	2,653	71	148	29	19	52
MORGAN	1.25	39	3	3,532	29	106	23	11	23
NEWTON	See Jasper-Multi County Program				44	44	0	0	0
NOBLE	See LaGrange-Multi County Program				10	74	148	4	11
OHIO	See Dearborn County-Multi County Program				0	0	9	0	1
ORANGE	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
OWEN	0.75	12	2	4,680	10	32	19	2	2
PARKE	0.5	14	3	2,910	15	28	0	0	0
PERRY	1	3	1	482	6	100	0	1	2
PIKE	1	7	2	300	41	41	0	0	0
PORTER	3.5	72	20	3,436	65	259	0	12	38
POSEY	No Volunteer Program			0	0	0	0	0	0
PULASKI	See LaPorte-Multi County Program				10	17	3	0	0
PUTNAM	1	23	14	2,916	33	72	42	10	10
RANDOLPH	0.5	11	0	1,331	14	51	18	2	7
RIPLEY	See Jefferson-Multi Co. Program			1,545	25	68	60	12	12
RUSH	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ST. JOSEPH	5	100	26	19,740	158	326	489	70	167

County	Program Statistics				Case Statistics				
	Volunteer Based Programs				Juvenile CHINS Served			Juvenile Termination Served	
	# Personnel (FTE)	Active Vol.	New Vol.	Vol. Hours	New	Total	Wait List	New	Total
SCOTT	1	24	13	1,050	23	86	102	7	19
SHELBY	1	16	3	2,500	24	76	39	0	0
SPENCER	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STARKE	1	26	8	8,091	19	64	0	6	1
STEUBEN	See LaGrange-Multi County Program				25	76	1	10	17
SULLIVAN	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SWITZERLAND	0.5	8	4	1,413	9	37	0	0	0
TIPPECANOE	7.5	136	36	166,000	188	626	172	145	151
TIPTON	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UNION	See Wayne-Multi County Program				18	27	1	0	0
VANDERBURGH	8.5	135	42	15,700	288	1,379	473	66	136
VERMILLION	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
VIGO	5	112	40	13,665	98	303	10	31	47
WABASH	1.38	29	5	1,241	62	160	52	4	4
WARREN	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WARRICK	1.25	23	15	3,473	44	67	43	6	11
WASHINGTON	See Floyd-Multi County Program				29	59	0	4	7
WAYNE	1.5	30	9	1,662	26	88	31	5	7
WELLS	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WHITE	No Volunteer Program		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WHITLEY	See LaGrange-Multi County Program				8	21	0	2	3
Totals	171.67	3,268	1,010	508,423	7,321	19,351	3,445	1,662	2,716

FAMILY COURT PROJECT

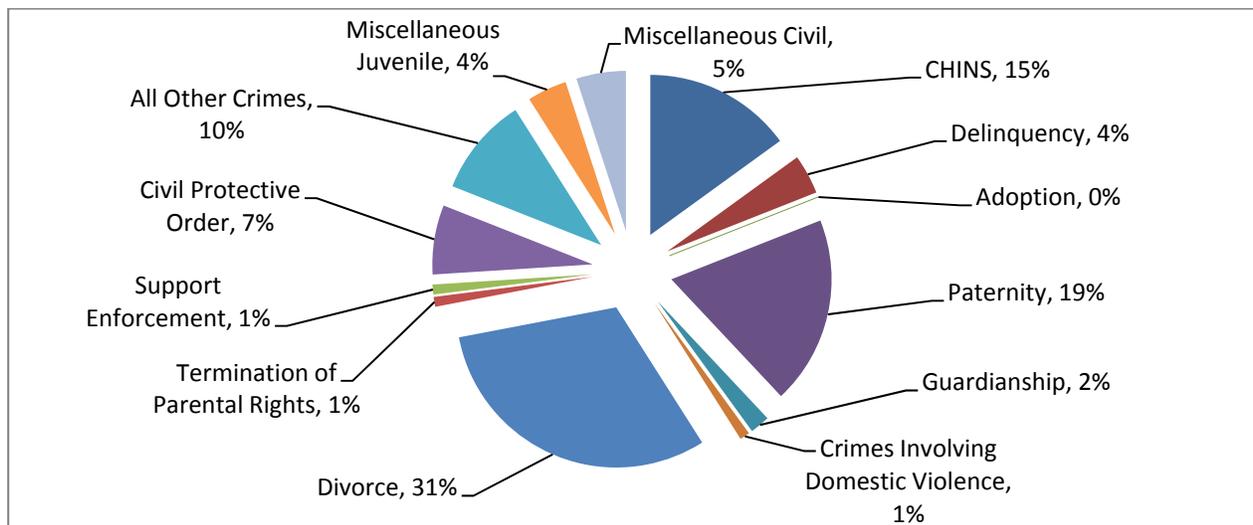
Children and Families Served by County

Program County Name	Total Children Served	Total Families Served
ALLEN	DNR	DNR
BARTHOLOMEW, BROWN, JACKSON, LAWRENCE	614	446
CLARK	484	404
HENRY	21	10
JOHNSON	169	154
LAKE CIRCUIT	253	153
LAKE JUVENILE	140	111
LAKE SUPERIOR 3	585	289
LAPORTE	DNR	DNR
MADISON	7	2
MARION	2,138	1,371
MONROE	452	442
OWEN	41	29
PARKE	2	4
PORTER	515	393
PUTNAM	74	47
CRAWFORD, MARTIN, ORANGE	35	21
ST JOSEPH	527	286
TIPPECANOE	326	267
VANDERBURGH	98	88
Totals	6,481	4,517



Case Types Involved in Family Court Proceedings

	CHINS	Delinquency	Paternity	Adoption	Support Enforcement	Civil Protective Order	All Other Crimes	Termination of Parental Rights	Miscellaneous Juvenile	Guardianship	Divorce	Miscellaneous Civil	Crimes Involving Domestic Violence
ALLEN	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR
BARTHOLOMEW, BROWN, JACKSON, LAWRENCE	55	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	39	0	352	0	0
CLARK	106	10	0	0	0	10	15	18	38	5	45	0	0
HENRY	21	20	6	0	0	2	12	2	0	1	4	2	5
JOHNSON	98	2	97	6	29	34	35	5	1	30	32	1	0
LAKE CIRCUIT	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	151	0	0
LAKE JUVENILE	0	0	111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAKE SUPERIOR 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	289	0	0
LAPORTE	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR	DNR
MADISON	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
MARION	532	2	435	1	0	342	16	1	0	19	408	3	0
MONROE	5	0	48	6	0	9	2	0	0	20	286	9	0
OWEN	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	24	0	0
PARKE	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PORTER	115	130	190	1	0	18	383	1	74	8	36	0	28
PUTNAM	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	42	0	0
CRAWFORD, MARTIN, ORANGE	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0
ST JOSEPH	11	5	64	0	10	42	5	0	0	4	225	16	19
TIPPECANOE	54	105	265	0	7	7	200	3	100	15	89	314	28
VANDEBURGH	0	0	0	0	50	0	0	0	0	1	36	1	0
Totals	998	274	1,274	14	96	464	668	30	252	107	2,035	346	80



CASES REFERRED TO ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR)

The Division tracks and reports the number of cases that are referred to Alternative Dispute Resolution, specifically civil claims, small claims and Domestic Relations cases. Several counties have approved ADR programs, as described later in the report.

As defined by ADR 1.1, recognized alternative dispute resolution methods

include arbitration, mediation, conciliation, facilitation, mini-trials, summary jury trials, private judges and judging, convening or conflict assessment, neutral evaluation and fact-finding, multi-door case allocations, and negotiated rulemaking. A court may order any covered case to proceed with a form of ADR prior to conducting further court proceedings.

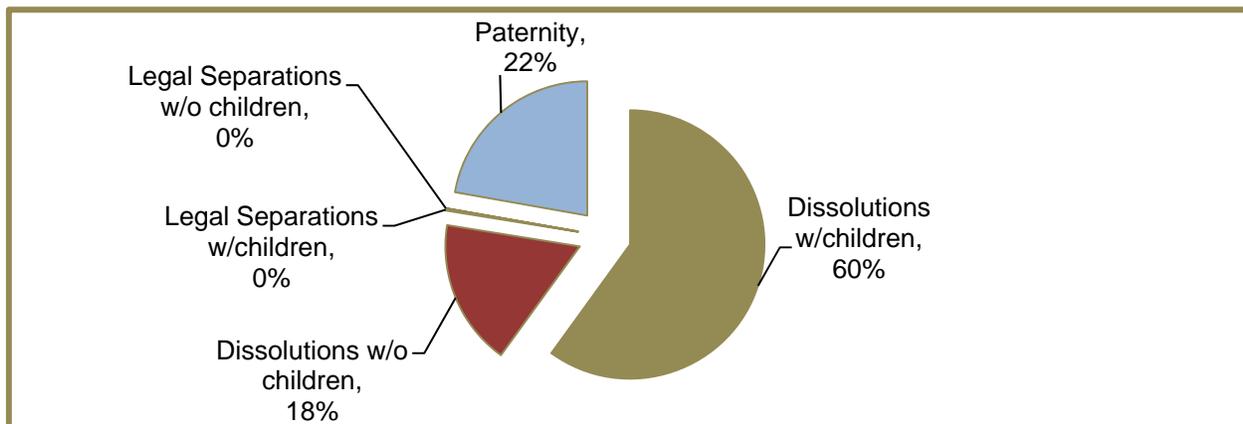
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Juvenile Paternity									615	825
Domestic Relations	1,349	896	1,626	1,583	1,912	1,532	1,660	1,838	1,663	2,038
Civil Plenary	1,380	1,003	1,540	943	842	1,176	1,253	1,170	950	792
Civil Tort	2,987	1,954	2,290	2,192	1,942	2,041	1,938	2,024	1,749	1,730
Small Claims		533	149	768	988	487	138	78	14	47
Other	349	302	568	396	715	1,006	859	1,148	1,502	2,170
TOTAL ADR REFERRALS	6,065	4,688	6,173	5,882	6,399	6,242	5,848	6,258	6,493	7,602

Beginning in 2009, Juvenile Paternity is reported separate from the "Other" case types.

REPORT ON LOCAL ADR PLANS

Total Number of Cases Accepted by Category

County (or Court)	Total No. of cases accepted	Dissolutions w/children	Dissolutions w/o children	Legal Separations w/children	Legal Separations w/o children	Paternity
ALLEN CIRCUIT	345	273	22	0	0	50
ALLEN SUPERIOR	235	116	83	3	0	33
BOONE	23	7	0	0	0	16
BROWN	22	17	1	0	0	4
CLARK	38	38	0	0	0	0
CRAWFORD	6	1	2	0	0	3
DEKALB	31	16	0	0	0	15
DELAWARE	1	1	0	0	0	0
HENRY	7	7	0	0	0	0
JACKSON	113	47	66	0	0	0
JOHNSON	420	226	160	0	0	34
LAPORTE	0	0	0	0	0	0
LAKE CIRCUIT	153	116	36	0	0	1
LAKE JUVENILE	111	0	0	0	0	111
LAKE SUPERIOR 3	48	47	1	0	0	0
LAWRENCE	219	135	46	0	0	38
MARION	282	136	26	0	0	120
MARTIN	15	9	3	0	0	3
MONROE	234	176	15	2	1	40
MONTGOMERY	0	0	0	0	0	0
ORANGE	0	0	0	0	0	0
OWEN	29	20	5	0	0	4
PARKE	2	0	0	0	0	2
PERRY	0	0	0	0	0	0
PORTER	86	6	0	0	0	80
PUTNAM	88	76	6	0	0	6
ST. JOSEPH	116	100	5	0	0	11
SHELBY	55	23	7	0	0	25
STARKE	22	16	3	0	0	3
SULLIVAN	3	1	1	0	0	1
TIPPECANOE	109	77	6	1	0	25
Total	2,813	1,687	494	6	1	625



Cases Accepted and Children Affected

County (or Court)	Number of children affected by the ADR Fund Plan:
ALLEN CIRCUIT	234
ALLEN SUPERIOR	DNR
BOONE	31
BROWN	37
CLARK	63
CRAWFORD	7
DEKALB	38
DELAWARE	1
HENRY	14
JACKSON	98
JOHNSON	442
LAPORTE	0
LAKE CIRCUIT	253
LAKE JUVENILE	140
LAKE SUPERIOR 3	136
LAWRENCE	308

County (or Court)	Number of children affected by the ADR Fund Plan:
MARION	812
MARTIN	28
MONROE	317
MONTGOMERY	0
ORANGE	0
OWEN	41
PARKE	2
PERRY	0
PORTER	120
PUTNAM	0
ST. JOSEPH	210
SHELBY	71
STARKE	28
SULLIVAN	3
TIPPECANOE	191
Total	3,625

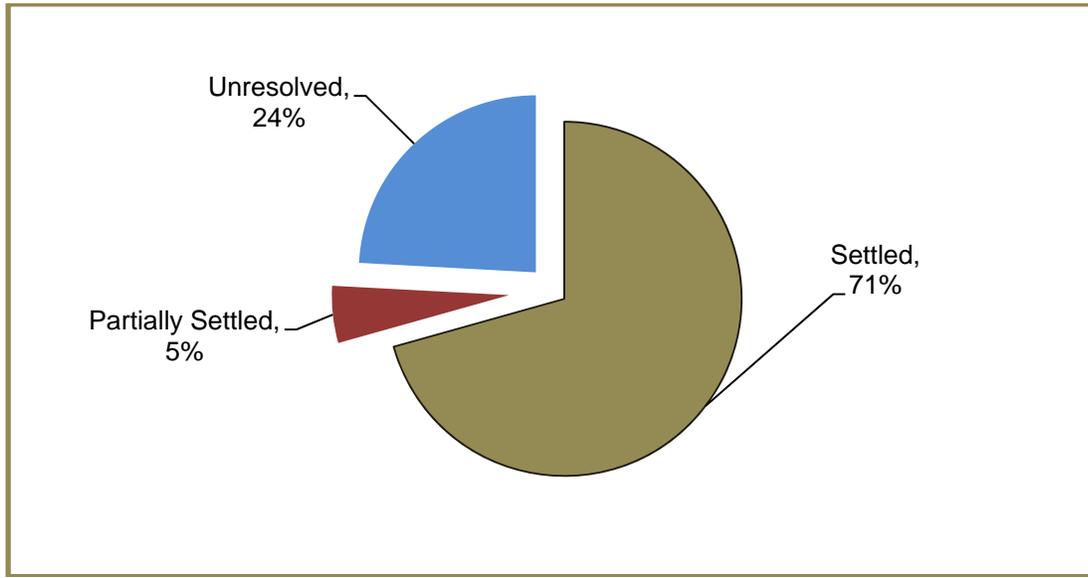


Total \$20 Fees Generated and Co-Payments Ordered

County (or Court)	Total of \$20.00 fees generated by ADR Plan	Total amount of co-payments ordered under the Plan
ALLEN CIRCUIT	\$13,940	\$3,300
ALLEN SUPERIOR	\$15,750	\$1,875
BOONE	\$6,500	\$377
BROWN	\$1,480	\$1,750
CLARK	\$8,376	\$0
CRAWFORD	\$1,320	\$0
DEKALB	\$266	\$5,320
DELAWARE	\$9,755	\$0
HENRY	\$6,518	\$0
JACKSON	\$6,220	\$5,410
JOHNSON	\$18,160	\$56,362
LAPORTE	\$12,680	\$0
LAKE CIRCUIT	\$19,830	\$12,000
LAKE JUVENILE	\$6,480	\$2,295
LAKE SUPERIOR 3	\$17,100	\$1,220
LAWRENCE	\$8,620	\$22,740
MARION	\$92,647	\$8,824
MARTIN	\$914	\$460
MONROE	\$9,580	\$3,420
MONTGOMERY	\$5,090	\$0
ORANGE	\$2,323	\$0
OWEN	\$2,260	\$1,190
PARKE	\$635	\$15
PERRY	\$0	\$0
PORTER	\$16,600	\$0
PUTNAM	\$6,500	\$377
ST. JOSEPH	\$0	\$6,109
SHELBY	\$5,060	\$0
STARKE	\$2,690	\$700
SULLIVAN	\$3,820	\$40
TIPPECANOE	\$15,720	\$16,098
Total	\$316,834	\$149,881

Statewide Total Case Outcomes

Settled	Partially Settled	Unresolved	Total
2,142	158	732	3,032



2010 SENIOR JUDGE PROGRAM

Trial Court Senior Judges

Number of Trial Court Judges Receiving Benefits	94
Per Judge Benefits Cost	\$10,941
Total Trial Court Senior Judge Benefits Cost	\$984,690
Days of Service by Senior Judges in Trial Courts	3,592
Per Diem: \$100 X 2,545.5	\$254,550
Per Diem: \$150 X 1,026.45	\$153,968
Per Diem: \$175 X 20	\$3,500
Total Per Diem Paid	\$412,018
Total Cost for Trial Court Senior Judges	\$1,396,708

Court of Appeals Senior Judges

Number of Appellate Court Senior Judges Receiving Benefits	5
Per Judge Benefits Cost	\$10,941
Total Appellate Court Senior Judge Benefits Cost	\$43,764
Days of Service by Appellate Court Senior Judges	265.66
Per Diem: \$100 X 128.86	\$12,886
Per Diem: \$150 X 114	\$17,100
Per Diem: \$175 X 22.8	\$3,990
Total Per Diem Paid	\$33,976
Total Cost for Appellate Court Senior Judges	\$77,740

Additional cost - travel reimbursements	\$82,242
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Total Cost of Senior Judge Program \$1,556,690

Additional Information Regarding Senior Judge Service in Trial Courts

Senior Judge Days Served	3,592
Hours Per Day	7.5
Total Hours Served by Senior Judges	26,940
Weighted Caseload Case-Related Hours Available Per Judicial Officer	1,344
Senior Judge Time Equivalent to Judicial Officers	20.04
Cost of Trial Court Senior Judge Performing Work Equivalent to One Regular Judicial Officer: \$1,396,708 / 20.044364	\$69,681
Cost of Minimal Trial Court Senior Judge Service: Benefits plus 30 days	\$13,941

Please see the narrative in the Court Services section for an explanation of this program.

Senior Judge Comparison

Trial Court Senior Judges	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Number of Trial Court Judges Receiving Benefits	81	77	84	77	80	81	95	94
Per Judge Benefits Cost	\$9,654	\$9,719	\$9,526	\$9,932	\$10,379	\$10,222	\$10,960	\$10,941
Total Trial Court Senior Judge Benefits Cost	\$781,974	\$748,363	\$800,184	\$764,764	\$830,351	\$827,982	\$1,041,200	\$984,690
Days of Service by Senior Judges in Trial Courts	5,014	3,788	3,401	3,291	3,462	3,251	3,934	3,592
Per Diem: \$50	\$237,600	\$136,000	\$123,700	\$114,350	\$78,850			
Per Diem: \$75	\$19,650	\$80,100	\$67,425	\$69,900				
Per Diem: \$100			\$2,800		\$101,600	\$234,400	\$292,350	\$254,550
Per Diem: \$125				\$9,500	\$104,500			
Per Diem: \$150					\$4,950	\$133,500	\$149,760	\$153,968
Per Diem: \$175						\$2,975	\$2,275	\$3,500
Total Per Diem Paid	\$257,250	\$216,100	\$193,925	\$193,450	\$289,900	\$370,875	\$444,385	\$412,018
Total Cost for Trial Court Senior Judges	\$1,039,224	\$964,463	\$994,109	\$958,214	\$1,120,251	\$1,198,857	\$1,485,585	\$1,396,708

Court of Appeals Senior Judges	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Number of Appellate Court Senior Judges Receiving Benefits	5	6	6	5	4	6	5	5
Per Judge Benefits Cost	\$9,654	\$9,719	\$9,526	\$9,932	\$10,379	\$10,222	\$10,960	\$10,941
Total Appellate Court Senior Judge Benefits Cost	\$48,270	\$58,314	\$57,156	\$49,660	\$41,518	\$61,332	\$54,800	\$43,764
Days of Service by Appellate Court Senior Judges	318	305	340	256	343	385	372	266
Per Diem: \$50	\$14,950	\$8,600	\$9,000	\$6,700	\$5,350			
Per Diem: \$75	\$1,425	\$9,975	\$9,000	\$8,700				
Per Diem: \$100			\$4,000		\$9,400	\$18,000	\$15,000	\$12,886
Per Diem: \$125				\$750	\$12,500			
Per Diem: \$150					\$6,300	\$22,800	\$25,050	\$17,100
Per Diem: \$175						\$7,875	\$9,625	\$3,990
Per Diem: -0-								
Total Per Diem Paid	\$16,375	\$18,575	\$22,000	\$16,150	\$33,550	\$48,675	\$49,675	\$33,976
Total Cost for Appellate Court Senior Judges	\$64,645	\$76,889	\$79,156	\$65,810	\$75,068	\$110,007	\$104,475	\$77,740
Additional cost unaccounted for elsewhere - travel reimbursements						\$106,879	\$113,345	\$82,242
Total Cost of Senior Judge Program	\$1,103,869	\$1,041,352	\$1,073,265	\$1,024,024	\$1,195,319	\$1,415,743	\$1,703,405	\$1,556,690

Additional Information Regarding Senior Judge Service in Trial Courts

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Senior Judge Days Served	5,014	3,788	3,401	3,291	3,462	3,251	3,934	3,592
Hours Per Day	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Total Hours Served by Senior Judges	37,605	28,410	25,508	24,683	25,965	24,383	29,505	26,940
Weighted Caseload Case-Related Hours Available Per Judicial Officer	1344	1344	1344	1344	1344	1344	1,344	1,344
Senior Judge Time Equivalent to Judicial Officers	28	21	19	18	19	18	22	20
Cost of Trial Court Senior Judge Performing Work Equivalent to								
One Regular Judicial Officer:	\$37,115	\$45,927	\$52,322	\$53,234	\$58,961	\$66,603	\$67,527	\$69,681
Cost of Minimal Trial Court Senior Judge Service: Benefits plus 30 days	\$11,154	\$11,219	\$11,026	\$11,432	\$13,379	\$13,222	\$13,960	\$13,941

MICROFILMED AND SCANNED RECORDS FOR DISPOSAL IN 2010

Indiana Administrative Rule 6 sets forth court record media storage standards for all courts and court agencies. A microfilm record produced in accordance with the rule, a duplicate microfilm kept by the court, or a record generated from a digital image produced in conformity to the rule is the official record of the court, regardless of whether an original paper document exists. The original paper

version of court records that have been preserved by imaging or microfilming in accordance with the standards set forth in Rule 6 may be destroyed but only after the Division of State Court Administration provides written authorization to the court or clerk for the destruction of such paper records. In 2010, the Division approved 172 destruction requests from courts and clerks as shown by the following chart.

County	Record Type	Number of Requests Approved
ALLEN	Civil RJOs	4
	Civil Docket Sheets	3
	Criminal Case Files	3
	Traffic Misdemeanor RJOs	2
	Small Claims Docket Sheets	2
	Small Claims RJOs	1
	Estate Case Files	1
	Criminal Docket Sheets	1
	Estate Docket Sheets	1
BOONE	Criminal Case Files	4
	Civil Case Files	1
	Estate Case Files	1
	Guardianship Case Files	1
BROWN	Guardian Docket	1
DAVISS	Civil Case Files	18
	Estate Case Files	1
	Dismissed Paternity Case Files	1
HAMILTON	Civil RJOs	6
	Civil Case Files	2
	Criminal Case Files	2
	Criminal RJOs	1
	Estate Case Files	1
	Guardianship Case Files	1
	Trust Case Files	1
HENDRICKS	Dissolution of Marriage Case Files	10
	Civil Case Files	5
	Felony Case Files	4
	Misdemeanor Case Files	4
HENDRICKS Cont.	Estate Case Files	3

County	Record Type	Number of Requests Approved
	Trust Case Files	1
	Guardianship Case Files	1
	Adoption Case Files	1
	Mental Health Case Files	1
	Inheritance Tax Case Files	1
LAKE	Civil Case Files	2
	Domestic Relations Case Files	1
MIAMI	Criminal Misdemeanor Case Files	5
	Criminal Felony Case Files	3
	Civil Case Files	2
	Post Conviction Relief Case Files	1
MONTGOMERY	Criminal Case Files	21
	Civil Case Files	12
	Juvenile Paternity Case Files	3
	Small Claims Case Files	3
	Juvenile Delinquency Case Files	1
	Estate Case Files	1
	Adoption Case Files	1
	Guardianship Case Files	1
MORGAN	Presentence Reports	4
	Criminal Felony Case Files	1
	Juvenile Paternity Case Files	1
	Estate Case Files	1
PUTNAM	Civil Case Files	2
	Criminal Case Files	2
	Estate Case Files	1
	Guardianship Case Files	1
WABASH	Civil Case Files	4
	Criminal Case Files	4
	Estate Case Files	1
	Miscellaneous Civil Papers	1
	Juvenile Paternity Case Files	1

REPORT ON PUBLIC DEFENDER COMMISSION AND FUND

Public Defender Reimbursement to Eligible Counties

Information for Calendar Year 2010

County	Population Estimates as of July 1, 2010*	NonCapital	Capital	Total Reimbursement
ADAMS	34,387	\$108,513		\$108,513
ALLEN	355,329	\$1,131,549		\$1,131,549
BENTON	8,854	\$2,224		\$2,224
BLACKFORD	12,766	\$47,900		\$47,900
BOONE	56,640		\$7,500	\$7,500
CARROLL	20,155	\$45,159		\$45,159
CLARK	110,232	\$206,164		\$206,164
CRAWFORD	10,713	\$0		\$0
DECATUR	25,740	\$50,839		\$50,839
FAYETTE	24,277	\$105,270		\$105,270
FLOYD	74,578	\$195,960		\$195,960
FOUNTAIN	17,240	\$33,278		\$33,278
FULTON	20,836	\$65,097		\$65,097
GRANT	70,061	\$337,447		\$337,447
GREENE	33,165	\$114,011		\$114,011
HANCOCK	70,002	\$129,261		\$129,261
HENRY	49,462	\$0		\$0
HOWARD	82,752	\$452,431		\$452,431
JASPER	33,478	\$84,750		\$84,750
JAY	21,253	\$99,404		\$99,404
JENNINGS	28,525	\$72,574		\$72,574
KNOX	38,440	\$175,863		\$175,863
KOSCIUSKO	77,358	\$137,567		\$137,567
LAGRANGE	37,128	\$52,291		\$52,291
LAKE	496,005	\$1,316,661	\$12,211	\$1,328,873
LAPORTE	111,467	\$197,909		\$197,909
LAWRENCE	46,134	\$69,200		\$69,200
MADISON	131,636	\$542,667	\$65,582	\$608,250
MARION	903,393	\$5,466,293	\$351,533	\$5,817,826
MARTIN	10,334	\$22,375		\$22,375
MIAMI	36,903	\$0		\$0
MONROE	137,974	\$526,134		\$526,134
MONTGOMERY	38,124	\$113,711		\$113,711
NEWTON	14,244	\$0		\$0
NOBLE	47,536	\$129,375		\$129,375
OHIO	6,128	\$49,600		\$49,600

County	Population Estimates as of July 1, 2010*	NonCapital	Capital	Total Reimbursement
ORANGE	19,840	\$62,775		\$62,775
PARKE	17,339	\$39,457	\$2,067	\$41,523
PERRY	19,338	\$114,519		\$114,519
PIKE	12,845	\$59,329		\$59,329
PULASKI	13,402	\$34,200		\$34,200
PUTNAM	37,963		\$35,802	\$35,802
RUSH	17,392	\$62,633		\$62,633
ST. JOSEPH	266,931	\$663,537		\$663,537
SCOTT	24,181	\$0		\$0
SHELBY	44,436	\$130,033		\$130,033
SPENCER	20,952	\$35,165	\$3,039	\$38,204
STEUBEN	34,185	\$91,149		\$91,149
SULLIVAN	21,475	\$48,641		\$48,641
SWITZERLAND	10,613	\$57,155		\$57,155
TIPPECANOE	172,780	\$598,399		\$598,399
UNION	7,516	\$20,398		\$20,398
VANDEBURGH	179,703	\$803,446	\$59,638	\$863,084
VERMILLION	16,212	\$25,412		\$25,412
VIGO	107,848	\$580,061	\$36,725	\$616,786
WABASH	32,888	\$72,512		\$72,512
WARREN	8,508	\$8,281		\$8,281
WASHINGTON	28,262	\$119,281		\$119,281
WELLS	27,636	\$0		\$0
WHITE	24,643	\$0		\$0
WHITLEY	33,292	\$0		\$0
Total	4,493,429	\$15,707,861	\$574,096	\$16,281,958

*Total estimated population for entire state was 6,483,802. Indiana's population figures were provided by the U. S. Census Bureau: www.census.gov/

INDIANA CLEO REPORT

	Class of 2002	Class of 2003	Class of 2004	Class of 2005	Class of 2006	Class of 2007	Class of 2008	Class of 2009	Class of 2010	Totals*
Summer Institute Participants	29	31	30	30	28	28	29	30	28	410
Certified CLEO Fellows	27	30	30	30	28	28	29	30	28	406
Voluntary Withdrawal	1	1	1	1	3	1	2	0	0	22
Academically Dismissed	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	8
Students Deferred Status	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Graduates	26	24	29	27	22	25	0	0	0	280
Currently Enrolled	0	1	0	0	3	0	27	0	0	31
Admitted to Practice in Indiana	13	13	21	12	11	9	0	0	0	165
Admission Pending in Indiana	0	0	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	7
Admitted to Other States	3	5	6	7	1	1	0	0	0	42
Not Admitted Anywhere	10	7	3	6	8	4	0	0	0	60

*As of the publication of this annual report, the above represents the most current status of each class.

Please see the narrative in the Commissions and Committees – Staff Support section for an explanation of this program.

WEIGHTED CASELOADS

Description of Weighted Caseload Measures

The weighted caseload (WCL) charts which follow provide a list of all the case types and the minutes assigned to each as a result of the original 1996 study and the 2002 and 2009 revalidation studies. For explanation of the weighted caseload measurement system used in Indiana, see the prior WCL discussion in the Report of the Division of State Court Administration.

The graphs also illustrate visually how a large number of cases in certain categories, such as infractions, represent only a small fraction of the judicial resources necessary for their processing while a very small number of cases, such as civil, take up a large portion of the available judicial resources.

The bulk of the WCL information is organized in charts, listing every trial court, with a total for each county, and reflecting the “need,” “have” and utilization which is abbreviated as “Util” for three consecutive years, 2008, 2009 and 2010. The “Need” column indicates the number of judicial officers needed in the court for the number of new cases filed in that court during the particular calendar year. The “Have” column indicates the number of regularly assigned judicial officers serving that court during the particular year. The “Utilization” column reflects the relationship between the number of cases filed for the calendar year in the court and the number of judicial officers available to that court. “Utilization” is derived by dividing the total number of minutes for all of the filed cases by the total number of minutes available to the judicial officers in that court for case related activity.

The number of judicial minutes available for case-related activity in a

calendar year, which is 80,640, was determined during the original weighted caseload study. They are based on a 40 hour work week and are adjusted by deducting four (4) weeks for vacation, time attributable to illness, continuing education, administrative and managerial duties, community service, and other similar non-case related duties.

The weighted caseload measures system is intended to apply only to new case filings. However, each year, the WCL baseline shifts somewhat during the year due to the transfer of cases among the courts, because of change of venue from the county or the judge, judicial recusals, special judge service and other shifts of judicial time or cases. These shifts result in a temporary change of utilization. These temporary, adjusted utilization figures are reported in the “Temporary Adjusted Weighted Caseload” report charts.

The information in the “Temporary Adjusted Weighted Caseload Report” does not change the fundamental filing patterns in the trial courts. It reflects some of the ways that courts shift caseloads and resources, sometimes in order to deal with uneven caseloads. Because these shifts are temporary, they should be used only as an additional reference and not as the baseline of the weighted caseload statistics. This temporary adjusted weighted caseload data lets courts see how the shifting of caseloads and judicial resources affects utilization and allows them to develop caseload plans that keep utilization disparity to a minimum.

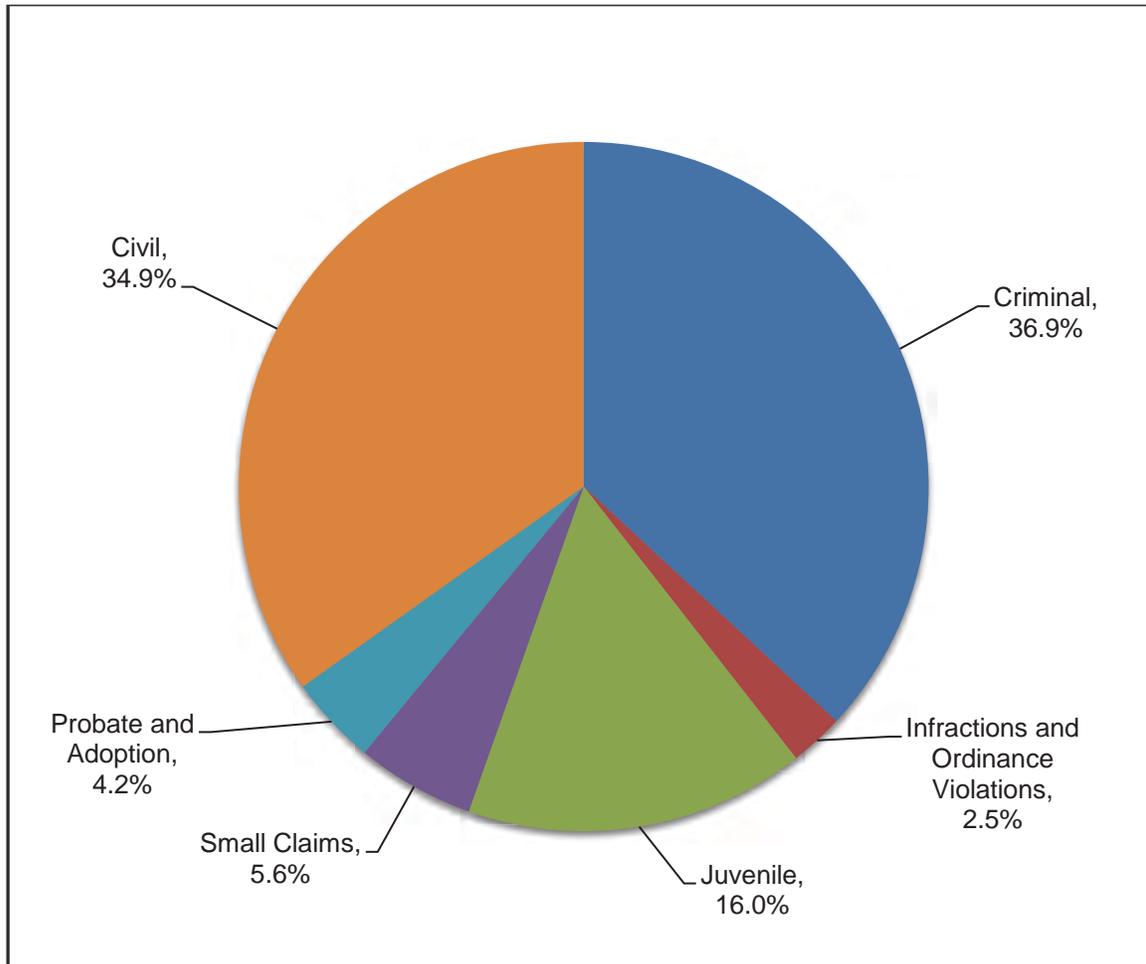
The following chart contains the weighting factors (minutes) by case category from each of the study years:

Case Category	Abbreviation	Minutes Assigned		
		1996	2002	2009
Capital Murder	LP DP	155	2649	2649
Murder	MR	155	453	1209
Felony	CF	155	*	*
A Felony	FA	155	420	359
B Felony	FB	155	260	218
C Felony	FC	155	210	211
D Felony	DF, FD	75	75	125
Criminal Misdemeanor	CM	40	40	40
Post-Conviction Relief	PC	0	0	345
Miscellaneous Criminal	MC	18	18	18
Infractions	IF	3	2	2
Ordinance Violations	OV OE	3	2	2
Problem Solving Court Referral	**	0	0	172
Juvenile CHINS	JC	112	111	209
Juvenile Delinquency	JD	62	60	60
Juvenile Status	JS	38	58	58
Juvenile Paternity	JP	106	82	82
Juvenile Miscellaneous	JM	12	12	12
Juvenile Termination of Parental Rights	JT	141	194	475
Civil Plenary	CP PL	106	121	121
Mortgage Foreclosures	MF	121	23	23
Civil Collections	CC	121	26	26
Civil Tort	CT	118	118	118
Small Claims	SC	13	13	13
Domestic Relations	DR	139	185	185
Reciprocal Support	RS	31	31	31
Mental Health	MH	37	37	37
Adoption	AD	53	53	53
Adoption Histories	AH	53	*	*
Estate	ES/EU	85	85	85
Guardianship	GU	93	93	93
Trusts	TR	40	40	40
Protective Orders	PO	34	37	37
Civil Miscellaneous	MI	87	87	87

*Case type names no longer used.

**A case type name and abbreviation was not given to problem solving court referrals. The number of problem solving court referrals is provided by each court in Part V, Line 7, of the Quarterly Case Status Report (QCSR).

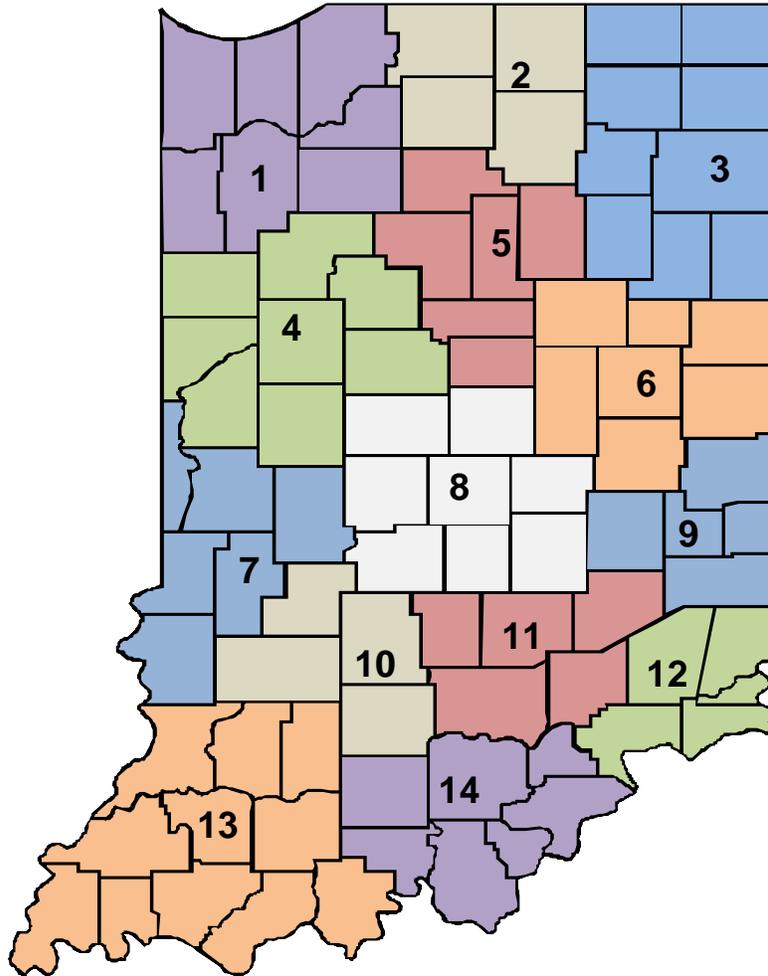
Weighted Caseload Summary



This chart reveals the importance of the weighted caseload measures, which reflect the judicial resources consumed by each category. Despite the large number of Infractions and Small Claims cases, they consume relatively little judicial resources. In contrast, the much smaller number of civil and criminal cases consumes roughly 72 percent of total judicial resources in courts of record.

Weighted Caseloads by District

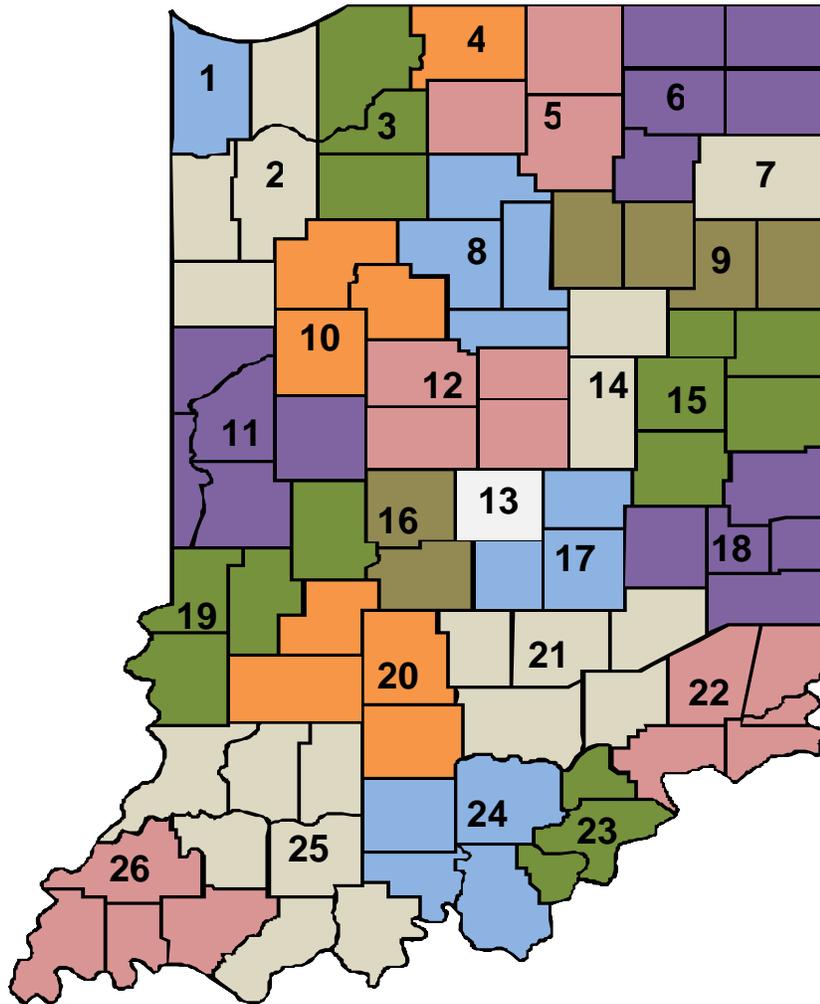
2010 Districts



District	Need	Have	Utilization
1	73.65	57.90	1.27
2	52.45	34.14	1.54
3	58.57	42.80	1.37
4	26.73	20.86	1.28
5	23.17	18.60	1.25
6	34.42	28.51	1.21
7	21.18	16.00	1.32

District	Need	Have	Utilization
8	162.90	115.13	1.41
9	12.49	12.81	0.98
10	19.96	17.05	1.17
11	17.71	14.56	1.22
12	10.88	10.00	1.09
13	51.45	33.52	1.53
14	30.70	19.62	1.56

2011 Districts



District	Need	Have	Utilization
1	40.99	33.30	1.23
2	17.65	14.00	1.26
3	15.67	11.60	1.35
4	25.87	17.00	1.52
5	26.59	17.14	1.55
6	16.11	13.00	1.24
7	36.22	23.00	1.57
8	18.26	13.50	1.35
9	9.05	8.80	1.03
10	17.51	12.46	1.41
11	8.26	7.40	1.12
12	24.39	17.07	1.43
13	108.09	77.38	1.40

District	Need	Have	Utilization
14	18.45	12.96	1.42
15	17.07	17.55	0.97
16	14.45	10.88	1.33
17	20.08	12.90	1.56
18	12.49	12.81	0.98
19	18.37	14.00	1.31
20	19.96	17.05	1.17
21	17.71	14.56	1.22
22	10.88	10.00	1.09
23	21.89	12.02	1.82
24	8.82	7.60	1.16
25	17.83	12.50	1.43
26	33.62	21.02	1.60

2010 Weighted Caseload Measures

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
ADAMS	CIRCUIT COURT	1.06	1.00	1.06	0.99	1.00	0.99	0.96	1.00	0.96	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.76	1.00	0.76	0.86	1.00	0.86	0.72	1.00	0.72	
	TOTAL	1.82	2.00	0.91	1.85	2.00	0.93	1.68	2.00	0.84	
ALLEN	CIRCUIT COURT	7.06	3.00	2.35	6.21	3.00	2.07	4.21	3.00	1.40	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	2.24	2.00	1.12	2.41	2.00	1.21	2.29	2.00	1.14	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	2.23	2.00	1.11	2.35	2.00	1.17	2.26	2.00	1.13	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	2.21	2.00	1.10	2.42	2.00	1.21	2.25	2.00	1.12	
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	3.16	2.00	1.58	3.34	2.00	1.67	2.92	2.00	1.46	
	SUPERIOR COURT 5	3.55	2.00	1.77	3.30	2.00	1.65	3.01	2.00	1.50	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 6	3.58	2.00	1.79	3.48	2.00	1.74	2.76	2.00	1.38	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 7	4.17	3.00	1.39	3.27	3.00	1.09	3.12	3.00	1.04	
	SUPERIOR COURT 8	5.60	3.00	1.87	6.26	3.00	2.09	3.86	3.00	1.29	
	SUPERIOR COURT 9	2.42	2.00	1.21	2.63	2.00	1.32	2.46	2.00	1.23	
TOTAL	36.22	23.00	1.57	35.66	23.00	1.55	29.14	23.00	1.27		
BARTHOLOMEW	CIRCUIT COURT	2.23	2.10	1.06	2.59	2.10	1.23	2.27	2.10	1.08	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.58	1.01	1.57	1.52	1.01	1.50	1.69	1.01	1.68	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	2.71	2.05	1.32	2.60	2.05	1.27	2.31	2.05	1.13	
	TOTAL	6.52	5.16	1.27	6.72	5.16	1.30	6.28	5.16	1.22	
BENTON	CIRCUIT COURT	0.66	1.00	0.66	0.77	1.00	0.77	0.50	1.00	0.50	
	TOTAL	0.66	1.00	0.66	0.77	1.00	0.77	0.50	1.00	0.50	
BLACKFORD	CIRCUIT COURT	0.62	1.00	0.62	0.64	1.00	0.64	0.54	1.00	0.54	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.47	1.00	0.47	0.50	1.00	0.50	0.44	1.00	0.44	
	TOTAL	1.09	2.00	0.55	1.14	2.00	0.57	0.97	2.00	0.49	
BOONE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.78	1.75	1.02	1.98	1.75	1.13	1.69	1.75	0.97	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.34	1.00	1.34	1.01	1.00	1.01	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.24	1.22	1.02	1.30	1.25	1.04	1.28	1.25	1.02	2
	TOTAL	4.32	3.97	1.09	4.61	4.00	1.15	3.98	4.00	1.00	
BROWN	CIRCUIT COURT	1.16	2.00	0.58	1.26	2.00	0.63	1.18	2.00	0.59	
	TOTAL	1.16	2.00	0.58	1.26	2.00	0.63	1.18	2.00	0.59	
CARROLL	CIRCUIT COURT	0.72	1.00	0.72	0.61	1.00	0.61	0.66	1.00	0.66	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.71	1.00	0.71	0.61	1.00	0.61	0.58	1.00	0.58	
	TOTAL	1.43	2.00	0.72	1.22	2.00	0.61	1.24	2.00	0.62	
CASS	CIRCUIT COURT	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.02	1.00	1.02	0.92	1.00	0.92	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.36	1.00	1.36	1.43	1.00	1.43	1.26	1.00	1.26	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.18	1.00	1.18	1.10	1.00	1.10	
	TOTAL	3.46	3.00	1.15	3.63	3.00	1.21	3.28	3.00	1.09	
CLARK	CIRCUIT COURT	2.25	1.20	1.88	1.84	1.10	1.67	2.14	1.10	1.95	2
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	3.36	1.20	2.80	3.04	1.20	2.53	2.58	1.60	1.61	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	2.17	1.10	1.97	2.37	1.05	2.26	2.16	1.00	2.16	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	3.68	1.50	2.45	4.27	1.80	2.37	3.63	1.50	2.42	
	TOTAL	11.46	5.00	2.29	11.52	5.15	2.24	10.52	5.20	2.02	
CLAY	CIRCUIT COURT	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.14	1.00	1.14	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.03	1.00	1.03	1.04	1.00	1.04	1.08	1.00	1.08	
	TOTAL	2.13	2.00	1.07	2.21	2.00	1.11	2.22	2.00	1.11	

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
CLINTON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.45	1.00	1.45	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.29	1.00	1.29	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.66	1.00	1.66	1.54	1.00	1.54	1.34	1.00	1.34	
	TOTAL	3.11	2.00	1.55	2.64	2.00	1.32	2.63	2.00	1.31	
CRAWFORD	CIRCUIT COURT	0.99	1.20	0.82	1.20	1.20	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.95	
	TOTAL	0.99	1.20	0.82	1.20	1.20	1.00	0.95	1.00	0.95	
DAVISS	CIRCUIT COURT	1.45	1.00	1.45	1.49	1.00	1.49	1.05	1.00	1.05	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.56	1.00	1.56	1.18	1.00	1.18	1.43	1.00	1.43	
	TOTAL	3.01	2.00	1.50	2.67	2.00	1.33	2.48	2.00	1.24	
DEARBORN	CIRCUIT COURT	1.84	1.20	1.54	1.75	1.20	1.46	1.72	1.20	1.43	4
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.21	1.00	1.21	1.29	1.00	1.29	1.01	1.10	0.92	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.38	1.00	1.38	1.35	1.00	1.35	1.29	1.00	1.29	
	TOTAL	4.43	3.20	1.39	4.39	3.20	1.37	4.03	3.20	1.26	
DECATUR	CIRCUIT COURT	1.35	1.00	1.35	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.26	1.00	1.26	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.90	1.00	0.90	0.88	1.00	0.88	
	TOTAL	2.33	2.00	1.16	2.10	2.00	1.05	2.14	2.00	1.07	
DEKALB	CIRCUIT COURT	1.48	1.00	1.48	1.70	1.00	1.70	1.24	1.00	1.24	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.26	1.00	1.26	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.23	1.00	1.23	2
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.15	1.00	1.15	1.28	1.00	1.28	
	TOTAL	4.03	3.00	1.34	4.35	3.00	1.45	3.75	3.00	1.25	
DELAWARE	CIRCUIT COURT 1	1.50	1.25	1.20	1.47	1.25	1.18	1.50	1.25	1.20	
	CIRCUIT COURT 2	2.47	2.53	0.98	1.85	2.55	0.73	2.38	2.55	0.93	
	CIRCUIT COURT 3	1.26	1.40	0.90	1.54	1.40	1.10	1.24	1.40	0.89	
	CIRCUIT COURT 4	1.79	1.37	1.31	1.86	1.35	1.38	1.64	1.35	1.21	1
	CIRCUIT COURT 5	1.59	1.45	1.09	1.70	1.45	1.17	1.28	1.45	0.88	
	TOTAL	8.60	8.00	1.08	8.42	8.00	1.05	8.03	8.00	1.00	
DUBOIS	CIRCUIT COURT	1.66	1.00	1.66	1.74	1.00	1.74	1.63	1.00	1.63	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.61	1.00	1.61	1.61	1.00	1.61	1.42	1.00	1.42	1
	TOTAL	3.26	2.00	1.63	3.35	2.00	1.68	3.04	2.00	1.52	
ELKHART	CIRCUIT COURT	3.30	2.01	1.64	3.59	2.01	1.79	3.49	2.05	1.70	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	2.30	1.40	1.64	2.51	1.35	1.86	1.84	1.30	1.41	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.71	1.55	1.10	1.89	1.55	1.22	2.11	1.55	1.36	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.36	1.08	1.26	1.40	1.08	1.30	1.46	1.08	1.36	
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	1.78	1.10	1.62	1.89	1.02	1.85	1.67	1.02	1.64	
	SUPERIOR COURT 5	1.82	1.15	1.59	1.99	1.15	1.73	2.13	1.15	1.85	
	SUPERIOR COURT 6	3.82	1.85	2.06	4.55	1.85	2.46	3.22	1.85	1.74	
	TOTAL	16.10	10.14	1.59	17.82	10.01	1.78	15.93	10.00	1.59	
FAYETTE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.31	1.00	1.31	1.49	1.00	1.49	1.30	1.00	1.30	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.28	1.00	1.28	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.21	1.00	1.21	
	TOTAL	2.59	2.00	1.30	2.68	2.00	1.34	2.51	2.00	1.26	
FLOYD	CIRCUIT COURT	1.91	1.60	1.19	2.50	1.60	1.56	2.43	1.47	1.66	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.62	1.10	1.47	1.57	1.10	1.42	2.09	1.33	1.57	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	2.25	1.20	1.88	2.60	1.20	2.17	2.03	1.20	1.69	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.61	1.00	1.61	1.68	1.00	1.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	TOTAL	7.39	4.90	1.51	8.35	4.90	1.70	6.56	4.00	1.64	

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
FOUNTAIN	CIRCUIT COURT	1.34	1.40	0.96	1.38	1.40	0.98	1.23	1.40	0.88	
	TOTAL	1.34	1.40	0.96	1.38	1.40	0.98	1.23	1.40	0.88	
FRANKLIN	CIRCUIT COURT 1	0.75	1.00	0.75	0.74	1.00	0.74	1.43	2.00	0.72	
	CIRCUIT COURT 2	0.75	1.00	0.75	0.85	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	TOTAL	1.50	2.00	0.75	1.59	2.00	0.80	1.43	2.00	0.72	
FULTON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.33	1.00	1.33	1.05	1.00	1.05	0.92	1.00	0.92	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.13	1.00	1.13	1.15	1.00	1.15	1.15	1.00	1.15	
	TOTAL	2.46	2.00	1.23	2.20	2.00	1.10	2.07	2.00	1.04	
GIBSON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.75	1.00	1.75	1.75	1.00	1.75	1.43	1.00	1.43	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.36	1.00	1.36	1.25	1.00	1.25	1.24	1.00	1.24	
	TOTAL	3.11	2.00	1.56	3.01	2.00	1.50	2.67	2.00	1.33	
GRANT	CIRCUIT COURT	1.32	1.30	1.02	1.26	1.30	0.97	1.21	1.30	0.93	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.56	1.10	1.41	1.61	1.00	1.61	1.41	1.00	1.41	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.55	1.50	1.04	1.50	1.60	0.94	1.22	1.60	0.77	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.52	1.00	1.52	1.56	1.00	1.56	1.21	1.20	1.01	
	TOTAL	5.95	4.90	1.21	5.93	4.90	1.21	5.06	5.10	0.99	
GREENE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.68	1.00	1.68	1.25	1.00	1.25	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.18	1.00	1.18	1.38	1.00	1.38	1.17	1.00	1.17	
	TOTAL	2.68	2.00	1.34	3.06	2.00	1.53	2.42	2.00	1.21	
HAMILTON	CIRCUIT COURT	2.59	1.51	1.71	2.15	1.51	1.43	1.97	1.51	1.31	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	2.92	1.82	1.60	2.89	1.82	1.59	2.78	1.82	1.53	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.72	1.21	1.43	1.74	1.41	1.23	1.81	1.41	1.28	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	2.39	1.55	1.54	2.45	1.55	1.58	2.35	1.55	1.51	
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	2.34	1.39	1.69	2.22	1.39	1.60	1.88	1.39	1.35	
	SUPERIOR COURT 5	2.15	1.28	1.68	2.04	1.28	1.59	1.77	1.28	1.38	
	SUPERIOR COURT 6	1.84	1.24	1.48	1.81	1.04	1.74	1.49	1.04	1.44	1
	TOTAL	15.96	10.00	1.60	15.30	10.00	1.53	14.05	10.00	1.41	
HANCOCK	CIRCUIT COURT	1.92	1.30	1.47	1.90	1.30	1.46	1.63	1.30	1.25	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.79	1.30	1.38	1.90	1.30	1.46	1.58	1.30	1.22	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.51	1.30	1.16	1.70	1.30	1.30	1.55	1.30	1.19	
	TOTAL	5.22	3.90	1.34	5.49	3.90	1.41	4.76	3.90	1.22	
HARRISON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.59	1.40	1.13	1.61	1.40	1.15	1.18	1.40	0.84	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.55	1.00	1.55	1.44	1.00	1.44	1.25	1.00	1.25	
	TOTAL	3.13	2.40	1.31	3.04	2.40	1.27	2.43	2.40	1.01	
HENDRICKS	CIRCUIT COURT	1.81	1.00	1.81	1.94	1.00	1.94	1.92	1.00	1.92	5
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.68	1.00	1.68	1.61	1.00	1.61	1.41	1.00	1.41	5
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.51	1.00	1.51	1.35	1.00	1.35	5
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.48	1.00	1.48	1.51	1.00	1.51	1.37	1.00	1.37	5
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	1.33	1.00	1.33	1.49	1.00	1.49	1.32	1.00	1.32	5
	SUPERIOR COURT 5	1.44	1.00	1.44	1.53	1.00	1.53	1.40	1.00	1.40	5
	TOTAL	9.23	6.00	1.54	9.60	6.00	1.60	8.76	6.00	1.46	5
HENRY	CIRCUIT COURT	1.65	1.30	1.27	1.85	1.30	1.42	1.56	1.30	1.20	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.24	1.25	0.99	1.05	1.25	0.84	1.21	1.25	0.97	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.01	1.00	1.01	0.99	1.00	0.99	
	TOTAL	3.99	3.55	1.12	3.91	3.55	1.10	3.76	3.55	1.06	

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
HOWARD	CIRCUIT COURT	2.59	1.50	1.72	2.71	1.50	1.81	2.28	1.50	1.52	1, 2
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.58	1.00	1.58	1.60	1.00	1.60	1.33	1.00	1.33	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.72	1.00	1.72	1.68	1.00	1.68	1.72	1.00	1.72	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.78	1.00	1.78	1.66	1.00	1.66	1.87	1.00	1.87	
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	1.44	1.00	1.44	1.46	1.00	1.46	1.38	1.00	1.38	
	TOTAL	9.11	5.50	1.66	9.10	5.50	1.66	8.58	5.50	1.56	
HUNTINGTON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.48	1.40	1.06	1.47	1.20	1.23	1.42	1.20	1.18	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.31	1.40	0.94	1.50	1.40	1.07	1.44	1.40	1.03	
	TOTAL	2.80	2.80	1.00	2.97	2.60	1.14	2.86	2.60	1.10	
JACKSON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.55	1.10	1.41	1.54	1.10	1.40	1.47	1.10	1.33	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.37	1.10	1.24	1.40	1.10	1.28	1.60	1.10	1.46	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.71	1.20	1.43	1.73	1.20	1.44	1.24	1.20	1.03	
	TOTAL	4.63	3.40	1.36	4.68	3.40	1.38	4.30	3.40	1.27	
JASPER	CIRCUIT COURT	1.41	1.00	1.41	1.66	1.00	1.66	1.62	1.00	1.62	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.21	1.00	1.21	0.95	1.00	0.95	
	TOTAL	2.60	2.00	1.30	2.87	2.00	1.44	2.57	2.00	1.28	
JAY	CIRCUIT COURT	0.88	1.00	0.88	0.76	1.00	0.76	0.89	1.00	0.89	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.52	1.00	0.52	0.57	1.00	0.57	0.66	1.00	0.66	
	TOTAL	1.40	2.00	0.70	1.33	2.00	0.66	1.56	2.00	0.78	
JEFFERSON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.68	1.00	1.68	1.86	1.00	1.86	1.77	1.00	1.77	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.27	1.00	1.27	1.68	1.00	1.68	1.36	1.00	1.36	
	TOTAL	2.95	2.00	1.47	3.54	2.00	1.77	3.13	2.00	1.57	
JENNINGS	CIRCUIT COURT	1.80	1.00	1.80	1.63	1.00	1.63	1.26	1.00	1.26	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.27	1.00	1.27	1.28	1.00	1.28	1.43	1.00	1.43	
	TOTAL	3.07	2.00	1.54	2.91	2.00	1.45	2.69	2.00	1.34	
JOHNSON	CIRCUIT COURT	4.42	2.25	1.96	4.58	2.25	2.04	3.51	2.25	1.56	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.85	1.25	1.48	1.87	1.25	1.49	1.85	1.25	1.48	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.82	1.25	1.46	1.99	1.25	1.59	1.64	1.25	1.31	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.92	1.25	1.53	2.24	1.25	1.79	2.04	1.25	1.64	
	TOTAL	10.00	6.00	1.67	10.68	6.00	1.78	9.04	6.00	1.51	
KNOX	CIRCUIT COURT	1.54	1.00	1.54	1.25	1.00	1.25	1.08	1.00	1.08	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.81	1.00	1.81	1.77	1.00	1.77	1.35	1.00	1.35	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.86	1.00	1.86	1.75	1.00	1.75	1.37	1.00	1.37	
	TOTAL	5.21	3.00	1.74	4.77	3.00	1.59	3.81	3.00	1.27	
KOSCIUSKO	CIRCUIT COURT	1.72	1.00	1.72	1.64	1.00	1.64	1.70	1.00	1.70	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.48	1.00	1.48	1.77	1.00	1.77	1.23	1.00	1.23	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.36	1.00	1.36	1.34	1.00	1.34	1.35	1.00	1.35	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.62	1.00	1.62	1.66	1.00	1.66	1.70	1.00	1.70	
	TOTAL	6.18	4.00	1.55	6.42	4.00	1.60	5.98	4.00	1.50	
LAGRANGE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.31	1.00	1.31	1.21	1.00	1.21	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.36	1.00	1.36	1.32	1.00	1.32	1.35	1.00	1.35	
	TOTAL	2.67	2.00	1.33	2.63	2.00	1.32	2.57	2.00	1.28	

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
LAKE	CIRCUIT COURT	4.77	3.40	1.40	4.91	3.40	1.45	4.63	3.70	1.25	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 1	1.14	1.30	0.88	1.02	1.20	0.85	0.93	1.20	0.78	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 2	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.70	1.20	1.42	1.59	1.20	1.33	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 3	3.32	3.00	1.11	2.56	3.00	0.85	3.50	3.00	1.17	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 4	0.98	1.30	0.75	1.02	1.20	0.85	1.09	1.20	0.91	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 5	0.95	1.00	0.95	0.82	1.00	0.82	0.48	1.00	0.48	
	SUPERIOR COURT, JUV. DIV.	8.94	6.50	1.37	10.07	6.50	1.55	6.68	6.50	1.03	
	SUPERIOR COURT, COUNTY 1	2.65	2.00	1.33	2.79	2.00	1.40	2.30	1.00	2.30	
	SUPERIOR COURT, COUNTY 2	3.83	2.00	1.91	3.74	2.80	1.34	3.86	2.00	1.93	
	SUPERIOR COURT, COUNTY 3	3.26	2.80	1.16	3.46	2.60	1.33	3.29	2.40	1.37	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV.6	0.94	1.00	0.94	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.97	1.00	0.97	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 7	0.93	1.00	0.93	0.99	1.00	0.99	0.94	1.00	0.94	
	SUPERIOR COURT, COUNTY 4	2.31	1.40	1.65	2.16	1.40	1.55	1.86	1.20	1.55	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 1	1.36	1.40	0.97	1.46	1.30	1.13	1.38	1.40	0.98	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 2	1.49	1.40	1.07	1.44	1.30	1.11	1.20	1.40	0.86	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 3	1.31	1.40	0.94	1.50	1.30	1.16	1.27	1.40	0.91	
SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 4	1.53	1.40	1.09	1.49	1.30	1.14	1.23	1.40	0.88	2	
	TOTAL	40.99	33.30	1.23	42.14	33.50	1.26	37.20	32.00	1.16	
LAPORTE	CIRCUIT COURT	3.97	2.60	1.53	3.88	2.80	1.38	3.57	3.00	1.19	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.87	1.00	1.87	1.40	1.00	1.40	1.39	1.40	0.99	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.86	1.00	1.86	1.72	1.00	1.72	1.51	1.00	1.51	2
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.66	1.00	1.66	1.75	1.02	1.71	1.73	1.00	1.73	
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	3.09	2.00	1.55	3.17	1.90	1.67	2.92	1.90	1.54	
		TOTAL	12.46	7.60	1.64	11.91	7.72	1.54	11.11	8.30	1.34
LAWRENCE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.69	1.70	0.99	1.61	1.70	0.95	1.54	1.70	0.91	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.05	1.00	1.05	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.99	1.00	0.99	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.13	1.00	1.13	1.33	1.00	1.33	1.03	1.00	1.03	1
		TOTAL	3.87	3.70	1.04	3.94	3.70	1.06	3.56	3.70	0.96
MADISON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.87	1.40	1.34	1.95	1.40	1.40	2.00	1.40	1.43	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	2.20	1.46	1.50	1.98	1.46	1.35	2.29	1.46	1.57	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	3.38	1.60	2.11	3.45	1.60	2.16	2.92	1.60	1.82	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	2.02	1.40	1.45	1.88	1.40	1.34	2.01	1.40	1.44	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	1.53	1.10	1.39	1.52	1.10	1.38	1.20	1.00	1.20	
	SUPERIOR COURT 5	1.50	1.10	1.36	1.60	1.10	1.46	1.19	1.00	1.19	1
		TOTAL	12.50	8.06	1.55	12.38	8.06	1.54	11.61	7.86	1.48

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
MARION	CIRCUIT COURT	9.64	6.90	1.40	7.13	5.50	1.30	8.29	6.60	1.26	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 1	2.17	1.68	1.29	2.08	1.68	1.24	2.26	1.50	1.50	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 2	2.18	2.78	0.78	2.09	2.88	0.73	2.26	1.90	1.19	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 3	2.15	1.68	1.28	2.05	1.68	1.22	2.26	1.60	1.41	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 4	2.15	1.68	1.28	2.08	1.78	1.17	2.27	1.70	1.34	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 5	2.13	1.55	1.37	2.07	1.58	1.31	2.24	1.60	1.40	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 6	2.18	1.62	1.35	2.04	1.68	1.21	2.26	1.60	1.41	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 7	2.13	1.68	1.27	2.07	1.78	1.16	2.23	1.80	1.24	
	SUPERIOR COURT, PROB. DIV	3.08	3.00	1.03	3.23	3.00	1.08	2.94	3.00	0.98	
	SUPERIOR COURT, JUV. DIV	14.68	10.00	1.47	14.75	10.00	1.47	9.33	9.00	1.04	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 10	2.13	1.68	1.27	2.09	1.68	1.24	2.24	1.60	1.40	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 11	2.18	1.68	1.30	2.07	1.68	1.23	2.23	1.60	1.39	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 12	2.14	1.59	1.35	2.06	1.68	1.23	2.26	1.70	1.33	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 13	1.51	1.58	0.95	2.87	1.68	1.71	2.25	1.60	1.41	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CIV. 14	2.11	1.58	1.34	2.06	1.58	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 7	2.28	1.90	1.20	2.21	1.71	1.29	1.82	1.22	1.50	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 8	0.86	1.38	0.62	0.43	1.61	0.26	0.86	1.20	0.72	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 9	2.16	1.60	1.35	2.40	1.61	1.49	1.47	1.22	1.21	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 10	2.19	1.60	1.37	2.09	1.61	1.30	1.73	1.22	1.41	
	SUP. 12 ENVIR/COM.CT	2.65	2.08	1.27	2.43	2.03	1.20	2.73	1.70	1.61	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 13	12.70	1.00	12.70	10.46	1.41	7.42	11.40	2.00	5.70	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 15	2.10	1.78	1.18	2.28	1.61	1.42	1.41	1.22	1.15	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 18	2.19	1.68	1.30	2.38	1.91	1.25	1.50	1.22	1.23	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 19	2.12	1.68	1.26	2.05	1.71	1.20	1.71	1.22	1.40	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 24	2.10	1.68	1.25	2.30	1.61	1.43	1.50	1.22	1.23	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 1	1.41	1.42	0.99	1.32	1.52	0.87	1.25	1.60	0.78	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 2	1.31	1.42	0.92	1.24	1.62	0.76	1.27	1.70	0.75	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 3	1.40	1.42	0.98	1.32	1.52	0.87	1.23	1.50	0.82	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 4	1.40	1.42	0.99	1.28	1.52	0.84	1.19	1.50	0.80	
	SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 5	1.41	1.42	0.99	1.24	1.50	0.82	1.22	1.60	0.77	
SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 6	1.41	1.42	1.00	1.26	1.52	0.83	1.22	1.50	0.82		
SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 14	4.62	2.42	1.91	2.33	2.43	0.96	1.96	2.20	0.89	1	
SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 16	2.26	1.88	1.20	2.20	1.83	1.20	1.42	1.50	0.95		
SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 17	2.26	1.58	1.43	2.21	1.83	1.21	1.41	1.50	0.94		
SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 20	3.72	3.02	1.23	3.43	3.00	1.14	1.84	2.00	0.92		
SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 21	2.09	1.50	1.40	1.71	2.01	0.85	1.96	1.50	1.30		
SUPERIOR COURT, CRIM. 22	1.26	1.40	0.90	1.16	1.52	0.76	1.24	1.50	0.82		
	TOTAL	108.47	77.38	1.40	100.46	78.50	1.28	88.66	69.84	1.27	
MARSHALL	CIRCUIT COURT	1.51	1.00	1.51	1.40	1.00	1.40	1.16	1.00	1.16	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.40	1.00	1.40	1.58	1.00	1.58	1.20	1.00	1.20	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.39	1.00	1.39	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.46	1.00	1.46	
		TOTAL	4.31	3.00	1.44	4.47	3.00	1.49	3.81	3.00	1.27

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
MARTIN	CIRCUIT COURT	0.91	1.00	0.91	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.85	1.00	0.85	
	TOTAL	0.91	1.00	0.91	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.85	1.00	0.85	
MIAMI	CIRCUIT COURT	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.91	1.00	0.91	1.41	1.00	1.41	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.68	1.00	1.68	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.15	1.00	1.15	1.23	1.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	TOTAL	3.23	3.00	1.08	3.24	3.00	1.08	3.09	2.00	1.55	
MONROE	CIRCUIT COURT 1	1.21	1.08	1.12	1.29	1.08	1.19	1.16	1.07	1.09	
	CIRCUIT COURT 2	1.34	1.07	1.25	1.29	1.10	1.17	1.24	1.06	1.17	
	CIRCUIT COURT 3	1.32	1.07	1.23	1.34	1.10	1.22	1.25	1.06	1.18	
	CIRCUIT COURT 4	1.09	1.07	1.01	0.99	1.06	0.93	1.09	1.07	1.02	
	CIRCUIT COURT 5	1.36	1.07	1.27	1.30	1.10	1.18	1.19	1.06	1.12	1
	CIRCUIT COURT 6	1.16	1.07	1.08	1.24	1.08	1.15	1.02	1.07	0.95	
	CIRCUIT COURT 7	1.53	1.43	1.07	1.75	1.32	1.32	1.34	1.50	0.89	
	CIRCUIT COURT 8	1.14	1.07	1.06	1.13	1.06	1.07	1.09	1.07	1.02	
	CIRCUIT COURT 9	1.33	1.07	1.24	1.37	1.10	1.25	1.29	1.05	1.23	
	TOTAL	11.47	10.00	1.15	11.69	10.00	1.17	10.67	10.01	1.07	
MONTGOMERY	CIRCUIT COURT	1.16	1.00	1.16	1.35	1.00	1.35	1.01	1.00	1.01	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.25	1.00	1.25	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.03	1.00	1.03	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.07	1.00	1.07	1.11	1.00	1.11	
	TOTAL	3.41	3.00	1.14	3.62	3.00	1.21	3.15	3.00	1.05	
MORGAN	CIRCUIT COURT	1.58	1.28	1.23	1.77	1.28	1.38	1.39	1.30	1.07	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.47	1.40	1.05	1.35	1.40	0.96	1.31	1.28	1.03	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.07	1.10	0.97	1.15	1.10	1.04	1.07	1.10	0.98	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.10	1.10	1.00	1.07	1.10	0.97	1.06	1.10	0.96	
	TOTAL	5.22	4.88	1.07	5.34	4.88	1.09	4.84	4.78	1.01	
NEWTON	CIRCUIT COURT	0.51	1.00	0.51	0.52	1.00	0.52	0.52	1.00	0.52	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.92	1.00	0.92	0.97	1.00	0.97	0.77	1.00	0.77	
	TOTAL	1.43	2.00	0.72	1.49	2.00	0.75	1.29	2.00	0.65	
NOBLE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.16	1.00	1.16	1.44	1.00	1.44	1.37	1.00	1.37	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.48	1.00	1.48	1.34	1.00	1.34	1.23	1.00	1.23	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.52	1.00	1.52	1.54	1.00	1.54	1.35	1.00	1.35	1
	TOTAL	4.15	3.00	1.38	4.32	3.00	1.44	3.95	3.00	1.32	
OHIO	CIRCUIT COURT	0.61	0.80	0.76	0.64	0.80	0.80	0.15	0.20	0.74	4
	TOTAL	0.61	0.80	0.76	0.64	0.80	0.80	0.15	0.20	0.74	
ORANGE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.17	1.00	1.17	0.97	1.00	0.97	1.10	1.00	1.10	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.13	1.00	1.13	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.25	1.00	1.25	
	TOTAL	2.30	2.00	1.15	2.17	2.00	1.09	2.35	2.00	1.18	
OWEN	CIRCUIT COURT	1.94	1.35	1.44	2.11	1.31	1.61	1.49	1.75	0.85	1
	TOTAL	1.94	1.35	1.44	2.11	1.31	1.61	1.49	1.75	0.85	
PARKE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.62	1.00	1.62	1.65	1.00	1.65	1.43	1.00	1.43	1
	TOTAL	1.62	1.00	1.62	1.65	1.00	1.65	1.43	1.00	1.43	

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
PERRY	CIRCUIT COURT	2.23	2.00	1.11	1.91	2.00	0.96	2.06	2.00	1.03	1
	TOTAL	2.23	2.00	1.11	1.91	2.00	0.96	2.06	2.00	1.03	
PIKE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.46	1.50	0.97	1.42	1.50	0.95	1.26	1.50	0.84	
	TOTAL	1.46	1.50	0.97	1.42	1.50	0.95	1.26	1.50	0.84	
PORTER	CIRCUIT COURT	2.75	2.00	1.37	2.81	2.00	1.41	2.55	2.00	1.28	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	2.77	2.00	1.38	2.91	2.00	1.45	2.57	2.00	1.29	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	2.73	2.00	1.36	2.73	2.00	1.37	2.38	2.00	1.19	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.77	1.00	1.77	1.96	1.00	1.96	1.41	1.00	1.41	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	1.71	1.00	1.71	1.56	1.00	1.56	1.20	1.00	1.20	
	SUPERIOR COURT 6	1.23	1.00	1.23	1.41	1.00	1.41	1.61	1.00	1.61	
	TOTAL	12.95	9.00	1.44	13.38	9.00	1.49	11.72	9.00	1.30	
POSEY	CIRCUIT COURT	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.08	1.00	1.08	0.93	1.00	0.93	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.70	1.00	0.70	0.59	1.00	0.59	0.65	1.00	0.65	
	TOTAL	1.80	2.00	0.90	1.68	2.00	0.84	1.58	2.00	0.79	
PULASKI	CIRCUIT COURT	0.64	1.00	0.64	0.82	1.00	0.82	0.81	1.00	0.81	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.49	1.00	0.49	0.53	1.00	0.53	0.43	1.00	0.43	
	TOTAL	1.13	2.00	0.56	1.34	2.00	0.67	1.23	2.00	0.62	
PUTNAM	CIRCUIT COURT	1.54	1.00	1.54	1.62	1.00	1.62	1.53	1.03	1.48	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.43	1.00	1.43	1.47	1.00	1.47	1.53	1.00	1.53	
	TOTAL	2.97	2.00	1.48	3.09	2.00	1.54	3.06	2.03	1.51	
RANDOLPH	CIRCUIT COURT	1.01	1.00	1.01	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.98	1.00	0.98	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.89	1.00	0.89	0.78	1.00	0.78	
	TOTAL	1.98	2.00	0.99	1.87	2.00	0.93	1.77	2.00	0.88	
RIPLEY	CIRCUIT COURT	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.24	1.00	1.24	1.04	1.00	1.04	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.79	1.00	0.79	0.77	1.00	0.77	0.64	1.00	0.64	
	TOTAL	1.98	2.00	0.99	2.01	2.00	1.00	1.68	2.00	0.84	
RUSH	CIRCUIT COURT	0.75	1.00	0.75	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.71	1.00	0.71	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.03	1.00	1.03	0.91	1.00	0.91	0.70	1.00	0.70	
	TOTAL	1.77	2.00	0.89	1.91	2.00	0.96	1.41	2.00	0.71	
ST. JOSEPH	CIRCUIT COURT	3.71	3.00	1.24	3.60	3.00	1.20	3.60	3.00	1.20	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	2.06	1.25	1.64	2.55	1.25	2.04	1.89	1.25	1.51	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.61	1.25	1.29	2.32	1.25	1.86	2.07	1.25	1.65	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	1.56	1.25	1.25	2.35	1.25	1.88	1.96	1.25	1.56	
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	1.80	1.25	1.44	1.58	1.25	1.26	1.35	1.33	1.01	
	SUPERIOR COURT 5	1.74	1.25	1.39	1.21	1.25	0.97	1.91	1.00	1.91	
	SUPERIOR COURT 6	1.78	1.25	1.43	1.57	1.25	1.26	1.47	1.33	1.10	
	SUPERIOR COURT 7	1.91	1.25	1.53	1.42	1.25	1.14	1.44	1.33	1.08	
	SUPERIOR COURT 8	1.72	1.25	1.38	2.22	1.25	1.78	1.96	1.25	1.57	
	PROBATE COURT	7.97	4.00	1.99	9.29	4.00	2.32	6.91	4.00	1.73	
TOTAL	25.87	17.00	1.52	28.11	17.00	1.65	24.55	16.99	1.45		
SCOTT	CIRCUIT COURT	1.51	1.10	1.37	1.77	1.10	1.61	1.58	1.10	1.44	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.56	1.02	1.53	1.75	1.05	1.66	1.40	1.07	1.31	
	TOTAL	3.06	2.12	1.45	3.52	2.15	1.64	2.98	2.17	1.38	

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
SHELBY	CIRCUIT COURT	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.36	1.00	1.36	1.24	1.00	1.24	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.95	1.00	1.95	1.74	1.00	1.74	1.54	1.00	1.54	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.42	1.00	1.42	1.49	1.00	1.49	1.50	1.00	1.50	
	TOTAL	4.86	3.00	1.62	4.59	3.00	1.53	4.29	3.00	1.43	
SPENCER	CIRCUIT COURT	1.76	1.00	1.76	1.88	1.00	1.88	1.60	1.00	1.60	1
	TOTAL	1.76	1.00	1.76	1.88	1.00	1.88	1.60	1.00	1.60	
STARKE	CIRCUIT COURT	2.08	2.00	1.04	2.10	2.00	1.05	1.66	2.00	0.83	
	TOTAL	2.08	2.00	1.04	2.10	2.00	1.05	1.66	2.00	0.83	
STEUBEN	CIRCUIT COURT	1.56	1.50	1.04	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.31	1.50	0.88	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.39	1.50	0.93	1.43	1.50	0.95	1.74	1.50	1.16	
	TOTAL	2.94	3.00	0.98	2.93	3.00	0.98	3.06	3.00	1.02	
SULLIVAN	CIRCUIT COURT	0.97	1.50	0.64	0.87	1.50	0.58	1.07	1.50	0.71	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.39	1.50	0.93	1.62	1.50	1.08	1.08	1.50	0.72	
	TOTAL	2.36	3.00	0.79	2.49	3.00	0.83	2.15	3.00	0.72	
SWITZERLAND	CIRCUIT COURT	0.91	1.00	0.91	1.01	1.00	1.01	0.31	0.07	4.39	
	TOTAL	0.91	1.00	0.91	1.01	1.00	1.01	0.31	0.07	4.39	
TIPPECANOE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.91	1.07	1.78	1.79	1.14	1.57	1.89	1.14	1.65	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.79	1.13	1.58	1.87	1.00	1.87	1.78	1.00	1.78	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.59	1.16	1.37	1.77	1.25	1.41	2.17	1.25	1.73	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	3.31	1.80	1.84	2.92	1.80	1.62	2.04	1.80	1.13	
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	1.60	1.35	1.19	1.39	1.10	1.26	1.48	1.10	1.34	
	SUPERIOR COURT 5	1.84	1.21	1.52	1.98	1.10	1.80	1.55	1.10	1.41	
	SUPERIOR COURT 6	1.92	1.27	1.51	1.93	1.10	1.75	1.82	1.10	1.65	
	TOTAL	13.97	9.00	1.55	13.64	8.49	1.61	12.72	8.49	1.50	
TIPTON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.01	1.10	0.92	2.25	1.10	2.05	1.34	1.10	1.22	
	TOTAL	1.01	1.10	0.92	2.25	1.10	2.05	1.34	1.10	1.22	
UNION	CIRCUIT COURT	0.82	1.00	0.82	0.89	1.00	0.89	0.75	1.00	0.75	
	TOTAL	0.82	1.00	0.82	0.89	1.00	0.89	0.75	1.00	0.75	
VANDERBURGH	CIRCUIT COURT	3.77	2.00	1.88	3.71	2.00	1.86	2.95	2.00	1.47	2
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	2.51	1.62	1.55	2.46	1.54	1.60	2.88	1.53	1.88	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	2.54	1.62	1.57	2.53	1.54	1.64	2.85	1.53	1.86	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	2.59	1.62	1.60	2.50	1.54	1.63	2.73	1.53	1.79	
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	5.37	2.30	2.33	4.23	2.00	2.11	3.12	2.00	1.56	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 5	2.52	1.62	1.56	2.50	1.54	1.63	2.84	1.53	1.86	
	SUPERIOR COURT 6	2.52	1.62	1.56	2.49	1.54	1.62	2.85	1.53	1.87	
	SUPERIOR COURT 7	2.55	1.62	1.57	2.55	1.54	1.65	2.87	1.53	1.88	
	TOTAL	24.38	14.02	1.74	22.97	13.24	1.74	23.09	13.18	1.75	
VERMILLION	CIRCUIT COURT	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.35	1.00	1.35	1.11	1.00	1.11	
	TOTAL	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.35	1.00	1.35	1.11	1.00	1.11	

County	Court Name	2010			2009			2008			Note
		Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	Need	Have	Util	
VIGO	CIRCUIT COURT/SUPERIOR 3	3.05	2.00	1.53	3.02	2.00	1.51	2.47	2.30	1.07	3
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.33	1.00	1.33	1.22	1.00	1.22	1.12	1.00	1.12	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.31	1.00	1.31	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.26	1.00	1.26	
	SUPERIOR COURT 4	1.42	1.00	1.42	1.58	1.00	1.58	1.72	1.00	1.72	
	SUPERIOR COURT 5	2.45	1.00	2.45	2.35	1.00	2.35	1.83	1.00	1.83	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 6	1.35	1.00	1.35	1.29	1.00	1.29	1.39	1.00	1.39	
	TOTAL	10.91	7.00	1.56	10.65	7.00	1.52	9.80	7.30	1.34	
WABASH	CIRCUIT COURT	1.64	1.00	1.64	1.48	1.00	1.48	1.44	1.00	1.44	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.26	1.00	1.26	1.31	1.00	1.31	1
	TOTAL	2.81	2.00	1.41	2.75	2.00	1.37	2.75	2.00	1.38	
WARREN	CIRCUIT COURT	0.70	1.00	0.70	0.53	1.00	0.53	0.63	1.00	0.63	
	TOTAL	0.70	1.00	0.70	0.53	1.00	0.53	0.63	1.00	0.63	
WARRICK	CIRCUIT COURT	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.23	1.00	1.23	1.23	1.00	1.23	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.78	1.00	1.78	1.71	1.00	1.71	1.19	1.00	1.19	1
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.25	1.00	1.25	1.21	1.00	1.21	1.04	1.00	1.04	
	TOTAL	4.33	3.00	1.44	4.16	3.00	1.39	3.46	3.00	1.15	
WASHINGTON	CIRCUIT COURT	1.28	1.00	1.28	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.08	1.00	1.08	
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.14	1.00	1.14	
	TOTAL	2.40	2.00	1.20	2.32	2.00	1.16	2.23	2.00	1.11	
WAYNE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.28	1.27	1.01	1.41	1.33	1.06	1.40	1.30	1.07	
	SUPERIOR COURT 1	1.28	1.27	1.01	1.48	1.33	1.12	1.40	1.30	1.08	
	SUPERIOR COURT 2	1.21	1.27	0.96	1.61	1.27	1.27	1.45	1.30	1.11	
	SUPERIOR COURT 3	2.03	2.00	1.01	2.29	2.00	1.15	2.36	2.00	1.18	
	TOTAL	5.80	5.81	1.00	6.80	5.93	1.15	6.61	5.90	1.12	
WELLS	CIRCUIT COURT	0.89	1.00	0.89	0.89	1.00	0.89	0.90	1.00	0.90	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.74	1.00	0.74	0.78	1.00	0.78	0.78	1.00	0.78	
	TOTAL	1.62	2.00	0.81	1.67	2.00	0.84	1.68	2.00	0.84	
WHITE	CIRCUIT COURT	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.01	1.00	1.01	
	SUPERIOR COURT	0.94	1.00	0.94	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.08	1.00	1.08	
	TOTAL	2.11	2.00	1.05	2.32	2.00	1.16	2.09	2.00	1.04	
WHITLEY	CIRCUIT COURT	1.26	1.00	1.26	1.32	1.00	1.32	1.18	1.00	1.18	2
	SUPERIOR COURT	1.06	1.00	1.06	1.22	1.00	1.22	1.17	1.00	1.17	
	TOTAL	2.32	2.00	1.16	2.54	2.00	1.27	2.34	2.00	1.17	
STATE TOTALS		596.68	441.04	1.35	597.59	441.15	1.35	534.94	428.78	1.25	

2010 Weighted Caseload Measures Notes

- 1** The court is a certified problem solving court. As a result of the 2009 Weighted Caseload Study update, certified Drug Courts and Reentry Courts are credited weighted caseload minutes for each individual who initially enters the program as reported on Part V of the QCSR.
- 2** Indicates a case was filed in 2010 where the Death Penalty or Life without Parole was requested.
- 3** Vigo Circuit Court and Superior Court 3 are combined courts.
- 4** James Humphrey is the judge for both the Dearborn and Ohio Circuit Courts.
- 5** In 2010, some cases were inadvertently assigned other than as specified in the county's caseload allocation plan. If those cases had been filed according to their plan, the "Need" and "Utilization" for Hendricks County would have calculated differently.

2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES

Indiana's weighted caseload measures system is intended to apply only to new case filings. Until the Temporary Adjusted Weighted Caseload Report was created, all reports reflected trial court utilization statistics based solely on the number of new cases filed in each court. Each year, the baseline utilization figures shift somewhat during the year due to the transfer of cases among the courts (because of change of venue from the county or the judge and judicial recusals), senior judge service and other shifts of judicial time and cases.

For 2010, we have calculated the temporary, adjusted weighted caseload utilization figures. The temporary adjusted statistics have been calculated by:

-Adding to the court's total minutes the cases in which the reporting judge assumed jurisdiction as a special judge in other courts.

-Adding to the court's total minutes the venued in and transferred in cases.

-Adding to the reporting court's total minutes the time that senior judges serve in the reporting court.

-Subtracting from the court's total minutes the number of cases in which another judge assumed jurisdiction as a special judge in the reporting court.

-Subtracting from the court's total minutes the venued out and transferred out cases.

The information in the "Temporary Adjusted Weighted Caseload Report" does not change the fundamental filing patterns in the trial courts. It reflects some of the ways that courts shift caseloads and resources, sometimes in order to deal with uneven caseloads. Because these shifts are temporary, they should only be used as an additional reference and not as the baseline for weighted caseload statistics. The temporary data is reported so that courts could see how the shifting of caseloads and judicial officer resources actually played out in 2010.

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
ADAMS	01C01	Adams Circuit Court	1.06	1.00	1.06	1.04	1.04	1.00	-0.06
	01D01	Adams Superior Court	0.76	1.00	0.76	0.76	1.07	0.71	-0.05
		Total/Average	1.82	2.00	0.91	1.80	2.11	0.85	-0.06
ALLEN	02C01	Allen Circuit Court	7.06	3.00	2.35	7.17	3.19	2.25	-0.11
	02D01	Allen Superior Court 1	2.24	2.00	1.12	2.23	2.00	1.12	-0.01
	02D02	Allen Superior Court 2	2.23	2.00	1.11	2.21	2.00	1.11	-0.01
	02D03	Allen Superior Court 3	2.21	2.00	1.10	2.19	2.00	1.09	-0.01
	02D04	Allen Superior Court 4	3.16	2.00	1.58	3.52	2.00	1.76	0.18
	02D05	Allen Superior Court 5	3.55	2.00	1.77	3.42	2.02	1.69	-0.08
	02D06	Allen Superior Court 6	3.58	2.00	1.79	3.53	2.02	1.75	-0.04
	02D07	Allen Superior Court 7	4.17	3.00	1.39	4.14	3.09	1.34	-0.05
	02D08	Allen Superior Court 8	5.60	3.00	1.87	5.61	3.00	1.87	0.00
	02D09	Allen Superior Court 9	2.42	2.00	1.21	2.41	2.00	1.21	0.00
	Total/Average	36.22	23.00	1.57	36.45	23.32	1.56	-0.01	
BARTHOLOMEW	03C01	Bartholomew Circuit Court	2.23	2.10	1.06	2.30	2.11	1.09	0.03
	03D01	Bartholomew Superior Court 1	1.58	1.01	1.57	1.63	1.01	1.62	0.05
	03D02	Bartholomew Superior Court 2	2.71	2.05	1.32	2.69	2.05	1.31	-0.01
		Total/Average	6.52	5.16	1.27	6.62	5.16	1.28	0.02

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
BENTON	04C01	Benton Circuit Court	0.66	1.00	0.66	0.67	1.00	0.66	0.00
		Total/Average	0.66	1.00	0.66	0.67	1.00	0.66	0.00
BLACKFORD	05C01	Blackford Circuit Court	0.62	1.00	0.62	0.63	1.00	0.63	0.01
	05D01	Blackford Superior Court	0.47	1.00	0.47	0.48	1.03	0.46	-0.01
		Total/Average	1.09	2.00	0.55	1.11	2.03	0.55	0.00
BOONE	06C01	Boone Circuit Court	1.78	1.75	1.02	1.77	1.75	1.01	-0.01
	06D01	Boone Superior Court 1	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.28	1.03	1.24	-0.05
	06D02	Boone Superior Court 2	1.24	1.22	1.02	1.22	1.22	1.00	-0.01
		Total/Average	4.32	3.97	1.09	4.28	4.00	1.07	-0.02
BROWN	07C01	Brown Circuit Court	1.16	2.00	0.58	1.17	2.00	0.59	0.01
		Total/Average	1.16	2.00	0.58	1.17	2.00	0.59	0.01
CARROLL	08C01	Carroll Circuit Court	0.72	1.00	0.72	0.73	1.02	0.71	-0.01
	08D01	Carroll Superior Court	0.71	1.00	0.71	0.71	1.02	0.70	-0.01
		Total/Average	1.43	2.00	0.72	1.44	2.04	0.70	-0.01
CASS	09C01	Cass Circuit Court	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.01	1.05	0.97	-0.04
	09D01	Cass Superior Court 1	1.36	1.00	1.36	1.34	1.12	1.20	-0.16
	09D02	Cass Superior Court 2	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.08	1.15	0.94	-0.16
		Total/Average	3.46	3.00	1.15	3.44	3.32	1.03	-0.12
CLARK	10C01	Clark Circuit Court	2.25	1.20	1.88	2.24	1.32	1.70	-0.18
	10D01	Clark Superior Court 1	3.36	1.20	2.80	3.38	1.34	2.53	-0.27
	10D02	Clark Superior Court 2	2.17	1.10	1.97	2.20	1.54	1.43	-0.54
	10D03	Clark Superior Court 3	3.68	1.50	2.45	3.66	1.62	2.25	-0.20
		Total/Average	11.46	5.00	2.29	11.47	5.81	1.97	-0.32
CLAY	11C01	Clay Circuit Court	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	1.00	1.10	-0.01
	11D01	Clay Superior Court	1.03	1.00	1.03	1.05	1.03	1.02	-0.02
		Total/Average	2.13	2.00	1.07	2.14	2.03	1.06	-0.01
CLINTON	12C01	Clinton Circuit Court	1.45	1.00	1.45	1.44	1.09	1.33	-0.12
	12D01	Clinton Superior Court	1.66	1.00	1.66	1.64	1.10	1.49	-0.17
		Total/Average	3.11	2.00	1.55	3.08	2.19	1.41	-0.14
CRAWFORD	13C01	Crawford Circuit Court	0.99	1.20	0.82	0.98	1.22	0.81	-0.02
		Total/Average	0.99	1.20	0.82	0.98	1.22	0.81	-0.02
DAVISS	14C01	Daviess Circuit Court	1.45	1.00	1.45	1.43	1.06	1.36	-0.09
	14D01	Daviess Superior Court	1.56	1.00	1.56	1.56	1.04	1.49	-0.07
		Total/Average	3.01	2.00	1.50	2.99	2.10	1.43	-0.08
DEARBORN	15C01	Dearborn Circuit Court	1.84	1.20	1.54	1.86	1.39	1.34	-0.20
	15D01	Dearborn Superior Court 1	1.21	1.00	1.21	1.18	1.06	1.11	-0.09
	15D02	Dearborn Superior Court 2	1.38	1.00	1.38	1.38	1.05	1.31	-0.07
		Total/Average	4.43	3.20	1.39	4.43	3.50	1.26	-0.12
DECATUR	16C01	Decatur Circuit Court	1.35	1.00	1.35	1.31	1.05	1.25	-0.10
	16D01	Decatur Superior Court	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.97	1.03	0.94	-0.04
		Total/Average	2.33	2.00	1.16	2.29	2.09	1.10	-0.07

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
DEKALB	17C01	Dekalb Circuit Court	1.48	1.00	1.48	1.48	1.03	1.43	-0.05
	17D01	Dekalb Superior Court 1	1.26	1.00	1.26	1.27	1.09	1.16	-0.09
	17D02	Dekalb Superior Court 2	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.31	1.01	1.29	0.00
		Total/Average	4.03	3.00	1.34	4.05	3.13	1.29	-0.05
DELAWARE	18C01	Delaware Circuit Court 1	1.50	1.25	1.20	1.46	1.27	1.15	-0.05
	18C02	Delaware Circuit Court 2	2.47	2.53	0.98	2.45	2.70	0.91	-0.07
	18C03	Delaware Circuit Court 3	1.26	1.40	0.90	1.30	1.46	0.89	0.00
	18C04	Delaware Circuit Court 4	1.79	1.37	1.31	1.86	1.37	1.36	0.05
	18C05	Delaware Circuit Court 5	1.59	1.45	1.09	1.54	1.47	1.05	-0.05
		Total/Average	8.60	8.00	1.08	8.61	8.27	1.04	-0.03
DUBOIS	19C01	Dubois Circuit Court	1.66	1.00	1.66	1.65	1.12	1.47	-0.19
	19D01	Dubois Superior Court	1.61	1.00	1.61	1.61	1.02	1.57	-0.03
		Total/Average	3.26	2.00	1.63	3.25	2.14	1.52	-0.11
ELKHART	20C01	Elkhart Circuit Court	3.30	2.01	1.64	3.33	2.24	1.49	-0.15
	20D01	Elkhart Superior Court 1	2.30	1.40	1.64	2.35	1.44	1.63	-0.01
	20D02	Elkhart Superior Court 2	1.71	1.55	1.10	1.81	1.59	1.14	0.03
	20D03	Elkhart Superior Court 3	1.36	1.08	1.26	1.37	1.15	1.19	-0.07
	20D04	Elkhart Superior Court 4	1.78	1.10	1.62	1.78	1.17	1.52	-0.10
	20D05	Elkhart Superior Court 5	1.82	1.15	1.59	1.80	1.27	1.42	-0.16
	20D06	Elkhart Superior Court 6	3.82	1.85	2.06	3.93	1.85	2.12	0.06
	Total/Average	16.10	10.14	1.59	16.37	10.70	1.53	-0.06	
FAYETTE	21C01	Fayette Circuit Court	1.31	1.00	1.31	1.32	1.12	1.18	-0.13
	21D01	Fayette Superior Court	1.28	1.00	1.28	1.28	1.04	1.23	-0.05
		Total/Average	2.59	2.00	1.30	2.60	2.16	1.20	-0.09
FLOYD	22C01	Floyd Circuit Court	1.91	1.60	1.19	1.94	1.80	1.08	-0.11
	22D01	Floyd Superior Court 1	1.62	1.10	1.47	1.63	1.23	1.33	-0.15
	22D02	Floyd Superior Court 2	2.25	1.20	1.88	2.26	1.42	1.60	-0.28
	22D03	Floyd Superior Court 3	1.61	1.00	1.61	1.64	1.05	1.56	-0.05
		Total/Average	7.39	4.90	1.51	7.47	5.50	1.36	-0.15
FOUNTAIN	23C01	Fountain Circuit Court	1.34	1.40	0.96	1.35	1.44	0.94	-0.02
		Total/Average	1.34	1.40	0.96	1.35	1.44	0.94	-0.02
FRANKLIN	24C01	Franklin Circuit Court 1	0.75	1.00	0.75	0.75	1.00	0.75	0.00
	24C02	Franklin Circuit Court 2	0.75	1.00	0.75	0.75	1.00	0.75	0.00
		Total/Average	1.50	2.00	0.75	1.50	2.00	0.75	0.00
FULTON	25C01	Fulton Circuit Court	1.33	1.00	1.33	1.33	1.03	1.28	-0.05
	25D01	Fulton Superior Court	1.13	1.00	1.13	1.14	1.00	1.14	0.01
		Total/Average	2.46	2.00	1.23	2.47	2.03	1.21	-0.02
GIBSON	26C01	Gibson Circuit Court	1.75	1.00	1.75	1.75	1.00	1.75	0.00
	26D01	Gibson Superior Court	1.36	1.00	1.36	1.36	1.06	1.28	-0.08
		Total/Average	3.11	2.00	1.56	3.11	2.06	1.51	-0.05

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
GRANT	27C01	Grant Circuit Court	1.32	1.30	1.02	1.58	1.33	1.19	0.17
	27D01	Grant Superior Court 1	1.56	1.10	1.41	1.56	1.10	1.42	0.01
	27D02	Grant Superior Court 2	1.55	1.50	1.04	1.46	1.81	0.81	-0.23
	27D03	Grant Superior Court 3	1.52	1.00	1.52	1.47	1.01	1.45	-0.07
		Total/Average	5.95	4.90	1.21	6.07	5.25	1.16	-0.06
GREENE	28C01	Greene Circuit Court	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.49	1.08	1.38	-0.12
	28D01	Greene Superior Court	1.18	1.00	1.18	1.18	1.05	1.12	-0.06
		Total/Average	2.68	2.00	1.34	2.67	2.13	1.25	-0.09
HAMILTON	29C01	Hamilton Circuit Court	2.59	1.51	1.71	2.62	1.53	1.72	0.00
	29D01	Hamilton Superior Court 1	2.92	1.82	1.60	2.96	1.95	1.52	-0.08
	29D02	Hamilton Superior Court 2	1.72	1.21	1.43	1.83	1.21	1.51	0.09
	29D03	Hamilton Superior Court 3	2.39	1.55	1.54	2.38	1.61	1.48	-0.07
	29D04	Hamilton Superior Court 4	2.34	1.39	1.69	2.36	1.39	1.70	0.01
	29D05	Hamilton Superior Court 5	2.15	1.28	1.68	2.15	1.28	1.68	0.00
	29D06	Hamilton Superior Court 6	1.84	1.24	1.48	1.80	1.24	1.45	-0.03
	Total/Average	15.96	10.00	1.60	16.11	10.20	1.58	-0.02	
HANCOCK	30C01	Hancock Circuit Court	1.92	1.30	1.47	1.90	1.30	1.46	-0.02
	30D01	Hancock Superior Court 1	1.79	1.30	1.38	1.78	1.30	1.37	-0.01
	30D02	Hancock Superior Court 2	1.51	1.30	1.16	1.51	1.30	1.16	0.00
		Total/Average	5.22	3.90	1.34	5.19	3.90	1.33	-0.01
HARRISON	31C01	Harrison Circuit Court	1.59	1.40	1.13	1.59	1.44	1.10	-0.03
	31D01	Harrison Superior Court	1.55	1.00	1.55	1.56	1.10	1.41	-0.13
		Total/Average	3.13	2.40	1.31	3.15	2.55	1.24	-0.07
HENDRICKS	32C01	Hendricks Circuit Court	1.81	1.00	1.81	1.82	1.16	1.57	-0.24
	32D01	Hendricks Superior Court 1	1.68	1.00	1.68	1.74	1.13	1.54	-0.14
	32D02	Hendricks Superior Court 2	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.51	1.05	1.44	-0.06
	32D03	Hendricks Superior Court 3	1.48	1.00	1.48	1.50	1.09	1.37	-0.11
	32D04	Hendricks Superior Court 4	1.33	1.00	1.33	1.47	1.02	1.44	0.12
	32D05	Hendricks Superior Court 5	1.44	1.00	1.44	1.39	1.07	1.30	-0.14
	Total/Average	9.23	6.00	1.54	9.43	6.53	1.44	-0.09	
HENRY	33C01	Henry Circuit Court	1.65	1.30	1.27	1.65	1.33	1.24	-0.03
	33D01	Henry Superior Court 1	1.24	1.25	0.99	1.22	1.29	0.94	-0.05
	33D02	Henry Superior Court 2	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.10	1.02	1.08	-0.01
		Total/Average	3.99	3.55	1.12	3.97	3.63	1.09	-0.03
HOWARD	34C01	Howard Circuit Court	2.59	1.50	1.72	2.60	1.63	1.60	-0.12
	34D01	Howard Superior Court 1	1.58	1.00	1.58	1.63	1.03	1.58	-0.01
	34D02	Howard Superior Court 2	1.72	1.00	1.72	1.65	1.20	1.38	-0.34
	34D03	Howard Superior Court 3	1.78	1.00	1.78	1.79	1.00	1.79	0.02
	34D04	Howard Superior Court 4	1.44	1.00	1.44	1.45	1.04	1.39	-0.06
	Total/Average	9.11	5.50	1.66	9.13	5.90	1.55	-0.11	

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
HUNTINGTON	35C01	Huntington Circuit Court	1.48	1.40	1.06	1.51	1.40	1.08	0.02
	35D01	Huntington Superior Court	1.31	1.40	0.94	1.36	1.40	0.97	0.03
		Total/Average	2.80	2.80	1.00	2.88	2.80	1.03	0.03
JACKSON	36C01	Jackson Circuit Court	1.55	1.10	1.41	1.55	1.19	1.30	-0.11
	36D01	Jackson Superior Court 1	1.37	1.10	1.24	1.37	1.14	1.20	-0.05
	36D02	Jackson Superior Court 2	1.71	1.20	1.43	2.02	1.20	1.68	0.25
		Total/Average	4.63	3.40	1.36	4.93	3.54	1.39	0.03
JASPER	37C01	Jasper Circuit Court	1.41	1.00	1.41	1.44	1.23	1.16	-0.25
	37D01	Jasper Superior Court	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.19	1.07	1.11	-0.07
		Total/Average	2.60	2.00	1.30	2.63	2.31	1.14	-0.16
JAY	38C01	Jay Circuit Court	0.88	1.00	0.88	0.88	1.00	0.88	0.00
	38D01	Jay Superior Court	0.52	1.00	0.52	0.52	1.03	0.50	-0.02
		Total/Average	1.40	2.00	0.70	1.40	2.03	0.69	-0.01
JEFFERSON	39C01	Jefferson Circuit Court	1.68	1.00	1.68	1.65	1.11	1.49	-0.19
	39D01	Jefferson Superior Court	1.27	1.00	1.27	1.26	1.12	1.13	-0.14
		Total/Average	2.95	2.00	1.47	2.91	2.23	1.31	-0.17
JENNINGS	40C01	Jennings Circuit Court	1.80	1.00	1.80	1.80	1.00	1.80	0.00
	40D01	Jennings Superior Court	1.27	1.00	1.27	1.26	1.15	1.10	-0.17
		Total/Average	3.07	2.00	1.54	3.06	2.15	1.42	-0.11
JOHNSON	41C01	Johnson Circuit Court	4.42	2.25	1.96	4.45	2.27	1.96	0.00
	41D01	Johnson Superior Court 1	1.85	1.25	1.48	1.84	1.33	1.39	-0.09
	41D02	Johnson Superior Court 2	1.82	1.25	1.46	1.90	1.36	1.40	-0.05
	41D03	Johnson Superior Court 3	1.92	1.25	1.53	1.90	1.39	1.37	-0.16
		Total/Average	10.00	6.00	1.67	10.10	6.34	1.59	-0.07
KNOX	42C01	Knox Circuit Court	1.54	1.00	1.54	1.54	1.01	1.53	-0.02
	42D01	Knox Superior Court 1	1.81	1.00	1.81	1.80	1.07	1.68	-0.13
	42D02	Knox Superior Court 2	1.86	1.00	1.86	1.86	1.15	1.62	-0.24
		Total/Average	5.21	3.00	1.74	5.20	3.23	1.61	-0.13
KOSCIUSKO	43C01	Kosciusko Circuit Court	1.72	1.00	1.72	1.72	1.16	1.49	-0.23
	43D01	Kosciusko Superior Court 1	1.48	1.00	1.48	1.48	1.10	1.34	-0.14
	43D02	Kosciusko Superior Court 2	1.36	1.00	1.36	1.36	1.03	1.31	-0.04
	43D03	Kosciusko Superior Court 3	1.62	1.00	1.62	1.62	1.04	1.55	-0.07
		Total/Average	6.18	4.00	1.55	6.18	4.34	1.42	-0.12
LAGRANGE	44C01	Lagrange Circuit Court	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.29	1.09	1.18	-0.12
	44D01	Lagrange Superior Court	1.36	1.00	1.36	1.35	1.08	1.25	-0.12
		Total/Average	2.67	2.00	1.33	2.64	2.17	1.22	-0.12

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
LAKE	45C01	Lake Circuit Court	4.77	3.40	1.40	4.65	3.40	1.37	-0.03
	45D01	Lake Superior Court, Civil 1	1.14	1.30	0.88	1.12	1.31	0.86	-0.02
	45D02	Lake Superior Court, Civil 2	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.36	1.06	1.29	0.00
	45D03	Lake Superior Court, Civil 3	3.32	3.00	1.11	3.61	3.00	1.20	0.10
	45D04	Lake Superior Court, Civil 4	0.98	1.30	0.75	0.96	1.30	0.74	-0.01
	45D05	Lake Superior Court, Civil 5	0.95	1.00	0.95	0.91	1.00	0.91	-0.04
	45D06	Lake Superior Court, Juv. Div.	8.94	6.50	1.37	8.99	6.50	1.38	0.01
	45D07	Lake Superior Court, County 1	2.65	2.00	1.33	2.66	2.00	1.33	0.00
	45D08	Lake Superior Court, County 2	3.83	2.00	1.91	3.79	2.00	1.90	-0.02
	45D09	Lake Superior Court, County 3	3.26	2.80	1.16	3.21	2.80	1.15	-0.02
	45D10	Lake Superior Court, Civ.6	0.94	1.00	0.94	0.88	1.08	0.82	-0.12
	45D11	Lake Superior Court, Civ. 7	0.93	1.00	0.93	0.90	1.06	0.85	-0.08
	45D12	Lake Superior Court, County 4	2.31	1.40	1.65	2.29	1.40	1.63	-0.02
	45G01	Lake Superior Court, Crim. 1	1.36	1.40	0.97	1.40	1.40	1.00	0.04
	45G02	Lake Superior Court, Crim. 2	1.49	1.40	1.07	1.49	1.40	1.06	0.00
	45G03	Lake Superior Court, Crim. 3	1.31	1.40	0.94	1.39	1.43	0.97	0.03
	45G04	Lake Superior Court, Crim. 4	1.53	1.40	1.09	1.51	1.51	1.00	-0.09
		Total/Average	40.99	33.30	1.23	41.12	33.63	1.22	-0.01
LAPORTE	46C01	LaPorte Circuit Court	3.97	2.60	1.53	3.97	2.62	1.52	-0.01
	46D01	LaPorte Superior Court 1	1.87	1.00	1.87	1.86	1.03	1.81	-0.05
	46D02	LaPorte Superior Court 2	1.86	1.00	1.86	1.87	1.05	1.78	-0.08
	46D03	LaPorte Superior Court 3	1.66	1.00	1.66	1.62	1.12	1.45	-0.21
	46D04	LaPorte Superior Court 4	3.09	2.00	1.55	3.07	2.01	1.53	-0.02
		Total/Average	12.46	7.60	1.64	12.40	7.82	1.59	-0.05
LAWRENCE	47C01	Lawrence Circuit Court	1.69	1.70	0.99	1.69	1.74	0.97	-0.02
	47D01	Lawrence Superior Court 1	1.05	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.04	1.05	0.00
	47D02	Lawrence Superior Court 2	1.13	1.00	1.13	1.13	1.03	1.09	-0.04
		Total/Average	3.87	3.70	1.04	3.91	3.81	1.03	-0.02
MADISON	48C01	Madison Circuit Court	1.87	1.40	1.34	1.93	1.40	1.37	0.04
	48D01	Madison Superior Court 1	2.20	1.46	1.50	2.24	1.53	1.47	-0.04
	48D02	Madison Superior Court 2	3.38	1.60	2.11	3.41	1.80	1.89	-0.22
	48D03	Madison Superior Court 3	2.02	1.40	1.45	2.02	1.53	1.32	-0.13
	48D04	Madison Superior Court 4	1.53	1.10	1.39	1.63	1.16	1.41	0.02
	48D05	Madison Superior Court 5	1.50	1.10	1.36	1.64	1.15	1.42	0.06
		Total/Average	12.50	8.06	1.55	12.86	8.57	1.50	-0.05

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
MARION	49C01	Marion Circuit Court	9.64	6.90	1.40	9.88	6.93	1.43	0.03
	49D01	Marion Superior, Civil Div 1	2.17	1.68	1.29	2.17	1.68	1.29	0.00
	49D02	Marion Superior, Civil Div 2	2.18	2.78	0.78	2.20	2.78	0.79	0.01
	49D03	Marion Superior, Civil Div 3	2.15	1.68	1.28	2.14	1.68	1.28	-0.01
	49D04	Marion Superior, Civil Div 4	2.15	1.68	1.28	2.16	1.69	1.28	0.00
	49D05	Marion Superior, Civil Div 5	2.13	1.55	1.37	2.13	1.55	1.37	0.00
	49D06	Marion Superior, Civil Div 6	2.18	1.62	1.35	2.14	1.62	1.32	-0.02
	49D07	Marion Superior, Civil Div 7	2.13	1.68	1.27	2.15	1.68	1.28	0.01
	49D08	Marion Superior, Probate 8	3.08	3.00	1.03	3.09	3.05	1.01	-0.01
	49D09	Marion Superior, Juvenile Div.	14.68	10.00	1.47	14.86	10.00	1.49	0.02
	49D10	Marion Superior, Civil Div 10	2.13	1.68	1.27	2.13	1.68	1.27	0.00
	49D11	Marion Superior, Civil Div 11	2.18	1.68	1.30	2.15	1.68	1.28	-0.01
	49D12	Marion Superior, Civil Div 12	2.14	1.59	1.35	2.22	1.60	1.39	0.04
	49D13	Marion Superior, Civil Div 13	1.51	1.58	0.95	1.54	1.58	0.98	0.03
	49D14	Marion Superior, Civil Div 14	2.11	1.58	1.34	2.10	1.58	1.33	-0.01
	49F07	Marion Superior, Criminal 7	2.28	1.90	1.20	2.22	1.90	1.16	-0.04
	49F08	Marion Superior, Criminal 8	0.86	1.38	0.62	1.87	1.46	1.28	0.66
	49F09	Marion Superior, Criminal 9	2.16	1.60	1.35	2.01	1.64	1.23	-0.12
	49F10	Marion Superior, Criminal 10	2.19	1.60	1.37	2.12	1.80	1.18	-0.19
	49F12	Marion Superior 12	2.65	2.08	1.27	2.28	2.12	1.07	-0.20
	49F13	Marion Superior, Criminal 13	12.70	1.00	12.70	13.37	1.00	13.37	0.66
	49F15	Marion Superior, Criminal 15	2.10	1.78	1.18	1.97	1.78	1.10	-0.07
	49F18	Marion Superior, Criminal 18	2.19	1.68	1.30	1.98	1.78	1.11	-0.19
	49F19	Marion Superior, Criminal 19	2.12	1.68	1.26	2.07	1.77	1.17	-0.09
	49F24	Marion Superior, Criminal 24	2.10	1.68	1.25	1.95	1.75	1.11	-0.14
	49G01	Marion Superior, Criminal 1	1.41	1.42	0.99	1.35	1.44	0.94	-0.05
	49G02	Marion Superior, Criminal 2	1.31	1.42	0.92	1.31	1.46	0.90	-0.02
	49G03	Marion Superior, Criminal 3	1.40	1.42	0.98	1.38	1.45	0.95	-0.03
	49G04	Marion Superior, Criminal 4	1.40	1.42	0.99	1.31	1.43	0.91	-0.08
	49G05	Marion Superior, Criminal 5	1.41	1.42	0.99	1.38	1.43	0.97	-0.02
	49G06	Marion Superior, Criminal 6	1.41	1.42	1.00	1.39	1.42	0.98	-0.02
	49G14	Marion Superior Court 14	4.62	2.42	1.91	4.88	2.48	1.97	0.06
49G16	Marion Superior, Criminal 16	2.26	1.88	1.20	2.14	1.97	1.09	-0.11	
49G17	Marion Superior, Criminal 17	2.26	1.58	1.43	2.23	1.62	1.38	-0.06	
49G20	Marion Superior, Criminal 20	3.72	3.02	1.23	5.03	3.02	1.66	0.43	
49G21	Marion Superior, Criminal 21	2.09	1.50	1.39	2.07	1.50	1.38	-0.02	
49G22	Marion Superior, Criminal 22	1.26	1.40	0.90	1.34	1.44	0.93	0.03	
		Total/Average	108.47	77.38	1.40	110.71	78.42	1.41	0.01
MARSHALL	50C01	Marshall Circuit Court	1.51	1.00	1.51	1.50	1.05	1.43	-0.09
	50D01	Marshall Superior Court 1	1.40	1.00	1.40	1.40	1.05	1.33	-0.07
	50D02	Marshall Superior Court 2	1.39	1.00	1.39	1.39	1.15	1.21	-0.18
			Total/Average	4.31	3.00	1.44	4.29	3.25	1.32

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
MARTIN	51C01	Martin Circuit Court	0.91	1.00	0.91	0.91	1.00	0.91	0.00
		Total/Average	0.91	1.00	0.91	0.91	1.00	0.91	0.00
MIAMI	52C01	Miami Circuit Court	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.97	1.13	0.85	-0.12
	52D01	Miami Superior Court 1	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.09	1.03	1.07	-0.04
	52D02	Miami Superior Court 2	1.15	1.00	1.15	1.14	1.03	1.11	-0.04
		Total/Average	3.23	3.00	1.08	3.21	3.19	1.00	-0.07
MONROE	53C01	Monroe Circuit Court Division 1	1.21	1.08	1.12	1.36	1.14	1.19	0.07
	53C02	Monroe Circuit Court Division 2	1.34	1.07	1.25	1.40	1.15	1.21	-0.04
	53C03	Monroe Circuit Court Division 3	1.32	1.07	1.23	1.32	1.27	1.05	-0.19
	53C04	Monroe Circuit Court Division 4	1.09	1.07	1.01	1.12	1.19	0.94	-0.07
	53C05	Monroe Circuit Court Division 5	1.36	1.07	1.27	1.51	1.07	1.41	0.14
	53C06	Monroe Circuit Court Division 6	1.16	1.07	1.08	1.20	1.09	1.10	0.02
	53C07	Monroe Circuit Court Division 7	1.53	1.43	1.07	1.52	1.46	1.04	-0.03
	53C08	Monroe Circuit Court Division 8	1.14	1.07	1.06	1.20	1.13	1.06	0.00
	53C09	Monroe Circuit Court Division 9	1.33	1.07	1.24	1.33	1.12	1.18	-0.06
		Total/Average	11.47	10.00	1.15	11.97	10.63	1.13	-0.02
MONTGOMERY	54C01	Montgomery Circuit Court	1.16	1.00	1.16	1.17	1.01	1.16	0.00
	54D01	Montgomery Superior Court	1.25	1.00	1.25	1.24	1.03	1.20	-0.05
	54D02	Montgomery Superior Court 2	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.98	1.07	0.92	-0.08
		Total/Average	3.41	3.00	1.14	3.40	3.11	1.09	-0.05
MORGAN	55C01	Morgan Circuit Court	1.58	1.28	1.23	1.58	1.32	1.20	-0.03
	55D01	Morgan Superior Court 1	1.47	1.40	1.05	1.49	1.46	1.02	-0.03
	55D02	Morgan Superior Court 2	1.07	1.10	0.97	1.06	1.14	0.93	-0.04
	55D03	Morgan Superior Court 3	1.10	1.10	1.00	1.11	1.10	1.00	0.00
		Total/Average	5.22	4.88	1.07	5.24	5.01	1.04	-0.02
NEWTON	56C01	Newton Circuit Court	0.51	1.00	0.51	0.50	1.01	0.50	-0.01
	56D01	Newton Superior Court	0.92	1.00	0.92	0.92	1.00	0.92	0.00
		Total/Average	1.43	2.00	0.72	1.43	2.01	0.71	-0.01
NOBLE	57C01	Noble Circuit Court	1.16	1.00	1.16	1.25	1.08	1.16	0.00
	57D01	Noble Superior Court 1	1.48	1.00	1.48	1.47	1.08	1.36	-0.12
	57D02	Noble Superior Court 2	1.52	1.00	1.52	1.53	1.08	1.42	-0.09
		Total/Average	4.15	3.00	1.38	4.26	3.24	1.31	-0.07
OHIO	58C01	Ohio Circuit Court	0.61	0.80	0.76	0.61	0.88	0.69	-0.07
		Total/Average	0.61	0.80	0.76	0.61	0.88	0.69	-0.07
ORANGE	59C01	Orange Circuit Court	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.19	1.03	1.15	-0.01
	59D01	Orange Superior Court	1.13	1.00	1.13	1.10	1.00	1.10	-0.03
		Total/Average	2.30	2.00	1.15	2.29	2.03	1.13	-0.02
OWEN	60C01	Owen Circuit Court	1.94	1.35	1.44	1.96	1.37	1.44	0.00
		Total/Average	1.94	1.35	1.44	1.96	1.37	1.44	0.00
PARKE	61C01	Parke Circuit Court	1.62	1.00	1.62	1.62	1.04	1.56	-0.06
		Total/Average	1.62	1.00	1.62	1.62	1.04	1.56	-0.06

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
PERRY	62C01	Perry Circuit Court	2.23	2.00	1.11	2.23	2.05	1.08	-0.03
		Total/Average	2.23	2.00	1.11	2.23	2.05	1.08	-0.03
PIKE	63C01	Pike Circuit Court	1.46	1.50	0.97	1.45	1.52	0.95	-0.02
		Total/Average	1.46	1.50	0.97	1.45	1.52	0.95	-0.02
PORTER	64C01	Porter Circuit Court	2.75	2.00	1.37	2.74	2.09	1.31	-0.07
	64D01	Porter Superior Court 1	2.77	2.00	1.38	2.75	2.00	1.37	-0.01
	64D02	Porter Superior Court 2	2.73	2.00	1.36	2.76	2.05	1.35	-0.01
	64D03	Porter Superior Court 3	1.77	1.00	1.77	1.70	1.03	1.66	-0.12
	64D04	Porter Superior Court 4	1.71	1.00	1.71	1.71	1.02	1.68	-0.03
	64D06	Porter Superior Court 6	1.23	1.00	1.23	1.27	1.00	1.27	0.04
	Total/Average	12.95	9.00	1.44	12.93	9.19	1.41	-0.03	
POSEY	65C01	Posey Circuit Court	1.10	1.00	1.10	1.13	1.06	1.07	-0.03
	65D01	Posey Superior Court	0.70	1.00	0.70	0.65	1.00	0.65	-0.05
		Total/Average	1.80	2.00	0.90	1.78	2.06	0.87	-0.03
PULASKI	66C01	Pulaski Circuit Court	0.64	1.00	0.64	0.63	1.04	0.61	-0.04
	66D01	Pulaski Superior Court	0.49	1.00	0.49	0.48	1.00	0.48	0.00
		Total/Average	1.13	2.00	0.56	1.11	2.04	0.55	-0.02
PUTNAM	67C01	Putnam Circuit Court	1.54	1.00	1.54	1.52	1.09	1.39	-0.15
	67D01	Putnam Superior Court	1.43	1.00	1.43	1.44	1.14	1.26	-0.17
		Total/Average	2.97	2.00	1.48	2.96	2.24	1.32	-0.16
RANDOLPH	68C01	Randolph Circuit Court	1.01	1.00	1.01	1.00	1.03	0.97	-0.04
	68D01	Randolph Superior Court	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.98	1.05	0.93	-0.05
		Total/Average	1.98	2.00	0.99	1.98	2.08	0.95	-0.04
RIPLEY	69C01	Ripley Circuit Court	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.19	1.00	1.19	0.00
	69D01	Ripley Superior Court	0.79	1.00	0.79	0.78	1.00	0.78	-0.01
		Total/Average	1.98	2.00	0.99	1.97	2.00	0.99	-0.01
RUSH	70C01	Rush Circuit Court	0.75	1.00	0.75	0.75	1.00	0.75	0.00
	70D01	Rush Superior Court	1.03	1.00	1.03	1.03	1.00	1.03	0.00
		Total/Average	1.77	2.00	0.89	1.77	2.00	0.89	0.00
ST. JOSEPH	71C01	St. Joseph Circuit Court	3.71	3.00	1.24	3.68	3.13	1.18	-0.06
	71D01	St. Joseph Superior Court 1	2.06	1.25	1.64	1.85	1.27	1.46	-0.19
	71D02	St. Joseph Superior Court 2	1.61	1.25	1.29	1.69	1.32	1.28	-0.01
	71D03	St. Joseph Superior Court 3	1.56	1.25	1.25	1.66	1.44	1.15	-0.10
	71D04	St. Joseph Superior Court 4	1.80	1.25	1.44	1.79	1.25	1.43	-0.01
	71D05	St. Joseph Superior Court 5	1.74	1.25	1.39	1.70	1.28	1.32	-0.07
	71D06	St. Joseph Superior Court 6	1.78	1.25	1.43	1.75	1.25	1.40	-0.03
	71D07	St. Joseph Superior Court 7	1.91	1.25	1.53	1.99	1.25	1.60	0.07
	71D08	St. Joseph Superior Court 8	1.72	1.25	1.38	1.70	1.26	1.35	-0.03
71J01	St. Joseph Probate Court	7.97	4.00	1.99	8.11	4.14	1.96	-0.03	
	Total/Average	25.87	17.00	1.52	25.92	17.59	1.47	-0.05	

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
SCOTT	72C01	Scott Circuit Court	1.51	1.10	1.37	1.50	1.24	1.21	-0.16
	72D01	Scott Superior Court	1.56	1.02	1.53	1.58	1.11	1.42	-0.11
		Total/Average	3.06	2.12	1.45	3.08	2.35	1.31	-0.14
SHELBY	73C01	Shelby Circuit Court	1.50	1.00	1.50	1.47	1.09	1.36	-0.14
	73D01	Shelby Superior Court 1	1.95	1.00	1.95	1.91	1.09	1.74	-0.20
	73D02	Shelby Superior Court 2	1.42	1.00	1.42	1.42	1.06	1.34	-0.08
		Total/Average	4.86	3.00	1.62	4.80	3.24	1.48	-0.14
SPENCER	74C01	Spencer Circuit Court	1.76	1.00	1.76	1.76	1.26	1.39	-0.36
		Total/Average	1.76	1.00	1.76	1.76	1.26	1.39	-0.36
STARKE	75C01	Starke Circuit Court	2.08	2.00	1.04	2.08	2.04	1.02	-0.02
		Total/Average	2.08	2.00	1.04	2.08	2.04	1.02	-0.02
STEUBEN	76C01	Steuben Circuit Court	1.56	1.50	1.04	1.55	1.58	0.98	-0.06
	76D01	Steuben Superior Court	1.39	1.50	0.93	1.40	1.53	0.91	-0.01
		Total/Average	2.94	3.00	0.98	2.95	3.11	0.95	-0.03
SULLIVAN	77C01	Sullivan Circuit Court	0.97	1.50	0.64	0.97	1.52	0.64	-0.01
	77D01	Sullivan Superior Court	1.39	1.50	0.93	1.39	1.56	0.89	-0.04
		Total/Average	2.36	3.00	0.79	2.35	3.07	0.77	-0.02
SWITZERLAND	78C01	Switzerland Circuit Court	0.91	1.00	0.91	1.10	1.12	0.98	0.07
		Total/Average	0.91	1.00	0.91	1.10	1.12	0.98	0.07
TIPPECANOE	79C01	Tippecanoe Circuit Court	1.91	1.07	1.78	1.94	1.19	1.63	-0.15
	79D01	Tippecanoe Superior Court 1	1.79	1.13	1.58	1.80	1.13	1.59	0.01
	79D02	Tippecanoe Superior Court 2	1.59	1.16	1.37	1.61	1.20	1.33	-0.04
	79D03	Tippecanoe Superior Court 3	3.31	1.80	1.84	3.31	1.89	1.75	-0.09
	79D04	Tippecanoe Superior Court 4	1.60	1.35	1.19	1.60	1.38	1.16	-0.03
	79D05	Tippecanoe Superior Court 5	1.84	1.21	1.52	1.80	1.30	1.38	-0.14
	79D06	Tippecanoe Superior Court 6	1.92	1.27	1.51	1.92	1.27	1.51	0.00
		Total/Average	13.97	9.00	1.55	13.98	9.36	1.49	-0.06
TIPTON	80C01	Tipton Circuit Court	1.01	1.10	0.92	1.02	1.22	0.84	-0.08
		Total/Average	1.01	1.10	0.92	1.02	1.22	0.84	-0.08
UNION	81C01	Union Circuit Court	0.82	1.00	0.82	0.83	1.00	0.83	0.01
		Total/Average	0.82	1.00	0.82	0.83	1.00	0.83	0.01
VANDERBURGH	82C01	Vanderburgh Circuit Court	3.77	2.00	1.88	3.70	2.00	1.85	-0.03
	82D01	Vanderburgh Superior Court 1	2.51	1.62	1.55	2.52	1.73	1.46	-0.09
	82D02	Vanderburgh Superior Court 2	2.54	1.62	1.57	2.59	1.88	1.38	-0.19
	82D03	Vanderburgh Superior Court 3	2.59	1.62	1.60	2.58	1.87	1.38	-0.22
	82D04	Vanderburgh Superior Court 4	5.37	2.30	2.33	5.36	2.47	2.17	-0.16
	82D05	Vanderburgh Superior Court 5	2.52	1.62	1.56	2.52	1.80	1.40	-0.16
	82D06	Vanderburgh Superior Court 6	2.52	1.62	1.56	2.52	1.78	1.41	-0.14
	82D07	Vanderburgh Superior Court 7	2.55	1.62	1.57	2.52	1.66	1.51	-0.06
		Total/Average	24.38	14.02	1.74	24.31	15.19	1.60	-0.14
VERMILLION	83C01	Vermillion Circuit Court	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.19	1.07	1.12	-0.08
		Total/Average	1.19	1.00	1.19	1.19	1.07	1.12	-0.08

COUNTY	COURT	COURT NAME	2010 WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			2010 TEMPORARY ADJUSTED WEIGHTED CASELOAD MEASURES			CHANGE
			NEED	HAVE	UTIL	NEED	HAVE	UTIL	
VIGO	84C01/D03	Vigo Circuit Court/Superior 3	3.05	2.00	1.53	3.07	2.15	1.43	-0.10
	84D01	Vigo Superior Court 1	1.33	1.00	1.33	1.29	1.06	1.21	-0.12
	84D02	Vigo Superior Court 2	1.31	1.00	1.31	1.32	1.01	1.31	0.00
	84D04	Vigo Superior Court 4	1.42	1.00	1.42	1.39	1.10	1.26	-0.16
	84D05	Vigo Superior Court 5	2.45	1.00	2.45	2.36	1.14	2.07	-0.37
	84D06	Vigo Superior Court 6	1.35	1.00	1.35	1.38	1.03	1.34	-0.01
			Total/Average	10.91	7.00	1.56	10.80	7.49	1.44
WABASH	85C01	Wabash Circuit Court	1.64	1.00	1.64	1.64	1.10	1.49	-0.15
	85D01	Wabash Superior Court	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17	1.10	1.06	-0.11
			Total/Average	2.81	2.00	1.41	2.81	2.20	1.28
WARREN	86C01	Warren Circuit Court	0.70	1.00	0.70	0.70	1.01	0.69	-0.01
			Total/Average	0.70	1.00	0.70	0.70	1.01	0.69
WARRICK	87C01	Warrick Circuit Court	1.30	1.00	1.30	1.28	1.06	1.21	-0.09
	87D01	Warrick Superior Court 1	1.78	1.00	1.78	1.74	1.17	1.48	-0.30
	87D02	Warrick Superior Court 2	1.25	1.00	1.25	1.24	1.04	1.20	-0.05
			Total/Average	4.33	3.00	1.44	4.26	3.27	1.30
WASHINGTON	88C01	Washington Circuit Court	1.28	1.00	1.28	1.32	1.04	1.27	-0.01
	88D01	Washington Superior Court	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.12	1.01	1.11	0.00
			Total/Average	2.40	2.00	1.20	2.44	2.05	1.19
WAYNE	89C01	Wayne Circuit Court	1.28	1.27	1.01	1.27	1.36	0.93	-0.08
	89D01	Wayne Superior Court 1	1.28	1.27	1.01	1.26	1.28	0.99	-0.02
	89D02	Wayne Superior Court 2	1.21	1.27	0.96	1.21	1.27	0.95	0.00
	89D03	Wayne Superior Court 3	2.03	2.00	1.01	2.03	2.00	1.02	0.00
			Total/Average	5.80	5.81	1.00	5.77	5.91	0.98
WELLS	90C01	Wells Circuit Court	0.89	1.00	0.89	0.88	1.01	0.88	-0.01
	90D01	Wells Superior Court	0.74	1.00	0.74	0.74	1.06	0.70	-0.04
			Total/Average	1.62	2.00	0.81	1.62	2.06	0.79
WHITE	91C01	White Circuit Court	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17	1.04	1.13	-0.04
	91D01	White Superior Court	0.94	1.00	0.94	0.94	1.03	0.92	-0.02
			Total/Average	2.11	2.00	1.05	2.11	2.07	1.02
WHITLEY	92C01	Whitley Circuit Court	1.26	1.00	1.26	1.26	1.00	1.26	0.00
	92D01	Whitley Superior Court	1.06	1.00	1.06	1.05	1.08	0.97	-0.09
			Total/Average	2.32	2.00	1.16	2.32	2.08	1.11
STATE		Total/Average	596.68	441.04	1.35	601.35	458.58	1.31	-0.04

FISCAL REPORT OF INDIANA TRIAL COURTS

The Division of State Court Administration (Division) is directed by Indiana Code 33-24-6-3(a)(2) to collect and compile statistical data on the receipt and expenditure of public monies by and for the operation of the courts. Each court, whether single or unified, must file with the Division its Report on Court Revenue (Revenue Report) and its Report on Budget & Expenditures (Budget & Expenditure Report).

The information in this volume presents a general financial overview of the reported expenditures of Indiana's courts and revenues generated through their operation. Volume III contains a more comprehensive review of the revenues and expenditures generated by each of the state courts. While the trial courts' requested and approved budgets are available, they are not published in the annual report.

EXPENDITURES

Indiana's judicial system is funded by a combination of county tax revenues and state appropriations. The Indiana Supreme Court, Indiana Court of Appeals and Indiana Tax Court are funded through appropriations from the state general fund. The Indiana State Auditor's Report contains information about the expenditures by these courts and other state-level expenditures on judicial functions. Relevant portions of that report are reflected here in the *Judicial Year in Review*.

Indiana's trial courts are funded primarily through county funds; however, state funds pay for judges' and magistrates' salaries, senior judges and some special judge expenses. Counties may choose to pay an additional amount

towards the judges' and magistrates' salaries. Counties may also receive state funds for reimbursement of approved pauper defense services and for GAL/CASA services for abused and neglected children. Courts also generate user fees, some of which are expended on court services.

Municipalities fund city and town courts. In many instances the local government does not maintain a distinct city or town court budget so all expenses are paid directly from the local general fund. This practice makes it difficult to provide accurate expenditure information for the city and town courts.

Marion County (Indianapolis) townships directly fund the Marion County Small Claims Courts through budget appropriations.

The Budget & Expenditure Report filed by each court categorizes the trial court expenditures as follows: salaried and unsalaried personnel expenses, services, capital outlays, and travel. If any of the expenditures were facilitated by mandate, the report reflects information related to the mandate as well.

REVENUE REFERENCES

Trial courts generate revenue primarily from filing fees, court costs, fines and user fees assessed to litigants. Revenues generated through the operation of the trial courts are collected, accounted for and disbursed by the Clerk of the Circuit Court, an independently elected office for each Judicial Circuit. The Clerk of the Circuit Court also functions as the clerk of the county and, as such, performs many other functions unrelated to court operations, including

issuing marriage licenses, coordinating the election board, and conducting elections for the county and state.

Revenues generated through the city, town, and Marion County Small Claims Courts are collected by the local clerk and disbursed to state, county, or local general funds, or to a list of specific funds established by the General Assembly for specific programs and services, pursuant to statutory provisions. The only direct payment fee is the personal service of process fee charged to small claims litigants in the Marion County Small Claims Courts. This fee is paid to the constable and his or her deputies.

COSTS AND FEES ROUTINELY CHARGED

Court Costs: The court cost is the basic expense for filing a civil case and the basic cost assessed upon a conviction in a criminal case or a judgment in an infraction or ordinance violation. The statutory costs in all courts are as follows:

Felony or misdemeanor (upon conviction): \$120.00 (I.C. 33-37-4-1(a)).

Infraction or ordinance violation (upon judgment, with some exceptions): \$70.00 (I.C. 33-37-4-2(a)).

Juvenile action (including CHINS, delinquency and paternity): \$120.00 (I.C. 33-37-4-3(a)).

Civil action (at case filing): \$100.00 (I.C. 33-37-4-4(a), but see exempted civil and juvenile actions); service fee for additional defendants \$10 (I.C. 33-37-4-6).

Small claim – all courts except Marion County Small Claims (at case filing): \$35.00 (I.C. 33-37-4-6); Small claims service fee for additional defendants: \$10 (I.C. 33-37-4-6(a)).

Probate/trust (at case filing): \$120.00 (I.C. 33-37-4-7(a)).

These costs include the cost of service of process by mail with return receipt requested for one defendant, unless otherwise indicated. In accord with Indiana Code 33-37-5-15(b), one additional \$13 to \$60 fee is charged for service of process by the sheriff, depending on whether the case originates in Indiana or elsewhere.

The court costs collected in the circuit, superior and probate courts are distributed to the State, County and Local general funds in the following percentages: 70 percent to the state, 27 percent to the county and 3 percent to the local level general fund. (I.C. 33-37-7-2(a), I.C. 33-37-7-4(a), I.C. 33-37-7-6(a)).

The costs collected in the city and town courts are distributed as follows: 55 percent to the state, 20 percent to the county and 25 percent to the city or town general fund. (I.C. 33-37-7-8(a), I.C. 33-37-7-8(b), I.C. 33-37-7-8(c)).

The following fees in this section are always collected even if a case is handled through pre-trial diversion or deferral:

Judicial Salaries Fee: This fee is imposed for all case types. As of July 1, 2009 the fee for small claims cases is \$13 and, for all other case filings, the fee is \$18. This fee increases by \$1 every year judicial salaries are increased by the Indiana General Assembly until it reaches a maximum of \$15/\$20.⁴² City and town courts and small claims courts may keep 25 percent of the fee collected to fund city or town court operations. The local clerk distributes the remaining fee amounts to the state auditor to be deposited in the state general fund. The Circuit and Superior Courts distribute 100 percent of

⁴² Judicial salaries will increase in fiscal year 2011-2012 so this fee will increase to \$14 for small claims cases and \$19 for all other cases on July 1, 2011.

the fee to the state auditor for deposit in the general fund.

Document Storage Fee: For maintaining court records, the clerk collects this \$2 fee in every action. Money collected from this fee is deposited into the Clerk's Record Perpetuation Fund, which may be used by clerks for the preservation of records or for the improvement of record keeping systems and equipment. It is reported as county level or local level specific funds depending on the reporting court.

Automated Record-Keeping Fee: This \$7 fee is imposed for all case types. The fee will decrease to \$5 on July 1, 2011. This fee is the primary funding source for the Judicial Technology and Automation Committee. The clerk distributes this fee to the state auditor for deposit in the state user fee fund; however, all automated record-keeping fees collected from an accused entering a pretrial diversion or deferral program are to be deposited in the Homeowner Protection Unit account and beginning July 1, 2011, any county not operating under the state's automated judicial system, may deposit 20 percent of the automated record-keeping fees in the clerk's record perpetuation fund. The clerk's record perpetuation fund is used for preservation of records, improvement of record keeping systems and equipment and to pay for the county's case management system.

Public Defense Administration Fee: This \$3 fee, which until 2005 was known as the Judicial Administration fee, is imposed for all case types. The fee will increase to \$5 on July 1, 2011. The clerk distributes this fee to the state auditor for deposit in the general fund.

Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee: This \$1 fee is collected in all cases. The clerk distributes this fee to the state auditor for deposit in the State Judicial Branch Insurance Adjustment Account.

Court Administration Fee: This \$5 fee is imposed in all cases including cases in the Marion County Small Claims courts. All courts, other than Marion County Small Claims courts, distribute this fee to the state auditor for deposit to the general fund to help fund the pension fund for judges and magistrates. Marion County Small Claims courts distribute 60 percent (or \$3) to the state auditor. The remaining \$2 is distributed to the township trustee to fund the operations of the small claims courts.

FEES CHARGED ROUTINELY IN CRIMINAL, INFRACTION AND ORDINANCE VIOLATION CASES

DNA Sample Processing: This \$2 fee is assessed to anyone convicted of a felony or misdemeanor, found to have committed an infraction or ordinance violation or required to pay a pretrial diversion fee. The clerk distributes this fee to the state auditor for deposit in the state general fund, and further deposit to the DNA Sample-processing Fund.

Jury Fee: This \$2 fee is imposed when a defendant is found to have committed a crime, violated a statute defining an infraction or violated an ordinance of a municipal corporation. The clerk distributes this fee to the county auditor for deposit in the relevant user fee fund, for further deposit in the Jury Pay Fund established under Indiana Code 33-37-11.

Law Enforcement Continuing Education Program Fee: This \$4 fee is charged in each criminal conviction and each infraction and ordinance violation. The fee is reported in the county or local level column, depending upon the court collecting, to be deposited in the relevant user fee fund. This fee is considered a user fee but is discussed separately from the other user fees because of the frequency with which the fee is charged in criminal cases.

USER FEES REGULARLY CHARGED IN CERTAIN CRIMINAL CASES

In addition to court costs and the fees shown above, the Indiana General Assembly has established a number of additional special fees, which are assessed in certain cases. They are designated for special programs or purposes operating at the state, county or local level. The Revenue Report reflects the amounts generated through such fees for state, county and local level user fee funds collectively. The following is the distribution and description of such additional fees that comprise the collected report entries.

The following percentages of fees are distributed to the State User Fee Fund:

25 percent of the drug abuse, prosecution, interdiction, and corrections fees;

25 percent of the alcohol and drug countermeasures fees;

50 percent of the child abuse prevention fee;

100 percent of the domestic violence prevention and treatment fees;

100 percent of the highway work zone fees;

100 percent of the safe school fees, and

100 percent of automated record keeping fee for deposit to the Judicial Technology and Automation Committee fund or, if the fee was collected as part of a pretrial diversion or deferral program, to the Homeowner Protection Unit account.

Distribution of user fees to County User Fee Funds - Each county's user fee fund is used to finance various programs and services, and is administered by the auditor in each county. The following fees are deposited in this fund:

Pretrial diversion fees;

Informal adjustment program fees;

Marijuana eradication program fees;

Alcohol and drug services program fees;

Law enforcement continuing education program fees;

Drug court fees;

Problem Solving Court Services Fees⁴³, and

Jury fee .

Distribution of user fees to Local User Fee Funds - In city or town courts the following fees are deposited in the city or town user fee fund:

Pretrial diversion program fee;

Alcohol and drug services program fee;

Law enforcement continuing education program fee;

Problem Solving Court Services Fees⁴⁴, and

Deferral program fee.

The following are descriptions of the user fees:

⁴³ This fee replaced the Drug Court Fee and Reentry Court Fee on July 1, 2010.

⁴⁴ Id.

A. Drug Abuse, Prosecution, Interdiction and Corrections Fee: All courts must assess this fee of at least \$200 but no more than \$1,000 against a person convicted of a controlled substance offense. In determining the amount of the fee, the court must consider the person's ability to pay. Twenty-five percent of the fee is distributed to the state auditor for deposit in the general fund and seventy-five percent is distributed to the county auditor for deposit into the County Drug Free Community Fund.

B. Alcohol and Drug Countermeasures Fee: In each action in which a person is convicted of an operating a vehicle while intoxicated (OVWI) offense or adjudicated a delinquent for an act that would be an OVWI if committed by an adult, **and** the person's driving privileges are suspended by the court or BMV as a result of this finding, the clerk shall collect an Alcohol and Drug Countermeasures fee of \$200. Twenty-five percent of the fee is distributed to the state auditor for deposit in the general fund and seventy-five percent is distributed to the county auditor for deposit in the County Drug Free Community Fund.

C. Child Abuse Prevention Fee: This \$100 fee is assessed against a defendant found guilty of certain criminal offenses involving a victim who is less than eighteen years of age. Fifty percent of the fee is distributed to the state auditor for deposit in the state user fee fund. The other fifty percent is distributed to the county auditor for deposit in the County Child Advocacy Fund.

D. Domestic Violence Prevention and Treatment Fee: This \$50 fee is charged in each criminal action in which the defendant is found guilty of murder, causing suicide, voluntary manslaughter, reckless homicide, battery/domestic battery or rape against his or her spouse, former spouse, person with whom the defendant lives as a spouse or with whom defendant shares a child. This fee is

distributed to the state auditor for deposit in the user fee fund.

E. Highway Work Zone Fee: A fifty-cent highway work zone fee is charged in each traffic offense, including criminal infractions and ordinance violations. If the offense involves exceeding a worksite speed limit or failure to merge and the judge orders the clerk to collect the fee for exceeding a worksite speed limit or failure to merge, the fee is \$25.50. This fee is distributed to the state auditor for deposit in the user fee fund.

F. Safe Schools Fee: In each criminal action in which a person is convicted of an offense in which the possession or use of a firearm was an element of the offense, the court must assess a safe school fee of at least \$200 but not exceeding \$1,000, based on the defendant's ability to pay. This fee is distributed to the state auditor for deposit in the user fee fund.

G. Informal Adjustment Program Fee: This fee of \$5 to \$15 per month may be ordered by the court to be paid in cases, in lieu of court cost fees, where a juvenile has been placed in an informal adjustment program prior to having a delinquency petition filed. The fee total is reported in the county level column for deposit in the user fee fund. As of March 18, 2008, this fee for CHINS cases was repealed and not replaced. Therefore, the fee is not charged in CHINS matters; however, the court may still charge the fee in delinquency cases filed under Indiana Code 31-37-9-9.

H. Marijuana Eradication Program Fee: In any conviction relating to controlled substances in a county with a weed control board, the court may assess up to \$300 for this fee. The fee is distributed to the county auditor for deposit in the county user fee fund.

I. Alcohol and Drug Services Program Fee: If a county has established an alcohol and drug services program, this

fee may be collected by a schedule adopted by the court (including city and town courts) in criminal, infraction and ordinance violations. It is set by court rule and may not exceed \$400. The fee is distributed to the county auditor or local fiscal officer, depending upon the collecting court, to be deposited in the relevant user fee fund.

J. Drug Court Fee⁴⁵: This fee applies to proceedings conducted in a certified drug court established by the county. The court shall adopt a fee schedule and the fee shall not exceed \$500. The fee is distributed to the county auditor or local fiscal officer, depending upon the court collecting, to be deposited in the relevant user fee fund.

K. Reentry Court Fee⁴⁶: If a court establishes a reentry court, it may require an eligible individual to pay the fee for reentry services. The court shall adopt a schedule of fees assessed but it may not exceed the reasonable expenses for direct services incurred in providing the reintegration services. The fee is distributed to the county auditor or local fiscal officer, depending upon the court collecting, to be deposited in the relevant user fee fund.

ADDITIONAL FEES CHARGED IN CRIMINAL CASES, INCLUDING PRETRIAL DIVERSION AND DEFERRAL PROGRAMS

Pretrial Diversion Fee: The prosecuting attorney may withhold the prosecution of a

⁴⁵ This fee was abolished by statute on July 1, 2010 and replaced with the Problem Solving Court Services fee. The amount of this new fee can vary by court provided the fee does not exceed the \$50 monthly maximum set by the Indiana Problem Solving Courts Committee. This fee is still deposited in either the county or local user fee fund depending on the collecting court. Problem solving courts may also require eligible individuals to pay a problem solving court administration fee of not more than \$100 for initial problem solving court services.

⁴⁶ Id.

person charged with certain misdemeanors (excluded misdemeanors are listed in Indiana Code 33-39-1-8) if the person agrees to the conditions of a pretrial diversion program. In a pretrial diversion the accused is charged a mandatory deferred prosecution fee of \$120 (distributed to the State/County/Local general funds in the same percentages as regularly collected court costs) as well as the Pretrial Diversion Fee (an initial user fee of \$50 plus \$10 for each month the person remains in the program) plus the other routine fees assessed in a criminal case. The Pretrial Diversion Fee (the initial fee plus the monthly fees) may be waived by the terms of the pretrial diversion program agreement. The Pretrial Diversion Fee is distributed to the county auditor or local fiscal officer, depending on the collecting court, for deposit in the relevant user fee fund; however, funds derived from the Pretrial Diversion Fee may only be used for certain purposes.

Deferral Program Fee: A deferral program may be offered to a person charged with an infraction or ordinance violation by the county prosecutor or attorney for the municipal corporation. Certain individuals may not qualify for a deferral program (the limitations are listed in Indiana Code 34-28-5-1). The Deferral Program Fee is assessed in lieu of the standard court costs if the agreement between the prosecuting attorney and person charged with the offense requires payment of this fee. The Deferral Program Fee consists of an initial user fee (not to exceed \$52) and a monthly user fee (not to exceed \$10 for each month the offender remains in the deferral program). In addition, if the action involves a moving traffic offense as defined in Indiana Code 9-13-2-110, court costs of \$70 are assessed (distributed to the State/County/Local general funds in the same percentages as regularly collected court costs). The county auditor is directed to distribute \$2 of the Deferral Program Fee to the county jury pay fund

with the remainder distributed to the relevant user fee fund. Funds derived from the Deferral Program Fee may only be used for certain purposes.

Adult Probation User Fee: This category reflects administration and user fees charged to adults placed on probation after a conviction of a felony or misdemeanor. These fees are mandatory for felony cases but optional for misdemeanors. In felony cases the court must order an administration fee of \$100 and an initial probation user fee of not less than \$25 but not more than \$100 plus a monthly user fee ranging between \$15 and \$30 for each month the person remains on probation. In misdemeanor cases, the administration fee is \$50. The initial fee cannot exceed \$50 and the monthly fee ranges between \$10 and \$20. The fees are deposited in the county supplemental adult probation services fund that is used for probation services. The clerk collecting these fees may keep up to 3 percent of the fee to defray administrative costs. This 3 percent is deposited in the clerk's record perpetuation fund. The clerk may be asked to deposit an additional 3 percent of the probation user fee in the county, city or town general fund depending upon the requesting fiscal officer.

Juvenile Probation User Fee: A court may order a juvenile and/or the parent of a juvenile who is placed on supervision to pay an initial user fee from \$25 to \$100 and a monthly user fee from \$10 to \$25. If a delinquent child is supervised, the administrative fee is \$100, which is collected before the other probation user fees. These fees are deposited in the county supplemental juvenile probation services fund. As with the adult probation user fee, if the clerk collects the fee, the clerk may keep up to 3 percent to defray administrative costs (deposited in the clerk's record perpetuation fund) and up to 3 percent for the county, city or town general fund.

Sexual Assault Victims Assistance Fee: This fee is imposed when a defendant is convicted of rape, criminal deviate conduct, child molestation, child exploitation, vicarious sexual gratification, child solicitation, child seduction, sexual battery, sexual misconduct with a minor as a Class A or Class B felony, or incest. The fee ranges from \$250-\$1,000. The clerk distributes this fee to the state auditor for deposit into the Sexual Assault Victims Assistance Account.

Supplemental Public Defender Fee: Although the title to this section refers to the fee required in Indiana Code 35-33-7-6, there are actually four sections of the Indiana Code that address when and how a court may order an indigent defendant, who was provided counsel at the county's expense, to reimburse the county. Each section has specific requirements that a court must follow when ordering reimbursement. All four sections require the clerk to make deposits to the county's supplemental public defense fund and all reimbursements for public defense expenditures collected under these sections should be reported on the Supplemental Public Defender Fee line of the annual revenue report.

Bond Administration Fee: This category reflects amounts collected through a fee charged to defendants posting bond. When a defendant executes a cash bail bond with the clerk, 10 percent or \$50.00, whichever is less, may be retained as the administrative fee. This fee goes to the county general fund or the local general fund if collected in a city or town court.

Special Death Benefit Fee: When the clerk or sheriff collects bail posted under Indiana Code 35-33-8-3.2, he or she must remit \$5 to the county auditor for deposit in the special death benefit fund by the trustees of the Public Employees' Retirement Fund. This fee is required in addition to the bond administrative fee.

Late Surrender Fee: When a bonded defendant fails to appear, a late surrender fee based on a percent of the value of the bond is assessed against the bondsman. Fifty percent of this fee is deposited in the Police Pension Trust Fund (local level column) and fifty percent is deposited in a county extradition fund (county level column).

Fines and Forfeitures: Fines and forfeitures are assessed in criminal convictions. All fines and forfeitures are reported in the state level column for deposit in the State Common School Fund. These monies are not considered fees but are assessed by the court in addition to the court costs and fees described herein.

Civil Penalties for Infraction Judgments: This category reflects monies collected as judgments for cases in which a defendant is found to have committed an infraction which has statewide applicability such as speeding on an interstate highway. These funds are distributed to the state auditor for deposit in the state general fund. Judgments for worksite speed limit violations, under certain circumstances, are designated for the Indiana Department of Transportation.

Civil Penalties for Local Ordinance Violations: This category reflects amounts collected as judgments for local ordinance violations. The clerk distributes these funds to either the county auditor or local fiscal officer depending on whether the ordinance is a county ordinance or a city or town ordinance, for deposit in the relevant general fund.

Vehicle License Judgments: These monies are collected as an infraction judgment in overweight vehicle cases. The clerk distributes these funds to the state auditor for deposit in the State Highway Fund.

Department of Natural Resources Deer Replacement Fee: This penalty is

assessed for the unlawful taking of a deer or wild turkey. The amount of the penalty is \$500 for the first violation and \$1,000 for each subsequent violation. The clerk forwards this penalty to the Conservation Officers' Fish and Wildlife Fund.

Late Payment Fee: This fee is imposed if a defendant, convicted of a criminal action, ordinance violation, infraction, or delinquent act, fails to pay the costs, fines or civil penalties to the clerk by the deadline set by the court. This fee of \$25 is set by local rule and is distributed to the county auditor or local fiscal officer, depending on the collecting court, and deposited in the county or local general fund; however, if the fee is collected by the circuit court, a local ordinance may provide 40 percent of late fees will be deposited in the clerk's record perpetuation fund and 60 percent in the county general fund.

Construction Work Zone Fee: The Indiana Department of Transportation, the Indiana Finance Authority or a local authority may establish temporary maximum speed limits in their respective jurisdictions and in the vicinity of a worksite. These temporary speed limits must be at least 10 mph below the established speed limit for that location, and may only be enforced if workers are present in the immediate vicinity of the worksite or if the establishing authority determines the safety of the traveling public requires enforcement. Judgments range from \$300 to \$1,000 depending on whether the person charged with the infraction violation has committed prior infractions of violating a speed limit within the previous three years. The funds collected as judgments are reported in the state level and shall be transferred to the Indiana Department of Transportation.

Youth Tobacco Civil Penalty: This penalty is collected for violations of statutes regulating the sale of tobacco. The clerk distributes these funds to the state auditor for deposit to the Richard D.

Doyle Youth Tobacco Education and Enforcement Fund.

IntraState Transfer Probation Fee: A probationer who applies to have supervision transferred from one county to another within the State of Indiana pays a \$75 transfer fee to the receiving court. The receiving court may waive this fee if the offender is indigent. The entire fee is deposited in the receiving county's Supplemental Adult Probation Services Fund.

Other Criminal Fees: Even though the following fees are set by statute, the courts are directed to report the revenue in the "other" category, used to report miscellaneous fees. These fees, while important, remain in the discretion of the court to assess and do not generate as much revenue as the other separately identified fees. These include the following: Alcohol abuse deterrent fee along with the Medical fee—up to \$400 and \$150 respectively—which is charged when a defendant is participating in a county run Alcohol Abuse Deterrent Program for driving infractions (Indiana Code 9-30-9-8); Lab Test for HIV—maximum amount not listed—if ordered by the court when a defendant, on probation, has committed a qualifying act (Indiana Code 35-38-2-2.3); Emergency Medical Service Restitution—not to exceed \$1,000—charged when a defendant is sentenced, with or without probation, and the misdemeanor or felony necessitated the need for medical services (Indiana Code 9-30-5-17); and Reimbursement for Incarceration costs—\$30 per day or cost determined by auditor—charged, if the county adopts the appropriate ordinance, to defendants for misdemeanor and felony sentences who serve more than seventy-two hours in lawful detention (Indiana Code 36-2-13-15).

ADDITIONAL FEES CHARGED IN CIVIL CASES

Support Fees: This category reflects amounts collected through a \$55 yearly fee charged in cases where a final court order requires a party to pay support or maintenance payments through the clerk of the court or state central collection unit. It is intended to defray some of the expenses associated with the collection and disbursement of child support or maintenance. The fee goes to the county general fund if collected by the county clerk or the state general fund if collected by the state central collection unit.

Guardian *ad Litem*/Court Appointed Special Advocate Fee: The juvenile division of the trial court may order the parent or estate of a child for whom a guardian *ad litem* or a special advocate is appointed to pay up to \$100 for the service. The money is paid to the county probation department and is deposited in either the GAL or CASA fund depending upon the appointment. The county fiscal body uses the money when providing these services.

Civil Action Service Fee: This fee is collected in all civil actions where service was made in some manner other than by publication in accordance with Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure Rule 4.13. This \$10 fee is collected from any party that adds an additional defendant that is not a garnishee defendant after the first named defendant. In addition a \$10 fee is assessed for each additional garnishee or garnishee defendant from a party that has named more than three garnishee or garnishee defendants. Depending on the court in which this fee is collected, it is distributed to the county auditor or city or town fiscal authority for deposit in the relevant general fund.

Small Claims Service Fee: The plaintiff in a small claims action pays this fee when other civil costs are paid. Similar to civil

actions, the clerk's office charges \$10 per each additional named defendant after the first named defendant in a case, including those added after the time of filing, as well as \$10 per garnishee or garnishee defendant over three named garnishee or garnishee defendants. Depending on the court in which this fee is collected, it is distributed to the county auditor or city or town fiscal authority for deposit in the relevant general fund.

Alternative Dispute Resolution Fee: This \$20 fee applies only to counties with an established and approved ADR plan. The fee is collected from the party filing a petition for legal separation, paternity or dissolution of marriage and is distributed to the county auditor for deposit into the Alternative Dispute Resolution Fund.

Mortgage Foreclosure Counseling and Education Fee: All mortgage foreclosure actions filed after June 30, 2009 but before January 1, 2013, will be assessed a \$50 mortgage foreclosure counseling and education fee. This fee is distributed to the state auditor for deposit in the Home Ownership Education Account.

OTHER SOURCES OF REVENUE

Document Fee: This category reflects a \$1 to \$3 fee, collected by the clerk for copying, transmitting, preparing and certifying documents or transcripts. This fee goes to the county auditor or city or town fiscal authority, depending upon the court in which it is collected, and deposited in the relevant general fund.

Interest on Investments: This category reflects income generated through investments of various funds' monies. Depending on the court, the interest is deposited into the relevant fund that generated the income.

MARION COUNTY SMALL CLAIMS COURT REVENUE REFERENCES

The Marion County Small Claims Courts file separate Reports on Court Revenue. Many of the categories are the same as the small claims case fees collected and reported on the regular Report on Court Revenue. The following report references indicate the differences:

Filing Fee and Township Docket Fee: The basic court cost in the Marion County Small Claims Court is a \$5 township docket fee plus 45 percent of the costs charged in infraction and ordinance violation cases, which totals \$37.00. The respective townships support these courts and the basic courts costs go to the township general funds, rather than to the state general funds.

Service of Process Fee (Certified Mail): The cost of service of process in these small claims courts is \$13 for service by registered or certified mail. The service fee is charged in addition to any filing fee.

Service of Process Fee (Personal Service): As with certified mail service, the additional fee for personal service by the constable is \$13. All service of process fees are reported in the "Money to Others" column and are paid directly to the elected constables and their deputies.

Redocketing Fee: This \$5 fee is charged if a small claims case was dismissed or disposed but then redocketed for further action.

The descriptions of the remainder of the fees reported on the Small Claims Report on Court Revenue are the same as above.

FINANCIAL COMPARISON TABLE FOR INDIANA JUDICIAL SYSTEM

Financial Comparison Table – 2001 to 2010

Year	Expenditures on Judicial System				Revenues Generated by Courts			
	State	County	City, Town and Township	Total	For State Funds	For County Funds	For Local Funds	Total
FY '00-'01	\$72,764,172							
Calendar 2001		\$174,252,502	\$11,280,045	\$258,296,719	\$74,140,614	\$66,038,236	\$13,507,909	\$153,686,759
FY '01-'02	\$73,235,532							
Calendar 2002		\$171,478,092	\$12,242,086	\$256,955,710	\$78,080,386	\$73,662,387	\$14,768,392	\$166,511,165
FY '02-'03	\$77,012,594							
Calendar 2003		\$175,448,854	\$11,325,695	\$263,787,143	\$76,779,839	\$76,910,597	\$13,256,448	\$166,946,884
FY '03-'04	\$79,755,860							
Calendar 2004		\$180,864,134	12,916, 563	\$273,536,557	\$78,732,492	\$85,012,363	\$11,249,707	\$174,994,562
FY '04-'05	\$88,594,588							
Calendar 2005		\$184,258,453	\$13,006,646	\$285,859,687	\$90,193,217	\$87,615,451	\$15,892,877	\$193,701,545
FY '05-'06	\$103,274,842							
Calendar 2006		\$207,587,769	\$13,139,411	\$324,002,022	\$103,419,061	\$95,319,195	\$16,493,544	\$215,231,800
FY '06-'07	\$107,560,807							
Calendar 2007		\$233,069,067	\$20,668,055	\$361,297,929	\$117,991,618	\$106,911,830	\$17,343,981	\$242,247,429
FY '07-'08	\$130,632,111							
Calendar 2008		\$240,954,228	\$16,547,247	\$388,133,586	\$121,902,944	\$102,187,530	\$18,095,775	\$242,186,248
FY '08-'09	\$137,545,752							
Calendar 2009		\$245,283,348	\$16,683,708	\$399,512,808	\$116,564,668	\$96,295,554	\$17,507,841	\$230,368,063
FY '09-'10	\$132,167,046							
Calendar 2010		\$244,409,818	\$16,756,441	\$393,333,305	\$120,759,354	\$93,474,316	\$18,422,382	\$232,656,052

STATE FUND EXPENDITURES ON JUDICIAL SYSTEM (FY 2009-2010)

	Total Operating	Personal Services and Fringe Benefits	Utilities	Contractual Services	Materials, Parts & Supplies	Capital Costs	Distributions to Other Local Governments	Grants	Social Service Payments	Administrative & Operating Expenses	Total Disbursements
Supreme Court	\$0	\$7,311,914	\$89,630	\$296,565	\$553,161	\$124,135	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$950,575	\$9,325,980
Courts of Appeals	\$0	\$8,995,209	\$75,133	\$318,758	\$159,454	\$23,678	\$0	\$0	\$5,168	\$443,246	\$10,020,646
Tax Court	\$0	\$449,819	\$12,391	\$5,410	\$10,778	\$4,445	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$100,263	\$583,106
Trial Judge's Salaries	\$0	\$57,029,961	-\$804	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$52,275	\$0	\$9,165	\$57,090,597
Special Judges	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$8,989	\$0	\$446	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$126,593	\$136,028
Trial Court Operations	\$0	\$157,886	\$0	\$230	\$7,349	\$0	\$351,864	\$5,000	\$7	\$26,427	\$548,763
Judge's Pension Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,474,961	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,474,961
Public Defender Commission	\$16,207,783	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$16,207,783
State Public Defender's Office	\$0	\$5,428,718	\$50,307	\$342,343	\$38,899	\$68,711	\$0	\$0	\$2,555	\$456,468	\$6,388,001
Civil Legal Aid	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750,000	\$750,000	\$0	\$0	\$1,500,000
Judicial Conference and Indiana Judicial Center	\$0	\$1,633,424	\$23,657	\$559,034	\$54,038	\$10,188	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$382,601	\$2,662,942
Interstate Compact for Adult Offenders - Judicial Center	\$0	\$129,113	\$1,772	\$284	\$409	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$66,857	\$198,435
Drug and Alcohol Program Funding - Judicial Center	\$0	\$270,896	\$1,052	\$69,004	\$2,326	\$0	\$0	\$16,193	\$0	\$79,378	\$438,849
Mortgage Foreclosure Program	\$19,253	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$19,253
Grants for State Courts (CIP Funds)**	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$719,415	\$0	\$0	\$719,415

	Total Operating	Personal Services and Fringe Benefits	Utilities	Contractual Services	Materials, Parts & Supplies	Capital Costs	Distributions to Other Local Governments	Grants	Social Service Payments	Administrative & Operating Expenses	Total Disbursements
Grants from Title IV-D Reimbursement Funds**	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$297,835	\$0	\$0	\$297,835
Judicial Tech. and Automation Program	\$10,809,884	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,809,884
Commission on Race and Gender Fairness	\$0	\$0	\$1,085	\$24,046	\$8,594	\$0	\$0	\$140,000	\$0	\$6,499	\$180,224
Guardian Ad Litem	\$0	\$16,283	\$0	\$57,457	\$18,900	\$0	\$0	\$2,686,405	\$0	\$8,463	\$2,787,508
CLEO	\$0	\$0	\$333	\$159,122	\$2,421	\$164	\$0	\$0	\$612,944	\$1,852	\$776,836
Totals	\$27,036,920	\$81,423,223	\$254,556	\$1,841,242	\$856,329	\$231,767	\$12,576,825	\$4,667,123	\$620,674	\$2,658,387	\$132,167,046

*Information provided from the Annual Report of the State Auditor

**Expenditures provided by State Court Administration based on ledger balance from State financial system.

EXPENDITURES BY ALL COURTS

Summary of 2010 Expenditures

Line Item Expenditures	County	City/Town	Township	Total
	Circuit, Superior, and Probate Courts	City and Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims Courts	
Judge(s) Salary - County Portion Paid	\$1,188,455			\$1,188,455
Judge(s) Salary - Locally Paid		\$2,090,040	\$565,018	\$2,655,058
Other Judicial Officers	\$4,922,819	\$246,168	\$0	\$5,168,987
Court Reporter(s)	\$22,015,798	\$227,535	\$0	\$22,243,333
Bailiff(s)	\$13,319,365	\$779,243	\$0	\$14,098,608
Jury Commissioner(s)	\$147,605	\$0	\$0	\$147,605
Court Administrator & Staff	\$5,323,508	\$1,021,591	\$123,691	\$6,468,790
Secretary(ies)	\$4,866,733	\$480,462	\$0	\$5,347,195
GAL/CASA	\$1,834,926	\$0	\$0	\$1,834,926
Law Clerks & Interns	\$465,514	\$72,928	\$0	\$538,442
Public Defender & Staff	\$9,333,336	\$411,872	\$0	\$9,745,208
Court Clerks	\$2,638,469	\$2,252,625	\$1,426,141	\$6,317,235
Probation Officers	\$57,819,799	\$1,453,815	\$0	\$59,273,614
Probation Office Staff	\$10,975,577	\$638,199	\$0	\$11,613,776
Juvenile Detention Center Staff	\$20,584,202	\$0	\$0	\$20,584,202
IT Staff	\$666,413	\$39,139	\$0	\$705,552
Staff Fringe Benefits	\$19,951,717	\$1,853,991	\$448,425	\$22,254,133
Other Employees	\$5,836,303	\$653,111	\$0	\$6,489,414
Total Personnel Salaries	\$181,890,539	\$12,220,719	\$2,563,275	\$196,674,533

Per Diem-Reporters/Bailiffs-Venued In/Out	\$37,053	\$0	\$0	
Per Diem - Grand Jurors	\$24,725	\$0	\$0	
Per Diem - Petit Jurors	\$2,237,674	\$540	\$0	
Witness Fees	\$90,681	\$0	\$0	
Medical & Psychiatric	\$1,661,402	\$1,334	\$0	
Pauper Attorneys - Case by Case	\$12,880,590	\$174,100	\$0	
Other Indigent Expenses	\$2,236,688	\$11,112	\$0	
Judge(s) Pro Tempore	\$76,364	\$11,619	\$4,786	
Other Probation Svcs	\$5,924,697	\$93,595	\$0	
Other Juvenile Detention Center Svcs	\$8,748,880	\$0	\$0	
Other Non-Salary Personnel Svcs	\$4,920,247	\$248,347	\$2,511	
Court Interpreter Fees	\$200,568	\$43,692	\$1,180	
Total Non-Salary Personnel Svcs	\$39,039,569	\$584,339	\$8,477	\$39,632,385

Total All Personnel Services	\$220,930,108	\$12,805,058	\$2,571,752	\$236,306,918
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Line Item Expenditures	County	City/Town	Township	Total
	Circuit, Superior, and Probate Courts	City and Town Courts	Marion County Small Claims Courts	
Phone	\$677,396	\$77,571	\$33,489	\$788,456
Dues/Subscriptions	\$319,518	\$16,750	\$1,370	\$337,638
Postage	\$597,752	\$60,836	\$36,455	\$695,043
Shipping/Freight	\$6,423	\$204	\$0	\$6,627
Rentals	\$1,187,728	\$149,139	\$53,553	\$1,390,420
Contract Printing	\$339,225	\$33,620	\$42,056	\$414,901
Training	\$349,188	\$9,431	\$831	\$359,450
Technical Equip. Rental	\$4,461,317	\$120,847	\$46,123	\$4,628,287
Lodging/Meals	\$339,401	\$800	\$0	\$340,201
Other Supplies	\$8,831,786	\$213,568	\$94,453	\$9,139,807
Total Services & Charges Other than Personal	\$17,109,734	\$682,766	\$308,330	\$18,100,830

Legal Library	\$1,475,961	\$20,262	\$6,356	\$1,502,579
Office Equipment	\$619,759	\$33,318	\$1,539	\$654,616
Computer Equipment	\$696,063	\$67,368	\$659	\$764,090
Other Capital Outlays	\$2,457,633	\$159,451	\$37,693	\$2,654,777
Other Services & Charges	\$306,127	\$2,350	\$6,580	\$315,057
Total Capital Outlays	\$5,555,543	\$282,749	\$52,827	\$5,891,119

Per Diem Travel	\$85,429	\$314	\$0	\$85,743
Transportation	\$343,730	\$44,075	\$0	\$387,805
Lodging	\$121,930	\$4,720	\$0	\$126,650
Other	\$263,344	\$1,930	\$1,920	\$267,194
Total Travel	\$814,433	\$51,039	\$1,920	\$867,392

Total Expenditures	\$244,409,818	\$13,821,612	\$2,934,829	\$261,166,259
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Special notes follow on Probation Services Expenditures, Juvenile Detention Center Expenditures and Indigent Defense Expenditures.

Special Notes on Expenditures for Probation Services, Juvenile Detention Centers, and Criminal Indigent Defense.

Probation Services – Because of the vast differences in how counties budget for employee fringe and other benefits generally and for probation services in particular, it is difficult to arrive at a complete figure for the expense of probation services. In some counties, probation office expenditures are part of the court’s general budget and, aside from salaries, cannot be identified separately. This is the case in the three largest counties, Marion, Lake and Allen. In other counties, even if all expenditures on probation operations and personal services are budgeted and reported separately, fringe benefits are lumped in the county’s general budget and are not reported separately for probation or court staff. A composite of all probation service expenses which are reported by the courts and probation departments is included, but this information does not include fringe benefits and operating expenses for many counties.

Probation Services Expenditures	
Statewide total of all Salaries and Wages for Probation Officers and Staff	\$70,887,389
Additional Expenditures Reported by Probation Departments	\$22,342,089
Total Reported Probation Expenditures	\$93,229,478

Juvenile Detention Centers – Indiana has 21 juvenile detention facilities only some of which are funded through the courts’ budgets. This expenditure report includes only those expenses for juvenile detention operations that are funded through the courts’ budgets.

Juvenile Detention Center Expenditures	
Statewide Total of all Salaries and Wages for Juvenile Detention Center Staff	\$20,584,202
Additional Expenditures Reported by Juvenile Detention Centers	\$16,194,559
Total Reported Juvenile Detention Center Expenditures	\$36,778,761

A list of all juvenile detention center facilities and information about the reported expenditures of the court funded ones are included in the next chart.

Juvenile Detention Center Expenditures

County	Facility	Operated by the Juvenile Court?	Did the Facility Report Their Budget to STAD?	Budget Reported
ALLEN	Wood Youth Center	Yes	Yes	\$9,555,923
BARTHOLOMEW	Youth Services Center	Yes	N/A	N/A
CLARK	Juvenile Detention Center	No	N/A	N/A
DEARBORN	Juvenile Detention Center	No	N/A	N/A
DELAWARE	Youth Opportunity Center	No	N/A	N/A
ELKHART	Juvenile Detention Center	Yes	N/A	N/A
GRANT	Youth Services Annex	No	N/A	N/A
HAMILTON	Juvenile Detention Center	No	N/A	N/A
HENRY	Youth Center	No - Private Facility	N/A	N/A
HOWARD	Kinsey Youth Center	Yes	Yes	\$2,557,745
JACKSON	Juvenile Detention Center	No	N/A	N/A
JOHNSON	Juvenile Detention Center	Yes	Yes	\$1,682,908
KNOX	Southwest Regional Youth Center	No, private and has a volunteer Board of Directors that runs facility and budget.	N/A	N/A
LAKE	Juvenile Center	Yes	Yes	\$2,808,262
LAPORTE	Juvenile Services Center	Yes	Yes	\$2,001,092
MADISON	Youth Center	Yes	N/A	N/A
MARION	Juvenile Justice Complex	Yes	N/A	N/A
PORTER	Detention Center	Yes	Yes	\$1,219,718
ST. JOSEPH	Parkview Juvenile Center	Yes (Probate Court)	N/A	N/A
VANDERBURGH	Youth Care Center	No - Private Facility	N/A	N/A
VIGO	Juvenile Center	No	N/A	N/A

Indigent Defense Services – Criminal indigent defense in Indiana is paid through a mixture of county funds and partial state reimbursements. State funds reimburse 50 percent of all indigent expenses incurred by any county in defending death penalty cases. The counties provide indigent defense services for the remainder of criminal cases through a variety of structures. The majority of counties (51 of 92) follow standards established by the Indiana Public Defender Commission for caseload limits and creation of independent public defender boards. They do so in order to qualify for 40 percent state reimbursement for qualified non-capital defense expenses. The public defender offices in

some counties maintain budgets separate from the courts' budgets. Additionally, in those and other counties, other expenditures for indigent defense services may be paid in whole or part from the courts' budgets, and these court expenditures are reported to the Division in the court's budget. Finally, some independent public defender offices also submit expenditure reports to the Division. Included here is a chart of the combined information from the public defender reports submitted to the Public Defender Commission and the information submitted by the courts to the Division.

County		Indigent Defense Cost
ADAMS	4	\$ 413,395
ALLEN	4	\$ 3,814,071
BARTHOLOMEW	1	\$ 382,388
BENTON	4	\$ 28,888
BLACKFORD	3	\$ 172,248
BOONE	4	\$ 526,225
BROWN	1	\$ 114,715
CARROLL	3	\$ 155,124
CASS	1	\$ 449,513
CLARK	3	\$ 678,105
CLAY	1	\$ 114,000
CLINTON	1	\$ 304,503
CRAWFORD	1	\$ 154,528
DAVISS	1	\$ 599,654
DEARBORN	1	\$ 518,247
DECATUR	3	\$ 177,488
DEKALB	1	\$ 316,657
DELAWARE	1	\$ 752,863
DUBOIS	1	\$ 227,292
ELKHART	1	\$ 214,282
FAYETTE	4	\$ 567,220
FLOYD	3	\$ 590,324
FOUNTAIN	3	\$ 155,696
FRANKLIN	1	\$ 120,930
FULTON	2	\$ 248,724
GIBSON	1	\$ 109,951
GRANT	4	\$ 1,023,416
GREENE	4	\$ 429,951
HAMILTON	1	\$ 1,541,195
HANCOCK	3	\$ 447,632
HARRISON	1	\$ 190,571
HENDRICKS	1	\$ 820,736
HENRY	1	\$ 261,921
HOWARD	3	\$ 1,364,469
HUNTINGTON	1	\$ 182,015
JACKSON	1	\$ 263,171
JASPER	3	\$ 292,269
JAY	4	\$ 323,627
JEFFERSON	1	\$ 473,751
JENNINGS	3	\$ 226,383
JOHNSON	1	\$ 256,068
KNOX	4	\$ 702,294
KOSCIUSKO	3	\$ 571,236
LAGRANGE	3	\$ 147,987
LAKE	4	\$ 4,288,046
LAPORTE	3	\$ 573,772
LAWRENCE	4	\$ 314,692
MADISON	3	\$ 1,638,094
MARION	4	\$ 17,577,494
MARSHALL	1	\$ 253,136
MARTIN	3	\$ 135,524
MIAMI	1	\$ 29,204

County		Indigent Defense Cost
MONROE	4	\$ 1,658,774
MONTGOMERY	3	\$ 514,921
MORGAN	1	\$ 13,288
NEWTON	1	\$ 169,850
NOBLE	3	\$ 435,152
OHIO	3	\$ 136,260
ORANGE	3	\$ 198,515
OWEN	1	\$ 160,131
PARKE	3	\$ 140,929
PERRY	3	\$ 357,307
PIKE	4	\$ 323,954
PORTER	1	\$ 643,831
POSEY	1	\$ 305,993
PULAKSI	3	\$ 117,507
PUTNAM	4	\$ 224,527
RANDOLPH	1	\$ 300,737
RIPLEY	1	\$ 153,015
RUSH	3	\$ 226,248
ST. JOSEPH	2	\$ 1,919,134
SCOTT	1	\$ 221,237
SHELBY	3	\$ 401,310
SPENCER	3	\$ 115,649
STARKE	1	\$ 78,599
STEUBEN	3	\$ 319,195
SULLIVAN	3	\$ 174,809
SWITZERLAND	3	\$ 205,688
TIPPECANOE	4	\$ 2,320,540
TIPTON	1	\$ 63,356
UNION	3	\$ 58,969
VANDEBURGH	4	\$ 2,592,719
VERMILLION	4	\$ 113,735
VIGO	4	\$ 1,719,271
WABASH	3	\$ 245,785
WARREN	3	\$ 30,710
WARRICK	1	\$ 249,372
WASHINGTON	3	\$ 381,616
WAYNE	1	\$ 108,437
WELLS	1	\$ 239,476
WHITE	1	\$ 152,121
WHITLEY	1	\$ 202,731
TOTAL		\$ 64,231,083

Source of Amounts:

- 1 From reports to the Division only
- 2 From reports to the Public Defender Commission only
- 3 The greater of the amounts reported to the Division or the Public Defender Commission
- 4 A combination of the amounts reported to the Division and the Public Defender Commission

REVENUES GENERATED BY ALL COURTS

Summary of 2010 Revenues

Revenues	Circuit, Superior, and Probate Courts	City and Town	Marion County Small Claims	Grand Total
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State Level Funds

To General Fund	\$82,105,000	\$18,403,885	\$1,607,298	\$102,116,183
To Court Related Services Funds	\$5,862,496	\$1,340,148		\$7,202,644
To Special Funds	\$9,310,396	\$2,130,131		\$11,440,527
Total to State Funds	\$97,277,892	\$21,874,164	\$1,607,298	\$120,759,354

County Level Funds

To General Fund	\$34,835,144	\$3,445,069	\$135,411	\$38,415,624
To Court Related Services Funds	\$16,717,674	\$94,573		\$16,812,247
To Special Funds	\$34,889,214	\$3,357,231		\$38,246,445
Total to County Level	\$86,442,032	\$6,896,873	\$135,411	\$93,474,316

Local Level Funds (Township)

To General Fund	\$3,284,677	\$6,783,221	\$3,071,695	\$13,139,593
To Court Related Services Funds		\$1,673,880		\$1,673,880
To Special Funds	\$396,153	\$3,212,756		\$3,608,909
Total to Local Level	\$3,680,830	\$11,669,857	\$3,071,695	\$18,422,382

Total Generated Funds	\$187,400,754	\$40,440,894	\$4,814,404	\$232,656,052
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Others

To Constables for Personal Service or Certified Mail			\$2,302,686	\$2,302,686
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REVENUES GENERATED BY CIRCUIT, SUPERIOR, AND PROBATE COURTS

	State Funds	County Funds	Local Funds	Total
Revenues Distributed to General Funds				
Court Costs	\$48,855,797	\$19,219,100	\$1,834,048	\$69,908,945
Judicial Salaries	\$13,675,909		\$169,488	\$13,845,397
Infraction Judgments	\$10,260,050			\$10,260,050
Court Administration	\$3,944,300			\$3,944,300
Public Defense Administration Fee	\$2,472,149			\$2,472,149
State portion of Drug Abuse, Prosecution Interdiction and Correction Fee	\$520,224			\$520,224
State portion of Alcohol and Drug Countermeasures Fee	\$1,051,259			\$1,051,259
State portion of Child Abuse Prevention Fee	\$15,328			\$15,328
Additional Garnishee Defendants Service Fee		\$115,028	\$0	\$115,028
Highway Work Zone Fee	\$356,039			\$356,039
Safe School Fee	\$36,327			\$36,327
Support Fee	\$256,331	\$1,092,514		\$1,348,845
Civil Action Service of Process Fee		\$1,177,131	\$0	\$1,177,131
Small Claims Service of Process Fee		\$2,035,094		\$2,035,094
Civil Penalties for Local Ordinance Violations		\$559,747	\$1,280,026	\$1,839,773
Bond Administration Fee		\$1,330,555	\$1,115	\$1,331,670
Document Fee		\$1,690,930	\$0	\$1,690,930
Interest on Investments	\$16,141	\$275,082	\$0	\$291,223
Other	\$645,146	\$7,339,963	\$0	\$7,985,109
Total to General Funds	\$82,105,000	\$34,835,144	\$3,284,677	\$120,224,821

Revenues Distributed to Court Related Services				
Adult Probation User Fees		\$14,762,059	\$0	\$14,762,059
Juvenile Probation User Fees		\$1,368,608		\$1,368,608
Guardian Ad Litem Fees		\$86,025		\$86,025
Problem Solving Court Fees*		\$500,982	\$0	\$500,982
Automated Record Keeping Fee	\$5,862,496			\$5,862,496
Total to Court Related Services	\$5,862,496	\$16,717,674	\$0	\$22,580,170

* In July 2010, Drug Court and Re-entry Court Fees were consolidated into Problem Solving Court Fees.

State Funds	County Funds	Local Funds	Total
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Revenues Distributed to Special Funds

Supplemental Public Defender Fees		\$2,967,983	\$0	\$2,967,983
Alternative Dispute Resolutions		\$399,455		\$399,455
Fines and Forfeitures	\$3,684,490			\$3,684,490
Vehicle License Fees	\$418,980			\$418,980
DNR Replacement Fee	\$28,948			\$28,948
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	\$823,802			\$823,802
County portion of Drug Abuse, Prosecution, Interdiction, and Correction Fee		\$1,542,828		\$1,542,828
County portion of Alcohol and Drug Countermeasures Fee		\$3,240,234		\$3,240,234
County portion of Child Abuse Prevention Fee		\$12,069		\$12,069
Domestic Violence and Treatment Fee	\$191,708			\$191,708
Prosecutorial Pretrial Diversion Fees		\$3,733,603	\$0	\$3,733,603
Prosecutorial Deferral Program Fees		\$10,097,122	\$347,884	\$10,445,006
DNA Sample Processing Fee	\$858,186			\$858,186
Sexual Assault Victims Assistance Fee	\$28,380			\$28,380
Late Surrender Fees		\$651,954	\$25,411	\$677,365
Late Payment Fees		\$1,090,864	\$0	\$1,090,864
Construction Work Zone Fee	\$979,864			\$979,864
Document Storage Fee		\$1,844,415	\$0	\$1,844,415
Marijuana Eradication Program Fee		\$24,043		\$24,043
Jury Fees		\$1,001,693		\$1,001,693
Alcohol and Drug Services Fee		\$6,641,152	\$0	\$6,641,152
Law Enforcement Continuing Education Program Fee		\$1,602,086	\$22,820	\$1,624,906
Special Death Benefits Fee	\$332,710			\$332,710
Mortgage Foreclosure Fee	\$1,963,153			\$1,963,153
IntraState Transfer Probation Fee		\$39,713	\$38	\$39,751
Youth Tobacco Civil Penalty	\$175			\$175
Total To Special Funds	\$9,310,396	\$34,889,214	\$396,153	\$44,595,763

Total Generated Funds	\$97,277,892	\$86,442,032	\$3,680,830	\$187,400,754
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REVENUES GENERATED BY CITY AND TOWN COURTS

	State Funds	County Funds	Local Funds	Total
Revenues Distributed to General Funds				
Court Costs	\$8,716,697	\$3,161,838	\$3,924,522	\$15,803,057
Judicial Salaries	\$2,566,176		\$807,809	\$3,373,985
Infraction Judgments	\$5,198,774			\$5,198,774
Court Administration	\$847,184			\$847,184
Public Defense Administration Fee	\$518,792			\$518,792
State portion of Drug Abuse, Prosecution Interdiction and Correction Fee	\$112,245			\$112,245
State portion of Alcohol and Drug Countermeasures Fee	\$102,850			\$102,850
State portion of Child Abuse Prevention Fee	\$0			\$0
Additional Garnishee Defendants Service Fee		\$0	\$0	\$0
Highway Work Zone Fee	\$162,382			\$162,382
Safe School Fee	\$25,385			\$25,385
Support Fee	\$0	\$0		\$0
Civil Action Service of Process Fee		\$299	\$3,650	\$3,949
Small Claims Service of Process Fee		\$0		\$0
Civil Penalties for Local Ordinance Violations		\$178,733	\$1,503,331	\$1,682,064
Bond Administration Fee		\$15,175	\$242,392	\$257,567
Document Fee		\$0	\$27,983	\$27,983
Interest on Investments	\$0	\$1,998	\$29,162	\$31,160
Other	\$153,400	\$87,026	\$244,372	\$484,798
Total To General Funds	\$18,403,885	\$3,445,069	\$6,783,221	\$28,632,175

Revenues Distributed to Court Related Services

Adult Probation User Fees		\$94,573	\$1,673,880	\$1,768,453
Juvenile Probation User Fees		\$0		\$0
Guardian Ad Litem Fees		\$0		\$0
Problem Solving Court Fees*		\$0	\$0	\$0
Automated Record Keeping Fee	\$1,340,148			\$1,340,148
Total to Court Related Services	\$1,340,148	\$94,573	\$1,673,880	\$3,108,601

*In July 2010, Drug Court and Re-entry Court Fees were consolidated into Problem Solving Court Fees.

State Funds	County Funds	Local Funds	Total
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Revenues Distributed to Special Funds

Supplemental Public Defender Fees		\$11,222	\$96,157	\$107,379
Alternative Dispute Resolutions		\$0		\$0
Fines and Forfeitures	\$1,152,111			\$1,152,111
Vehicle License Fees	\$186,730			\$186,730
DNR Replacement Fee	\$10,346			\$10,346
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	\$184,849			\$184,849
County portion of Drug Abuse, Prosecution, Interdiction, and Correction Fee		\$440,500		\$440,500
County portion of Alcohol and Drug Countermeasures Fee		\$242,254		\$242,254
County portion of Child Abuse Prevention Fee		\$15,505		\$15,505
Domestic Violence and Treatment Fee	\$2,814			\$2,814
Prosecutorial Pretrial Diversion Fees		\$639,252	\$78,016	\$717,268
Prosecutorial Deferral Program Fees		\$1,519,141	\$1,186,239	\$2,705,380
DNA Sample Processing Fee	\$339,614			\$339,614
Sexual Assault Victims Assistance Fee	\$0			\$0
Late Surrender Fees		\$50	\$1,330	\$1,380
Late Payment Fees		\$6,536	\$811,983	\$818,519
Construction Work Zone Fees	\$218,632			\$218,632
Document Storage Fee		\$29,239	\$410,174	\$439,413
Marijuana Eradication Program Fee		\$2,479		\$2,479
Jury Fees		\$379,531		\$379,531
Alcohol and Drug Services Fee		\$4,740	\$8,963	\$13,703
Law Enforcement Continuing Education Program Fee		\$66,782	\$619,894	\$686,676
Special Death Benefits Fee	\$35,035			\$35,035
Mortgage Foreclosure Fee	\$0			\$0
IntraState Transfer Probation Fee		\$0	\$0	\$0
Youth Tobacco Civil Penalty	\$0			\$0
Total To Special Funds	\$2,130,131	\$3,357,231	\$3,212,756	\$8,700,118

Total Generated Funds	\$21,874,164	\$6,896,873	\$11,669,857	\$40,440,894
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REVENUES GENERATED BY MARION COUNTY SMALL CLAIMS COURTS

	State Funds	County Funds	Local Funds	Other	Total for Gov't Units
Judicial Salaries	\$653,248		\$220,057		\$873,305
Public Defense Administration	\$203,131				\$203,131
Judicial Insurance Adjustment	\$67,707				\$67,707
Automated Record Keeping Fee	\$473,968				\$473,968
Court Administration	\$209,244		\$131,128		\$340,372
Document Storage		\$135,411			\$135,411
Filing Docket			\$2,563,968		\$2,563,968
Redocket Fee			\$154,611		\$154,611
Other Fees	\$0	\$0	\$1,932		\$1,932
Total	\$1,607,298	\$135,411	\$3,071,696		\$4,814,405

Service of Process Fee for Certified Mail (paid directly to the Constables)*				\$309,427	\$309,427
Service of Process Fee for Personal Service (paid directly to Constables)*				\$1,993,259	\$1,993,259
Process Additional Defendant				\$0	\$0
Other				\$0	\$0

*The service of process fees are not included in the final total since they are paid by the litigants and go directly to the constables for personal service or certified mail service.

REVENUE REFERENCE GUIDE

FEE TYPE	AMOUNT(S)	DISTRIBUTION			CODE SECTION(S)	FUND(S)	COMMENTS
		STATE	COUNTY	LOCAL			
Court Costs							
Felony/ Misdemeanor	\$120 *	70% / 55%	27% / 20%	3% / 25%	33-37-4-1(a)	General	Upon Conviction
IF/OV	\$70 *	70% / 55%	27% / 20%	3% / 25%	33-37-4-2(a)	General	Upon Judgment
Juvenile Action	\$120	70%	27%	3%	33-37-4-3(a)	General	
Civil	\$100 *	70% / 55%	27% / 20%	3% / 25%	33-37-4-4(a)	General	Some Exemptions
Small Claims (Not MCSC)	\$35	70%	27%	3%	33-37-4-6	General	
Additional Service	\$10				33-37-4-6(a)	Sheriff	
Probate/Trust	\$120	70%	27%	3%	33-37-4-7(a)	General	
Service by Sheriff	\$13 - \$60				33-37-5-15(b)	Sheriff	
Fines & Forfeitures		100%			Constitution Article 8, Section 2	State Common School Fund	
Civil Penalties for Infraction Judgments		100%			34-28-5-5 (c) 9-21-5-11(e)	General	
Civil Penalties for Local Ordinance Violations			100% or	100%	33-37-4-2 33-36-3-7	General	County or Local depending on scope of ordinance
Vehicle License Judgments		100%			9-20-18-12(f)	State Highway	Judgment for overweight vehicle cases
Support Fee	\$55	100% or	100%		33-37-5-6	General	County if collected by Clerk; State if collected by State Central Collection
Bond Administration Fee	Lesser of \$50 or 10% bond		100% or	100%	35-33-8-3.2	General	Depending on Court collecting fee
Late Surrender Fee			50%	50%	36-8-10-12 35-33-14 27-10-2-12(c) & (i)	County Extradition Local Police Pension Trust Fund	Based on % of Bond
User Fees							
Drug Abuse Prosecution, Interdiction and Correction Fee	\$200-\$1,000	25%	75%		5-2-11 33-37-7-2(b)(1) & (c)(1) 33-37-4-1(b)(5) 33-37-5-9 35-48-4	County portion: County Drug Free Community Fund State portion: User Fee Fund	Conviction in any Court of a controlled substance offense

* The 70% – 27% – 3% distribution is for fees collected by the circuit clerk. The 55% – 20% – 25% distribution is for fees collected by the clerk of a city or town court.

		DISTRIBUTION			CODE SECTION(S)	FUND(S)	COMMENTS
FEE TYPE	AMOUNT(S)	STATE	COUNTY	LOCAL			
Alcohol & Drug Counter-measures	\$200	25%	75%		9-30-5 33-37-5-10 5-2-11 33-37-7-2 (b)(2) & (c)(2) 33-37-4-1(b)(6) 33-37-4-2(b)(4) 33-37-4-3(b)(5)	County portion: County Drug Free Community Fund State portion: User Fee Fund	Conviction for DUI or delinquent driving conviction
Child Abuse Prevention	\$100	50%	50%		12-17-17 33-37-7-2(b)(3) 33-37-7-2(d) 33-37-5-12 33-37-4-1(b)(7)	County Child Advocacy Fund	Conviction of crime against person under age of 18
Domestic Violence Prevention & Treatment	\$50	100%			33-37-7-2(b)(4) 33-37-5-13 33-37-4-1(b)(8)	State User Fee Fund	Violent crime conviction against spouse
Highway Work Zone	\$.50 / \$25.50	100%			9-30-3-5 33-37-7-2(b)(5) 33-37-7-8(d)(3) 33-37-5-14	State User Fee Fund	Traffic offense conviction; exceeding worksite limit gives increased amount
Safe Schools Fee	\$200-\$1,000	100%			33-37-7-2(b)(6) 33-37-5-18 33-37-7-8(d)(4)	State User Fee Fund	Conviction where use or possession of firearm is element
Automated Record Keeping	\$7 (decreasing to \$5 on July 1, 2011)	100% (or 80% beginning 7/1/2011 if county not operating under state's automated judicial system)	(20% beginning 7/1/2011 if county not operating under state's automated judicial system)		33-37-5-21 33-37-5-2 33-37-7-2(b)(7) 33-37-7-2(a) 33-37-7-8(d)(5)	Judicial Technology and Automation Committee Fund or Homeowner Protection Unit Account (or beginning 7/1/2011 Clerk's Record Perpetuation Fund)	All civil, criminal, infraction, or ordinance actions
Pretrial Diversion	\$120 Deferred Prosecution \$50 initial; \$10/month		100%	or 100%	33-39-1-8 33-37-4-1(c) and (d) 33-37-5-17 33-37-7-2(a) 33-37-7-8(a) 33-37-8-3 33-37-8-4 33-37-8-5 33-37-8-6(b)	\$120 Deferred Prosecution Fee is distributed to State/County Local general fund in same percentages as regularly collected court costs. Initial and Monthly fees distributed to County or Local User Fee Fund however statute specifies these funds may only be used for certain purposes	If charged with certain misdemeanors, prosecuting attorney may defer prosecution

		DISTRIBUTION			CODE SECTION(S)	FUND(S)	COMMENTS
FEE TYPE	AMOUNT(S)	STATE	COUNTY	LOCAL			
Informal Adjustment Program Fees	\$5 to \$15 per month		100%		31-37-9-9 33-37-8-5(b)(2)	County User Fee Fund	Juvenile placed in informal adjustment program prior to a delinquent petition being filed
Marijuana Eradication Fee	up to \$300		100%		35-48-4 15-16-7-8 33-37-8-5(b)(3) 33-37-5-7	County User Fee Fund	Conviction related to controlled substance if county has weed control board
Alcohol and Drug Services Program Fee	up to \$400		100% or	100%	33-37-5-8(b) 12-23-14-16 33-37-8-5(b)(4) 33-37-8-3(b)(2)	County User Fee Fund	Collected in all criminal, infraction, ordinance convictions if county has Alcohol and Drug Services Program
Law Enforcement Continuing Education Fee	\$4 as of 7/1/08		100% or	100%	33-37-5-8(c) 33-37-8-5(b)(5) 33-37-8-3(b)(3)	County or Local User Fee Fund	Charged for each criminal conviction and each infraction and ordinance violation
Drug Court Fees	up to \$500		100% or	100%	12-23-14.5 33-37-5-24 12-23-14.5-12 33-37-8-5(b)(8) 33-37-8-3(b)(5)	County or Local User Fee Fund	Charged in proceedings in certified drug court cases. This fee was abolished by statute on 7/1/2010 and replaced with the Problem Solving Court Services Fee. The new fee varies by court (provided it does not exceed the \$50 monthly maximum set by the Indiana Problem Solving Courts Committee) and is deposited in county or local user fee fund.

FEE TYPE	AMOUNT(S)	DISTRIBUTION			CODE SECTION(S)	FUND(S)	COMMENTS
		STATE	COUNTY	LOCAL			
Deferral of Prosecution Program fee	Maximum \$52 initial / maximum \$10 monthly plus \$70 court cost if action involves a moving traffic violation		100% or	100%	33-37-4-2(c) & (e) 34-28-5-1(h) 33-37-7-2(a) 33-37-7-8(a) 33-37-8-3 33-37-8-4 33-37-8-5 33-37-8-6(b)	\$70 court costs fee is distributed to State, County and Local general fund in same percentages as regularly collected court costs. Initial and monthly fees distributed to State, County and Local User Fee Funds however statute specifies these funds may only be used for certain purposes	If charged with infraction or ordinance violation, prosecuting attorney may defer prosecution
Jury Fee	\$2		100%		33-37-5-19 33-37-8-5 33-37-8-8 33-37-11-2	County User Fee Fund	Charged in criminal convictions and infractions and ordinance violations
Reentry Court Fee	Up to actual cost		100% or	100%	33-23-14-12 33-37-8-3(b)(5) 33-37-8-5(b)(8) 33-37-5-29	County or Local User Fee Fund	Used to defray costs of reentry services. This fee was abolished by statute on 7/1/2010 and replaced with the Problem Solving Court Services Fee. The new fee varies by court (provided it does not exceed the \$50 monthly maximum set by the Indiana Problem Solving Courts Committee) and is deposited in county or local user fee fund.
Adult Probation User Fee	Felony (mandatory): \$25-\$100 initial plus \$15-\$30 per month; Misdemeanor (optional at court's discretion): up to \$50 initial plus up to \$20 per month		100% or 94% if collected by City or Town Court	6% if collected by City or Town court	35-38-2-1(b), (c), (d) & (e) 35-38-2-1.5	County Supplemental Adult Probation Services Fund; Clerk's Record Perpetuation Fund; and in some circumstances the County, City or Town General Fund	Charged after conviction for felony or misdemeanor

		DISTRIBUTION			CODE SECTION(S)	FUND(S)	COMMENTS
FEE TYPE	AMOUNT(S)	STATE	COUNTY	LOCAL			
Juvenile Probation User Fee	\$25-\$100 initial plus \$10-\$25 per month; if Delinquent, add \$100		100% or 94% if collected by City or Town Court	6% if collected by City or Town Court	31-40-2-1(b) & (c) 31-40-2-1.5 31-40-2-1.7(d)	County Supplemental Adult Probation Services Fund; Clerk's Record Perpetuation Fund; and in some circumstances the County, City or Town General Fund	Charge is more if Juvenile is considered a delinquent
GAL/CASA Fee	up to \$100		100%		31-40-3-1; 31-40-3-2	GAL fund; CASA fund	
Supplemental Public Defender Fee	Felony: \$100; Misdemeanor: \$50 plus up to all reasonable publicly paid costs of representation		100%		35-33-7-6 33-40-3-1 33-37-2-3 35-33-8-3.2 33-40-3-6 33-40-3-10	Supplemental Public Defender Services Fund	If defendant is found not indigent, courts can order payment of publicly paid costs of representation, if cash or surety bond (but not bail or real estate bond) used and person who deposited bond signs agreement of attachment, court can deduct these costs from the bond
Document Fee	\$1-\$3 per page		100% or	100%	33-37-5-2(a)(1) 33-37-5-3 33-37-5-4 33-37-5-5 33-37-7-12	County or Local general fund.	
Document Storage Fee	\$2		100% or	100%	33-37-5-2(a)(2) 33-37-5-20	Clerk Record Perpetuation Fund	Collected in every case
Interest on Investments		100% or	100% or	100%	5-13-9 5-13-10.5-2	Relevant fund generating interest	
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	\$1	100%			33-37-5-25 33-38-5-8.2 33-37-7-2(j) 33-37-7-8(h)	State Judicial Branch Insurance Adjustment Fund	Collected in every case
Court Administration Fee	\$5	100% or 60% if collected in Marion County Small Claims		40% if collected in Marion County Small Claims	33-37-5-27 33-34-8-1(a)(12) 33-37-7-2(i)(4) 33-34-8-3(b)(1)(C) 33-34-8-3(c)	General	Collected in every case

FEE TYPE	AMOUNT(S)	DISTRIBUTION			CODE SECTION(S)	FUND(S)	COMMENTS
		STATE	COUNTY	LOCAL			
DNA Sample Processing Fee	\$2	100%			33-37-4-1(b)(19) 33-37-5-26.2 33-37-7-9(b)(9) 10-13-6-9.5 33-37-7-2(i)(3) 33-37-7-8(g)(2)	DNA Sample Processing Fund	Collected in criminal, infractions, and ordinance violation cases
Judicial Salaries Fee	Small Claims: \$13; All Others: \$18. This fee will increase to \$14 for small claims and \$19 for all other cases beginning 7/1/2011	100% if collected in Circuit or Superior Court 75% if collected in City, Town, Township Court		25% if collected in City, Town, Township Court	33-37-5-26 33-37-7-8(i)	General	Collected in every case. This fee increases by \$1 on July 1 of each fiscal year that includes a pay increase for judges until it reaches a maximum of \$15 for small claims and \$20 for all others.
Public Defense Administration Fee	\$3 increasing to \$5 on 7/1/2011	100%			33-37-5-21.2 33-34-8-1(a)(9) 33-37-7-2(i)(1) 33-34-8-3(b)(1)(B)	General	Collected in every case
Civil Action Service Fee	\$10/ additional defendant after initial defendant; \$10 per additional garnishee defendant over 3 garnishee defendants		100% or	100%	33-37-4-4(b)(9) 33-37-5-28 33-37-7-2(k) & (l)	General	Paid by plaintiff in civil cases
Small Claims Service Fee	\$10 per each additional defendant over initial; \$10 per each additional garnishee defendant over 3 garnishee defendants		100% or	100%	33-37-7-2(h) 33-37-4-6(a) 33-37-7-8(f)(2) and (3) 33-35-3-9	General	Paid by plaintiff in small claims cases
Alternative Dispute Resolution Fee	\$20		100%		33-23-6-1 33-23-6-2	Alternative Dispute Resolution Fund	If county has approved ADR plan, charged in domestic relations and paternity cases
Other Fees							
Sexual Assault Victims Assistance Fee	\$250-\$1000	100%			33-37-5-23 33-37-7-2(f) 5-2-6-23(h)	Sexual Assault Victims Assistance Account	Criminal conviction of sexual assault crimes
Department of Natural Resources Deer Replacement Fee	\$500 for first violation, \$1,000 for each subsequent violation	100%			14-22-38-4 33-37-5-16 14-22-3-3 14-22-3-4	Conservation Officers' Fish and Wildlife Fund	Assessed for unlawful taking of deer or wild turkey

		DISTRIBUTION			CODE SECTION(S)	FUND(S)	COMMENTS
FEE TYPE	AMOUNT(S)	STATE	COUNTY	LOCAL			
Late Payment Fee	\$25		100% or	100%	33-37-5-22 33-37-7-8(f)(1) 33-37-5-2(a)(3) 33-37-7-2(e)	County or Local general fund.	After conviction if defendant fails to pay costs, fines or civil penalties by deadline set by the court
Construction Work Zone Fee	\$300 to \$1,000 depending on whether prior infractions of violating speed limit within previous 3 years	100%			9-21-5-11	Indiana Department of Transportation	Charged for violations of worksite speed limits
Youth Tobacco Civil Penalty	\$50 - \$10,000	100%			7.1-3-18.5-6 7.1-6-2-6 7.1-3-18.5-7 24-3-5-5(c) 24-3-5-8 35-46-1-10 35-46-1-10.2 35-46-1-11.5 35-46-1-11.7 35-46-1-11.8	Richard D. Doyle Youth Tobacco Education and Enforcement Fund	Charged for violations of statutes regulating the sale of tobacco
IntraState Transfer Probation Fee	\$75		100% or	100%	Indiana Rules of Civil Procedure 2.3(D)	Receiving county's Supplemental Adult Probation Services Fund	Charged to a probationer who applies to have supervision transferred from one county to another.
Mortgage Foreclosure Counseling and Education Fee	\$50	100%			33-37-4-4(b)(11) 33-37-5-30 33-37-7-2(m) 5-20-6-3 5-20-1-27	Home Ownership Education Account	Charged in all mortgage foreclosure actions filed after June 30, 2009 and before January 1, 2013
Special Death Benefit Fee	\$5	100%			35-33-8-3.2(a)(1) and (d) 5-10-10-5(a)	Special Death Benefit Fund administered by the Trustees of PERF	This fee is collected in addition to the Bond Administrative Fee
MARION COUNTY SMALL CLAIMS FEES:							
Filing Fee & Township Docket Fee	\$37			100%	33-34-8-1(a)(1) 33-34-8-1(b) 33-34-8-3(a)	General	
MCSC Service of Process fee	\$13			100% reported in "Money to Others" Column	33-34-6-4(b)(5), (6) & (7) 33-34-8-1(a)(2) 33-34-8-1(a)(3)	Constables	Certified mail or personal service
Witness Fees	N/A						
Redocketing Fee	\$5			100%	33-34-8-1(a)(5)	General	

FILING FEES/COSTS BY CASE TYPE COLLECTED BY THE CLERK

Criminal Cases

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Criminal Costs Fee	IC 33-37-4-1	\$120.00		
Marijuana Eradication Program Fee	IC 33-37-5-7		(1)	
Alcohol and Drug Services Program Fee	IC 33-37-5-8(b)		(2)	
Law Enforcement Continuing Education Fee	IC 33-37-5-8(c)	\$4.00		
Drug Abuse, Prosecution, Interdiction, and Correction Fee	IC 33-37-5-9		(3)	
Alcohol and Drug Countermeasures Fee	IC 33-37-5-10		(4)	
Child Abuse Prevention Fee	IC 33-37-5-12		(5)	
Domestic Violence Prevention and Treatment Fee	IC 33-37-5-13		(6)	
Highway Work Zone Fee	IC 33-37-5-14		(7)	
Deferral of Prosecution Fee	IC 34-28-5-1(h)		(8)	
Safe School Fee	IC 33-37-5-18		(9)	
Jury Fee	IC 33-37-5-19	\$2.00		
Document Storage Fee	IC 33-37-5-20	\$2.00		
Automated Record Keeping Fee	IC 33-37-5-21	\$7.00	(10)	
Late Payment Fee	IC 33-37-5-22		(11)	
Sexual Assault Victims Assistance Fee	IC 33-37-5-23		(12)	
Public Defense Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-21.2	\$3.00	(13)	
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	IC 33-37-5-25	\$1.00		
Judicial Salaries Fee	IC 33-37-5-26	\$18.00	(14)	
DNA Sample Processing Fee	IC 33-37-5-26.2	\$2.00		
Court Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-27	\$5.00		
Total Criminal Costs Fee		\$164.00	(15)	\$177.00

- (1) Collected only if the county has a program and there is a conviction under I.C. 35-48-4; fee may not exceed \$300.
- (2) Collected only if the county has a program; fee may not exceed \$400.
- (3) Collected only if there is a conviction under I.C. 35-48-4; fee range is \$200-\$1,000.
- (4) Collected only if conviction under I.C. 9-30-5 and driver's license suspension as a result; fee is \$200.
- (5) Collected only if conviction of specified offenses and victim is under 18; fee is \$100.
- (6) Collected only if conviction of specified offenses and relationship of parties; fee is \$50.
- (7) Collect \$.50 only if traffic offense or could be \$25.50 if exceeding worksite speed limit or failure to merge.
- (8) \$120 fee for court costs if action is a misdemeanor and the defendant enters pretrial diversion program.
- (9) Collected only if conviction of offense in which use or possession of a firearm is an element of the offense; fee range is \$200 - \$1,000.
- (10) Decreases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (11) Applies only if all conditions of the statute are met; fee is \$25.
- (12) Collected only if conviction of specified offenses; fee range is \$250 - \$1,000.
- (13) Increases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (14) Increases to \$19.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (15) Total is \$177 if office is collecting the sheriff's service of process fee of \$13.

Juvenile Cases

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Juvenile Costs Fee	IC 33-37-4-3	\$120.00		
Marijuana Eradication Program Fee	IC 33-37-5-7	*		
Alcohol and Drug Services Program Fee	IC 33-37-5-8(b)	*		
Law Enforcement Continuing Education Fee	IC 33-37-5-8(c)		(1)	
Alcohol and Drug Countermeasures Fee	IC 33-37-5-10	*		
Jury Fee	IC 33-37-5-19		(1)	
Document Storage Fee	IC 33-37-5-20	\$2.00		
Automated Record Keeping Fee	IC 33-37-5-21	\$7.00	(2)	
Late Payment Fee	IC 33-37-5-22	*		
Public Defense Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-21.2	\$3.00	(3)	
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	IC 33-37-5-25	\$1.00		
Judicial Salaries Fee	IC 33-37-5-26	\$18.00	(4)	
DNA Sample Processing Fee	IC 33-37-5-26.2		(1)	
Court Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-27	\$5.00		
Alternative Dispute Resolution Fee	IC 33-23-6-1		(5)	
Total Juvenile Fees		\$156.00	(6)	\$169.00

*See Footnotes to Criminal Cases chart on previous page for these fee types.

- (1) If the case is a criminal case, then these fees are collected upon conviction. This would make the total filing fee for a juvenile criminal case \$164.
- (2) Decreases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (3) Increases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (4) Increases to \$19.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (5) If the county has an approved plan from the Judicial Conference of Indiana, the clerk shall collect from the party filing a petition for legal separation, paternity or dissolution of marriage a fee of \$20.
- (6) Total is \$169 if office is collecting the sheriff's service of process fee of \$13 or \$177 if fees under footnote (1) are collected.

Civil Cases

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Civil Filing Fee	IC 33-37-4-4(a)	\$100.00		
Document Storage Fee	IC 33-37-5-20	\$2.00		
Automated Record Keeping Fee	IC 33-37-5-21	\$7.00	(1)	
Public Defense Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-21.2	\$3.00	(2)	
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	IC 33-37-5-25	\$1.00		
Judicial Salaries Fee	IC 33-37-5-26	\$18.00	(3)	
Court Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-27	\$5.00		
Service Fee	IC 33-37-5-28		(4)	
Civil Garnishee Service Fee	IC 33-37-5-28		(5)	
Alternative Dispute Resolution Fee	IC 33-23-6-1		(6)	
Total Civil Fees		\$136.00	(7)	\$149

- (1) Decreases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (2) Increases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (3) Increases to \$19.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (4) The clerk shall collect from the party filing the civil action, a service fee of \$10 for each additional defendant named other than the first named defendant. The clerk shall collect from any party adding a defendant, a service fee of \$10. This does not apply to an action in which the service is made by publication in accordance with Indiana Trial Rule 4.13.
- (5) Add a \$10 fee per garnishee defendant in excess of 3 whether named or added.
- (6) If the county has an approved plan from the Judicial Conference of Indiana, the clerk shall collect from the party filing a petition for legal separation, paternity or dissolution of marriage a fee of \$20.
- (7) Total is \$149 if office is collecting the sheriff's service of process fee of \$13.

Small Claims Cases

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Small Claims Filing Fee	IC 33-37-4-6	\$35.00		
Small Claims Service Fee	IC 33-37-4-6	\$10.00	(1)	
Additional Small Claims Service Fee	IC 33-37-4-6	*		
Small Claims Garnishee Service Fee	IC 33-37-4-6		(2)	
Document Storage Fee	IC 33-37-5-20	\$2.00		
Automated Record Keeping Fee	IC 33-37-5-21	\$7.00	(3)	
Public Defense Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-21.2	\$3.00	(4)	
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	IC 33-37-5-25	\$1.00		
Judicial Salaries Fee	IC 33-37-5-26	\$13.00	(5)	
Court Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-27	\$5.00		
Total Small Claims Fees		\$76.00	(6)	\$89.00

- *\$10 fee per defendant added to the action.
- (1) Fee is per defendant named and paid by the party filing the action.
 - (2) Add a \$10 fee per garnishee defendant in excess of 3 whether named or added.
 - (3) Decreases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011
 - (4) Increases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011
 - (5) Increases to \$14.00 on 7/1/2011.
 - (6) Total is \$89 if office is collecting the sheriff's service of process fee of \$13.

Probate Cases

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Probate Costs Fee	IC 33-37-4-7(a)	\$120.00		
Document Storage Fee	IC 33-37-5-20	\$2.00		
Automated Record Keeping Fee	IC 33-37-5-21	\$7.00	(1)	
Public Defense Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-21.2	\$3.00	(2)	
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	IC 33-37-5-25	\$1.00		
Judicial Salaries Fee	IC 33-37-5-26	\$18.00	(3)	
Court Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-27	\$5.00		
Total Probate Fees		\$156.00	(4)	\$169.00

- (1) Decreases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011
- (2) Increases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011
- (3) Increases to \$19.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (4) Total is \$169 if office is collecting the sheriff's service of process fee of \$13.

Infraction/Ordinance Violation Cases

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Infraction or Ordinance Violation Costs Fee	IC 33-37-4-2	\$70.00		
Alcohol and Drug Services Program Fee	IC 33-37-5-8(b)	*		
Law Enforcement Continuing Education Fee	IC 33-37-5-8(c)	\$4.00		
Alcohol and Drug Countermeasures Fee	IC 33-37-5-10	*		
Highway Work Zone Fee	IC 33-37-5-14		(1)	
Deferral Program Fee	IC 34-28-5-1(h)		(2)	
Jury Fee	IC 33-37-5-19	\$2.00		
Document Storage Fee	IC 33-37-5-20	\$2.00		
Automated Record Keeping Fee	IC 33-37-5-21	\$7.00	(3)	
Late Payment Fee	IC 33-37-5-22	*		
Public Defense Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-21.2	\$3.00	(4)	
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	IC 33-37-5-25	\$1.00		
Judicial Salaries Fee	IC 33-37-5-26	\$18.00	(5)	
DNA Sample Processing Fee	IC 33-37-5-26.2	\$2.00		
Court Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-27	\$5.00		
Total Infraction/Ordinance Violations Fees		\$114.00	(6)	\$127.00

*Judge determines if this fee is to be collected and the amount of the fee.

- (1) Collect \$.50 only if traffic offense and could be \$25.50 if exceeding the worksite speed limit or failure to merge.
- (2) \$70 fee for court costs if action involves a moving traffic violation and defendant enters deferral program.
- (3) Decreases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (4) Increases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011
- (5) Increases to \$19.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (6) Total is \$127 if office is collecting the sheriff's service of process fee of \$13.

Seatbelt Violations

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Class D Infraction	IC 9-19-10-8 IC 34-28-5-4	\$25.00		
Total Seatbelt Violation Fee		\$25.00		

Child Restraint System Violations

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Class D Infraction	IC 9-19-11-2 IC 9-19-11-3.6 IC 34-28-5-4	\$25.00	(1)	
Total Child Restraint System Viol. Fee		\$25.00		

- (1) These judgments go to a separate account in the state general fund in accordance with I.C. 9-19-11-9. These fees need to be accounted for separately from the seatbelt violation.

Prosecutorial Pretrial Diversion Program

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Deferred Prosecution Fee	IC 33-37-5-17	\$120.00		
Initial User Fee	IC 33-37-4-1(c)	\$50.00		
Monthly User Fee	IC 33-37-4-1(c)	\$60.00	(1)	
Alcohol and Drug Services Program Fee	IC 33-37-5-8(b)		(2)	
Highway Work Zone Fee	IC 33-37-5-14		(3)	
Document Storage Fee	IC 33-37-5-20	\$2.00		
Automated Record Keeping Fee	IC 33-37-5-21	\$7.00	(4)	
Public Defense Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-21.2	\$3.00	(5)	
Judicial Insurance Adjustment Fee	IC 33-37-5-25	\$1.00		
Judicial Salaries Fee	IC 33-37-5-26	\$18.00	(6)	
DNA Sample Processing Fee	IC 33-37-5-26.2	\$2.00		
Court Administration Fee	IC 33-37-5-27	\$5.00		
Total Prosecutorial Pretrial Diversion Program Fee		\$268.00	(7)	\$268.50 or \$293.50

- (1) Monthly fee is \$10 for each month that the person remains in the pretrial diversion program. This scenario would illustrate a 6 month program. The county may have different time ranges for the program which will cause the total to be different.
- (2) Collected only if the county has a program; fee may not exceed \$400.
- (3) Collect \$0.50 only if traffic offense and could be \$25.50 if exceeding the worksite speed limit or failure to merge.
- (4) Decreases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (5) Increases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (6) Increases to \$19.00 on 7/1/2011.
- (7) Total is \$268.50 for traffic offense or \$293.50 if offense is exceeding a worksite speed limit or failure to merge. See I.C. 33-37-5-14.

Prosecutorial Deferral Program

Fee Type	Code Citation	Fee Amount	Other Information	
Moving Traffic Offense Court Cost	IC 34-28-5-1	\$70.00	(1)	
Initial Users Fee *	IC 33-37-4-2(e)	\$52.00	(2)	
Monthly User Fee *	IC 33-37-4-2(e)	\$60.00	(3)	
Alcohol and Drug Services Program Fee	IC 33-37-5-8(b)		(4)	
Highway Work Zone Fee	IC 33-37-5-14		(5)	
Document Storage Fee	IC 33-37-5-20	\$2.00		
Automated Record Keeping Fee	IC 33-37-5-21	\$7.00	(6)	
Total Prosecutorial Deferral Program Fee		\$191.00	(7)	\$191.50 or \$216.50

*Statute states these fees are not to exceed these amounts. The prosecutor may assess lower rates than the maximum allowed.

- (1) If the infraction or violation is not a moving traffic offense, then this will not be collected.
- (2) \$50 goes to the deferral program and \$2 goes to the jury pay fund.
- (3) Monthly fee is \$10 for each month that the person remains in the deferral program. This scenario illustrates a 6 month program. The county may have different time ranges for the program which would cause the total to be different.
- (4) Collected only if circumstances of statute are met. The fee may not exceed \$400.
- (5) Collect \$0.50 only if traffic offense and could be \$25.50 if exceeding the worksite speed limit or failure to merge.
- (6) Decreases to \$5.00 on 7/1/2011
- (7) Total is \$191.50 for traffic offense or \$216.50 if offense is exceeding a worksite speed limit or failure to merge. See I.C. 33-37-5-14.

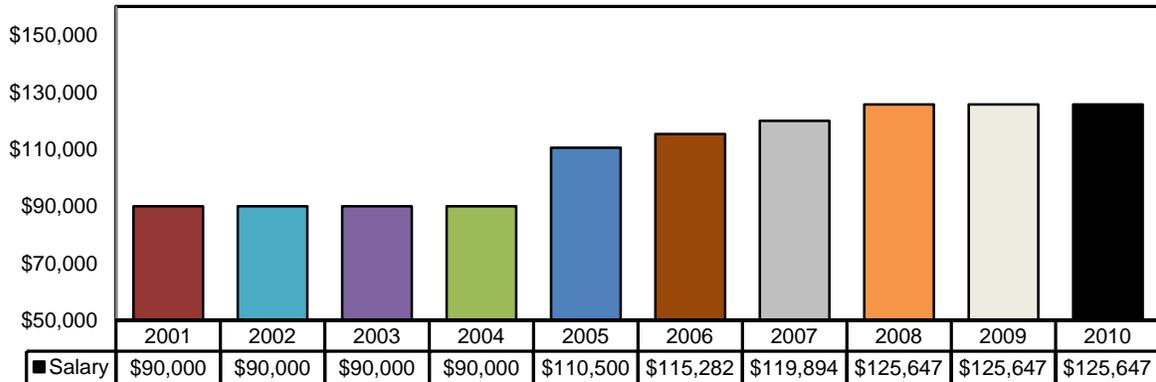
Miscellaneous

Fee Type
Paternity cases are juvenile cases.
Adoptions are civil cases.
Guardianships are probate cases.

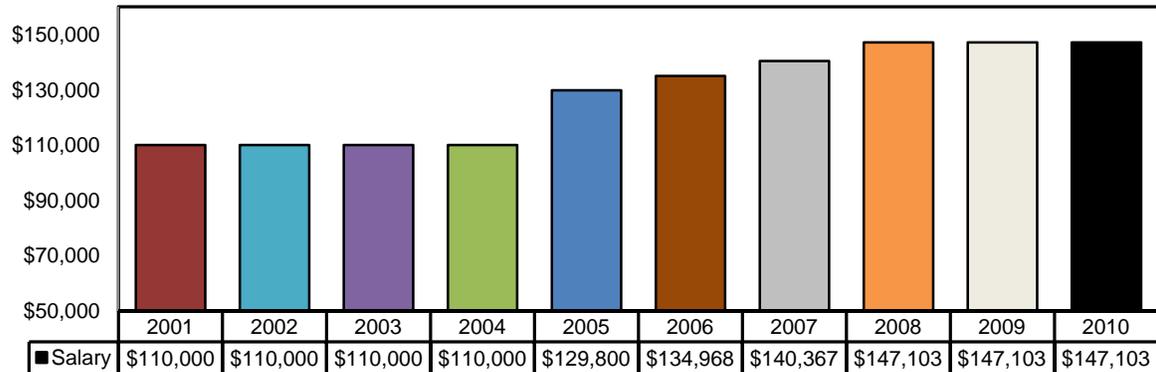
JUDICIAL SALARIES 2001-2010

(as of July 1 each year)

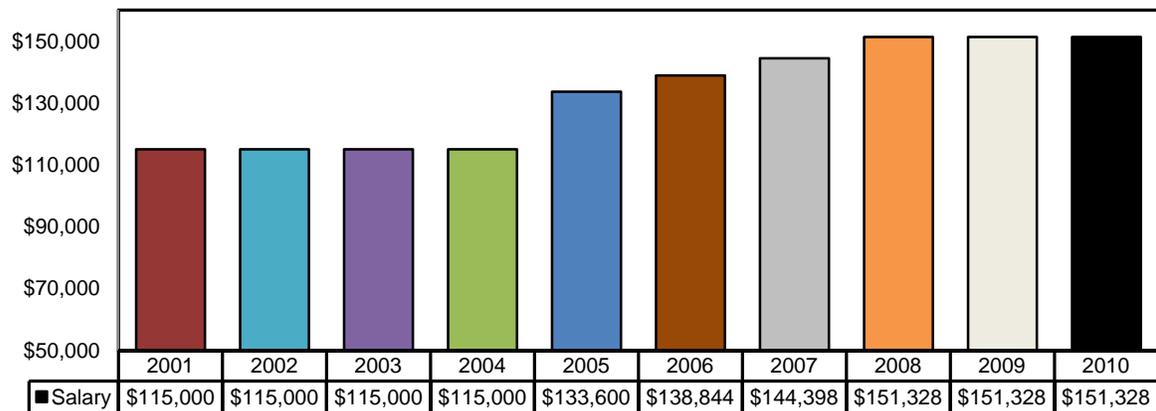
Trial Court Salaries



Court of Appeals and Tax Court Salaries



Supreme Court Salaries



Amounts for all courts for 2006-2010 include Health Care Adjustment

TRIAL COURT JUDICIAL OFFICERS PAID BY THE STATE

County	Judges	Magistrates*	Juvenile Magistrates*	Small Claims Referee*	Population**
ADAMS	2	0	0	0	34,387
ALLEN	10	8	4	0	355,329
BARTHOLOMEW	3	1	1	0	76,794
BENTON	1	0	0	0	8,854
BLACKFORD	2	0	0	0	12,766
BOONE	3	0	0	0	56,640
BROWN	1	1	0	0	15,242
CARROLL	2	0	0	0	20,155
CASS	3	0	0	0	38,966
CLARK	4	2	0	0	110,232
CLAY	2	0	0	0	26,890
CLINTON	2	0	0	0	33,224
CRAWFORD	1	0	0	1	10,713
DAVISS	2	0	0	0	31,648
DEARBORN	2.5	0	0	0	50,047
DECATUR	2	0	0	0	25,740
DEKALB	3	0	0	0	42,223
DELAWARE	5	0	0	0	117,671
DUBOIS	2	0	0	0	41,889
ELKHART	7	2	1	0	197,559
FAYETTE	2	0	0	0	24,277
FLOYD	4	1	0	0	74,578
FOUNTAIN	1	0	0	1	17,240
FRANKLIN	2	0	0	0	23,087
FULTON	2	0	0	0	20,836
GIBSON	2	0	0	0	33,503
GRANT	4	0	0	0	70,061
GREENE	2	0	0	0	33,165
HAMILTON	7	2	0	0	274,569
HANCOCK	3	0	0	0	70,002
HARRISON	2	0	0	0	39,364
HENDRICKS	6	0	0	0	145,448
HENRY	3	0	0	0	49,462
HOWARD	5	0	0	0	82,752
HUNTINGTON	2	0	0	0	37,124
JACKSON	3	0	0	0	42,376
JASPER	2	0	0	0	33,478

County	Judges	Magistrates*	Juvenile Magistrates*	Small Claims Referee*	Population**
JAY	2	0	0	0	21,253
JEFFERSON	2	0	0	0	32,428
JENNNINGS	2	0	0	0	28,525
JOHNSON	4	1	1	0	139,654
KNOX	3	0	0	0	38,440
KOSCIUSKO	4	0	0	0	77,358
LAGRANGE	2	0	0	0	37,128
LAKE	17	8	6	0	496,005
LAPORTE	5	2	1	0	111,467
LAWRENCE	3	0	0	0	46,134
MADISON	6	1	0	0	131,636
MARION	37	9	9	0	903,393
MARSHALL	3	0	0	0	47,051
MARTIN	1	0	0	0	10,334
MIAMI	3	0	0	0	36,903
MONROE	9	0	0	0	137,974
MONTGOMERY	3	0	0	0	38,124
MORGAN	4	1	0	0	68,894
NEWTON	2	0	0	0	14,244
NOBLE	3	0	0	0	47,536
OHIO	0.5	1	0	0	6,128
ORANGE	2	0	0	0	19,840
OWEN	1	0	0	1	21,575
PARKE	1	0	0	0	17,339
PERRY	1	1	0	0	19,338
PIKE	1	0	0	1	12,845
PORTER	6	2	1	0	164,343
POSEY	2	0	0	0	25,910
PULAKSI	2	0	0	0	13,402
PUTNAM	2	0	0	0	37,963
RANDOLPH	2	0	0	0	26,171
RIPLEY	2	0	0	0	28,818
RUSH	2	0	0	0	17,392
ST. JOSEPH	10	7	0	0	266,931
SCOTT	2	0	0	0	24,181
SHELBY	3	0	0	0	44,436
SPENCER	1	0	0	0	20,952
STARKE	1	1	0	0	23,363
STEUBEN	2	1	0	0	34,185

County	Judges	Magistrates*	Juvenile Magistrates*	Small Claims Referee*	Population**
SULLIVAN	2	1	0	0	21,475
SWITZERLAND	1	0	0	0	10,613
TIPPECANOE	7	1	1	0	172,780
TIPTON	1	0	0	1	15,936
UNION	1	0	0	0	7,516
VANDEBURGH	8	5	1	0	179,703
VERMILLION	1	0	0	0	16,212
VIGO	6	0	1	0	107,848
WABASH	2	0	0	0	32,888
WARREN	1	0	0	0	8,508
WARRICK	3	0	0	0	59,689
WASHINGTON	2	0	0	0	28,262
WAYNE	4	0	1	0	68,917
WELLS	2	0	0	0	27,636
WHITE	2	0	0	0	24,643
WHITLEY	2	0	0	0	33,292
TOTAL	315	59	28	5	6,483,802

*Employees as of 5/1/11

** Indiana's population figures as of July 1, 2010 were provided by the U.S. Census Bureau: www.census.gov

2010 TOTAL JUDICIAL OFFICER POSITIONS

County	State Paid Judicial Officers				Comm. Full Time	Comm. Part Time	Hearing Officers	Referees	Total Court of Record Officers	City Court Judges	Town Court Judges	Small Claims Court Judges
	Judges	Magistrate	Juv. Magistrate	Small Claims Referee								
ADAMS	2								2			
ALLEN	10	8	4				1	1	24	1		
BARTHOLOMEW	3	1	1			1			6			
BENTON	1								1			
BLACKFORD	2								2			
BOONE	3				1	1			5	1	4	
BROWN	1	1							2			
CARROLL	2								2	1	1	
CASS	3								3			
CLARK	4	2							6	2	2	
CLAY	2								2			
CLINTON	2								2	1		
CRAWFORD	1			1 (PT)					2			
DAVISS	2								2			
DEARBORN	2.5								2.5	2		
DECATUR	2								2			
DEKALB	3								3	1		
DELAWARE	5				3				8	1	1	
DUBOIS	2								2			
ELKHART	7	2	1			1			11	3		
FAYETTE	2								2			
FLOYD	4	1							5			
FOUNTAIN	1			1 (PT)					2	1		
FRANKLIN	2								2			
FULTON	2								2			
GIBSON	2								2			
GRANT	4					1		1 (PT)	6	2		
GREENE	2								2			
HAMILTON	7	2			1				10	2		
HANCOCK	3				1				4			
HARRISON	2							1 (PT)	3			
HENDRICKS	6								6		3	
HENRY	3					1			4	1	1	
HOWARD	5							1 (PT)	6			
HUNTINGTON	2							1	3		1	
JACKSON	3							1 (PT)	4			

**State Paid Judicial
Officers**

County	Judges	Magistrate	Juv. Magistrate	Small Claims Referee	Comm. Full Time	Comm. Part Time	Hearing Officers	Referees	Total Court of Record Officers	City Court Judges	Town Court Judges	Small Claims Court Judges
JASPER	2								2		1	
JAY	2								2	2		
JEFFERSON	2								2			
JENNINGS	2								2			
JOHNSON	4	1	1						6	2		
KNOX	3								3	1		
KOSCIUSKO	4								4			
LAGRANGE	2								2			
LAKE	17	8	6			2		8 (5PT)*	36	7 (4 PT Ref)	3 (1 PT Ref)	
LAPORTE	5	2	1						8			
LAWRENCE	3							1 (PT)	4			
MADISON	6	1				5			12	3	2	
MARION	37	9	9		26	2			83	1		9
MARSHALL	3								3			
MARTIN	1								1			
MIAMI	3								3	1	1	
MONROE	9				1				10			
MONTGOMERY	3								3			
MORGAN	4	1							5	1	1	
NEWTON	2								2			
NOBLE	3								3			
OHIO	0.5	1							1.5			
ORANGE	2								2			
OWEN	1			1 (PT)					2			
PARKE	1								1			
PERRY	1	1							2			
PIKE	1			1 (PT)					2			
PORTER	6	2	1						9			
POSEY	2								2			
PULASKI	2								2			
PUTNAM	2								2			
RANDOLPH	2								2	2		
RIPLEY	2								2	1	1	
RUSH	2								2			
ST. JOSEPH	10	7							17		1	
SCOTT	2					1			3			
SHELBY	3								3			

State Paid Judicial Officers												
County	Judges	Magistrate	Juv. Magistrate	Small Claims Referee	Comm. Full Time	Comm. Part Time	Hearing Officers	Referees	Total Court of Record Officers	City Court Judges	Town Court Judges	Small Claims Court Judges
SPENCER	1								1			
STARKE	1	1							2	1		
STEBEN	2	1							3		1	
SULLIVAN	2	1							3			
SWITZERLAND	1								1			
TIPPECANOE	7	1	1						9	1		
TIPTON	1			1 (PT)					2	1	1	
UNION	1								1			
VANDEBURGH	8	5	1						14			
VERMILLION	1								1	1		
VIGO	6		1			1			8	1		
WABASH	2								2	1	1	
WARREN	1								1			
WARRICK	3								3			
WASHINGTON	2								2			
WAYNE	4		1						5		1	
WELLS	2								2	1		
WHITE	2								2			
WHITLEY	2								2			
Total	315	59	28	5 - (5PT)	33	16	1	15 - (10PT)	467	47	27	9

*5 Part-time Referees are assigned to the City/Town Courts in Lake County and are not included in the Court of Record total for Lake County or the totals for City/Town Court Judges.

ROSTER OF JUDICIAL OFFICERS (JUDGES, MAGISTRATES, COMMISSIONERS, HEARING OFFICERS, & REFEREES)

1 ADAMS

Circuit	Judge	Schurger, Frederick A.
Superior	Judge	Miller, Patrick R.

2 ALLEN

Circuit	Judge	Felts, Thomas J.
	Magistrate	Bobay, Craig J.
	Hearing Officer	Kitch, John D.
Superior 1	Judge	Boyer, Nancy E.
	Magistrate	Houk, Phillip E.
	Magistrate	DeGrootte, Jennifer L.
	Magistrate	Cook, Brian D.
	Magistrate	Ummel, Jerry L.
Superior 2	Judge	Heath, Daniel G.
	Magistrate	Houk, Phillip E.
	Magistrate	DeGrootte, Jennifer L.
	Magistrate	Cook, Brian D.
	Magistrate	Ummel, Jerry L.
Superior 3	Judge	Levine, Stanley A.
	Magistrate	Houk, Phillip E.
	Magistrate	DeGrootte, Jennifer L.
	Magistrate	Cook, Brian D.
	Magistrate	Ummel, Jerry L.
Superior 4	Judge	Davis, Wendy
	Magistrate	Keirns, Samuel R.
	Magistrate	Linsky, Marcia L.
	Magistrate	Ross, Robert E.
Superior 5	Judge	Gull, Frances C.
	Magistrate	Linsky, Marcia L.
	Magistrate	Keirns, Samuel R.
	Magistrate	Ross, Robert E.
Superior 6	Judge	Surbeck Jr., John F.
	Magistrate	Keirns, Samuel R.

Magistrate Linsky, Marcia L.

Magistrate Ross, Robert E.

Superior 7	Judge	Sims, Stephen M.
	Magistrate	Springer, Karen A.
	Referee	Foley, Carolyn

Superior 8	Judge	Pratt, Charles F.
	Magistrate	Morgan, Lori K.
	Magistrate	Boyer, Thomas P.

Superior 9	Judge	Avery, David
	Magistrate	Houk, Phillip E.
	Magistrate	DeGrootte, Jennifer L.
	Magistrate	Cook, Brian D.
	Magistrate	Ummel, Jerry L.

New Haven	City Judge	Robison, Geoff
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3 BARTHOLOMEW

Circuit	Judge	Heimann, Stephen R.
	Referee	Mollo, Heather M.
	Commissioner	Dickherber, Donald

Superior 1	Judge	Monroe, Chris D.
	Commissioner	Dickherber, Donald

Superior 2	Judge	Coriden, Kathleen Tighe
	Magistrate	Meek, Joseph W.
	Commissioner	Dickherber, Donald

4 BENTON

Circuit	Judge	Kepner, Rex W.
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5 BLACKFORD

Circuit	Judge	Young, Dean A.
Superior 1	Judge	Barry, John

6 BOONE

Circuit	Judge	Edens, J. Jeffrey
	Commissioner	Berish, Sally
Superior 1	Judge	Kincaid, Matthew C.
Superior 2	Judge	McClure, Rebecca S.
	Commissioner	Sullivan, Mark X.
Lebanon	City Judge	Morog, Tamie Jo
Zionsville	Town Judge	Clark II, Lawson J.
Jamestown	Town Judge	Leeke, William
Thorntown	Town Judge	Vaughn, Donald G.
Whitestown	Town Judge	Vogt, Sandra K.

7 BROWN

Circuit	Judge	Stewart, Judith A.
	Magistrate	Van Winkle, Douglas E.

8 CARROLL

Circuit	Judge	Currie, Donald
Superior 1	Judge	Fouts, Kurtis
Delphi	City Judge	Weckerly, David R.
Burlington	Town Judge	Keller, Debbie

9 CASS

Circuit	Judge	Burns, Jr., Leo T.
Superior 1	Judge	Perrone, Thomas C.
Superior 2	Judge	Maughmer, Richard A.

10 CLARK

Circuit	Judge	Moore, Daniel E.
Superior 1	Judge	Carmichael, Vicki
	Magistrate	Dawkins, William A.
Superior 2	Judge	Jacobi, Jerry

Magistrate Abbott, Kenneth R.

Magistrate Dawkins, William A.

Superior 3 Judge Weber, Joseph P.

Magistrate Abbott, Kenneth R.

Magistrate Dawkins, William A.

Charlestown City Judge Waters, George

Jeffersonville City Judge Pierce II, Kenneth C.

Clarksville Town Judge Weber, Mickey

Sellersburg Town Judge Lowe, Thomas R.

11 CLAY

Circuit Judge Trout, Joseph D.

Superior 1 Judge Akers, J. Blaine

12 CLINTON

Circuit Judge Pearson, Linley E.

Superior 1 Judge Hunter, Justin H.

Frankfort City Judge Ponton, George G.

13 CRAWFORD

Circuit Judge Lopp, Kenneth L.

Small Claims
Referee Swarens, Elizabeth

14 DAVIESS

Circuit Judge Smith, Gregory A.

Superior 1 Judge Sobecki, Dean A.

15 DEARBORN

Circuit Judge Humphrey, James D.

Magistrate Schmaltz, Kimberly

Superior 1 Judge Cleary, Jonathan N.

Superior 2	Judge	Blankenship, Sally
Aurora	City Judge	Rivera, Avis "Tiny"
Lawrenceburg	City Judge	Bauer, Tom

16 DECATUR

Circuit	Judge	Westhafer, John A.
Superior 1	Judge	Bailey, Matthew D.

17 DEKALB

Circuit	Judge	Carpenter, Kirk D.
Superior 1	Judge	Wallace, Kevin P.
Superior 2	Judge	Bown, Monte L.
Butler	City Judge	Obendorf, Richard L.

18 DELAWARE

Circuit 1	Judge	Vorhees, Marianne L.
	Commissioner	Peckinpugh, Darrell K.
	Commissioner	Speece, Joseph
Circuit 2	Judge	Dailey, Richard A.
	Commissioner	Speece, Joseph
	Commissioner	Peckinpugh, Darrell K.
	Commissioner	Pierce, Brian
Circuit 3	Judge	Wolf, Linda "Ralu"
	Commissioner	Speece, Joseph
	Commissioner	Peckinpugh, Darrell K.
	Commissioner	Pierce, Brian
Circuit 4	Judge	Feick, John M.
	Commissioner	Peckinpugh, Darrell K.
	Commissioner	Speece, Joseph
	Commissioner	Pierce, Brian
Circuit 5	Judge	Cannon, Jr., Thomas A.
	Commissioner	Peckinpugh, Darrell K.
Muncie	City Judge	Bruns, William G.
Yorktown	Town Judge	Zeabart, Patricia F.

19 DUBOIS

Circuit	Judge	Weikert, William E.
Superior 1	Judge	McConnell, Mark R.

20 ELKHART

Circuit	Judge	Shewmaker, Terry C.
	Magistrate	Domine, Deborah A.
Superior 1	Judge	Roberts, Evan S.
	Magistrate	Denton, David A.
	Magistrate	Murto, Thomas A.
Superior 2	Commissioner	Biddlecome, Mona
	Judge	Bowers, Stephen R.
	Magistrate	Denton, David A.
	Magistrate	Murto, Thomas A.
	Judge	Biddlecome, George
Superior 3	Magistrate	Murto, Thomas A.
	Judge	Stickel, Olga H.
Superior 4	Magistrate	Murto, Thomas A.
	Judge	Wicks, Charles
Superior 5	Magistrate	Denton, David A.
	Magistrate	Murto, Thomas A.
	Judge	Bonfiglio, David
Superior 6	Magistrate	Denton, David A.
	Magistrate	Murto, Thomas A.
	Commissioner	Biddlecome, Mona
Elkhart	City Judge	Grodnik, Charles H.
Goshen	City Judge	Hess Lund, Gretchen
Nappanee	City Judge	Walter, Christopher G.

21 FAYETTE

Circuit	Judge	Butsch, Beth
Superior 1	Judge	Urdal, Ronald T.

22 FLOYD

Circuit	Judge	Cody, J. Terrence
	Magistrate	Burke, Jr., Daniel B.
Superior 1	Judge	Orth, Susan L.
	Magistrate	Burke, Jr., Daniel B.
Superior 2	Judge	Hancock, Glen G.
Superior 3	Judge	Granger, Maria D.

23 FOUNTAIN

Circuit	Judge	Henderson, Susan Orr
	Referee (SC)	Gibson, Donald F.
Attica	City Judge	Mason, Mark W.

24 FRANKLIN

Circuit 1	Judge	Cox, J. Steven
Circuit 2	Judge	Kellerman, Clay M.

25 FULTON

Circuit	Judge	Lee, A. Christopher
Superior 1	Judge	Steele, Wayne E.

26 GIBSON

Circuit	Judge	Meade, Jeffrey
Superior 1	Judge	Penrod, Earl G.

27 GRANT

Circuit	Judge	Spitzer, Mark E.
	Commissioner	Milford, John
Superior 1	Judge	Todd, Jeffrey D.
Superior 2	Judge	Kenworthy, Dana
	Referee	McLane, Brian

Superior 3	Judge	Haas, Warren
	Commissioner	Hege, Greg

Gas City	City Judge	Barker, Steven J.
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Marion	City Judge	Kocher, James F.
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28 GREENE

Circuit	Judge	Allen, Erik
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Superior 1	Judge	Martin, Dena Benham
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29 HAMILTON

Circuit	Judge	Felix, Paul A.
	Magistrate	Najjar, David K.
	Commissioner	Ruetz, Todd L.

Superior 1	Judge	Nation, Steven R.
	Magistrate	Najjar, David K.
	Commissioner	Ruetz, Todd L.

Superior 2	Judge	Pfleging, Daniel J.
	Magistrate	Najjar, David K.
	Magistrate	Greenaway, William

Superior 3	Judge	Hughes, William J.
	Magistrate	Najjar, David K.
	Magistrate	Greenaway, William

Superior 4	Judge	Campbell, J. Richard
	Magistrate	Najjar, David K.
	Magistrate	Greenaway, William

Superior 5	Judge	Sturtevant, Wayne, A.
	Magistrate	Najjar, David K.
	Magistrate	Greenaway, William

Superior 6	Judge	Bardach, Gail Z.
	Magistrate	Najjar, David K.

Carmel	City Judge	Poindexter, Brian
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Noblesville	City Judge	Caldwell, Gregory L.
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30 HANCOCK

Circuit	Judge	Culver, Richard D.
	Commissioner	Sirk, R. Scott
Superior 1	Judge	Snow, Terry K.
	Commissioner	Sirk, R. Scott
Superior 2	Judge	Marshall, Dan E.
	Commissioner	Sirk, R. Scott

31 HARRISON

Circuit	Judge	Evans, John
	Referee	Swarens, Elizabeth
Superior 1	Judge	Davis, Roger D.

32 HENDRICKS

Circuit	Judge	Boles, Jeffrey V.
Superior 1	Judge	Freese, Robert W.
Superior 2	Judge	Coleman, David H.
Superior 3	Judge	Love, Karen M.
Superior 4	Judge	Smith, Mark A.
Superior 5	Judge	Lemay-Luken, Stephenie
Brownsburg	Town Judge	Hostetter, Charles E.
Plainfield	Town Judge	Spencer, James D.
Avon	Town Judge	Owen, Maureen T.

33 HENRY

Circuit	Judge	Willis, Mary G.
	Commissioner	Payne, Richard
Superior 1	Judge	Peyton, Michael D.
	Commissioner	O'Neal, Lyn W.
Superior 2	Judge	Witham, Bob A.
New Castle	City Judge	Hamilton, Donald E.
Knightstown	Town Judge	Butler, Lewis Hayden

34 HOWARD

Circuit	Judge	Murray, Lynn
	Referee (Juv.)	May, Erik
Superior 1	Judge	Menges Jr., William C.
Superior 2	Judge	Parry, Brant
Superior 3	Judge	Tate, Douglas A.
Superior 4	Judge	Hopkins, George A.

35 HUNTINGTON

Circuit	Judge	Hakes, Thomas M.
	Referee	Newton, Jennifer
Superior 1	Judge	Heffelfinger, Jeffrey R.
	Referee	Newton, Jennifer
Roanoke	Town Judge	Turpin, Bobby G.

36 JACKSON

Circuit	Judge	Vance, William E.
	Referee	Nierman, Jeffrey
Superior 1	Judge	Markel III, Bruce S.
	Referee	Nierman, Jeffrey
Superior 2	Judge	MacTavish, Bruce A.
	Referee	Nierman, Jeffrey

37 JASPER

Circuit	Judge	Potter, John D.
Superior 1	Judge	Ahler, James R.
DeMotte	Town Judge	Osborn, Gregory

38 JAY

Circuit	Judge	Hutchison, Brian D.
Superior 1	Judge	Ludy Jr., Max C.
Dunkirk	City Judge	Phillips, II, Tommy D.

Portland	City Judge	Gillespie, Donald
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39 JEFFERSON

Circuit	Judge	Todd, Ted R.
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Superior 1	Judge	Frazier, Alison, T.
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40 JENNINGS

Circuit	Judge	Webster, Jonathan W.
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Superior 1	Judge	Smith, Gary L.
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41 JOHNSON

Circuit	Judge	Loyd, K. Mark
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Magistrate	Clark, Marla K.
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Magistrate	Tandy, Richard L.
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Superior 1	Judge	Barton, Kevin
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Magistrate	Tandy, Richard L.
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Superior 2	Judge	Emkes, Cynthia S.
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Superior 3	Judge	Hamner, Lance D.
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Magistrate	Tandy, Richard L.
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Franklin	City Judge	Schafstall, Robert D.
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Greenwood	City Judge	Gregory, Lewis L.
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42 KNOX

Circuit	Judge	Gregg, Sherry B.
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Superior 1	Judge	Crowley, W. Timothy
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Superior 2	Judge	Osborne, Jim R.
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Bicknell	City Judge	Byrer, Gary
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43 KOSCIUSKO

Circuit	Judge	Reed, Rex L.
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Superior 1	Judge	Huffer, Duane G.
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Superior 2	Judge	Jarrette, James C.
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Superior 3	Judge	Sutton, Joe V.
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44 LAGRANGE

Circuit	Judge	VanDerbeck, J. Scott
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Superior 1	Judge	Brown, George E.
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45 LAKE

Circuit	Judge	Paras, George
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Magistrate	Williamson, Cheryl
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Magistrate	Vann, Robert G.
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Superior Civil 1	Judge	Schneider, Diane Kavadias
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Commissioner	Stepanovich, Donald
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Superior Civil 2	Judge	Hawkins, Calvin
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Commissioner	Rivera, Itsia D.
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Superior Civil 3	Judge	Tavitas, Elizabeth F.
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Magistrate	Raduenz, Nanette K.
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Magistrate	Hill, Kristen D.
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Superior Civil 4	Judge	Svetanoff, Gerald N.
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Commissioner	Matuga, Joseph
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Commissioner	Stepanovich, Donald
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Superior Civil 5	Judge	Davis, William E.
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Superior Civil 6	Judge	Pera, John R.
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Superior Civil 7	Judge	Dywan, Jeffery, J.
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Superior Juvenile	Judge	Bonaventura, Mary Beth
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Magistrate	Wilson, Terry
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Magistrate	Miller, Jeffrey
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Magistrate	Commons, Glenn D.
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Magistrate	Peller, Charlotte Ann
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Magistrate	Sedia, John M.
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Magistrate	Garza, Katherine
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Referee	Gruett, Matthew B.
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Superior County 1	Judge	Schiralli, Nicholas, J.
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Magistrate	Somers, Tammy
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Superior County 2	Judge	Moss, Sheila M.
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	Magistrate	Belzeski, Kathleen
Superior County 3	Judge	Cantrell, Julie N.
	Magistrate	Pagano, Michael N.
	Referee	Boling, R. Jeffrey
Superior County 4	Judge	Villalpando, Jesse M.
	Referee	Likens, Ann P.
Superior Criminal 1	Judge	Vasquez, Salvador
	Magistrate	Sullivan, Kathleen Ann
	Magistrate	Bokota, Natalie
Superior Criminal 2	Judge	Murray, Clarence D.
	Magistrate	Sullivan, Kathleen Ann
	Magistrate	Bokota, Natalie
Superior Criminal 3	Judge	Boswell, Diane Ross
	Magistrate	Sullivan, Kathleen Ann
	Magistrate	Bokota, Natalie
Superior Criminal 4	Judge	Stefaniak, Jr., Thomas P.
	Magistrate	Sullivan, Kathleen Ann
	Magistrate	Bokota, Natalie
Crown Point	City Judge	Jeffirs, Kent A.
E. Chicago	City Judge	Morris, Sonya A.
	Referee	Zougras, Elizabeth
Gary	City Judge	Monroe, Deidre, L.
	Referee	Lewis, Robert
Hammond	City Judge	Harkin, Jeffrey A.
	Referee	Kray, Gerald P.
	Referee	Foster, Nathan
Hobart	City Judge	Longer, William J.
Lake Station	City Judge	Anderson, Christopher
Whiting	City Judge	Likens, Ann P.
Merrillville	Town Judge	Jones, Gina L.
	Referee	Gielow, Chris
Schererville	Town Judge	Anderson, Kenneth L.
Lowell	Town Judge	Vanes, Thomas W.

46 LAPORTE

Circuit	Judge	Alevizos, Thomas J.
	Magistrate	Ankony, Sally A.
	Magistrate	Pawloski, Thomas G.
	Magistrate	Gettinger, Nancy L.
Superior 1	Judge	Lang, Kathleen B.
	Magistrate	Friedman, Greta
Superior 2	Judge	Stalbrink, Jr., Richard
Superior 3	Judge	Koethe, Jennifer L.
Superior 4	Judge	Boklund, William J.
	Magistrate	Pawloski, Thomas
	Magistrate	Friedman, Greta

47 LAWRENCE

Circuit	Judge	McCord, Andrea K.
	Referee	Gallagher, James
Superior 1	Judge	Robbins, Michael A.
Superior 2	Judge	Sleva, William G.

48 MADISON

Circuit	Judge	Spencer, Fredrick R.
	Commissioner	Kilmer, Joseph R.
Superior 1	Judge	Carroll, Dennis D.
	Magistrate	Clase, Stephen
	Commissioner	Shanks, II, John
	Commissioner	Anderson, James
Superior 2	Judge	Panco, G. George
	Commissioner	Brinkman, Jack L.
	Magistrate	Clase, Stephen
	Commissioner	Shanks, II, John
Superior 3	Judge	Newman, Jr., Thomas
	Magistrate	Clase, Stephen
Superior 4	Judge	Happe, David A.
Superior 5	Judge	Clem, Thomas L.

Alexandria	City Judge	Goodman, Brandy
Anderson	City Judge	Phillippe, Donald R.
Elwood	City Judge	Noone, Kyle, F.
Edgewood	Town Judge	Norrick, Scott A.
Pendleton	Town Judge	Gasparovic, George M.

49 MARION

Circuit	Judge	Rosenberg, Louis F.
	Commissioner	Lynch, Sheryl
	Commissioner	Feree, Marcia
	Commissioner	Renner, Mark
	Commissioner	Jones, Mark
	Commissioner	Kern, Marie
Superior Civil 1	Judge	Shaheed, David A.
	Magistrate	Caudill, Burnett
	Magistrate	Ransberger, Victoria
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Flowers, Shatrese
Superior Civil 2	Judge	Sosin, Theodore M.
	Magistrate	Caudill, Burnett
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Oldham, Mary Ann
	Commissioner	Johnson, Kenneth
Superior Civil 3	Judge	McCarty, Patrick L.
	Magistrate	Caudill, Burnett
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Magistrate	Rubick, Steve
Superior Civil 4	Judge	Ayers, Cynthia J.
	Magistrate	Caudill, Burnett
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Oldham, Mary Ann
	Commissioner	Shook, Deborah
Superior Civil 5	Judge	Moberly, Robyn L.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Magistrate	Mattingly, Kim
Superior Civil 6	Judge	Carroll, Thomas J.

	Magistrate	Caudill, Burnett
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Magistrate	Haile, Christopher
Superior Civil 7	Judge	Keele, Michael
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Magistrate	Ransberger, Victoria
	Commissioner	Shook, Deborah
Superior Probate	Judge	Zore, Gerald S.
	Magistrate	Turner, John Richard
	Commissioner	Batties, Mark
Superior Juvenile	Judge	Moores, Marilyn A.
	Magistrate	Jansen, Beth
	Magistrate	Stowers, Scott
	Magistrate	Chavers, Gary
	Magistrate	Bradley, Larry
	Magistrate	Gaither, Geoffrey
	Magistrate	Burleson, Diana
	Magistrate	Gaughan, Danielle
	Magistrate	Cartmel, Julianne
	Magistrate	Deppert, Gael
Superior Civil 10	Judge	Dreyer, David J.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Boyce, John J.
Superior Civil 11	Judge	Hanley, John F.
	Magistrate	Haile, Christopher
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
Superior Civil 12	Judge	Welch, Heather A.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Marchal, Jeffrey L.
Superior Civil 13	Judge	Oakes, Timothy W.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
Superior Civil 14	Judge	Reid, S.K.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Magistrate	Mattingly, Kim
Superior Criminal 1	Judge	Eisgruber Kurt M.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Magistrate	Rubick, Steve

Superior Criminal 2	Judge	Altice, Jr., Robert R.
	Magistrate	Barbar, Amy
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
Superior Criminal 3	Judge	Carlisle, Sheila A.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Kroh, Stan
Superior Criminal 4	Judge	Borges, Lisa F.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Kroh, Stan
Superior Criminal 5	Judge	Hawkins, Grant W.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Jones, Mark
	Commissioner	Klineman, Christine
Superior Criminal 6	Judge	Stoner, Mark D.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Marchal, Jeffrey L.
Superior Criminal 7	Judge	Nelson, William J.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Flowers, Shatrese
Superior Criminal 8	Judge	Collins, Barbara A.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Boyce, John
Superior Criminal 9	Judge	Rothenberg, Marc T.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Flowers, Shatrese
Superior Criminal 10	Judge	Brown, Linda E.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Magistrate	Rubick, Steve
	Commissioner	Hall, Teresa
Superior Environmental 12	Judge	Certo, David
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Kramer, Melissa
	Magistrate	Rubick, Steve

Superior Criminal 13	Judge	Young, William E.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
Superior Criminal 14	Judge	Salinas, Jose D.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Alt, John
	Commissioner	Flowers, Shatrese
	Superior Criminal 15	Judge
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Boyce, John
Superior Criminal 16	Judge	Brown, Kimberly J.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Hall, Teresa
Superior Criminal 17	Judge	Rogers, Clark H.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Kramer, Melissa
Superior Criminal 18	Judge	Hill, Reuben B.
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Oldham, MaryAnn
	Commissioner	Hall, Teresa
Superior Criminal 19	Judge	Pierson-Treacy, Rebekah
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Flowers, Shatrese
	Magistrate	Rubick, Steve
Superior Criminal 20	Judge	Eichholtz, Steven R.
	Magistrate	Jensen, Mick
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Hart, Peggy
Superior Criminal 21	Judge	Crawford, Barbara Cook
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl F.
	Commissioner	Horvath, Valerie
	Commissioner	Shook, Deborah
Superior Criminal 22	Judge	Orbison, Carol J.
	Magistrate	Barbar, Amy

	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
Superior Criminal 24	Judge	Christ-Garcia, Annie
	Magistrate	Dill, Caryl
	Commissioner	Hall, Teresa

Arrestee Processing Center

	Commissioner	Hooper, David
	Commissioner	Broadwell, Marshelle
	Commissioner	Logsdon, Shannon
	Commissioner	Murphy, Alex
	Commissioner	Murphy, Patrick

Title IV-D Court	Commissioner	Reyome, Jason
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Center Township Small Claims	Judge	Smith-Scott, Michelle
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Decatur Township Small Claims	Judge	Fisher, Jr., William L.
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Franklin Township Small Claims	Judge	Kitley, Jr., John A.
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Lawrence Township Small Claims	Judge	Joven, James A.
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Perry Township Small Claims	Judge	Spear, Robert S.
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Pike Township Small Claims	Judge	Stephens, A. Douglas
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Warren Township Small Claims	Judge	Graves, Garland
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Washington Township Small Claims	Judge	Poore, Steven G.
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Wayne Township Small Claims	Judge	Vaughn, Danny
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Beech Grove	City Judge	Hunter, Charles W.
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50 MARSHALL

Circuit	Judge	Palmer, Curtis D.
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Superior 1	Judge	Bowen, Robert O.
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Superior 2	Judge	Colvin, Dean A.
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51 MARTIN

Circuit	Judge	Ellis, Lynne
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52 MIAMI

Circuit	Judge	Spahr, Robert A.
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Superior 1	Judge	Grund, David
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Superior 2	Judge	Banina, Daniel C.
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Peru	City Judge	Price, Jeffry
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Bunker Hill	Town Judge	Smith, Melvin D.
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53 MONROE

Circuit 1	Judge	Hoff, E. Michael
	Commissioner	Raper, Bret

Circuit 2	Judge	Kellams, Marc R.
	Commissioner	Raper, Bret

Circuit 3	Judge	Todd, Kenneth G.
	Commissioner	Raper, Bret

Circuit 4	Judge	Cure, Elizabeth A.
	Commissioner	Raper, Bret

Circuit 5	Judge	Diekhoff, Mary Ellen
	Commissioner	Raper, Bret

Circuit 6	Judge	Hill, Frances
	Commissioner	Raper, Bret

Circuit 7	Judge	Galvin, Stephen R.
	Commissioner	Raper, Bret

Circuit 8	Judge	Haughton, Valeri
	Commissioner	Raper, Bret

Circuit 9	Judge	Harper, Teresa D.
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54 MONTGOMERY

Circuit	Judge	Siamas, Harry
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Superior 1	Judge	Ault, David A.
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Superior 2	Judge	Lohorn, Peggy L. Quint
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55 MORGAN

Circuit	Judge	Hanson, Matthew G.
	Magistrate	Williams, Brian H.
Superior 1	Judge	Gray, G. Thomas
	Magistrate	Williams, Brian H.
Superior 2	Judge	Burnham, Christopher L.
	Magistrate	Williams, Brian H.
Superior 3	Judge	Craney, Jane Spencer
	Magistrate	Williams, Brian H.
Martinsville	Town Judge	Peden, Mark
Mooresville	Town Judge	Leib, Susan J.

56 NEWTON

Circuit	Judge	Leach, Jeryl F.
Superior 1	Judge	Molter, Daniel J.

57 NOBLE

Circuit	Judge	Laur, G. David
Superior 1	Judge	Kirsch, Robert E.
Superior 2	Judge	Kramer, Michael J.

58 OHIO

Circuit	Judge	Humphrey, James D.
	Magistrate	Schmaltz, Kimberly

59 ORANGE

Circuit	Judge	Blanton, Larry R.
Superior 1	Judge	Cloud, R. Michael

60 OWEN

Circuit	Judge	Nardi, Frank M.
	Referee	Quillen, Lori

61 PARKE

Circuit	Judge	Swaim, Sam A.
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62 PERRY

Circuit	Judge	Goffinet, Lucy
	Magistrate	Werner, Karen

63 PIKE

Circuit	Judge	Biesterveld, Jeffrey L.
	Referee	Verkamp, Joseph

64 PORTER

Circuit	Judge	Harper, Mary R.
	Magistrate	Nemeth, Edward J.
Superior 1	Judge	Bradford, Roger V.
	Magistrate	Johnson, James A.
Superior 2	Judge	Alexa, William E.
	Magistrate	Forbes, Katherine
Superior 3	Judge	Jent, Julia M.
Superior 4	Judge	Chidester, David L.
Superior 6	Judge	Thode, Jeffrey L.

65 POSEY

Circuit	Judge	Redwine, James M.
Superior 1	Judge	Almon, Brent S.

66 PULASKI

Circuit	Judge	Shurn, Michael A.
Superior 1	Judge	Blankenship, Patrick B.

67 PUTNAM

Circuit	Judge	Headley, Matthew L.
	Commissioner	LaViolette, Diana
Superior 1	Judge	Bridges, Charles

68 RANDOLPH

Circuit	Judge	Toney, Jay L.
Superior 1	Judge	Haviza, Peter D.
Union City	City Judge	Fields, William D.
Winchester	City Judge	Coffman, David

69 RIPLEY

Circuit	Judge	Taul, Carl H.
Superior 1	Judge	Morris, James B.
Batesville	City Judge	Kellerman II, John
Versailles	Town Judge	Richmond, Cheryl A.

70 RUSH

Circuit	Judge	Northam, David E.
Superior 1	Judge	Hill, Brian D.

71 ST JOSEPH

Circuit	Judge	Gotsch, Michael G.
	Magistrate	Ambler, Larry L.
	Magistrate	Ready, David T.
Superior 1	Judge	Miller, Jane Woodward
	Magistrate	McCormick, Richard L.

	Magistrate	Steinke, Brian W.
Superior 2	Judge	Marnocha, John M.
	Magistrate	McCormick Richard L.
	Magistrate	Steinke, Brian W.
Superior 3	Judge	Frese, John J.
	Magistrate	McCormick Richard L.
	Magistrate	Steinke, Brian W.
Superior 4	Judge	Reagan, Margot F.
	Magistrate	McCormick, Richard L.
	Magistrate	Steinke, Brian W.
Superior 5	Judge	Manier, Jenny Pitts
Superior 6	Judge	Chapleau, David C.
	Magistrate	McCormick, Richard L.
	Magistrate	Steinke, Brian W.
Superior 7	Judge	Scopelitis, Michael P.
	Magistrate	McCormick, Richard L.
	Magistrate	Steinke, Brian W.
Superior 8	Judge	Chamblee, Roland W.
	Magistrate	McCormick, Richard L.
	Magistrate	Steinke, Brian W.
Probate	Judge	Nemeth, Peter J.
	Magistrate	Brueseke, Harold E.
	Magistrate	Johnston, Barbara J.
	Magistrate	Cotter, Rochelle
Walkerton	Town Judge	Chamberlin, Daniel P.

72 SCOTT

Circuit	Judge	Duvall, Roger L.
	Referee	Nierman, Jeffrey
Superior 1	Judge	Howser, Marsha
	Referee	Nierman, Jeffrey

73 SHELBY

Circuit	Judge	O'Connor, Jr., Charles D.
Superior 1	Judge	Tandy, Jack A.

Superior 2	Judge	Riggins, David
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74 SPENCER

Circuit	Judge	Dartt, Jon A.
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75 STARKE

Circuit	Judge	Hall, Kim
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	Magistrate	Calabrese, Jeanene
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Knox	City Judge	Hasnerl, Charles F.
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76 STEUBEN

Circuit	Judge	Wheat, Allen N.
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	Magistrate	Coffey, Randy
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Superior 1	Judge	Fee, William C.
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	Magistrate	Coffey, Randy
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Freemont	Town Judge	Hagerty, Martha C.
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77 SULLIVAN

Circuit	Judge	Pierson, P.J.
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	Magistrate	Mischler, Ann Smith
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Superior 1	Judge	Springer, Robert E.
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	Magistrate	Mischler, Ann Smith
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78 SWITZERLAND

Circuit	Judge	Coy, W. Gregory
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79 TIPPECANOE

Circuit	Judge	Daniel, Donald L.
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Superior 1	Judge	Williams, Randy J.
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Superior 2	Judge	Busch, Thomas H.
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	Magistrate	Graham, Faith
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	Magistrate	Wang, Norris, K.
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Superior 3	Judge	Rush, Loretta H.
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	Magistrate	Graham, Faith
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Superior 4	Judge	Donat, Gregory J.
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	Magistrate	Wang, Norris K.
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Superior 5	Judge	Meade, Les A.
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Superior 6	Judge	Morrissey, Michael A.
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	Magistrate	Wang, Norris K.
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West Lafayette	City Judge	Sobal, Lori Stein
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80 TIPTON

Circuit	Judge	Lett, Thomas R.
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	Referee	Russell, Richard
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Tipton	City Judge	Harper, Lewis D.
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Sharpville	Town Judge	Holman, Evelyn R.
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81 UNION

Circuit	Judge	Cox, Matthew R.
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82 VANDERBURGH

Circuit	Judge	Heldt, Carl A.
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	Magistrate	Fink, Kelli
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Superior 1	Judge	Kiely, David D.
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	Magistrate	Hamilton, Allen R.
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	Magistrate	Maurer, Terrell R.
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	Magistrate	Marcum, Jill
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	Magistrate	
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Superior 2	Judge	Trockman, Wayne S.
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	Magistrate	Hamilton, Allen R.
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	Magistrate	Maurer, Terrell, R.
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	Magistrate	Marcum, Jill
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Superior 3	Judge	Pigman, Robert J.
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	Magistrate	Hamilton, Allen R.
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	Magistrate	Maurer, Terrell R.
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	Magistrate	Marcrum, Jill
Superior 4	Judge	Niemeier, Brett J.
	Magistrate	Ferguson, Renee Allen
Superior 5	Judge	Lloyd, Mary Margaret
	Magistrate	Hamilton, Allen R.
	Magistrate	Maurer, Terrell R.
	Magistrate	Marcrum, Jill
Superior 6	Judge	Tomatta, Robert J.
	Magistrate	Hamilton, Allen R.
	Magistrate	Maurer, Terrell R.
	Magistrate	Marcrum, Jill
Superior 7	Judge	D'Amour, Richard
	Magistrate	Hamilton, Allen R.
	Magistrate	Maurer, Terrell R.
	Magistrate	Marcrum, Jill

83 VERMILLION

Circuit	Judge	Stengel, Bruce V.
Clinton	City Judge	Antonini, Henry L.

84 VIGO

Circuit/Superior 3	Judge	Bolk, David R.
	Magistrate	Kelly, Daniel
	Commissioner	Mullican, Sarah
Superior 1	Judge	Roach, John
	Commissioner	Mullican, Sarah
Superior 2	Judge	Adler, Phillip I.
	Commissioner	Mullican, Sarah
Superior 4	Judge	Newton, Christopher A.
Superior 5	Judge	Rader, Michael R.
Superior 6	Judge	Lewis, Michael J.
Terre Haute	City Judge	Mullican, Sarah

85 WABASH

Circuit	Judge	McCallen, III, Robert R.
Superior 1	Judge	Goff, Christopher M.
Wabash	City Judge	Roberts, Timothy A.
North Manchester	Town Judge	Gohman, Cheryl A.

86 WARREN

Circuit	Judge	Rader, John A.
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87 WARRICK

Circuit	Judge	Kelley, David O.
Superior 1	Judge	Meier, Keith
Superior 2	Judge	Aylsworth, Robert R.

88 WASHINGTON

Circuit	Judge	Medlock, Larry
Superior 1	Judge	Newkirk, Jr., Frank E.

89 WAYNE

Circuit	Judge	Kolger, David A.
	Commissioner	Williams, Charles
Superior 1	Judge	Todd, Charles K.
	Commissioner	Williams, Charles
Superior 2	Judge	Horn, Gregory A.
	Commissioner	Williams, Charles
Superior 3	Judge	Dolehanty, Darrin M.
	Commissioner	Stewart, David C.
Hagerstown	Town Judge	Bell, Susan

90 WELLS

Circuit	Judge	Kiracofe, Kenton W.
Superior 1	Judge	Goshorn, Everett E.
Bluffton	City Judge	Bate, Robert J.

91 WHITE

Circuit	Judge	Thacker, Robert W.
Superior 1	Judge	Mrzlack, Robert B.

92 WHITLEY

Circuit	Judge	Heuer, James R.
Superior 1	Judge	Fahl, Douglas

ON THE COVER. The Jennings County Courthouse in Vernon is an example of the Italianate Style of architecture which became popular in the United States in the mid-nineteenth century.

The courthouse was designed by Irish born architect Isaac Hodgson of Indianapolis, and built by Samuel Read of Vernon. Construction began in 1857 but was not totally completed until 1864.



The first all female jury in Jennings County—and reportedly the first in Indiana—found in favor of the defendant in a surety of the peace case in the Jennings Circuit Court on June 7, 1921. The case arose from an argument between neighbors about corn planting.

INDIANA SUPREME COURT



DIVISION OF STATE COURT ADMINISTRATION

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Indianapolis, IN 46204

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