Office of Judicial Administration

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To: Trial Court Judges

Circuit Clerks

From: Jeff Wiese, IOCS Deputy Director

Michelle Goodman, Supervisor

Date: June 30, 2020

RE: Updated Status of Foreclosure and Eviction proceedings with Federal Directives

and State Executive Order

IOCS has received questions related to recent Federal and State directives regarding foreclosures and evictions. To address these questions, we are providing updated overview of these documents with links to the documents. Below are some additional considerations.

## Summary of directive, executive order, and laws:

- On June 17, 2020, the <u>U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</u> extended the directives issued March 18, 2020, as follows:
  - o A moratorium on foreclosure and evictions for all FHA-insured Single-Family mortgages through August 31, 2020. This applies to the initiation of foreclosure actions and to the completion of foreclosures in process.
  - Evictions from properties secured by FHA-insured Single-Family mortgages are also suspended through August 31, 2020.
  - The deadline of first legal action and reasonable diligence timeliness are extended by 90 days from the date of expiration of the moratorium.
  - o Foreclosure and eviction suspension applies to homeowners with a Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac backed single family mortgage.
- On June 30, 2020, the Governor issued <u>Executive Order 20-33</u> provides the following:

- Prohibits filing of evictions and foreclosures on residential real estate or property as provided for in other orders, until July 31, 2020.
- Evictions for nonpayment of rent or foreclosures for nonpayment are not permitted until on or after August 1, 2020.
- o Exceptions:
  - Landlord may file an emergency eviction or possessory claim under IC 32-31-6 permitting evictions for specific immediate and serious injury, loss or damage to the property.
  - Lending Institution may file a foreclosure action for property that is vacant, abandoned, or for specific immediate and serious injury, loss or damage to the property.
- Encourage landlords and tenants to establish reasonable payment plans for past due amounts.
- o Please note: On June 24<sup>th</sup>, the Governor announced <u>rental assistance</u> <u>program</u> using CARES Act funding.
- On March 27, 2020, U.S. Congress passed the <u>Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security "CARES" Act</u>. Section 4024 places a 120-day moratorium, beginning the date of the enactment, on residential evictions from specified properties that are associated with federal subsidies or federally back mortgages.

## Guidance for Indiana Courts:

- Courts should inquire at initial hearing if the eviction property is included in an above listed moratorium.
- There are searchable tools available to litigants:
  - o HUD databases:
    - Multifamily Assisted properties: <a href="https://hudgis-hud.opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/multifamily-properties-assisted">https://hudgis-hud.opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/multifamily-properties-assisted</a>
    - FHA-insured Multifamily properties: <a href="https://hudgis-hud.opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/hud-insured-multifamily-properties">https://hudgis-hud.opendata.arcgis.com/datasets/hud-insured-multifamily-properties</a>
  - National Housing Preservation Database: https://preservationdatabase.org/
  - National Low Income Housing Coalition: <a href="https://nlihc.org/federal-moratoriums">https://nlihc.org/federal-moratoriums</a> (limited database)
  - o Fannie Mae: <a href="https://www.knowyouroptions.com/rentersresourcefinder">https://www.knowyouroptions.com/rentersresourcefinder</a>
  - o Freddie Mac: <a href="https://myhome.freddiemac.com/renting/lookup.html">https://myhome.freddiemac.com/renting/lookup.html</a>

- New Filings: The courts and clerks should continue to accept all case filings submitted. Article 1, Section 12 of the Indiana Constitution requires that "all courts shall be open; and every person, for injury done to him in his person, property, or reputation, shall have remedy by due course of law..." To implement this constitutional provision, the Indiana Supreme Court adopted Ind. Trial Rule 72 which required that "trial courts shall be deemed always open for the purpose of filing any pleading or other proper paper, of issuing and returning process and of making and directing all interlocutory motions, orders, and rules."
- Cases filed prior to the new Federal and State Directives: AR 17 approved orders provide a tolling provision and authorizes the courts to handle matters impacting individual right to liberty interests and emergency matters during the period of the orders. The ability to stay proceedings that are not emergencies is also permitted under this provision. When exercising your judicial discretion, you may want to consider, among other things, the need to protect public health and safety, the need to protect property from substantial loss of value, etc.
- The Governor's Executive Order obligates parties to continue paying rent/making mortgage payments and complying with other obligations under a tenancy or mortgage during the state of emergency. Failure to meet these obligations would be issues for future hearings on damages.