Indiana Adult Smoking

Tobacco use is the leading preventable cause of premature death and disease in the United States, causing more deaths annually than alcohol, HIV, car accidents, illegal drugs, and firearm-related incidents combined. The impact of tobacco in Indiana is staggering, costing Hoosiers 11,100 lives each year. Cigarette use among Hoosiers remains a critical problem, as Indiana is consistently included among the top states with the highest smoking prevalence.

Indiana Adult Smoking Prevalence

- About 1 in 5 Hoosier adults (21.1%) were current smokers in 2016. This was a slight but not significant increase from 20.6% in 2015.
- Indiana’s adult smoking prevalence has declined significantly from 25.6% in 2011, but it has not changed significantly since 2013.
- Historically, Indiana has ranked highly among all states in adult smoking prevalence. In 2016, Indiana had the 10th highest smoking prevalence among all states and the District of Columbia.

Quick Facts

- About 1 in 5 Indiana adults (21.1%) were current smokers in 2016.
- Smoking takes the lives of approximately 11,100 Hoosiers each year.
- Smoking costs Hoosiers an estimated $2.93 billion annually in health care costs.

Resources for Quitting Smoking

- In 2016, Indiana had the 10th highest smoking prevalence among all states and the District of Columbia.
- Indiana’s adult smoking prevalence has declined significantly since 2011.
- Most Hoosiers who smoke want to quit. Over half (56%) of Hoosier adults who smoke tried to quit in the past year.

Quick Facts

- About 1 in 5 Indiana adults (21.1%) were current smokers in 2016.
- Smoking takes the lives of approximately 11,100 Hoosiers each year.
- Smoking costs Hoosiers an estimated $2.93 billion annually in health care costs.

Since 2006, the Indiana Tobacco Quitline has helped thousands of Hoosiers who want to quit smoking.

For additional information, call 1-800-QUIT-NOW or visit www.QuitNowIndiana.com for free advice, support, and resources.

Percentage of Adults Who Currently Smoke Cigarettes,

Smoking Prevalence by Gender, Race, and Ethnicity

- In 2016, smoking prevalence was significantly higher among Indiana men (23.6%) than women (18.8%).
- Adult smoking prevalence in 2016 was slightly higher among African Americans (23.0%) than among whites (21.0%). Hispanics smoked at slightly but not significantly lower rates (17.8%) than both African Americans and whites.

Smoking Prevalence by Income and Education

- Adult smoking prevalence tends to decline as level of formal education attained and household income increase.
- In 2016, 38.1% of Hoosier adults with less than a high school education were current smokers, compared with 7.3% of college graduates.
- Among adults reporting an annual household income of less than $15,000, 38.5% were current smokers in 2016, compared with 10.3% of those earning $75,000 or more.
Indiana Adult Smoking

Cigarette Consumption

In addition to smoking prevalence, cigarette consumption is an indicator of smoking behavior. Between state fiscal years 2001 and 2017, Indiana cigarette sales declined from 113.9 packs per capita to 62.6 packs per capita.

![Indiana Per Capita Cigarette Pack Sales, SFY 2001-2017](image)

**Indiana Per Capita Cigarette Pack Sales, SFY 2001-2017, Indiana Department of Revenue**

Costs of Smoking in Indiana

- Tobacco use is the leading preventable cause of death in Indiana, claiming more than 11,100 lives each year.³
- Smoking costs Hoosiers approximately $2.93 billion annually in health care costs and an estimated $3.17 billion in lost productivity.³,⁶

Smoking Cessation

Most Hoosier adults who smoke (69.6%) want to quit smoking.⁷ Furthermore, in 2016 over half (56.0%) of Hoosier adults who smoke tried to quit in the past year.⁴ For Hoosiers interested in quitting cigarettes or any other form of tobacco, the Indiana Tobacco Quitline provides free advice, support, and resources. Tobacco users interested in quitting may access these services by calling 1-800-QUIT-NOW or visiting [www.QuitNowIndiana.com](http://www.QuitNowIndiana.com).

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⁹ Indiana Adult Tobacco Survey, 2015.

* Beginning in 2011, there were changes to the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS). The health behavior survey, conducted in all 50 states, is using an updated data collection and analysis technique that accounts for cell phone only households as part of the sample. Due to these changes, it is not possible to compare the 2011-2016 prevalence estimates to previous smoking rates; however, the new methodology provides prevalence estimates that more accurately reflect the current rate of smoking in Indiana than estimates published in prior years.

Updated 9/22/2017