FHWA-Indiana Environmental Document CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION / ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FORM GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

Road	No./County:	SR 26, Tipped	anoe County					
Desig	nation Number(s):	1900333						
Proje Descr	ct ription/Termini:	Goose Creek	re Replacement with Bridge, SR 26, 4.98 miles west of US 52/231 over in Tippecanoe County. The project extends 825 feet west and 200 feet ructure center, from station 230+75.00 to station 241+00.00.					
X	Categorical Exclusion	, Level 2 – Req	uired Signatories: I	NDOT DE and	/or INDOT ESD			
	Categorical Exclusion	, Level 3 – Req	uired Signatories: I	NDOT ESD				
	Categorical Exclusion, Level 4 – Required Signatories: INDOT ESD and FHWA							
	Environmental Assess	ment (EA) – Re	equired Signatories	: INDOT ESD	and FHWA			
	Additional Investigation (AI) – The proposed action included a design change from the original approved environmental document. Required Signatories must include the appropriate environmental approval authority							
Appro	val							
	INDO	DE Signature ar	d Date	11	NDOT ESD Signature and Date			
	FHV	/A Signature and	Date					
Releas	se for Public Involvem	ent	R ZK INDOT DE Initials	January 3, 30				
			INDO DE Initiais	and Date	INDOT ESD Initials and Date			
Certifi	cation of Public Invol	vement						
			INDO	OT Consultant S	Services Signature and Date			
INDOT DE/ESD Reviewer Signature and Date:			Bagn	-Thill	January 3, 2023			

Rachel Pluckebaum and Kirk Roth, Corradino, LLC

Name and Organization of CE/EA Preparer:

County	Tippecanoe County	_ Route	SR 26	De	s. No.	1900333	
	er to the most current IND on of this form.	OT CE Manual, guida	nce language, ai	nd other ESD resource	es for furti	her guidanc	e regarding
		<u> Part I – I</u>	Public Inve	<u>olvement</u>			
	ral action requires some le elopment process. The lev						
If N	pes the project have a hist No, then: Opportunity for a Public H	.	under the Histor		'es [No X	
	earing is required for all his	storic bridges process	ed under the His	toric Bridges Program	matic Agı	reement bei	ween INDOT,
	at public involvement active				esidents ((i.e. notice d	of entry),
Notice of I the projec	Entry letters were mailed to and that individuals resentry letter is included in A	to potentially affected ponsible for land surv	property owners	near the project area			
Developm comments	ces Meet ct will meet the minimum lent Public Involvement Pl s and/or request a public hent for public involvement	rocedures Manual wh nearing. Therefore, a	ich requires the egal notice will a	project sponsor to offe appear in a local public	er the pub cation cor	olic an oppo ntingent upo	ortunity to submit on the release of
	Controversy on En blic controversy concernin apacts.			mpacts, including wha	t is being	done durin	g the project to
No Contro At this time	versy e, there is not substantial	public controversy cor	ncerning impacts	to the community or t	o natural	resources.	
<u>Par</u>	t II - General Pro	oject Identific	ation, Des	cription, and	<u>Desig</u>	<u>ın Infor</u>	mation
Sponsor o	of the Project:	Indiana Departmer	nt of Transportati	on (INDOT)	NDOT	District:	Crawfordsville
Local Nam	ne of the Facility:	SR 26					
Fu	nding Source (<i>mark all th</i>	at apply): Fede	eral X Stat	e X Local	Other*		
*If	other is selected, please i	dentify the funding so	urce:				
PURPOS	SE AND NEED:						
	hould describe the specific objective of the project. T						hould describe
at the inle	for this project is due to the side of the structure. To cour at both ends of the still fill slopes make access	he north ends of bot ructure. There is drift	h boxes have th build up on a ste	e last segment disco el H-piling debris wall	nnected. at the no	There is barth end of the	ank erosion and ne structure. The
This is	page 2 of 21 Project na	ame: SR 26 Sma	ıll Structure Proje	ect	Date:	Decemb	per 13, 2022

	mulana Department of Transportation								
County	Tippecanoe Cou	nty	Route	SR 26		Des. No.	1900333		
	lition) on a scale fretails (Appendix I-4		condition) to 9 (excellent c	condition). See the cu	ulvert inspection	n report dated May 13, 2021,		
	Purpose The purpose of this project is to provide a structure with a condition rating of good or better (7 or above) and to improve access for naintenance and inspection at the culvert's inlet.								
PROJEC	PROJECT DESCRIPTION (PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE):								
County:	Tippecanoe		Mun	icipality:	N/A				
Limits of P	roposed Work:	825 feet to	the west and 20	0 feet to the	e east of the centerling	ne of the structi	ıre		
Total Work	Length:	0.18	Mile(s)		Total Work Area:	6.5	_ Acre(s)		
If y	Is an Interstate Access Document (IAD)¹ required? If yes, when did the FHWA provide a Determination of Engineering and Operational Acceptability? ¹ If an IAD is required; a copy of the approved CE/EA document must be submitted to the FHWA with a request for final approval of the IAD.								
current defice mpacts, and INDOT and Location The structu	Describe location of project including township, range, city, county, roads, etc. Existing conditions should include current conditions, urrent deficiencies, roadway description, surrounding features, etc. Preferred alternative should include the scope of work, anticipated impacts, and how the project will meet the Purpose and Need. Logical termini and independent utility also need discussed. INDOT and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) intend to proceed with the small structure project. Location The structure is on SR 26, 4.98 miles west of US 52/231. The project is in Shelby Township, Tippecanoe County, Indiana, in Section 7 and 18, Township 23 North, Range 5 West (Appendix B-4).								
The existing deficiencie trees. The the culvert Determination surrounding the existing the exist	Existing Conditions The existing structure is comprised of twin concrete culverts each with a 7-foot span, a 7-foot rise and a 296-foot length. Structural deficiencies include bank erosion and channel scour at both ends of the structure. There is drift build up at the north end by the trees. The north end of the culvert has H-piles placed vertically though the channel to stop the debris from clogging the entrance into the culverts and the north ends of both boxes have the last segment disconnected. As documented in the <i>Waters of the U.S. Determination Report</i> , Goose Creek flows south through the structure (Appendix F-13). The surrounding land use is rural with woods surrounding the project area. The existing SR 26 pavement section within the project area consists of one eastbound 12-foot travel lane and one westbound 12-foot travel lane with 8-foot paved shoulders. This section of SR 26 is a <i>Principal Arterial</i> .								
The prefer foot rise profession width accereplaceme quadrant of Scour protesse placed cofferdam pumparour. This project	Preferred Alternative The preferred alternative is to remove and replace the twin reinforced concrete box structures with a 291-foot long, 22-foot span, 11- foot rise precast concrete 3-sided bridge (Appendix B-7 to B-21). This alternative would involve completely removing and replacing the existing twin box culverts. The steel H-piling debris wall at the inlet will be cut 3 feet below the existing grade. A paved 16-foot width access road will be constructed down the existing fill slopes to provide future access for maintenance and inspection of the replacement structure. The 890-foot in length access road will include a truck turnaround and goes from SR 26 to the northwest quadrant of the structure. Goose Creek will be realigned to flow through the structure and debris in the channel will be removed. Scour protection (Class 2 riprap on geotextiles) will be placed at the inlet, outlet, and throughout the structure. Additionally, riprap will be placed along the sideslopes as a slope stabilization measure. Temporary dewatering measures will involve the installation of a cofferdam at the inlet and outlet of the existing structures for a pumparound and construction site dewatering. A cofferdam and comparounds will also be installed at three adjacent tributaries (Appendix B-16). This project will require 0.63 acre of permanent right-of-way (ROW). Construction limits have been reduced to only the extent necessary to meet the project's purpose and need. Impact to trees and Goose Creek have been reduced to the extent practicable.								
See Apper	ndix B-7 to B-21 fo	or the design	n plans. The exi	sting roadv	vay will be replaced	in kind, and th	e project will not change the temporarily relocated during		

County	Tippecanoe County	Route	SR 26		Des. No.	1900333				
	on to allow for the pla ental document includes i					his proposed	relocation. This			
	tenance of traffic (MOT) t be detoured via SR 55, S									
This alternative The project terms of the project t	ermini/Independent Utility native meets the project's ct demonstrates indepenects, and it would be buirmini are logical becauses B-7 to B-21).	s purpose and need by dent utility because the lit regardless of any other	e purpose of her projects	maintaining the in the area. Ther	structure's integ efore, it is a sin	grity is not ass igle and comp	sociated with any plete project. The			
OTHER A	ALTERNATIVES CON	ISIDERED:								
Do Nothin The no-buidentified above) an Arched To The 24-fo	reader for each alternative was not selected. Make a Alternative was considered by the project but does not address the light of span by 9-foot arch to the preferred alternative that to the preferred alternative was considered by 10 cm and 10 cm and 10 cm and 10 cm arch to the preferred alternative was not selected.	dered. This alternative pecause it does not primited access at the inluminative pepal structure was compared to structure	has no cost rovide a suff et side of the	meets or does no s and no environa icient structure v e structure.	t meet the Purp mental impacts. vith a condition	ose and Need However, it d rating of goo	oes not meet the d or better (7 or			
lt v lt v lt v lt v	The No Build Alternative is not feasible, prudent or practicable because (Mark all that apply): It would not correct existing capacity deficiencies; It would not correct the existing roadway geometric deficiencies; It would not correct the existing roadway geometric deficiencies; It would not correct existing deteriorated conditions and maintenance problems; or It would result in serious impacts to the motoring public and general welfare of the economy. Other (Describe):									
ROADW	AY CHARACTER:									
Name of F Functiona Current Al Design Ho	I Classification:	iple roadways, complete R 26 rincipal Arterial 304 VPD (20 264 Truck Perce 60 Legal Speed	18) Des	ate for each road ign Year ADT: 16.6% 55	way. 2,640	VPD (2044)				
Ty Pa Sh Me Sie	umber of Lanes: pe of Lanes: avement Width: houlder Width: edian Width: dewalk Width: etting: pography:	2 Single Lar 24 ft. 10 ft. 10 ft. 10 ft. 10 ft. 10 ft. 10 ft. 10 ft. 10	s	-	2 e Lane X Rura Hilly					

County	Tippecanoe C	County		Route	SR 26		-	Des. No.	. 19	00333
BRIDGES	S AND/OR SM	IALL STRU	UCTURE	(S):						
							ch bridge an	d/or small	structu	re. Include both
existing and proposed bridge(s) and/or small structure(s) in this section Structure/NBI Number(s): CV 026-079-28.10				this section.	_ Sufficiency Rating:		Culve 2021	Condition Rating 4 (poor), INDOT Culvert Inspection Report, May 13, 2021(Appendix I-4 to I-18) (Rating, Source of Information)		
			Evicting			Drono	nad	()	3,	,
Bric	dge/Structure T	VDE.	Existing Twin Reir	oforced Co	oncrete Box	Propos	st Concrete	3-Sided B	ridae	1
	mber of Spans:		I WIII IXEII	2	DITCHELE DOX	11604	1	3-Sided Di	liuge	-
	ight Restriction		N/A	ton		N/A	ton]
	ght Restrictions		N/A	ft.		N/A	ft.			
	b to Curb Widt		N/A	ft.		N/A	ft.			
	side to Outside		296	ft.		291	ft.			
	oulder Width:	, widii.	10	ft.		10	ft.			
One	didei viidiii.		10] 11.		10	j			
The existing structure (CV 026-079-28.10) is comprised of two reinforced concrete box structures with a 7-foot span, a 7-foot rise, and a 296-foot length. The project will include removing and replacing the structures. The existing structures will be replaced with a 291-foot long, 22-foot span, 11-foot rise precast concrete 3-sided bridge. Scour protection (class 2 riprap on geotextiles) will be placed at the inlet, outlet, and throughout of the structure. Goose Creek will be realigned to flow through the structure and debris in the channel will be removed. Temporary dewatering measures will involve the installation of a cofferdam at the inlet and outlet of the existing structure for a pumparound and construction site dewatering. The latest Historic Bridge Inventory (http://www.in.gov/indot/2531.htm) did not identify any historic structures at or near the project area. No additional structures are located within the project area.										
4104.1104	aditional offact		atou Witimi	uio piojo	or aroa.					
MAINTEN	ANCE OF TR	RAFFIC (M	OT) DUR	ING CO	NSTRUCTION	ON:				
Is a temporary bridge proposed? Is a temporary roadway proposed? Will the project involve the use of a detour or require a ramp closure? (describe below) Provisions will be made for access by local traffic and so posted. Provisions will be made for through-traffic dependent businesses. Provisions will be made to accommodate any local special events or festivals. Will the proposed MOT substantially change the environmental consequences of the action? Is there substantial controversy associated with the proposed method for MOT? Will the project require a sidewalk, curb ramp, and/or bicycle lane closure? (describe below) Provisions will be made for access by pedestrians and/or bicyclist and so posted (describe below). Discuss closures, detours, and/or facilities (if any) that will be provided for maintenance of traffic. Any known impacts from these										
and wetlands The MOT f	s. Discuss any or this project v	<i>pedestrian/</i> will include a	<i>bicycle clo</i> a road clos	osures. An sure durin	y local conce g constructio	<i>rns aboเ</i> n. SR 26	ut access and will be close	d traffic flo	w shou project a	Section 4(f) resources Id be detailed as well. area during construction dix B-12 to B-14).
The road of		se a tempo	rary incon	venience	to traveling	motorists	s (including	school bus	ses an	d emergency services);
This is p	page 5 of 21	Project nan	ne: S	R 26 Sma	II Structure P	roject		Da	ıte: <u>[</u>	December 13, 2022

County	County Tippecanoe County			Route _	SR 26		Des. No	. 1900333	1900333			
ESTIMA	ESTIMATED PROJECT COST AND SCHEDULE:											
Engineeri	ng: \$	480,000	(2020)	Right-of-Way:	\$ <u>100,000</u>	(2022)	Construction:	\$ <u>4,223,368</u>	(2024)			

Anticipated Start Date of Construction: Spring 2024

RIGHT OF WAY:

	Amount (acres)			
Land Use Impacts	Permanent	Temporary		
Residential	0.00	0.00		
Commercial	0.00	0.00		
Agricultural	0.00	0.00		
Woodland	0.63	0.00		
Wetlands	0.00	0.00		
Other:	N/A	N/A		
Other:	N/A	N/A		
TOTAL	0.63	0.00		

Describe both Permanent and Temporary right-of-way and describe their current use. Typical and Maximum right-of-way widths (existing and proposed) should also be discussed. Any advance acquisition, reacquisition or easements, either known or suspected, and their impacts on the environmental analysis should be discussed.

The existing ROW along the approaches to the structure is approximately 200 feet to the north and 200 feet to the south of the centerline of SR 26 (Appendix B-17).

The project requires approximately 0.63 acre of permanent ROW located in the north quadrant of the project area, which is wooded. There are woodlands adjacent to the existing travel way. The proposed ROW width will be approximately 290 feet north of the centerline on SR 26, 200 feet west and 65 feet east of the structure center. During Section 106 coordination, it was believed there would be 0.80 acre of permanent ROW, but ROW impact has been reduced since that time. No temporary ROW will be required for this project. The additional ROW is required to place scour protection measures and to construct the proposed access road at the structure's inlet.

If the scope of work or permanent or temporary ROW amounts change, the INDOT Environmental Services Division (ESD) and the INDOT District Environmental Section will be contacted immediately.

Part III - Identification and Evaluation of Impacts of the Proposed Action

SECTION A - EARLY COORDINATION:

List the date(s) coordination was sent and all resource agencies that were contacted as a part of the development of this Environmental Study. Also, include the date of their response or indicate that no response was received.

Early coordination letters were sent on December 22, 2021, unless stated otherwise below (Appendix C-2 to C-4)

<u>Agency</u>	Date Sent	Date Response Received	Appendix
USFWS Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) Portal	3/10/2022	3/10/2022	C-16 to C-28
Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)	12/22/2021	N/A	N/A
National Resource Conservation Service (NRCS)	8/31/2022	9/2/2022	C-10
Indiana Geological and Water Society (IGWS)	12/22/2021	12/22/2021	C-11 to C-13
Indiana Department of Natural Resources – Division of Fish and	12/22/2021	1/21/2022	C-5 to C-8
Wildlife (IDNR-DFW)			
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	12/22/2021	N/A	N/A

This is page 6 of 21 Project name: SR 26 Small Structure Project Date: December 13, 2022

County **Tippecanoe County** Route SR 26 Des. No. 1900333 National Park Service (NPS) 12/22/2021 N/A N/A U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) 12/22/2021 N/A N/A INDOT-Environmental Policy Manager 12/22/2021 N/A N/A **INDOT-Crawfordsville District** 12/22/2021 N/A N/A Tippecanoe County Surveyor 12/22/2021 N/A N/A Tippecanoe County Executive Director 12/22/2021 N/A N/A Tippecanoe County Soil & Water Conservation 12/22/2021 N/A N/A Area Plan Commission of Tippecanoe County (APCTC) 12/22/2021 1/12/2022 C-14 to C-15 INDOT Bat and Heritage Database Check 5/26/2021 5/27/2021 C-9 All applicable recommendations are included in the Environmental Commitments section of this CE document.

SECTION B - ECOLOGICAL RESOURCES: Presence **Impacts** Yes No Streams, Rivers, Watercourses & Other Jurisdictional Features Federal Wild and Scenic Rivers State Natural, Scenic or Recreational Rivers Nationwide Rivers Inventory (NRI) listed Outstanding Rivers List for Indiana Navigable Waterways Total stream(s) in project area: 1688 Linear feet Total impacted stream(s): 1056 Linear feet

Stream Name	Classification	Total Size in Project Area (linear feet)	Impacted linear feet	Comments (i.e. location, flow direction, likely Water of the US, appendix reference)
Goose Creek	Perennial	701	506	Project structure, flowing south, likely Water of the U.S., Appendix F-5
UNT1 to Goose Creek	Intermittent	265	250	50 feet north of the project structure, flowing west, likely Water of the U.S. Appendix F-5 to F-6
UNT2 to Goose Creek	Ephemeral	349	85	150 feet north of the project structure, flowing east, likely Water of the U.S. Appendix F-6
UNT3 to Goose Creek	Ephemeral	373	215	60 feet south of the project structure, flowing east, likely Waters of the U.S. Appendix F-7

Describe all streams, rivers, watercourses and other jurisdictional features adjacent or within the project area. Include whether or not impacts (both permanent and temporary) will occur to the features identified. Include if the streams or rivers are listed on any federal or state lists for Indiana. Include if features are likely subject to federal or state jurisdiction. Discuss measures to avoid, minimize, and mitigate if impacts will occur.

Based on the desktop review, the aerial map of the project area, and the RFI report (Appendix E-3) there are fourteen streams, rivers, watercourses or other jurisdictional features within the 0.5-mile search radius. There are four streams, rivers, watercourse or other jurisdictional features within or adjacent to the project area. That number was confirmed by the site visits on September 1 and September 14, 2021 and September 14, 2022 by Corradino, LLC.

A Waters of the U.S. Determination Report was completed for the project on September 20, 2022. Please refer to Appendix F for the Waters of the U.S. Report. It was determined that four streams within the project area are apparent Waters of the U.S. traceable to the navigable Wabash River (Appendix F-5 to F-7). Impacts to Goose Creek, UNT1 to Goose Creek, UNT2 to Goose Creek, and UNT3 to Goose Creek include scour protection (revetment riprap on geotextiles) will be placed at the inlet and outlet of the structure. Temporary dewatering measures will involve the installation of a cofferdam at the inlet and outlet of the pipes for a pumparound and construction site dewatering (Appendix B-16 and B-17). The USACE makes all final determinations regarding jurisdiction.

Goose Creek is a perennial creek that flows south through the project culvert and has an ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of approximately 16.0 feet in width and 0.25 foot in depth. The upstream drainage area is 6.037 square miles at the project location (Appendix F-5). Up to 416 linear feet of permanent and 90 linear feet of temporary impacts to Goose Creek are anticipated. Goose Creek will be realigned to flow through the structure and debris in the channel will be removed. Goose Creek is a mapped U.S.

This is page 7 of 21 Pro	oject name: SR	26 Small Structure Project	Date:	December 13, 2022

Indiana Department of Transportation									
County	Tippecanoe County	Route	SR 26	Des. No.	1900333				
Geological	Survey (USGS) blue line per	ennial stream.							
UNT1 to Goose Creek is an intermittent channel that flows west into Goose Creek approximately 50 feet north of the project structure and has an OHWM of approximately 2.0 feet wide and 0.25 feet deep. The upstream drainage area is included within the 6.037 square miles drainage basin of Goose Creek (Appendix F-5). Up to 225 linear feet of permanent and 25 linear feet of temporary impacts to UNT1 to Goose Creek are anticipated. UNT1 to Goose Creek is a mapped USGS blue line intermittent stream.									
the structu		easures will invol	ve the installation		aced at the inlet and outlet of and outlet of the pipes for a				
and has a 6.037 squa impacts to	n OHWM of approximately 9 are miles drainage basin of G	0.0 feet in width a oose Creek (Appe nticipated. UNT2 t	nd 0.75 foot in d endix F-6). Up to 2 to Goose Creek is	epth. The upstream drainag 5 linear feet of permanent ar	north of the project structure e area is included within the nd 60 linear feet of temporary ne stream but is recorded as				
the structu		easures will invol	ve the installation		and outlet of the pipes for a				
and has a 6.037 squatemporary	n OHWM of approximately 2 are miles drainage basin of	2.0 feet in width a Goose Creek (A Creek are anticipa	nd 0.25 foot in d ppendix F-7). Up ted. UNT3 to Goo	epth. The upstream drainagon to 160 linear feet of perm	south of the project structure e area is included within the nanent and 55 linear feet of JSGS blue line stream but is				
the structu		easures will invol	ve the installation		and outlet of the pipes for a				
navigable these reso design to t	There are no Federal, Wild and Scenic Rivers, State Natural, Scenic and Recreational Rivers, Outstanding Rivers for Indiana, navigable waterways or National Rivers Inventory waterways present within or adjacent to the project area. Therefore, no impacts to these resources are expected. No mitigation is expected. Impacts to jurisdictional waterways has been reduced though project design to the extent practicable while still meeting the project purpose and need. A Section 404 Permit from USACE and a Section 401 Water Quality Certification from IDEM will be required for impacts to jurisdictional streams.								
IDNR-DFW responded on January 21, 2022 (Appendix C-5 to C-8) with recommendations to avoid and minimize impacts to fish, wildlife, and botanical resources to the greatest extent possible, and compensate for impacts. The recommendations include: that a structure that allows natural substrate to form; bank stabilization measures; minimization of channel disturbance due to tree and brush removal; minimum of 6 inch riprap grade for aquatic organism habitat; sediment control at streams; do not construct any temporary runarounds, access bridges, causeways, cofferdams, diversions, or pumparounds; and avoidance of all work within the inundated part of the stream channel during the fish spawning season (April 1 through June 30).									
All applicable recommendations are included in the Environmental Commitments section of this CE document.									
	en Water Feature(s) Reservoirs Lakes			Presence Impact	S No				

Describe all open water feature(s) identified adjacent or within the project area. Include whether or not impacts (both permanent and temporary) will occur to the features identified. Include if features are likely subject to federal or state jurisdiction. Discuss measures

Retention/Detention Basin

Other: _

Storm Water Management Facilities

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County	Tippecanoe County	Route	SR 26		Des. No.	1900333			
to avoid, mii	nimize, and mitigate if ir	mpacts will occur.							
feature wit	thin the 0.5-mile searc	aerial map of the proje th radius. The site visi ures are present within o	ts on September	1 and September					
		/ 21, 2022 (Appendix C- ncluded in the Environm					eatures. All		
				Presence	_	Impacts es No			
We	etlands								
Total wetla	ınd area:	N/A Acre	e(s) Total wetla	nd area impacted	: <u>N/A</u>	Acr	re(s)		
We	etlands (Mark all that ap	oply)	<u>Documentation</u>	!	ESD A	oproval Dates			
	Wetland Determination Wetland Delineation USACE Isolated Waters	s Determination	X	S	eptember 2	20, 2020			
	OSAGE Isolated Water	S Determination					_		
	Improvements that will not result in any wetland impacts are not practicable because such avoidance would result in (Mark all that apply and explain): Substantial adverse impacts to adjacent homes, business or other improved properties; Substantially increased project costs; Unique engineering, traffic, maintenance, or safety problems; Substantial adverse social, economic, or environmental impacts, or The project not meeting the identified needs.								
will occur to		acent or within the project Include if features are li Il occur.							
Based on t 0.5-mile se September	the desktop review, the earch radius. There ard r 1 and September 14	aerial map of the project e no wetlands within of , 2021 and Septembe 2022 (Appendix F-8 an	r adjacent to the r 14, 2022 by Co	project area, wh orradino, LLC an	ich was co d a wetlan	onfirmed by the sind delineation date	ite visit on		
		y 21, 2022 (Appendix Cothe Environmental Com				s for wetlands. All	applicable		
			<u> </u>	Presence	Impa				
Tei	rrestrial Habitat			Х	Yes X	NO			
Total terres	strial habitat in project a	rea: <u>6.5</u>	Acre(s)	Total tree clearing	ng: <u>5.4</u>		Acre(s)		
Describe types of terrestrial habitat (i.e. forested, grassland, farmland, lawn, etc) adjacent or within the project area. Include whether or not impacts will occur to habitat identified. Include total terrestrial habitat impacted and total tree clearing that will occur. Discuss measure to avoid, minimize, and mitigate if impacts will occur.									
Based on area (Appendix Appendix Append	a desktop review, site endix B-3), there are w er saccharum), comme acia), eastern redbud	visits on September 1 a coodlands within the proon hackberry (Celtis o (Cercis canadensis), uisetum hyemale), and	and September 14 ject area. Domina <i>ccidentalis</i>), easte Amur honeysuck	nt species in the rn black walnut kle (<i>Lonicera m</i>	creekside (<i>Juglans r</i> aackii), Ca	area primarily inc nigra), black locus anada goldenrod	lude sugar st (<i>Robinia</i> (<i>Solidago</i>		

Date: December 13, 2022

SR 26 Small Structure Project

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County	Tippecanoe County	Route	SR 26		Des. No.	1900333	
goldenrod clearing, ar anticipated. (Schedono surrounding outlet of the IDNR-DFW mitigation if	stern redcedar (Juniperus virginia (Solidago canadensis) and tall re expected to this habitat. Distr . There is also 1.1 acre of grus arundinaceus), white clove g area is rural. The project will de project structure and along the	fescue (Schedurbance to wor rassy roadside or (Trifolium re- listurb approxin fill slopes, acc 2022 with reco tation with nat	donorus aru oded areas e habitat w epens), and nately 6.5 a ess road, and ommendatio tive species	indinaceus). App have been redu- vithin the project common danded acre of soil and 5. and truck turnarous ans regarding will s, and erosion of	roximately 5.4 acr ced to the extent parea. Dominant elion (<i>Taraxacum</i> 4 acre tree removand. Idlife passage, micontrol (Appendix	re of impact practicable species inconficinale). al is require	ts, including tree and mitigation is clude tall fescue Land use is the d at the inlet and of tree clearing,
recommend	dations are included in the Enviro	onmental Com	mitments se	ection of this CE o	document.		
Fed 	tected Species lerally Listed Bats Information for Planning and Cor Section 7 informal consultation c Section 7 formal consultation Bio	completed (IPa	C cannot be	e completed)	Yes X		No X X
Det	ermination Received for Listed E	Bats from USF\	NS:	NE	NLAA X] LAA	
1	ner Species not included in IPa Additional federal species found State species (not bird) found in	in project area					No X
Ī	ratory Birds Known usage or presence of bird State bird species based upon co		h IDNR		Yes]	No X X
pat and north occurred and Based on Tippecanoe	R coordination and species identhern long-eared bat impacts. District the determination that was rectar desktop review and the RFI of County Endangered, Threaten response letter dated January	scuss if other for eived. Discuss report (Appel ned and Rare (ederally liste if migratory ndix E-4), o (ETR) Spec	ed species were in the birds have been completed by Co cies List has been	identified. If so, inc observed and any orradino, LLC on n checked. Accord	clude consu impacts. March 18, ding to the	2022, the IDNR IDNR-DFW early
checked ar	n no presence of ETR species a e are no documented sites withir	are within the 0	.5-mile sea	rch radius. An IN	IDOT 0.5-mile bat		
species list Indiana bas species list butterfly (D	ormation was submitted through was generated on November 2 t (<i>Myotis sodalis</i>) and the feder generated from IPaC also indictional plexippus. Because the inder the Endangered Species A	2, 2022 (Appen erally threaten cated one othe e monarch but	ndix C-30 to ed northerr er species p	C-45). The project long-eared bat be corresent within the	ect is within range (NLEB) (<i>Myotis</i> a project area, the	of the fede septentrions candidate	erally endangered alis). The official species monarch
dated May (FTA), and September key was co adversely a 10, 2022 a therefore, it	qualifies for the Range-wide Pro 2016 (revised February 2018), USFWS. INDOT conducted a 1, 2021. Neither inspection ide impleted on March 10, 2022, and affect" the Indiana bat and/or the ind requested USFWS's review t was concluded they concur with eneral AMM1 – Ensure all emplo HWA/FRA/FTA (Transportation A	between FHW culvert inspect entified signs of d based on the e NLEB (Appe of the finding. A byees, and con Agencies) envir	VA, Federal tion on May f bats/birds e responses ndix C-16 to No responses voidance autractors woronmental co	Railroad Admini / 13, 2021 and C using the structus provided, it was o C-29). INDOT se was received and Minimization Marking in areas of kommitments, include	istration (FRA), Fe Corradino, LLC cor ure (Appendix I-8; I found that the pro- reviewed and verif from USFWS withi Measures (AMMs) i known or presumed uding all applicable	ederal Trans nducted a k I-3). An effe ject "may ar fied the effe in the 14-da include the d bat habita e AMMs.	sit Administration oat inspection on ect determination ffect- not likely to ect find on March ay review period; following:

Date: December 13, 2022

Project name: SR 26 Small Structure Project

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County	Tippecanoe County	Route	SR 26		Des. No.	1900333
SECTION	C – OTHER RESOURCES	}				
	nking Water Resources Wellhead Protection Area(s) Source Water Protection Area(Water Well(s) Urbanized Area Boundary Public Water System(s)	s)		<u>X</u>	Yes	No X
	he project located in the St. Jos If Yes, is the FHWA/EPA SSA If Yes, is a Groundwater Asses	MOU Applicable?			Yes	No X
	ppropriate boxes and discuss on responses and any mitigation					resource-specific
legally des	et is located in Tippecanoe Co ignated sole source aquifer in anding (MOU) is not applicab	the state of India	na. Therefore,	the FHWA/EPA/IN	IDOT Sole So	ource Aquifer Memorandum
(http://www Source Wa Soil and W 12, 2022 t Conservati withdrawal	diana Department of v.in.gov/idem/cleanwater/pages ater Area but is within a Wellhe Vater Conservation District, and hat one significant water with on District and County Surversions which prevent groundwater ons which prevent groundwater	ad Protection Are I Tippecanoe Cou draw is located no eyor provided no ot and within a d	a. Early coord inty Surveyor cear SR 26 and response. Thifferent waters!	2, 2022, by Corra- nation letters were in December 22, 2 I CR 600W (Appe e feature will not ned, and because	e sent to the A 021. The APC ndix C-14 to be affected the project v	APCTC, Tippecanoe County CTC responded on January C-15). The Soil and Water because the groundwater
	na Department of Natural Reson July 7, 2022, by Corradino,					
	a desktop review, site visits on area (Appendix B-3), no public					
	Prodplains Project located within a regular Longitudinal encroachment Transverse encroachment Homes located in floodplain wi pplicable, indicate the Floodpla	thin 1000' up/dow	nstream from p	Presence X X project	Yes X	npacts No
	/el 1 Level 2	Level 3		Level 4 X	Level 5	
Use the IDN according to during desig Based on	IR Floodway Information Portain the classification system. If earn to insure consistency with the desktop review of The Indian Information Portal 2.0 (arcgis.)	to help determine ncroachment on a e local flood plain na Department of	e potential impa flood plain wil planning. Natural Resou	acts. Include flood	olain map in a with the Loca	I Flood Plain Administrator tion Portal website (Indiana

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County Tippecanoe County	Route	SR 26		Des. No.	1900333	
a regulatory floodplain as determined fro December 22, 2021, to the Tippecanoe of floodplain administrators did not respond CE Manual, which states:	County Surveyor	and to the Tippeca	anoe Coun	ty Soil and Water (Conservation	District. These
No homes are located within the base within 1,000 feet downstream. The prop expected to substantially increase. As values; there will be no substantial chatermination of emergency service or emsubstantial.	osed structure was result, there wange in flood risk	vill have an effective will be no substants; and there will b	e capacity tial adverso be no subs	such that backwat e impacts on natu stantial increase in	er surface ele ral and bene potential fo	evations are not eficial floodplain r interruption or
			Presenc	ce .	Impacts	
Farmland						lo
Agricultural Lands Prime Farmland (per NRCS)						
Total Points (from Section VII o		006*) N/	Α			
Discuss existing farmland resources in the considered.	e project area, im	pacts that will occu	ur to farmla	and, and mitigation	and minimiz	ation measures
Based on a desktop review, a site visit on September 1 and 14, 2021 and September 14, 2022 by Corradino, LLC, the aerial map of the project area (Appendix B-3), there is no land that meets the definition of farmland under the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA). The requirements of the FPPA do not apply to this project; therefore, no impacts are expected. An early coordination letter was sent on August 31, 2022, to the NRCS. The NRCS replied on September 2, 2022 that the project would not cause a conversion of prime farmland (Appendix C-10). No alternatives other than those previously discussed in this document will be investigated without reevaluating impacts to prime farmland.						
SECTION D – CULTURAL RESOUR	RCES					
SECTION D – CULTURAL RESOUR	RCES					
Catego	RCES ory(ies) and Typ	pe(s)		INDOT Approval	Date(s)	N/A_
		pe(s)		INDOT Approval August 23, 2022	Date(s)	N/A
Catego Minor Projects PA B-6		pe(s)			Date(s)	N/A
Catego	ory(ies) and Typ	pe(s) No Adverse Effect			Date(s)	N/A
Catego Minor Projects PA B-6 Full 106 Effect Finding	ory(ies) and Typ			August 23, 2022		N/A
Categor Minor Projects PA B-6 Full 106 Effect Finding No Historic Properties Affecte Eligible and/or Listed Resource	ory(ies) and Typ	No Adverse Effect		August 23, 2022 Adverse Effect		N/A
Categor Minor Projects PA B-6 Full 106 Effect Finding No Historic Properties Affecte Eligible and/or Listed Resource	ory(ies) and Typ	No Adverse Effect		August 23, 2022 Adverse Effect		N/A
Categor Minor Projects PA B-6 Full 106 Effect Finding No Historic Properties Affecte Eligible and/or Listed Resource	ory(ies) and Typ	No Adverse Effect		August 23, 2022 Adverse Effect		N/A
Categor Minor Projects PA B-6 Full 106 Effect Finding No Historic Properties Affecte Eligible and/or Listed Resource	ory(ies) and Typ	No Adverse Effect		August 23, 2022 Adverse Effect		N/A
Categor Minor Projects PA B-6 Full 106 Effect Finding No Historic Properties Affecte Eligible and/or Listed Resource	ory(ies) and Typ	No Adverse Effect		August 23, 2022 Adverse Effect		N/A

This is page 13 of 21 Project name: SR 26 Small Structure Project Date: December 13, 2022

County	Tippecanoe C	ounty	Route	SR 26		Des. No.	1900333	
D	APE, Eligibility a 800.11 Docume Historic Propert Archaeological Archaeological	repared (mark all the and Effect Determine thation lies Report or Short Records Check and Phase Ia Survey Rephase Ic Survey Represented the survey Reserved	ation Report Assessmen	t X	8/23/22 8/03/22	Pate(s) SHPC	9/23/22 9/23/22	
	Memorandum o	f Agreement (MOA)			MOA Signature	Dates (List all s	ignatories)	
full Section local news Section 10 On Augu B, Type covers m FHWA, a individua project ta Metric, LI CRO cor No furthe	in 106, use the hear papers. Please in 106 work which must 23, 2022, the life of under the Minor actions deer and the SHPO. Will above-ground rakes place in undince (Appendix D-6 nourred with the Note appears of the state of t	adings provided. The dicate the publication of the completed at a NDOT Cultural Resources Projects Programmed appropriate for does not occur esources. INDOT (sturbed soils. An Ar Ar 10.6-acre survivers, LLC evaluation of the color of the c	e completion on date, name a later date, sources Office matic Agree coverage u adjacent to CRO review chaeological vey was exalon and concern date.	of the Section of the Section of the passuch as mited (CRO) desired the More within a determined Records (Comined, and cluded that	project falls under an ation 106 process requer(s) and the commitigation from a MOA of termined that this prendix D-2 to D-6). TMPPA, by consultation National Register-list that no above-group the and Phase 1a. In o evidence of architere are no archaed process and the reserver.	uires that a Leg ent period dead or avoidance coloject falls within the project falls in and mutual a sted or National bund concerns reconnaissance aeological depo ological concern	al Notice be publishe Iline. Include any furti- mmitments. the guidelines of Ca under Category B-6 greement between If Register-eligible dis exist (Appendix D-5 e survey were conduct sits was identified. If ns within the project	d in her stegory which NDOT, trict or). The sted by NDOT-scope.
SECTIO	N E - SECTION	N 4(f) RESOURCI	ES/ SECTION	ON 6(f) RE	ESOURCES			
Public Public Other Wildlife a Nation Nation State State Historic	ad Other Recreately owned parkely owned recreating (school, state/nately and Waterfowl Record Wildlife Refugeral Natural Lander Wildlife Area Nature Preserve Properties ligible and/or liste	on area ional forest, bikewa efuges e aark	y, etc.)	resence	Yes No			
"De m Individ	ammatic Section 4 inimis" Impact dual Section 4(f) xception included	4(f) in 23 CFR 774.13		epared				
nust be in	cluded in the app	endix and summariz	zed below. [Discuss pro	cts in the discussion be posed alternatives the 4(f) approval. Refer	at satisfy the re	quirements of Section	
This i	s page 14 of 21	Project name: _	SR 26 Smal	l Structure	Project	Date:	December 13, 202	22_

County	Tippecanoe Cour	nty	Route	SR 26		Des. No.	190033	3
funded tra parks, red	(f) of the U.S. Depa ansportation facilitie creation areas, wildl this law are conside	s unless there is r ife/waterfowl refuge	no feasibles, and N	e and prudent a	Iternative. Th	e law applies	to signification	ant publicly owned
potential Septembe	a desktop review, 4(f) resources loca er 1 and 14, 2021 ar refore, no use is exp	ted within the 0.5- nd September 14, 2	mile sea	rch radius. Acco	rding to add	itional research	h, and by	the site visits on
Se	ection 6(f) Involvem	nent			<u>Presen</u>	<u>ce</u>	Use Yes	No
Se	ection 6(f) Property	,					163	
will occur, o	ection 6(f) resources discuss the conversi	on approval.						
created to	Land and Water Co preserve, develop, chased with LWCF n	and assure access	ibility to o	utdoor recreation				
	of 6(f) properties on hese properties are I							
SECTIO	N F – Air Quality							
ls Is Is	Is the project exem If No, then: Is the project in	ost current STIP/TIF n an MPO Area?	ent or ma TIP? Plan (TP)		Yes X X	No X		
Lo	ocation in STIP:				2022-2026 \$	STIP		
Na	ame of MPO (if appli	cable):		•		-		
	ocation in TIP (if app	•		· -				
Le	evel of MSAT Analys	is required?						
Le	evel 1a Le	evel 1b Lev	rel 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5		
located. Ind	the project is listed i dicate whether the pi I TIP. Describe if a h	roject is exempt froi	m a confo	rmity determination	on. If the proje			
This is	s page 15 of 21 Pi	roject name: SR	. 26 Smal	l Structure Projec	t	Date	e: <u>Dece</u>	mber 13, 2022_

The project is part of the APCTC TIP which has been directly incorporated into the Fiscal Year (FY) 2022-2026 Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) (Appendix H-6). This project is located in Tippecanoe County which is currently in attainment for all criteria pollutants according to IDEM Air Quality Data (

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County	Tippecanoe County	Route	SR 26	Des. No.	1900333	
of the proj September	emeteries) within the 0.5-mile ect area. There are no public 1 and 14, 2021 and September 1 and during construction.	facilities within	or adjacent to the	ne project area, which was c	onfirmed by	the site visits on
	sponsibility of the project spoon that would block or limit acc	,	nool corporation	s and emergency services at	least two w	eeks prior to any
Du Do	vironmental Justice (EJ) (Pr ring the development of the pr es the project require an EJ and (ES, then: Are any EJ populations local	oject were EJ issunalysis? ated within the pro	ues identified?	impacts to EJ populations?	Yes X X	No X X
	J issues were identified during d, describe how the EJ popula	, project developn	nent. If an EJ a	nalysis was not required, disc		

EJ populations and explain your reasoning. If yes, describe actions to avoid, minimize and mitigate these effects.

Under FHWA Order 66.40.23A, FHWA and the project sponsor, as a recipient of funding from FHWA, are responsible to ensure that their programs, policies, and activities do not have a disproportionately high and adverse effect on minority or low-income populations. Per the current INDOT Categorical Exclusion Manual, an Environmental Justice (EJ) Analysis is required for any project that has two or more relocations or 0.5 acre of additional permanent right-of-way. The project will require 0.63 acre of ROW. Therefore, an EJ Analysis is required.

Potential EJ impacts are detected by locating minority and low-income populations relative to a reference population to determine if populations of EJ concern exist and whether there could be disproportionately high and adverse impacts to them. The reference population may be a county, city, or town and is called the community of comparison (COC). In this project, the COC is Tippecanoe County, Indiana. The community that overlaps the project area is called the affected community (AC). In this project, the AC is comprised of Census Tract 102.1 which encompasses the proposed ROW acquisition, and Census Tract 106 which includes an area of the project not subject to ROW acquisition. An AC has a population of concern for EJ if the population is more than 50% minority or low-income or if the low-income or minority population is 125% of the COC. Data from the 2018 and 2019 U.S. Census American Community Survey was obtained from https://data.census.gov/cedsci on July 27, 2022 by Corradino, LLC. The data collected for minority and low-income populations within the COC and AC are summarized in the below table.

The AC Census Tract 102.1 has a percent minority of 4.59% which is below 50% and is below the 125% COC threshold. The AC Census Tract 106 has a percent minority of 10.10% which is below 50% and is below the 125% COC threshold. Therefore, AC Census Tracts 102.1 and 106 do not contain a minority population of EJ concern.

The AC Census Tract 102.1 has a percent low-income of 7.37% which is below 50% and is below the 125% COC threshold. The AC Census Tract 106 has a percent low-income of 6.09% which is below 50% and is below the 125% COC threshold. Therefore, AC Census Tracts 102.1 and 106 do not contain a low-income population of EJ concern.

	COC – Tippecanoe County, Indiana	AC – Census Tract 102.1	AC – Census Tract 106
Percent Minority	23.62%	4.59%	10.10%
125% of COC	29.52%	AC < 125% COC	AC < 125% COC
EJ Population of Concern		No	No
Percent Low-Income	18.72%	7.37%	6.09%
125% of COC	23.40%	AC < 125% COC	AC < 125% COC
EJ Population of Concern		No	No

Conclusion

The census data sheets, map, and calculations can be found in Appendix I-19 to I-24. This project does not contain a minority population or low-income population of EJ. Therefore, this project is not expected to not have a disproportionately high and adverse effect on minority or low-income populations. No further EJ analysis is warranted.

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County	/ Tippecanoe County	Route S	SR 26	Des. No.	1900333
•					
	Delegation of Decade D	!			V N-
	Relocation of People, B				Yes No
	Will the proposed action r Is a BIS or CSRS required	result in the relocation of pedd?	ople, businesses	or farms?	X
	Number of relocations:	Residences: 0	Businesses:	0 Farms: 0	Other: 0
Discuss	any relocations that will or	ccur due to the project. If a E	BIS or CSRS is n	equired discuss the results	s in the discussion helow
		sses, or farms will take place			s in the discussion below.
SECTI	ON I – HAZARDOUS I	MATERIALS & REGULA	TED SUBSTA	NCES	
				Deauman	tation.
	Hazardous Materials & I	Regulated Substances (Ma	ark all that apply)	<u>Documen</u>	tation
	Red Flag Investigation (R		an an arat apply)	X	
		te Assessment (Phase I ES/			
		site Assessment (Phase II ES	SA)		
	Design/Specifications for	Remediation required?			
	Date RFI concurrence by	INDOT SAM (if applicable):	March 18, 20	122	
	Date IN Footballence by	indo i orum (ii applicabio).	March 10, 20	<i>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i>	
		l hazardous material conceri			
		pact the project area. Refer to			nal documentation (special
		Il be needed, include in discu			y Corradino, LLC and INDOT
					al concerns (hazmat sites) or
sites in	volved with regulated sub	stances were identified in or	r within 0.5-mile		er investigation for hazardous
materia	l concerns or regulated su	ubstances is not required at	this time.		
		Part IV - Permi	its and Co	mmitments	
PERM	ITS CHECKLIST				
	Permits (mark all that ap		Likely Requir	e <u></u>	
				<u> </u>	
		rs (404/Section10 Permit)			
	Nationwide Permi Regional General		X		
	Individual Permit				
	Other	(11)			
	IN Department of Enviro	onmental Management			
	(401/Rule 5)	management			
	Nationwide Permi	it (NWP)			
	Regional General	Permit (RGP)			
	Individual Permit	. ,	Х		
	Isolated Wetlands	}			
	Rule 5		X		
	Other	nl Dagauress			
	IN Department of Natura	II Kesources			

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Date: December 13, 2022

County	Tippecanoe County R	oute	SR 26	Des. No.	1900333
Pe	ermits (mark all that apply)		Likely Required		
	Construction in a Floodway		X		
	Navigable Waterway Permit				
	Other				
Mi	itigation Required		X		
US	S Coast Guard Section 9 Bridge Permit	t			
Ot	thers (Please discuss in the discussion	n belov	v)		

List the permits likely required for the project and summarize why the permits are needed, including permits designated as "Other."

Goose Creek, UNT1 to Goose Creek, UNT2 to Goose Creek, and UNT3 to Goose Creek were identified as jurisdictional waterways in the *Waters of the U.S. Determination Report*. A Section 404 Permit from USACE and a Section 401 Water Quality Certification from IDEM will be required for approximately 1056 linear feet of stream impact (826 linear feet permanent and 230 linear feet temporary).

Total disturbed area of soil will be 6.5 acres, which is above the 1.0 acre threshold for an IDEM Construction Stormwater General Permit (GSGP), formerly Rule 5 Storm Water Runoff Permit.

The upstream drainage area of Goose Creek is 6.037 square miles, and the project does not meet the rural bridge exemption; therefore, an IDNR Construction in a Floodway Permit will be required.

No public airports are within 3.8 miles of the project area and an Indiana Tall Structure Permit is not required.

Applicable recommendations provided by resource agencies are included in the *Environmental Commitments* section of this document. If permits are found to be necessary, the conditions of the permit will be requirements of the project and will supersede these recommendations.

It is the responsibility of the project sponsor to identify and obtain all required permits.

ENVIRONMENTAL COMMITMENTS

List all commitments and include the name of agency/organization requesting/requiring the commitment(s). Listed commitments should be numbered.

Firm:

- 1. If the scope of work or permanent or temporary right-of-way amounts change, INDOT Environmental Services Division (ESD) and the Crawfordsville District Design/Environmental Manager will be contacted immediately. (INDOT ESD and INDOT Crawfordsville District)
- 2. It is the responsibility of the project sponsor to notify school corporations and emergency services at least two weeks prior to any construction activity that would block or limit access. (INDOT ESD)
- 3. USFWS Bridge/Structure Assessment shall take place no earlier than two (2) years prior to the start of construction. If construction will begin after May 13, 2023, an inspection of the structure by a qualified individual, must be performed. Inspection of the structure should check for presence of bats/bat indicators and/or presence of birds. The results of the inspection must indicate no signs of bats or birds. If signs of bats or birds are documented during this inspection, the INDOT District Environmental Manager must be contacted immediately. (INDOT ESD)
- 4. The existing structure (CV 026-079-28.10) and the project's surrounding habitat is conducive for use (i.e. nests) by a bird species protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA). Prior to the start of nesting season (May 1) the structure must be inspected for birds or signs of birds. If birds or signs of birds are found during the inspection avoidance and minimization measures must be implemented prior to the start of and during the nesting season. Nests without eggs or young should be removed prior to construction during the non-nesting season (September 8 April 30) and during the nesting season if no eggs or young are present. Nests with eggs or young cannot be removed or disturbed during the nesting season (May 1 September 7). Nests with eggs or young should be screened or buffered from active construction. Details of the required procedures are outlined in the "Potential Migratory Bird on Structure" USP/RSP. (INDOT ESD)
- 5. General AMM1 Ensure all employees, and contractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of all FHWA/FRA/FTA (Transportation Agencies) environmental commitments, including all applicable AMMs. (USFWS)
- 6. Lighting AMM1 Direct temporary lighting away from suitable habitat during the active season, April 1 through September 30.

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County	Tippecanoe County	Route	SR 26	Des. No.	1900333	
	·			-		

(USFWS)

- 7. Tree AMM1 Modify all phases/aspects of the project (e.g., temporary work areas, alignments) to the extent practicable to avoid tree removal in excess of what is required to implement the project safely. (USFWS)
- 8. Tree Removal AMM2 Apply time of year restrictions when bats are not likely to be present (October 1 to March 31) for tree removal or limit tree removal to 10 or fewer trees per project at any time of year within 100 feet of existing road/rail surface and outside of documented roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors; visual emergence survey must be conducted with no bats observed. (USFWS, IDNR-DFW)
- 9. Tree Removal AMM3 Ensure tree removal is limited to that specified in project plans and ensure that contractors understand clearing limits and how they are marked in the field (e.g., install bright colored flagging/fencing prior to any tree clearing to ensure contractors stay within clearing limits). (USFWS)
- 10. Tree Removal AMM4 Do not remove documented Indiana bat or NLEB roosts that are still suitable for roosting, or trees within 0.25 miles of roosts, or documented foraging habitat any time of year. (USFWS)

For Further Consideration:

- 11. If box or pipe culverts are used, the bottoms should be buried to a minimum of 6" (or 20% of the culvert height/pipe diameter, whichever is greater up to a maximum of 2") below the stream bed elevation to allow a natural streambed to form within or under the crossing structure. Crossings should: span the entire channel width (a minimum of 1.2 times the bankfull width); maintain the natural stream substrate within the structure; have a minimum openness ratio (height width/length) of 0.25; and have stream depth and water velocities during low-flow conditions that are approximate to those in the natural stream channel. The new, replacement, or rehabbed structure should not create conditions that are less favorable for wildlife passage under the structure compared to the current conditions. (IDNR-DFW)
- 12. Riprap or other hard bank stabilization materials should be used only at the toe of the sideslopes up to the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) with the exception of areas directly under bridges for instance. The banks above the OHWM should be restored, stabilized, and revegetated using geotextiles and a mixture of grasses, sedges, wildflowers, shrubs, and trees native to Central Indiana and specifically for stream bank/floodway stabilization purposes as soon as possible upon completion. For streambed stabilization or scour protection, riprap or other stabilization materials should not be placed in the active stream channel above the existing streambed or flowline elevation unless specifically designed and installed for grade control and aquatic organism passage. This is to prevent obstructions to the movement of aquatic organisms upstream and downstream. (IDNR-DFW)
- 13. Use minimum average 6 inch graded riprap stone extended below the normal water level to provide habitat for aquatic organisms in the voids. (IDNR-DFW)
- 14. Do not construct any temporary runarounds, access bridges, causeways, cofferdams, diversions, or pumparounds. (IDNR-DFW)
- 15. Impacts to non-wetland of one (1) acre or more should be mitigated at a minimum 2:1 ratio. (IDNR-DFW)

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County Tippecanoe County Route SR 26 Des. No. 1900333

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	0	USGS Topographic Map	(B-4)
	0	Waterways and Photo Key Map	(B-5)
	0	Photo Log	(B-6)
	0	Plans	(B-7 to B-21)
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•	Appen	dix F: Water Resources	
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	0	Supporting Maps	(F-10 to F-20)
	0	Photo Log	(F-21 to F-37)
	0	Wetland Determination Data Form	(F-38 to F-39)
	0	Preliminary Jurisdictional Determination Form	(F-40 to F-43)
•	Appen	dix G: Public Involvement	
	0	Notice of Survey Letter	(G-2 to G-3)
•	Appen	dix H: Air Quality	
	0	STIP page with project listed	(H-2 to H-6)
•	Appen	dix I: Additional Studies	·
	0	Section 6(f) List	(I-2)
	0	Bridge/Structure Assessment Form	
	0	Culvert Inspection Report	
	0	Environmental Justice Memorandum	

This is page 21 of 21 Project name: SR 26 Small Structure Project Date: December 13, 2022

Appendix A

INDOT Supporting Documentation

Des. No. 1900333

Categorical Exclusion Level Thresholds

	PCE	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4 ¹
Section 106	Falls within guidelines of Minor Projects PA	"No Historic Properties Affected"	"No Adverse Effect"	-	"Adverse Effect" Or Historic Bridge involvement ²
Stream Impacts ³	No construction in waterways or water bodies	< 300 linear feet of stream impacts	≥ 300 linear feet of stream impacts	-	USACE Individual 404 Permit ⁴
Wetland Impacts ³	No adverse impacts to wetlands	< 0.1 acre	-	< 1.0 acre	≥ 1.0 acre
Right-of-way ⁵	Property acquisition for preservation only or none	< 0.5 acre	≥ 0.5 acre	-	-
Relocations ⁶	None	-	-	< 5	≥5
Threatened/Endangered Species (Species Specific Programmatic for Indiana bat & northern long eared bat)*	"No Effect", "Not likely to Adversely Affect" (With select AMMs ⁷)	"Not likely to Adversely Affect" (With any AMMs or commitments)	-	"Likely to Adversely Affect"	Project does not fall under Species Specific Programmatic ⁸
Threatened/Endangered Species (Any other species)*	Falls within guidelines of USFWS 2013 Interim Policy or "No Effect"	"Not likely to Adversely Affect"	-	-	"Likely to Adversely Affect"
Environmental Justice	No disproportionately high and adverse impacts	-	-	-	Potential ⁹
Sole Source Aquifer	No Detailed Groundwater Assessment	-	-	-	Detailed Groundwater Assessment
Floodplain	No Substantial Impacts	-	-	-	Substantial Impacts
Section 4(f) Impacts	None	ı	-	=	Any ¹⁰
Section 6(f) Impacts	None None	-	-	-	Any
Permanent Traffic Alteration	None	-	-	-	Any
Noise Analysis Required	No No	-	-	=	Yes
Air Quality Analysis Required	No	-	-	-	Yes ¹¹
 Approval Level District Env. (DE) Env. Serv. Div. (ESD) FHWA 	Concurrence by DE or ESD	DE or ESD	DE or ESD	DE and/or ESD	DE and/or ESD; and FHWA

¹ Coordinate with INDOT Environmental Services Division. INDOT will then coordinate with the appropriate FHWA Environmental Specialist.

² Any involvement with a bridge processed under the Historic Bridge Programmatic Agreement.

³ Total permanent impacts to streams (linear feet) and wetlands (acres).

⁴US Army Corps of Engineers Individual 404 Permit

⁵ Total permanent and temporary right-of-way. This does not include reacquisition of existing apparent right-of-way.

⁶ If any relocations are within an area with a known or suspected Environmental Justice (EJ) or disadvantaged population, or has greater than 5 relocations, a conversation with FHWA, through INDOT ESD, is needed to confirm NEPA classification and outreach plan for the project.

⁷ Avoidance and Mitigation Measures (AMMs) determined by the IPAC determination key to be required that are not tree AMMs, bridge AMMs, or structure AMMs.

⁸ Projects that do not fall under a Species Specific Programmatic and results in a "Likely to Adversely Affect". Other findings can be processed as a lower-level CE.

⁹ Potential for causing a disproportionately high and adverse impact.

¹⁰ Section 4(f) use resulting in an Individual, Programmatic, or *de minimis* evaluation. The only exception is a *de minimis* evaluation for historic properties (Effective January 2, 2020). If a historic property *de minimis* and no other use, mark the *None* column.

¹¹ Hot Spot Analysis and/or MSAT Quantitative Emission Analysis.

^{*} Includes the threatened/endangered species critical habitat

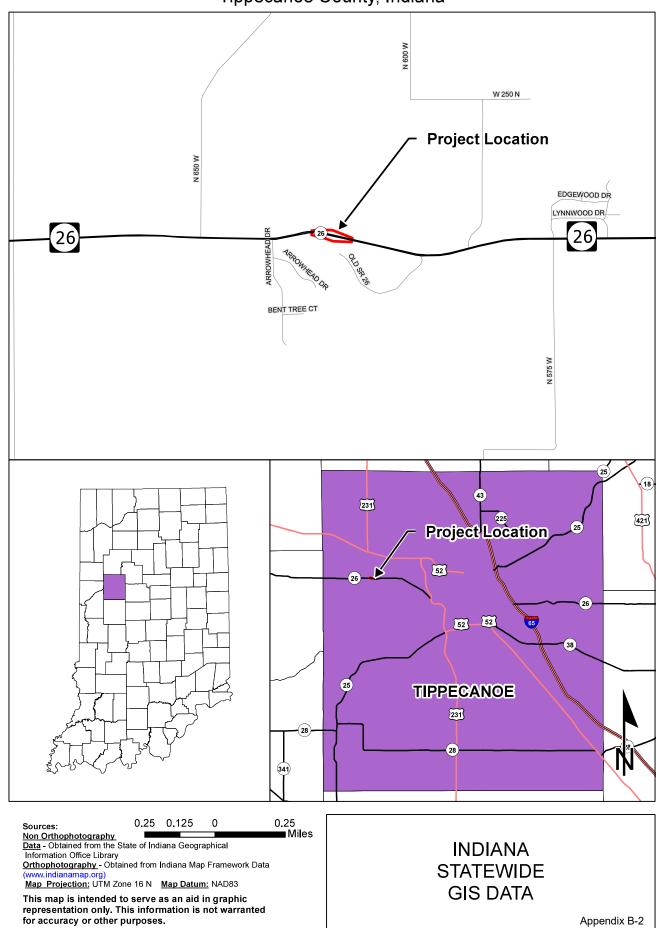
Note: Substantial public or agency controversy may require a higher-level NEPA document.

Appendix B

Graphics

Des. No. 1900333

Project Location Map SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231 Des. No. 1900333, Small Structure Replacement Tippecanoe County, Indiana



Red Flag Investigation - Aerial SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231 Des. No. 1900333, Small Structure Replacement Tippecanoe County, Indiana



Sources: 500 250 0 500

Non Orthophotography

Data - Obtained from the State of Indiana Geographical

<u>Data</u> - Obtained from the State of Indiana Geographical Information Office Library

<u>Orthophotography</u> - Obtained from Indiana Map Framework Data (www.indianamap.org)

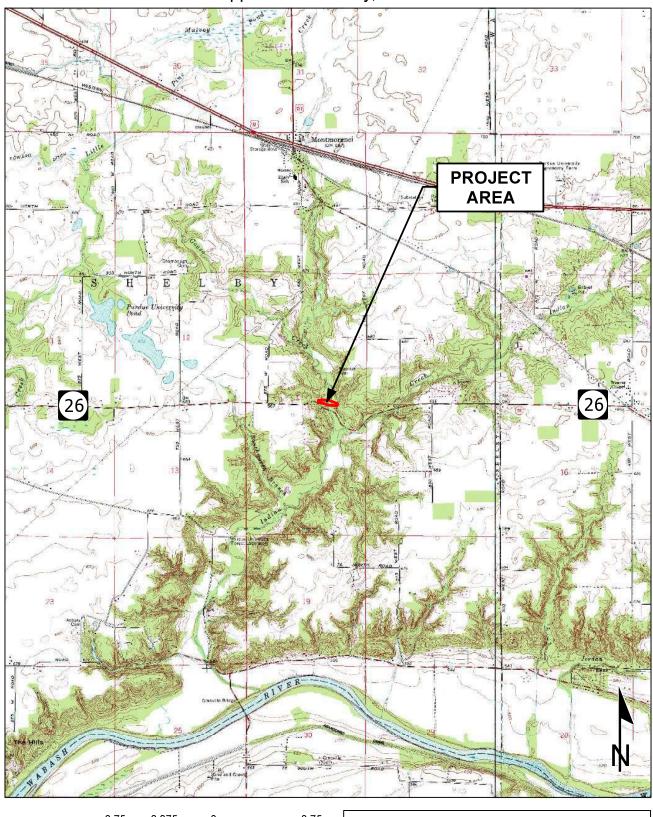
Map Projection: UTM Zone 16 N Map Datum: NAD83

This map is intended to serve as an aid in graphic representation only. This information is not warranted for accuracy or other purposes.

INDIANA STATEWIDE AERIAL IMAGERY FLOWN 2016

Appendix B-3

USGS Topographic Map SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231 Des. No. 1900333, Small Structure Replacement Tippecanoe County, Indiana



Sources: 0.75 0.375 0 0.75

Non Orthophotography

Data - Obtained from the State of Indiana Geographical
Information Office Library

Miles

Orthophotography - Obtained from Indiana Map Framework Data (www.indianamap.org)

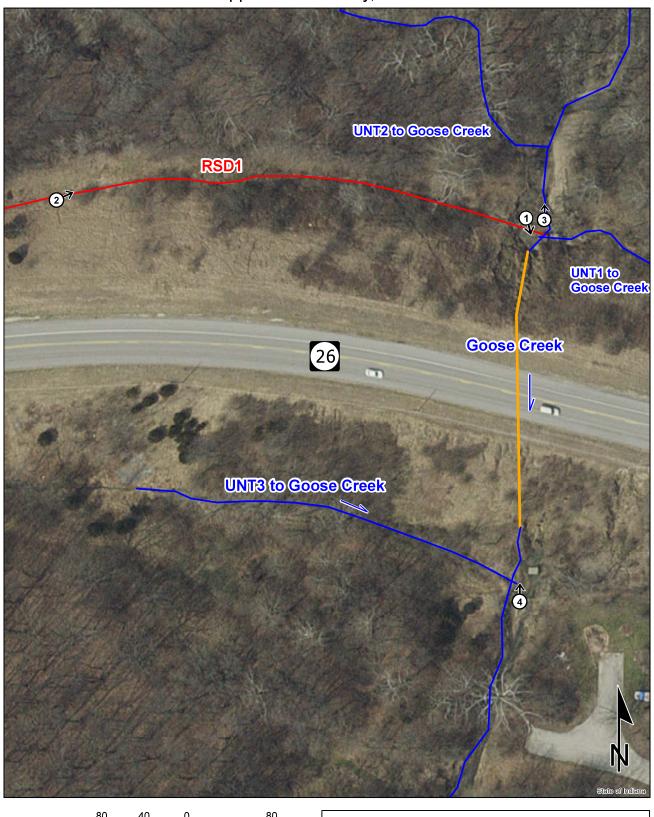
Map Projection: UTM Zone 16 N Map Datum: NAD83

This map is intended to serve as an aid in graphic representation only. This information is not warranted for accuracy or other purposes.

OTTERBEIN QUADRANGLE INDIANA 7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)

Appendix B-4

Waterways and Photo Key Map SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231 Des. No. 1900333, Small Structure Replacement Tippecanoe County, Indiana



Sources:
Non Orthophotography

Data - Obtained from the State of Indiana Geographical
Information Office Library
Orthophotography - Obtained from Indiana Map Framework Data
(www.indianamap.org)
Map Projection: UTM Zone 16 N
Map Datum: NAD83

This map is intended to some as an aid in graphic

This map is intended to serve as an aid in graphic representation only. This information is not warranted for accuracy or other purposes.



DES 1900333—Photo Log



Picture 1—DES 1900333 structure inlet; southeast view; 04 APR 2022.



Picture 2— Riprap-lined roadside ditch; northeast view; 04 APR 2022.



Picture 3—Goose Creek upstream; north view; 04 APR 2022.



Picture 4—DES 1900333 structure outlet and Goose Creek; north view; 04 APR 2022.

PROJECT	DESIGNATION
1900333	1900333
CONTRACT	BRIDGE FILE
R-42243	T,B,D,

	STRUCTUR	E INFORMAT	ION	
STRUCTURE	TYPE	SPAN AND SKEW	OVER	STATION
T.B.D.	PRECAST REINFORCED CONCRETE THREE-SIDED STRUCTURE	1 SPAN @ 22'-0" SKEW: 11°00'00"	GOOSE CREEK	© STRUCTURE 239+00.00 "PR-B"

CULVERT ASSETS		
DES. NO.	CULVERT ASSET ID	
1900333	CV 026-079-28-10	

	KIN PROJECT INFORMATION				
DESIGNATION PROJECT DESCRIPTION					
1900301	SMALL STRUCTURE PIPE LINING ON U.S. 41 OVER UNT TO MUD CREEK, 1.62 MILES SOUTH OF S.R. 18.				
1900322	SMALL STRUCTURE REPLACEMENT ON S.R. 18 OVER UNT TO GREENWOOD DITCH, 6.08 MILES EAST OF U.S. 52.				
1900333 (LEAD)	SMALL STRUCTURE REPLACEMENT WITH BRIDGE ON S.R. 26 OVER GOOSE CREEK, 4.98 MILES WEST OF U.S. 52/U.S. 231.				

STAGE 2 PLANS JULY 2022

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



BRIDGE PLANS

FOR SPANS OVER 20 FEET

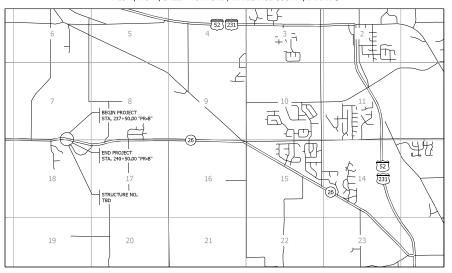
ROUTE: S.R. 26 AT: RP 28+10

PROJECT NO. 1900333 P.E.

1900333 R/W

1900333 CONST.

SMALL STRUCTURE REPLACEMENT WITH BRIDGE ON S.R. 26 OVER GOOSE CREEK, APPROXIMATELY, 49.8 MILES WEST OF U.S., 52/U.S. 231, LOCATED IN SECTIONS 7 AND 18, T-23-N, R-5-W, SHELBY TOWNSHIP, TIPPECANOE COUNTY, INDIANA,



TRAFFIC DATA	S.R. 26
A.A.D.T. (2024)	2,290 V.P.D.
A.A.D.T. (2044)	2,640 V.P.D.
D.H.V. (2044)	264 V.P.H.
DIRECTIONAL DISTRIBUTION	50%
TRUCKS	13.8% D.H.V.
	16.6% A.A.D.T.
DESIGN DATA	
DESIGN SPEED	60 M.P.H.
PROJECT DESIGN CRITERIA	3R (NON-FREEWAY)
FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION	PRINCIPAL ARTERIAL
RURAL/URBAN	RURAL
TERRAIN	ROLLING
ACCESS CONTROL	NONE



BRIDGE LENGTH:	0.004	MI.
ROADWAY LENGTH:	0.053	MI.
TOTAL LENGTH:	0.057	MI.
MAX. GRADE:	4.09	%

LATITUDE: 40°26'46" N

H.U.C. 051201080501



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS DATED 2022 TO BE USED WITH THESE PLANS.

IMMARY	PLANS PREPARED BY:	CORRADINO, LLC	317-488-2363 HONE NUMBER
ORELIMIN.	CERTIFIED BY: APPROVED FOR LETTING:		// DATE
*		INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	DATE

		BRIDGE F	TLE
		T.B.D.	
		DESIGNAT	TON
		190033	3
		SHEET	
	1	of	23
CONTRACT		PROJEC	T
R-42243		190033	3

UTILITIES TIPMONT R.E.M.C. JOSH GERMOND P.O. BOX 20 LINDEN, INDIANA 47955 765-426-6170 ELECTRIC: TIPMONT R.E.M.C., FIBER JOSH GERMOND P.O. BOX 20 LINDEN, INDIANA 47955 765-426-6170 COMMUNICATIONS: Know what's below. Call before you dig.

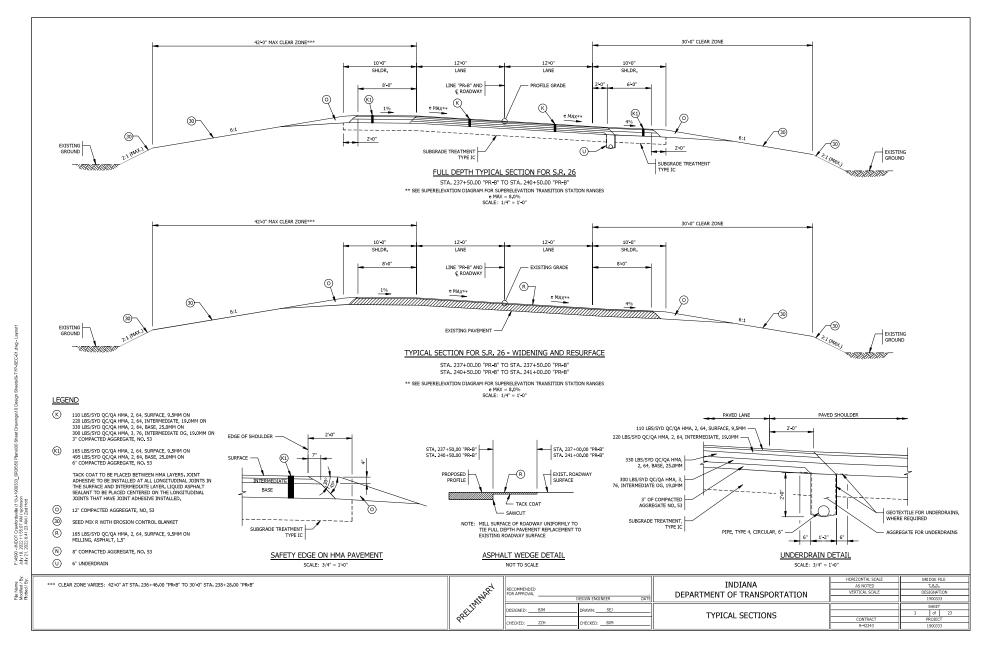
REVISIONS		
SHEET NO.	DATE	REVISED

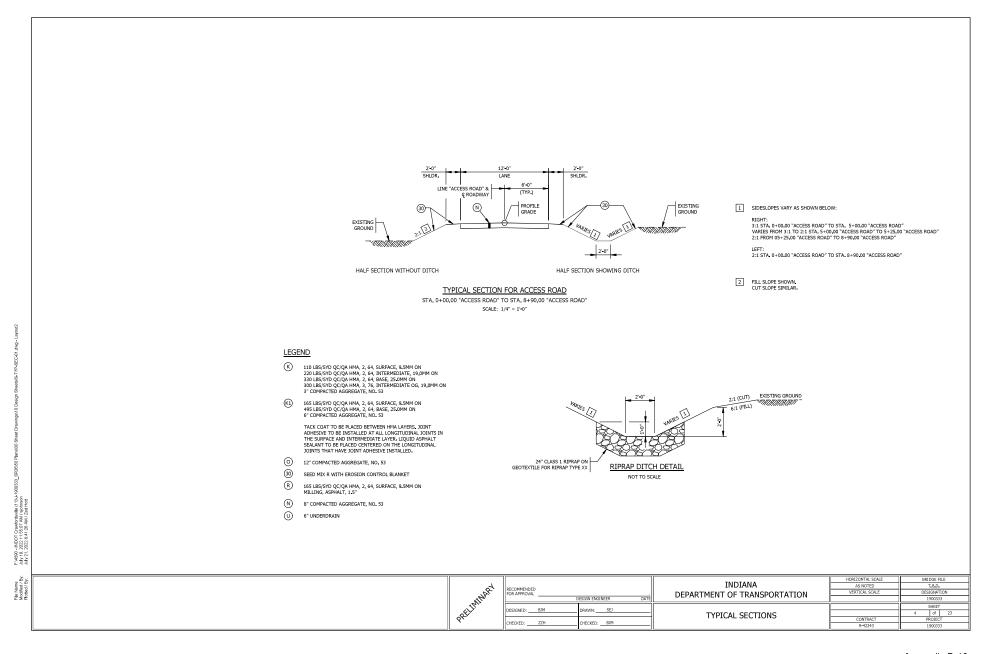
GENERAL NOTES

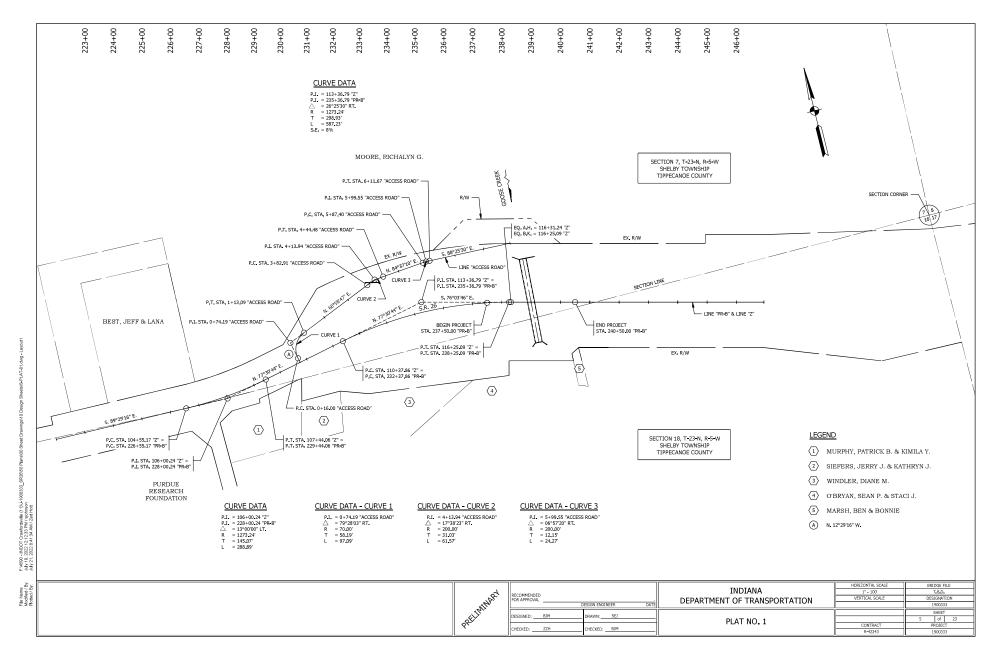
ALL EARTHEN SHOULDERS, MEDIAN AREAS, AND CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE PLAIN OR MULCH SEEDED EXCEPT WHERE SODDING IS SPECIFIED.

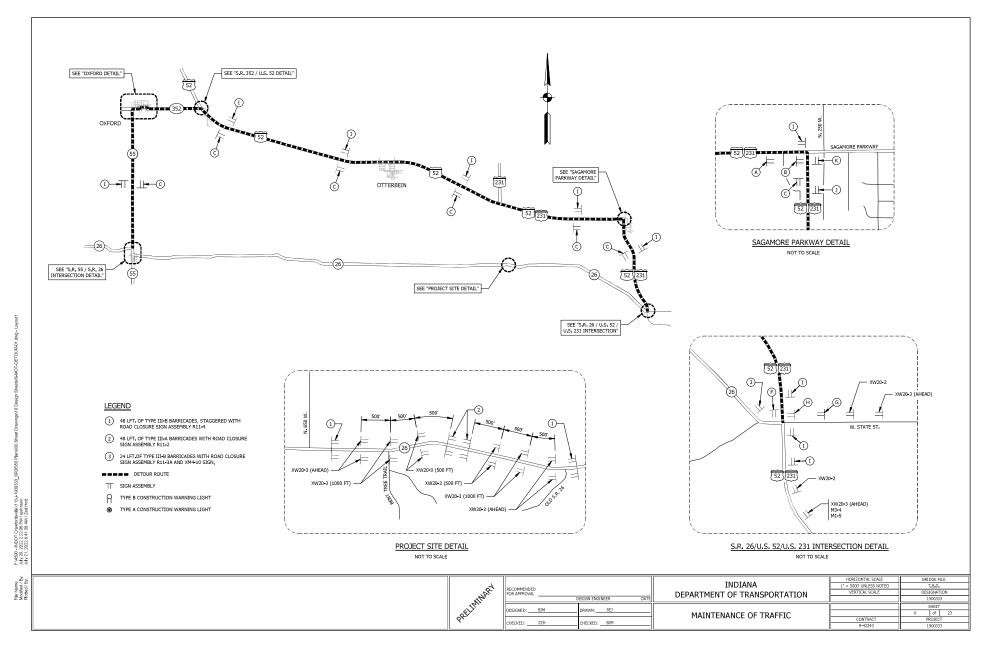
INDEX			
SHEET NO.	DESIGNATION		
1	TITLE		
2	INDEX AND GENERAL NOTES		
3 - 4	TYPICAL SECTIONS		
5	PLAT NO. 1		
6 - 8	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC		
9	PLAN AND PROFILE - LINE "PR-B"		
10	PLAN AND PROFILE - LINE "ACCESS ROAD"		
11	SUPERELEVATION DIAGRAM		
12	GENERAL PLAN		
13	SUMMARY TABLES		
14 - 23	CROSS SECTIONS		

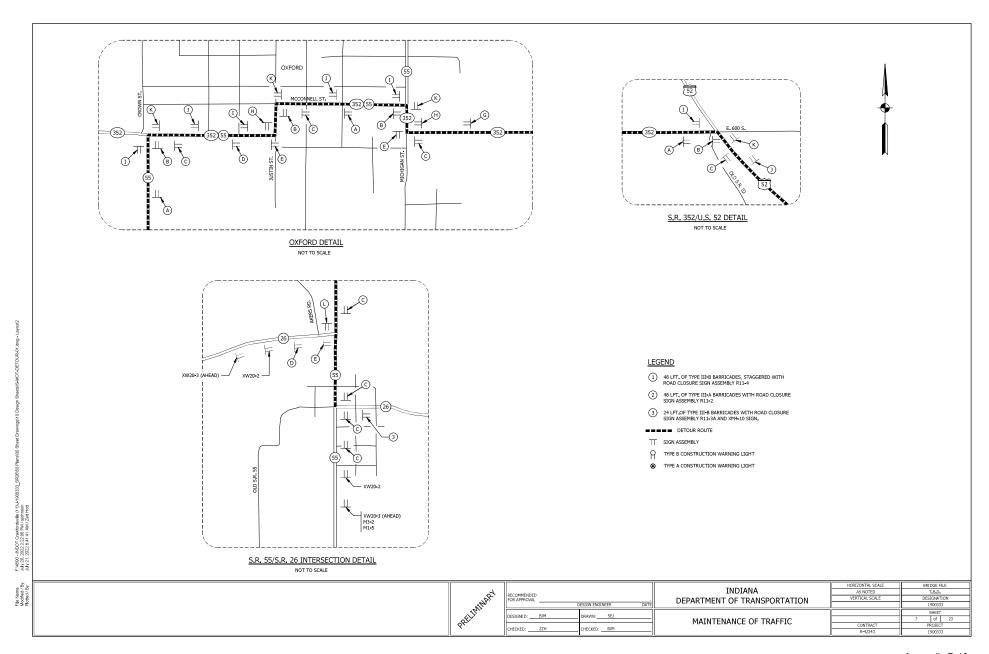
RECOMMENDED OR APPROVAL DESIGN ENGINEER DA	INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	HORIZONTAL SCALE N/A VERTICAL SCALE	BRIDGE FILE T.B.D. DESIGNATION 1900333
DESIGNED: BJM DRAWN: SEJ	INDEX AND GENERAL NOTES		2 of 23
CHECKED: ZZH CHECKED: BJM		CONTRACT R-42243	PROJECT 1900333

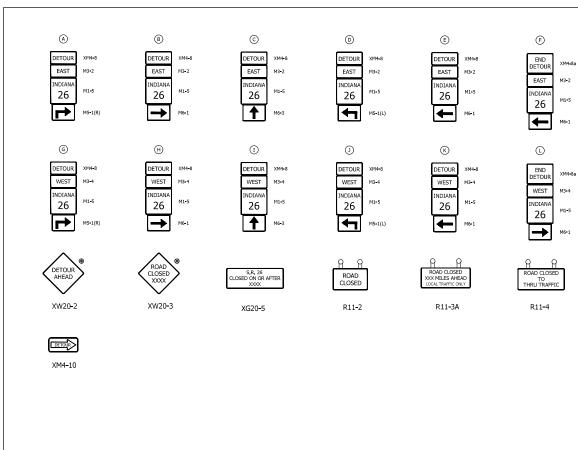












	CONSTRUCTION SIGN	SCHEDULE		
SIGN NO.	DESCRIPTION	SIZE (FT.)	TYPE	EST. QTY.
XG20-5	S.R. 26 CLOSED ON OR AFTER XX	5 X 3	A	2
XW20-2	DETOUR AHEAD	4 X 4	A	4
XW20-3	ROAD CLOSED XXXX	4 X 4	A	16
M1-5	STATE ROUTE SIGN	2.5 X 2	В	2
M3+2	CARDINAL DIRECTION (EAST)	2 X 1	В	1
M3-4	CARDINAL DIRECTION (WEST)	2 X 1	В	1
XM4-10	DETOUR (INSIDE ORANGE ARROW)	4 X 1.5	В	2
R11-2	ROAD CLOSED	4 X 2.5	-	2
R11-3A	ROAD CLOSED XX MILES	5 X 2.5	-	2
R11-4	ROAD CLOSED TO THRU TRAFFIC	5 X 2.5	-	2
TOUR POUTE MA	ARKER ASSEMBLIES: 59 REQ'D	·	TOTAL TYPE "A" SIGNS	22
PE III-A BARRIC PE III-B BARRIC	ADES: 96 LFT.		TOTAL TYPE "B" SIGNS	6

ROAD CLOSURE

- DETOUR ROUTE MARKER ASSEMBLIES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STD. DWG. 8031-TCDT-04.

 TYPE B CONSTRUCTION WARNING LIGHTS SHALL BE USED WITH ALL SIGNS LOCATED ON BARRICADES AND AS SHOWN. TYPE A CONSTRUCTION WARNING LIGHTS SHALL BE USED ON ALL OTHER CONSTRUCTION SIGNS. (NOT PAY TIENS.)
- * TWO XG20-5 SIGNS TO BE PLACED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

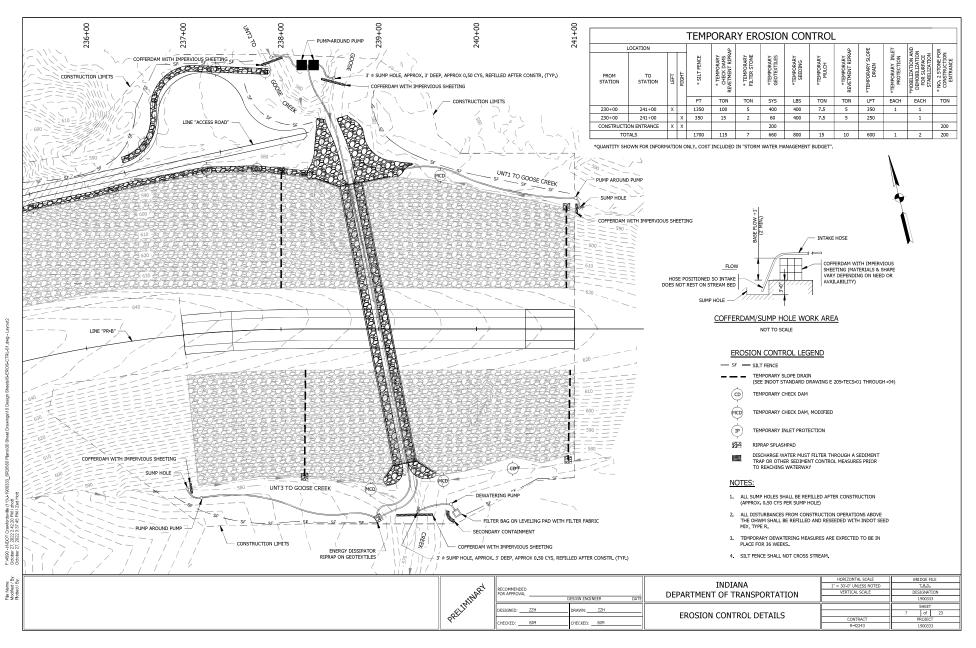
LEGEND

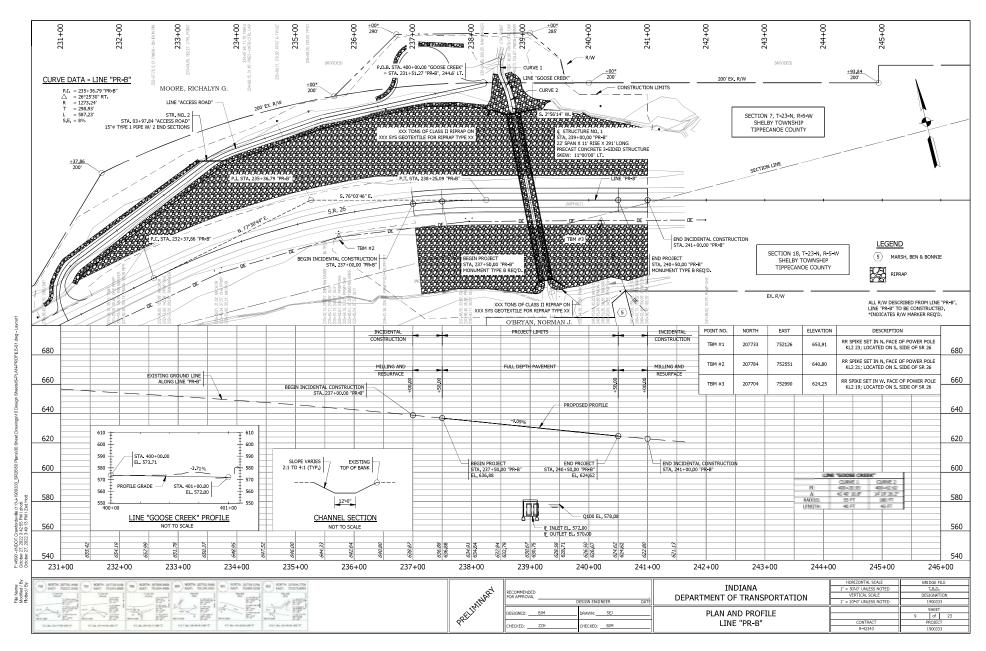
- 1 48 LFT. OF TYPE III-B BARRICADES, STAGGERED WITH ROAD CLOSURE SIGN ASSEMBLY R11-4
- 2 48 LFT. OF TYPE III A BARRICADES WITH ROAD CLOSURE SIGN ASSEMBLY R11-2
- 3 24 LFT.OF TYPE III-B BARRICADES WITH ROAD CLOSURE SIGN ASSEMBLY R11-3A AND XM4-10 SIGN.

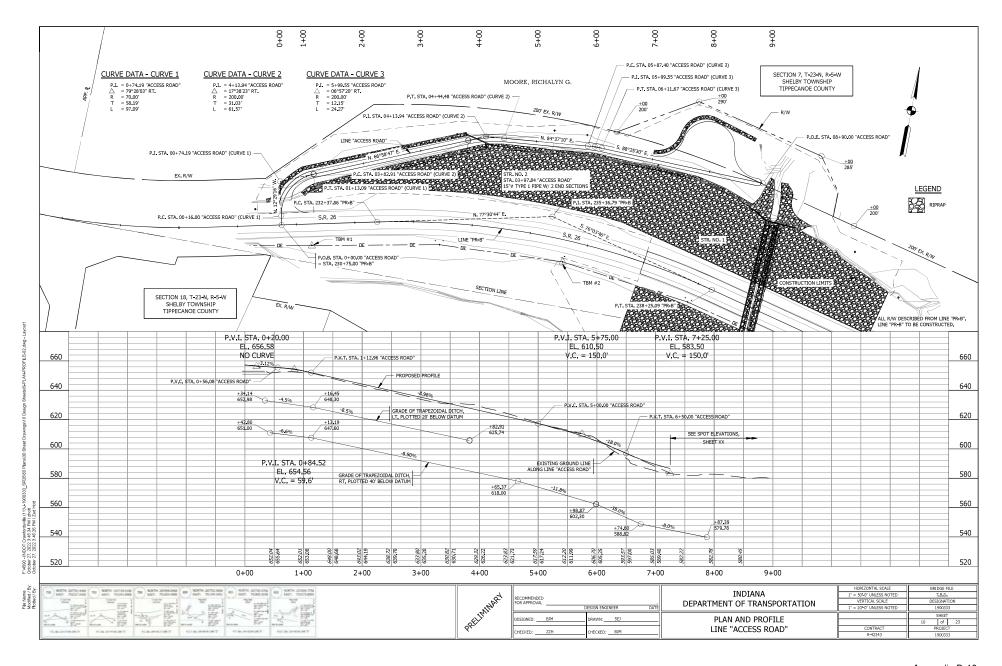
DETOUR ROUTE

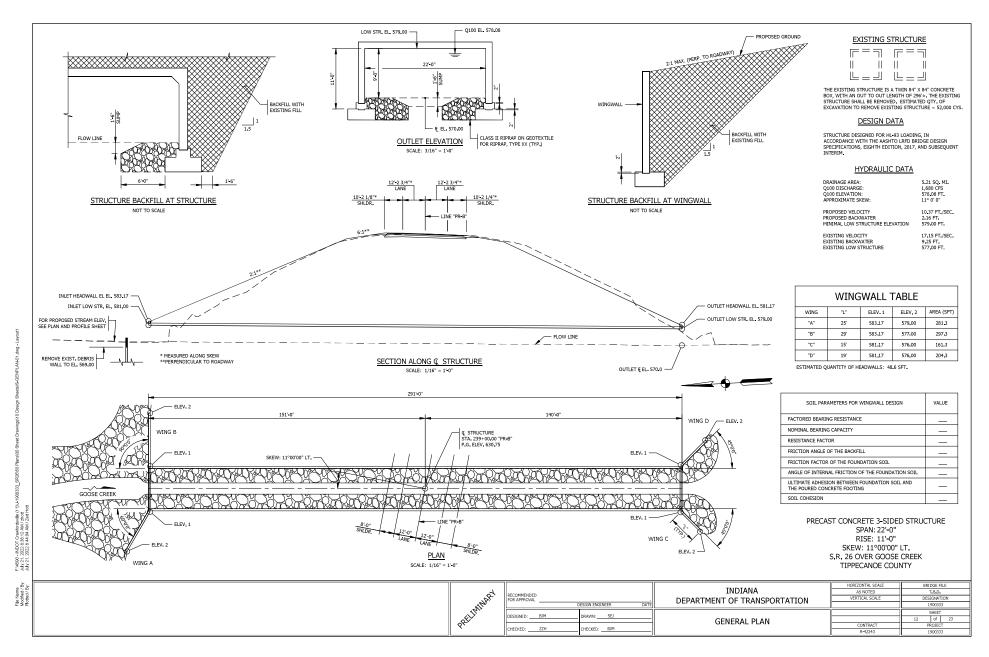
- TT SIGN ASSEMBLY
- TYPE B CONSTRUCTION WARNING LIGHT
- ★ TYPE A CONSTRUCTION WARNING LIGHT

July 20 July 21,					
Modified / By: Plotted / By:	224	RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL	INDIANA	HORIZONTAL SCALE NONE VERTICAL SCALE	BRIDGE FILE T.B.D. DESIGNATION
P Mot	ININA	DESIGN ENGINEER DATE DESIGNED: BJM DRAWN: SEJ	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		1900333 SHEET
	96 ₇	CHECKED: ZZH CHECKED: BJM	MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC	CONTRACT R-42243	8 of 23 PROJECT 1900333









											PAVE	MEN	T QUA	NTITES	AND A	PPROA	CH TA	BLE												
LOCATION	DESCRIPTION (APPROACH TYPE OR CLASS)		LENGTH	RADII in/out	ANCE BEYOND RWLINE		AGE BEY		GRADI THEI NOT S		EXGA	/ATION		180 A 2 5 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SYD VARIE	0000A HIBA, 2, 64, 25 Dmm	DENING WITH MA, TYPE B	MLT FOR TACK COAT	PACTED WE NEGATE NOS	PACTED PA	OMPACTED GGREGATE No. 53	OMPACTED GOREGATE No. 53	OMPACTED GGREGATE No. 73	ATMENT, TYPE IC	MENT, TYPE 28	NG, ASPEALT, 15"	JOINT A	DHESIVE	UID ASPHALT SEALANT	REMARKS
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		FT	FT	FT	FT	SFT	SFT	SFT	%	%	CUT	FILL	TON	TON	TON	TON	TON	TON	OYS	TON	OYS	TON	TON	5Y5	575	575	LFT	LFT	LFT	
SR (6 LINE " PIL II" LINE 'ACCESS ROAD"	CLASS V	44 12	300 890	25/25					18.0		317 1837	42 1463	124	96	142	259		ı			172	300 858		1428		445	1200	900	1200	
TOTALS											2354	1505	124	96	142	259).			172	1158		1428	0	445	1200	900	1200	

									STF	RUCT	URE	DAT	'Α															
STATION IN THE STATE OF THE STA		VIDEO INSPECTION LENGTH	NEW MAX	COVER	S 8	TREAM S	DOWN TREAM	SERVICE LIFE	SITE DESIGNATION	рН	BACKFLL METHOD	STRUCTURE BACKFLL, TYPE 1	STRUCTURE BACKFLL, TYPE 2	STRUCTURE BACKFILL,	REVETHENT RIP RAP	CLASS IRPRAP	GEOEXTLE FOR	HI490 GMUS	COMPACTED AGGREGATE, NO. 5	COMPACTED ST ASSPECATE, NO. 53	GEOEKTLE FOR	an series		SAFET METAL E SECTIO	,	COMMECT TO STR.	GULVERT ABBET ID	REMARKS
FY FY	LFT	LFT	P	r. F	Τ.	ELEV.	ELEV.	YRS	_			CYS	CYS	CY	S TO	48 TON	8 8Y8	IN.	CYS	CYS	BY) E	A. 51	OPE I	Α.	_		
1 239-90.00 PR-8" X 22 X 11 REMPONCED CONCRETE 3-SIDED BTRICTURE 1-25 TO THE PROPERTY STATES AND THE P	201 43		11 48.	82 48 10 0	34	672.00 626.70	670.00 621.39	76				4.0				148	1031	18	63	188	81	,					CV 026-079-28-10	UBE EXISTING FILL TO BACKFILL STR. EST. QTV 52,000 CVS

											U	NDER	DRAI													
20				UNDERDR	AIN PIPE										OUTLET P	PE		U.		100		UTLET P	ROTECTO			
· ·	TYPE	4 PIPE	95	ec.			8 m	75557	5 w	te:	20	w	- 2	H 1	Į į	. W	te:		7000	96	96		LOC	ATION		
UNDEPORAIN PIP	4 in	6 in	GEOTEXTILES FO UNDERDRAINS, TYPE 28	AGGREGATE FO UNDERDRAINS	HMA FOR UNDERDRAINS	SPECIAL GRADE	OW LINE ELEVATI UNDEPORAIN PIP LIMITS	OUTLET PIPE REQUIRED	NNECT UNDERDRA PE TO STRUCTUR NO	TRUCTURE INVER	45 DEGREE ELBOW REQUIRED (1 OR 2	6 in OUTLET PIP	UTLET ELEVATIO	OUTLET AT OUTLE PROTECTOR NO.	EVATION AT OUT. PROTECTOR	PE TO STRUCTUR NO	TRUCTURE INVER	B BORROW FOR STRUCTURAL BACKFILL	HMA FOR UNDERDRAINS	UTLET PROTECTO	UTLET PROTECTO TYPE	OUTSIDE LEFT	MEDIAN LEFT	MEDIAN RIGHT	OUTSIDE RIGHT	REMARKS
	ft	n	SYS	CYS	mg	%	5.00	y/n	8 =	w .	4	ft	0	0.5	_ ==	- 6	w	CYS	TON	- 0	8		. 75	22.5		
237+50.00 "PR-B", RT		300.0	252.0	27.0				N														-				CONTINUE EXISTING UNDERDRAIN
TOTALS		300.0	252.0	27.0																						

ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT
FILL + 25%	1882	CYS
COMMON EXCAVATION	2154	CYS
WATERWAY EXCAVATION	118	CYS
SURPLUS EXCAVATION (NO DIRECT PAYMENT)	0	CYS
WASTE = COMMON EX + WATERWAY EX + SURPLUS EXC (FILL + 25%)	390	CYS
BENCHING (NO DIRECT PAYMENT)	0	CYS

	LOCATION	_	=	_	6.0	65.00	₫≱	щ	шш
FRON STATION	TO STATION	LEFT	CENTER	RIGHT	LINE, THERMOPLASTI SOLID, YELLOW, IN.	LINE, THERMOPLASTIC SOLD, WHITE IN.	LINE, THERMOPLASTI BROKEN, YELLO 6 IN.	SNOMPLOWABL RAISED PVMT MARKER	SNOWPLOWABL RAISED PVMT MARKER, REMOV
237+00.00 *FR-8*	241+00.00 "PR-B"			X		400			
237+00.00 "FIL-II"	241+00.00 "PR-B"		X		400		100	10	10
237+00.00 "FR-B"	241+00.00 "PR-B"	х				400			
	TOTALS	_	_	_	400	800	100	10	10

STRUCTURE NUMBER		2
PIPE TYPE/SHAPE		1/CIR
SMOOTH PIPE SIZE		15"
CORRUGATED PIPES	ZE	
BCP	CLASS	- II
MCP	Duos RATING	1000
NON-RUNFORCED C	ONCRETE PIPE, CLASS 3 (5)	OK
CORRUGATED FE PIP	, TYPE 5 (5)	OK
RIBBED PE PIPE		
	PE (S) / MAXIMUM DR	OK/26
PROFILE WALL PVC P	PE (5)	OK
SMOOTH WALL PVC	PIPE (5)	OK
VITRIETTO CLAY PIPE	EXTRA STRENGTH (S)	OK

	RIPRAP AND SE	ED	1140	, ,	OWN	MKT I			-	
FROM STATION	TO STATION	LEFT	MEDIAN	RIGHT	LENGTH	FERTLØER	SEED MIXTURE, R	EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	RIPRAP, CLASS 1	GEOTEXTILE FOR RIPRAP, TYPE 18
			_		LFT	TON	LB5	575	TON	5Y5
237+00.00 "PR-B"	241+00.00 "PR-B"	×	_	X	400	1.0	513	12080		
0+00.00 "ACCESS ROAD"	08+(0.00 "ACCESS ROAD"	Х		×	890	1.0	513	12000	1012	1422
	TOTALS		_	_		1.0	513	12080	1012	1422

MONUMENT SUI	MM/	۱R۱	/ T/	ABLE	
LOCATION					. 85
STATION	OFFSET	LEFT	RIGHT	ONUMENT TYPE B	RIGHT-OF- AY MARKS
	FT	1	_	•	- 8
237+50.00 "PR-II", DLOIN PROJECT				X	
240+50.00 "PR-B", END PROJECT				Х	
236+00.00 "PR-D"	200	Х			X
237+00.00 "PR-B"	200	X			X
239+00.00 "PR-0"	285	X			X
240+00.00 "PR-B"	200	Х			X
TOTALS		_	_	2	4

1 2g
PREIMMARY
PREL

TNIDTANIA	HORIZONTAL SCALE	BRIDGE FILE
INDIANA		T.B.D.
DEDARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	VERTICAL SCALE	DESIGNATION
DEFARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		1900333
		SHEET
DUVD CHWWYDA		13 of 23
KOAD SOMMAKI	CONTRACT	PROJECT
	R-42243	1900333
	INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ROAD SUMMARY	INDIANA NOIE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION ROAD SUMMARY CONTRACT

Appendix C

Early Coordination

Des. No. 1900333

December 22, 2021

Indiana Department of Transportation Crawfordsville District 41 West 300 North Crawfordsville, IN 47901

Re: Designation Number.: 1900333, SR 26 Small Structure Project Over Goose Creek,

Tippecanoe County, Indiana

Environmental Early Coordination

Dear Environmental Coordinator:

The Indiana Department of Transportation, with federal funding, intends to proceed with a project involving the small structure in Tippecanoe County. This letter is part of the early coordination phase of the environmental review process. We are requestioning comments from your area of expertise regarding any possible environmental effects associated with this project. **Please use the above designation numbers and description in your reply**. We will incorporate your comments into a study of the project's environmental impacts.

This project is located on SR 26, 4.98 miles west of US 52/US 231, in Tippecanoe County, Indiana. This section of SR 52 is a *Principal Arterial*. The existing SR 26 consists of one 12 foot lane in each direction with 10 foot wide shoulders on each side of the roadway. The existing small structure is a pair of 7 foot by 7 foot reinforced concrete box structures. The draft need is due to the deterioration of the structure rating 4 (poor condition) out of 9 (excellent condition). The draft purpose is to have a structure with a condition rating of at least 7 (good condition) out of 9. The approximate existing right-of-way is 200 feet on each side of the centerline throughout the project.

The proposed project is anticipated to replace the small structure over a tributary to Goose Creek. The replacement structure is anticipated to be a small structure replacement with a precast concrete three-sided bridge length culvert with a 22 foot span and a 9 foot vertical opening. Riprap will be placed through the structure, at the inlet, and outlet in accordance with INDOT standard drawings. The project requires 0.8 acre of permanent right-of-way and up to 0.1 acre of temporary right-of-way. Proposed right-of-way widths along SR 26 are approximately 290 feet from the centerline. The project will be approximately 300 in length. The proposed method of traffic maintenance is anticipated to require an official state detour. Up to 5.0 acres of trees are anticipated to be cleared as part of the project. The project is anticipated to begin construction in 2024.

Land use in the vicinity of the project area is primarily in a wooded area. Corradino will perform waters and wetlands determinations to identify water resources that may be present. The project is anticipated

to qualify for the Rangewide Programmatic Agreement for the Indiana bat and Northern Long-eared bat by completing the Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC). Coordination will occur with INDOT Cultural Resources Office (CRO) to evaluate the project area for archaeological and historic resources and for Section 106 compliance. The results of this will be forwarded to the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) for review and concurrence as appropriate.

Should we not receive your response <u>within thirty (30) calendar days</u> from the date of this letter, it will be assumed that your agency feels that there will be no adverse effects incurred as a result of the proposed project. However, should you find that an extension to the response time is necessary, a reasonable amount may be granted upon request. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please feel free to contact Zed Hott of Corradino LLC, at 317-488-2363 or <u>zhott@corradino.com</u> and or the Project Manager, Sara Heck, of INDOT at <u>sheck@indot.in.gov</u>. Thank you in advance for your input.

Sincerely,

Zed Hott

Corradino LLC

200 South Meridian Street, Suite 330

Indianapolis, IN 46225

Attachments:

A. Project Location Maps

B. Site Photos

The following agencies received Early Coordination Letters:

Federal Highway Administration Federal Office Building, Room 254 575 North Pennsylvania Street Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

State Conservationist Natural Resource Conservation Service 6013 Lakeside Boulevard Indianapolis, IN 46278

Environmental Coordinator Indiana Department of Natural Resources Division of Fish and Wildlife 402 West Washington Street, Rm. W273 Indianapolis, IN 46204

IDEM

Automatic coordination website

IDEM – Groundwater Section Electronic Submittal

Field Environmental Officer Chicago Regional Office US Department of Housing & Urban Development Metcalf Fed. Bldg. 77 W. Jackson Blvd. Room 2401 Chicago, IL 60604 Erik.r.sandstedt@hud.gov

Regional Environmental Coordinator Midwest Regional Office National Park Service 601 Riverfront Drive Omaha, Nebraska 68102

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Louisville District ATTN: CELRL-RDN P.O. Box 59 Louisville, KY 40201-0059 Indiana Department of Transportation Crawfordsville District 41 West 300 North Crawfordsville, IN 47933

Tippecanoe County Surveyor 20 N 3rd Street Lafayette, IN 47901

Tippecanoe County Executive Director 20 N 3rd Street Lafayette, IN 47901

Tippecanoe County Soil & Water Conservation 1812 Troxel Drive Suite 3 Lafayette, IN 47901

Indiana Geological and Water Survey 611 North Walnut Grove Bloomington, IN 47405

US Fish and Wildlife Service Northern Indiana Suboffice P.O. Box 2616 Chesterton, IN 46304 Elizabeth mccloskey@fws.gov

Area Plan Commission of Tippecanoe County 20 N. Third Street Lafayette, IN 47901 tstroshine@tippecanoe.in.gov

Early Coordination/Environmental Assessment

DNR #: ER-24365 Request Received: December 22, 2021

The Corradino Group, Inc. Requestor:

Zed Z Hott

200 South Meridian Street, Suite 330

Indianapolis, IN 46225

SR 26 small structure replacement over Goose Creek, about 4.98 miles west of US **Project:**

52/US 231; Des #1900333

Tippecanoe County/Site info:

> The Indiana Department of Natural Resources has reviewed the above referenced project per your request. Our agency offers the following comments for your information and in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

If our agency has regulatory jurisdiction over the project, the recommendations contained in this letter may become requirements of any permit issued. If we do not

have permitting authority, all recommendations are voluntary.

Regulatory Assessment: This proposal will require the formal approval of our agency for construction in a

floodway pursuant to the Flood Control Act (IC 14-28-1), unless it qualifies for a bridge

exemption (see enclosure). Please include a copy of this letter with the permit

application if the project does not meet the bridge exemption criteria.

The Natural Heritage Program's data have been checked. Natural Heritage Database:

To date, no plant or animal species listed as state or federally threatened, endangered,

or rare have been reported to occur in the project vicinity.

Fish & Wildlife Comments: Avoid and minimize impacts to fish, wildlife, and botanical resources to the greatest

extent possible, and compensate for impacts. The following are recommendations that

address potential impacts identified in the proposed project area:

1) Stream Crossing Design:

For purposes of maintaining fish and wildlife passage through a crossing structure, the Environmental Unit recommends bridges rather than culverts and bottomless culverts rather than box or pipe culverts. Wide culverts are better than narrow culverts, and culverts with shorter through lengths are better than culverts with longer through lengths. If box or pipe culverts are used, the bottoms should be buried a minimum of 6" (or 20% of the culvert height/pipe diameter, whichever is greater up to a maximum of 2') below the stream bed elevation to allow a natural streambed to form within or under the crossing structure. Crossings must span the entire channel width (a minimum of 1.2 times the ordinary high water mark width). Crossings must maintain the natural stream substrate within the structure (natural stream substrate must be replaced in sumped box and pipe culverts up to the existing flowline). Scour protection at the inlet and outlet must not extend above the existing flowline elevation. Stream depth, channel width and water velocities in the crossing structure during low-flow conditions must approximate those in the natural stream channel.

The new, replacement, or rehabbed structure, and any bank stabilization under the structure, should not create conditions that are less favorable for wildlife passage under the structure compared to the current conditions. Upgrading wildlife passage for replacement/rehabilitated structures is recommended whenever possible to improve wildlife/vehicle safety. White-tailed deer passage must be incorporated into all new structures where no structure previously existed. Minimum structure dimensions for

Attachments: A - Bridge Exemption Criteria

Early Coordination/Environmental Assessment

white-tailed deer passage are 20 feet of width clearance (overall span of the structure) and 8 feet of height clearance measured from the OHWM. Bank lines must be restored within structures to allow for wildlife passage above the ordinary high water mark. All wildlife passage designs must include a smooth level pathway a minimum of 1-2 feet in width composed of natural substrate (soil, sand, gravel, etc.) or compacted aggregate fill over riprap (#2, #53, #73, etc.) tied into existing elevations both upstream and downstream.

There are a number of techniques and materials for incorporating wildlife passage into the design of a crossing structure if restoring bank lines is not an option. Coordination with the Regional Environmental Biologist to address wildlife passage issues before submitting a permit application, if required, is encouraged to avoid delays in the permitting process. The following links are good resources to consider in the design of stream crossing structures to maintain fish and wildlife passage:

http://www.fs.fed.us/wildlifecrossings/library/,

https://roadecology.ucdavis.edu/files/content/projects/DOT-FHWA_Wildlife_Crossing_Structures_Handbook.pdf, https://www.fs.fed.us/biology/nsaec/fishxing/aop_pdfs.html, https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/engineering/hydraulics/pubs/11008/hif11008.pdf.

2) Bank Stabilization:

Some form of bank and/or streambed stabilization is almost always needed with the construction, repair, replacement, or modification of a stream channel or crossing structure. For streambank stabilization and erosion control, regrading to a stable slope (2:1 or shallower) and establishing native vegetation along the banks are typically the most effective techniques. A variety of methods to accomplish this include: planting plugs, whips, container stock, seeding, and live stakes. In addition to vegetation establishment, some additional level of bioengineered bank stabilization may be needed under certain circumstances (inability to regrade to a stable slope, flow velocities that exceed the limits of vegetation alone, etc.). Combining vegetation with any of the following bank stabilization methods can provide additional bank protection while not compromising benefits to fish, wildlife, and botanical resources: geotextiles (erosion control blankets and/or turf reinforcement mats that are heavy-duty, biodegradable, and net free or that use loose-woven / Leno-woven netting to minimize the entrapment and snaring of small-bodied wildlife such as snakes and turtles), vegetated geogrids or soil lifts, fiber rolls, glacial stone, or riprap. Information about bioengineering techniques can be found at the following link to a USDA/NRCS document that outlines many different bioengineering techniques for streambank stabilization: http://directives.sc.egov.usda.gov/17553.wba.

Riprap or other hard bank stabilization materials should be used only at the toe of the sideslopes up to the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) with the exception of areas directly under bridges for instance. The banks above the OHWM should be restored, stabilized, and revegetated using geotextiles and a mixture of grasses, sedges, wildflowers, shrubs, and trees native to Central Indiana and specifically for stream bank/floodway stabilization purposes as soon as possible upon completion. For streambed stabilization or scour protection, riprap or other stabilization materials should not be placed in the active stream channel above the existing streambed or flowline elevation unless specifically designed and installed for grade control and aquatic organism passage. This is to prevent obstructions to the movement of aquatic organisms upstream and downstream.

3) Riparian Habitat:

We recommend a mitigation plan be developed (and submitted with the permit application, if required) for any unavoidable habitat impacts that will occur. The DNR's Habitat Mitigation Guidelines (and plant lists) can be found online at: http://iac.iga.in.gov/iac/20200527-IR-312200284NRA.xml.pdf.

Attachments: A - Bridge Exemption Criteria

Early Coordination/Environmental Assessment

Impacts to non-wetland forest of one (1) acre or more should be mitigated at a minimum 2:1 ratio. If less than one acre of non-wetland forest is removed in a rural setting, replacement should be at a 1:1 ratio based on area. Impacts to non-wetland forest under one (1) acre in an urban setting should be mitigated by planting five trees, 1 inch to 2 inches in diameter-at-breast height (dbh), for each tree which is removed that is 10" dbh or greater (5:1 mitigation based on the number of large trees) or by using the 1:1 replacement ratio based on area depending on the type of habitat impacted (individual canopy tree removal in an urban streetscape or park-like environment versus removal of habitat supporting a tree canopy, woody understory, and herbaceous layer). Impacts under 0.10 acre in an urban area may still involve the replacement of large diameter trees but typically do not require any additional mitigation or additional plantings beyond seeding and stabilizing disturbed areas. There are exceptions for high quality habitat sites however.

It should be noted that impacts to non-wetland wooded habitat in excess of 5 acres could be subject to an increased mitigation ratio. Coordination with the Regional Environmental Biologist to address habitat impacts and mitigation before submitting a permit application, if required, is encouraged to avoid delays in the permitting process.

The additional measures listed below should be implemented to avoid, minimize, or compensate for impacts to fish, wildlife, and botanical resources:

- 1. Revegetate all bare and disturbed areas that are not currently mowed and maintained with a mixture of grasses, sedges, and wildflowers native to Central Indiana and specifically for stream bank/floodway stabilization purposes as soon as possible upon completion; turf-type grasses (including low-endophyte, friendly endophyte, and endophyte free tall fescue but excluding all other varieties of tall fescue) may be used in currently mowed areas only. A native herbaceous seed mixture must include at least 5 species of grasses and sedges and 5 species of wildflowers.
- 2. Minimize and contain within the project limits inchannel disturbance and the clearing of trees and brush.
- 3. Do not work in the waterway from April 1 through June 30 without the prior written approval of the Division of Fish and Wildlife.
- 4. Do not cut any trees suitable for Indiana bat or Northern Long-eared bat roosting (greater than 5 inches dbh, living or dead, with loose hanging bark, or with cracks, crevices, or cavities) from April 1 through September 30.
- 5. Do not construct any temporary runarounds, access bridges, causeways, cofferdams, diversions, or pumparounds.
- 6. Use minimum average 6 inch graded riprap stone extended below the normal water level to provide habitat for aquatic organisms in the voids.
- 7. Do not use broken concrete as riprap.
- 8. Underlay the riprap with a bedding layer of well graded aggregate or a geotextile to prevent piping of soil underneath the riprap.
- 9. Minimize the movement of resuspended bottom sediment from the immediate project area.
- 10. Do not deposit or allow demolition/construction materials or debris to fall or otherwise enter the waterway.
- 11. Appropriately designed measures for controlling erosion and sediment must be implemented to prevent sediment from entering the stream or leaving the construction site; maintain these measures until construction is complete and all disturbed areas are stabilized.
- 12. Seed and protect all disturbed streambanks and slopes not protected by other methods that are 3:1 or steeper with erosion control blankets that are heavy-duty, biodegradable, and net free or that use loose-woven / Leno-woven netting to minimize the entrapment and snaring of small-bodied wildlife such as snakes and turtles (follow manufacturer's recommendations for selection and installation); seed and apply mulch

Attachments: A - Bridge Exemption Criteria

Early Coordination/Environmental Assessment

on all other disturbed areas.

Contact Staff: Christie L. Stanifer, Environ. Coordinator, Fish & Wildlife

Our agency appreciates this opportunity to be of service. Please contact the above

staff member at (317) 232-4080 if we can be of further assistance.

hristie L Stanifer Date: January 21, 2022

Christie L. Stanifer Environ. Coordinator Division of Fish and Wildlife

Attachments: A - Bridge Exemption Criteria

From: Laymon, Makinna
To: Rachel Pluckebaum

Cc: Khan, Asfahan; Kurtz, Randy

Subject: FW: Des. No. 1900333 - Bat and Heritage Database Check

Date: Thursday, May 27, 2021 9:57:22 AM

Attachments: <u>image001.png</u>

image002.png image005.png image006.png image007.png image008.png image009.png image010.png image011.png image003.png image012.png

03 - Project Location Map.pdf 03 - Project Location Map.mxd 01 - USGS Topo Map (Zoom In).pdf 01 - USGS Topo Map (Zoom In).mxd

Good morning,

A review of the USFWS GIS database for Indiana bat and Northern long-eared bat roosting, hibernacula and capture sites was conducted for Des No. 1900333 on 5/27/2021. There are no documented sites within a half mile the project area. The USFWS Information for Planning and Conservation (IPaC) website must be consulted and a new project created to obtain an official species list and complete the questionnaire for the project to determine the applicability of the programmatic consultation. If needed, the IPaC generated documents must be forwarded to the USFWS for verification.

Thank you,

Makinna Laymon

Environmental Manager 2, Capital Program Management Division

41 West 300 North Crawfordsville, IN 47933 **Phone:** (765) 361-5621

Email: MLaymon2@indot.in.gov









From: Kurtz, Randy < RKurtz@indot.IN.gov> Sent: Wednesday, May 26, 2021 12:21 PM

To: Laymon, Makinna < MLaymon2@indot.IN.gov>

Subject: FW: Des. No. 1900333 - Bat and Heritage Database Check

Good afternoon

See below.. Let me know when you start the bat check so you can walk me through it with you. Thanks

Randy "Zane" Kurtz

Environmental Section Manager Capital Program Management Division

41 West 300 North



Farm Production and Conservation

Natural Resources Conservation Service

Indiana State Office 6013 Lakeside Boulevard Indianapolis, Indiana 46278 317-295-5800

September 2, 2022

Zed Hott Corradino, LLC 200 South Meridian Street, Suite 330 Indianapolis, Indiana 46225 zhott@carradino.com

Dear Mr. Hott:

The proposed small structure project in Tippecanoe County, Indiana (Des. No. 1900333), as referred to in your letter received August 31, 2022, will not cause a conversion of prime farmland.

If you need additional information, please contact John Allen at 317-295-5859 or john.allen@usda.gov

Sincerely,

JOHN ALLEN Digitally signed by JOHN ALLEN Date: 2022 09 02 09:22:44 -04'00

Date: 2022.09.02 09:22:44 -04'00'

JOHN ALLEN State Soil Scientist





Organization and Project Information

Project ID: SR 26 Small Structure Project over Goose Creek Des. ID: SR 26 over Goose Creek, Tippecanoe County, IN

Des. No. 1900333 SR 26 over Goose Creek, Tippecanoe County, IN **Project Title:**

Name of Organization: Corradino, LLC Requested by: Rachel Pluckebaum

Environmental Assessment Report

Geological Hazards:

- Moderate liquefaction potential
- 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard

2. Mineral Resources:

 Bedrock Resource: Moderate Potential Sand and Gravel Resource: Low Potential

3. Active or abandoned mineral resources extraction sites:

Abandoned Industrial Minerals Sand Gravel Pits

*All map layers from Indiana Map (maps.indiana.edu)

DISCLAIMER:

This document was compiled by Indiana University, Indiana Geological Survey, using data believed to be accurate; however, a degree of error is inherent in all data. This product is distributed "AS-IS" without warranties of any kind, either expressed or implied, including but not limited to warranties of suitability to a particular purpose or use. No attempt has been made in either the design or production of these data and document to define the limits or jurisdiction of any federal, state, or local government. The data used to assemble this document are intended for use only at the published scale of the source data or smaller (see the metadata links below) and are for reference purposes only. They are not to be construed as a legal document or survey instrument. A detailed on-the-ground survey and historical analysis of a single site may differ from these data and this document.

This information was furnished by Indiana Geological Survey

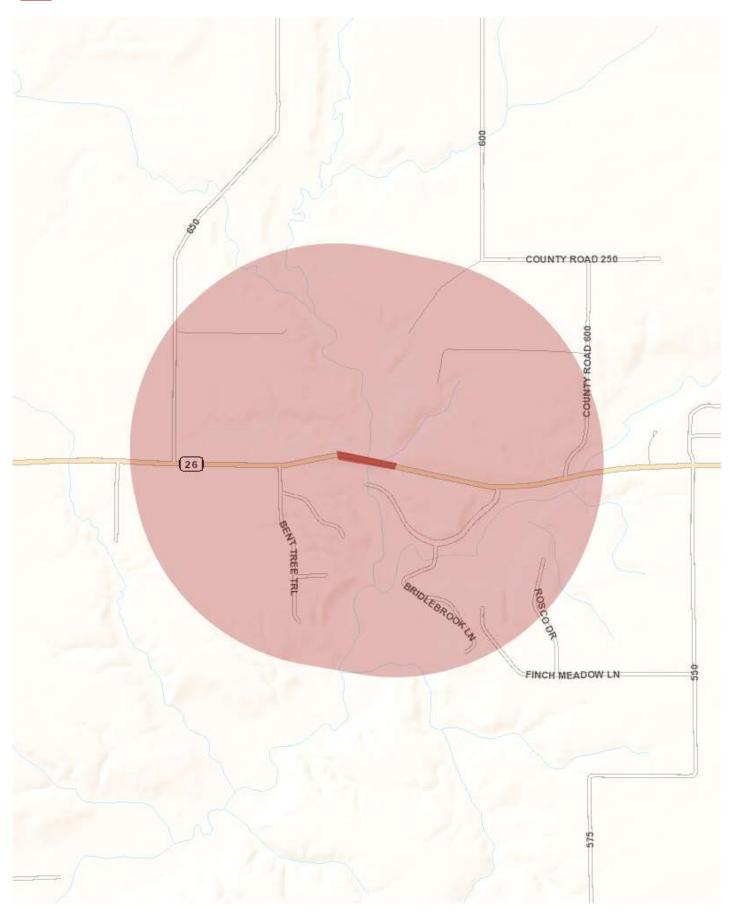
Address: 420 N. Walnut St., Bloomington, IN 47404

Email: IGSEnvir@indiana.edu

Phone: 812 855-7428 Date: December 22, 2021









Metadata:

- https://maps.indiana.edu/metadata/Geology/Industrial_Minerals_Sand_Gravel_Pits_Abandoned.html
- https://maps.indiana.edu/metadata/Geology/Seismic Earthquake Liquefaction Potential.html
- $\bullet \ https://maps.indiana.edu/metadata/Geology/Industrial_Minerals_Sand_Gravel_Resources.html$
- https://maps.indiana.edu/metadata/Hydrology/Floodplains_FIRM.html
- https://maps.indiana.edu/metadata/Geology/Bedrock Geology.html



Area Plan Commission of Tippecanoe County, Indiana

January 12, 2022 Ref. No. 2022-006

Zed Hott Corradino LLC 200 South Meridian Street, Suite 330 Indianapolis, IN 46225

Dear Mr. Hott:

Thank you for including the Area Plan Commission as part of the environmental early coordination for the SR 26 small structure project over Goose Creek, des #1900333. We have reviewed the project information and offer the following comments.

Historic Structures: After reviewing the Indiana State Historical Architectural and Archaeological Research database, we have identified one site within a ½ miles radius of the project. The site is the Spencer Cemetery, and the survey number is 0157-487-20020. The site is rated as "Contributing." It is located at the section/township/range of 7 (SE) 23-5. According to our information, it is an acre in size, and located in the woods behind and south of a house. There are around 35-50 grave sites, with many children buried there. Graves range in date from 1883-1888.

It should be noted that the Arrowhead subdivision, located on the south side of SR 26 is within a ½ mile radius. It is a subdivision with homes that were constructed in the 1960's.

There are no churches, libraries, schools or parks within a $\frac{1}{2}$ mile radius of the project. There are three properties of interest located close to the project but outside of the $\frac{1}{2}$ mile radius and they are:

- a) Frank and Asa Beineke Memorial Forrest (NICHES), on CR 725W,
- b) Purdue Wildlife Area, 8000 SR 26, (https://ag.purdue.edu/fnr/Pages/propwildlifearea.aspx), and
- c) Martell Forest, on CR 100N (https://ag.purdue.edu/fnr/Pages/propmartell.aspx)

We also looked at DNRs and IDEMs GIS information and found no active oil and gas wells, no trails, no active mining, no hazardous material, no historic round and polygonal barns, and no underground storage tanks within a ½ mile radius of the project location. There was one significant water withdraw reported, and the registration number is 00455. It is located at SR 26 and CR 600W. There is one closed well just outside of the ½ mile radius and its permit number 23743. It is located on CR 600W just south of the CR 250N bend.

There are wetlands and floodplains within a $\frac{1}{2}$ mile radius, and they are related to Goose and Indian Creeks.

We also have in our office copies of the draft location-design study report as well as the environmental study for the initial project, RS-4879. If you would like a copy of them, please let us know.

Please call or email if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

David Hittle

Executive Director

cc: Sara Heck, INDOT Project Manager



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Indiana Ecological Services Field Office 620 South Walker Street Bloomington, IN 47403-2121

Phone: (812) 334-4261 Fax: (812) 334-4273

http://www.fws.gov/midwest/Endangered/section7/s7process/step1.html

In Reply Refer To: March 10, 2022

Project code: 2022-0017452

Project Name: Des. No. 1900333, SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231

Subject: Concurrence verification letter for the 'Des. No. 1900333, SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of

US 52/231' project under the revised February 5, 2018, FHWA, FRA, FTA

Programmatic Biological Opinion for Transportation Projects within the Range of the

Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat.

To whom it may concern:

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) has received your request dated March 10, 2022 to verify that the **Des. No. 1900333, SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231** (Proposed Action) may rely on the concurrence provided in the February 5, 2018, FHWA, FRA, FTA Programmatic Biological Opinion for Transportation Projects within the Range of the Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat (PBO) to satisfy requirements under Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C 1531 *et seq.*).

Based on the information you provided (Project Description shown below), you have determined that the Proposed Action is within the scope and adheres to the criteria of the PBO, including the adoption of applicable avoidance and minimization measures, and may affect, but is <u>not likely to adversely affect</u> (NLAA) the endangered Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*) and/or the threatened Northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*). Consultation with the Service pursuant to Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) is required.

The Service has 14 calendar days to notify the lead Federal action agency or designated non-federal representative if we determine that the Proposed Action does not meet the criteria for a NLAA determination under the PBO. If we do <u>not</u> notify the lead Federal action agency or designated non-federal representative within that timeframe, you may proceed with the Proposed Action under the terms of the NLAA concurrence provided in the PBO. This verification period allows Service Field Offices to apply local knowledge to implementation of the PBO, as we may identify a small subset of actions having impacts that were unanticipated. In such instances,

Service Field Offices may request additional information that is necessary to verify inclusion of the proposed action under the PBO.

For Proposed Actions that include bridge/culvert or structure removal, replacement, and/or maintenance activities: If your initial bridge/culvert or structure assessments failed to detect Indiana bats, but you later detect bats prior to, or during construction, please submit the Post Assessment Discovery of Bats at Bridge/Culvert or Structure Form (User Guide Appendix E) to this Service Office. In these instances, potential incidental take of Indiana bats may be exempted provided that the take is reported to the Service.

If the Proposed Action is modified, or new information reveals that it may affect the Indiana bat and/or Northern long-eared bat in a manner or to an extent not considered in the PBO, further review to conclude the requirements of ESA Section 7(a)(2) may be required. If the Proposed Action may affect any other federally-listed or proposed species, and/or any designated critical habitat, additional consultation between the lead Federal action agency and this Service Office is required. If the proposed action has the potential to take bald or golden eagles, additional coordination with the Service under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act may also be required. In either of these circumstances, please contact this Service Office.

The following species may occur in your project area and **are not** covered by this determination:

Monarch Butterfly Danaus plexippus Candidate

Project Description

The following project name and description was collected in IPaC as part of the endangered species review process.

Name

Des. No. 1900333, SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231

Description

The project is located on SR 26 4.98 miles west of US 52/231 in Tippecanoe County, Indiana. 5 acres of trees will be cleared for this project. Dominant tree species include Eastern Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis), Black Walnut (Juglans nigra), Sugar Maple (Acer saccharum), Eastern Redbud (Cercis canadensis), American Basswood (Tilia americana), Flowering Dogwood (Cornus florida), and Eastern Redcedar (Juniperus virginiana). There is suitable summer habitat within the project area. The expected construction date for this project is Spring 2024 and last the entire construction season. A review of the USFWS GIS database for Indiana bat and Northern Long-eared bat roosting was conducted on May 27, 2021 by Crawfordsville District and states that no documented sites were found within 0.5 mile of the project area. No federally endangered species are within the 0.5 mile radius of the project. No bats were seen in the most recent Bridge Inspection Report, dated May 13, 2021. No permanent lighting will be installed and it is unknown whether temporary lighting will be needed, thus temporary lighting will be assumed.

The existing twin reinforced concrete boxes have an overall rating of 4 (poor condition) out of 9 (excellent condition). There is substantial debris build up at the inlet and scour has caused the end sections of the box to complete detach from the rest of the structure. Due to the severity of the deterioration of the existing structures, the proposed scope for this project is a small structure replacement with a bridge. The structure is under approximately 50 feet of fill and significant excavation (up to 70 feet deep) of the existing wooded sideslopes will be necessary to remove and replace the existing structures. To allow for future access to the inlet of the structure for inspection and debris removal, an access road will also be constructed as part of this project along the north side of SR 26.

Determination Key Result

Based on your answers provided, this project(s) may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the endangered Indiana bat and/or the threatened Northern long-eared bat, therefore, consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service pursuant to Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (87 Stat. 884, as amended 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) is required. However, also based on your answers provided, this project may rely on the concurrence provided in the revised February 5, 2018, FHWA, FRA, FTA Programmatic Biological Opinion for Transportation Projects within the Range of the Indiana Bat and Northern Long-eared Bat.

Qualification Interview

1. Is the project within the range of the Indiana bat^[1]?

[1] See Indiana bat species profile

Automatically answered

Yes

2. Is the project within the range of the Northern long-eared bat^[1]?

[1] See Northern long-eared bat species profile

Automatically answered

Yes

- 3. Which Federal Agency is the lead for the action?
 - A) Federal Highway Administration (FHWA)
- 4. Are *all* project activities limited to non-construction^[1] activities only? (examples of non-construction activities include: bridge/abandoned structure assessments, surveys, planning and technical studies, property inspections, and property sales)
 - [1] Construction refers to activities involving ground disturbance, percussive noise, and/or lighting. No
- 5. Does the project include *any* activities that are **greater than** 300 feet from existing road/rail surfaces^[1]?
 - [1] Road surface is defined as the actively used [e.g. motorized vehicles] driving surface and shoulders [may be pavement, gravel, etc.] and rail surface is defined as the edge of the actively used rail ballast.

No

- 6. Does the project include *any* activities **within** 0.5 miles of a known Indiana bat and/or NLEB hibernaculum^[1]?
 - [1] For the purpose of this consultation, a hibernaculum is a site, most often a cave or mine, where bats hibernate during the winter (see suitable habitat), but could also include bridges and structures if bats are found to be hibernating there during the winter.

No

7. Is the project located **within** a karst area?

8. Is there *any* suitable^[1] summer habitat for Indiana Bat or NLEB **within** the project action area^[2]? (includes any trees suitable for maternity, roosting, foraging, or travelling habitat)

- [1] See the Service's summer survey guidance for our current definitions of suitable habitat.
- [2] The action area is defined as all areas to be affected directly or indirectly by the Federal action and not merely the immediate area involved in the action (50 CFR Section 402.02). Further clarification is provided by the national consultation FAQs.

Yes

- 9. Will the project remove *any* suitable summer habitat^[1] and/or remove/trim any existing trees **within** suitable summer habitat?
 - [1] See the Service's <u>summer survey guidance</u> for our current definitions of suitable habitat. *Yes*
- 10. Will the project clear more than 20 acres of suitable habitat per 5-mile section of road/rail? *No*
- 11. Have presence/probable absence (P/A) summer surveys^{[1][2]} been conducted^{[3][4]} **within** the suitable habitat located within your project action area?
 - [1] See the Service's summer survey guidance for our current definitions of suitable habitat.
 - [2] Presence/probable absence summer surveys conducted within the fall swarming/spring emergence home range of a documented Indiana bat hibernaculum (contact local Service Field Office for appropriate distance from hibernacula) that result in a negative finding requires additional consultation with the local Service Field Office to determine if clearing of forested habitat is appropriate and/or if seasonal clearing restrictions are needed to avoid and minimize potential adverse effects on fall swarming and spring emerging Indiana bats.
 - [3] For projects within the range of either the Indiana bat or NLEB in which suitable habitat is present, and no bat surveys have been conducted, the transportation agency will assume presence of the appropriate species. This assumption of presence should be based upon the presence of suitable habitat and the capability of bats to occupy it because of their mobility.
 - [4] Negative presence/probable absence survey results obtained using the <u>summer survey guidance</u> are valid for a minimum of two years from the completion of the survey unless new information (e.g., other nearby surveys) suggest otherwise.

- 12. Does the project include activities within documented Indiana bat habitat^{[1][2]}?
 - [1] Documented roosting or foraging habitat for the purposes of this consultation, we are considering documented habitat as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked using (1) radio telemetry to roosts; (2) radio telemetry biangulation/triangulation to estimate foraging areas; or (3) foraging areas with repeated use documented using acoustics. Documented roosting habitat is also considered as suitable summer habitat within 0.25 miles of documented roosts.)
 - [2] For the purposes of this key, we are considering documented corridors as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked to using (1) radio telemetry; or (2) treed corridors located directly between documented roosting and foraging habitat.

No

13. Will the removal or trimming of habitat or trees occur **within** suitable but **undocumented Indiana bat** roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors?

Yes

- 14. What time of year will the removal or trimming of habitat or trees **within** suitable but **undocumented Indiana bat** roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors occur^[1]?
 - [1] Coordinate with the local Service Field Office for appropriate dates.
 - B) During the inactive season
- 15. Does the project include activities within documented NLEB habitat^{[1][2]}?
 - [1] Documented roosting or foraging habitat for the purposes of this consultation, we are considering documented habitat as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked using (1) radio telemetry to roosts; (2) radio telemetry biangulation/triangulation to estimate foraging areas; or (3) foraging areas with repeated use documented using acoustics. Documented roosting habitat is also considered as suitable summer habitat within 0.25 miles of documented roosts.)
 - [2] For the purposes of this key, we are considering documented corridors as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked to using (1) radio telemetry; or (2) treed corridors located directly between documented roosting and foraging habitat.

No

16. Will the removal or trimming of habitat or trees occur **within** suitable but **undocumented NLEB** roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors?

Yes

- 17. What time of year will the removal or trimming of habitat or trees **within** suitable but **undocumented NLEB** roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors occur?
 - B) During the inactive season
- 18. Will *any* tree trimming or removal occur **within** 100 feet of existing road/rail surfaces? *Yes*
- 19. Will *any* tree trimming or removal occur **between** 100-300 feet of existing road/rail surfaces?

20. Are *all* trees that are being removed clearly demarcated?

Yes

21. Will the removal of habitat or the removal/trimming of trees include installing new or replacing existing **permanent** lighting?

No

22. Does the project include wetland or stream protection activities associated with compensatory wetland mitigation?

No

23. Does the project include slash pile burning?

No

- 24. Does the project include *any* bridge removal, replacement, and/or maintenance activities (e.g., any bridge repair, retrofit, maintenance, and/or rehabilitation work)? *Yes*
- 25. Is there *any* suitable habitat^[1] for Indiana bat or NLEB **within** 1,000 feet of the bridge? (includes any trees suitable for maternity, roosting, foraging, or travelling habitat)
 - [1] See the Service's current <u>summer survey guidance</u> for our current definitions of suitable habitat. *Yes*
- 26. Has a bridge assessment^[1] been conducted **within** the last 24 months^[2] to determine if the bridge is being used by bats?
 - [1] See <u>User Guide Appendix D</u> for bridge/structure assessment guidance
 - [2] Assessments must be completed no more than 2 years prior to conducting any work below the deck surface on all bridges that meet the physical characteristics described in the Programmatic Consultation, regardless of whether assessments have been conducted in the past. Due to the transitory nature of bat use, a negative result in one year does not guarantee that bats will not use that bridge/structure in subsequent years.

Yes

SUBMITTED DOCUMENTS

CV 026_079_28.10 Culvert Replacement Insp_Rpt-2021-05-13.pdf https://ipac.ecosphere.fws.gov/project/CN5PBNX5VNH7ZJTDUTY6E6FLDQ/projectDocuments/106692750

27. Did the bridge assessment detect *any* signs of Indiana bats and/or NLEBs roosting in/under the bridge (bats, guano, etc.)^[1]?

[1] If bridge assessment detects signs of *any* species of bats, coordination with the local FWS office is needed to identify potential threatened or endangered bat species. Additional studies may be undertaken to try to identify which bat species may be utilizing the bridge prior to allowing *any* work to proceed.

Note: There is a small chance bridge assessments for bat occupancy do not detect bats. Should a small number of bats be observed roosting on a bridge just prior to or during construction, such that take is likely to occur or does occur in the form of harassment, injury or death, the PBO requires the action agency to report the take. Report all unanticipated take within 2 working days of the incident to the USFWS. Construction activities may continue without delay provided the take is reported to the USFWS and is limited to 5 bats per project.

No

28. Will the bridge removal, replacement, and/or maintenance activities include installing new or replacing existing **permanent** lighting?

No

29. Does the project include the removal, replacement, and/or maintenance of *any* structure other than a bridge? (e.g., rest areas, offices, sheds, outbuildings, barns, parking garages, etc.)

No

30. Will the project involve the use of **temporary** lighting *during* the active season? *Yes*

31. Is there *any* suitable habitat **within** 1,000 feet of the location(s) where **temporary** lighting will be used?

Yes

32. Will the project install new or replace existing **permanent** lighting? *No*

33. Does the project include percussives or other activities (**not including tree removal**/ **trimming or bridge**/**structure work**) that will increase noise levels above existing traffic/ background levels?

No

34. Are *all* project activities that are **not associated with** habitat removal, tree removal/ trimming, bridge and/or structure activities, temporary or permanent lighting, or use of percussives, limited to actions that DO NOT cause any additional stressors to the bat species?

Examples: lining roadways, unlighted signage, rail road crossing signals, signal lighting, and minor road repair such as asphalt fill of potholes, etc.

Yes

35. Will the project raise the road profile **above the tree canopy**?

36. Are the project activities that are not associated with habitat removal, tree removal/ trimming, bridge and/or structure activities, temporary or permanent lighting, or use of percussives consistent with a No Effect determination in this key?

Automatically answered

Yes, other project activities are limited to actions that DO NOT cause any additional stressors to the bat species as described in the BA/BO

37. Is the habitat removal portion of this project consistent with a Not Likely to Adversely Affect determination in this key?

Automatically answered

Yes, because the tree removal/trimming that occurs outside of the Indiana bat's active season occurs greater than 0.5 miles from the nearest hibernaculum, is less than 100 feet from the existing road/rail surface, includes clear demarcation of the trees that are to be removed, and does not alter documented roosts and/or surrounding summer habitat within 0.25 miles of a documented roost.

38. Is the habitat removal portion of this project consistent with a Not Likely to Adversely Affect determination in this key?

Automatically answered

Yes, because the tree removal/trimming that occurs outside of the NLEB's active season occurs greater than 0.5 miles from the nearest hibernaculum, is less than 100 feet from the existing road/rail surface, includes clear demarcation of the trees that are to be removed, and does not alter documented roosts and/or surrounding summer habitat within 0.25 miles of a documented roost.

39. Is the bridge removal, replacement, or maintenance activities portion of this project consistent with a No Effect determination in this key?

Automatically answered

Yes, because the bridge has been assessed using the criteria documented in the BA and no signs of bats were detected

40. General AMM 1

Will the project ensure *all* operators, employees, and contractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of *all* FHWA/FRA/FTA (Transportation Agencies) environmental commitments, including all applicable Avoidance and Minimization Measures?

Yes

41. Tree Removal AMM 1

Can *all* phases/aspects of the project (e.g., temporary work areas, alignments) be modified, to the extent practicable, to avoid tree removal^[1] in excess of what is required to implement the project safely?

Note: Tree Removal AMM 1 is a minimization measure, the full implementation of which may not always be practicable. Projects may still be NLAA as long as Tree Removal AMMs 2, 3, and 4 are implemented and LAA as long as Tree Removal AMMs 3, 5, 6, and 7 are implemented.

[1] The word "trees" as used in the AMMs refers to trees that are suitable habitat for each species within their range. See the USFWS' current summer survey guidance for our latest definitions of suitable habitat.

Yes

42. Tree Removal AMM 3

Can tree removal be limited to that specified in project plans and ensure that contractors understand clearing limits and how they are marked in the field (e.g., install bright colored flagging/fencing prior to any tree clearing to ensure contractors stay within clearing limits)?

Yes

43. Tree Removal AMM 4

Can the project avoid cutting down/removal of *all* (1) **documented**^[1] Indiana bat or NLEB roosts^[2] (that are still suitable for roosting), (2) trees **within** 0.25 miles of roosts, and (3) documented foraging habitat any time of year?

- [1] The word documented means habitat where bats have actually been captured and/or tracked.
- [2] Documented roosting or foraging habitat for the purposes of this consultation, we are considering documented habitat as that where Indiana bats and/or NLEB have actually been captured and tracked using (1) radio telemetry to roosts; (2) radio telemetry biangulation/triangulation to estimate foraging areas; or (3) foraging areas with repeated use documented using acoustics. Documented roosting habitat is also considered as suitable summer habitat within 0.25 miles of documented roosts.)

Yes

44. Lighting AMM 1

Will *all* **temporary** lighting be directed away from suitable habitat during the active season?

Yes

Project Questionnaire

1. Have you made a No Effect determination for *all* other species indicated on the FWS IPaC generated species list?

Yes

2. Have you made a May Affect determination for *any* other species on the FWS IPaC generated species list?

3. How many acres^[1] of trees are proposed for removal between 0-100 feet of the existing road/rail surface?

[1] If described as number of trees, multiply by 0.09 to convert to acreage and enter that number. 0.45

4. Please describe the proposed bridge work:

The existing twin reinforced concrete boxes have an overall rating of 4 (poor condition) out of 9 (excellent condition). There is substantial debris build up at the inlet and scour has caused the end sections of the box to complete detach from the rest of the structure. Due to the severity of the deterioration of the existing structures, the proposed scope for this project is a small structure replacement with a bridge. The structure is under approximately 50 feet of fill and significant excavation (up to 70 feet deep) of the existing wooded sideslopes will be necessary to remove and replace the existing structures. To allow for future access to the inlet of the structure for inspection and debris removal, an access road will also be constructed as part of this project along the north side of SR 26.

5. Please state the timing of all proposed bridge work:

Spring 2024

6. Please enter the date of the bridge assessment:

May 13, 2021

Avoidance And Minimization Measures (AMMs)

This determination key result includes the committment to implement the following Avoidance and Minimization Measures (AMMs):

TREE REMOVAL AMM 3

Ensure tree removal is limited to that specified in project plans and ensure that contractors understand clearing limits and how they are marked in the field (e.g., install bright colored flagging/fencing prior to any tree clearing to ensure contractors stay within clearing limits).

TREE REMOVAL AMM 4

Do not remove **documented** Indiana bat or NLEB roosts that are still suitable for roosting, or trees within 0.25 miles of roosts, or

documented foraging habitat any time of year.

GENERAL AMM 1

Ensure all operators, employees, and contractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of all FHWA/FRA/FTA (Transportation Agencies) environmental commitments, including all applicable AMMs.

TREE REMOVAL AMM 1

Modify all phases/aspects of the project (e.g., temporary work areas, alignments) to avoid tree removal.

LIGHTING AMM 1

Direct temporary lighting away from suitable habitat during the active season.

03/10/2022

TREE REMOVAL AMM 2

Apply time of year restrictions for tree removal when bats are not likely to be present, or limit tree removal to 10 or fewer trees per project at any time of year within 100 feet of existing road/rail surface and **outside of documented** roosting/foraging habitat or travel corridors; visual emergence survey must be conducted with <u>no bats observed</u>.

Determination Key Description: FHWA, FRA, FTA Programmatic Consultation For Transportation Projects Affecting NLEB Or Indiana Bat

This key was last updated in IPaC on February 24, 2022. Keys are subject to periodic revision.

This decision key is intended for projects/activities funded or authorized by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Railroad Administration (FRA), and/or Federal Transit Administration (FTA), which may require consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) for the endangered **Indiana bat** (*Myotis sodalis*) and the threatened **Northern long-eared bat** (NLEB) (*Myotis septentrionalis*).

This decision key should <u>only</u> be used to verify project applicability with the Service's <u>February 5, 2018, FHWA, FRA, FTA Programmatic Biological Opinion for Transportation Projects</u>. The programmatic biological opinion covers limited transportation activities that may affect either bat species, and addresses situations that are both likely and not likely to adversely affect either bat species. This decision key will assist in identifying the effect of a specific project/activity and applicability of the programmatic consultation. The programmatic biological opinion is <u>not</u> intended to cover all types of transportation actions. Activities outside the scope of the programmatic biological opinion, or that may affect ESA-listed species other than the Indiana bat or NLEB, or any designated critical habitat, may require additional ESA Section 7 consultation.

03/10/2022

IPaC User Contact Information

Agency: Indiana Department of Transportation

Name: Benjamin Neild Address: 41 W. 300 N. City: Crawfordsville

State: IN Zip: 47933

Email bneild@indot.in.gov

Phone: 7653615259



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Indiana Ecological Services Field Office 620 South Walker Street Bloomington, IN 47403-2121 Phone: (812) 334-4261 Fax: (812) 334-4273

In Reply Refer To: November 02, 2022

Project Code: 2022-0017452

Project Name: Des. No. 1900333, SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 *et seq.*), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

Please use the species list provided and visit the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's Region 3 Section 7 Technical Assistance website at - http://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/section7/s7process/index.html. This website contains step-by-step instructions which will help you

determine if your project will have an adverse effect on listed species and will help lead you through the Section 7 process. For all **wind energy projects** and **projects that include installing towers that use guy wires or are over 200 feet in height**, please contact this field office directly for assistance, even if no federally listed plants, animals or critical habitat are present within your proposed project or may be affected by your proposed project.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Migratory Birds: In addition to responsibilities to protect threatened and endangered species under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), there are additional responsibilities under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) to protect native birds from project-related impacts. Any activity, intentional or unintentional, resulting in take of migratory birds, including eagles, is prohibited unless otherwise permitted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)). For more information regarding these Acts see https://www.fws.gov/birds/policies-and-regulations.php.

The MBTA has no provision for allowing take of migratory birds that may be unintentionally killed or injured by otherwise lawful activities. It is the responsibility of the project proponent to comply with these Acts by identifying potential impacts to migratory birds and eagles within applicable NEPA documents (when there is a federal nexus) or a Bird/Eagle Conservation Plan (when there is no federal nexus). Proponents should implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize the production of project-related stressors or minimize the exposure of birds and their resources to the project-related stressors. For more information on avian stressors and recommended conservation measures see https://www.fws.gov/birds/bird-enthusiasts/threats-to-birds.php.

In addition to MBTA and BGEPA, Executive Order 13186: *Responsibilities of Federal Agencies to Protect Migratory Birds*, obligates all Federal agencies that engage in or authorize activities that might affect migratory birds, to minimize those effects and encourage conservation measures that will improve bird populations. Executive Order 13186 provides for the protection of both migratory birds and migratory bird habitat. For information regarding the implementation of

Executive Order 13186, please visit https://www.fws.gov/birds/policies-and-regulations/executive-orders/e0-13186.php.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Code in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

- Official Species List
- Migratory Birds
- Wetlands

11/02/2022

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Indiana Ecological Services Field Office 620 South Walker Street Bloomington, IN 47403-2121 (812) 334-4261

Project Summary

Project Code: 2022-0017452

Project Name: Des. No. 1900333, SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231

Project Type: Bridge - Maintenance

Project Description: The project is located on SR 26 4.98 miles west of US 52/231 in

Tippecanoe County, Indiana. 5 acres of trees will be cleared for this project. Dominant tree species include Eastern Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis), Black Walnut (Juglans nigra), Sugar Maple (Acer saccharum), Eastern Redbud (Cercis canadensis), American Basswood (Tilia americana), Flowering Dogwood (Cornus florida), and Eastern Redcedar (Juniperus virginiana). There is suitable summer habitat within the project area. The expected construction date for this project is Spring 2024 and last the entire construction season. A review of the USFWS GIS database for Indiana bat and Northern Long-eared bat roosting was conducted on May 27, 2021 by Crawfordsville District and states that no documented sites were found within 0.5 mile of the project area. No federally endangered species are within the 0.5 mile radius of the project. No bats were seen in the most recent Bridge Inspection Report, dated May 13, 2021. No permanent lighting will be installed and it is unknown whether temporary lighting will be needed, thus temporary lighting will be assumed.

The existing twin reinforced concrete boxes have an overall rating of 4 (poor condition) out of 9 (excellent condition). There is substantial debris build up at the inlet and scour has caused the end sections of the box to complete detach from the rest of the structure. Due to the severity of the deterioration of the existing structures, the proposed scope for this project is a small structure replacement with a bridge. The structure is under approximately 50 feet of fill and significant excavation (up to 70 feet deep) of the existing wooded sideslopes will be necessary to remove and replace the existing structures. To allow for future access to the inlet of the structure for inspection and debris removal, an access road will also be constructed as part of this project along the north side of SR 26.

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/@40.44603465,-87.02399110416003,14z



Counties: Tippecanoe County, Indiana

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 3 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. Note that 1 of these species should be considered only under certain conditions.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

NOAA Fisheries, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an
office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of
Commerce.

Mammals

NAME STATUS

Indiana Bat *Myotis sodalis*

Endangered

There is **final** critical habitat for this species. Your location does not overlap the critical habitat. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5949

Northern Long-eared Bat Myotis septentrionalis

Threatened

No critical habitat has been designated for this species.

This species only needs to be considered under the following conditions:

• Incidental take of the NLEB is not prohibited here. Federal agencies may consult using the 4(d) rule streamlined process. Transportation projects may consult using the programmatic process. See www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/index.html

Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045

Insects

NAME STATUS

Monarch Butterfly *Danaus plexippus*

Candidate

No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9743

Critical habitats

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

11/02/2022

Migratory Birds

Certain birds are protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act¹ and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act².

Any person or organization who plans or conducts activities that may result in impacts to migratory birds, eagles, and their habitats should follow appropriate regulations and consider implementing appropriate conservation measures, as described <u>below</u>.

- 1. The Migratory Birds Treaty Act of 1918.
- 2. The <u>Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act</u> of 1940.
- 3. 50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)

The birds listed below are birds of particular concern either because they occur on the USFWS Birds of Conservation Concern (BCC) list or warrant special attention in your project location. To learn more about the levels of concern for birds on your list and how this list is generated, see the FAQ below. This is not a list of every bird you may find in this location, nor a guarantee that every bird on this list will be found in your project area. To see exact locations of where birders and the general public have sighted birds in and around your project area, visit the E-bird data mapping tool (Tip: enter your location, desired date range and a species on your list). For projects that occur off the Atlantic Coast, additional maps and models detailing the relative occurrence and abundance of bird species on your list are available. Links to additional information about Atlantic Coast birds, and other important information about your migratory bird list, including how to properly interpret and use your migratory bird report, can be found below.

For guidance on when to schedule activities or implement avoidance and minimization measures to reduce impacts to migratory birds on your list, click on the PROBABILITY OF PRESENCE SUMMARY at the top of your list to see when these birds are most likely to be present and breeding in your project area.

NAME	SEASON
Bald Eagle <i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities.	Breeds Oct 15 to Aug 31
Black-billed Cuckoo <i>Coccyzus erythropthalmus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9399	Breeds May 15 to Oct 10

DDEEDING

11/02/2022

NAME	BREEDING SEASON
Bobolink <i>Dolichonyx oryzivorus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 20 to Jul 31
Cerulean Warbler <i>Dendroica cerulea</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2974	Breeds Apr 21 to Jul 20
Chimney Swift <i>Chaetura pelagica</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Mar 15 to Aug 25
Eastern Whip-poor-will <i>Antrostomus vociferus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 1 to Aug 20
Golden Eagle <i>Aquila chrysaetos</i> This is not a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) in this area, but warrants attention because of the Eagle Act or for potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1680	Breeds elsewhere
Henslow's Sparrow <i>Ammodramus henslowii</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3941	Breeds May 1 to Aug 31
Kentucky Warbler <i>Oporornis formosus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Apr 20 to Aug 20
Lesser Yellowlegs <i>Tringa flavipes</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska. https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9679	Breeds elsewhere
Prothonotary Warbler <i>Protonotaria citrea</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds Apr 1 to Jul 31
Red-headed Woodpecker <i>Melanerpes erythrocephalus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.	Breeds May 10 to Sep 10
Rusty Blackbird <i>Euphagus carolinus</i> This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA	Breeds elsewhere

NAME

Upland Sandpiper Bartramia longicauda
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9294

Wood Thrush Hylocichla mustelina
This is a Bird of Conservation Concern (BCC) throughout its range in the continental USA and Alaska.

BREEDING SEASON

Breeds May 1

to Aug 31

Probability Of Presence Summary

The graphs below provide our best understanding of when birds of concern are most likely to be present in your project area. This information can be used to tailor and schedule your project activities to avoid or minimize impacts to birds. Please make sure you read and understand the FAQ "Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report" before using or attempting to interpret this report.

Probability of Presence (■)

Each green bar represents the bird's relative probability of presence in the 10km grid cell(s) your project overlaps during a particular week of the year. (A year is represented as 12 4-week months.) A taller bar indicates a higher probability of species presence. The survey effort (see below) can be used to establish a level of confidence in the presence score. One can have higher confidence in the presence score if the corresponding survey effort is also high.

How is the probability of presence score calculated? The calculation is done in three steps:

- 1. The probability of presence for each week is calculated as the number of survey events in the week where the species was detected divided by the total number of survey events for that week. For example, if in week 12 there were 20 survey events and the Spotted Towhee was found in 5 of them, the probability of presence of the Spotted Towhee in week 12 is 0.25.
- 2. To properly present the pattern of presence across the year, the relative probability of presence is calculated. This is the probability of presence divided by the maximum probability of presence across all weeks. For example, imagine the probability of presence in week 20 for the Spotted Towhee is 0.05, and that the probability of presence at week 12 (0.25) is the maximum of any week of the year. The relative probability of presence on week 12 is 0.25/0.25 = 1; at week 20 it is 0.05/0.25 = 0.2.
- 3. The relative probability of presence calculated in the previous step undergoes a statistical conversion so that all possible values fall between 0 and 10, inclusive. This is the probability of presence score.

Breeding Season (

Yellow bars denote a very liberal estimate of the time-frame inside which the bird breeds across its entire range. If there are no yellow bars shown for a bird, it does not breed in your project area.

Survey Effort (|)

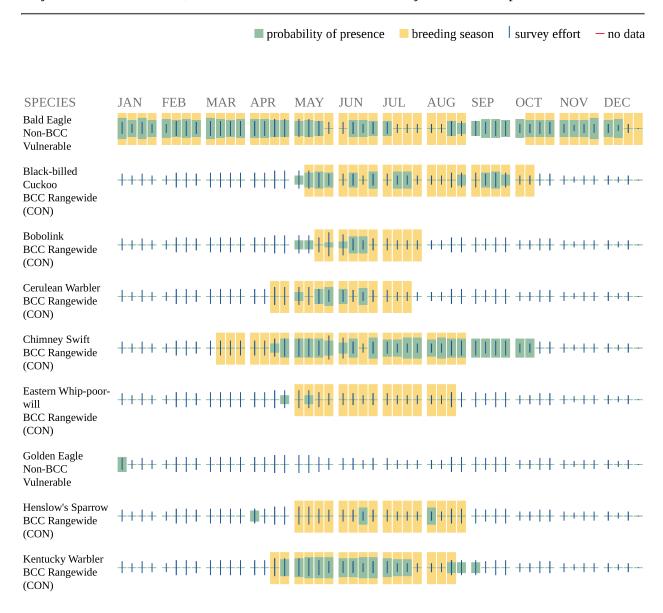
Vertical black lines superimposed on probability of presence bars indicate the number of surveys performed for that species in the 10km grid cell(s) your project area overlaps. The number of surveys is expressed as a range, for example, 33 to 64 surveys.

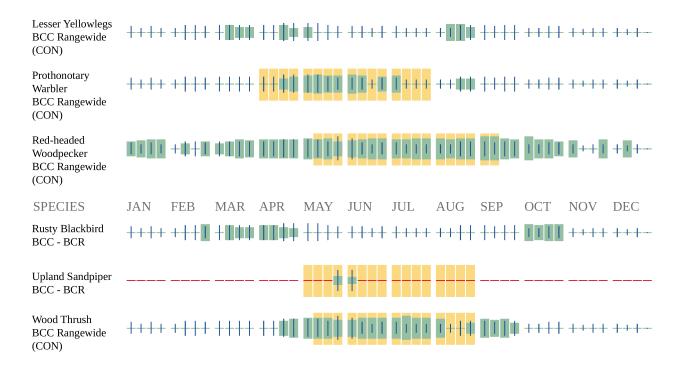
No Data (-)

A week is marked as having no data if there were no survey events for that week.

Survey Timeframe

Surveys from only the last 10 years are used in order to ensure delivery of currently relevant information. The exception to this is areas off the Atlantic coast, where bird returns are based on all years of available data, since data in these areas is currently much more sparse.





Additional information can be found using the following links:

- Birds of Conservation Concern https://www.fws.gov/program/migratory-birds/species
- Measures for avoiding and minimizing impacts to birds https://www.fws.gov/library/collections/avoiding-and-minimizing-incidental-take-migratory-birds
- Nationwide conservation measures for birds https://www.fws.gov/sites/default/files/documents/nationwide-standard-conservation-measures.pdf

Migratory Birds FAQ

Tell me more about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds.

Nationwide Conservation Measures describes measures that can help avoid and minimize impacts to all birds at any location year round. Implementation of these measures is particularly important when birds are most likely to occur in the project area. When birds may be breeding in the area, identifying the locations of any active nests and avoiding their destruction is a very helpful impact minimization measure. To see when birds are most likely to occur and be breeding in your project area, view the Probability of Presence Summary. Additional measures or permits may be advisable depending on the type of activity you are conducting and the type of infrastructure or bird species present on your project site.

What does IPaC use to generate the list of migratory birds that potentially occur in my specified location?

The Migratory Bird Resource List is comprised of USFWS <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (<u>BCC</u>) and other species that may warrant special attention in your project location.

The migratory bird list generated for your project is derived from data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. The AKN data is based on a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u> and is queried and filtered to return a list of those birds reported as occurring in the 10km grid cell(s) which your project intersects, and that have been identified as warranting special attention because they are a BCC species in that area, an eagle (<u>Eagle Act</u> requirements may apply), or a species that has a particular vulnerability to offshore activities or development.

Again, the Migratory Bird Resource list includes only a subset of birds that may occur in your project area. It is not representative of all birds that may occur in your project area. To get a list of all birds potentially present in your project area, please visit the Rapid Avian Information Locator (RAIL) Tool.

What does IPaC use to generate the probability of presence graphs for the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location?

The probability of presence graphs associated with your migratory bird list are based on data provided by the <u>Avian Knowledge Network (AKN)</u>. This data is derived from a growing collection of <u>survey</u>, <u>banding</u>, <u>and citizen science datasets</u>.

Probability of presence data is continuously being updated as new and better information becomes available. To learn more about how the probability of presence graphs are produced and how to interpret them, go the Probability of Presence Summary and then click on the "Tell me about these graphs" link.

How do I know if a bird is breeding, wintering or migrating in my area?

To see what part of a particular bird's range your project area falls within (i.e. breeding, wintering, migrating or year-round), you may query your location using the RAIL Tool and look at the range maps provided for birds in your area at the bottom of the profiles provided for each bird in your results. If a bird on your migratory bird species list has a breeding season associated with it, if that bird does occur in your project area, there may be nests present at some point within the timeframe specified. If "Breeds elsewhere" is indicated, then the bird likely does not breed in your project area.

What are the levels of concern for migratory birds?

Migratory birds delivered through IPaC fall into the following distinct categories of concern:

- 1. "BCC Rangewide" birds are <u>Birds of Conservation Concern</u> (BCC) that are of concern throughout their range anywhere within the USA (including Hawaii, the Pacific Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands);
- 2. "BCC BCR" birds are BCCs that are of concern only in particular Bird Conservation Regions (BCRs) in the continental USA; and
- 3. "Non-BCC Vulnerable" birds are not BCC species in your project area, but appear on your list either because of the Eagle Act requirements (for eagles) or (for non-eagles) potential susceptibilities in offshore areas from certain types of development or activities (e.g. offshore energy development or longline fishing).

Although it is important to try to avoid and minimize impacts to all birds, efforts should be made, in particular, to avoid and minimize impacts to the birds on this list, especially eagles and BCC species of rangewide concern. For more information on conservation measures you can implement to help avoid and minimize migratory bird impacts and requirements for eagles, please see the FAQs for these topics.

Details about birds that are potentially affected by offshore projects

For additional details about the relative occurrence and abundance of both individual bird species and groups of bird species within your project area off the Atlantic Coast, please visit the Northeast Ocean Data Portal. The Portal also offers data and information about other taxa besides birds that may be helpful to you in your project review. Alternately, you may download the bird model results files underlying the portal maps through the NOAA NCCOS Integrative Statistical Modeling and Predictive Mapping of Marine Bird Distributions and Abundance on the Atlantic Outer Continental Shelf project webpage.

Bird tracking data can also provide additional details about occurrence and habitat use throughout the year, including migration. Models relying on survey data may not include this information. For additional information on marine bird tracking data, see the <u>Diving Bird Study</u> and the <u>nanotag studies</u> or contact <u>Caleb Spiegel</u> or <u>Pam Loring</u>.

What if I have eagles on my list?

If your project has the potential to disturb or kill eagles, you may need to <u>obtain a permit</u> to avoid violating the Eagle Act should such impacts occur.

Proper Interpretation and Use of Your Migratory Bird Report

The migratory bird list generated is not a list of all birds in your project area, only a subset of birds of priority concern. To learn more about how your list is generated, and see options for identifying what other birds may be in your project area, please see the FAQ "What does IPaC use to generate the migratory birds potentially occurring in my specified location". Please be aware this report provides the "probability of presence" of birds within the 10 km grid cell(s) that overlap your project; not your exact project footprint. On the graphs provided, please also look carefully at the survey effort (indicated by the black vertical bar) and for the existence of the "no data" indicator (a red horizontal bar). A high survey effort is the key component. If the survey effort is high, then the probability of presence score can be viewed as more dependable. In contrast, a low survey effort bar or no data bar means a lack of data and, therefore, a lack of certainty about presence of the species. This list is not perfect; it is simply a starting point for identifying what birds of concern have the potential to be in your project area, when they might be there, and if they might be breeding (which means nests might be present). The list helps you know what to look for to confirm presence, and helps guide you in knowing when to implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize potential impacts from your project activities, should presence be confirmed. To learn more about conservation measures, visit the FAQ "Tell me about conservation measures I can implement to avoid or minimize impacts to migratory birds" at the bottom of your migratory bird trust resources page.

11/02/2022

Wetlands

Impacts to <u>NWI wetlands</u> and other aquatic habitats may be subject to regulation under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, or other State/Federal statutes.

For more information please contact the Regulatory Program of the local <u>U.S. Army Corps of Engineers District</u>.

Please note that the NWI data being shown may be out of date. We are currently working to update our NWI data set. We recommend you verify these results with a site visit to determine the actual extent of wetlands on site.

RIVERINE

Riverine

IPaC User Contact Information

Agency: Corradino LLC Name: Rachel Pluckebaum

Address: 200 South Meridian Street Suite 330

City: Indianapolis

State: IN Zip: 46225

Email rpluckebaum@corradino.com

Phone: 3174882363

Lead Agency Contact Information

Lead Agency: Indiana Department of Transportation

Appendix D

Section 106 of the NHPA

Des. No. 1900333

SECTION 1

Submittal of this form is only required for projects where Category B applies. Projects qualifying under Category A do not require submittal of this form. SECTION 2 (for Conditions of Category B.1 for curb/sidewalk) or SECTION 3 (for Conditions of Category B.9 for drainage structures) may be required as determined by INDOT-Cultural Resources Office (INDOT-CRO) review. INDOT-CRO will notify applicant if the Minor Projects PA does not apply.

Part 1: Project Information-Completed by Applicant (Consultant/PM/Project Sponsor/INDOT District Staff)*

*A qualified professional historian (QP) is not required to complete Part I INDOT-Cultural Resources Office (INDOT-CRO) staff will be responsible for completion of Part II.

Original Submission Date: July 6, 2022 Amended Submission Date*:

*Consult with INDOT-CRO to determine whether an amendment is required. For revisions/updates to original form, please detail in applicable sections below. Please use red font to distinguish the revisions/updates.

Submitted By (Provide Name and Firm/Organization):

Candy Hudziak

Metric Environmental, LLC

Project Designation Number: 1900333

Route Number: State Road (SR) 26

Feature crossed (if applicable): Goose Creek

City/Township: Shelby Township County: Tippecanoe County

Project Description:

The project is located approximately five miles west of United States 52/231 (US 52/231) on State Road (SR) 26 where is crosses Goose Creek in Shelby Township, Tippecanoe County, Indiana. The project involves the replacement of small structure No. CV 026-079-28.10 carrying Goose Creek beneath SR 26, to be replaced with a three-sided, single-span concrete structure. The project scope also includes resurfacing and widening of SR 26, construction of a twelve-foot-wide access road with shoulders, and installation of riprap and erosion control materials. The anticipated total project length is 0.057 mile.

The existing structures (No. CV 026-079-28.10) are two precast concrete-box culverts that were built in 1993. Most recently, the roadway within the project limits was milled to two inches and resurfaced in 2016. The existing cross section of SR 26 consists of one 12-foot-wide lane in each direction with 10-foot-wide shoulders on each side of the roadway.

The easternmost structure has experienced a loss of two box sections from the existing structure. The failed sections lie downstream nearly 20 feet and are embedded into the stream bed. There are no apparent issues present with the westernmost structure at the time of this report. Erosion of the roadway embankment is also present. At the north end, the end box sections have settled nearly 2 feet. Erosion of the roadway embankment is also present.

The downstream ends of the existing structures are being undermined by scour and have broken away from the main portion of the structure. The upstream end of the structure catches a significant amount of debris. Due to the structure being underneath approximately 60 feet of roadway fill, steep side slopes and poor access, it is difficult for the Crawfordsville District to maintain the structure and clear the built-up debris at the upstream end. Sections of the structure at the upstream end have also broken away from the main part of the structure.

The existing banks on the north and south side of SR 26 have developed gullies and rills resulting in the loss of embankment material. Significant loss of embankment can be seen around the ends of the inlet of the structures which may be largely due to stream action and granular fill.

INDOT Office of Hydraulics performed a hydraulic analysis of this location and found the existing structure to be hydraulically inadequate. Backwater of the existing condition is 9.25-feet, and the existing outlet velocity is 17.15-feet per second.

The purpose of this project is to address the structural deficiencies/segment separation of the existing box culverts, address the erosion/scour of the channel and embankments upstream and downstream. Additionally, the purpose of the project is to reduce the tendency of debris to collect upstream and downstream and to reduce the existing backwater to less than 3-feet to reduce upstream flooding and comply with INDOT's current hydraulic requirements. An access road will be constructed for ease of maintenance due to the steep decline to reach the two culverts.

Discussion with the Crawfordsville District was undertaken regarding the maintenance of traffic for this project. The shortest official detour route is approximately 45 miles in length. The route uses SR 26, SR 55, SR 352, US 52, and US 231 as these are the nearest state or federal route available in the area. A map of the proposed detour route is provided in Figure 3. Coordination with Tippecanoe County will be required for the local detour, however, the local detour is likely to be CR 750W, to CR 725 W to Baseline Road to CR 500W. The local detour is approximately 6.5 miles in length.

Proposed anticipated right-of-way includes 0.1 acre of temporary and 0.8 acre of permanent.

If the project includes any curb, curb ramp, or sidewalk work, please specify the location(s) of such work:

For bridge or small structure projects, please list feature crossed, structure number, NBI number, and structure type:

The structures (CV 026-079-28.10) are precast concrete box culverts below SR 26 conveying Goose Creek

For bridge projects, is the bridge included in INDOT's Historic Bridge Inventory (https://www.in.gov/indot/2531.htm)?

□ Yes	⊠ No	
• •	the inventory determine the bridge aces? Please provide page # of ent	eligible for or listed in the National Register of ry in Historic Bridge Inventory.
□ Yes	□ No	
Inventory	Page #	
Will there be right	of-way acquisition as part of this	project?
⊠ Yes	□No	· ·
If yes was checked	above, please check all that apply:	
☑ Permanent	□ Temporary	☐ Reacquisition
1e 1 11 11 .		

If applicable, identify right-of-way acquisition locations in text below and in attached mapping. Please specify how much (both temporary and permanent) and indicate what activities are included in the proposed right-of-way:

0.1 acre of temporary and 0.8 acre of permanent

Is there <u>any</u> p staging, etc.?	otential for additional temporary right-of-way to be needed later for purposes such as access,
⊠ Yes	\square No
Archaeology	(check one): All proposed activities are presumed to occur in previously disturbed soils*
	*INDOT-CRO will notify you if project area incudes undisturbed soils and requires an archaeological reconnaissance.
	Project takes place in undisturbed soils and the archaeology report is included in submission or will be forthcoming*
	* If an archaeology report is required, the Minor Projects PA Form will not be finalized until the report is reviewed and approved by INDOT-CRO. For INDOT-sponsored projects, INDOT-CRO may be able to complete the archaeological investigation. If you would like to request that INDOT-CRO complete an archaeological investigation, please contact the INDOT-CRO archaeology team lead. See CRM Pt. 1 Ch. 3 for current contact information.
	all applicable categories and condition(s) (highlight applicable conditions in yellow)*: ategory text, including any conditions. INDOT-CRO will finalize categories upon their review.
agreement bet	nor actions if deemed appropriate for coverage under this MPPA, by consultation and mutual ween INDOT, FHWA, and the SHPO. The Tribes shall be provided information on all sed to be cleared under this category for review prior to an agreement being signed between
Check □ if Sl	ECTION 2: Minor Projects PA Category B-1, Condition B-ii Submission is included
Check □ if Sl included	ECTION 3: Minor Projects PA Category B-9, Condition B-i-c-2 or B-ii-b-3 Submission is
Part II: Com	pleted by INDOT-CRO
Amendments v	vill be shown in red font.
Information 1	reviewed (please check all that apply):
General projec	et location map 🛛 USGS map 🖾 Aerial photograph 🖾 Soil survey data 🖾
General project	et area photos Archaeology Reports Historic Property Reports
Indiana Histor	ic Buildings, Bridges, and Cemeteries Map/Interim Report
Bridge inspect	ion information/BIAS 🛮 Historic Bridge Inventory Database 🔻
SHAARD D	SHAARD GIS Streetview Imagery County GIS Data/Property Cards
Other (please	specify):
Archaeologica	ald R. logical Field Reconnaissance, Replacement of Portions of SR 26, Tippecanoe County, Indiana. Il report (AR-79-00155) prepared for the Indiana Department of Highways by Archaeological nagement Service, Ball State University, Muncie, IN.

Version Date April 2022

Are there any commitments associated w Additional Comments Section below.	vith this proje yes □	ect? If yes, please no ⊠	explain and include in	the
Does the project result in a de minimis in explain in the Additional Comments Sect	•	yes □	ed historic resource? I no ⊠	f yes, please
Additional Comments:	A1	I.D.		

Above-ground Resources

An INDOT Cultural Resources Office (CRO) historian, who met the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards as per 36 CFR Part 61, performed a desktop review, checking the Indiana Register of Historic Sites and Structures (State Register) and National Register of Historic Places (National Register) lists for Tippecanoe County. No listed resources are located immediately adjacent to the project area, a distance that serves as an adequate potential area of effects given the setting and scope of work.

The Indiana Historic Sites and Structures Inventory (IHSSI) and National Register information for Tippecanoe County are available in the Indiana State Historic Architectural and Archaeological Research Database (SHAARD) and the Indiana Historic Buildings, Bridges, and Cemeteries Map (IHBBCM). The *Tippecanoe County Interim Report* (1990; Shelby Township) of the IHSSI was also consulted. All sites were reviewed through the IHBBCM, which contains the most recently updated SHAARD information. No IHSSI documented resources are located immediately adjacent to the project area a.

According to the IHSSI rating system, generally properties rated "contributing" do not possess the level of historical or architectural significance necessary to be considered individually National Register-eligible, although they would contribute to a historic district. If they retain material integrity, properties rated "notable" might possess the necessary level of significance after further research. Properties rated "outstanding" usually possess the necessary level of significance to be considered National Register eligible if they retain material integrity.

The INDOT CRO historian reviewed structures adjacent to the project area utilizing online aerial, street-view photography, and the Tippecanoe County GIS website. The project area is located in a rural, wooded setting with agricultural fields nearby. The adjacent building stock is primarily mid-twentieth to early twenty-first century residential buildings. None of the structures appear to possess the historic significance or material integrity required to be considered NRHP-eligible. Both sides of the project area are bordered by thickets of trees and vegetation. The new access road will be screened by the trees and vegetation adding another layer of protection from any potential impacts.

The most recent inspection report (J. Gould; 5/10/2022) from the Bridge Inspection Application System (BIAS) was referenced to review the culvert. The subject structure (CV 026-079-28.10) carries SR 26 over Goose Creek and consists of twin four-sided concrete box culverts that are each approximately 35 feet long and 7 feet wide. Both structures were constructed in 1993. The project proposes to replace the structure with a 291-foot single span three-sided concrete box culvert with a twenty-foot span. Examination of online street view photography and BIAS images show the subject structure does not exhibit non-modern wood, stone, or brick structures or parts therein. In addition, the structure lacks a context that would suggest that it might have engineering or historical significance.

Based on the available information, as summarized above, no above-ground concerns exist.

Archaeological Resources

An INDOT-CRO archaeologist who meets the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards as per 36 CFR Part 61, reviewed the archaeology report submitted by Metric Environmental, LLC on behalf of Corradino, LLC on July 11, 2022.

An archaeological records check and Phase 1a reconnaissance survey were conducted by Metric LLC (Snell 2022). The records check found that the east side of the project had been previously surveyed by Cochran in 1988 for archaeological resources (Cochran 1988). A total of 10 archaeological sites were recorded, one of which was located within the current project area (12T745). Due to the age of the survey and because it did not comply with current DHPA standards, the previous survey area was resurveyed by Snell. A 10.6-acre survey was examined through the excavation of 28 shovel probes, and a visual inspection of disturbed areas and/or those locations with a slope of greater than 20%. No new evidence of archaeological deposits was identified by the field reconnaissance, nor was site 12T745 relocated, which is believed to be destroyed by the relocation of SR 26. It is our opinion that the report is acceptable, and we concur with the evaluation and recommendations made by Metric Environmental, LLC (Snell 2022). Therefore, there are no archaeological concerns as long as the scope of the project does not change.

<u>Accidental Discovery</u>: If any archaeological artifacts or human remains are uncovered during construction, demolition, or earth moving activities, construction within 100 feet of the discovery will be stopped, and INDOT-CRO and the Division of Natural Resources-Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology (DNR-DHPA) will be notified immediately.

INDOT-CRO staff reviewer(s): John Baeten and Clint Kelly

INDOT Approval Date: 8/3/2022

Amendment Approval Date (if applicable):

***Be sure to attach this form to the National Environmental Policy Act documentation for this project. Also, the NEPA documentation shall reference and include the description of the specific stipulation in the PA that qualifies the project as exempt from further Section 106 review.

Signatures for concurrence that the project falls under B-6 of the Minor Projects PA:

SHPO:

Chad W. Slider	I had W. Shin	09/23/22
Printed Name	Signature	Date
FHWA:	KARSTIN MARIE CARMANY- Digitally signed by KARSTIN MARIE CARMANY-GEORGE Date: 2022.09.27 13:06:04	
Karstin Carmany-George	GEORGE -04'00'	9/27/22
Printed Name	Signature	Date
INDOT:	.00.0	
Matthew S. Coon	MHUST-	8/23/2022
Printed Name	Signature	Date

^{***}Be sure to attach this form to the National Environmental Policy Act documentation for this project. Also, the NEPA documentation shall reference and include the description of the specific stipulation in the PA that qualifies the project as exempt from further Section 106 review.

Please attach the following to this form:

- General Location Map. This map should allow the INDOT-CRO reviewer to quickly locate the project.
- Aerial photography map(s) of project area. This map must include project limits. It may also include SHAARD data, but SHAARD data is not required.
- If bridge or small structure project, please attach photographs of bridge or small structure. Photographs can be found in inspection reports located in INDOT's Bridge Inspection Application System (BIAS), as well as other project documents, such as engineering assessments or mini-scopes.

Map depicting potential temporary and/or permanent right-of-way acquisitions. In the email submission to INDOT-CRO, please also include:

- A GIS polygon shapefile or KMZ file of the project area (shapefiles are preferred). Shapefiles should use "NAD_1983_UTM" projected coordinate system. In addition, these files should contain the following *text* attribute field: DES_NO. The project designation number should be entered in this field.
- If the project takes place in undisturbed soils, attach the results of the archaeological investigation, if completed. Note: The MPPA Submission Form may be submitted before the archaeology report. INDOT-CRO staff will process the above-ground portion of the form in advance of the archaeological portion of the form. However, a completed determination form will not be returned to the applicant until after the archaeology report has been reviewed and approved by INDOT-CRO.

Appendix E

Red Flag and Hazardous Materials

Des. No. 1900333

INDIAVA NO TRANSPORTE

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

100 North Senate Avenue Room N758-ES Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

PHONE: (855) 463-6848 (855) INDOT4U Eric Holcomb, Governor Michael Smith, Commissioner

Date: March 18, 2022

To: Site Assessment & Management (SAM)

Environmental Policy Office - Environmental Services Division (ESD)

Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT)

100 N Senate Avenue, Room N758-ES

Indianapolis, IN 46204

From: Rachel Pluckebaum

Corradino, LLC

200 S. Meridian St. Suite 330

Indianapolis, IN 46225

rpluckebaum@corradino.com

Re: RED FLAG INVESTIGATION

DES #1900333, State Project Small Structure Replacement

SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231

Tippecanoe County, Indiana

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Brief Description of Project: The project is located on SR 26, 4.98 miles west of US 52/231 over Goose Creek in Tippecanoe County, Indiana. The existing concrete precast structure has an overall rating of 4 (poor condition) out of 9 (excellent condition). The north ends of both boxes have the last segment disconnected. There is a considerable amount of bank erosion and channel scour at both ends of the structure. There is severe drift build up at the north end by the trees. The north end of the culvert has H-piles placed vertically through the channel to stop the debris from clogging the entrance into the culvert boxes. Due to the severity of the deterioration of the concrete precast structure, the proposed scope of this project is a small structure replacement with a bridge.

Bridge and/or Culvert Project: Yes No Structure # CV 026-079-28.10

Bridge and/or Culvert Project: Yes ⊠ No □ Structure # CV 026-079-28.10
If this is a bridge project, is the bridge Historical? Yes \square No $oxtimes$, Select \square Non-Select \square
(Note: If the project involves a <u>historical</u> bridge, please include the bridge information in the Recommendation Section of the report).
Proposed right of way: Temporary \boxtimes # Acres 0.1 Permanent \boxtimes # Acres 0.8, Not Applicable \square
Type and proposed depth of excavation: Excavation will be approximately 7 feet deep and will be required to remove and replace the existing culvert. Excavation beyond the existing toe of slope will be at approximately 3 feet deep and will be required to construct a new maintenance road. Excavation will be at approximately 3 feet deep within the limits of
the stream and will take place to construct riprap on geotextiles for new scour protection.
Maintenance of traffic: SR 26 will be closed during construction. Traffic will be maintained with a signed detour. Work
in waterway: Yes $oxtimes$ No $oxtimes$ Below ordinary high water mark: Yes $oxtimes$ No $oxtimes$ State Project: $oxtimes$ LPA: $oxtimes$

Any other factors influencing recommendations: N/A

INFRASTRUCTURE TABLE AND SUMMARY

Infrastructure Indicate the number of items of concern found within the 0.5 mile search radius. If there are no items, please indicate N/A:			
Religious Facilities	N/A	Recreational Facilities	N/A
Airports ¹	N/A	Pipelines	N/A
Cemeteries	2	Railroads	N/A
Hospitals	N/A	Trails	N/A
Schools	N/A	Managed Lands	N/A

¹In order to complete the required airport review, a review of public-use airports within 3.8 miles (20,000 feet) is required.

Explanation:

Cemeteries: Two (2) cemeteries are located within the 0.5 mile search radius. Spencer Cemetery is located 0.26 mile north of the project area. No impact is expected.

WATER RESOURCES TABLE AND SUMMARY

Water Resources Indicate the number of items of concern found within the 0.5 mile search radius. If there are no items, please indicate N/A:			
NWI - Points	N/A	Canal Routes - Historic	N/A
Karst Springs	N/A	NWI - Wetlands	2
Canal Structures – Historic	N/A	Lakes	1
NPS NRI Listed	N/A	Floodplain - DFIRM	1
NWI-Lines	2	Cave Entrance Density	N/A
IDEM 303d Listed Streams and Lakes (Impaired)	N/A	Sinkhole Areas	N/A
Rivers and Streams	14	Sinking-Stream Basins	N/A

Explanation:

NWI – Lines: Two (2) NWI – Lines are located within the 0.5 mile search radius. The nearest NWI – Line is 0.23 mile south of the project area. No impact is expected.

Rivers and Streams: Fourteen (14) river/stream segments are located within the 0.5 mile search radius. The nearest river/stream segment, Goose Creek, is within the project area. A Waters of the US Report will be prepared and coordination with INDOT ESD Ecology and Waterway Permitting will occur.

NWI – Wetlands: Two (2) NWI – Wetlands are located within the 0.5 mile search radius. The nearest NWI – Wetland is located 0.02 mile north of the project area. No impact is expected.

Lakes: One (1) lake is located within the 0.5 mile search radius. The lake is located 0.06 mile north of the project area. No impact is expected.

Floodplain – DFIRM: One (1) floodplain polygon is located within the 0.5 mile search radius. The project is located within a floodplain polygon. Coordination with INDOT ESD Ecology and Waterway Permitting will occur.

MINING AND MINERAL EXPLORATION TABLE AND SUMMARY

Mining/Mineral Exploration			
Indicate the number of items of concern found within the 0.5 mile search radius. If there are no items,			
please indicate N/A:			
Petroleum Wells	N/A	Mineral Resources	N/A
Mines – Surface	N/A	Mines – Underground	N/A

Explanation: No mining and mineral exploration resources were identified within the 0.5 mile search radius.

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CONCERNS TABLE AND SUMMARY

Hazardous Material Concerns Indicate the number of items of concern found within the 0.5 mile search radius. If there are no items, please indicate N/A:			
Superfund	N/A	Manufactured Gas Plant Sites	N/A
RCRA Generator/ TSD	N/A	Open Dump Waste Sites	N/A
RCRA Corrective Action Sites	N/A	Restricted Waste Sites	N/A
State Cleanup Sites	N/A	Waste Transfer Stations	N/A
Septage Waste Sites	N/A	Tire Waste Sites	N/A
Underground Storage Tank (UST) Sites	N/A	Confined Feeding Operations (CFO)	N/A
Voluntary Remediation Program	N/A	Brownfields	N/A
Construction Demolition Waste	N/A	Institutional Controls	N/A
Solid Waste Landfill	N/A	NPDES Facilities	N/A
Infectious/Medical Waste Sites	N/A	NPDES Pipe Locations	N/A
Leaking Underground Storage (LUST) Sites	N/A	Notice of Contamination Sites	N/A

Unless otherwise noted, site specific details presented in this section were obtained from documents reviewed on the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) Virtual File Cabinet (VFC).

Explanation: No hazardous material concerns were identified within the 0.5 mile search radius.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION SUMMARY

The Tippecanoe County listing of the Indiana Natural Heritage Data Center information on endangered, threatened, or rare (ETR) species and high quality natural communities is attached with ETR species highlighted. A preliminary review of the Indiana Natural Heritage Database by IND<mark>OT ESD did not indicate the presence of ETR species within the 0.5 mile search radius.</mark>

A review of the USFWS database did not indicate the presence of endangered bat species in or within 0.5 mile of the project area. The project area is located in a rural area surrounded by woods. The May 13, 2021, inspection report for culvert CV 026-079-28.10 states that no evidence of bats was seen or heard in the culvert. The range-wide programmatic

consultation for the Indiana bat and Northern Long-eared Bat will be completed according to the most recent "Using the USFWS's IPaC System for Listed Bat Consultation for INDOT Projects".

RECOMMENDATIONS SECTION

Include recommendations from each section. If there are no recommendations, please indicate N/A:

INFRASTRUCTURE: N/A

WATER RESOURCES: The presence of the following water resources will require the preparation of a Waters of the US Report and coordination with INDOT ESD Ecology and Waterway Permitting:

- Goose Creek is located within the project area
- The project is in a floodplain polygon (Coordination Only)

MINING/MINERAL EXPLORATION: N/A

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CONCERNS: N/A

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: Coordination with USFWS and IDNR will occur. The range-wide programmatic consultation for the Indiana bat and Northern Long-eared bat will be completed according to the most recent "Using the USFWS's IPaC System for Listed Bat Consultation for INDOT Projects".

Nicole Fohey-Digitally signed by Nicole Fohey-Breting

Breting

Date: 2022.03.18 15:44:13

INDOT ESD concurrence: (Signature)

Prepared by: Rachel Pluckebaum Environmental Specialist Corradino, LLC

Graphics:

A map for each report section with a 0.5 mile search radius buffer around all project area(s) showing all items identified as possible items of concern is attached. If there is not a section map included, please change the YES to N/A:

SITE LOCATION: YES

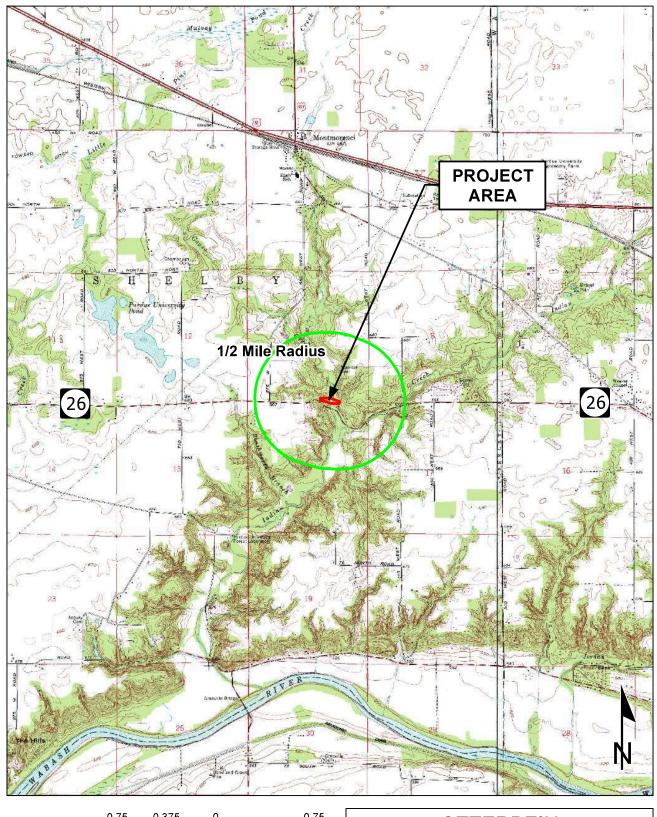
INFRASTRUCTURE: YES

WATER RESOURCES: YES

MINING/MINERAL EXPLORATION: N/A

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CONCERNS: N/A

Red Flag Investigation - Site Location SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231 Des. No. 1900333, Small Structure Replacement Tippecanoe County, Indiana



Sources: 0.75 0.375 0 0.75

Non Orthophotography

Data - Obtained from the State of Indiana Geographical
Information Office Library

Miles

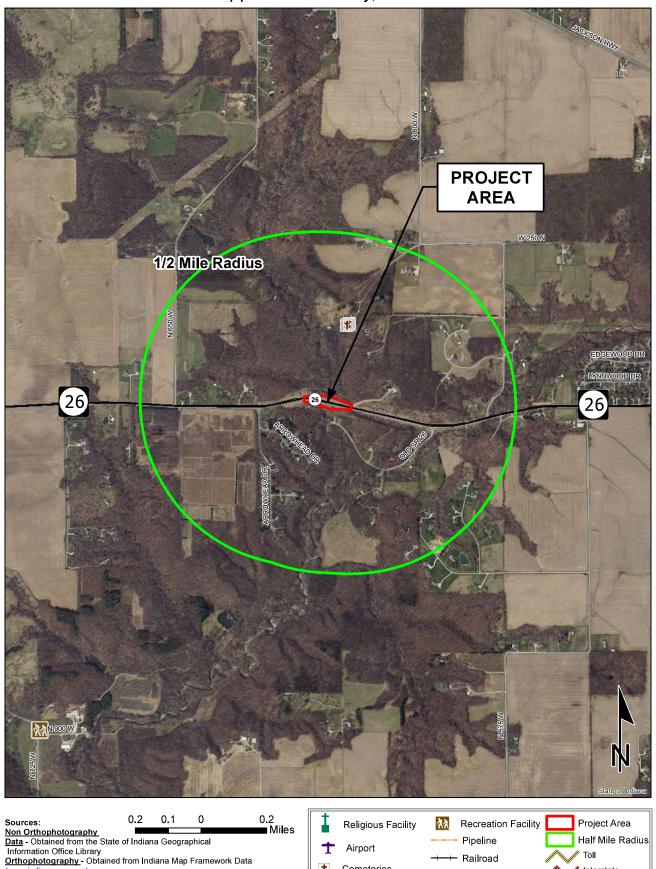
Orthophotography - Obtained from Indiana Map Framework Data (www.indianamap.org)

Map Projection: UTM Zone 16 N Map Datum: NAD83

This map is intended to serve as an aid in graphic representation only. This information is not warranted for accuracy or other purposes.

OTTERBEIN QUADRANGLE INDIANA 7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)

Red Flag Investigation - Infrastructure SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231 Des. No. 1900333, Small Structure Replacement Tippecanoe County, Indiana



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Map Projection: UTM Zone 16 N Map Datum: NAD83

for accuracy or other purposes.

This map is intended to serve as an aid in graphic

representation only. This information is not warranted

Cemeteries

Hospital

School

Trails

Managed Lands

County Boundary

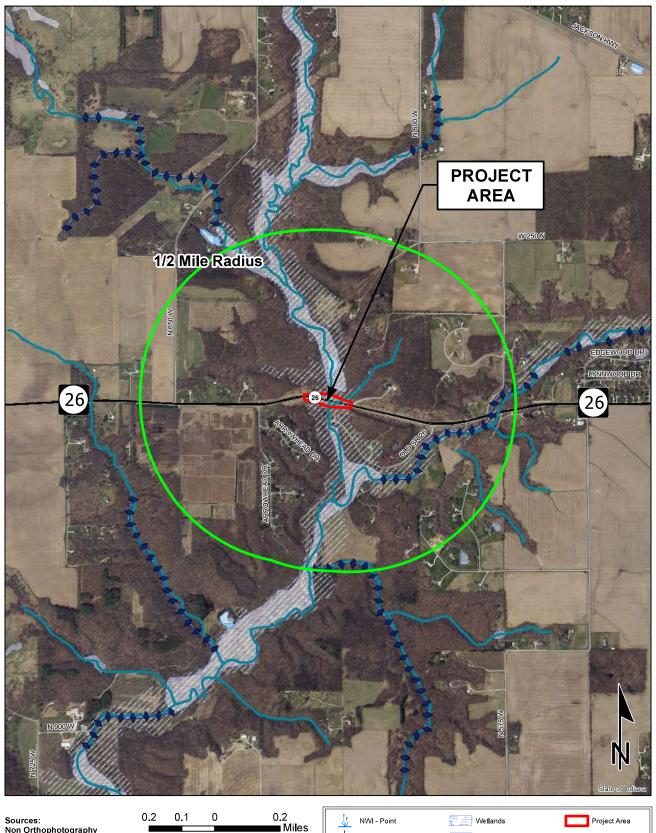
Interstate

US Route

Local Road Apendix E-8

State Route

Red Flag Investigation - Water Resources SR 26, 4.98 Miles West of US 52/231 Des. No. 1900333, Small Structure Replacement Tippecanoe County, Indiana



Sources: 0.2 0.1 0 0.2

Non Orthophotography

Data - Obtained from the State of Indiana Geographical
Information Office Library
Orthophotography - Obtained from Indiana Map Framework Data
(www.indianamap.org)

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