Design and Construction Requirements

This chapter reviews and provides references to the flammable and combustible liquids standard found under Title 29, Section 1910.106 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Among other requirements, it addresses design and construction of inside storage rooms and safe handling requirements to assure employee safety for all establishments. The standard also makes reference to various tables that can help you understand these provisions. The tables show allowable quantities and maximum size specifications.

The hazards associated with the handling of either flammable or combustible liquids MUST be addressed in your hazard communication program. You should refer to your safety data sheets for assistance in this area.

The following are some common terms and definitions that you should be aware of:

- **Flashpoint**
  The minimum temperature at which a liquid gives off vapor within a test vessel in sufficient concentration to form an ignitable mixture with air near the surface of the liquid.

- **Flammable Liquid**
  Any liquid having a flashpoint below 199.4 degrees Fahrenheit (F). Flammable liquids are divided into four categories:

  - **Category 1:**
    Liquids having flashpoints below 73.4 degrees F and having a boiling point at or below 95 degrees F.

  - **Category 2:**
    Liquids having flashpoints below 73.4 degrees F and having a boiling point at or above 95 degrees F.

  - **Category 3:**
    Liquids having flashpoints at or above 73.4 degrees F and at or below 140 degrees F.

  - **Category 4:**
    Liquids having flashpoints above 140 degrees F and at or below 199 degrees F.
When a liquid with a flashpoint greater than 199.4 degrees F is heated to within 30 degrees F of its flashpoint, it shall be handled in accordance with the requirements for a Category 4 flammable liquid.

**Safe Practices**

Safe practices on the part of employees who handle flammable and combustible liquids are essential in the prevention of fire and explosion hazards. Maintenance and operating practices at your manufacturing facility must be in accordance with established procedures designed to control leakage and prevent the accidental escape of flammable or combustible liquids. Regardless of the quantities involved, each flammable liquid used should be analyzed to determine the extent of its flammability and any health hazards associated with the liquid so that appropriate control measures can be taken.

Flammable and combustible liquids are categorized by their ease of ignition. Flammable liquids are more easily ignited than combustible ones.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Examples of Flammables and Combustibles</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammables</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Acetone</td>
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<td>• Gasoline</td>
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<td>• Lacquer thinner</td>
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When flammable liquids are transferred from one container to another, for example, from a bulk container to another, they must be effectively bonded and grounded. This practice prevents electrical discharge (sparks) from the accumulation of static charge because of the transfer process.

Supplies of flammable and combustible liquids must be stored in approved, fire-resistant, safety containers equipped with flash screens and self-closing lids. All flammable liquids must be kept in closed containers when not in use. These liquids must not be allowed to enter a confined space such as a pit or sewer. Employers should require that all combustible waste material (e.g., rags and shop towels that have been used for cleaning) and residues in plant or storage areas be kept to a minimum, stored in covered metal receptacles, and disposed of daily.

The quantity of liquid that may be located outside of an inside storage room or storage cabinet in a building, or in any one fire area of a building, shall not exceed:

- 25 gallons of Category 1 liquids in containers.
• 120 gallons of Category 2, 3 or 4 liquids in containers.
• 660 gallons of Category 2, 3 or 4 liquids in a single portable tank.

Storage cabinets must meet National Fire Protection Association test requirements and must be properly labeled “FLAMMABLE – KEEP FIRE AWAY.”

Adequate aisle space must be maintained for unobstructed movement of personnel and so fire protection equipment can be brought in to any part of the flammable liquid storage area. Not more than 60 gallons of Category 1, 2 or 3 flammable liquids, nor more than 120 gallons of Category 4 flammable liquids, may be stored in a storage cabinet.

### Design and Construction of Inside Storage Rooms

Inside storage rooms shall be constructed to meet the required fire-restrictive rating for their use. Such construction shall comply with the test specifications listed below:

• Openings to other rooms or buildings must have noncombustible, liquid-tight, raised sills or ramps at least four inches in height; or the floor in the storage area must be at least four inches below the surrounding floor. A permissible alternate to the sill or ramp is an open-grated trench inside the room that drains to a safe location. This method may be preferred if there is an extensive need to transfer flammable liquids into and out of the room by means of hand trucks.

• Any openings must have approved, self-closing fire doors.

• The room must be liquid-tight where the walls join the floor.

• An aisle at least three feet wide must be maintained in every inside storage room.

• Easy movement within the room is necessary in order to reduce the potential for spilling or damaging the containers and to provide both access for fire fighting and a ready escape path for occupants of the room should an emergency occur.

• Containers over 30 gallons in capacity cannot be stacked one upon the other.

• Dispensing of flammables and combustibles must be by approved pump or self-closing faucet only.

Open flames and smoking must not be permitted in flammable or combustible liquid storage areas.

All spills of flammable or combustible liquids must be cleaned up promptly. With major spills, remove any ignition sources, ventilate the area, and provide respirators if needed.
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Flammable and Combustible Liquids

Free Technical Assistance

For assistance with occupational safety and health questions or to request free, professional, on-site consultation services, contact a safety or health consultant with the Indiana Department of Labor’s INSafe division by e-mailing insafe@dol.IN.gov or by calling (317) 232-2688. Visit INSafe’s website at www.IN.gov/dol/insafe.htm for more information.