## HOSPITAL AUDIT TOOL: RISK ASSESSMENT FOR OB HEMORRHAGE

## Appendix M: Hospital Audit Tool: Risk Assessment of OB Hemorrhage

Process measure – Document how often a new approach is occurring.

Review 20 vaginal and cesarean randomly selected deliveries monthly – or – review 80% of all deliveries monthly if delivery volume is <500 deliveries annually.

## Examples:

- Hemorrhage Risk Assessment:
  - o Numerator = Number of charts with hemorrhage risk assessment on admission documented
  - Denominator = Total number of audited charts
  - o Goal: 100% of patients have risk assessment on admission See sample hospital audit tool that follows
- Quantification of Blood Loss:
  - o Numerator = Number of charts with QBL by volume and weight measures
  - o Denominator = Total number of audited charts
  - o Goal: 100% of patients have blood loss assessed by QBL

## HOSPITAL AUDIT TOOL: RISK ASSESSMENT FOR OB HEMORRHAGE

Topic: Risk Assessment for obstetric hemorrhage is documented in the chart at admission

Goal: 100% of women are assessed for risk of obstetric hemorrhage on admission

	MR#	MR#	MR#	MR#	MR#
	☐ Vaginal Delivery				
	☐ Cesarean Delivery				
D. I. A					
Risk Assessment is	Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes
documented in the	□ No				
chart					
	MR#	MR#	MR#	MR#	MR#
	☐ Vaginal Delivery				
	☐ Cesarean Delivery				
Risk Assessment is	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes
documented in the	□ No				
chart					
	MR#	MR#	MR#	MR#	MR#
	☐ Vaginal Delivery				
	☐ Cesarean Delivery				
Risk Assessment is	☐ Yes				
documented in the	□ No				
chart					
	MR#	MR#	MR#	MR#	MR#
	☐ Vaginal Delivery				
	☐ Cesarean Delivery				
Risk Assessment is	☐ Yes				
documented in the	□ No				
chart					
	<u>'</u>	•	•	<u>'</u>	
Total number of audited charts with:					
Numerator: risk assessment documented in chart					
Denominator: total number of charts audited					