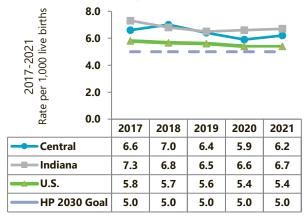
Infant Mortality Central Hospital Region 2021



Infant Mortality Rates



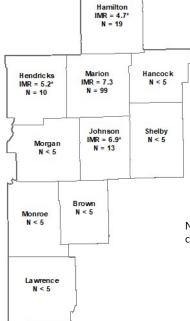
Infant Mortality Facts

- Infant mortality is defined as the death of a baby before his or her first birthday.
- The infant mortality rate (IMR) is the number of babies who die in the first year of life per 1,000 live births.
- In 2021, there were 536 infant deaths across the state, making the infant mortality rate 6.7.
- Of the 536 Indiana infant deaths in 2021, 158 occurred in the Central Hospital Region.
- Non-Hispanic Black infants are 2.4 times more likely to die than Non-Hispanic White infants in Indiana.

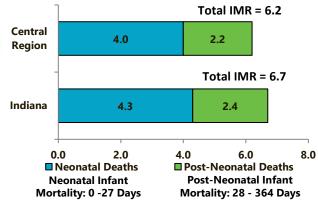
Central Region







Infant Mortality Rates by Age at Death



Note: Age-specific mortality rates may not sum to the overall IMR and cause-specific percentages may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

How to Reduce Infant Mortality

- Improve overall health for women of child-bearing age
- Promote early & adequate prenatal care
- Decrease early elective deliveries before 39 weeks
- Decrease prenatal smoking and substance use
- Increase breastfeeding duration & exclusivity
- Support birth spacing and interconception wellness
- Promote the ABCs of safe sleep: place baby to sleep alone, on his or her back, in a crib

Infant Mortality Rates by Cause of Death 4.0 2.9 2.9 3.0 Indiana ■ Central Region 2.0 1.<u>6</u> 1.4 1.0 0.6* 0.2 0.0 Congenital Anonolites Assaults/Injuries * Numerator fewer than 20, rate unstable

- ** Rate suppressed due to low counts

Birth Outcome Indicators

Central Hospital Region 2021

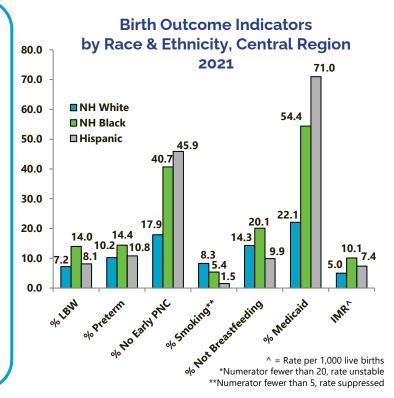


Indiana Quick Facts

- Smoking rates among pregnant women continue to be much higher than the national rate
- Nearly 1/3 of pregnant women do not receive early prenatal care (PNC)
- NH Black infants in Indiana are more likely to be LBW or preterm
- NH Black and Hispanic women in Indiana are more likely to not receive early prenatal care (1st trimester)
- NH White women in Indiana are more likely to smoke during pregnancy

Central Region Quick Facts

- 25,286 live births in 2021
- Higher percentages of preterm and low birthweight births compared to the state of Indiana
- Higher percentage of women receiving early PNC compared to Indiana
- Lower percentage of women smoking during pregnancy compared to Indiana
- Higher percentage of breastfeeding at hospital discharge compared to Indiana



LBW = Low Birthweight PNC = Prenatal Care IMR = Infant Mortality Rate NH = Non-Hispanic

| | % LBW (< 2,500 G) | % PRETERM (< 37 WKS GESTATION) | % NO EARLY PNC (1 ST TRIMESTER) | % SMOKING** | % NOT BREASTFEEDING | % MOTHER ON MEDICAID |
|----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| BROWN | 8.6* | 11.2* | 25.0 | 12.9* | 16.4* | 31.9 |
| HAMILTON | 7.5 | 9.8 | 16.0 ^s | 1.2 ^S | 6.9 ^S | 9.3 ^s |
| HANCOCK | 6.0 | 9.9 | 13.2 ^S | 5.1 ^S | 10.7 ^S | 16.3 ^S |
| HENDRICKS | 7.2 | 10.3 | 17.5 ^S | 4.2 ^S | 11.6 ^S | 24.0 ^S |
| JOHNSON | 7.8 | 11.0 | 18.7 ^S | 8.4 | 18.2 | 30.9 ^S |
| LAWRENCE | 8.2 | 11.0 | 19.2 ^s | 18.8 ^S | 22.4 | 34.4 |
| MARION | 10.0 ^S | 11.9 ^s | 35.3 ^S | 6.3 ^S | 16.6 ^S | 49.7 ^S |
| MONROE | 8.8 | 10.2 | 20.4 ^S | 10.9 | 10.6 ^S | 11.4 ^S |
| MORGAN | 7.8 | 9.5 | 21.8 ^S | 14.2 ^S | 20.5 | 31.4 ^S |
| SHELBY | 7.2 | 8.2 | 19.3 ^S | 18.1 ^S | 29.6 ^S | 48.6 ^S |
| CENTRAL REGION | 8.9 | 11.1 | 27.1 | 6.4 | 14.8 | 36.1 |
| INDIANA | 8.4 | 10.9 | 28.3 | 9.8 | 18.6 | 39.9 |

* = Fewer than 20 birth outcomes, percentage unstable

S = County significantly different from state

^{**}Smoking during pregnancy is being collected through new metrics and should not be compared to previous years or to U.S. data

