

STD MORBIDITY

Chlamydia, Gonorrhea and Syphilis Morbidity – January – December 2010

Gender	Chlamydia		Gonorrhea		Syphilis (Primary and Secondary)	
Female	16,344	72%	3,598	55%	20	11%
Male	6,451	28%	2,884	44%	155	89%
Unknown	30	<1%	14	<1%	S	S
Total	22,825	100%	6,496	100%	175	100%
Race	Chlamydia		Gonorrhea		Syphilis (Primary and Secondary)	
White	8,992	39%	1,555	24%	73	42%
Black	8,845	39%	3,853	59%	97	55%
Amer. Indian	30	<1%	S	S	S	S
Asian	42	<1%	S	S	S	S
Multiple Races	206	1%	46	1%	S	S
All Others	341	1%	64	1%	S	S
Unknown	4,369	19%	963	15%	S	S
Total	22,825	100%	6,496	100%	175	100%
Ethnicity	Chlamydia		Gonorrhea		Syphilis (Primary and Secondary)	
Hispanic	1,000	4%	154	2%	10	6%
Non-Hispanic	14,394	63%	4,416	68%	155	89%
Unknown	7,399	32%	1,915	29%	10	6%
Refused to Answer	32	<1%	11	<1%	S	S
Total	22,825	100%	6,496	100%	175	100%
Age	Chlamydia		Gonorrhea		Syphilis (Primary and Secondary)	
0-9	15	<1%	14	<1%	S	S
10-14	220	1%	50	1%	S	S
15-19	7,999	35%	1,814	28%	15	9%
20-24	8,697	38%	2,347	36%	53	30%
25-29	3,337	15%	1,112	17%	34	19%
30-34	1,433	6%	555	9%	28	16%
35-39	593	3%	292	4%	11	6%
40-44	239	1%	143	2%	14	8%
45-54	184	1%	128	2%	16	9%
55-64	34	<1%	20	<1%	S	S
65+	40	<1%	10	<1%	S	S
Unknown	34	<1%	11	<1%	S	S
Total	22,825	100%	6,496	100%	175	100%

Source: ISDH STD Database as of May 5, 2011

NOTE: Not all percents may add to 100 due to rounding. Data is suppressed (S) when counts are <5 or if determined identifiable, by having a corresponding column found to be <5.