

2008 Hoosier Fast Stats

- In 2008, Indiana reported 132 workplace fatalities. Indiana's most recent fatality rate is 4.8 per 100,000 employees.
- The number of occupational injuries and illnesses reported in 2008 was 112,100. This represents a decrease of 12,900 injuries and illnesses as compared to 2007.
- The Occupational Injury and Illness Rate in Indiana in 2008 is 4.9 per 100 employees. Historically, this is the lowest rate for Indiana; however, Indiana is above the national rate of 4.2.
- In 2008, 50% of the workplace fatalities in Indiana involved a vehicle.
- Thirty-five percent (35%) of the injuries and illnesses that resulted in days away from work in the state in 2008 were from ergonomically-related events.

Data Sources

Injury, illness and fatality data used in this publication is for calendar year 2008 and was collected in 2009 by the Quality, Metrics & Statistics Division of the Indiana Department of Labor in partnership with the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Injury and illness data for 2009 will be released in October 2010. For more information, visit the BLS website at www.bls.gov/home.htm.

Contact Quality, Metrics & Statistics

Director Elizabeth Friend

Email: stats@dol.in.gov • Phone: (317) 232-2668
www.in.gov/dol/stats.htm

Workplace Injury & Illness Prevention

The Indiana Department of Labor's INSafe Division provides free on-site occupational safety and health consultation to Hoosier employers. By proactively managing occupational safety and health, employers will be able to:

- Reduce worker injury and illness rates.
- Decrease Worker's Compensation costs.
- Reduce lost workdays, limit damage to equipment and minimize product loss.
- Help to improve employee morale.

For additional information or to schedule an on-site consultation visit, please contact INSafe.

Contact INSafe

Email: insafe@dol.in.gov • Phone: (317) 232-2688
www.in.gov/dol/insafe



**INDIANA
DEPARTMENT
OF LABOR**

Indiana Department of Labor

Commissioner Lori A. Torres

402 West Washington Street, Room W195

Indianapolis, Indiana 46204

Phone: (317) 232-2655 • TT/Voice: (800) 743-3333

www.in.gov/dol

Iron & Steel Mills



Occupational Injuries, Illnesses and Fatalities

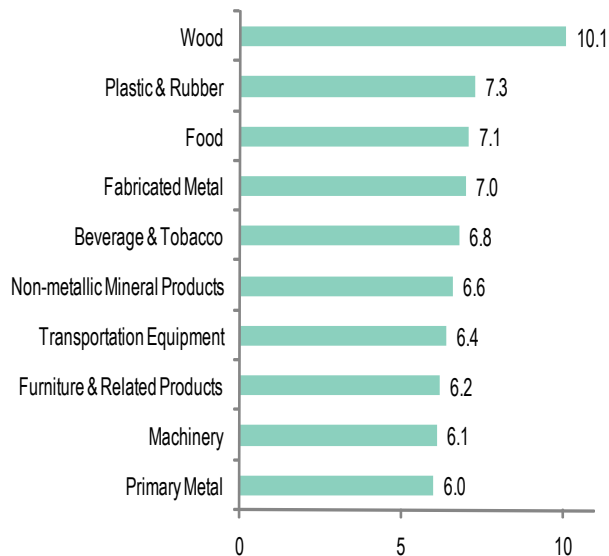
UNITED STATES IRON & STEEL MILLS (NAICS 331111)

Indiana Iron & Steel Mills Fast Stats: 1996-2008

Year	U.S. Injury & Illness Rate	Indiana Injury & Illness Rate	Indiana Days Away Number	Indiana Fatalities
1996	12.9	7.7	694	3
1997	11.3	6.0	332	4
1998	10.0	5.9	359	3
1999	7.9	6.6	455	-
2000	8.2	5.3	263	-
2001	7.3	5.4	371	-
2002	7.3	4.8	313	-
2003	6.9	6.0	240	3
2004	6.9	4.5	260	4
2005	5.2	4.6	230	1
2006	5.4	3.8	250	2
2007	4.6	3.0	180	0
2008	3.7	2.5	130	4

*1996 - 2002 SIC 3312 - Blast Furnace and Steel Mills
 **2003 - 2008 NAICS 331111

Indiana Manufacturing Industries with High Injury & Illness Rates



Select Characteristics of U.S. Iron & Steel Mill Injuries & Illnesses with Days Away from Work (2008)

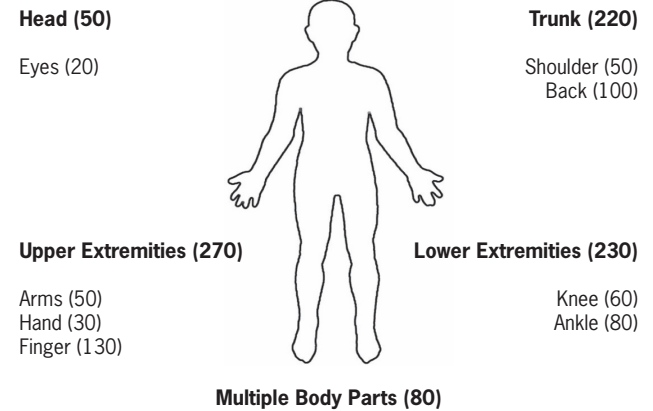
Total injuries with days away from work U.S. = 880
Median number of days away from work U.S. = 14

Nature of injury	Number
Sprains, strains	310
Fractures	140
Bruises, contusions	90
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	70
Heat burns	30
Amputations	30

Event resulting in injury	Number
Fall on same level	150
Struck by object	140
Caught in object, equipment or material	130
Struck against object	70
Exposure to harmful substance	60
Overexertion (except lifting)	60
Overexertion in lifting	40
Fall to a lower level	40
Transportation accidents	30
Slip, trip	30
Repetitive motion	20

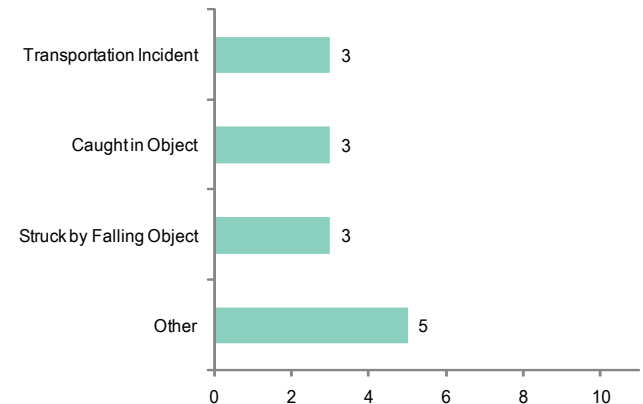
Source of injury	Number
Parts & materials	230
Floors, ground surfaces	180
Motion or position of injured worker	130
Machinery	90
Containers	50
Hand tools	40
Vehicles	40
Furniture & fixtures	20

Part of the Body Affected



Worker Demographics	Number	Age	Number
Gender		16-19	-
Male	820	20-24	40
Female	60	25-34	150
Race		35-44	210
White	450	45-54	260
Hispanic/Latino	70	55-64	200
Black	70	65 & older	-

Indiana Fatal Events in Iron & Steel Mills



For this report, the Indiana Department of Labor used the Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries (CFOI) and the survey of Occupational Injuries (SOI) research file provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).