



DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

Working Together for Student Success

TO: State Board of Education

FROM: Dr. Charity Flores **DATE:** March 6, 2019

RE: ILEARN U.S. Government ECA Standard Setting

The Indiana Department of Education (IDOE) conducted ILEARN U.S. Government Endof-Course (ECA) Standard Setting meetings February 11-12, 2019. The Angoff methodology was confirmed by the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC). Educators with content expertise with the Indiana Academic Standards for U.S. Government comprised the panel both days. IDOE requests State Board approval of the following:

- Performance Level Descriptors delineating content expectations for Indiana Academic Standards for U.S. Government confirmed by educator committee.
- Raw cut score for "At Proficiency" placed at 26 items out of 54.

The Department will confirm these recommended cuts following the 2019 administration based on performance data. Any subsequent recommendations will be brought forward to the Board for additional review.

Table 1. Performance Level Descriptors by Indiana Academic Standard

	Standard	At Proficiency
Functions of Government		
USG.1.1	Define civic life, political life, and private life and describe the activities of individuals in each of these spheres. (Individuals, Society and Culture)	Define civic life, political life, and private life and describe activities individuals perform in each area.
USG.1.2	Define the terms and explain the relationship between politics, government, and public policy. (Economics)	Define the terms and explain relationships between politics, government, and public policy.
USG.1.3	Interpret the purposes and functions of government found in the Preamble of the United States Constitution. (Economics)	Interpret the purposes and functions of government found in the Preamble of the United States Constitution.
USG.1.4	Compare and contrast types of government including direct democracy, monarchy, oligarchy, and totalitarianism. (History; Individuals, Society and Culture)	Compare and contrast types of government including direct democracy, monarchy, oligarchy, and totalitarianism.
USG.1.5	Compare and contrast characteristics of limited and unlimited governments and provide historical and contemporary examples of each type of	Compare and contrast characteristics of limited and unlimited governments and provide historical and contemporary examples of each.

	government.	
USG.1.6	Compare and contrast unitary, confederate, and federal systems of government.	Compare and contrast unitary, confederate, and federal systems of government.
USG.1.7	Define and provide examples of constitutionalism, rule of law, limited government, and popular sovereignty in the United States Constitution and explain the relationship of these constitutional principles to the protection of the rights of individuals. (History; Individuals, Society and Culture)	Define and provide examples of constitutionalism, rule of law, limited government, and popular sovereignty in the United States Constitution and explain the relationship to the protection of individual rights.
USG.1.8	Evaluate the importance of a written constitution in establishing and maintaining the principles of rule of law and limited government.	Evaluate the importance of a written constitution as it relates to maintaining the rule of law and limited government.
USG.1.9	Evaluate how the United States Constitution establishes majority rule while protecting minority rights and balances the common good with individual liberties. (History; Individuals, Society and Culture)	Evaluate how the United States Constitution establishes majority rule while protecting minority rights and balances the common good with individual liberties.
USG.2.8	Explain the history and provide historical and contemporary examples of fundamental principles and values of American political and civic life, including liberty, security, the common good, justice, equality, law and order, rights of individuals, diversity, popular sovereignty, and representative democracy. (Individuals, Society and Culture)	Explain the history and provide past and present examples of fundamental principles and values of American political and civic life, including liberty, security, the common good, justice, equality, law and order, rights of individuals, diversity, popular sovereignty, and representative democracy.
USG.4.1	Compare and contrast governments throughout the world with the United States government in terms of source of the government's power.	Compare and contrast the source of power between the United States government and other world governments.
USG.4.2	Describe how different governments interact in world affairs. (Individuals, Society and Culture)	Describe how different governments interact in world affairs.
USG.4.3	Analyze reasons for conflict among nations, such as competition for resources and territory, differences in ideology, and religious or ethnic conflicts.	Analyze reasons for conflict among nations regarding competition for resources and territory, differences in ideology, and religious or ethnic conflicts.
USG.4.4	Provide examples of governmental and non-governmental international organizations and explain their role in international affairs.	Provide an example of a governmental or non- governmental international organization and explain the role this organization plays in world affairs.

USG.4.6	Identify and describe strategies available to the United States government to achieve foreign policy objectives. (Economics; Geography; History; Individuals, Society and Culture)	Identify and describe strategies available to the United States government to achieve foreign policy objectives.
USG.4.7	Examine the influence individuals, businesses, labor, and other organizations, interest groups, and public opinion has on United States foreign policy. (Economics)	Examine the influence individuals, businesses, labor, organizations, interest groups, and public opinion has on United States foreign policy.
USG.4.8	Identify and explain world issues, including political, cultural, demographic, economic and environmental challenges that affect the United States foreign policy in specific regions of the world.	Identify and explain a world issue, such as a political, cultural, demographic, economic, or environmental challenge that affects United States foreign policy in a specific region of the world.
USG.4.9	Discuss specific foreign policy issues that impact local community and state interests. (Economics; Individuals, Society and Culture)	Discuss specific foreign policy issues that impact local community and state interests.
USG.5.1	Define the legal meaning of citizenship in the United States; identify the requirements for citizenship in the United States and residency in Indiana and understand the criteria used for attaining both.	Define the legal meaning and identify the requirements of citizenship in the United States and residency in Indiana and understand the criteria used for attaining both.
USG.5.2	Analyze the roles and responsibilities of citizens in Indiana and the United States. (Individuals, Society and Culture)	Analyze the roles and responsibilities of citizens in Indiana and the United States.
USG.5.3	Discuss the individual's legal obligation to obey the law, serve as a juror, and pay taxes.	Discuss the individual's legal obligation to obey the law, serve as a juror, and pay taxes.
USG.5.5	Identify when it is constitutional for our government to limit the rights of individuals and explain the reasons why the government would want to do this. (History)	government can constitutionally limit an individual's rights.
USG.5.8	Describe opportunities available to individuals to contribute to the wellbeing of their communities and participate responsibly in the political process at local, state and national levels of government.	Describe the opportunities available to, and responsible participation of, individuals in the political process to contribution to a community's well-being at local, state and national levels of government.
Historical Foundations of American Government		
USG.2.1	Summarize the colonial, revolutionary, and Founding-Era experiences and events that led to the writing, ratification, and implementation of the United States Constitution (1787) and	Summarize the experiences that led to the creation of the U.S. Constitution and the Bill of Rights as our governing documents.

	Bill of Dighte (1701) (Llieter)	
	Bill of Rights (1791). (History; Individuals, Society and Culture)	
	individuals, Society and Culture)	
USG.2.2	Understand the concept of compromise	Explain the concept of compromise and
	and evaluate its application during the	evaluate its application during the
	Constitutional Convention.	Constitutional Convention.
USG.2.3	Analyze and interpret central ideas on	Analyze and interpret a central idea about
	government, individual rights, and the	government, individual rights, or the common
	common good in founding documents	good in founding documents of the United
	of the United States.	States.
USG.2.4	Explain the history and provide	Explain the history and provide examples of
	examples of foundational ideas of	foundational ideas of American government
	American government embedded in the	embedded in the Founding -Era documents.
	Founding-Era documents such as:	-
	natural rights philosophy, social	
	contract, popular sovereignty,	
	constitutionalism, representative	
	democracy, political factions,	
	federalism, and individual rights.	
USG.2.5	Identify and explain elements of the	Identify and explain elements of the social
	social contract and natural rights	contract and natural rights theories in United
	theories in United States Founding-Era	States Founding-Era documents.
	documents.	
USG.2.6	Explain how a shared American civic	Explain how American civic identity is based on
	identity is based on commitment to	the Founding-Era and subsequent documents
	foundational ideas in Founding-Era	of United States history.
	documents and in core documents of	
	subsequent periods of United States	
	history. (History)	
USG.2.7	Using primary documents, compare	Using primary documents, compare and
	and contrast the ideas of the	contrast the ideas of the Federalists and the
	Federalists and the Anti-Federalists	Anti-Federalists regarding the respective roles
	regarding the respective roles of state	of state and national government on ratification
	and national government on ratification	of the United States Constitution (1787–1788).
	of the United States Constitution	
	(1787–1788). (History)	
USG.3.14	Analyze the election of Benjamin	Analyze the election of Benjamin Harrison, his
	Harrison, Indiana's only president, his	approach to the presidency, his relationship to
	approach to the presidency, his	the legislative branch, and his re-election
	relationship to the legislative branch,	defeat considering the effects of party politics
	and his re-election defeat, considering	and public opinion.
	the effects of party politics and public	
1 41: 41	opinion.	
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Government	Analysis the Helical Otale Co. Civil	Analysis a sharest-state of the 11-2-10-1
USG.3.1	Analyze the United States Constitution	Analyze a characteristic of the United States
	and explain characteristics of	government that defines it as a federal,
	government in the United States, which	presidential, and representative democracy.
	define it as a federal, presidential,	
	constitutional and representative	

	democracy.	
USG.3.2	Explain the constitutional principles of federalism, separation of powers, the system of checks and balances, republican government or representative democracy, and popular sovereignty; provide examples of these principles in the governments of the United States and the state of Indiana.	Explain constitutional principles of federalism, separation of powers, checks and balances, representative democracy or republican government, and popular sovereignty, providing examples from Indiana and U.S. government.
USG.3.3	Identify and describe provisions of the United States Constitution and the Indiana Constitution that define and distribute powers and authority of the federal or state government.	Identify and describe provisions of the United States Constitution and the Indiana Constitution that define and distribute powers and authority of the federal or state government.
USG.3.4	Explain the relationship between limited government and a market economy. (Economics)	Explain the relationship between limited government and a market economy.
USG.3.5	Explain the section of Article IV, Section 4, of the United States Constitution which says, "The United States shall guarantee to every State in the Union a Republican form of government."	Explain the guarantee clause of Article IV, Section 4, of the United States Constitution.
USG.3.6	Compare and contrast the enumerated, implied and denied powers in the United States Constitution and the Indiana Constitution.	Compare and contrast the enumerated, implied and denied powers of the U.S. and Indiana Constitutions.
USG.3.7	Explain the relationships among branches of the United States government and Indiana government, which involve separation and sharing of powers as a means to limited government.	Explain the relationships among branches of the United States government and Indiana government, which involve separation and sharing of powers as a means to limited government.
USG.3.8	Describe the fiscal and monetary policies incorporated by the United States government and Indiana government and evaluate how they affect individuals, groups and businesses. (Economics)	Describe and evaluate how the fiscal and monetary policies of the U.S. and Indiana governments affect individuals, groups and businesses.
USG.3.9	Explain how a bill becomes law in the legislative process of the United States and the state of Indiana.	Explain how a bill becomes law in the legislative process of the United States and the state of Indiana.
USG.3.10	Describe the procedures for amending the United States and Indiana Constitutions and analyze why it is so difficult to amend these Constitutions.	Describe and evaluate the procedures and difficulties for amending the United States and Indiana Constitutions.
USG.3.11	Analyze the functions of the judicial branch of the United States and Indiana governments with emphasis on the principles of due process, judicial review and an independent judiciary.	Analyze functions of the judicial branch of the United States and Indiana governments, including the principles of due process and judicial review.

USG.3.12	Analyze the functions of major departments of the executive branch in	Analyze the functions of major departments of the executive branch in the United States and
	the United States and in Indiana. (Individuals, Society and Culture)	in Indiana.
USG.3.13	Explain the electoral process in terms	Explain the electoral process as it relates to
000.01.0	of election laws and election systems	national, state, and local election laws and
	on the national, state and local level.	election systems.
USG.3.15	Summarize the evolution of political	Summarize the ideologies and evolution of
	parties and their ideologies in the	national, state, and local political parties in the
	American governmental system and	American governmental system.
	analyze their functions in elections and	
	government at national, state and local	
	levels of the federal system. (History;	
	Individuals, Society and Culture)	
USG.3.16	Explain and evaluate the original	Explain and evaluate the original purpose and
	purpose and function of the Electoral	function of the Electoral College and its
	College and its relevance today.	relevance today.
USG.3.17	Explain the organization of state and	Explain the organization of state and local
	local governments in Indiana and	governments in Indiana and how they affect the
	analyze how they affect the lives of	lives of citizens.
11000010	citizens.	
USG.3.18	Identify the role and development of	Identify and explain the role and development
	special interest groups in politics and	of special interest groups in politics and their
	explain their impact on the	impact on the development of state and local
	development of state and local public policy. (Economics; History; Individuals,	public policy.
	Society and Culture)	
USG.3.19	Identify the historical significance of	Identify and analyze the historical significance
000.01.0	and analyze decisions by the United	of decisions by the United States Supreme
	States Supreme Court about the	Court about the constitutional principles of
	constitutional principles of separation of	separation of powers and checks and balances
	powers and checks and balances in	in landmark cases.
	such landmark cases as Marbury v.	
	Madison (1803), Baker v. Carr (1962),	
	United States v. Nixon (1974), Clinton	
	v. City of New York (1998) and Bush v.	
	Gore (2000).	
USG.3.20	Identify the historical significance of	Identify and analyze the historical significance
	and analyze decisions by the United	of decisions by the United States Supreme
	States Supreme Court about the	Court about the constitutional principle of
	constitutional principle of federalism in cases such as McCulloch v. Maryland	federalism in key court cases.
	(1819), Alden v. Maine (1999) and the	
	denial of certiorari for the Terri Schiavo	
	case (2005). (History; Individuals,	
	Society and Culture) certiorari: a writ	
	from a high court to a low court	
	requesting a transcript of the	
	proceedings of a case for review	
USG.3.21	Describe the influence of the media	Describe how the use of media and technology
	and technology on public opinion and	has influenced public opinion and public policy.
	public policy.	

USG.4.5	Analyze powers the United States Constitution gives to the executive, legislative and judicial branches of government in the area of foreign affairs.	Analyze powers the United States Constitution gives to the executive, legislative and judicial branches of government in the area of foreign affairs.
USG.5.4	Identify and describe the civil and constitutional rights found in the United States Constitution and Bill of Rights and expanded by decisions of the United States Supreme Court; analyze and evaluate landmark cases of the United States Supreme Court concerning civil rights and liberties of individuals.	Identify and describe the civil and constitutional rights found in the United States Constitution and Bill of Rights and expanded by decisions of the United States Supreme Court in landmark cases.
USG.5.6	Explain and give examples of important citizen actions that monitor and influence local, state, and national government as individuals and members of interest groups.	Explain and give an example of an important citizen action that monitors and influences the local, state, or national government as an individual or as a member of an interest group.
USG.5.7	Explain how citizens in the United States participate in public elections as voters and supporters of candidates for public office.	Explain how a United States citizen participates in a public election as a voter or a supporter of a candidate for public office.
USG.5.9	Use information from a variety of resources to describe and discuss current American political issues. (History, Economics, Geography)	Describe information from a variety of resources regarding current American political issues.