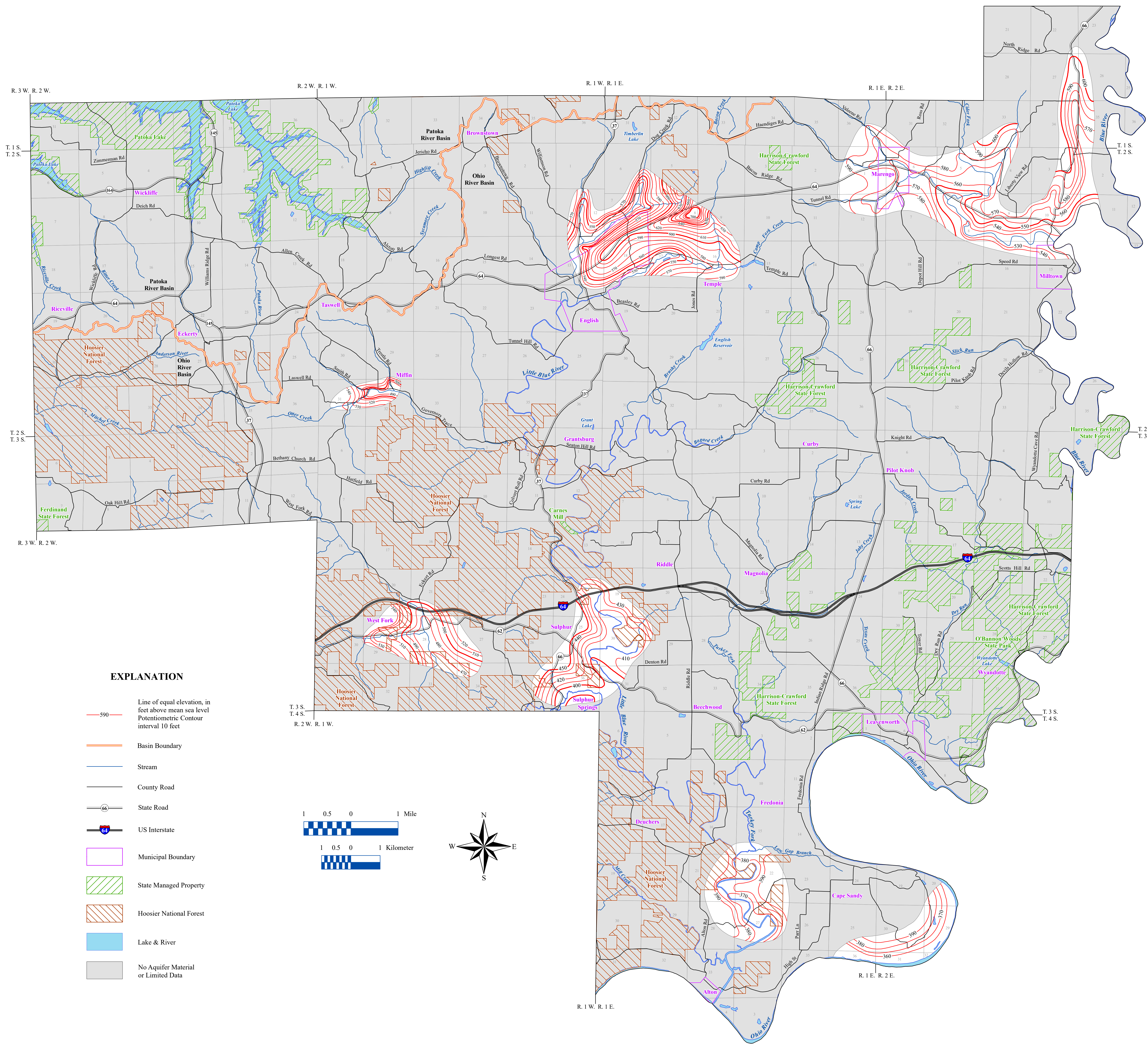


# POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP OF THE BEDROCK AQUIFERS OF CRAWFORD COUNTY, INDIANA



Crawford County is located in the south-central portion of Indiana, and is bounded by the counties of Perry, Dubois, Orange, Washington, Harrison, and the State of Kentucky to the southwest, west, north, northeast, east, and south, respectively. The majority of the county lies within the Ohio River Basin, with a portion in the northwest within the Patoka River Basin.

The potentiometric surface is a measure of the pressure on groundwater in a water bearing formation. Wells are completed in aquifers at various depths, and typically, under confined conditions (bounded by impermeable layers above and below the water bearing formation). However, some wells are completed under unconfined (not bounded by impermeable layers) settings. Water in a confined aquifer, which is under hydrostatic pressure, will rise in a well above the top of the water bearing formation. In contrast, groundwater in an unconfined aquifer, which is at atmospheric pressure, will not rise in a well above the top of the water bearing formation.

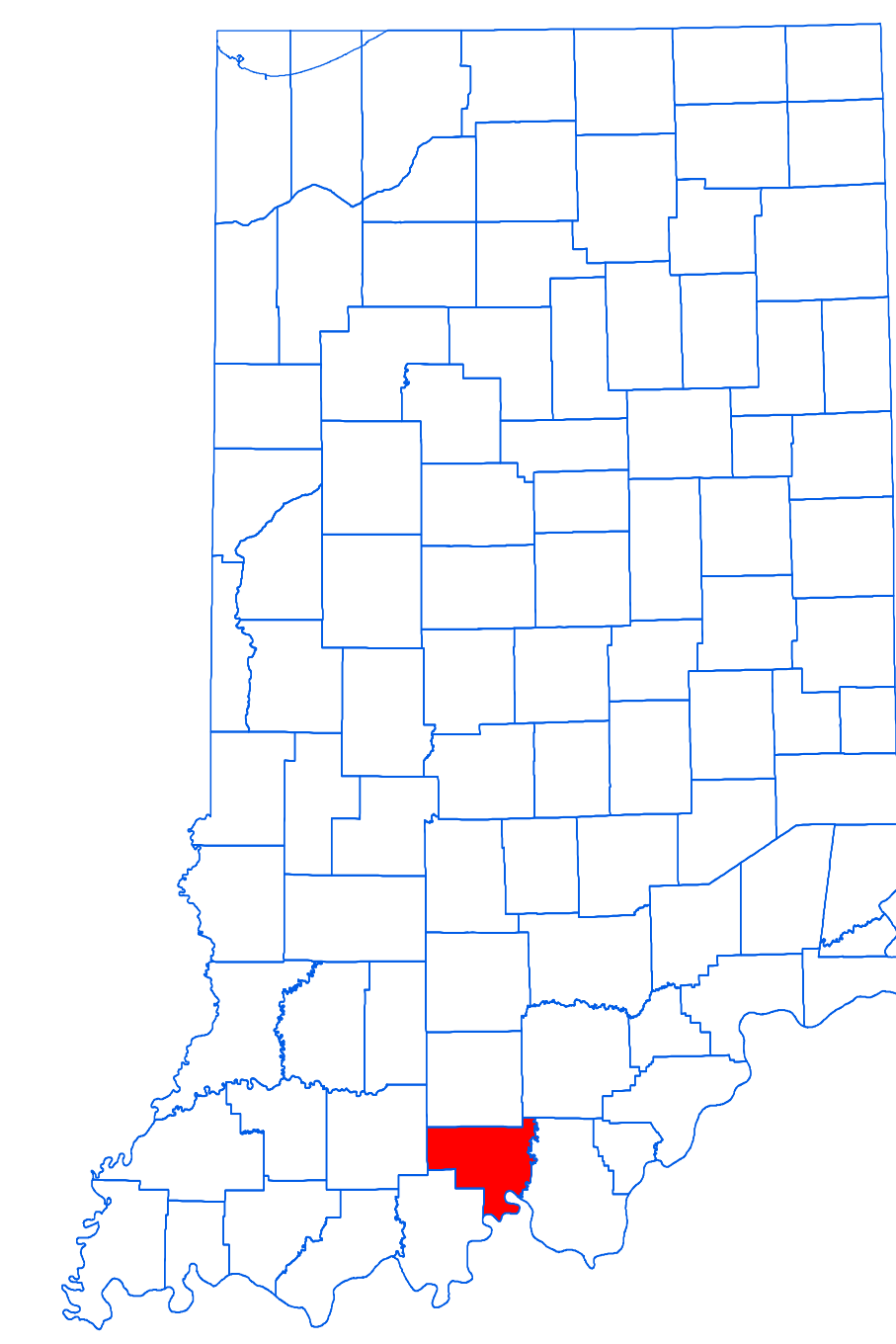
The Potentiometric Surface Map (PSM) of the bedrock aquifers of Crawford County was mapped by contouring the elevations of 164 static water-levels reported on well records received primarily over a 50 year period. Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates for the water wells were either physically obtained in the field, determined through address geocoding, or reported on water well records. The location of the majority of the water well records used to make the PSM were field verified. Elevation data were obtained from a digital elevation model. Quality control/quality assurance procedures were utilized to refine or remove data where errors were readily apparent.

Static water-level measurements in individual wells used to construct county PSM's are indicative of the water-level at the time of well completion. The groundwater level within an aquifer constantly fluctuates in response to rainfall, evapotranspiration, groundwater movement and pumping. Therefore, measured static water-levels in an area may differ due to local or seasonal variations. Because fluctuations in groundwater are typically small, static water-levels can be used to construct a generalized PSM. As a general rule, but certainly not always, groundwater flow approximates the overlying topography and intersects the land surface at major streams.

Potentiometric surface elevations range from a high of 700 feet mean sea level (msl) in the north-central portion of the county to a low of 360 feet msl in the southern portion of the county along the Ohio River. Localized groundwater flow direction in the central portion of the county is generally to the south towards the Little Blue River and its tributaries. In the northeastern portion of the county, localized groundwater flow direction is to the southeast towards the Blue River. In the southern portion of the county, localized groundwater flow direction is south towards the Ohio River. Regional groundwater flow is towards the Ohio River.

The county PSM can be used to define the regional groundwater flow path and to identify significant areas of groundwater recharge and discharge. County PSM's represent overall regional characteristics and are not intended to be a substitute for site-specific studies.

Location Map



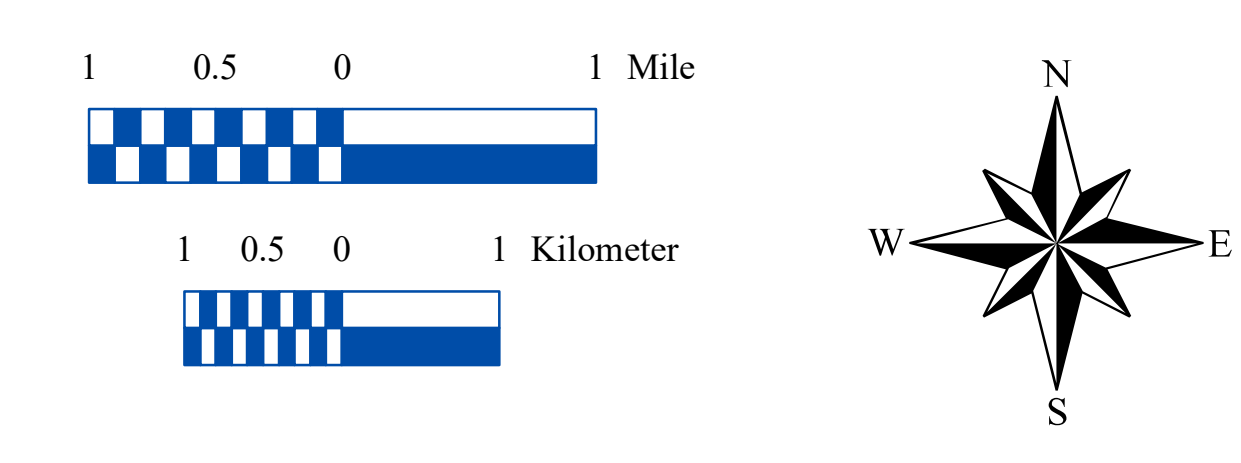
Digital Elevation Map of Crawford County, Indiana



Elevation (feet)  
953  
270



- EXPLANATION**
- 590 — Line of equal elevation, in feet above mean sea level
  - Potentiometric Contour interval 10 feet
  - Basin Boundary
  - Stream
  - County Road
  - State Road
  - US Interstate
  - Municipal Boundary
  - State Managed Property
  - Hoosier National Forest
  - Lake & River
  - No Aquifer Material or Limited Data



**Map Use and Disclaimer Statement**

We request that the following agency be acknowledged in products derived from this map: Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water.

This map was compiled by staff of the Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water using data believed to be reasonably accurate. However, a degree of error is inherent in all maps. This product is distributed "as is" without warranties of any kind, either expressed or implied. This map is intended for use only at the published scale.

This map is created from several existing shapefiles: Township and Range Lines of Indiana (line shapefile, 20020621), Land Survey Lines of Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20020621), and County Boundaries of Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20020621) are all from the Indiana Geological Survey and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Roads (TIGER and INDOT) (line shapefiles, 2005) is from the Indiana Department of Transportation and based on a 1:100,000 scale. System I (line shapefile, 2003) is from the Indiana Department of Transportation and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Incorporated Boundaries in Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20060501) is from the Graphics and Engineering Section, Indiana Department of Transportation. Hydrography, Streams (NHD) (line shapefile, 20081218), Rivers (NHD) (polygon shapefile, 20081218), and Lakes (NHD) (polygon shapefile, 20081218) are from the U.S. Geological Survey and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Basin boundaries are modified from the Watershed Boundary Dataset (polygon shapefile, 2008) developed by the Natural Conservation Service and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Managed Lands (IDNR IN (polygon shapefile, 20100920) is from the Indiana Department of Natural Resources and based on a 1:24,000 scale. The Digital Elevation Map image is derived from the Indiana OrthoLiDAR Statewide Collection Program (2013). Crawford County Bedrock No Aquifer Material or Limited Data (polygon shapefile, Cox, 2019) and Potentiometric Surface Contours of the Bedrock Aquifers of Crawford County, Indiana (line shapefile, Cox, 2019) are based on a 1:24,000 scale.