IC 6-1.1-6
Chapter 6. Assessment of Certain Forest Lands

IC 6-1.1-6-0.5
"Geo-referenced"
Sec. 0.5. As used in this chapter, "geo-referenced" means a photo with a minimum horizontal accuracy of plus or minus six (6) meters at one (1) meter resolution.
As added by P.L.219-2014, SEC.1.

IC 6-1.1-6-1
Classification
Sec. 1. For the purpose of property taxation, forest land and other land may be classified and assessed under this chapter if the land satisfies the conditions prescribed in this chapter for classification as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands.

IC 6-1.1-6-2
Forest plantations
Sec. 2. (a) Land may be classified as a forest plantation if it is cleared land which has growing on it a good stand of timber producing trees as that concept is understood by a district forester or a professional forester.
(b) A new forest plantation must have at least four hundred (400) timber producing trees per acre. The trees may be any size but must be well established.

IC 6-1.1-6-2.5
Wildlands
Sec. 2.5. Land may be classified as wildlands if it contains one (1) or more of the following:
(1) Grasslands that are dominated by native grasses or intermixed with other native herbaceous vegetation.
(2) Wetlands that support a prevalence of native vegetation adopted for saturated conditions.
(3) Early forest successional stands that are dominated by native herbaceous and woody vegetation that will develop into native forest land.
(4) Other lands the department determines is capable of supporting wildlife and conducive to wildlife management.
(5) A body of water.
As added by P.L.66-2006, SEC.3.

IC 6-1.1-6-3

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Native forest land
Sec. 3. Land may be classified as native forest land if it contains at least forty (40) square feet of basal area per acre or at least one thousand (1,000) timber producing trees, of any size, per acre.

IC 6-1.1-6-3.5
Restrictions on use of classified land
Sec. 3.5. (a) Areas eligible within a parcel of land may contain any of the following:
(1) Nonforest areas containing a good stand of vegetation capable of supporting wildlife that is conducive to wildlife management. A good stand of vegetation must include a diverse stand of vegetation other than monotypic stands or nonnative invasive species, including tall fescue (Festuca arundinacea) and other species designated by the state forester. However, the state forester may allow tall fescue to be used for erosion control.
(2) A body of water that:
   (A) is less than two (2) acres in size; or
   (B) has an average depth less than four (4) feet.
A parcel may contain more than one (1) isolated body of water.
(b) A parcel may not be converted from native forest land or a forest plantation to a non-forest area without a special permit issued under section 17 of this chapter.
(c) Except for crops cultivated solely for wildlife food or cover, a person may not cultivate nontimber agricultural crops on land classified as wildlands.

IC 6-1.1-6-4
Nontimber producing trees
Sec. 4. For purposes of this chapter, the following types of trees are not considered timber producing trees: dogwoods (Cornus); water-beech (Carpinus); ironwood (Ostrya); red bud (Cercis); pawpaw; black haw; pomaceous trees; Christmas trees which are grown for commercial purposes; and other trees listed by the state forester.

IC 6-1.1-6-5
Size restrictions of classified land parcel
Sec. 5. A parcel of land may not be classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands unless it contains at least ten (10) contiguous acres. The parcel may be of any shape but must be at least fifty (50) feet in width.

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IC 6-1.1-6-5.5
Revised application with state forester
Sec. 5.5. (a) A landowner may file a revised application with the state forester under section 11 of this chapter to have classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands a parcel of land that:
(1) consists of at least one (1) acre;
(2) meets the requirements of section 3 of this chapter; and
(3) is contiguous to a parcel of land owned by the landowner that is already classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands.
(b) A parcel of land described in subsection (a) must be described and platted under section 9 of this chapter. The description and plat under this subsection must be combined with the plat of the existing classified lands.
(c) The revised plat and application prepared under this section:
(1) replace the prior application and plat; and
(2) assume the effective date of the original application for purposes of section 24 of this chapter.

IC 6-1.1-6-6
Classification not permitted if building is on parcel
Sec. 6. A parcel of land may not be classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands if a dwelling or other building is situated on the parcel.

IC 6-1.1-6-7
Classification not permitted if grazing on parcel
Sec. 7. A parcel of land may not be classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands if it is grazed by domestic animals or confined nondomesticated animals.

IC 6-1.1-6-8
Repealed

IC 6-1.1-6-9
Parcel description
Sec. 9. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), a person
who:
(1) wishes to have a parcel of land classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands; or
(2) submits a revised application due to:
   (A) the partial withdrawal of existing classified land;
   (B) division of the parcel related to a conveyance; or
   (C) the combination of contiguous lands;
must have the parcel described by a professional surveyor. The parcel must be described by metes and bounds or other professionally accepted practices and must locate the parcel with reference to an established corner. In addition, the description must identify the parcel by section, township, range, and county references. The professional surveyor shall prepare plats of the parcel in ink, and the professional surveyor shall prepare the plats on the scale, and in the number, prescribed by the department of natural resources.

(b) The professional surveyor may use a geo-referenced aerial photograph in order to prepare a description of the parcel. However, the professional surveyor's description must be accurate, and it must meet the requirements specified in subsection (a). If a geo-referenced aerial photograph is used, that fact shall be noted on the application referred to in section 11 of this chapter.

(c) The natural resources commission may adopt rules to allow other means of depicting and identifying parcels classified as native forest land, forest plantation, or wildlands under this section provided that the means do not result in a real property description of the parcel.


IC 6-1.1-6-10
Repealed

IC 6-1.1-6-11
Applications for classification; signatures
Sec. 11. A person who wishes to have a parcel of land classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands must file an application in duplicate with the state forester on the forms prescribed by the state forester. The application must include the signature of the owner, the professional surveyor or other person described in rules adopted under section 9(c) of this chapter, the state forester, and the county assessor.


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IC 6-1.1-6-12
Approval of applications
Sec. 12. If in the state forester's opinion an application filed under section 11 of this chapter and the land to be classified comply with the provisions of this chapter, the state forester shall approve the application. In addition, the state forester shall notify the assessor of the county in which the land is located that the application has been approved and return one (1) approved application form to the applicant.

IC 6-1.1-6-13
Recording approved application
Sec. 13. If an application filed under section 11 of this chapter is approved, the applicant shall record the approved application in the applicant's name. However, if the applicant is a partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or association, the applicant shall record the approved application in the name of the partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or association. When an approved application is properly recorded, the county assessor shall enter the land for taxation at an assessed value determined under section 14 of this chapter.

IC 6-1.1-6-14
Rate of assessment; adjustment
Sec. 14. Land which is classified under this chapter as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands shall be assessed as follows:
(1) At thirteen dollars and twenty-nine cents ($13.29) per acre for general property taxation purposes, for the January 1, 2017, assessment date.
(2) At the amount per acre determined in the following STEPS for general property taxation purposes, for an assessment date after January 1, 2017:
   STEP ONE: Determine the amount per acre under this section for the immediately preceding assessment date.
   STEP TWO: Multiply the STEP ONE amount by the result of:
   (A) one (1); plus
   (B) the annual percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the federal Bureau of Labor Statistics for the calendar year preceding the calendar year before the assessment date.

Indiana Code 2016
IC 6-1.1-6-15
Minerals on land; assessment
   Sec. 15. If any oil, gas, stone, coal, or other mineral is obtained from land which is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands, the parcel shall immediately be assessed for the oil, gas, stone, coal, or other mineral wealth. The assessed value of the mineral wealth shall then be placed on the tax duplicate.

IC 6-1.1-6-16
Timber and wildlife management standards
   Sec. 16. (a) The natural resources commission shall, by rule, establish minimum standards of good timber and wildlife management.
   (b) The department of natural resources shall prescribe a management plan for each classified parcel.
   (c) The management plan must be followed for the owner to be in compliance with this chapter.

IC 6-1.1-6-17
Special permits
   Sec. 17. The state forester may issue special permits for other purposes if the land use authorized by the permit is not inconsistent with this chapter. The maximum amount of land to be utilized in the manner authorized by a special permit may not exceed the lesser of the following:
   (1) Ten percent (10%) of the total acreage.
   (2) Five (5) acres.

IC 6-1.1-6-18
Signs; posting on land
   Sec. 18. The owner of a parcel of land which is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands shall post four (4) signs on the parcel. The owner shall place the signs on the boundaries of, and on different sides of, the parcel at the points which are the most conspicuous to the public or at the property corners. The department of natural resources shall furnish the signs and shall designate the size and the wording of the signs.

IC 6-1.1-6-19
Inspection of land; records; use of geographic information system

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Sec. 19. At least once every seven (7) years the state forester, or the state forester's deputy, shall inspect each parcel of land which is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands. On each inspection trip the state forester, or the state forester's deputy, shall, if possible, have the owner go over the parcel with the state forester and shall point out to the owner any needed improvement. If the landowner chooses not to accompany the state forester in person, the state forester may use a geographic information system (GIS) or other remote sensing technology to conduct the inspection. In addition, the state forester shall give the owner a written report of the inspection and the state forester's recommendations. A permanent record of each inspection shall be maintained in the office of the state forester.


IC 6-1.1-6-20
Withdrawal of land from classification; revised application for remaining eligible land

Sec. 20. (a) If the owner of land which is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands wishes to have the land withdrawn from the classification, the owner shall have the county assessor of the county in which the land is situated assess the land. The county auditor shall determine the taxes that are required under section 24 of this chapter. The owner shall then file a withdrawal request in duplicate with the state forester on forms prescribed by the state forester. The state forester shall withdraw the land from the classification on receipt of the withdrawal forms.

(b) If the owner of land that is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands wishes to have a part of the classified land removed, in addition to the requirements under subsection (a), the owner shall submit a revised application for the remaining eligible land. The revised application assumes the effective date of the original application.


IC 6-1.1-6-21
Withdrawal from classification by state; assessment of land

Sec. 21. (a) The state forester shall withdraw land which is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands from the classification if the state forester finds that the provisions of this chapter are not being complied with and that the owner of the land refuses to make the changes necessary for compliance.

(b) If the state forester withdraws land under this section, the state forester shall have the county assessor of the county in which the land is situated assess the land. The county auditor shall determine
the taxes that are required under section 24 of this chapter. In
addition, the state forester shall immediately notify the owner that
the land has been withdrawn.

(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.47, SEC.1.) As amended by P.L.186-2003,
SEC.19; P.L.66-2006, SEC.20.

IC 6-1.1-6-22
Repealed

(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.47, SEC.1. As amended by

IC 6-1.1-6-23
Withdrawal of classification; notice to county official

Sec. 23. If land classified as native forest land, a forest plantation,
or wildlands is withdrawn from the classification, the state forester
shall immediately notify the assessor of the county in which the land
is situated that the land has been withdrawn. In addition, when land
is withdrawn, the owner of the land shall make a notation of the
withdrawal in the records of the county recorder on forms provided
by the state forester.

(Formerly: Acts 1975, P.L.47, SEC.1.) As amended by P.L.186-2003,

IC 6-1.1-6-24
Tax payments and penalties upon withdrawal; lien on land;
distribution of revenue

Sec. 24. (a) If land that is classified as native forest land, a forest
plantation, or wildlands is withdrawn from the classification, the
owner shall pay an amount equal to the sum of the following:

(1) The total property taxes that, if it were not for the
classification, would have been assessed on the land during the
period of classification or the ten (10) year period immediately
preceding the date on which the land is withdrawn from the
classification, whichever is lesser.
(2) Interest on the property taxes at the rate of ten percent
(10%) simple interest per year.
(3) For land that was originally classified after June, 30, 2006,
a penalty amount of one hundred dollars ($100) per withdrawal
plus fifty dollars ($50) per acre, unless an amount is established
by rule by the natural resources commission. However, the
natural resources commission may not increase the penalty
amount more than once every five (5) years.

(b) The liability imposed by this section is a lien upon the land
withdrawn from the classification. When the county collects the
amount, the funds shall be distributed as follows:

(1) Seventy-five percent (75%) of the penalty under subsection
(a)(3) shall be transferred by the county auditor to the treasurer
of state who shall deposit the amount in the forest restoration

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fund (IC 14-12-1-11.1).
(2) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the penalty under subsection (a)(3) plus the taxes and interest collected under subsection (a)(1) and (a)(2) shall be deposited by the county auditor into the county general fund.

If the amount is not paid, it shall be treated in the same manner the delinquent taxes on real property are treated.

(c) The county auditor shall determine the tax owed under subsection (a).


IC 6-1.1-6-25
Effect of conveyance on classification; new application for divided land; disclosure to purchaser

Sec. 25. (a) A conveyance of land which is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands does not release any person acquiring an interest in the land from any obligation or liability imposed under this chapter.

(b) If land that is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands is conveyed in a manner that divides the classified land into two (2) or more parcels, the owner shall file a new application for each parcel. The new application does not affect the original date of the classification.

(c) If the owner of land that is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands decides to sell or convey the classified land, the owner must disclose in writing the following information to the potential purchaser:

(1) That the land is enrolled in the classified land program.
(2) Any potential violations, tax liabilities, and penalties under this chapter.


IC 6-1.1-6-26
Plat and recording expenses

Sec. 26. The expense of the surveyor's plat required by section 9 of this chapter shall be paid by the applicant. The expense of a recording shall be paid by the applicant.


IC 6-1.1-6-27
Landowner's report

Sec. 27. The owner of a parcel of land which is classified as native forest land, a forest plantation, or wildlands shall file a report once each year with the state forester on forms furnished by the state
forester.