



# Department of Local Government Finance

## **Cost Approach Problem and Answer Packet**

2026 Level II Tutorials



# Problem #1

- A commercial building contains a total of 5,200 square feet. Of this total, 3,900 square feet of the area has a wall height of 16 feet. The remaining 1,300 square feet of the area has a wall height of 14 feet. What is the average wall height for this structure?





# Problem #1 Answer

- $3,900 \text{ divided by } 5,200 = 75\%$
- $1,300 \text{ divided by } 5,200 = 25\%$
- $16' \times .75 = 12'$
- $14' \times .25 = 3.5'$
- $12' + 3.5' = 15.5' \text{ rounded to } 16 \text{ ft.}$





## Problem #2

- A commercial building measures 200 feet by 500 feet. What is the PAR of this structure?





## Problem #2 Answer

- $200 + 200 + 500 + 500 = 1,400$  (perimeter)
- $200 \times 500 = 100,000$
- $1,400$  divided by  $100,000 = .014$
- $0.014 \times 100 = 1.4$  or a PAR of 1





## Problem #3

- A structure has 2,500 square feet of area of which 1,500 square feet is general office and 1,000 square feet is utility storage area. The walls of the structure are Type 1. The building measures 100 feet by 25 feet.
- Figure the adjusted base rate for this structure using the GCM schedule.





# Problem #3 Answer

- Step 1 – Figure the PAR
  - $100 + 100 + 25 + 25 = 250$
  - $100 \times 25 = 2,500$
  - $250 \text{ divided by } 2,500 = 0.10 \times 100 = 10$





# Problem #3 Answer

- Step 2 – Percentage of each use
  - 1,500 divided by 2,500 = 60% (General Office)
  - 1,000 divided by 2,500 = 40% (Utility Storage)







# Problem #3 Answer

- Step 3 – Go to appropriate Schedule in Appendix G and select the correct base rates.
  - General office - \$183.22
  - Utility storage - \$108.57





# Problem #3 Answer

- Step 4 – Figure adjusted rates for each use.
  - $\$183.22 \times .60 = \$109.93$
  - $\$108.57 \times .40 = \$ 43.43$





## Problem #3 Answer

- Figure new adjusted base rate by adding the individual rates together.
- $\$109.93 + \$43.43 = \$153.36$





# Problem #4

- A fire-resistant building with exterior walls of brick measures 100' x 180'. Twenty-five percent of the building is used as industrial office space, and the remainder of the building is used as light warehousing. The office space has a wall height of 12 feet and the warehouse space has a wall height of 18 feet.
- What is the average wall height?
- What is the adjusted base rate?





# Problem #4 Answer

- Area:  $100 \times 180 = 18,000$  sq. ft
- Perimeter:  $100 + 100 + 180 + 180 = 560$  linear feet
- $560 / 18,000 = .03 \times 100 = \text{PAR } 3$
- $12' \times 25\% = 3'$
- $18' \times 75\% = 13.50'$





## Problem #4 Answer

- $3' + 13.50' = 16.5'$  rounded to 17' so the average wall height is 17 feet.
- Since the office walls are 12 feet, you need to make a positive 5-foot adjustment on it.
- Since the warehouse walls are 18 feet, you need to make a negative 1-foot adjustment on it.





## Problem #4 Answer

- Industrial Office: base rate is \$110.37, adjustment is 5' x \$2.51 for a total of \$122.92.
- Light Warehouse: base rate is \$83.65, minus adjustment of 1' x \$1.83 for a total of \$81.82.





# Problem #4 Answer

- $\$122.92 \times 25\% = \$30.73$
- $\$81.82 \times 75\% = \$61.37$
- $\$30.73 + \$61.37 = \text{adjusted rate of } \$92.10 \text{ for the building.}$







## Problem #4 Answer

- When you are using an average wall height, you must take into consideration the original wall heights of each part of the building and make wall height adjustments as necessary to the base rate.





## Problem #5

- A structure has 3,000 square feet of area, of which 1,800 square feet is fire resistant. The remainder of the building is constructed with fireproof steel. The PAR is 8. The exterior walls are Type 1. The building is used as a bank. What is the amount of adjustment, per square foot, necessary to account for the fireproof steel framing?





# Problem #5 Answer

- $1,200 \text{ square feet} / 3,000 \text{ square feet} = 40\%$
- Fireproof steel frame adjustment:  $\$8.87 \times 40\% = \$3.55$





# Problem #6

- A parking lot of 20,000 square feet is paved with 2 inches of asphalt over an 8-inch base. It is located in Greene County and is in average condition with a quality grade of C-1.
- It has 200 linear feet of metal guardrail on one side, which is also in average condition, with a quality grade of C. Both were installed in 1993.
- What is the total true tax improvement value?





## Problem #6 Answer

- Since the square footage of the parking lot is 20,000, the base rate is \$2.62, and then you add \$0.41 for the 3" of base, so you start with a rate of \$3.03. However, the lot is a C-1 grade, so you need to account for that.
- $\$3.03 \times 0.95 = \$2.88$  for our base rate.
- Now you need to account for the location multiplier, 0.92, so  $\$2.88 \times 0.92 = \$2.65$  (our adjusted rate)





# Problem #6 Answer

- You take  $\$2.65 \times 20,000 = \$53,000$  for the replacement cost.
- Next is the depreciation. The lot is 33 years old and in average condition, so the depreciation percentage is 80%.
- $\$53,000 \times .80 = \$42,400$  and  $\$53,000 - \$42,400 = \$10,600$  remainder value
- **Or**  $\$53,000 \times .20 = \$10,600$  remainder value





# Problem #6 Answer

- Taking the remainder value to the nearest \$100, our asphalt has a true tax value of \$10,600.
- The guardrail has a base rate of \$69.35, and since it is a C grade, you do not have to make any grade adjustment.
- You do need to make the adjustment for the location. Taking the  $0.92 \times \$69.35$ , gives you an adjusted rate of \$63.80.
- Then just take the 200 linear feet  $\times \$63.80 = \$12,760$ .





## Problem #6 Answer

- Looking up the depreciation for the guard rail, it is also 80%, so  $\$12,760 \times .80$  and subtracting (or  $.20$  and not subtracting, whichever is easier for you) gives us a remainder value for the guard rail of  $\$2,550$ , rounded to  $\$2,600$  for the true tax value.
- Adding our paving to the guardrail amount, you should have a total true tax improvement value of  $\$13,200$ .





Walls		Roofing	
Brick	Built-up		
Stone	Metal		
Concrete	Slate / Tile		
Frame or Metal	Shingle		
C.B. or Tile	Insulation		
<b>Framing</b> B			
Wood Joist			
Fire Resistant			
Fire Proof Steel			
Reinf. Concrete			
<b>Flooring</b> B			
Concrete			
Wood			
Tile or Carpet			
<b>Finish Type</b> B			
Unfinished			
Semifinished			
Finished Open			
Finished Divided			
<b>Use</b> B			
Store			
Office			
Apartment			
Vacant or Aband.			
<b>Heating &amp; Air Conditioning</b>			
No Heating			
Central Warm Air			
Hot Water or Steam			
Unit Heating			
Central Air			
Package or Unit Air			
Sprinkler			
Plumbing Fixtures	#	TF	
Full Bath			
Half Bath			
Extra Fixtures			
TOTAL		0	
<b>Other Fixtures</b>			
Wash Fountain	G/F	ES	SS
Circular 36"			
Circular 54"			
Semi-circular 36"			
Semi-circular 54"			
<b>Industrial Gang Sinks</b>			
4' long, 4 man			
8' long, 8 man			
Shower-Column			
Circular, 5 per			
Semi-circular, 3 per			
Corner, 2 per			
Shower Multi-Stall			
Circular, 5 per			
Semi-circular, 3 per			
Corner, 2 per			
Gang Shower Head	No. Fixtures		
Drinking Fountains			
Refrigerated Water Coolers			
Hot/Cold Water			
Receptacle Blower Fan			

**IMPROVEMENT DATA AND COMPUTATIONS**

**Level II Cost Approach**

**Class Problem # 6**

Greene County LCM - 92%

Paving 20,000 sq. ft. \$2.62 + \$.41 for 3 " base = \$3.03

\$3.03 X 95% for C - 1 Grade = \$2.88 base rate. \$2.88

\$2.88 X 92% L/M = \$2.65 adj. rate X 20,000 sq. ft. = \$53,000 (RCN)

Guard Rail = \$69.35 X 92% = \$63.80 X 200 = \$12,760, round to nearest

\$10 = \$12,760 X .20 = \$2550 rounded to the nearest \$100 = \$2,600.

Actual Age 33

Eff age 32

Life Expectancy 10

Circle One →	1 or A	2 or B	3 or C	4 or D
Pricing Key				
S. F. Area				
Effective Perimeter				
P. A. R.				
Number of Units				
Average unit size				
Floor	Hgt.	Rate	Hgt.	Rate
Basement				
1st				
2nd				
3rd				
4th				
Frame Adj. [ + ]				
Wall Hgt. Adj. [ + ]				
Base Price				
B. P. A. %				
Sub-total				
Unit Finish				
Interior Finish				
Div./Pin Walls				
Lighting				
Heating/Air Cond.				
Sprinkler				
S. F. Price				
Area				
Sub-total				
Plumbing				
Special Features				
Exterior Features				
TOTAL BASE				
Location Multiplier				
Grade Factor				
Replacement Cost				

SPECIAL FEATURES										SUMMARY OF IMPROVEMENTS									
Description	Value	ID	Use	Story Height	Conrt. Type	Grade	Year Conrt.	Eff Age	Cond.	Base Rate	Features	L/M	Adj. Rate	Size or Area	Replacement Cost	Rem. Dep.	Remainder Value	Obse. Dep.	True Tax Value
Circular 36"		01	Paving	2' 18"	Asph	C-1	1993		Av	\$2.88		32%	\$2.65	20,000	\$53,000	80%	\$10,600		\$10,600
Circular 54"		02	Guard Rail		Mtl	C	1993		Av	\$69.35		32%	\$63.80	200	\$12,760	80%	\$2,550		\$2,600
Semi-circular 36"		03																	
Semi-circular 54"		04																	
Industrial Gang Sinks		05																	
4' long, 4 man		06																	
8' long, 8 man		07																	
Shower-Column		08																	
Circular, 5 per		09																	
Semi-circular, 3 per		10																	
Corner, 2 per		11																	
Shower Multi-Stall		12																	
Circular, 5 per		13																	
Semi-circular, 3 per		14																	
Corner, 2 per		15																	
Gang Shower Head	No. Fixtures	16																	
Drinking Fountains		17																	
Refrigerated Water Coolers		18																	
Hot/Cold Water																			
Receptacle Blower Fan																			
Data Collector / Date										Appraiser / Date									
Total True Tax Improvement Value															\$13,200				





# Class Problem #7

- This is a fast-food restaurant built on a slab in Carroll County in 2005. It contains 1,902 square feet and has a perimeter of 202 linear feet. It also has a commercial heating/air conditioning package that heats and cools the entire 1,902 square feet. It is a quality grade of C and is in average condition. The exterior walls are brick.
- There is 18,000 square feet of asphalt paving on a 2" over 8" base. It was put down at the same time as the construction date of the building. It is a quality grade of C +1 and is in average condition.
- What is the total improvement value of this property?







# Practice Problem #1

- The Walgreen company owns and operates a drug store which was constructed in LaGrange County. The building has 15,400 square feet with a perimeter of 450 feet. The drug store was built in 2013. The building is fire resistant construction and is wall type #1. The interior finish meets the criteria of the GCM General Retail model. There are a total of five commercial plumbing fixtures in the building. The building is totally sprinkled and has an average quality attached commercial canopy of 900 square feet. It has been determined the building is in average condition and is classified as a C+1 quality grade. The drug store is frame constructed.
- There is a 28,000 square feet asphalt paved parking area surrounding the building. It was constructed when the building was built and the asphalt is 2" on 5" base. The asphalt paving is C quality grade and is in average condition.
- What is the total true tax value of the improvements?



Walls		Roofing
Brick		Built - up
Stone		Metal
Concrete		Slate / Tile
Frame or Metal		Shingle
C.B. or Tile		
		Insulation

Framing	B				
Wood Joist					
Fire Resistant					
Fire Proof Steel					
Reinf. Concrete					
Flooring	B				
Concrete					
Wood					
Tile or Carpet					
Finish Type	B				
Unfinished					
Semifinished					
Finished Open					
Finished Divided					
Use	B				
Store					
Office					
Apartment					
Vacant or Aband.					
Heating & Air Conditioning					
No Heating					
Central Warm Air					
Hot Water or Steam					
Unit Heating					
Central Air					
Package or Unit Air					
Sprinkler					
Plumbing Fixtures	#	TF			
Full Bath					
Half Bath					
Extra Fixtures					
TOTAL	0				

Other Fixtures	G/F	ES	SS
Wash Fountain			
Circular 36"			
Circular 54"			
Semi-circular 36"			
semi-circular 54"			
Industrial Gang Sinks			
4' long, 4 man			
8' long, 8 man			
Shower-Column			
Circular, 5 per			
semi-circular, 3 per			
Corner, 2 per			
Shower Multi-Stall			
Circular, 5 per			
Semi-circular, 3 per			
Corner, 2 per			
Gang Shower Heads	No. Fixtures		
Drinking Fountains			
Refrigerated Water Coolers			
.....with Hot & Cold Water			
Emergency Shower/eye Wash			

IMPROVEMENT DATA AND COMPUTATIONS	
Level II Cost Approach	
Practice Problem #1 (Walgreen's Drug Store)	
LaGrange County	95%
Plumbing - \$2,180 x 5 = \$10,900	
Canopy - \$36.79 x 900 = \$33,110	
Actual age	13
Effective age	14
Life Expectancy	45

Circle One →	1 or A	2 or B	3 or C	4 or D
Pricing Key	GCM Gen Retail			
S. F. Area	15,400			
Effective Perimeter	450			
P. A. R.	3			
Number of Units				
Average unit size				
Floor	Hgt.	Rate	Hgt.	Rate
Basement				
1st		\$105.08		
2nd				
3rd				
4th				
Frame Adj.	[±]			
Wall Hght. Adj.	[±]			
Base Price	\$105.08			
B. P. A. %	100%			
Sub-total	\$105.08			
Unit Finish				
Interior Finish				
Div./Pin Walls				
Lighting				
Heating/Air Cond.				
Sprinkler	\$3.53			
S. F. Price	\$108.61			
Area	15,400			
Sub-total	\$1,672,590			
Plumbing	\$10,900			
Special Features	\$33,110			
Exterior Features				
TOTAL BASE	\$1,716,600			
Location Multiplier	95%			
Grade Factor	105%			
Replacement Cost	\$1,712,310			

SPECIAL FEATURES									
Description	Value	ID	Use	Story Height	Const. Type	Grade	Year Const.	Eff. Age	Cond.
Circular 36"		01	GCM Gen Retail	1	Fr	C+1	2013		Av
Circular 54"		02							
Semi-circular 36"		03	Paving	2"/5"	Asph	C	2013		Av
semi-circular 54"		04							
Industrial Gang Sinks		05							
4' long, 4 man		06							
8' long, 8 man		07							
Shower-Column		08							
Circular, 5 per		09							
semi-circular, 3 per		10							
Corner, 2 per		11							
Shower Multi-Stall		12							
Circular, 5 per		13							
Semi-circular, 3 per		14							
Corner, 2 per		15							
Gang Shower Heads	No. Fixtures	16							
Drinking Fountains		17							
Refrigerated Water Coolers		18							
.....with Hot & Cold Water									
Emergency Shower/eye Wash									
SUMMARY OF IMPROVEMENTS									
Base Rate	Features	L/M	Adj. Rate	Size or Area	Replacement Cost	Norm. Depr.	Remainder Value	Obsolet. Depr.	True Tax Value
					\$1,712,310	19%	\$1,386,970		\$1,387,000
					\$69,720	80%	\$13,940		\$13,900
Total True Tax Improvement Value					\$1,400,900				

