

APPENDIX D – Ballot Sample Requirements for VSTOP Voting System Field Test

(For DRE Voting System Ballot Label, DRE VVPAT Receipts, Optical Scan Ballot Cards, Optical Scan Marking Device Ballot Labels, and Optical Scan Ballot Cards Printed by a Marking Device)

When seeking certification from the Indiana Election Commission to market, sell, or lease voting systems in Indiana, a voting system vendor may be required to create a mock election to ensure all components of the system can comply with state standards.

When a field test is required, the vendor must create and program the requested elections to produce ballot labels and ballot cards that can be tabulated by the system and results reviewed. The sample ballot information, including offices, candidates, and public questions to be placed on the ballot for primary and general elections, are found in Appendix D-1 and D-2. To ensure the voting system can meet Indiana-specific requirements, the voting system vendor will need to code the election(s) requested by the state and VSTOP. Vendors should expect to prepare for all the elections found in the appendix, however, and at least one election must be coded on site when instructed to do so. All ballot styles for each precinct identified in each mock election must be tested, unless otherwise instructed by the state and VSTOP.

Additional ballot layout instructions and statutory references for each type of voting system – optical scan ballot card and direct record electronic – and any accessible device to help a person vote privately and independently can be found below.

While the 2024 Election Administrator's Manual (pages 115-133) might be helpful to voting system vendors with ballot layout instructions, the Manual has not been updated to reflect changes in state law in 2024 or 2025. Instead, vendors should rely on the statutes found later in the appendix to direct their decision-making. The Indiana Election Division co-directors and co-general counsels can also review your sample ballots to ensure compliance with Indiana state law. This appendix has been updated to reflect changes made to ballot layout instructions, including the changes to how school board candidates are elected.

The specific offices and candidate names to build each election can be found in the back of this appendix. The field test will be conducted similar to the public test of voting systems a county election board must conduct before each election in Indiana. This means all candidates, including write-in candidates, public questions, straight party options must receive at least one vote in each of the three precincts tested. More information about the configuration of the test deck can be found in IC 3-11-13-24 for optical scan ballot systems and IC 3-11-14.5-5 for direct record electronic (DRE) systems. Tabulation of the results must comport with Indiana state law.

Further, the results printed from each voting system unit or tabulator must be printed by precinct and must align with the report produced by the election management software once all the media from the individual voting system units or tabulators have been uploaded into it.

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BALLOT LABELS FOR DRE VOTING SYSTEMS & BALLOT MARKING DEVICES USED WITH OPTICAL SCAN VOTING SYSTEMS

NOTE: IC 3-11-13-7.5, enacted by the General Assembly in 2021, included the ballot marking device (BMD) used with an optical scan ballot card voting systems in the definition of a “ballot label.” Therefore, state law now requires the screen of BMD (or ballot label) contain the same information as the screen (or ballot label) of a DRE voting system.

Ballot labels are not required to include the clerk’s seal or signature but may do so if the system allows for it.

The name of each office, candidate, and political party must follow these standards or requirements for display on the ballot label:

- Each title of each office must be displayed in uniform size and in bold type.
- The name of each candidate on the ballot must be displayed in uniform type and in capital letters, with uniform space between each name.
- The name of each political party or the word “Independent” next to each independent candidate’s name must be displayed in uniform type and size.
- If a candidate’s legal name designated under this chapter includes a universally recognized pronunciation symbol, including an accent, hyphen, tilde, or umlaut, then the symbol must be displayed as part of the candidate’s name.
 - Note: The requirements of IC 3-5-7-5.5 regarding the display or printing of universally recognized pronunciation symbols are not required to be complied with by a voting system that was initially approved by the Indiana Election Commission for marketing and use in an Indiana election before January 1, 2022. While VSTOP may review if a voting system can meet this requirement, if the voting system was initially approved for use in Indiana before January 1, 2022 and cannot print or display universally recognized pronunciation symbols as part of a candidate’s legal name on the ballot card or ballot label then the voting system does not need to comply with this appendix requirement.

Primary Election Ballot Label Layout Requirements

Indiana law only permits a voter to receive a primary ballot that lists the candidates of **one party**. However, if a statewide or local public question appears on the primary election ballot, a non-partisan and 17-year-old Democratic and Republican ballots must be created.

In addition to the required ballot layout elements, a non-partisan ballot will only include the public question language and the 17-year-old ballots will not include the public question but will include all partisan and party offices.

The sample ballots used in the field test election are required to meet the following statutory layout requirements:

1. A cautionary statement must appear, underlined, at the top of all ballots:

“It is a crime to falsify this ballot or to violate Indiana election laws.”

2. For primary ballots, the next statement on the ballot should read: “OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT _____ Party (insert the name of political party.) In addition, the party symbol ***must*** be used on primary DRE voting system ballot labels. (IC 3-11-14-4)
3. In the primary, general instructions on the DRE ballot label should include, “To vote for a person, touch the screen (or press the button) in the location indicated.” (IC 3-10-1-19)
4. Next, place a local public question that is permitted by law to be placed on the primary election ballot sample.

When placing public questions onto the ballot label, statewide questions must come first; local public questions come next. While state law does not dictate the order by which multiple local public questions must be placed, an easily justifiable standard practice would be to list them in the order certified to the county election board. NOTE: A state or local level judicial retention question is not a public question and appears later on the ballot as covered below.

After the title of each statewide or local public question are placed these instructions, **“To vote on this public question, make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the word “YES” or “NO”.** After the instruction place any explanatory text for the public question and the question itself in the following manner:

**(The explanatory text for the public question, if required by law)
Shall (insert public question)?**

☐ YES
☐ NO

NOTE: State law now requires that a state or local public question is to be printed on a ballot without quotation marks surrounding the text of the public question. (IC 3-10-9-1; IC 3-10-9-4; IC 3-11-14-3.7)

5. Following the public question, offices are to be printed on the ballot. Please see the appendix for example to follow when building the election for the field test. For the primary election ballot label, if there is an office on the ballot that includes both district and at-large seats then the at-large seats must be placed first and then the district seats. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(f); IC 3-10-1-19.2)

Each office placed on the ballot must have its own instructions on how many candidates can be elected. These instructions must be placed immediately below the office name. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(f)) For offices where only one person can be elected the instructions are, **“Vote for one (1) only.”** For an office where more than one person can be selected the instructions are, **“Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.”**

After the specific office instructions place the candidates’ names for the specific office. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(a)) In a primary election, all candidates for an office on a party specific ballot must be listed in alphabetical order by surname.

Precinct Designation

Current state law gives vendors the option to include a precinct designation or ballot variation code on the ballot label. (Precinct designations are required on all ballot cards, whether printed by a ballot marking device used with an optical scan system, by an on-demand printer in-house, or by an off-site printer. Precinct designation is also required on all VVPAT receipts used by DRE voting systems.)

“Special” Ballots Used in a Primary Election

Non-Partisan Public Question Ballot

In the primary election, voters are required to select a Democratic or Republican Party ballot. The partisan ballots would include any public question that is certified to or by the county election board to appear on the May ballot. However, not all voters affiliate with the Democratic or Republican parties. Should a public question be certified to appear on the May primary ballot, then the county election board must produce a non-partisan only ballot with only the public question(s) certified in a particular jurisdiction. (IC 3-10-9) The vendor must provide this special ballot type during testing since a public question is required to be part of the primary election ballot samples that will be tested.

17-Year-Old Ballot

In Indiana, a person who will be 18 years of age on or before the November election is permitted to register to vote and participate in the primary election, if otherwise eligible. (IC 3-7-13-2) While an “underage” voter is permitted to vote on the nomination of candidates for elected office and party offices (precinct committeeman or state convention delegate) in a primary election, the person is not permitted to vote on a public question if a public question is certified to appear on a jurisdiction’s May ballot. (IC 3-7-13-3) Therefore, a county election board must print a special Democratic and Republican party primary ballot that includes the candidates running for elected office and party office (for example, state convention delegate and precinct committeeman) but excludes any public question, if applicable. A “17-year-old” ballot style will be used for absentee voting or on Election Day, if it is necessary for the county to produce such a ballot in a primary election. The vendor must provide this special ballot type during testing since a primary election ballot is required to be part of the ballot samples that will be tested.

This ballot type would also be used by any voter who moved out of a precinct in a school corporation, that placed a referendum on the ballot, less than thirty (30) days before the election.

Federal Only Ballot

In even-numbered general election years, counties are required to produce a “federal only” ballot. This ballot is only given to overseas voters who apply for an absentee ballot using the Federal Post Card Application (FPCA) and select option #4 – “I am an overseas voter and my return is uncertain.” Under federal law, these persons are permitted to vote only in federal offices – President, U.S. Senate and U.S. House. In 2020, U.S. Senate will not appear on Indiana’s primary and general election ballot. In 2022, Presidential candidates will not appear on Indiana’s primary and general election ballots. (IC 3-11-4-8) Federal only ballots are only used for absentee voting and designed for use only by this narrow universe of voters; therefore, county election officials should not place a federal only ballot in election supplies used on Election Day or otherwise

provide this ballot to voters who do not meet this specific qualification. The vendor must provide this special ballot type during testing since a primary election ballot during a federal election year is part of the ballot samples that will be tested.

General Election Ballot Label Layout Requirements

1. A cautionary statement must appear, underlined, at the top of all ballots:

“It is a crime to falsify this ballot or to violate Indiana election laws.”

2. After the cautionary statement, the following instruction must be given to voters which should closely follow statutory language:
 - 1) General instructions on how to select candidates and complete the ballot.
 - 2) Independent ticket instructions (Used only if there is an independent Presidential/Vice Presidential or Governor/Lieutenant Governor ticket on the general election ballot): “A vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the ballot.” This applies to a general election only.
 - 3) Write-In instructions: “A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written in or your vote will not be counted.” This applies to a municipal, general election or special election to an office only.
3. Next, place a statewide or local public question on the general election ballot sample. When placing public questions onto the ballot label, statewide questions must come first; and if applicable, local public questions come next. While state law does not dictate the order by which multiple local public questions must be placed, a general rule of thumb is to list them in the order certified to the county election board. NOTE: A state or local level judicial retention question is a form of public question but appears later on the ballot as covered below.

After the title of each statewide or local public question are placed these instructions, **“To vote on this public question, make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the word “YES” or “NO”.** After the instruction place any explanatory text for the public question and the question itself in the following manner:

**(The explanatory text for the public question, if required by law)
Shall (insert public question)?**

**☐ YES
☐ NO**

NOTE: State law now requires that a state or local public question is to be printed on a ballot without quotation marks surrounding the text of the public question. (IC 3-10-9-1; IC 3-10-9-4; IC 3-11-14-3.7)

4. After all public questions have been added to the ballot, the straight party ticket option is then placed on a general election ballot. A straight ticket ballot will not cast votes for candidates of that party running where more than one person can be elected ("at large" candidates for county council, city common council, town council, or township board, for example).

The following straight party ticket instructions must be placed on the general election ballot:

"(1) You are not required to vote a straight party ticket. If you do not wish to vote a straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this section, and proceed to voting the ballot by office.

(2) To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all (insert political party name) candidates on this ballot, except for candidates described in (3) below, make a voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any other marks on this ballot.

(3) To vote for any candidate for:

(A) an at-large office (insert county council, city common council, town council, or township board if those offices appear on this ballot) to which more than one (1) person may be elected; or

(B) a school board office;

you must make another voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. Your straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for that office.

(4) If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking a nonpartisan office or on a public question, you must make another voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot."

For the presidential general election ballot samples that are created, there must also be instructions stating a ballot cast for candidates for President and Vice President are votes cast for electors and alternate electors pledged to support the candidates. (IC 3-10-4-3)

The straight party ticket and presidential elector instructions can either be placed on the ballot immediately below or beside the names of the political parties (IC 3-11-14-3.5(m))

Following the instructions, the name of each political party along with the party device (a ballot symbol chosen by the political party), is placed on the ballot. The ballot device (party ticket symbol) must be placed immediately below or beside the party's name. The party name and device must be of uniform size and type. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(m))

At a general election, political parties on the straight party ticket and candidates for partisan political office must be placed in the following political party order based on the results of *the last Secretary of State election in the county*:

- 1) The party whose candidate received the highest number of votes.
- 2) The party whose candidate received the second highest number of votes.
- 3) Any other party who had a candidate on the ballot at the last Secretary of State election, based on what order the candidate finished in that election.
- 4) Any other party that did not have a candidate on the ballot at the last Secretary of State election and all independent tickets, in the order the candidates filed their petitions to get on the ballot. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(g))

5. Immediately after the straight party section is the placement of each office up for election in the precinct the ballot is built. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(e)) There are differences in office order between the primary and municipal or general election. For general elections, the office order for DREs is set forth in IC 3-11-14-3.5(e).

Each office placed on the ballot must have its own instructions on how many candidates can be elected. These instructions must be placed immediately below the office name. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(f)) For offices where only one person can be elected the instructions are, **“Vote for one (1) only.”** For an office where more than one person can be selected the instructions are, **“Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.”** For a school board office where only one person can be elected the instructions are, **“Vote for one (1) only. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.”** For a school board office where more than one person can be selected the instructions are, **“Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.”**

After the specific office instructions place the candidates’ names for the specific office. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(a))

Next to each candidate should be placed the name of the candidate’s party or the word “Independent” if the candidate filed as an independent. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(h))

For school board candidates:

- :
- (1) the name of the political party the candidate claims affiliation with on their petition of nomination;
 - (2) the term “Independent,” if the school board candidate states they are an independent candidate on their petition of nomination; or
 - (3) nothing, if the candidate states on their petition of nomination they do not wish to disclose any affiliation with a political party or identify as an independent candidate;
- must be placed next to each candidate’s name. (IC 3-8-2.5-2.5(a)(5); 3-8-2.5-7(f); IC 3-11-14-3.5(h))

The candidate’s name and partisan designation must be uniform capital letters and have uniform space between each name. (IC 3-11-14-3.5(h))

Write-in lines are required to be included with each federal office (President, U.S. Senate, U.S. House), even if no declared write-in candidate filed. For state and local offices, the write-in line is only required when a declared write-in candidate has filed to run in a particular office.

Precinct Designation

Current state law gives vendors the option to include a precinct designation or ballot variation code on the ballot label. (Precinct designations are required on all ballot cards, whether printed by

a ballot marking device used with an optical scan system, by an on-demand printer in-house, or by an off-site printer. Precinct designation is also required on all VVPAT receipts used by DRE voting systems.)

“Special” Ballots Used in a General Election

Federal Only Ballot

In even-numbered general election years, counties are required to produce a “federal only” ballot. This ballot is only given to overseas voters who apply for an absentee ballot using the Federal Post Card Application (FPCA) and select option #4 – “I am an overseas voter and my return is uncertain.” Under federal law, these persons are permitted to vote only in federal offices – President, U.S. Senate and U.S. House. In 2026, U.S. Senate will not appear on Indiana’s primary and general election ballot. In 2028, Presidential candidates will not appear on Indiana’s primary and general election ballots. (IC 3-11-4-8) Federal only ballots are only used for absentee voting and designed for use only by this narrow universe of voters; therefore, county election officials should not place a federal only ballot in election supplies used on Election Day or otherwise provide this ballot to voters who do not qualify for this special ballot. The vendor must provide this special ballot type during testing since a general election ballot during a federal election year is part of the ballot samples that will be tested.

Presidential Only Ballot

In 2028 county election boards must produce a presidential only ballot, which would only include the office of President and Vice President in the general election. A presidential only ballot is only used by a voter who qualifies for a specific voter registration fail-safe: if an individual who moves out of Indiana to another state on or after 29-days before the general election, then the registered voter is permitted to return to their old Indiana precinct and vote on a presidential only ballot if otherwise qualified either in person on election day or by voting an absentee ballot. Each polling location should have a presidential only ballot style available on Election Day. (IC 3-10-10) The vendor must provide this special ballot type during testing since a general election ballot during a presidential election year is part of the ballot samples that will be tested.

Non-Public Question Ballots

In Indiana, a voter who moves out of a precinct in a school corporation less than thirty (30) days before the election where the school corporation has a public question pertaining to specific school referendums, to a precinct outside the school corporation, is not entitled under law to vote on that public question, even if the voter is otherwise permitted to return to their old precinct under one of Indiana’s “Voter Fail Safes.” While the voter is entitled to vote for offices and candidates on the ballot, the voter would not be eligible to vote on the public question, and the county election board must provide a ballot with the public question removed.

For the November municipal and general elections, counties must be prepared to have a separate ballot style in the precinct(s) where the school corporation has certified certain types of public questions to the county election board. This ballot style must omit the public questions related to the school corporation, though other offices, judicial retention questions, and other types of public questions (statewide or local) must be included, (IC 6-1.1-20-1.9; IC 6-1.1-20-3.9; IC 20-46-1-16; IC 20-46-9-16)

VVPAT RECEIPT USED WITH DRE VOTING SYSTEMS

IC 3-11-14-2(d), enacted by the General Assembly in 2021, provides what must be included on a voter verifiable paper audit trail (VVPAT) receipt used with a DRE voting system.

When testing a DRE voting system with a voter verifiable paper audit trail (VVPAT), VSTOP must verify that the VVPAT receipt contains all of the following:

- (1) The name or code of the election as provided by the voting system.
- (2) The date of the election.
- (3) The date the voter verifiable paper audit trail was printed.
- (4) A security code and record number specific to each paper receipt assigned by the voting system.
- (5) The name or designation of the voter's precinct.
- (6) The name or designation of each office on the voter's ballot.
- (7) The name of the candidate and the designation of the candidate's political party selected by the voter.
- (8) If the voter selects a straight party ticket, the name of the political party ticket the voter selected.
- (9) The following information:
 - (A) A description of the text of any public question or judicial retention question on the voter's ballot that contains not more than thirty (30) characters and the county election board determines reasonably conveys the content of the public question or judicial retention question.
 - (B) The response the voter selected for each question.

The VVPAT may contain additional information and instructions determined to be useful to the voter by the county election board subject to the design capabilities of the VVPAT. If the voting system's VVPAT receipt contains additional information and instructions, provide a copy to VSTOP for the field test.

PRE-PRINTED (TRADITIONAL) OPTICAL SCAN BALLOT CARDS

Note: This section should not be confused with the requirements for ballot cards that are printed by a ballot marking device. This section is for optical scan ballot scans that are printed before being provided to a voter. For example, an absentee ballot printed by a ballot on demand printer or print shop and then sent to a voter by mail.

Each ballot card printed must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper, except when different color paper is used to distinguish the Democratic and Republican party primary ballot. (IC 3-11-13-11(c)) The name of each office, candidate, and political party must follow these rules for printing on the ballot card:

- Each title of each office must be displayed in uniform size and in bold type.
- The name of each candidate on the ballot must be displayed in uniform type and in capital letters, with uniform space between each name.
- The name of each political party or the word “Independent” next to each independent candidate’s name must be displayed in uniform type and size.
- If a candidate’s legal name designated under this chapter includes a universally recognized pronunciation symbol, including an accent, hyphen, tilde, or umlaut, then the symbol must be displayed as part of the candidate’s name.

State law requires a ballot card to include a box or line for two sets of poll clerk initials that must be placed on the back of a ballot card. (IC 3-11-13-28.1)

To ensure the voting system component can properly create an absentee ballot, the sample ballot card should include the provided clerk’s signature and seal of the office. (IC 3-11-4-19; 3-11-10-27)

If the ballot card cannot be printed with the clerk’s seal and signature, then please provide to VSTOP a statement or training materials that recommend to the clerk that the seal and signature be otherwise affixed to the ballot card used for all absentee voting methods, including the vendor’s preferred location for the seal and signature to be placed.

Primary Election Ballot Card Layout Requirements

Indiana law only permits a voter to receive a primary ballot that lists the candidates of **one party**. However, if a statewide or local public question appears on the primary election ballot, a non-partisan and 17-year-old Democratic and Republican ballots must be created.

In addition to the required ballot layout elements, a non-partisan ballot will only include the public question language and the 17-year-old ballots will not include the public question but will include all partisan and party offices.

Indiana law only permits a voter to receive a primary ballot that lists the candidates of **one party**. State law **requires** the ballot cards of each party participating in the primary be **distinctively marked or be of different colors to be easily distinguishable**. (IC 3-10-1-13; 3-10-1-17)

However, state law does not require that **the primary ballot(s) be printed in any specific colors**, so long as this requirement is met.

The sample ballots used in this field test election are required to meet the following statutory layout requirements:

1. A cautionary statement must appear, underlined, at the top of all ballots:

“It is a crime to falsify this ballot or to violate Indiana election laws.”

2. For primary ballots, the next statement on the ballot should read: “OFFICIAL PRIMARY BALLOT _____ Party (insert the name of political party.)”
3. In the primary, general instructions on how a voter can mark the ballot must be placed on the ballot below the cautionary statement. (IC 3-11-13-11(k))
4. Next, place a public question that is permitted to be printed on the primary election ballot sample.

When placing public questions onto the ballot, statewide questions must come first; local public questions come next. While state law does not dictate the order by which multiple local public questions must be placed, an easily justifiable standard practice would be to list them in the order certified to the county election board.

NOTE: A state or local level judicial retention question is not a public question and appears later on the ballot as covered below.

After the title of each statewide or local public question are placed, add these instructions, **“To vote on this public question, make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the word “YES” or “NO”.** After the instruction place any explanatory text for the public question and the question itself in the following manner:

**(The explanatory text for the public question, if required by law)
Shall (insert public question)?**

**[] YES
[] NO**

NOTE: State law now requires that a state or local public question is to be printed on a ballot without quotation marks surrounding the text of the public question. (IC 3-10-9-1; IC 3-10-9-4; IC 3-11-13-11.5)

5. Following the public question, place the offices and candidates on the primary election ballot card.

For the primary election ballot card, if there is an office on the ballot that includes both district and at-large seats then the at-large seats must be placed first and then the district seats. (IC 3-11-13-11(f); IC 3-10-1-19.2)

Each office placed on the ballot must have its own instructions on how many candidates can be nominated. These instructions must be placed immediately below the office name. (IC 3-11-13-

11(f)) For offices where only one person can be elected the instructions are, **“Vote for one (1) only.”** For an office where more than one person can be selected the instructions are, **“Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office.”**

After the specific office instructions place the candidates’ names for the specific office. (IC 3-11-13-11(a)) In a primary election, all candidates for an office on a party specific ballot must be listed in alphabetical order by surname.

6. State law requires a ballot card to include a box or line for two sets of poll clerk initials that must be placed on the back of a ballot card. (IC 3-11-13-28.1)

In a vote center county using an electronic poll book, the circuit court clerk may print or stamp the precinct number or designation before the election or at the time the ballot card is printed immediately before the ballot card is delivered to a voter (IC 3-11-13-19).

Additionally, a county using an electronic poll book may have the printed initials of the poll clerks captured through the electronic signature pad or tablet at the time the poll clerks log into the electronic poll book. The initials captured by the electronic poll book may be printed on the back of each ballot card by a printer separate from the electronic poll book and immediately before the ballot card is delivered to the voter, *whether or not the county is also a vote center county*. (IC 3-11-13-28.1)

If applicable, please provide to VSTOP a statement on how the optical scan ballot card you provide can be printed with the initials of the poll clerks or absentee voter board members using an ePollbook.

Precinct Designation

As noted in the previous section, state law requires a precinct designation to be printed on the ballot card. (IC 3-11-13-28.1)

“Special” Ballots Used in a Primary Election

Non-Partisan Public Question Ballot

In the primary election, voters are required to select a Democratic or Republican Party ballot. The partisan ballots would include any public question that is certified to or by the county election board to appear on the May ballot. However, not all voters affiliate with the Democratic or Republican parties. Should a public question be certified to appear on the primary ballot, then the county election board must produce a non-partisan only ballot with only the public question(s) certified in a particular jurisdiction. (IC 3-10-9) The vendor must provide this special ballot type during testing since a public question is required to be part of the primary election ballot samples that will be tested.

17-Year-Olds Ballot

In Indiana, a person who will be 18 years of age on or before the November election is permitted to register to vote and participate in the primary election, if otherwise eligible. (IC 3-7-13-2) While an “underage” voter is permitted to vote on the nomination of candidates for elected office and

party offices in a primary election, the person is not permitted to vote on a public question if a public question is certified to appear on a jurisdiction's primary ballot. (IC 3-7-13-3) Therefore, a county election board must print a special Democratic and Republican party primary ballot that includes the candidates running for elected office and party office (for example, state convention delegate and precinct committeeman) but excludes any public question, if applicable. A "17-year-old" ballot style will be used for absentee voting or on Election Day, if it is necessary for the county to produce such a ballot in a primary election. The vendor must provide this special ballot type during testing since a primary election ballot is required to be part of the ballot samples that will be tested.

This ballot type would also be used by any voter who moved out of a precinct in a school corporation, that placed a referendum on the ballot, less than thirty (30) days before the election.

Federal Only Ballot

In even-numbered general election years, counties are required to produce a "federal only" ballot. This ballot is only given to overseas voters who apply for an absentee ballot using the Federal Post Card Application (FPCA) and select option #4 – "I am an overseas voter and my return is uncertain." Under federal law, these persons are permitted to vote only in federal offices – President, U.S. Senate and U.S. House. (IC 3-11-4-8) The vendor must provide this special ballot type during testing since a primary election ballot during a federal election year is part of the ballot samples that will be tested.

General Election Ballot Card Layout Instructions

1. A cautionary statement must appear, underlined, at the top of all ballots:

"It is a crime to falsify this ballot or to violate Indiana election laws."

2. After the cautionary statement, the following instruction must be given to voters:

- 1) General instructions on how to select candidates and complete the ballot.
- 2) Independent ticket instructions (Used only if there is an independent Presidential/Vice Presidential or Governor/Lieutenant candidate): "A vote cast for an independent ticket will only be counted for the candidates for President and Vice President or governor and lieutenant governor comprising that independent ticket. This vote will NOT be counted for any OTHER independent candidate appearing on the ballot." This applies to a general election only.
- 3) Write-In instructions: "A write-in vote will NOT be counted unless the vote is for a DECLARED write-in candidate. To vote for a write-in candidate, you must make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the name you have written in or your vote will not be counted." This applies to a municipal, general election or special election for an office only.

3. Next, place public question(s) on the ballot.

When placing public questions onto the ballot label, statewide questions must come first; local public questions come next. While state law does not dictate the order by which multiple local

public questions must be placed, a general rule of thumb is to list them in the order certified to the county election board. NOTE: A state or local level judicial retention question is a form of public question but appears later on the ballot as covered below.

After the title of each statewide or local public question are placed, insert these instructions, **“To vote on this public question, make a voting mark on or in the square to the left of the word “YES” or “NO”.** After the instruction place any explanatory text for the public question and the question itself in the following manner:

**(The explanatory text for the public question, if required by law)
Shall (insert public question)?**

**[] YES
[] NO**

NOTE: State law now requires that a state or local public question be printed on a ballot without quotation marks surrounding the text of the public question. (IC 3-10-9-1; IC 3-10-9-4; IC 3-11-13-11.5)

4. After all public questions have been added to the ballot, the straight party ticket option is then placed on a general election ballot. A straight ticket ballot will not cast votes for candidates of that party running where more than one person can be elected (“at large” candidates for county council, city common council, town council, or township board, for example).

The following straight party ticket instructions must be placed on the general election ballot:

“(1) You are not required to vote a straight party ticket. If you do not wish to vote a straight party ticket, do not make a mark in this section, and proceed to voting the ballot by office.

(2) To vote a straight (insert political party name) ticket for all (insert political party name) candidates on this ballot, except for candidates described in (3) below, make a voting mark on or in this circle and do not make any other marks on this ballot.

(3) To vote for any candidate for:

(A)an at-large office (insert county council, city common council, town council, or township board if those offices appear on this ballot) to which more than one (1) person may be elected; or

(B)a school board office;

you must make another voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. Your straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for that office.

(4) If you wish to vote for a candidate seeking a nonpartisan office or on a public question, you must make another voting mark on the appropriate place on this ballot.”.

For the presidential general election ballots, there must also be instructions stating a ballot cast for candidates for President and Vice President are votes cast for electors and alternate electors pledged to support the candidates. (IC 3-10-4-3)

The straight party ticket and presidential elector instructions are placed on the ballot above of names of the candidates (IC 3-11-13-11(l))

Following the instructions, the name of each political party and independent ticket, along with the party device (a ballot symbol chosen by the political party), is placed on the ballot. The ballot device (party ticket symbol) must be placed immediately below or beside the party's name. The party name and device must be of uniform size and type. (IC 3-11-13-11)

At a general election, political parties on the straight party ticket and candidates for partisan political office must be placed in the following political party order based on the results of *the last Secretary of State election in the county*:

- 1) The party whose candidate received the highest number of votes.
 - 2) The party whose candidate received the second highest number of votes.
 - 3) Any other party who had a candidate on the ballot at the last Secretary of State election, based on what order the candidate finished in that election.
 - 4) Any other party that did not have a candidate on the ballot at the last Secretary of State election and all independent tickets, in the order the candidates filed their petitions to get on the ballot. (IC 3-11-13-11(g))
5. Immediately after the straight party section is the placement of each office up for election in the precinct the ballot is built. (IC 3-11-13-11(e)) There are differences in office order between the primary and municipal or general election. For general elections, the office order for ballot cards is set forth in IC 3-11-13-11(e).

Each office placed on the ballot must have its own instructions on how many candidates can be elected. These instructions must be placed immediately below the office name. (IC 3-11-13-11(f)) For offices where only one person can be elected the instructions are, **"Vote for one (1) only."** For an office where more than one person can be selected the instructions are, **"Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office."** For a school board office where only one person can be elected the instructions are, **"Vote for one (1) only. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office."** For a school board office where more than one person can be selected the instructions are, **"Vote for not more than (insert the number of candidates to be elected) candidate(s) for this office. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office."**

After the specific office instructions place the candidates' names for the specific office. (IC 3-11-13-11(a))

Next to each candidate should be placed the name of the candidate's party or the word "Independent" if the candidate filed as an independent. (IC 3-11-13-11(h))

For school board candidates the word "Nonpartisan" must be placed next to each candidate's name. (IC 3-11-13-11(e); 3-11-2-12.9)

For school board candidates:

- (1) the name of the political party the candidate claims affiliation with on their petition of nomination;
 - (2) the term "Independent," if the school board candidate states they are an independent candidate on their petition of nomination; or
 - (3) nothing, if the candidate states on their petition of nomination they do not wish to disclose any affiliation with a political party or identify as an independent candidate;
- must be placed next to each candidate's name. (IC 3-8-2.5-2.5(a)(5); 3-8-2.5-7(f); IC 3-11-13-11(d))

The ballot must be arranged so that all candidates for the same office appear on the same page of the ballot. (IC 3-11-2-12.3) If candidates for a particular office carry over onto another page on the ballot card, there must be a note on the ballot card that clearly states that more candidates are on the other page. (IC 3-11-13-13) If the ballot card is multiple pages, the instructions for how many candidates a voter can elect for a particular office can be placed above or to the side of the candidates' names and the candidate's party name can be abbreviated. (IC 3-11-13-12)

6. A box or line for two sets of poll clerk initials must be placed on the back of a general election ballot card and the precinct's number or designation. (IC 3-11-13-28.1)

In a vote center county using an electronic poll book, the circuit court clerk may print or stamp the precinct number or designation before the election or at the time the ballot card is printed immediately before the ballot card is delivered to a voter (IC 3-11-13-19). Additionally, a county using an electronic poll book may have the printed initials of the poll clerks captured through the electronic signature pad or tablet at the time the poll clerks log into the electronic poll book. The initials captured by the electronic poll book may be printed on the back of each ballot card by a printer separate from the electronic poll book and immediately before the ballot card is delivered to the voter, *whether or not the county is also a vote center county*. (IC 3-11-13-28.1)

If applicable, please provide to VSTOP a statement on how the optical scan ballot card you provide can be printed with the initials of the poll clerks or absentee voter board members using an ePollbook.

"Special" Ballots Used in a General Election

Federal Only Ballot

In even-numbered general election years, counties are required to produce a "federal only" ballot. This ballot is only given to overseas voters who apply for an absentee ballot using the Federal Post Card Application (FPCA) and select option #4 – "I am an overseas voter and my return is uncertain." Under federal law, these persons are permitted to vote only in federal offices – President, U.S. Senate and U.S. House. (IC 3-11-4-8) For the general election, the Federal Only Ballot must contain a straight party option.

Presidential Only Ballot

In presidential election years, county election boards must produce a presidential only ballot, which would only include the straight ticket party section and the office of President and Vice President in the general election. A presidential only ballot is only used by a voter who qualifies for a specific voter registration fail-safe: if an individual who moves out of Indiana to another state on or after 29-days before the general election, then the registered voter is permitted to return to their old Indiana precinct and vote on a presidential only ballot if otherwise qualified either in person on election day or by voting an absentee ballot. Each polling location should have a presidential only ballot style available on Election Day. (IC 3-10-10)

Non-Public Question Ballots

In Indiana, a voter who moves out of a precinct in a school corporation less than thirty (30) days before the election where the school corporation has a public question pertaining to specific school referendums, to a precinct outside the school corporation, is not entitled under law to vote on that public question, even if the voter is otherwise permitted to return to their old precinct under one of Indiana's "Voter Fail Safes." While the voter is entitled to vote for offices and candidates on the ballot, the voter would not be eligible to vote on the public question, and the county election board must provide a ballot with the public question removed.

For the November municipal and general elections, counties must be prepared to have a separate ballot style in the precinct(s) where the school corporation has certified certain types of public questions to the county election board. This ballot style must omit the public questions related to the school corporation, though other offices, judicial retention questions, and other types of public questions (statewide or local) must be included, (IC 6-1.1-20-1.9; IC 6-1.1-20-3.9; IC 20-46-1-16; IC 20-46-9-16)

OPTICAL SCAN BALLOT CARDS USED WITH OR PRINTED BY A BALLOT MARKING DEVICE

Generally, the ballot marking device used by optical scan voting systems will follow the ballot label requirements found earlier in this appendix. However, the printed ballot card must meet the ballot card layout requirements found in the section above or be truncated to comply with state law found below.

Pursuant to IC 3-11-13-7.5, the ballot marking device must be able to print the following information on the ballot card or the ballot card can be pre-printed or stamped with the following information:

- (1) When the marking device is used for absentee voting under IC 3-11-10-26, the circuit court clerk's signature and seal required by IC 3-11-10-27.
- (2) When the marking device is used by a voter to complete a provisional ballot that is then sealed in a provisional ballot envelope (that is, the provisional ballot is not read by the tabulator until such a time the county election board conducts its hearing), the circuit court clerk's signature and seal required by IC 3-11-7-1-7.
- (3) A line or box for each poll clerk's initial as required by IC 3-11-4-19.
- (4) When the marking device is used during a primary election, the name of the political party whose primary the voter is participating in or the word "nonpartisan" if the voter is voting a ballot that contains only a public question certified by the county election board under IC 3-10-9.

When the ballot marking device produces the voter's completed optical scan ballot card, the marking device must print on the ballot card a summary of the voter's choices that includes all of the following:

- (1) The name or designation of each office on the voter's ballot.
- (2) The name of the candidate and the candidate's political party selected by the voter.
- (3) If the voter selects a straight party ticket, the name of the political party ticket the voter selected.
- (4) A description of the text of any public question or judicial retention question on the voter's ballot that the county election board determines reasonably conveys the content of the public question or judicial retention question and the response the voter selected for each question.

Each ballot card printed must be of uniform size and of the same quality and color of paper, except when different color paper is used to distinguish the Democratic and Republican party primary ballot. (IC 3-11-13-11(c))

The name of each office, candidate, and political party must follow these rules for printing on the ballot card:

- Each title of each office must be displayed in uniform size and in bold type.
- The name of each candidate on the ballot must be displayed in uniform type and in capital letters, with uniform space between each name.
- The name of each political party or the word "Independent" next to each independent candidate's name must be displayed in uniform type and size.
- If a candidate's legal name designated under this chapter includes a universally recognized pronunciation symbol, including an accent, hyphen, tilde, or umlaut, then the symbol must be displayed as part of the candidate's name.

The ballot cards used with the marking device may be a different dimension or size than pre-printed ballot cards as described in the Optical Scan Ballot Cards section above. However, if the voting system is approved for use in Indiana and is used by a county election board, the county election board must approve the use of the different size and dimension of the ballots that are designed to be used without a marking device, such as absentee by mail ballots. IC 3-11-13-7.5(f)

VOTING SYSTEM UNIT PRECINCT LEVEL RESULTS REPORTING

Indiana law requires that each individual voting system unit produce a “zero” tape before the polls are opened on Election Day, and a “totals” tape once the polls are closed to allow the precinct election board to certify results to the county election board. A copy of the tape may be provided to the news media or watchers upon request. (IC 3-11-13-27; IC 3-11-14-17; IC 3-11-14-30; IC 3-12-3-2(c); IC 3-12-3.5-2; IC 3-12-3.5-3)

These results tapes or receipts must be printed by precinct and allow the precinct election board to certify totals for each candidate on the ballot, including straight party selections and for optical scan systems, the overvote and undervote for each candidate and public question. The units may produce a summary level report of all votes cast regardless of precinct, but it is not a requirement.

NOTE: With the exception of Marion County, vote center counties are required to organize their election materials after the polls close by precinct. Therefore, each individual voting unit assigned to a vote center must be able to produce a totals tape or receipt by precinct. (IC 3-11-18.1-14)

The requirement for special pronunciation symbols to be printed with a candidate’s name does not apply to a voter verifiable paper audit trail; the returned printed by the automatic tabulating machine under IC 3-12-3-2; the paper vote total printouts from the electronic voting system under IC 3-12-3.5-2; and the name of a candidate printed on a ballot card by a marking device to any voting system initially approved for use in Indiana before January 1, 2022. (IC 3-5-7-5.5)

APPENDIX D-1: INDIANA STATE LAW REGARDING BALLOT LAYOUT & TABULATION

VSTOP will test against the following tabulation, voting counting standards, and canvassing statutes to confirm if the voting system, tabulator, and election management system (EMS) used by a county election board to tabulate ballots, canvass results, and determine the total vote of each candidate and public question on the ballot is accurate and complies with state law:

IC 3-8-2.5-2.5(a)(5)
IC 3-8-2.5-7(f)
IC 3-11-2-12.3
IC 3-11-4-19
IC 3-11-7-4
IC 3-11-7-6
IC 3-11-7-11.5
IC 3-11-7.5-10
IC 3-11-7.5-13
IC 3-11-10-27
IC 3-11-13-14
IC 3-11-13-27
IC 3-11-13-31.7
IC 3-11-14-17
IC 3-11-14-23
IC 3-11-14-30
IC 3-11-14-32
IC 3-11-15-13.9
IC 3-11-15-20
IC 3-11-18.1-14
IC 3-11.7-1-2
IC 3-11.7-1-3
IC 3-11.7-1-7/IC 3-12-1-3
IC 3-12-1-4
IC 3-12-1-5
IC 3-12-1-7
IC 3-12-1-7.1
IC 3-12-1-7.5
IC 3-12-1-9
IC 3-12-1-10
IC 3-12-1-11
IC 3-12-1-13
IC 3-12-1-14
IC 3-12-1-15
IC 3-12-1-16
IC 3-12-3-2
IC 3-12-3-12.7
IC 3-12-3.5-1.1
IC 3-12-3.5-2
IC 3-12-3.5-3

IC 3-12-4-6
IC 3-12-4-6.5
IC 3-12-4-23

APPENDIX D-2: SAMPLE BALLOT INFORMATION FOR FIELD TEST

General Information

- Precinct Key:

	Split Name	Township	CON	HSE	Town Council	School	School Board	D Del	R Del
Precinct 1	A	Tulip	12	101	Peony 1	Hoosier	3	AL	3
Precinct 2	A	Tulip	11	101	n/a	Firefly	1	AL	3
Precinct 3	A	Tulip	11	102	n/a	Firefly	1	AL	4

- Presidential Election Year (2028)
- County:
 - Cardinal
- County Council:
 - At-Large on ballot in 2028
- Town of Peony:
 - 5-Member Town Council
 - Two at-large members are elected in 2028
 - District 1 is on the ballot in 2028
 - Districts 2 & 3 are NOT on the ballot in 2028
- Public Question
 - In the primary election, the town of Peony has a local public question and it should only appear in the one precinct that contains the municipality.
 - For this reason, the precinct will have 5 ballot styles:
 - Democratic, Republican
 - Includes public question, all partisan & party offices
 - Non-Partisan
 - ONLY public question printed
 - Democratic 17-year old, Republican 17-year old
 - NO public question, all partisan & party offices.
 - In the general election, a statewide public question will appear on the ballot in all precincts.
- Party Offices (Precinct Committeeman, State Convention Delegate)

Party offices (i.e. precinct committeeman, state convention delegate) are elected in the primary election and a 17-year-old may vote for these party offices. In the presidential election year, the Republican Party elects their precinct committeemen; however, both parties elect state convention delegates. In the "midterm" election year, the Democratic Party elects their precinct

committeemen. Further, the county chairs determine if state convention delegates are elected by district or at-large. (Precinct committeemen only represent one precinct.)

If no one files for the party offices or the offices are unopposed, the county election board does not need to print the names on the ballot. But, if the party-appointed member of the county election board requests the unopposed candidates to be printed on their party's primary ballot, then the board must print the office and candidate names on the party's primary ballot.

For the examples below, the Democratic Party delegates will run at-large countywide. The Republican Party delegates will run by district. If the party office does not appear on the sample ballot below, it is intentional, and the office is not to be printed on the ballot.

Please follow the ballot layout document for the other required elements on the ballot, including but not limited to designating primary election ballots, instructions to the voter, office order, and line or box for clerks' initials on ballot cards.

- **Party Order for General Election**

- The Republican candidate for Secretary of State won the county in 2026; therefore, Republican candidates will be listed before Democratic candidates on the general election ballot

- **Straight Party Voting**

- Only applies in the general election; not included on the primary election ballot
- Does not apply to school board races or to any "n of m" races where more than one person can be selected

- **Write-In candidates**

- Primary Election
 - Write-In candidates will NOT be included
- General Election
 - Write-in line MUST be included for each federal office, even if no write-in candidate has filed
 - Write-in line will ONLY be included for state/local offices where a write-in candidate has filed.
 - If there are no indications for write-ins for state or local offices in the examples below, this is intentional and no line should be included

- **Miscellaneous**

- To simplify the ballot for the field test, not all races that would typically appear on a presidential election year are included in the precinct key or in the samples below.
- Only use the offices and candidate names, including the special characters or punctuation, as directed below for purposes of coding the two elections for the field test.
 - Special pronunciation symbols must be printed on the ballot card or visible on the ballot label, pursuant to state law for any voting system initially approved for use in Indiana after January 1, 2022. (IC 3-5-7-5.5)

- Ballot instructions and other required elements for the ballot label or ballot card can be found in the appendix.
- Parenthesis must be printed on the ballot card or be visible on the ballot label pursuant to IC 3-5-7-5.
- Please follow the ballot layout rules provided for in statute, including the instructions to the voter on how many candidates they can vote for in each office, such as “vote for one (1) only.” The bulleted lists are to provide guidance on the offices, candidate names, number of people to be elected, and the text of any public questions to be printed on the ballot cards or ballot label.
- NEW! Candidates for school board offices may now be affiliated with a major or minor political party or associate as an Independent or leave the affiliation box blank. Additionally, for “n of m” races where more than one candidate can be selected, there are no limits to the number of major or minor party candidates that can seek election. In other words, it may be possible to have 4 Republicans and 3 Democrats and 5 Libertarians seek election in a “vote for not more than 2” race. Finally, straight party voting does not apply to school board elections, though this is not a change from previous years. However, before, the office was nonpartisan and now partisan labels may be affixed.
- For optical scan ballot voting systems only: One ballot for each precinct in each mock election must be designed as an absentee ballot that contains the signature and seal of the circuit court clerk. For this VSTOP will provide the generic circuit court clerk’s seal that has been approved by the Indiana Election Commission. The signature may of a randomized name that you create. If the circuit court clerk’s seal and signature cannot be printed or otherwise placed on the ballot card you must provide an explanation to VSTOP for their field report explaining why this requirement cannot be met and how a county election board can comply with state law using your voting system.
- One ballot for each precinct in each mock election must be designed as a provisional ballot but is not to be marked or otherwise voted so VSTOP can document your system can provide a printed provisional ballot as a paper ballot or optical scan ballot card. If the voting system cannot print or otherwise produce a provisional ballot you must provide an explanation to VSTOP for their field report explaining how a provisional ballot that is cast and counted by a voter can be added to the vote totals from ballots cast using the voting system and in the election management software that is part of the voting system.
 - The provisional ballot must be in the same form as any absentee ballot your voting system can produce. The title of the ballot must say provisional ballot.
 - The provisional ballot may be produced as an optical scan ballot card that complies with the layout standards in IC 3-11-13-11 or as a paper ballot that complies with the layout standards in IC 3-11-2.
 - The provisional ballot must contain a signature of the circuit court clerk and the generic circuit court clerk’s seal that VSTOP will provide to you, in the manner described in the bullet point above.

Primary Election

PRECINCT 1: DEMOCRATIC PARTY BALLOT

- Local public question
 - Shall the Peony Town Council enter into a bond agreement to build a new wastewater treatment plant and raise taxes by 2.5% for the next three fiscal years?
- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Tim (Timmy) Goodwin
 - Marianna Johnsson
 - Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Nadine Brown
 - US House, District 12 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Mamie Carr
 - Terence Marshall
 - State Representative, District 101 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Brandon Casey
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Marco Gross
 - Hope Jefferson
 - Floyd Saunders
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sophie Austin
 - Arthur Burgess
 - Sherman Hayes
 - Moses Reese
 - Shirley Young
 - Peony Town Council Member, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (2) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Morris White
 - Peony Town Council Member, District 1 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Don Bush
 - Maureen Perkins
 - Democratic State Convention Delegate, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (4) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sarah Bowen
 - Charlotte Frazier
 - Isaac Richards
 - Sherry Stephens
 - Elias (E.T) Thornton
 - Chelsea Walters

Primary Election

PRECINCT 1: REPUBLICAN PARTY BALLOT

- Local public question
 - Shall the Peony Town Council enter into a bond agreement to build a new wastewater treatment plant and raise taxes by 2.5% for the next three fiscal years?
- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr.
 - Lula Hale
 - Owen Morrison
 - Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Anita Castillo
 - Kyle Hawkins
 - Benjamin (Benny) Fitzgerald
 - US House, District 12 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Barbara Fuller
 - State Representative, District 101 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Sally Chambers
 - Aaron Schultz
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Melinda Fields
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than three (3) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Wayne Dunn
 - Genevieve Fletcher
 - Peony Town Council Member, At-Large (**Vote for not more than two (2) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Doug Erickson
 - Janie Gordon
 - Angela Morris-Singleton
 - Peony Town Council Member, District 1 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - NO CANDIDATE FILED
 - Republican Precinct Committeeman (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Seán Hayes
 - Dianne Mendoza
 - Republican State Convention Delegate, District 3 (**Vote for not more than (2) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sabrina Graves
 - Ashley Neal
 - Blanche Stephens

Primary Election

PRECINCT 1: NON-PARTISAN BALLOT

- Local public question
 - Shall the Peony Town Council enter into a bond agreement to build a new wastewater treatment plant and raise taxes by 2.5% for the next three fiscal years?
- NO CANDIDATES OR OFFICES ARE LISTED ON THIS BALLOT TYPE

Primary Election

PRECINCT 1: 17-YEAR OLD DEMOCRATIC PARTY BALLOT

- NO LOCAL PUBLIC QUESTION
- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Tim (Timmy) Goodwin
 - Marianna Johnsson
 - Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Nadine Brown
 - US House, District 12 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Mamie Carr
 - Terence Marshall
 - State Representative, District 101 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Brandon Casey
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Marco Gross
 - Hope Jefferson
 - Floyd Saunders
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sophie Austin
 - Arthur Burgess
 - Sherman Hayes
 - Moses Reese
 - Shirley Young
 - Peony Town Council Member, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (2) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Morris White
 - Peony Town Council Member, District 1 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Don Bush
 - Maureen Perkins
 - Democratic State Convention Delegate, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (4) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sarah Bowen
 - Charlotte Frazier
 - Isaac Richards
 - Sherry Stephens
 - Elias (E.T.) Thornton
 - Chelsea Walters

Primary Election

PRECINCT 1: 17-YEAR OLD REPUBLICAN PARTY BALLOT

- NO LOCAL PUBLIC QUESTION
- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr.
 - Lula Hale
 - Owen Morrison
 - Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Anita Castillo
 - Kyle Hawkins
 - Benjamin (Benny) Fitzgerald
 - US House, District 12 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Barbara Fuller
 - State Representative, District 101 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Sally Chambers
 - Aaron Schultz
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Melinda Fields
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Wayne Dunn
 - Genevieve Fletcher
 - Peony Town Council Member, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (2) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Doug Erickson
 - Janie Gordon
 - Angela Morris-Singleton
 - Peony Town Council Member, District 1 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - NO CANDIDATE FILED
 - Republican Precinct Committeeman (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Seán Hayes
 - Dianne Mendoza
 - Republican State Convention Delegate, District 3 (**Vote for not more than (2) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sabrina Graves
 - Ashley Neal
 - Blanche Stephens

Primary Election

PRECINCT 1: FEDERAL ONLY DEMOCRATIC PARTY BALLOT

- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Tim (Timmy) Goodwin
 - Marianna Johnsson
 - US House, District 12 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Mamie Carr
 - Terence Marshall

PRECINCT 1: FEDERAL ONLY REPUBLICAN PARTY BALLOT

- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr.
 - Lula Hale
 - Owen Morrison
 - US House, District 12 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Barbara Fuller

Primary Election

PRECINCT 2: DEMOCRATIC PARTY BALLOT

- NO PUBLIC QUESTION
- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Tim (Timmy) Goodwin
 - Marianna Johnsson
 - Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Nadine Brown
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Alexander Franklin
 - Pat Rowe
 - State Representative, District 101 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Brandon Casey
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Marco Gross
 - Hope Jefferson
 - Floyd Saunders
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sophie Austin
 - Arthur Burgess
 - Sherman Hayes
 - Moses Reese
 - Shirley Young
 - Democratic State Convention Delegate, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (4) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sarah Bowen
 - Charlotte Frazier
 - Isaac Richards
 - Sherry Stephens
 - Elias (E.T) Thornton
 - Chelsea Walters

Primary Election

PRECINCT 2: REPUBLICAN PARTY BALLOT

- NO PUBLIC QUESTION
- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr.
 - Lula Hale
 - Owen Morrison
 - Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Anita Castillo
 - Kyle Hawkins
 - Benjamin (Benny) Fitzgerald
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Hugo Hammond
 - Simon Medina
 - State Representative, District 101 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Sally Chambers
 - Aaron Schultz
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Melinda Fields
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Wayne Dunn
 - Genevieve Fletcher
 - Republican State Convention Delegate, District 3 (**Vote for not more than (2) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sabrina Graves
 - Ashley Neal
 - Blanche Stephens

Primary Election

PRECINCT 2: FEDERAL ONLY DEMOCRATIC PARTY BALLOT

- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Tim (Timmy) Goodwin
 - Marianna Johnsson
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Alexander Franklin
 - Pat Rowe

PRECINCT 2: FEDERAL ONLY REPUBLICAN PARTY BALLOT

- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr.
 - Lula Hale
 - Owen Morrison
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Hugo Hammond
 - Simon Medina

Primary Election

PRECINCT 3: DEMOCRATIC PARTY BALLOT

- NO PUBLIC QUESTION
- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Tim (Timmy) Goodwin
 - Marianna Johnsson
 - Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Nadine Brown
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Alexander Franklin
 - Pat Rowe
 - State Representative, District 102 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Marcia Benson
 - Francis (Frankie) Jones-Wong
 - Van Rose
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Marco Gross
 - Hope Jefferson
 - Floyd Saunders
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sophie Austin
 - Arthur Burgess
 - Sherman Hayes
 - Moses Reese
 - Shirley Young
 - Democratic State Convention Delegate, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (4) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Sarah Bowen
 - Charlotte Frazier
 - Isaac Richards
 - Sherry Stephens
 - Elias (E.T.) Thornton
 - Chelsea Walters

Primary Election

PRECINCT 3: REPUBLICAN PARTY BALLOT

- NO PUBLIC QUESTION
- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr.
 - Lula Hale
 - Owen Morrison
 - Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Anita Castillo
 - Kyle Hawkins
 - Benjamin (Benny) Fitzgerald
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Hugo Hammond
 - Simon Medina
 - State Representative, District 102 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Ernest Wise
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Melinda Fields
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office.**)
 - Wayne Dunn
 - Genevieve Fletcher
 - Republican Precinct Committeeman (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Cesar Fox
 - Kara Walker

Primary Election

PRECINCT 3: FEDERAL ONLY DEMOCRATIC PARTY BALLOT

- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Tim (Timmy) Goodwin
 - Marianna Johnsson
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Alexander Franklin
 - Pat Rowe

PRECINCT 3: FEDERAL ONLY REPUBLICAN PARTY BALLOT

- Candidates:
 - President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr.
 - Lula Hale
 - Owen Morrison
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Hugo Hammond
 - Simon Medina

General Election

PRECINCT 1: FULL BALLOT

- Statewide public question
 - Shall the state of Indiana provide every Indiana citizen a free sugar cream pie on their birthday?
- Local public question
 - Shall Hoosier School Corporation increase property taxes paid to the school corporation for no more than 7 years for the purpose of funding clowns at the school festival by imposing a property tax rate that does not exceed 0.25% and results in a maximum annual amount that does not exceed \$10,000. If this operating referendum public question is approved by the voters, for a median residence of \$250,000, the property's annual property tax bill would increase by \$1000 per year. The most recent operating referendum public question proposed by the school corporation was held in _____ 2016 and passed.
- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In
 - Governor and Lieutenant Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Kyle Hawkins / Stella Sparks (Republican)
 - Nadine Brown / Caleb Love (Democratic)
 - Christina Hamilton /Rodolfo Andrews III (Libertarian)
 - Robin James / Kristy Alvarez (Independent)
 - US House, District 12 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Barbara Fuller (Republican)
 - Terence Marshall (Democratic)
 - Write-In
 - State Representative, District 101 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Sally Chambers (Republican)
 - Brandon Casey (Democratic)
 - Kristi Palmer (Progressive)
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Melinda Fields (Republican)
 - Hope Jefferson (Democratic)
 - Write-In

Commented [AN1]: This was a recent-ish change in state law that requires certain voters not to be able to vote on a local public question in the fall election. That hasn't been done before and good to double check.

- Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.**)
 - Wayne Dunn (Republican)
 - Genevieve Fletcher (Republican)
 - Sophie Austin (Democratic)
 - Arthur Burgess (Democratic)
 - Sherman Hayes (Democratic)
 - Lela Massey (Libertarian)
- Peony Town Council Member, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (2) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.**)
 - Doug Erickson (Republican)
 - Angela Morris-Singleton (Republican)
 - Morris White (Democratic)
 - Ebony Sanders (Libertarian)
 - Frank Keller (Libertarian)
 - Ruby Lawrence (Independent)
- Peony Town Council Member, District 1 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Don Bush (Democratic)
 - Russell Gibson (Independent)
- Hoosier School Corporation School Board, District 3 (**Vote for one (1) only**). **A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.**
 - Brooke Adkins (Democratic)
 - Carroll Day (Independent)
 - Francisco Walton
 - NOTE: The (affiliation) was intentionally left blank
- Hoosier School Corporation School, At-Large (Vote for not more than two (2) candidates for this office. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.)
 - Praveen Donne (Independent)
 - Gérard Dior (Democratic)
 - Daniel Montgomery (Republican)
 - Aquilina Pressley (Democratic)
 - Nathalie Randrup (Green)
 - Victoria Wilms (Democratic)
 - Matthew Zeen
 - NOTE: The (affiliation) was intentionally left blank
- Chief Justice of the Indiana Supreme Court Judicial Retention Question
 - Shall Justice Regina H. Potter be retained in office?

General Election

PRECINCT 1: FEDERAL ONLY BALLOT

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In
 - US House, District 12 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Barbara Fuller (Republican)
 - Terence Marshall (Democratic)
 - Write-In

PRECINCT 1: PRESIDENTIAL ONLY BALLOT

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In

PRECINCT 1: EXCLUDING LOCAL PUBLIC QUESTION BALLOT

- Statewide public question
 - Shall the state of Indiana provide every Indiana citizen a free sugar cream pie on their birthday?
- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In
 - Governor and Lieutenant Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Kyle Hawkins / Stella Sparks (Republican)
 - Nadine Brown / Caleb Love (Democratic)
 - Christina Hamilton /Rodolfo Andrews III (Libertarian)
 - Robin James / Kristy Alvarez (Independent)
 - US House, District 12 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Barbara Fuller (Republican)
 - Terence Marshall (Democratic)
 - Write-In
 - State Representative, District 101 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Sally Chambers (Republican)
 - Brandon Casey (Democratic)
 - Kristi Palmer (Progressive)
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Melinda Fields (Republican)
 - Hope Jefferson (Democratic)
 - Write-In
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.**)
 - Wayne Dunn (Republican)
 - Genevieve Fletcher (Republican)
 - Sophie Austin (Democratic)
 - Arthur Burgess (Democratic)
 - Sherman Hayes (Democratic)
 - Lela Massey (Libertarian)
 - Peony Town Council Member, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (2) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for this office, you must make a voting mark for each**

candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.)

- Doug Erickson (Republican)
- Angela Morris-Singleton (Republican)
- Morris White (Democratic)
- Ebony Sanders (Libertarian)
- Frank Keller (Libertarian)
- Ruby Lawrence (Independent)
- Peony Town Council Member, District 1 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Don Bush (Democratic)
 - Russell Gibson (Independent)
- Hoosier School Corporation School Board, District 3 (**Vote for one (1) only. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.**)
 - Brooke Adkins (Democratic)
 - Carroll Day (Independent)
 - Francisco Walton
 - NOTE: The (affiliation) was intentionally left blank
- Hoosier School Corporation School, At-Large (Vote for not more than two (2) candidates for this office. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.)
 - Praveen Donne (Independent)
 - Gérard Dior (Democratic)
 - Daniel Montgomery (Republican)
 - Aquilina Pressley (Democratic)
 - Nathalie Randrup (Green)
 - Victoria Wilms (Democratic)
 - Matthew Zeen
 - NOTE: The (affiliation) was intentionally left blank
- Chief Justice of the Indiana Supreme Court Judicial Retention Question
 - Shall Justice Regina H. Potter be retained in office?

General Election

PRECINCT 2: FULL BALLOT

- Statewide public question
 - Shall the state of Indiana provide every Indiana citizen a free sugar cream pie on their birthday?
- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In
 - Governor and Lieutenant Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Kyle Hawkins / Stella Sparks (Republican)
 - Nadine Brown / Caleb Love (Democratic)
 - Christina Hamilton /Rodolfo Andrews III (Libertarian)
 - Robin James / Kristy Alvarez (Independent)
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Simon Medina (Republican)
 - Alexander Franklin (Democratic)
 - Write-In
 - State Representative, District 101 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Sally Chambers (Republican)
 - Brandon Casey (Democratic)
 - Kristi Palmer (Progressive)
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Melinda Fields (Republican)
 - Hope Jefferson (Democratic)
 - Write-In
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.**)
 - Wayne Dunn (Republican)
 - Genevieve Fletcher (Republican)
 - Sophie Austin (Democratic)
 - Arthur Burgess (Democratic)
 - Sherman Hayes (Democratic)
 - Lela Massey (Libertarian)

- Firefly School Corporation School Board, District 1 (**Vote for one (1) only**). **A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.**
 - Miriam Adkins (Republican)
 - Cassandra Daniel (Democratic)
 - Tammy (Tammara) Lucas (Republican)
 - Norma O'Brien (Libertarian)
 - Kelly Quinn
 - Note: The (affiliation) was intentionally left blank
- Chief Justice of the Indiana Supreme Court Judicial Retention Question
 - Shall Justice Regina H. Potter be retained in office?

General Election

PRECINCT 2: FEDERAL ONLY BALLOT

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Simon Medina (Republican)
 - Alexander Franklin (Democratic)
 - Write-In

PRECINCT 2: PRESIDENTIAL ONLY BALLOT

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In

General Election

PRECINCT 3: FULL BALLOT

- Statewide public question
 - Shall the state of Indiana provide every Indiana citizen a free sugar cream pie on their birthday?
- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In
 - Governor and Lieutenant Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Kyle Hawkins / Stella Sparks (Republican)
 - Nadine Brown / Caleb Love (Democratic)
 - Christina Hamilton /Rodolfo Andrews III (Libertarian)
 - Robin James / Kristy Alvarez (Independent)
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Simon Medina (Republican)
 - Alexander Franklin (Democratic)
 - Write-In
 - State Representative, District 102 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Ernest Wise (Republican)
 - Francis (Frankie) Jones-Wong (Democratic)
 - Cardinal County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Melinda Fields (Republican)
 - Hope Jefferson (Democratic)
 - Write-In
 - Cardinal County Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than (3) candidate(s) for this office. To vote for this office, you must make a voting mark for each candidate you wish to vote for. A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.**)
 - Wayne Dunn (Republican)
 - Genevieve Fletcher (Republican)
 - Sophie Austin (Democratic)
 - Arthur Burgess (Democratic)
 - Sherman Hayes (Democratic)
 - Lela Massey (Libertarian)
 - Firefly School Corporation School Board, District 1 (**Vote for one (1) only**). **A straight party vote will not count as a vote for any candidate for this office.**

- Miriam Adkins (Republican)
- Cassandra Daniel (Democratic)
- Tammy (Tammara) Lucas (Republican)
- Norma O'Brien (Libertarian)
- Kelly Quinn
 - Note: The (affiliation) was intentionally left blank
- Chief Justice of the Indiana Supreme Court Judicial Retention Question
 - Shall Justice Potter be retained in office?

General Election

PRECINCT 3: FEDERAL ONLY BALLOT

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In
 - US House, District 11 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Simon Medina (Republican)
 - Alexander Franklin (Democratic)
 - Write-In

PRECINCT 3: PRESIDENTIAL ONLY BALLOT

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
 - Libertarian
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Roger (Buck) Bennett, Jr./ Lula Hale (Republican)
 - Marianna Johnsson/ Darin Lawrence (Democratic)
 - Caño Clark / Irma Harper Mathis (Libertarian)
 - Write-In

Special General Election

This ballot style will test two different scenarios in a fourth precinct:

1. For the Tulip County Circuit Court Clerk election, candidate Hannah Freeman died two days before the election, and the county election board did not reprint the ballot due to the timing of her death. Despite the Democratic Party filling the ballot vacancy with another candidate on the day before the election, state law only permits the straight party choices for the Democratic Party (that is, the party of the deceased and replacement candidate) to be counted for the replacement candidate as her name (or the phrase "candidate deceased") was not printed on the ballot. IC 3-12-1-14 and IC 3-12-1-15 are the statutes being tested here. If it is not possible for individual selections for Hannah Freeman to be automatically removed from the vote total of the individual voting unit or the main tabulation software, please describe the manual process by which the county would follow to be reflective of these requirements in state law.
2. For the Dogwood Township Trustee election, Jonathan Wilson, Sr., the Republican candidate, died 30-days before the election. The county election board reprinted the ballot with the phrase "Candidate Deceased". Absentee-by-mail ballots were mailed 45-days before the election, and not every voter asked for a replacement ballot so there is a mix of absentee ballots with "Jonathan Wilson, Sr" and "Candidate Deceased" listed in the township trustee race. For purposes of this exercise, the Republican Party filled the ballot vacancy the day before the election, but the county opted not to re-print the ballot with the new candidate's name due to the timing. For this scenario, your voting system tabulation software must show it can comply with IC 3-12-1-16, where any straight ticket vote for the Republican Party (that is, the party the replacement candidate) and any individual vote for the phrase "Deceased Candidate" in the trustee election is considered a vote for the successor candidate. In other words, any individual selections for "Jonathan Wilson, Sr." cannot be applied to the vote totals for the deceased candidate. If it is not possible for individual selections for Jonathan Wilson, Sr. to be automatically removed from the vote total of the individual voting unit or the main tabulation software, please describe the manual process by which the county would follow to be reflective of these requirements in state law.

Your test deck must include enough of the original ballots AND replacement ballots in precinct 4 to follow the general public test procedures to include at least one vote for every candidate, public question, and straight party option. Further, at least one ballot must include an overvote. The federal only and presidential only ballots for precinct 4 did not need to be reprinted as the deceased candidates were in local offices only.

PRECINCT 4 (ORIGINAL BALLOT)

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Mia Smith/ Franklin (Tank) Lawrence (Republican)
 - James Butterfield/ Shelley Perkins (Democratic)
 - Barton Hendricks/ Shawn Gibbs (Independent)
 - Write-In
 - Governor and Lieutenant Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Lee Rivera / Evelyn Hall (Republican)
 - Margarita Collins / Phil Lawson (Democratic)
 - Orville (Popcorn) Morgan / Angel Harmon (Libertarian)
 - US House, District 15 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Ruth Houston (Republican)
 - Lloyd Pierce, Jr. (Democratic)
 - Clyde Bridges (Independent)
 - Write-In
 - State Representative, District 115 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Denise Burke (Republican)
 - Catherine Garner-Curtis (Democratic)
 - Tulip County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Annette Sims (Republican)
 - Hannah Freeman (Democratic)
 - Pete Wilkerson (Independent)
 - Dogwood Township Trustee (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Jonathan Wilson, Sr. (Republican)
 - Ester Martel (Democratic)

PRECINCT 4 (REPRINTED BALLOT FOR DOGWOOD TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE)

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Mia Smith/ Franklin (Tank) Lawrence (Republican)
 - James Butterfield/ Shelley Perkins (Democratic)
 - Barton Hendricks/ Shawn Gibbs (Independent)
 - Write-In
 - Governor and Lieutenant Governor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Lee Rivera / Evelyn Hall (Republican)
 - Margarita Collins / Phil Lawson (Democratic)
 - Orville (Popcorn) Morgan / Angel Harmon (Libertarian)
 - US House, District 15 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Ruth Houston (Republican)
 - Lloyd Pierce, Jr. (Democratic)
 - Clyde Bridges (Independent)
 - Write-In
 - State Representative, District 115 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Denise Burke (Republican)
 - Catherine Garner-Curtis (Democratic)
 - Tulip County Circuit Court Clerk (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Annette Sims (Republican)
 - Hannah Freeman (Democratic)
 - Pete Wilkerson (Independent)
 - Dogwood Township Trustee (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - CANDIDATE DECEASED (Republican)
 - Ester Martel (Democratic)

PRECINCT 4: FEDERAL ONLY BALLOT (NO CHANGES FOR REPRINT HERE)

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Mia Smith/ Franklin (Tank) Lawrence (Republican)
 - James Butterfield/ Shelley Perkins (Democratic)
 - Barton Hendricks/ Shawn Gibbs (Independent)
 - Write-In
 - US House, District 15 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Ruth Houston (Republican)
 - Lloyd Pierce, Jr. (Democratic)
 - Clyde Bridges (Independent)
 - Write-In

PRECINCT 4: PRESIDENTIAL ONLY BALLOT

- Straight Party
 - Republican
 - Democratic
- Candidates:
 - President and Vice President of the United States (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Mia Smith/ Franklin (Tank) Lawrence (Republican)
 - James Butterfield/ Shelley Perkins (Democratic)
 - Barton Hendricks/ Shawn Gibbs (Independent)
 - Write-In

Municipal Election

This election tests one scenario in a fourth election for one precinct:

State law prohibits a political party to be included as a straight party option, if the political party did not field any candidates for federal, state, or local office in races where straight party would apply. In this example, the Democratic Party and Libertarian Party did not field candidates in the “vote for 1 races” so only the Republican Party is included in the straight party choice. (IC 3-11-13-14; IC 3-11-14-14.5)

Because there are no federal candidates on the ballot, there is no need to have a federal only or presidential only ballot.

Precinct 5

- Straight Party
 - Republican
- Candidates:
 - Foxglove City Mayor (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Shea Arthur (Republican)
 - Denis Slavkov (Independent)
 - Foxglove City Common Council, District 3 (**Vote for one (1) only**)
 - Maie Parks (Republican)
 - Foxglove City Common Council, At-Large (**Vote for not more than three (3)**)
 - Michael Dickson (Republican)
 - Sue Ann Messner (Republican)
 - Kendra Simon (Republican)
 - Jean-Paul Lindholm (Democratic)
 - Aura Stacey (Independent)
 - Seán Woods (Independent)