

Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

A Division of the



Comprehensive Community Plan

County: Adams

LCC: Drug Free Adams County

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New Plan **Plan Update**



LCC Contact: Kelly Sickafoose
Address: 313 West Jefferson, Room 328
City: Decatur
Phone: 260-724-5368
Email: kellys@co.adams.in.us

County Commissioners: Kim Fruchte, Edwin Coil and Douglas Bauman
Address: 313 West Jefferson
City: Decatur
Zip Code: 46733

Plan Summary

Mission Statement: The Adams County Substance Abuse Awareness Council, Inc. promotes responsible lifestyle choices that reduce the negative impact of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs to youth and adults in our community.

History: After the formation of the Governor's Commission for a Drug-Free Indiana in 1989, several community leaders met with the Community Consultant to discuss alcohol, tobacco, and other drug issues within Adams County. That led to the formation of the Adams County Local Coordinating Council. Initially, the group was populated by high-level leaders but as time progressed, more of those people providing the services became involved. For a number of years, the group was an all-volunteer effort, and most of the effort was focused on the distribution of the Local Drug Free Communities Fund. Most recently, the approach has changed to looking at the bigger picture, which includes outcome-based prevention and effective treatment, as well as cooperative efforts among law enforcement agencies. During the mid-1990s, the organization changed its name to the Substance Abuse Awareness Council (SAAC). Later, we developed a partnership with the Boys & Girls Club of Adams County, whereby they became the fiscal agent and also provided SAAC's first paid coordinator. In 2014, the coalition decided to change its name to Drug Free Adams County, to be clearer about our mission and focus.

SAAC was awarded a Drug-Free Communities Support Program Grant in 2006, then again in 2011. The Boys and Girls Club of Adams County, Inc. serves as the fiscal agent for the grant. As a result of that grant, the following partnerships were formed: Adams Central Partnership, North Adams Partnership, South Adams Partnership and the Youth Roundtable. Each of these partners work as an extension of the coalition, providing valuable information about their focus area. These partners take an active role in the coalition and participate in the planning and implementation of the coalition’s mission. These changes have proven to be very beneficial in assuring that the entire county is involved with the coalition.

A significant accomplishment occurred in 2007 with two school corporations participating in the Indiana Prevention Resource Center Drug Prevalence Survey: grades 6-12. Aggregate data was made available to the coalition for planning and assessment purposes. Since 2008, all three county school corporations have participated in the survey, which allows the Coalition to get an accurate picture of youth ATOD use in the county.

The 2013 Census indicated the following for Adams County as a whole, and its largest city, Decatur, from 2010:

	<u>Adams</u>	<u>Decatur</u>
Population	34,614	9,418
Persons under 18 years, percent	31.1%	24.7%



Persons 65 years and over, percent	14.4%	14.6%
Female persons, percent	50.5%	51.6%
Persons of Hispanic or Latino Origin, percent	4.4%	8.4%
White persons not Hispanic, percent	94.2%	89.7%
High school graduates, percent of persons age 25+, 2008-2012	84.5%	84.9%
Bachelor’s degree or higher, pct of persons age 25+, 2008-2012	14.5%	11.0%
Households, 2008-2012	13,025	4,138
Median household income, 2008-2012	\$45,339	\$38,503
Persons below poverty level, percent, 2008-2012	16.6%	18.5%
Land area in square miles, 2010	339.03	5.78

Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan: DFAC has utilized the Strategic Prevention Framework to develop this Comprehensive Plan. Many members of the Coalition were involved in the collection of data which provided the supportive data for determining the problem statements, goals and objectives for this plan. Numerous sources of data were used to ensure a broad and thorough baseline, including the IPRC Drug Prevalence Survey.

The problem statements were determined upon review of our local data, as well as the 191 responses from our community assessment. Highlights of that assessment are as follows:

Alcohol:

- 90.4% of people are personally aware of one or more adults in Adams County who use alcohol and/or have alcohol problems.
- 61.4% of people are personally aware of one or more youth in Adams County who use alcohol and/or have alcohol problems.
- 67.6% of people are personally aware of adults who use alcohol excessively (5 or more drinks in a day).
- 21.1% of people are personally aware of youth who use alcohol excessively (5 or more drinks in a day).
- 31.5% of adults think alcohol use by youth is harmless.

Drugs – Illegal and Prescription

- 55.4% of people are personally aware of one or more adults in Adams County who use illegal drugs or abuse prescription drugs.
- 48.8% of people are personally aware of one or more youth in Adams County who use illegal drugs or abuse prescription drugs.
- 79.4% indicated that marijuana use leads to the use of other drugs.

When asked, “How much of a problem are the following substances in Adams County?” the primary responses were:

- Alcohol – very much 53.3%
- Methamphetamine – very much 24.2%
- K2/Spice – very much 33.1%
- Prescription Drugs – very much 42.4%
- Marijuana – very much 58.4%

Based on the review of the data and the assessments, our problem statements became:

1. The incidence of underage alcohol and tobacco use and related offenses continues to be a problem.
2. The incidence of alcohol use and related offenses among adults continues to be a problem.
3. The use and distribution of marijuana, methamphetamine, and other illegal drugs by adults and youth continues to be a problem.
4. The abuse and distribution of prescription drugs is a concern.

Many of the objectives focus on the environmental prevention strategies and other efforts deemed to be successful.

The coalition, including the Partnerships, continues to be a uniting force for ATOD issues within the entire county. The coalition has a strong membership base with active participants. The Executive Committee of the coalition meets on a regular basis and provides strong leadership. On-going work with the youth within the Partnerships, including Youth Round Table, has given the coalition valuable input to determine the direction of the mission.

We will monitor our projects and grant recipients who offer programs, events, and activities to fulfill our objectives to work toward our goals. We will keep apprised of progress through oral reports once a year from grant recipients, through formal written reports twice a year from grant recipients, and through surveys/ needs assessments in the community. Grant recipients must, as part of the agreement of receiving funding, attend 7 regular LCC meetings or Partnership meetings per calendar year. However, grant recipients find it advantageous to attend meetings for networking, advice, and developing new ideas for projects to address needs.

Membership List

County LCC Name: Drug Free Adams County

#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Sharon Balsiger	South Adams Schools	Caucasian	Female	Youth
2	Kris Hames	North Adams Community Schools	Caucasian	Female	Education
3	Tory Fuelling	North Adams Community Schools	Caucasian	Male	Education
4	Cary Blake	Adams Central Schools	Caucasian	Male	Education
5	Brent Lehman	North Adams School	Caucasian	Male	Education
6	Kelly Bollenbacher	Adams County Probation	Caucasian	Female	Judiciary
7	Sheila Graber	South Adams Schools	Caucasian	Female	Education
8	Louise Busse	Adams County Health	Caucasian	Female	Medicine
9	Tonya Eiden	Park Center	Caucasian	Female	Treatment
10	Judge Pat Miller	Adams Superior Court Judge	Caucasian	Male	Judiciary
11	Anthony Flores	M.A.P.P.S.	Caucasian	Male	Treatment
12	Earl Hough	Berne P. D.	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
13	Jeremy Brown	Burry, Herman, Miller and Brown	Caucasian	Male	Business
14	Ian Gilbert	Adams County Community Corrections	Caucasian	Male	Judiciary
15	Angie Gunsett	Adams Wells Crisis Center	Caucasian	Female	Business
16	Christopher Harvey	Adams Count Prosecuting Attorney	Caucasian	Male	Judiciary
17	Marlene Ellis	Keystone United Methodist	Caucasian	Female	Religion
18	James	Senior Judge	Caucasian	Male	Judiciary

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19	Christen Sprunger	Boys & Girls Club	Caucasian	Female	Civic
20	Ben Fenstermaker	State Excise Police Officer	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
21	Ken Ketzler	Decatur Police Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
22	Wes Kuntzman	Decatur Chamber of Commerce	Caucasian	Male	Business
23	Jim Langham	Berne Tri-Weekly	Caucasian	Male	Media
24	Danielle Reed	Dept of Child Services	Caucasian	Female	Other
25	Dan Mawhorr	Indiana State Police	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
26	Amy Bertsch	Boys & Girls Club	Caucasian	Female	Civic
27	Shane Rekeweg	Adams County Sheriff Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
28	Allyson Norby	Bellmont High School Student	Caucasian	Female	Youth
29	Eric Beer	Adams County Sheriff's Dept.	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
30	Jim Compton	United Way Executive Director	Caucasian	Male	Civic
31	Charlie Cook	Adams Co. Sheriff Dept.	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
32	Rhonda McIntosh	Adams County Probation	Caucasian	Female	Judiciary
35	Amy Hathaway	Letter Perfect Services	Caucasian	Female	Business
36	Angie Zelt	Letter Perfect Services	Caucasian	Female	Business
37	Madison Graber	South Adams Schools	Caucasian	Female	Youth
38	Abbey Jauregui	Adams Central Schools	Caucasian	Female	Youth
39	Kylee Geels	Adams Central Schools	Caucasian	Female	Youth
40	Caleb Schell	Bellmont High School	Caucasian	Male	Youth
41	Chad Kukelhan	Circuit Court	Caucasian	Male	Judiciary

		Judge			
42	Natasha Nevil	Fifth Third Bank	Caucasian	Female	Business
43	Kurt Jack	Indiana State Police	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
44	Trevor Callahan	Adams County Sheriff's Department	Caucasian	Male	Law Enforcement
45	Meghan Manley	Adams Central Schools	Caucasian	Female	Youth
46	Jack Odle	Adams County Probation	Caucasian	Male	Judiciary
47	Leslie Rhoades	R & R Employment	Caucasian	Female	Business
48	Bruce McKay	Alcoholics Anonymous	Caucasian	Male	Self-help
49	Melissa Hayden	Dept of Child Services	Caucasian	Female	Other
50	Leah Zimmerman	Adams Memorial	Caucasian	Female	Treatment

Problem Identification

A. Problem Statement #1: The incidence of underage alcohol and tobacco use and related offenses continues to be a problem.

B. Supportive Data:

1. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to alcohol use in grades 6th – 12th from 2011.

Alcohol - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	2.6	5.3	
7 th	8.2	10.2	
8 th	14.7	16.7	13.8
9 th	17.5	23.8	
10 th	27.8	28.4	28.9
11 th	30.2	31.7	
12 th	35.6	37.8	41.2

Age of Onset (by age) - Alcohol

Grade	Never	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17+	18 +
6 th	90.2	4.1*	4.1	.5	.5					*
7 th	79.9	7.6*	2.1	3.5	4.2	.7				*
8 th	68.4	5.3*	3.0	7.1	7.5	3.8	.4	.4		*
9 th	62.0	4.3*	4.0	7.3	4.6	8.3	6.3	.0		*
10 th	48.8	2.8*	1.4	4.9	5.6	9.8	17.1	4.2	.7*	*
11 th	44.2	4.8*	.9	3.9	7.8	10.0	12.6	10.4	3.5*	*
12 th	42.4	2.5*	1.0	3.5	6.6	6.1	13.6	11.1	8.6*	*

Perceived Risk – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	18.7	37.8	18.7	20.7
7 th	17.1	30.1	25.3	25.3
8 th	18.8	44.9	13.6	19.5
9 th	30.6	33.4	13.4	19.4
10 th	36.1	30.1	13.7	15.7
11 th	35.1	31.0	13.2	17.8
12 th	42.4	28.3	9.8	15.1

Perceived Risk – Binge drink weekly

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	6.7	13.5	26.4	50.8
7 th	7.5	8.2	27.4	55.5
8 th	3.7	11.8	36.0	45.2
9 th	6.4	16.2	32.5	42.4
10 th	10.7	17.4	30.1	37.8
11 th	7.9	18.2	33.9	38.4
12 th	13.2	19.0	26.8	36.6

Perceived Peer Approval – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	Strongly Approve	Approve	Do Not Know	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove
6 th	3.1	3.1	13.5	9.3	67.4
7 th	1.4	6.8	11.0	11.0	68.5
8 th	2.2	9.9	23.5	10.7	50.7
9 th	4.1	16.6	24.5	13.7	38.5
10 th	7.0	19.4	26.8	10.0	31.8
11 th	12.4	24.4	19.8	9.1	31.0
12 th	8.8	22.4	23.4	14.6	25.4

Perceived Peer Approval – Binge drink weekly

Grade	Strongly Approve	Approve	Do Not Know	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove
6 th	2.6	.5	9.3	6.2	76.7
7 th	2.1	1.4	8.2	5.5	80.8
8 th	2.2	4.8	15.4	8.5	66.2
9 th	3.2	6.4	24.2	11.8	51.0
10 th	6.0	9.0	21.4	13.4	44.8
11 th	7.0	16.9	19.0	13.6	40.1
12 th	5.9	15.1	22.0	13.7	38.0

Perceived Parental Approval - “Parental Attitudes toward Use”)

Grade	Very wrong	Wrong	Little bit wrong	Not at all wrong
6 th	85.5	7.8	3.1	1.0
7 th	89.0	6.8	3.4	.7
8 th	77.2	9.9	7.7	2.6
9 th	73.9	9.2	11.1	2.9
10 th	62.2	15.7	13.0	4.7
11 th	57.9	15.3	15.7	7.9
12 th	50.2	14.1	22.0	9.8

2. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to cigarette use in grades 6th – 12th from 2011.

Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2011

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.0	2.6	
7 th	3.4	6.0	
8 th	11.4	10.0	7.1
9 th	11.1	14.4	
10 th	18.1	17.2	13.6
11 th	20.2	20.7	
12 th	25.4	24.6	19.2

Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2011

Grade	Never	1-5 times	6-19 times	20-40 times	40+ times
6 th	99.0	1.0	.0	.0	.0
7 th	96.6	2.7	.0	.0	.7
8 th	87.9	5.5	2.2	1.5	2.2
9 th	86.9	6.4	1.9	1.0	1.9
10 th	80.3	8.4	3.0	.7	6.0
11 th	78.9	5.0	2.9	1.7	10.7
12 th	71.7	7.3	4.9	2.9	10.2

3. Adams County Juvenile Probation reported that in 2011, 24 of 88 cases were alcohol or other drug related.
4. According to the Berne Police Department, there were 6 Minor in Possession of Alcohol incidents in 2011.
5. According to the Adams County Sheriff's Department, there were 9 Minor Consuming incidents in 2011.
6. Adams County Superior Court adjudicated 21 Illegal Consumption cases in 2011.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to alcohol use in grades 6th – 12th from 2012.

Alcohol - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.8	4.7	
7 th	4.3	8.8	
8 th	10.3	16.5	12.7
9 th	18.7	22.4	
10 th	23.3	27.4	27.2
11 th	31.2	31.1	
12 th	32.4	37.6	40.0

Age of Onset (by age) – Alcohol

Grade	Never	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17+	18 +
6 th	93.9	3.6	1.2	.6	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	*
7 th	82.2	6.1	3.9	3.3	1.7	.6	.0	.0	.0	*
8 th	74.5	3.1	2.8	3.5	7.3	3.5	.7	.0	.0	*
9 th	64.5	3.9	2.0	2.6	8.8	9.1	6.5	.0	.0	*
10 th	56.4	5.4	1.9	4.5	6.7	6.4	13.5	2.9	.0	*
11 th	42.9	5.0	1.1	3.9	4.3	7.4	12.8	17.4	2.8	*
12 th	45.9	2.4	2.0	1.5	4.4	7.3	8.8	9.8	14.1	*

Perceived Risk – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	21.4	28.6	16.1	29.2
7 th	17.3	37.3	17.3	25.9
8 th	20.3	37.9	18.6	16.9
9 th	29.7	31.6	15.8	19.0
10 th	30.1	38.0	9.8	18.4
11 th	40.4	30.5	8.2	19.2
12 th	37.6	35.2	10.8	14.1

Perceived Risk – Binge drink weekly

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	8.9	12.5	26.8	48.2
7 th	3.8	16.8	24.9	50.8
8 th	5.5	13.8	32.4	42.8
9 th	7.0	17.4	24.4	49.1
10 th	7.7	17.5	29.8	41.7
11 th	11.0	22.9	28.4	35.6
12 th	8.9	18.3	34.3	35.7

Perceived Peer Approval – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	Strongly Approve	Approve	Do Not Know	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove
6 th	4.8	.6	11.3	6.5	73.2
7 th	1.6	3.8	16.8	10.3	63.2
8 th	2.4	9.0	18.3	12.4	52.1
9 th	4.7	18.4	23.1	10.4	39.9
10 th	7.1	20.6	20.2	13.5	34.0
11 th	11.6	25.3	20.9	11.3	27.4
12 th	8.0	26.3	23.9	10.3	28.6

Perceived Peer Approval – Binge drink weekly

Grade	Strongly Approve	Approve	Do Not Know	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove
6 th	4.8	.0	6.5	4.2	81.0
7 th	2.2	1.1	13.0	6.5	74.1
8 th	2.4	2.8	13.8	9.7	65.5
9 th	2.8	8.9	17.1	12.3	55.4
10 th	6.4	9.5	19.6	14.1	46.6
11 th	9.2	9.9	22.9	17.1	37.3
12 th	8.0	14.1	18.8	17.8	38.0

Perceived Parental Approval – (“Parents feel about alcohol”)

Grade	Very wrong	Wrong	Little bit wrong	Not at all wrong
6 th	88.7	5.4	3.6	.6
7 th	83.8	5.4	3.8	3.2
8 th	84.1	6.2	4.8	.7
9 th	72.2	13.3	9.8	2.5
10 th	63.8	16.3	10.7	6.1
11 th	54.8	18.2	14.7	9.9
12 th	56.3	18.3	15.5	7.0

2. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to cigarette use in grades 6th – 12th from 2012.

Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2012

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.2	2.3	
7 th	1.1	5.2	
8 th	5.5	9.7	6.1
9 th	9.5	12.7	
10 th	14.1	16.3	11.8
11 th	16.4	19.0	
12 th	20.2	22.8	18.7

Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2012

Grade	Never	1-5 times	6-19 times	20-40 times	40+ times
6 th	98.8	.0	.6	.0	.6
7 th	97.8	1.1	.0	.0	.0
8 th	91.4	4.1	.7	.3	.3
9 th	88.3	4.7	1.3	.9	2.5
10 th	84.7	4.6	2.8	2.1	4.6
11 th	81.5	5.8	2.1	2.7	5.8
12 th	78.4	6.1	4.7	1.9	7.5

3. Adams County Juvenile Probation reported that in 2012, 29 of 102 cases were alcohol or other drug related.

4. According to the Berne Police Department, there were 6 Minor in Possession of Alcohol incidents in 2012.

5. According to the Adams County Sheriff's Department, there were 14 Minor Consuming incidents in 2012.

1. Adams County Superior Court adjudicated 27 Illegal Consumption cases in 2012.

7. NEW DATA: 14 of the 85 students attending the RISQ Program in the 2012-1013 school year reported that they used alcohol in the past 30 days.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to alcohol use in grades 6th – 12th from 2013.

Alcohol - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	5.9	4.4	
7 th	7.1	7.1	
8 th	13.3	14.0	11.0
9 th	11.8	18.7	
10 th	20.5	24.7	27.6
11 th	24.4	28.5	
12 th	31.9	34.9	41.5

Age of Onset (by age) - Alcohol

Grade	Never	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17+	18 +
6 th	81.7	7.3	2.4	3.7	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	*
7 th	82.9	5.7	1.4	2.9	2.9	.0	.0	.0	.0	*
8 th	71.3	7.9	3.0	2.5	8.9	5.0	.5	.0	.0	*
9 th	69.9	3.9	2.9	4.2	5.6	8.5	2.9	.3	.0	*
10 th	61.8	2.4	1.4	1.4	5.5	8.5	12.3	2.4	.0	*
11 th	54.0	3.1	1.7	1.7	2.7	8.9	11.3	10.3	3.8	*
12 th	50.5	.9	.5	3.2	4.1	5.5	9.5	11.8	11.8	*

Perceived Risk – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	16.5	23.5	11.8	35.3
7 th	20.0	27.1	22.9	27.1
8 th	12.3	30.3	26.5	30.3
9 th	15.0	23.3	27.2	30.4
10 th	15.2	25.4	22.1	31.4

11 th	15.1	25.8	25.8	29.4
12 th	18.3	30.6	21.7	23.8

Perceived Risk – Binge drink weekly

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	11.8	9.4	24.7	42.4
7 th	15.7	14.3	27.1	40.0
8 th	5.2	15.6	33.6	43.6
9 th	7.3	13.1	28.8	47.9
10 th	7.9	16.8	29.0	39.9
11 th	6.0	14.0	33.1	42.8
12 th	8.5	25.1	27.2	34.9

Perceived Peer Approval – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	Strongly Approve	Approve	Do Not Know	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove
6 th	76.5	10.6	1.2	3.5	*
7 th	74.3	10.0	5.7	7.1	*
8 th	64.5	15.6	6.2	12.8	*
9 th	60.7	15.7	9.3	9.9	*
10 th	48.5	19.1	11.6	13.5	*
11 th	44.5	20.1	15.7	16.4	*
12 th	37.4	15.7	16.2	25.5	*

*Not measured in the 2013 IPRC Survey

Perceived Peer Approval – Binge drink weekly

Grade	Strongly Approve	Approve	Do Not Know	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove
6 th	83.5	1.2	2.4	3.5	*
7 th	72.9	12.9	5.7	4.3	*
8 th	68.7	15.2	4.3	10.4	*
9 th	67.1	14.1	8.6	6.7	*
10 th	53.8	17.8	8.6	12.5	*
11 th	49.2	19.4	14.4	13.0	*
12 th	41.3	20.0	17.4	16.2	*

*Not measured in the 2013 IPRC Survey

Perceived Parental Approval – (“Parents feel about alcohol”)

Grade	Very wrong	Wrong	Little bit wrong	Not at all wrong
6 th	87.1	3.5	.0	2.4
7 th	85.7	1.4	4.3	4.3
8 th	87.2	6.2	3.8	1.9
9 th	86.9	4.5	4.5	1.3
10 th	75.9	10.9	4.3	2.3
11 th	72.2	14.0	7.4	2.3
12 th	55.3	19.1	11.1	9.4

2. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to cigarette use in grades 6th – 12th from 2013.

Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2013

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.2	2.0	
7 th	2.9	3.6	
8 th	9.0	7.4	4.9
9 th	8.3	10.4	
10 th	9.9	12.6	10.8
11 th	12.0	16.5	
12 th	23.0	19.5	17.1

Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2013

Grade	Never	1-5 times	6-19 times	20-40 times	40+ times
6 th	90.6	1.2	.0	.0	.0
7 th	97.1	2.9	.0	.0	.0
8 th	91.0	6.2	.5	1.9	.5
9 th	91.1	3.8	2.2	1.3	1.0
10 th	89.1	2.6	2.3	1.3	3.6
11 th	87.3	5.0	3.3	1.0	2.7
12 th	76.2	7.2	3.8	3.4	8.5

3. Adams County Juvenile Probation reported that in 2013, 20 of 110 cases were alcohol or other drug related.

4. According to the Berne Police Department, there were 9 Minor in Possession of Alcohol arrests in 2013.

5. According to the Adams County Sheriff's Department, there were 22 Minor Consuming arrests in 2013.

6. Adams County Superior Court adjudicated 38 Illegal Consumption cases in 2013.

7. 12 of the 64 students attending the RISQ Program in the 2013-2014 school year reported that they used alcohol in the past 30 days.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
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- 5.

C. Goals:

- 1. There will be a 5% increase in Adams County youth’s Perceived Risk – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks, according to the IPRC Prevalence Survey.**
- 2. There will be a 5% decrease in Adams County youth monthly use of alcohol, according to the IPRC Prevalence Survey.**
- 3. There will be a 5% decrease in Adams County youth monthly use of cigarettes, according to the IPRC Prevalence Survey.**

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. 2011: Perceived Risk – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	18.7	37.8	18.7	20.7
7 th	17.1	30.1	25.3	25.3
8 th	18.8	44.9	13.6	19.5
9 th	30.6	33.4	13.4	19.4
10 th	36.1	30.1	13.7	15.7
11 th	35.1	31.0	13.2	17.8
12 th	42.4	28.3	9.8	15.1

2012: Perceived Risk – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	21.4	28.6	16.1	29.2
7 th	17.3	37.3	17.3	25.9
8 th	20.3	37.9	18.6	16.9
9 th	29.7	31.6	15.8	19.0
10 th	30.1	38.0	9.8	18.4
11 th	40.4	30.5	8.2	19.2
12 th	37.6	35.2	10.8	14.1

Grade levels who experienced an increase in perceived risk (moderate or great) from 2011-2012 are highlighted in yellow. 6th, 10th, and 11th graders indicating a great risk increased significantly. The other grade levels had an significant increase in those that reported a moderate risk.

2. 2011: Alcohol – Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	2.6	5.3	
7 th	8.2	10.2	

8 th	14.7	16.7	13.8
9 th	17.5	23.8	
10 th	27.8	28.4	28.9
11 th	30.2	31.7	
12 th	35.6	37.8	41.2

2012: Alcohol - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.8	4.7	
7 th	4.3	8.8	
8 th	10.3	16.5	12.7
9 th	18.7	22.4	
10 th	23.3	27.4	27.2
11 th	31.2	31.1	
12 th	32.4	37.6	40.0

Grades levels indicating lower past 30 day use of alcohol are highlighted in yellow. Five of the seven grades survey showed significant improvement.

3. Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2011

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.0	2.6	
7 th	3.4	6.0	
8 th	11.4	10.0	7.1
9 th	11.1	14.4	
10 th	18.1	17.2	13.6
11 th	20.2	20.7	
12 th	25.4	24.6	19.2

Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2012

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.2	2.3	
7 th	1.1	5.2	
8 th	5.5	9.7	6.1
9 th	9.5	12.7	
10 th	14.1	16.3	11.8
11 th	16.4	19.0	
12 th	20.2	22.8	18.7

Grades levels indicating lower past 30 day use of cigarettes are highlighted in yellow. Six of the seven grades survey showed significant improvement.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

1. 2011: Perceived Risk – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	18.7	37.8	18.7	20.7
7 th	17.1	30.1	25.3	25.3
8 th	18.8	44.9	13.6	19.5
9 th	30.6	33.4	13.4	19.4
10 th	36.1	30.1	13.7	15.7
11 th	35.1	31.0	13.2	17.8
12 th	42.4	28.3	9.8	15.1

2012: Perceived Risk – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	21.4	28.6	16.1	29.2
7 th	17.3	37.3	17.3	25.9
8 th	20.3	37.9	18.6	16.9
9 th	29.7	31.6	15.8	19.0
10 th	30.1	38.0	9.8	18.4
11 th	40.4	30.5	8.2	19.2
12 th	37.6	35.2	10.8	14.1

2013: Perceived Risk – Occasionally consume 1-2 alcoholic drinks

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	16.5	23.5	11.8	35.3
7 th	20.0	27.1	22.9	27.1
8 th	12.3	30.3	26.5	30.3
9 th	15.0	23.3	27.2	30.4
10 th	15.2	25.4	22.1	31.4
11 th	15.1	25.8	25.8	29.4
12 th	18.3	30.6	21.7	23.8

With the exception of moderate risk in 6th grade, all grade levels showed a dramatic increase in the moderate or great perceived risk of occasionally consuming 1-2 alcoholic drinks.

2. 2011: Alcohol – Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	2.6	5.3	
7 th	8.2	10.2	
8 th	14.7	16.7	13.8
9 th	17.5	23.8	
10 th	27.8	28.4	28.9
11 th	30.2	31.7	
12 th	35.6	37.8	41.2

2012: Alcohol – Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.8	4.7	
7 th	4.3	8.8	
8 th	10.3	16.5	12.7
9 th	18.7	22.4	
10 th	23.3	27.4	27.2
11 th	31.2	31.1	
12 th	32.4	37.6	40.0

2013: Alcohol - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	5.9	4.4	
7 th	7.1	7.1	
8 th	13.3	14.0	11.0
9 th	11.8	18.7	
10 th	20.5	24.7	27.6
11 th	24.4	28.5	
12 th	31.9	34.9	41.5

Grades levels indicating lower past 30 day use of alcohol are highlighted in yellow. Four of the seven grades survey showed significant improvement.

3. Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2011

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.0	2.6	
7 th	3.4	6.0	
8 th	11.4	10.0	7.1
9 th	11.1	14.4	
10 th	18.1	17.2	13.6
11 th	20.2	20.7	
12 th	25.4	24.6	19.2

Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2012

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.2	2.3	
7 th	1.1	5.2	
8 th	5.5	9.7	6.1
9 th	9.5	12.7	
10 th	14.1	16.3	11.8
11 th	16.4	19.0	
12 th	20.2	22.8	18.7

Monthly Use of Cigarettes, 2013

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	1.2	2.0	
7 th	2.9	3.6	
8 th	9.0	7.4	4.9
9 th	8.3	10.4	
10 th	9.9	12.6	10.8
11 th	12.0	16.5	
12 th	23.0	19.5	17.1

Grades levels indicating lower past 30 day use of cigarettes are highlighted in yellow. Three of the seven grades survey showed significant improvement.

Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

D. Objectives:

- 1. Work to raise awareness of the problem of underage drinking and cigarette use.**
- 2. Support existing and new prevention programs/initiatives that have the potential to reduce underage drinking and alcohol offenses, and reduce cigarette use by youth.**
- 3. Support law enforcement and judicial initiatives that address underage drinking and use of cigarettes.**
- 4. Work with youth in the three partnerships (North Adams, Adams Central and South Adams) and the Youth Round Table to establish prevention strategies throughout the county.**
- 5. Provide parents with information about alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs the through Party Safe Homes Project.**
- 6. Support facilities who provide counseling and other services to youth, including the dissemination of literature about addiction, recovery, and support group involvement (including treatment services to the financially disadvantaged).**
- 7. Investigate the possibility of a county-wide social host ordinance.**

End of Year 1 Update:

1. Each month, the Executive Director writes an article for the two local newspapers. Three of those articles addressed underage drinking and one discussed tobacco use by youth. We posted several pieces about underage drinking on Facebook. The Boys and Girls Club uses this type of awareness information in their Smart Moves Program, which SAAC helps fund. This program served 30 youth in 2012. The Staff for the TPCC grant worked to promote the Quitline that is also available for adolescents. Adams Central educates via the programs they offer as a result of the grant that SAAC provides to them. (Please see #2) Weekly discussions are held at the alternative school about alcohol, tobacco, and other drug issues. Community Corrections picks up cigarette butts on the road. We have them in a container prominently displayed at the 4H Fair and we have a contest to see who can guess the number of cigarette butts in the container. Nearby on the table are several informational pieces about youth and smoking. We put yard signs out during the 4H Fair, they are at the Boys and Girls Club and North Adams School corporations, as well as at the homes of coalition members and concerned citizens. The yard signs say, "Be A Good Role Model," Alcohol and Drug Use by Youth is a Community Problem," and "I Choose Not to Host." Each of them also contain our logo.

2. Adams Central Community Schools offers 4 programs with their grant funds. "Just Say No" is for elementary students. Meetings happen once a month after school. High school kids talk to the youth and they have activities. Attendance fluctuates. Project Journey: A variety of topics and curriculum is discussed in groups of approximately 12th grade students. A pre and post test is done. Once these youth are seniors, they have a Project Journey reunion with a cookout to celebrate. 64 students went through Project Journey in 2012. Insight: This is for the high school level when they have been caught with alcohol, tobacco or other drugs. They meet 9 times for 45 minutes. The focus is on decision making. 13 students were referred to this program in 2012, the most they had in a number of years. Tobacco Education Program (TEG): This is for youth at Adams Central that have had a school-related tobacco offense. The Boys and Girls Club offers their SMART Moves program, whereby staff teaches participants about ATOD, peer pressure, and media pressure. Pre and post tests are conducted, and 100% of the 30 participants showed increased knowledge of ATOD. 100 5th grade South Adams students attended a field trip at the McMillan Center for Health Education entitled, "Drug Free: Way to Be." The pre and post tests indicated a 45.74% increase in knowledge over the baseline knowledge measured in the pretest. 13 high schools youth attended with them and played games with them on the bus from the "Tote of Fun" purchased with grant funds by South Adams Schools. They also were able to talk with the younger students about why they choose not to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs. The "Tote of Fun" has been used at several other events, including some discussed in #4. The Staff for the TPCC grant worked to promote the Quitline that is also available for adolescents. The Child Protection Team received a grant for Community Corrections to offer the S.T.A.R.T. (Start Teaching Adolescents Responsible Thinking) program for 6th-12th graders. S.T.A.R.T. uses the WhyTry curriculum that focuses on helping people achieve freedom, opportunity and self-respect through education and interventions that motivate and create positive change. The curriculum was offered in a classroom setting with hands-on activities and discussion with a small amount of lecture. 5 students participated in this

10-session program, 2 of which involved the parents. South Adams conducted a convocation regarding reporting underage alcohol parties and drug activity to Crimestoppers anonymously. We provided framed certificates to area businesses who did not sell alcohol or tobacco to minors during their compliance checks conducted by the Excise Police in 2012. Businesses were very appreciative of the gesture. We sponsored the Drug and Alcohol Quiz Bowl for all 5th and 6th grade students in Adams County. The winners in each grade proceeded to the the Regional Quiz Bowl in Fort Wayne.

3. In 2012, Portable Breath Instruments were purchased by the Decatur Police Department and are used when anyone is suspected of drinking, including those that are underage. This upgrade resulted in the officers being able to test more people in a far shorter amount of time.

4. Each year, at the Youth Roundtable Retreat, we discuss what countywide prevention strategies that should be undertaken for the next school year. For the 2012-2013 school year, radio ads were conducted, role models conducted poster signings, speaking engagements, and trading cards distribution. Youth were present at several countywide events, including Halloween events such as Treats and the Tower, interacting with younger youth. Youth and adults participated in the Callithumpian parade and distributed promotional items and flyers. Some schools did a lunch buddy program and discussed the importance of making good choices. Each of the school corporations had an elementary grade write letters to juniors and seniors that were distributed just prior to Prom or graduation. Adams Central had a volleyball event whereby 250-300 students and parents attended. During the event, they have ATOD announcements and our banner was prominently displayed. South Adams did a Chuck-a Duck event, whereby contestants sign pledge cards and get a rubber duck once they answer an ATOD question correctly to throw at a target. Prizes are awarded. The "Tote of Fun" was utilized at that event as well. Each school corporation was given football and basketballs to distribute with an ATOD message on them. The adult leader and a youth spoke to students at a Just Say No meeting at Adams Central. North Adams high school youth went to talk to 5th grade students about good choices. High school SAAC youth at South Adams attended a field trip at the McMillan Center with the 5th grade youth. It was a great opportunity to learn and interact with older students who have chosen not to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs. This field trip was paid for with SAAC grant funds. A role model went to the Boys and Girls Club and spoke about why she chooses not to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs. Each of the three corporations held after-proms. Prom convocations were held at Adams Central and South Adams with Rachel McDonald, whose husband was killed in a drunk driving crash. Local businesses contributed to the printing of the posters for Cody Barkley's letter he wrote to students. Cody was a local youth who was arrested and convicted due to his involvement in a shooting due to drugs. South Adams interacted with younger youth during a fundraiser for the baseball team. They played games with them from the "Tote of Fun" that they purchased with grant funds with them and did crafts. Youth from the Boys and Girls Club put a sign on the fence for Kick Butts Day and picked up cigarette butts for Earth Day. Two awareness pieces were placed in the Adams Central school newsletter. The South Adams SAAC youth sponsored a pool party for all SAAC youth. 16 youth attended. In November, high school youth from North Adams

made posters and read facts on the announcements for the Great American Smoke Out. South Adams youth did announcements for National Drug Facts Week.

5. The Party Safe Homes Project is now an awareness campaign, primarily through flyers that are used as inserts in game programs at each of the three school corporations. These flyers are also available at the Boys and Girls Club, the Probation Department, Park Center, and Community Corrections. Over 1,000 flyers were distributed during the 2012-2013 school year and this past summer.

6. We provided financial support to Midwest Addiction Psychiatric and Psychological Services (MAPPS) for 3 financially disadvantaged people in 2012. Several agencies that participate on our coalition provided information on services in Adams County. The agencies include: Adams Wells Crisis Center; Adams County Community Foundation; and the Boys and Girls Club. We also distribute “concerned” cards at the health fairs and other events we attend, such as the 4H Fair and the Kekionga Festival.

7. Currently, no progress has been made on this objective. The Executive Director is in process of setting up meetings with people who may be willing to help with this initiative.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. We held a Town Hall Meeting on Underage Drinking in April with 41 attendees. We showed the video, “This Place,” and had a panel discussion afterwards. It was very well-received. Each month, the Executive Director writes an article for the two local newspapers. Six of those articles addressed underage drinking and one discussed tobacco use by youth. Also, each month, we produce and distribute “Parents at Work” flyers based upon these articles to 33 businesses and organizations, and provide it to 7 businesses electronically. Quarterly newsletters also contain this information. They are e-mailed to all of our list serves, and 70 of them are provided to Fleetwood, one of the biggest employers in the county. We posted several pieces about underage drinking on Facebook. Weekly discussions are held at the alternative school about alcohol, tobacco, and other drug issues. We sponsor a day at the 4H Fair whereby our volunteers work in the dining hall serving food all day, and we have a display table and other information displayed in and around the dining hall. We also participate in health fairs and other community events, such as Spotlight and the Kekionga Festival, where literature and giveaways with a no-use message are provided. Community Corrections picks up cigarette butts on the road. We have them in a container prominently displayed at the 4H Fair and we have a contest to see who can guess the number of cigarette butts in the container. Nearby on the table are several informational pieces about youth and smoking, among other information. A banner containing information about talking to your kids about ATOD was prominently displayed at the 4H Fair and Kekionga Festival. As part of a regional grant from ICJI, we have begun distributing posters and magnets regarding the Lifeline Law, and lawn signs about talking to your kids about alcohol.

2. Adams Central Community Schools offers 3 programs with grant funds from DFAC. “Just Say No” is for elementary students. Meetings happen once a month after school. High school kids talk to the youth and they have activities, such as letter-writing for the juniors and seniors at prom/graduation time. Attendance fluctuates. Project Journey: A

variety of topics and curriculum was discussed with 60 6th grade students in 2013. A pre- and posttest is done. Insight: This is for the high school level when they have been caught with alcohol, tobacco or other drugs. They meet 9 times for 45 minutes. The focus is on decision making. 2 students were referred to this program in 2013. 100 5th grade South Adams students attended a field trip at the McMillan Center for Health Education entitled, "Drug Free: Way to Be." The pre- and post-tests indicated a 41.8% increase in knowledge over the baseline knowledge measured in the pretest. 13 high schools youth attended with them and played games with them on the bus from the "Tote of Fun" purchased with grant funds by South Adams Schools last year. They also were able to talk with the younger students about why they choose not to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs. The "Tote of Fun" has been used at several other events, reaching over 100 students. We sponsored the Drug and Alcohol Quiz Bowl for all 5th and 6th grade students in Adams County. 20 students participated at the county-wide level. The winners in each grade proceeded to the the Regional Quiz Bowl in Fort Wayne. A group of DFAC members and others are developing a Teen Court in Adams County. The Policy and Procedure manual is nearing completion. We visited the Wells County Teen Court and the Coordinator there has provided us with a wealth of knowledge and documents to help get us off the ground. We will be recruiting volunteers very soon.

3. In 2013, Decatur Police Department purchased flashlight video cameras that could be used to record interactions with underage drinkers.

4. Each year, at the Youth Roundtable Retreat, we discuss what countywide prevention strategies should be undertaken for the next school year, as well as have team-building activities. For the 2013-2014 school year, radio ads were conducted, role models conducted poster signings, speaking engagements, and trading cards distribution. Youth were present at several countywide events, such as Safety Park, interacting with younger youth. Youth and adults participated in the Callithumpian parade and distributed promotional items and flyers. Each of the school corporations had an elementary grade write letters to juniors and seniors that were distributed just prior to Prom or graduation. South Adams did Chuck-a Duck events, whereby contestants sign pledge cards and get a rubber duck once they answer an ATOD question correctly to throw at a target. Prizes are awarded. The "Tote of Fun" was utilized at those events as well. Each school corporation was given mini stress football and basketballs to distribute with an ATOD message on them. The adult leader and a youth spoke to students at a Just Say No meeting at Adams Central. North Adams High School youth went to talk to 5th grade students about good choices. High school DFAC youth at South Adams attended a field trip at the McMillan Center with the 5th grade youth. It was a great opportunity to learn and interact with older students who have chosen not to use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs. This field trip was paid for with DFAC grant funds. Prom convocations were held at North Adams and South Adams, with a student whose dad was killed by a drunk driver as the keynote speaker. Her mom also spoke. After-prom events were held at South Adams and North Adams. In November, high school youth from North Adams made posters and read facts on the announcements for the Great American Smoke Out. They also had a contest about guessing the number of cigarette butts. We conducted a poster contest for National Drug Facts Week for all 4th grade students in the county. All participants received a drug-free pencil case, and the winners received Wal-Mart gift cards. Beginning in February, the

North Adams school corporation DFAC youth helped with an after-school club that met once a week, with 13 middle-school youth attending on average each week. South Adams DFAC youth had several stations with activities during a fundraiser for baseball.

5. The Party Safe Homes Project is now an awareness campaign, primarily through flyers that are used as inserts in game programs at each of the three school corporations. These flyers are also available at the Boys and Girls Club, the Probation Department, Park Center, and Community Corrections, and were available at all of the events and presentations that we sponsored. The flyers were also provided to the Ministerial Association. Over 1,000 flyers were distributed during the 2013-2014 school year and this past summer.

6. Several agencies that participate on our coalition provided information on services in Adams County, such as Adams Wells Crisis Center; Adams County Community Foundation; and the Boys and Girls Club. We also distribute “concerned” cards at the health fairs and other events we attend, such as Spotlight, the 4H Fair, and the Kekionga Festival.

7. Currently, no progress has been made on this objective.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

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- 2.
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- 5.

A. Problem Statement #2: The incidence of alcohol use and related offenses among adults continues to be a problem.

B. Supportive Data:

1. Adams County Superior Court adjudicated the following alcohol cases in 2011: OWI (108); and Public Intoxication (17).
2. Adams County Circuit Court adjudicated 29 alcohol and drug cases in 2011.
3. According to the following treatment providers, the number of AOD clients that have been provided services in 2011 were: Adams Behavioral Health (187); M.A.P.P.S. (73); and Park Center(133), for a total of 393 AOD clients served. Adams Behavioral Health estimates that 60% of clients are treated for alcohol issues. 57% of the clients at Park Center have been diagnosed with alcohol abuse, dependence, or an alcohol-related disorder.

4. According to the Decatur Police Department, the following arrests of adults were made involving alcohol in 2011: OWI: 43; Public Intoxication: 50 calls with 18 arrested; and Personal Injury Crashes with BAC of .08% or higher: 4.

5. According to the Berne Police Department, the following arrests were made involving alcohol in 2011: Open Container - 3; OWI .08 to .14 – 10; OWI .15% or more – 11; OWI with a Prior w/i 5 yrs - 9; Public Intoxication – 3; Furnishing Alcohol to Minor - 1.

6. According to the Adams County Sheriff's Department, 131 OWI incidents were investigated and video recorded by their officers in 2011. In addition, there were 19 Public Intoxication incidents.

7. The Director of the Adams/Wells Crisis Center stated that through their assessment and interview process, she has been able to determine that more than 90% of the clients who seek safe haven at the facility would assert substance use or abuse as a contributing factor. In 2011, they served 28 adult and 48 children residential clients and 30 adult and 23 children outreach clients. The average stay was 15 days and there were 1,256 bed nights. There were 28 clients that used 67 Behavioral Health sessions.

8. The number of domestic violence related calls received by the Decatur Police Department in 2011 were 204 (12 arrested). The Chief of Police estimates that a minimum of 70% of these calls involve alcohol or drug use by at least one of the individuals.

9. Berne Police Department calls for service in 2011: Domestic Disputes - 77 with 6 arrests; Drug Overdoses - 2; Drunk - 7; Drug Complaints – 1.

End of Year 1 Update:

1. Adams County Superior Court adjudicated the following alcohol cases in 2012: OWI (125); and Public Intoxication (14).

2. Adams County Circuit Court adjudicated 11 alcohol and drug cases in 2012.

3. According to the following treatment providers, the number of AOD clients that have been provided services in 2012 were: Adams Behavioral Health (46 – outpatient only); M.A.P.P.S. (57); and Park Center(163), for a total of 266 AOD clients served. Adams Behavioral Health estimates that 60% of clients are treated for alcohol issues. 61% of the clients at Park Center have been diagnosed with alcohol abuse, dependence, or an alcohol-related disorder.

4. According to the Decatur Police Department, the following arrests of adults were made involving alcohol in 2012: OWI: 48; Public Intoxication: 18 calls with 112 arrested; and Personal Injury Crashes with BAC of .08% or higher: 2.

5. According to the Berne Police Department, the following arrests were made involving alcohol in 2012: Open Container - 0; OWI .08 to .14 – 6; OWI .15% or more – 6; OWI with a Prior w/i 5 yrs - 3; Public Intoxication – 0; Furnishing Alcohol to Minor - 1.

6. According to the Adams County Sheriff's Department, 124 OWI incidents were investigated and video recorded by their officers in 2012. In addition, there were 13 Public Intoxication incidents.

7. The Director of the Adams/Wells Crisis Center stated that through their assessment and interview process, she has been able to determine that more than 90% of the clients who seek safe haven at the facility would assert substance use or abuse as a contributing factor. In 2012, they served 33 adults and 27 children residential clients and 25 adult and 27 children outreach clients. The average stay was 10 days and there were 588 bed nights. There were 25 clients that used 54 Behavioral Health sessions.

8. The number of domestic violence related calls received by the Decatur Police Department in 2012 were 98(11 arrested). The Chief of Police estimates that a minimum of 70% of these calls involve alcohol or drug use by at least one of the individuals.

9. Berne Police Department calls for service in 2012: Domestic Disputes - 50 with 7 arrests; Drug Overdoses - 3; Drunk - 7; Drug Complaints – 5.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. Adams County Superior Court adjudicated the following alcohol cases in 2013: OWI (110); and Public Intoxication (5).

2. Adams County Circuit Court adjudicated 49 alcohol and drug cases in 2013.

3. According to the following treatment providers, the number of AOD clients that have been provided services in 2013 were: Adams Behavioral Health (55 – outpatient only); and Park Center (120), for a total of 175 AOD clients served. Adams Behavioral Health indicates that 72.7 % of clients are treated for alcohol issues. 32% of the clients at Park Center have been diagnosed with alcohol abuse, dependence, or an alcohol-related disorder. (MAPPS now has an extremely limited presence in Decatur and has for over a year now. They did not provide us with client information. There may not be any.)

4. Decatur Police Department was not able to provide us with updates, as they just got a new computer system, and are unsure how to pull these stats out of it.

5. According to the Berne Police Department, the following arrests were made involving alcohol in 2013: OWI – 13. (the new computer system lumped them all together)

6. According to the Adams County Sheriff's Department, 101 OWI incidents were investigated and video recorded by their officers in 2013. In addition, there were 7 Public Intoxication incidents.

7. The Director of the Adams/Wells Crisis Center stated that through their assessment and interview process, she has been able to determine that more than 90% of the clients who seek safe haven at the facility would assert substance use or abuse as a contributing factor. In 2013, they served 19 adults and 31 children residential clients and 30 adult and 8 children outreach clients. The average stay was 5 days and there were 259 bed nights. There were 12 clients that used 46 Behavioral Health sessions.

8. Decatur Police Department was not able to provide us with updates, as they just got a new computer system, and are unsure how to pull these stats out of it. (We do know that calls for service are no longer available with the new computer system.)

9. Berne Police Department is no longer able to provide information on the calls for service, only arrests, due to their new computer system.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

C. Goals:

- 1. **There will be a 10% increase in individuals receiving treatment.**

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. **2011:** Adams Behavioral Health (187); M.A.P.P.S. (73); and Park Center(133), for a total of 393 AOD clients served.
2012: Adams Behavioral Health (46 – outpatient only); M.A.P.P.S. (57); and Park Center(163), for a total of 266 AOD clients served.

Adams Behavioral Health experienced a dramatic decrease in the number of clients served, although I believe previous numbers may have included inpatient clients. MAPPS served 16 less clients in 2012. However, Park Center experienced a 19% increase in the number of individuals receiving treatment. The total amount is a 33% decrease.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. **2011:** Adams Behavioral Health (187); M.A.P.P.S. (73); and Park Center(133), for a total of 393 AOD clients served.
2012: Adams Behavioral Health (46 – outpatient only); M.A.P.P.S. (57); and Park Center(163), for a total of 266 AOD clients served.

2013: Adams Behavioral Health (55 – outpatient only); and Park Center (120), for a total of 175 AOD clients served.

There was a dramatic decrease in the number of people receiving treatment. MAPPS has an extremely limited presence in Adams County now, so that dramatically affects the numbers. However, the other two providers experienced a decrease in clients served as well. We are going the wrong direction at this time.

Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.**
- 2.**
- 3.**

D. Objectives:

- 1. Work to raise public awareness of the problem of overconsumption of alcohol by adults and its cost to society.**
- 2. Heighten the awareness in the workplace concerning alcohol use and abuse issues, utilizing information that promotes intervention, counseling and education.**
- 3. Support existing and new programs/initiatives that have the potential to reduce alcohol offenses.**
- 4. Support law enforcement and judicial initiatives that address alcohol-related offenses and issues.**
- 5. Support initiatives that focus on the issues surrounding domestic violence and/or other alcohol- and/or drug-related violence.**
- 6. Support qualified organizations and facilities who provide counseling and other services, including the dissemination of literature about addiction, recovery, and support group involvement (including treatment services to the financially disadvantaged).**
- 7. Assist in the investigation of having a recovery home in Adams County.**

End of Year 1 Update:

1. Our July newspaper article discussed how adults should be role models for youth when it comes to alcohol consumption. One statistic that was presented was “A recent study found that children who have seen their parents drunk are twice as likely to get drunk themselves.”

2. We continue to produce and distribute flyers to workplaces for our Parents at Work Program. Currently, 32 workplaces get the flyers delivered to them, and 5 receive them electronically. 58 copies of our quarterly newsletter are also provided to Fleetwood, one of the largest workplaces in our county. The flyers are derived from our monthly newspaper articles and address all type of issues surrounding ATOD use and abuse.
3. We recently approved a grant to provide chemical dependency education groups in the Adams County Jail. These groups will target individuals who have been arrested for a drug or alcohol offense, or individuals who self-report a drug or alcohol difficulty. According to Circuit and Superior Court records, 40% of cases are directly related to alcohol or drugs. The Superior Court Judge and Sheriff estimate that at least 80% of all crimes are either directly or indirectly related to drugs and alcohol.
4. Portable Breath Instruments were purchased by the Decatur Police Department in 2012 and are used when anyone is suspected of drinking, including those that are underage. This upgrade resulted in the officers being able to test more people in a far shorter amount of time. In 2013, the Decatur Police Department purchased video camera flashlights to record incidents such as traffic stops where the person is suspected of impaired driving.
5. We provide funding to the Adams Wells Crisis Center for the “In-House Counseling Program” for victims of domestic violence. This funding provides for a therapist from Adams Behavioral Health to come to the shelter to talk to the clients in a safe environment. 24 clients were assisted in 2012.
6. We provided financial support to Midwest Addiction Psychiatric and Psychological Services (MAPPS) for 3 financially disadvantaged people in 2012. Several agencies that participate on our coalition provided information on services in Adams County. The agencies include: Adams Wells Crisis Center; Adams County Community Foundation; and the Boys and Girls Club. We also distribute “concerned” cards at the health fairs and other events we attend, such as the 4H Fair and Kekionga Festival.
7. The group of people working toward this initiative have decided that they will be having further conversations with the judges, prosecutor, defense attorneys, etc., about sending people to the Indiana Dream Center in Huntington for the time being. They have open beds, and it really isn’t too far of a drive. It is still a hope that one-day, Adams County could have their own recovery home, but not in the near future.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. No progress at this time.
2. We continue to produce and distribute flyers to workplaces for our Parents at Work Program. The flyers are derived from our monthly newspaper articles and address all type of issues surrounding ATOD use and abuse. Currently, 33 workplaces get the flyers delivered to them, and 7 receive them electronically. 70 copies of our quarterly newsletter are also provided to Fleetwood, one of the largest workplaces in our county.

- 3. We provide a grant for chemical dependency education groups in the Adams County Jail. These groups target individuals who have been arrested for a drug or alcohol offense, or individuals who self-report a drug or alcohol difficulty. There were 11 unduplicated clients from inception in October to 6/30/14, 5 have successfully completed the program, and 2 have nearly completed it.
- 4. In 2013, the Decatur Police Department purchased video camera flashlights to record incidents such as traffic stops where the person is suspected of impaired driving. In 2014, the Indiana State Police purchased wearable video cameras that can record impaired driving incidents and alcohol-related findings. Both agencies indicate how much these pieces of equipment have helped cases.
- 5. We provide funding to the Adams Wells Crisis Center for the “In-House Counseling Program” for victims of domestic violence. This funding provides for a therapist from Adams Behavioral Health to come to the shelter to talk to the clients in a safe environment. 26 sessions were paid for with grant funds in 2013.
- 6. Several agencies that participate on our coalition provided information on services in Adams County. The agencies include: Adams Wells Crisis Center; Adams County Community Foundation; and the Boys and Girls Club. We also distribute “concerned” cards at the health fairs and other events we attend, such as the 4H Fair and Kekionga Festival.
- 7. A group of up to 15 people who are very enthusiastic about this project are meeting at least monthly to make having a recovery house in Adams County a reality. Several of us toured other recovery homes and spoke to their directors for ideas. The group that was working on this project is no longer and they wished to provide their 501c3 to DFAC. The paperwork for this transfer has been submitted. We are currently seeking a location and developing some financial projections.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

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A. Problem Statement #3: The use and distribution of marijuana and other illegal drugs by adults and youth continues to be a problem.

B. Supportive Data:

1. According to “DETECT” (Adams Wells County Drug Task Force including Adams County Sheriff’s Department, Decatur Police Department and Bluffton Police Department in cooperation with the Indiana State Police), the following information details the scope



and magnitude of drug activity recorded in Adams and Wells Counties in 2011: Investigated total 87 cases and arrested 42 individuals on multiple counts. Those cases investigated resulted in the following drug amount seized: Marijuana - 8.5 ounces; Cocaine - 5.5 grams; Ecstasy - 10 pills; and Meth - 4 grams.

2. Adams County Superior Court adjudicated the following drug cases in 2011: Marijuana (26); Other drugs/paraphernalia (16).
3. Adams County Circuit Court adjudicated 29 alcohol and drug cases in 2011.
4. According to the Berne Police Department, the following calls/arrests/incidents were made involving drugs in 2011: Possession of Marijuana 3; Possession of Paraphernalia 4; OWI Controlled Substance/per se 17; Possession of Controlled Substance 4.
5. Adams County Juvenile Probation reported that in 2011, 24 of 88 cases were alcohol or other drug related.
6. According to the following treatment providers, the number of AOD clients that have been provided services in 2011 were: Adams Behavioral Health (187); M.A.P.P.S. (73); and Park Center(133), for a total of 393 AOD clients served. Adams Behavioral Health estimates that 30% of clients are treated for marijuana issues. 24% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of marijuana abuse or dependence.
7. According to the Adams County Probation Department, in 2011, 75% of those that tested positive during their drug tests were for marijuana, and 4% were for meth.
8. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to marijuana use grades 6th – 12th from 2011.

Marijuana - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National 2008
6 th	.05	1.6	
7 th	2.1	4.1	
8 th	4.4	8.3	8.0
9 th	7.6	13.0	
10 th	11.7	16.4	16.7
11 th	14.0	18.6	
12 th	13.7	19.8	21.4

Age of Onset (by age) - Marijuana

Grade	Never	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17+	18 +
6 th	99.5				.5					*
7 th	97.9	.7	.7		.0					*
8 th	90.2	.4	1.1	1.1	3.8	.8				*
9 th	85.8	.3	.3	3.0	2.6	3.3	2.6			*
10 th	74.9	1.7	.7	2.8	2.1	4.5	7.0	1.7	.7	*

11 th	71.4	2.2	.0	1.3	2.2	3.5	6.9	6.9	3.0	*
12 th	63.6	1.0	.5	.5	2.0	6.1	5.1	9.6	7.6	*

Perceived Risk – Smokes marijuana occasionally

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	5.7	6.2	30.6	54.4
7 th	6.2	6.8	21.9	63.7
8 th	5.9	12.1	29.4	48.9
9 th	13.7	12.4	26.4	45.2
10 th	19.4	20.7	25.1	30.8
11 th	18.2	18.2	26.0	35.1
12 th	22.9	20.5	21.5	31.2

Perceived Risk – Smokes marijuana regularly

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	5.2	2.1	10.9	78.2
7 th	5.5	2.7	5.5	84.9
8 th	4.8	5.9	8.5	77.6
9 th	9.9	7.3	11.8	66.9
10 th	15.1	8.4	19.1	53.2
11 th	12.8	8.7	18.6	58.3
12 th	14.1	13.2	17.6	50.2

Perceived Peer Approval – Smokes marijuana occasionally

Grade	Strongly Approve	Approve	Do Not Know	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove
6 th	2.6	.5	8.8	4.1	80.3
7 th	1.4	.7	9.6	2.7	84.2
8 th	1.1	5.9	12.5	8.5	69.5
9 th	3.2	7.0	14.6	9.9	62.1
10 th	4.7	11.7	17.7	8.7	52.5
11 th	6.6	13.2	13.6	16.1	47.1
12 th	5.4	10.7	21.0	11.2	45.4

Perceived Parental Approval (2011 Survey Name “Parental Attitudes toward Use”) – Parents feel about marijuana*

Grade	Very Wrong	Wrong	A little bit wrong	Not at all wrong
6 th	94.3	2.1	1.0	.5
7 th	96.6	1.4	1.4	.0
8 th	89.3	5.5	.0	1.8
9 th	87.3	5.4	2.5	2.2
10 th	82.3	6.4	2.3	3.7

11 th	81.8	8.3	2.1	5.4
12 th	70.7	16.1	4.9	4.4

End of Year 1 Update:

1. According to “DETECT” (Adams Wells County Drug Task Force including Adams County Sheriff’s Department, Decatur Police Department and Bluffton Police Department in cooperation with the Indiana State Police), the following information details the scope and magnitude of drug activity recorded in Adams and Wells Counties in 2012: Investigated a total 53 cases and arrested 33 individuals on multiple counts. Those cases investigated resulted in the following drug amount seized: Marijuana – 22 grams; Cocaine - 0; Ecstasy - 0; and Meth - 14 grams.

2. Adams County Superior Court adjudicated the following drug cases in 2012: Marijuana (25); Other drugs/paraphernalia (14).

3. Adams County Circuit Court adjudicated 11 alcohol and drug cases in 2012.

4. According to the Berne Police Department, the following calls/arrests/incidents were made involving drugs in 2012: Possession of Marijuana 1; Possession of Paraphernalia 0; OWI Controlled Substance/per se 7; Possession of Controlled Substance 3.

5. Adams County Juvenile Probation reported that in 2012, 29 of 102 cases were alcohol or other drug related.

6. According to the following treatment providers, the number of AOD clients that have been provided services in 2012 were: Adams Behavioral Health (46 – outpatient only); M.A.P.P.S. (57); and Park Center(163), for a total of 266 AOD clients served. Adams Behavioral Health estimates that 40% of clients are treated for marijuana issues. 16% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of marijuana abuse or dependence.

7. According to the Adams County Probation Department, in 2012, 64% of those that tested positive during their drug tests were for marijuana, and 16% were for meth.

8. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to marijuana use grades 6th – 12th from 2012.

Marijuana – Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National 2008
6 th	0.0	1.3	
7 th	.5	3.2	
8 th	2.1	8.0	7.2
9 th	5.7	11.5	
10 th	10.4	15.4	17.6
11 th	15.1	15.8	
12 th	13.1	17.8	22.6

Age of Onset (by age) - Marijuana

Grade	Never	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17+	18 +
6 th	100.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	*
7 th	96.1	.0	.0	.0	2.2	.0	.0	.0	.0	*
8 th	90.2	.0	.3	2.1	1.4	1.7	.7	.0	.0	*
9 th	85.7	1.0	.3	1.0	1.0	5.2	3.9	.0	.0	*
10 th	79.8	.6	1.3	1.6	3.2	3.8	4.2	2.9	.3	*
11 th	67.7	1.4	1.1	.7	2.5	5.3	7.1	8.9	3.2	*
12 th	71.2	1.5	.5	.0	1.5	3.4	7.3	5.4	4.9	*

Perceived Risk – Smokes marijuana occasionally

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	6.5	8.3	26.2	55.4
7 th	5.9	9.2	32.4	49.2
8 th	8.6	15.2	27.6	43.4
9 th	13.9	14.2	29.1	40.5
10 th	19.3	16.9	25.5	35.6
11 th	25.3	22.9	20.9	28.8
12 th	25.8	21.1	24.9	25.8

Perceived Risk – Smokes marijuana regularly

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	7.1	3.6	14.3	71.4
7 th	5.4	4.9	10.8	74.6
8 th	5.5	7.6	15.5	65.2
9 th	12.0	6.3	16.8	62.3
10 th	12.0	10.4	19.0	54.0
11 th	16.8	15.8	22.9	41.8
12 th	16.0	15.0	20.2	46.0

Perceived Peer Approval – Smokes marijuana occasionally

Grade	Strongly Approve	Approve	Do Not Know	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove
6 th	3.6	.0	7.1	3.0	82.7
7 th	1.6	2.7	10.8	4.9	76.2
8 th	1.7	3.1	12.4	8.3	69.0
9 th	4.4	7.9	15.2	10.8	58.9
10 th	5.8	8.9	12.3	16.6	52.5
11 th	7.9	14.0	17.5	15.4	42.1
12 th	4.7	12.7	17.8	18.3	43.7

Perceived Parental Approval (2012 Survey Name “Parental Attitudes toward Use”) – Parents feel about marijuana*

Grade	Very Wrong	Wrong	A little bit wrong	Not at all wrong
6 th	95.8	1.2	.0	.6

7 th	90.3	2.7	.5	2.2
8 th	91.4	1.7	1.4	.7
9 th	89.2	3.8	1.6	2.8
10 th	83.1	6.7	4.0	2.8
11 th	82.9	9.2	2.1	3.1
12 th	78.4	11.7	4.2	3.3

9. NEW DATA: 17 of the 85 students attending the RISQ Program in the 2012-1013 school year reported that they used drugs in the past 30 days. 31 of the 85 students reported using marijuana in their lifetime.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. According to “DETECT” (Adams Wells County Drug Task Force including Adams County Sheriff’s Department, Decatur Police Department and Bluffton Police Department in cooperation with the Indiana State Police), the following information details the scope and magnitude of drug activity recorded in Adams and Wells Counties in 2013: Investigated a total 29 cases and arrested 32 individuals on multiple counts. Those cases investigated resulted in the following drug amount seized: Marijuana – 1 pound; Cocaine - 0; Ecstasy - 0; and Meth - 15 grams.
2. Adams County Superior Court adjudicated the following drug cases in 2013: Marijuana (26); Other drugs/paraphernalia (19).
3. Adams County Circuit Court adjudicated 49 alcohol and drug cases in 2013.
4. According to the Berne Police Department, the following arrests were made involving drugs in 2013: Manufacturing/Possession of Meth: 12 arrests; Possession of Marijuana and/or prescription/legend drugs: 5. (Only the number of arrests are now available and the arrests are categorized differently.)
5. Adams County Juvenile Probation reported that in 2013, 20 of 110 cases were alcohol or other drug related.
6. According to the following treatment providers, the number of AOD clients that have been provided services in 2013 were: Adams Behavioral Health (55 – outpatient only); and Park Center(120), for a total of 175 AOD clients served. Adams Behavioral Health estimates that 20% of clients are treated for marijuana issues. 48% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of marijuana abuse or dependence. (MAPPS now has an extremely limited presence in Decatur and has for over a year now. They did not provide us with client information. There may not be.)
7. According to the Adams County Probation Department, in 2013, 69.2% of those that tested positive during their drug tests were for marijuana, and 8% were for meth.

8. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to marijuana use grades 6th – 12th from 2013.

Marijuana - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	0.0	1.1	
7 th	0.0	2.7	
8 th	6.2	7.1	6.5
9 th	6.1	9.7	
10 th	9.2	13.7	17.0
11 th	11.4	15.3	
12 th	16.2	17.6	22.9

Age of Onset (by age) - Marijuana

Grade	Never	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17+	18 +
6 th	95.1	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	*
7 th	98.6	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	*
8 th	90.6	.5	.5	2.0	3.5	1.5	.0	.0	.0	*
9 th	89.2	.7	.7	2.0	1.3	2.9	2.0	.0	.0	*
10 th	80.5	.7	.0	.7	1.7	3.4	6.1	2.7	.7	*
11 th	72.9	.7	.7	2.4	1.0	5.2	6.2	6.5	1.7	*
12 th	72.3	.0	.5	1.8	2.7	2.7	5.0	6.8	6.4	*

Perceived Risk – Smokes marijuana occasionally

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	11.8	20.0	18.8	40.0
7 th	12.9	32.9	22.9	28.6
8 th	16.1	33.6	21.3	27.5
9 th	18.8	28.8	20.4	28.1
10 th	23.1	26.7	18.2	26.1
11 th	31.1	22.7	17.7	25.1
12 th	40.9	22.1	13.2	19.6

Perceived Risk – Smokes marijuana regularly

Grade	No Risk	Slight Risk	Moderate Risk	Great Risk
6 th	12.9	10.6	12.9	50.6
7 th	10.0	14.3	24.3	48.6
8 th	13.3	13.7	24.6	43.6
9 th	11.5	14.1	29.7	40.3
10 th	16.2	15.5	25.1	37.3
11 th	15.4	22.4	23.4	33.8
12 th	26.0	20.4	20.4	26.8

Perceived Peer Approval – Smokes marijuana occasionally

Grade	Strongly Approve	Approve	Do Not Know	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove
6 th	82.4	4.7	2.4	2.4	*
7 th	74.3	14.3	5.7	4.3	*
8 th	67.8	12.3	9.0	10.0	*
9 th	65.2	13.7	6.7	11.2	*
10 th	49.8	15.2	16.2	12.9	*
11 th	45.8	13.7	14.4	23.1	*
12 th	39.1	12.8	20.4	23.4	*

*Not measured in the 2013 IPRC Survey

Perceived Parental Approval (2012 Survey Name “Parental Attitudes toward Use”) – Parents feel about marijuana*

Grade	Very Wrong	Wrong	A little bit wrong	Not at all wrong
6 th	91.8	.0	.0	1.2
7 th	91.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
8 th	91.5	2.8	3.3	1.4
9 th	90.4	3.8	.6	1.6
10 th	82.8	6.3	2.6	2.3
11 th	80.9	9.0	3.3	3.0
12 th	73.6	11.9	4.7	4.7

9. NEW DATA: 12 of the 64 students attending the RISQ Program in the 2013-1013 school year reported that they used drugs in the past 30 days. 31 of the 85 students reported using marijuana in their lifetime.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
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- 4.
- 5.

C. Goals:

1. **The past 30 day use of Marijuana by Adams County youth (grades 6th-12th) will be reduced by 5% according to the IPRC Survey.**
2. **The number of adults seeking treatment for marijuana use will increase by 10%.**

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. 2011: Marijuana - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National 2008
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6 th	.05	1.6	
7 th	2.1	4.1	
8 th	4.4	8.3	8.0
9 th	7.6	13.0	
10 th	11.7	16.4	16.7
11 th	14.0	18.6	
12 th	13.7	19.8	21.4

Total = 53.55%

2012: Marijuana - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National 2008
6 th	0.0	1.3	
7 th	.5	3.2	
8 th	2.1	8.0	7.2
9 th	5.7	11.5	
10 th	10.4	15.4	17.6
11 th	15.1	15.8	
12 th	13.1	17.8	22.6

Total = 46.9%

Past 30 day marijuana use in all grade levels but one experienced a significant decrease. A 6% decrease in the past 30 day use of marijuana is indicated.

2. In 2011, 24% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of marijuana abuse or dependence. In 2012, 16% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of marijuana abuse or dependence, a decrease of 8%.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

1. 2011: Marijuana - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National 2008
6 th	.05	1.6	
7 th	2.1	4.1	
8 th	4.4	8.3	8.0
9 th	7.6	13.0	
10 th	11.7	16.4	16.7
11 th	14.0	18.6	
12 th	13.7	19.8	21.4

Total = 53.55%

2012: Marijuana - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National 2008
6 th	0.0	1.3	
7 th	.5	3.2	
8 th	2.1	8.0	7.2
9 th	5.7	11.5	
10 th	10.4	15.4	17.6

11 th	15.1	15.8	
12 th	13.1	17.8	22.6

Total = 46.9%

2013: Marijuana - Past 30 day use

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	0.0	1.1	
7 th	0.0	2.7	
8 th	6.2	7.1	6.5
9 th	6.1	9.7	
10 th	9.2	13.7	17.0
11 th	11.4	15.3	
12 th	16.2	17.6	22.9

Total = 49.1%

Past 30 day marijuana use was now not indicated by 7th graders, and the number of users in 10th and 11th grades decreased, for an overall total decrease of 2.2% over last year, and 4.45% over two years ago.

2. In 2011, 24% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of marijuana abuse or dependence. In 2012, 16% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of marijuana abuse or dependence. In 2013, 48% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of marijuana abuse or dependence. The 2013 percent is three times that of the percent in 2012, and twice the percent in 2011.

Final Report (end of Year 3):

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

D. Objectives:

1. Support environmental prevention strategies within the county that support reducing use or access to marijuana and other drugs.
2. Support education, prevention and early intervention programs that address the negative impact of marijuana and other drugs.
3. Educate the adult community about the prevalence rates of usage among young people with emphasis on the fact that parental disapproval is the most effective variable that prevents young people from using ATOD.

- 4. Continue to work to raise public awareness of the problem of drug-related issues and their cost to society, targeting the general public with media campaigns and a special focus on the workplace.**
- 5. Support law enforcement and judicial initiatives that address drug-related offenses and issues.**
- 6. Support and collaborate with qualified organizations, including the medical community, who provide treatment and other related services, including the dissemination of literature about addiction, recovery, and support group involvement (including treatment services to the financially disadvantaged).**
- 7. Assist in the investigation of having a recovery home in Adams County.**
- 8. New objective for 2014: Help bring a Drug Court to Adams County.**

End of Year 1 Update:

1. Beyond all of the ways we provide information that are listed above and below, we also conduct community walks to determine places where youth may be gathering for illegal activity. We then speak to law enforcement about these locations. Two walks have been conducted so far.
2. The Too Good for Drugs curriculum is offered in grades 3-8 in each school corporation. The Child Protection Team received a grant for Community Corrections to offer the S.T.A.R.T. (Start Teaching Adolescents Responsible Thinking) program for 6th-12th graders. S.T.A.R.T. uses the WhyTry curriculum that focuses on helping people achieve freedom, opportunity and self-respect through education and interventions that motivate and create positive change. The curriculum was offered in a classroom setting with hands-on activities and discussion with a small amount of lecture. 5 students participated in this 10-session program, 2 of which involved the parents.
3. Our monthly newsletter in January focused on the topics of marijuana legalization and decriminalization and the negative effect on our youth.
4. This objective was completed via our newspaper articles and Parents at Work Flyers in December. It discussed DDD month and the importance of parents and adult caregivers using their powerful influence to convince children in their care to never use illegal drugs.
5. In 2012, SAAC provided a grant to help fund a K9 that would be trained in drug detection. In 2013, the Decatur Police Department purchased video camera flashlights to record incidents such as traffic stops where the person is suspected of impaired driving. In 2013, the Berne Police Department purchased the XCAT 2013, a handheld detection system featuring automated, one-step detection of narcotics. From January to June 2013, the XCAT was used a total of 12 times.

6. We provided financial support to Midwest Addiction Psychiatric and Psychological Services (MAPPS) for 3 financially disadvantaged people in 2012. Several agencies that participate on our coalition provided information on services in Adams County. The agencies include: Adams Wells Crisis Center; Adams County Community Foundation; and the Boys and Girls Club. We also distribute “concerned” cards at the health fairs and other events we attend, such as the 4H Fair and Kekionga Festival.

7. The group of people working toward this initiative have decided that they will be having further conversations with the judges, prosecutor, defense attorneys, etc., about sending people to the Indiana Dream Center in Huntington for the time being. They have open beds, and it really isn’t too far of a drive. It is still a hope that one-day, Adams County could have our own recovery home, but not in the near future.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. Beyond all of the ways we provide information that are listed above and below, we also conduct community walks to determine places where youth may be gathering for illegal activity. We then speak to law enforcement about these locations. Four walks have been conducted so far.

2. The Too Good for Drugs curriculum that is offered in grades 3-8 in each school corporation contains this information.

3. Our monthly article and flyer in January discussed National Drug Facts Week and the importance of educating our youth. Our monthly article and flyer for February discussed some findings from the IPRC survey and pertinent messaging. Our monthly article in July focused on why marijuana should not be legalized and the negative effect on our youth.

4. We provided a series of presentations on “Meth in Our Community” and “Heroin: Why Now?” to raise public awareness. 132 people total attended the meth presentations that we held in two locations in the county, and 83 people attended the heroin presentations that were held in three different areas of the county. They were extremely well-received. Our newspaper articles and Parents at Work Flyers in December discussed DDD month and the importance of parents and adult caregivers using their powerful influence to convince children in their care to never use illegal drugs.

5. In 2013, the Decatur Police Department purchased video camera flashlights to record incidents such as traffic stops where the person is suspected of impaired driving. In 2013, the Berne Police Department purchased the XCAT 2013, a handheld detection system featuring automated, one-step detection of narcotics. In 2013, the XCAT was used a total of 19 times.

6. Several agencies that participate on our coalition provided information on services in Adams County. The agencies include: Adams Wells Crisis Center; Adams County Community Foundation; and the Boys and Girls Club. We also distribute “concerned”

cards at the health fairs and other events we attend, such as the 4H Fair and Kekionga Festival.

7. A group of up to 15 people who are very enthusiastic about this project are meeting at least monthly to make having a recovery house in Adams County a reality. Several of us toured other recovery homes and spoke to their directors for ideas. The group that was working on this project is no longer meeting and they wished to provide their 501c3 to DFAC. The paperwork for this transfer has been submitted. We are currently seeking a location and developing some financial projections.

8. The Superior Court Judge approached our organization about helping him begin a Drug Court in Adams County. A group of 4 of us have visited the Drug Courts in Noble and Allen Counties. The Judges and Coordinators in those two counties have been very helpful and forthcoming with information and documents. We will soon be discussing our intentions with the Indiana Judicial Center.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

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A. Problem Statement #4: The abuse and distribution of prescription drugs is a concern in Adams County.

B. Supportive Data:

1. According to “DETECT” (Adams Wells County Drug Task Force including Adams County Sheriff’s Department, Decatur Police Department and Bluffton Police Department in cooperation with the Indiana State Police), the following information details the scope and magnitude of drug activity recorded in Adams and Wells Counties in 2011:

Investigated 87 cases and arrested 42 individuals on multiple counts. Those cases investigated resulted in the following drug amount seized: Xanax - 29 pills; Vicodin - 8 pills; Morphine - 7 pills; Methadone - 8 pills; Oxycontin - 5 pills; Percocet - 8 pills; Klonopin - 18 pills; Lortab - 20 pills; Buspar - 13.5 pills; and all other pills - 100.

2. According to the following treatment providers, the numbers of AOD clients that have been provided services in 2011 were: Adams Behavioral Health (187); M.A.P.P.S. (73); and Park Center (133), for a total of 393 AOD clients served. Adams Behavioral Health estimates that 10% of clients are treated for prescription drug issues. 7% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of prescription drug abuse or dependence.

3. According to the Adams County Probation Department, in 2011, 19% of those that tested positive during their drug tests were for opiates, and 7% were for benzodiazepines.

4. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to prescription drug use grades in grades 6th – 12th from 2011 are as follows:

Monthly Use of Prescription Drugs, 2011

Grade	Local	State
6 th	0.5	0.6
7 th	0.7	1.4
8 th	2.6	2.7
9 th	2.9	4.3
10 th	3.7	5.2
11 th	4.1	5.6
12 th	2.4	5.9

Lifetime Use of Prescription Drugs, 2011

Grade	Local	State
6 th	0.5	1.0
7 th	1.4	2.4
8 th	4.0	4.8
9 th	6.7	8.2
10 th	7.4	11.2
11 th	8.7	13.3
12 th	9.3	14.6

Lifetime Use of Prescription Drugs, 2011

Grade	Never	1-5 times	6-19 times	20-40 times	40+ times
6 th	99.0	.0	.5	.0	.0
7 th	97.9	.7	.7	.0	.0
8 th	94.5	2.2	.7	.7	.4
9 th	92.7	3.2	1.3	.3	1.9
10 th	91.0	3.0	2.0	.7	1.7
11 th	89.7	3.3	3.7	.0	1.7
12 th	90.2	3.4	2.4	1.0	2.4

End of Year 1 Update:

1. According to “DETECT” (Adams Wells County Drug Task Force including Adams County Sheriff’s Department, Decatur Police Department and Bluffton Police Department in cooperation with the Indiana State Police), the following information details the scope and magnitude of drug activity recorded in Adams and Wells Counties in 2011: Investigated 53 cases and arrested 33 individuals on multiple counts. Those cases investigated resulted in the following drug amount seized: Xanax - 0; Vicodin - 20 pills; Morphine - 20 pills; Methadone - 11 pills; Oxycontin - 1 pill; Percocet - 0 pills; Klonopin - 0 pills; Lortab - 0 pills; Buspar - 0 pills; Hydrocone – 48 pills; and all other pills - 14.

2. According to the following treatment providers, the number of AOD clients that have been provided services in 2012 were: Adams Behavioral Health (46); M.A.P.P.S. (57); and Park Center(163), for a total of 266 AOD clients served. Adams Behavioral Health estimates that 0% of clients are treated for prescription drug issues. 4% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of prescription drug abuse or dependence.

3. According to the Adams County Probation Department, in 2012, 21% of those that tested positive during their drug tests were for opiates, and 7% were for benzodiazepines.

4. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to prescription drug use grades in grades 6th – 12th from 2012 are as follows:

Monthly Use of Prescription Drugs, 2012

Grade	Local	State
6 th	0.6	0.6
7 th	0.0	1.1
8 th	0.7	2.6
9 th	1.6	3.6
10 th	4.0	5.0
11 th	3.4	5.5
12 th	1.9	5.8

Lifetime Use of Prescription Drugs, 2012

Grade	Local	State
6 th	1.2	1.2
7 th	0.5	2.1
8 th	1.7	5.0
9 th	4.1	7.9
10 th	8.6	11.1
11 th	11.0	13.0
12 th	8.5	14.5

Lifetime Use of Prescription Drugs, 2012

Grade	Never	1-5 times	6-19 times	20-40 times	40+ times
6 th	98.2	.6	.6	.0	.0
7 th	99.5	.5	.0	.0	.0
8 th	97.2	1.4	.0	.0	.3
9 th	94.0	2.5	.9	.6	.0
10 th	90.8	4.0	1.8	.9	1.8
11 th	87.7	5.8	2.1	.7	2.4
12 th	90.6	2.8	1.9	1.9	1.4

5. NEW DATA: 17 of the 85 students attending the RISQ Program in the 2012-1013 school year reported that they used drugs in the past 30 days. 27 of the 85 students reported using prescription drugs in their lifetime.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. According to “DETECT” (Adams Wells County Drug Task Force including Adams County Sheriff’s Department, Decatur Police Department and Bluffton Police Department in cooperation with the Indiana State Police), the following information details the scope and magnitude of drug activity recorded in Adams and Wells Counties in 2013: Investigated 29 cases and arrested 32 individuals on multiple counts. Those cases investigated resulted in the following drug amount seized: Xanax - 6; Narcotics – 26 pills; Clonazepam - 13 pills.

2. According to the following treatment providers, the number of AOD clients that have been provided services in 2012 were: Adams Behavioral Health (55); and Park Center(120), for a total of 175 AOD clients served. Adams Behavioral Health estimates that 7% of clients are treated for prescription drug issues. 23% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of prescription drug abuse or dependence. (MAPPS now has an extremely limited presence in Decatur and has for over a year now. They did not provide us with client information. There may not be.)

3. According to the Adams County Probation Department, in 2013, 9.5% of those that tested positive during their drug tests were for opiates, and 6% were for benzodiazepines.

4. Indiana Prevention Resource Center (IPRC) Survey results related to prescription drug use grades in grades 6th – 12th from 2012 are as follows:

Monthly Use of Prescription Drugs, 2013

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	0.0	0.7	
7 th	0.0	1.2	
8 th	1.4	2.2	
9 th	1.0	3.3	
10 th	1.3	4.3	
11 th	2.0	5.1	
12 th	4.3	5.7	7.0

Lifetime Use of Prescription Drugs, 2013

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	0.0	1.9	
7 th	0.0	2.3	
8 th	3.8	4.7	
9 th	3.2	7.1	
10 th	4.6	10.1	
11 th	8.4	12.2	
12 th	9.8	14.3	21.2

Lifetime Use of Prescription Drugs, 2013

Grade	Never	1-5 times	6-19 times	20-40 times	40+ times
6 th	100.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
7 th	98.6	.0	.0	.0	.0
8 th	96.2	2.4	.9	.5	.0
9 th	96.2	1.6	1.0	.3	.3
10 th	94.7	3.0	.3	.3	1.0
11 th	91.3	2.3	3.7	.7	1.7
12 th	90.2	5.1	2.6	.9	1.3

5. 12 of the 64 students attending the RISQ Program in the 2013-2014 school year reported that they used drugs in the past 30 days. 14 of the 64 students reported using prescription drugs in their lifetime.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

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C. Goals:

- 1. Increase the number of adults entering treatment for illegal prescription drug use by 10%.**
- 2. Reduce the number of youth using prescription drugs monthly by 5%.**

End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

- 1. 2011: 7% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of prescription drug abuse or dependence. 2012: 4% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of prescription drug abuse or dependence, a 3% decrease.**
- 2. Monthly Use of Prescription Drugs, 2011**

Grade	Local	State
6 th	0.5	0.6
7 th	0.7	1.4
8 th	2.6	2.7
9 th	2.9	4.3
10 th	3.7	5.2
11 th	4.1	5.6

12 th	2.4	5.9
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Total: 16.9%

Monthly Use of Prescription Drugs, 2012

Grade	Local	State
6 th	0.6	0.6
7 th	0.0	1.1
8 th	0.7	2.6
9 th	1.6	3.6
10 th	4.0	5.0
11 th	3.4	5.5
12 th	1.9	5.8

Total: 12.2%

Five of the seven grade levels experienced a decrease in the past 30 day use of prescription drugs, for a total of a 4.7% decrease.

End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

1. 2011: 7% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of prescription drug abuse or dependence. 2012: 4% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of prescription drug abuse or dependence, a 3% decrease. 2013: 23% of the clients at Park Center have a diagnosis of prescription drug abuse or dependence, a nearly sixfold increase over 2012.

2. Monthly Use of Prescription Drugs, 2011

Grade	Local	State
6 th	0.5	0.6
7 th	0.7	1.4
8 th	2.6	2.7
9 th	2.9	4.3
10 th	3.7	5.2
11 th	4.1	5.6
12 th	2.4	5.9

Total: 16.9%

Monthly Use of Prescription Drugs, 2012

Grade	Local	State
6 th	0.6	0.6
7 th	0.0	1.1
8 th	0.7	2.6
9 th	1.6	3.6
10 th	4.0	5.0
11 th	3.4	5.5
12 th	1.9	5.8

Total: 12.2%

Monthly Use of Prescription Drugs, 2013

Grade	Local	State	National
6 th	0.0	0.7	
7 th	0.0	1.2	
8 th	1.4	2.2	
9 th	1.0	3.3	
10 th	1.3	4.3	
11 th	2.0	5.1	
12 th	4.3	5.7	7.0

Total: **10%**

Four of the seven grade levels experienced a decrease in the past 30 day use of prescription drugs, for a total of a 2.2% decrease over last year, and 6.9% over two years ago.

Final Report (end of Year 3):

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D. Objectives:

1. **Promote the prescription drug drop-off boxes for unused and expired medications.**
2. **Support education, prevention and early intervention programs that address the negative impact of prescription drugs.**
3. **Continue to support law enforcement in their quest to identify and reduce drugged driving in our community.**
4. **Continue to raise awareness of the problem of prescription drug abuse among youth and adults in our community.**
5. **Support organizations and facilities that provide counseling and recovery services, and addiction services to the financially disadvantaged.**

End of Year 1 Update:

1. The drop-off box is heavily promoted. It is advertised on our flyer that gets distributed at various games at each school corporation and events such as health fairs, the 4H Fair, and the Kekionga Festival. We have found that health fairs are a good ice breaker to share drop-off box information. Several agencies have this flyer or a smaller one in their lobbies. These agencies include the Probation Department, the Boys and Girls Club, and Park Center. A Probation Officer frequently tells her clients. Community Corrections added the flyers to their intake packets. We had a billboard promoting it up for over a month. We just finished recording a radio ad about it. A newspaper article was written about it for Prescription Drug Awareness Month.

2. The Too Good for Drugs curriculum is offered in grades 3-8 in each school corporation. The Child Protection Team received a grant for Community Corrections to offer the S.T.A.R.T. (Start Teaching Adolescents Responsible Thinking) program for 6th-12th graders. S.T.A.R.T. uses the WhyTry curriculum that focuses on helping people achieve freedom, opportunity and self-respect through education and interventions that motivate and create positive change. The curriculum was offered in a classroom setting with hands-on activities and discussion with a small amount of lecture. 5 students participated in this 10-session program, 2 of which involved the parents.

3. In 2013, the Berne Police Department purchased the XCAT 2013, a handheld detection system featuring automated, one-step detection of narcotics. From January to June 2013, the XCAT was used a total of 12 times.

4. A newspaper article was written on the topic. We have a billboard up right now with the caption “Drugs and Driving: A Deadly Combination” that shows a set of keys and a prescription drug bottle. We developed a flyer geared toward seniors about the dangers of sharing prescription drugs, as well as it being a crime. The penalties were included on the flyer. A probation officer verifies information with doctors offices regarding her clients. The DCS caseworker talks to parents and kids and checks on the combination of medications.

5. We provided financial support to Midwest Addiction Psychiatric and Psychological Services (MAPPS) for 3 financially disadvantaged people in 2012. We recently approved a grant for Park Center to provide CD Education to inmates at the jail.

End of Year 2 Update:

1. The drop-off box is heavily promoted. It is advertised on our flyer that gets distributed at various games at each school corporation and events such as health fairs, the 4H Fair, and the Kekionga Festival. We have found that health fairs are a good ice breaker to share drop-off box information. Several agencies have this flyer or a smaller one in their lobbies. These agencies include the Probation Department, the Boys and Girls Club, and Park Center. A Probation Officer frequently tells her clients. Community Corrections added the flyers to their intake packets. A newspaper article was written about it and a flyer was developed for Prescription Drug Awareness Month.

2. The Too Good for Drugs curriculum is offered in grades 3-8 in each school corporation and contains this information.

3. In 2013, the Berne Police Department purchased the XCAT 2013, a handheld detection system featuring automated, one-step detection of narcotics. From January to June 2013, the XCAT was used a total of 19 times.

4. We provided a series of presentations on “Heroin: Why Now?” to raise public awareness. The presentations included a lot of information about prescription drug abuse and indicated that’s why the heroin problem is growing so substantially. 83 people attended the heroin presentations that were held in three different areas of the county. A newspaper article was written on the topic and a flyer was developed. A probation officer

continues to verify information with doctor's offices regarding her clients. The DCS caseworker talks to parents and kids and checks on the combination of medications.

5. We provide a grant for chemical dependency education groups in the Adams County Jail. These groups target individuals who have been arrested for a drug or alcohol offense, or individuals who self-report a drug or alcohol difficulty. There were 11 unduplicated clients from inception in October to 6/30/14, 5 have successfully completed the program, and 2 have nearly completed it.

Final Update (end of Year 3):

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