

The Indiana Commission to Combat Drug Abuse



Behavioral Health Division

Comprehensive Community Plan

County: Madison

LCC Name: Madison County Coalition Against Substance Abuse

LCC Contact: Steve Richardson

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County Commissioners: Kelly Gaskill, President, John Richwine, Mike Phipps

Address: Madison County Government Center, 16 E 9th St

City: Anderson

Zip Code: 46016

Vision Statement

What is your Local Coordinating Council's vision statement?

We envision a community in which every individual experiences a healthy and drug free lifestyle.

Mission Statement

What is your Local Coordinating Council's mission statement?

Madison County Coalition Against Substance Abuse/LCC aims to address the problem of alcohol and substance abuse in Madison County by establishing partnerships with stakeholders in education/prevention, treatment, and the criminal justice sectors.

Membership List					
#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Doug Beltz	Sheriff's Dept	W	M	Law Enforcement/Ed
2	Jason Brizendine	Elwood PD	W	M	Law Enforcement
3	Shane Briggs	Edgwood PD	W	M	Law Enforcement
4	Billy Ingles	Chesterfield PD	W	M	Law Enforcement
5	Tammy Doty-Davis	Intersect	W	F	Prevention
6	Karesa Knight-Wilkerson	Intersect	W	F	Prevention
7	Van Hudson	Addictions Counselor	W	M	Grant Allocation Committee
8	Tony New	Madison County Adult Probation	W	M	Justice
9	Chris Lanane	Mad Co Problem Solving Courts	W	M	Justice/treatment
10	Judge Angela Sims	Presiding, Problem Solving Courts	W	F	Justice/treatment
11	Travis Isaacs	House of Hope	W	M	Treatment
12	Rev Benny Santiago	Mad Co Sheriff's Dept Chaplaincy Program	Hispanic	M	Prevention/education
13	Steve Sipka	Exodus House	W	M	Treatment
14	Pip Southwick	Exodus House	W	M	Treatment
15	Treas Carpenter-Armstrong	Mad Co Drug Task Force	W	F	Law Enforcement
16	Scott Mellinger	Sheriff Mad Co	W	M	Sheriff Mad Co/D.A.R.E. Program

17	Mason Brizendine	Community Justice Center	W	M	Law Enforcement/education Prevention
18	Rick Zachary	Mad Co Mental Health and Addictions Coalition	W	M	
19	Susan Elsworth	INOFAS	W	F	Prevention/education
20	Kathy Stapleton	Mad Co Problem Solving Courts	W	F	Justice/treatment
21	Aan Delong	Mad Co Juvenile Ctr	W	M	Justice
22	Kathy Isaacs	Walk For Hope	W	F	Education/Prevention
23	Ryan Traub	Walk for Hope	W	M	Education/Prevention
24	Kurtis Smith	MCPSC Alumni	W	M	Education/Prevention
25	Laura Taylor	Alternatives	W	F	Education/Prevention
26	Alex Valdez	Recovery Coach	Hispanic	M	Treatment
27	Daniel Baxter	MCPSC Alumni	B	M	Education/Prevention
28	Kelly Buzan	Alternatives	W	F	Education/Prevention
29					
30					

LCC Meeting Schedule:

Please provide the months the LCC meets throughout the year:
MCCASA meets monthly with the exception of June and July. Meets the first Thursday of the month.

Community Needs Assessment: Results

The first step in developing an effective substance use and misuse reduction plan is to assess your community. A community assessment tells you about your community's readiness to implement prevention, treatment, and justice-related programs to address substance use and misuse. An assessment also provides an overview of the risk and protective factors present in the community, helping your coalition plan more effectively.

Community Profile

County Name Madison
County Population 129,505
Schools in the community Anderson Community Schools, Madison Grant Community Schools, Elwood Community Schools, Schools, Alexandria-Monroe Community Schools, Pendleton Community Schools,. Lapel-Frankton Copmmunity Schools.
Medical care providers in the community (hospitals, health care centers, medical centers/clinics, etc.) St Vincent Ascension, Community Hospital, JanePauly Health Center,. Madison County Community Health Center
Mental health care providers in the community (hospitals with psychiatric/behavioral health units, mental health clinics, private/public providers, etc.) Aspire/Progress House, Anderson Center (St. Vencent/Ascension)
Service agencies/organizations Honor Our Children, United Way, Madison County Community Fund, Operation Love Ministries, Minority Health Coalition, Aspire, Madison County Mental Health and Addictions Coalition, S.A.D.D.,AA, NA. Intersect, Alternatives, Inc., Madison County Sheriff's D.A.R.E. Program, H.O.P.E. Madison County Sheriff's Chaplancy Coalition, House of Hope, Exodus House, Community Justice Center, Walk for Hope, Madison County Problem Solving Courts Alumni Group, Edgewood PD, Elwood PD, Chesterfield PD, Madison County Problem Solving Courts, Madson County Juvenile Center, Madison County Adult Probation, Madison County Drug Task Force.
Local media outlets that reach the community WHBU Radio, TV - All network stations,. PBS radio Herald Bulletin Newspaper City of Anderson Cable Station
What are the substances that are most problematic in your community?(In order of severity) Youth 6-12 grade: Vaping, alcohol, marijuana, cigarettes, opioids Adults: cigarettes, alcohol, vaping, marijuana, opioids

List all substance use/misuse services/activities/programs presently taking place in the community Sheriff's D.A.R.E. Program. Chaplaincy HOPE program for youth. Numerous 12 step (NA AA meetings weekly in county.

Community Risk and Protective Factors

Use the list of risk and protective factors to identify those present in your community. Identify the resources/assets and limitations/gaps that exist in your community related to each. The lists are not all-inclusive and others may apply.

Risk Factors Examples: trauma and toxic stressors; poverty violence; neighborhood characteristics; low neighborhood attachment; community disorganization; community norms and laws favorable toward drug use, firearms, and crime; availability of alcohol and other drugs; weak family relationships; family substance use; peer substance use; mental health problems; families moving frequently from home to home; limited prevention and recovery resources.

Protective Factors Examples: strong family relationships; neighborhood economic viability; low childhood stress; access to health care; access to mental health care; community-based interventions; restricted access to alcohol and other drugs including restrictive laws and excise taxes; safe, supportive, and connected neighborhoods; meaningful youth engagement opportunities; local policies and practices that support healthy norms and child-youth programs; positive connection to adults.¹

Risk Factors	Resources/Assets	Limitations/Gaps
1.Poverty/violence	1.Impact Center Programs 2.Child care/Impact Center 3.Job programs/Redevelopment	1.Loss of hope 2.Community involvement 3.Failed drug screenings for employment
2.Family substance abuse	1.Intersect strengthening families program 2.Community Justice Center programs 3.Problem solving courts programs	1 Facilities for program 2.Lack of residential treatment 3 Lack of treatment programs for women
3.Avaiability of alcohol/drugs	1.Drug Task Force	1.Drugs imported from other communities

¹Risk and protective factors extracted from IUPUI Center for Health Policy Community Conditions Favorable for Substance Use, April 2018.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Excise enforcement 3. OWI Patrols 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Limited funding for enforcement 3. Early youth education
Protective Factors	Resources/Assets	Limitations/Gaps
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Strong family relationships 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Community Justice Center Programs 2. Intersect Strengthening Families Program 3. Problem solving courts programs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Single parent families 2. Poverty 3. Financial resources
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Restricted access to alcohol/drugs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Drug Task Force 2. Hosting ordinances 3. Town Hall Meeting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Limited personnel resources 2. Limited financial resources 3. Lack of county smoking/hosting ordinances
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Access to health care (substance abuse treatment) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Jane Pauly Health Care 2. Madison County Community Health Center 3. Affordable Care Act 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Limited staffing and residential treatment facilities 2. Preventative health care education 3. Financial resources

Making A Community Action Plan

Now that you have completed a community assessment and have identified the risk and protective factors that exist, you can develop a plan of action. The Comprehensive Community Plan (CCP) is a systematic and community-driven gathering, analysis, and reporting of community-level indicators for the purpose of identifying and addressing local substance use problems.

Step 1: Create problem statements, and ensure problems statements are in line with statutory requirements

Step 2: Ensure your problem statements are evidence-informed, then prioritize

Step 3: Brainstorm what can be done about each

Step 4: Prioritize your list, and develop SMART goal statements for each

Step 5: List the steps to achieve each goal

Step 1: Create + Categorize Problem Statements

Create problem statements as they relate to each of the identified risk factors.

Risk Factors	Problem Statement(s)
1.Poverty/violence	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. There continues to be a high rate of alcohol use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County 2. There continues to be a high rate of tobacco/smoking use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County 3. There continues to be a high rate of substance abuse among youth and adults in Madison County
2.Family substance abuse	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. There continues to be a high rate of alcohol use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County 2. There continues to be a high rate of tobacco/smoking use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County 3. There continues to be a high rate of substance abuse among youth and adults in Madison County
3.Access to healthcare (substance abuse treatment)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. There continues to be a high rate of alcohol use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County. 2. There continues to be a high rate of tobacco/smoking use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County 3 There continues to be a high rate of substance abuse among youth and adults in Madison County.

Step 2: Evidence-Informed Problem Statements

Identify your top three problem statements using local or state data. Ensure that there is a problem statement for each co-equal funding category (e.g., prevention/education; intervention/treatment; and criminal justice services and activities).

Problem Statements	Data That Establishes Problem	Data Source
1. There continues to be a high rate of alcohol use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County	Health Behaviors (Includes excessive drinking) ranked 88 of 92 counties Youth (7-12 grade) reported 1 in 7 used alcohol in last 30 days	2020 Robert Wood Foundation County Health Rankings Indiana youth survey 2018
2. There continues to be a high rate of tobacco/smoking use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County	Health Behaviors (Includes adult smoking) ranked 88 of 92 counties Youth (7-12 grades) use of E-cigarettes 23% in past 30 days vs. 10.5% in US	2020 Robert Wood Foundation County Health Rankings Indiana Youth Survey 2018
3. There continues to be a high rate of abuse of controlled substances among youth and adults in Madison County	Drug overdose deaths 33 in 2019 23 in 2017 in Madison County Use of any opioids at Treatment Admission 36.6% Madison County vs. 19% Indiana 18-25 year olds in Madison County reported that 8.5 days a month their mental health was NOT good	Madison County Board of Health 2019 SEOW EPI Report 2019 IUPUI School of Public Health Survey

Step 3: Brainstorm

Consider the resources/assets and limitations/gaps that were identified for each risk factor, and list what actions can be taken for each identified problem statement.

Problem Statements	What can be done (action)?
1. There continues to be a high rate of alcohol use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County	1. Early education programs concerning alcohol use for youth 2. Increase community Hosting ordinances/after prom activities
2. There continues to be a high rate of tobacco/smoking use and abuse among youth and adults in Madison County	1. Early education programs concerning tobacco/smoking use for youth 2. Increase tax on tobacco/smoking products 3. Increase promotion and funding for "Quit Line"

3. There continues to be a high rate of substance abuse among youth and adults in Madison County	1.Early education programs concerning drug use/abuse for youth 2.Increase/add treatment programs for youth and adults. 3.Intervention education/resources for first responders
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Step 4: Develop SMART Goal Statements

For each problem statement, prioritize your list of what can be done. Choose your top two actions for each. Then, develop goal statements that demonstrate what change you hope to achieve and by when you hope to achieve it.

Problem Statement #1	
Goal 1 Reduce by 1% the incarcerations for alcohol related offenses	
Goal 2 Reduce youth (grades 7-12) alcoholic usage by 5%	
Problem Statement #2	
Goal 1 Reduce tobacco usage in Madison County by 1% overall	
Goal 2 Promote "Quit Line" usage in Madison County increase by 5%	
Problem Statement #3	
Goal 1 Reduce by 1% the incarcerations to the DOC for drug related offenses	
Goal 2 Reduce drug overdose deaths in Madison County by 5%	

Step 5: Plans to Achieve Goals

For each goal, list the steps required to achieve each

Problem Statement #1	Steps
Goal 1 Reduce by 1% the incarcerations for alcohol related offenses	1. Fund education programs for youth regarding substance abuse 2.Fund diversion programs for substance abuse

	3.Fund training for first responders in substance abuse
Goal 2 Reduce youth (grades 7-12) alcohol useage by 5%	1.Fund youth organizations in schools that promote smart decisions 2.Support Hosting Ordinances 3.Fund substaance abuse programs from Juvenile Courts System
Problem Statement #2	Steps
Goal 1 Reduce tobacco useage in Madison County by 1% overall	1.Support county-wide smoking policy change 2. Fund youth education programs regarding tobacco/e-cigarettes. 3.Support agencies that enforce smoking regulations.
Goal 2 Promote "Quit Line" usage in Madison County increase by 5%	1.Fund organizations that promote quit line to local businesses/organizations 2.Support organizations that provide the Quit Line information to their clients. 3.Support youth organiations that promote the Quit Line in their schools.
Problem Statement #3	Steps
Goal 1 Reduce by 1% the incarcerationns to the DOC for drug related offenses	1.Fund justice services that involve dirversion programs. 2.Fund programs that are in involved in community substance abuse education 3.Support programs that promote family support.
Goal 2 Reduce drug overdose deaths in Madison County by 5%	1.Fund substance abuse treatment programs 2.Fund training/tools for law enforcement 3.Support programs that reduce stigma of

	the disease of drug addiction.
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Fund Document

The fund document allows the LCC to provide finances available to the coalition at the beginning of the year. The fund document gauges an LCC's fiscal wellness to empower their implementation of growth within their community. The fund document also ensures LCCs meet the statutory requirement of funding programs within the three categories of (1) Prevention/Education, (2) Treatment/Intervention, and (3) Criminal Justice Services and Activities (IC 5-2-11-5).

Funding Profile

Amount of funds deposited into the County Drug Free Community Fund from fees collected last year (\$100.00): \$56,621		
Amount of unused funds that rolled over from the previous year (\$100.00): 0		
Total funds available for programs and administrative costs for the upcoming year (\$100.00): \$56,621		
Amount of funds granted the year prior (\$100.00): \$54,840		
How much money is received from the following entities (if no money is received, please enter \$0.00):		
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA): \$0.00		
Bureau of Justice Administration (BJA): \$0.00		
Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP):\$0.00		
Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH):\$0.00		
Indiana Department of Education (DOE):\$0.00		
Indiana Division of Mental Health and Addiction (DMHA):\$0.00		
Indiana Family and Social Services Administration (FSSA):\$0.00		
Local entities:\$0.00		
Other:\$0.00		
Funding allotted to prevention/education; intervention/treatment; and criminal justice services and activities (\$100.00):		
Prevention/Education: \$14,155.25	Intervention/Treatment: \$14,155.25	Justice: \$14,155.25
Funding allotted to Administrative costs:		
<i>Itemized list of what is being funded</i>		<i>Amount (\$100.00)</i>
Coordinator's compensation to include any related expenses incurred for mileage, meetings, and attendance at conferences and supplies.		\$14,002.00
Funding allotted by Goal per Problem Statement:		
Problem Statement #1	Problem Statement #2	Problem Statement #3
Goal 1: \$710.31	Goal 1: \$710.31	Goal 1: \$710.31
Goal 2: \$710.31	Goal 2: \$710.31	Goal 2: \$710.31