First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type.~~

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~*this style type*~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE ENROLLED ACT No. 464

AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-12-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001, SECTION 131, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. (a) An individual may obtain a deduction from the assessed value of the individual's real property, or mobile home or manufactured home which is not assessed as real property, if:

(1) the individual is at least sixty-five (65) years of age on or before December 31 of the calendar year preceding the year in which the deduction is claimed;

(2) the combined adjusted gross income (as defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code) of:

(A) the individual and the individual's spouse; or

(B) the individual and all other individuals with whom:

(i) the individual shares ownership; or

(ii) the individual is purchasing the property under a contract;

as joint tenants or tenants in common;

for the calendar year preceding the year in which the deduction is claimed did not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000);

(3) the individual has owned the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home for at least one (1) year before claiming the deduction; or the individual has been buying the real property,

C o p y

mobile home, or manufactured home under a contract that provides that the individual is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home for at least one (1) year before claiming the deduction, and the contract or a memorandum of the contract is recorded in the county recorder's office;

(4) the individual and any individuals covered by subdivision (2)(B) reside on the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home;

(5) the assessed value of the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home does not exceed ~~sixty-nine~~ **one hundred forty-four** thousand dollars ~~($69,000),~~ **($144,000);** and

(6) the individual receives no other property tax deduction for the year in which the deduction is claimed, except the deductions provided by sections 1, 37, and 38 of this chapter.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (h), in the case of real property, an individual's deduction under this section equals the lesser of:

(1) one-half (1/2) of the assessed value of the real property; or

(2) six thousand dollars ($6,000).

(c) Except as provided in subsection (h) and section 40.5 of this chapter, in the case of a mobile home that is not assessed as real property or a manufactured home which is not assessed as real property, an individual's deduction under this section equals the lesser of:

(1) one-half (1/2) of the assessed value of the mobile home or manufactured home; or

(2) six thousand dollars ($6,000).

(d) An individual may not be denied the deduction provided under this section because the individual is absent from the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home while in a nursing home or hospital.

(e) For purposes of this section, if real property, a mobile home, or a manufactured home is owned by:

(1) tenants by the entirety;

(2) joint tenants; or

(3) tenants in common;

only one (1) deduction may be allowed. However, the age requirement is satisfied if any one (1) of the tenants is at least sixty-five (65) years of age.

(f) A surviving spouse is entitled to the deduction provided by this section if:

(1) the surviving spouse is at least sixty (60) years of age on or

C o p y

before December 31 of the calendar year preceding the year in which the deduction is claimed;

(2) the surviving spouse's deceased husband or wife was at least sixty-five (65) years of age at the time of a death;

(3) the surviving spouse has not remarried; and

(4) the surviving spouse satisfies the requirements prescribed in subsection (a)(2) through (a)(6).

(g) An individual who has sold real property to another person under a contract that provides that the contract buyer is to pay the property taxes on the real property may not claim the deduction provided under this section against that real property.

(h) In the case of tenants covered by subsection (a)(2)(B), if all of the tenants are not at least sixty-five (65) years of age, the deduction allowed under this section shall be reduced by an amount equal to the deduction multiplied by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of tenants who are not at least sixty-five (65) years of age, and the denominator is the total number of tenants.

SECTION 2. IC 6-1.1-12-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001, SECTION 136, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) and except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, an individual may have the sum of six thousand dollars ($6,000) deducted from the assessed value of the tangible property that the individual owns (or the real property, mobile home not assessed as real property, or manufactured home not assessed as real property that the individual is buying under a contract that provides that the individual is to pay property taxes on the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home if the contract or a memorandum of the contract is recorded in the county recorder's office) if:

(1) the individual served in the military or naval forces of the United States for at least ninety (90) days;

(2) the individual received an honorable discharge;

(3) the individual either:

(A) is totally disabled; or

(B) is at least sixty-two (62) years old and has a disability of at least ten percent (10%); and

(4) the individual's disability is evidenced by:

(A) a pension certificate or an award of compensation issued by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs; or

(B) a certificate of eligibility issued to the individual by the Indiana department of veterans' affairs after the Indiana department of veterans' affairs has determined that the

C o p y

individual's disability qualifies the individual to receive a deduction under this section.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the surviving spouse of an individual may receive the deduction provided by this section if the individual would qualify for the deduction if the individual were alive.

(c) No one is entitled to the deduction provided by this section if the assessed value of the individual's tangible property, as shown by the tax duplicate, exceeds ~~fifty-four~~ **one hundred thirteen** thousand dollars ~~($54,000).~~ **($113,000).**

(d) An individual who has sold real property, a mobile home not assessed as real property, or a manufactured home not assessed as real property to another person under a contract that provides that the contract buyer is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home may not claim the deduction provided under this section against that real property, mobile home, or manufactured home.

SECTION 3. IC 6-1.1-12-17.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.291-2001, SECTION 139, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 17.4. (a) Except as provided in section 40.5 of this chapter, a World War I veteran who is a resident of Indiana is entitled to have the sum of nine thousand dollars ($9,000) deducted from the assessed valuation of the real property (including a mobile home that is assessed as real property), mobile home that is not assessed as real property, or manufactured home that is not assessed as real property the veteran owns or is buying under a contract that requires the veteran to pay property taxes on the real property, if the contract or a memorandum of the contract is recorded in the county recorder's office, if:

(1) the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home is the veteran's principal residence;

(2) the assessed valuation of the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home does not exceed ~~seventy-eight~~ **one hundred sixty-three** thousand dollars ~~($78,000);~~ **($163,000);** and

(3) the veteran owns the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home for at least one (1) year before claiming the deduction.

(b) An individual may not be denied the deduction provided by this section because the individual is absent from the individual's principal residence while in a nursing home or hospital.

(c) For purposes of this section, if real property, a mobile home, or a manufactured home is owned by a husband and wife as tenants by the entirety, only one (1) deduction may be allowed under this section.

C o p y

However, the deduction provided in this section applies if either spouse satisfies the requirements prescribed in subsection (a).

(d) An individual who has sold real property, a mobile home not assessed as real property, or a manufactured home not assessed as real property to another person under a contract that provides that the contract buyer is to pay the property taxes on the real property, mobile home, or manufactured home may not claim the deduction provided under this section with respect to that real property, mobile home, or manufactured home.

SECTION 4. IC 6-1.1-18.5-9.9 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: **Sec. 9.9. (a) The department of local government finance shall adjust the maximum property tax rate levied under the statutes listed in section 9.8(a) of this chapter, IC 6-1.1-19-10, or IC 21-2-15-11 in each county for property taxes first due and payable in:**

(1) 2004;

(2) the year the county first applies the deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-41 if the county first applies that deduction for property taxes first due and payable in 2005 or 2006; and

(3) 2007 if the county does not apply the deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-41 for any year.

(b) If the county does not apply the deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-41 for property taxes first due and payable in 2004, the department shall compute the adjustment under subsection (a)(1) to allow a levy for the fund for which the property tax rate is levied that equals the levy that would have applied for the fund if exemptions under IC 6-1.1-10-29(b)(2) did not apply for the 2003 assessment date.

(c) If the county applies the deduction under IC 6-1.1-12-41 for property taxes first due and payable in 2004, the department shall compute the adjustment under subsection (a)(1) to allow a levy for the fund for which the property tax rate is levied that equals the levy that would have applied for the fund if:

(1) exemptions under IC 6-1.1-10-29(b)(2); and

(2) deductions under IC 6-1.1-12-41;

did not apply for the 2003 assessment date.

(d) The department shall compute the adjustment under subsection (a)(2) to allow a levy for the fund for which the property tax rate is levied that equals the levy that would have applied for the fund if deductions under IC 6-1.1-12-41 did not apply for the assessment date of the year that immediately precedes the year for

C o p y

which the adjustment is made.

(e) The department shall compute the adjustment under subsection (a)(3) to allow a levy for the fund for which the property tax rate is levied that equals the levy that would have applied for the fund if deductions under IC 6-1.1-12-42 did not apply for the 2006 assessment date.

SECTION 5. IC 6-3.5-7-25, AS ADDED BY P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 127, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 25. (a) This section applies only to a county that has adopted an ordinance under IC 6-1.1-12-41(f).

(b) For purposes of this section, "imposing entity" means the entity that adopted the ordinance under IC 6-1.1-12-41(f).

(c) The imposing entity may adopt an ordinance to provide for the use of the certified distribution described in section 16(c) of this chapter for the purpose provided in subsection (e). A county income tax council that adopts an ordinance under this subsection shall use the procedures set forth in IC 6-3.5-6 concerning the adoption of an ordinance for the imposition of the county option income tax. **Except as provided in subsection (j),** an ordinance must be adopted under this subsection after January 1 but before April 1 of a calendar year. The ordinance may provide for an additional rate under section 5(p) of this chapter. An ordinance adopted under this subsection:

(1) first applies to the certified distribution described in section 16(c) of this chapter made in the calendar year that immediately succeeds the calendar year in which the ordinance is adopted;

(2) must specify the calendar years to which the ordinance applies; and

(3) must specify that the certified distribution must be used ~~for the purpose~~ **to provide for:**

(A) uniformly applied increased homestead credits as provided in subsection ~~(e).~~ **(f); or**

(B) allocated increased homestead credits as provided in subsection (h).

An ordinance adopted under this subsection may be combined with an ordinance adopted under section 26 of this chapter.

(d) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (c), the percentage of the certified distribution specified in the ordinance for use for the purpose provided in subsection (e) shall be:

(1) retained by the county auditor under subsection (g); and

(2) used for the purpose provided in subsection (e) instead of the purposes specified in the capital improvement plans adopted under section 15 of this chapter.

C o p y

(e) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (c), the imposing entity shall use the certified distribution described in section 16(c) of this chapter to increase the ~~percentage of the~~ homestead credit allowed in the county under IC 6-1.1-20.9 for a year to offset the effect on homesteads in the county resulting from a county deduction for inventory under IC 6-1.1-12-41.

(f) If the imposing entity specifies the application of uniform increased homestead credits under subsection (c)(3)(A), the county auditor shall, for each calendar year in which an increased homestead credit percentage is authorized under this section, determine:

(1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to provide an increased homestead credit percentage for the year;

(2) the amount of uniformly applied homestead credits for the year in the county that equals the amount determined under subdivision (1); and

(3) the increased percentage of homestead credit that equates to the amount of homestead credits determined under subdivision (2).

~~(f)~~ **(g)** The increased percentage of homestead credit determined by the county auditor under subsection ~~(c)~~ **(f)** applies uniformly in the county in the calendar year for which the increased percentage is determined.

(h) If the imposing entity specifies the application of allocated increased homestead credits under subsection (c)(3)(B), the county auditor shall, for each calendar year in which an increased homestead credit is authorized under this section, determine:

(1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to provide an increased homestead credit for the year; and

(2) an increased percentage of homestead credit for each taxing district in the county that allocates to the taxing district an amount of increased homestead credits that bears the same proportion to the amount determined under subdivision (1) that the amount of inventory assessed value deducted under IC 6-1.1-12-41 in the taxing district for the immediately preceding year's assessment date bears to the total inventory assessed value deducted under IC 6-1.1-12-41 in the county for the immediately preceding year's assessment date.

~~(g)~~ **(i)** The county auditor shall retain from the payments of the county's certified distribution an amount equal to the revenue lost, if any, due to the increase of the homestead credit within the county. The money shall be distributed to the civil taxing units and school corporations of the county:

C o p y

(1) as if the money were from property tax collections; and

(2) in such a manner that no civil taxing unit or school corporation will suffer a net revenue loss because of the allowance of an increased homestead credit.

(j) An entity authorized to adopt:

(1) an ordinance under subsection (c); and

(2) an ordinance under IC 6-1.1-12-41(f);

may consolidate the two (2) ordinances. The limitation under subsection (c) that an ordinance must be adopted after January 1 of a calendar year does not apply if a consolidated ordinance is adopted under this subsection.

SECTION 6. IC 6-3.5-7-26, AS ADDED BY P.L.192-2002(ss), SECTION 128, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 26. (a) This section applies only to homestead credits for property taxes first due and payable after calendar year 2006.

(b) For purposes of this section, "adopting entity" means the entity that:

(1) adopts an ordinance under IC 6-1.1-12-41(f); or

(2) any other entity that may impose a county economic development income tax under section 5 of this chapter.

(c) An adopting entity may adopt an ordinance to provide for the use of the certified distribution described in section 16(c) of this chapter for the purpose provided in subsection (e). An adopting entity that adopts an ordinance under this subsection shall use the procedures set forth in IC 6-3.5-6 concerning the adoption of an ordinance for the imposition of the county option income tax. An ordinance must be adopted under this subsection after January 1 but before April 1 of a calendar year. The ordinance may provide for an additional rate under section 5(p) of this chapter. An ordinance adopted under this subsection:

(1) first applies to the certified distribution described in section 16(c) of this chapter made in the later of the calendar year that immediately succeeds the calendar year in which the ordinance is adopted or calendar year 2007; and

(2) must specify that the certified distribution must be used ~~for the purpose~~ **to provide for:**

(A) uniformly applied increased homestead credits as provided in subsection ~~(e).~~ **(f); or**

(B) allocated increased homestead credits as provided in subsection (h).

An ordinance adopted under this subsection may be combined with an ordinance adopted under section 25 of this chapter.

C o p y

(d) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (c), the percentage of the certified distribution specified in the ordinance for use for the purpose provided in subsection (e) shall be:

(1) retained by the county auditor under subsection (g); and

(2) used for the purpose provided in subsection (e) instead of the purposes specified in the capital improvement plans adopted under section 15 of this chapter.

(e) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (c), the adopting entity shall use the certified distribution described in section 16(c) of this chapter to increase the ~~percentage of the~~ homestead credit allowed in the county under IC 6-1.1-20.9 for a year to offset the effect on homesteads in the county resulting from the statewide deduction for inventory under IC 6-1.1-12-42.

(f) If the imposing entity specifies the application of uniform increased homestead credits under subsection (c)(2)(A), the county auditor shall, for each calendar year in which an increased homestead credit percentage is authorized under this section, determine:

(1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to provide an increased homestead credit percentage for the year;

(2) the amount of uniformly applied homestead credits for the year in the county that equals the amount determined under subdivision (1); and

(3) the increased percentage of homestead credit that equates to the amount of homestead credits determined under subdivision (2).

~~(f)~~ **(g)** The increased percentage of homestead credit determined by the county auditor under subsection ~~(c)~~ **(f)** applies uniformly in the county in the calendar year for which the increased percentage is determined.

(h) If the imposing entity specifies the application of allocated increased homestead credits under subsection (c)(2)(B), the county auditor shall, for each calendar year in which an increased homestead credit is authorized under this section, determine:

(1) the amount of the certified distribution that is available to provide an increased homestead credit for the year; and

(2) an increased percentage of homestead credit for each taxing district in the county that allocates to the taxing district an amount of increased homestead credits that bears the same proportion to the amount determined under subdivision (1) that the amount of inventory assessed value deducted under IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the taxing district for the immediately preceding year's assessment date bears to the total inventory

C o p y

assessed value deducted under IC 6-1.1-12-42 in the county for the immediately preceding year's assessment date.

~~(g)~~ **(i)** The county auditor shall retain from the payments of the county's certified distribution an amount equal to the revenue lost, if any, due to the increase of the homestead credit within the county. The money shall be distributed to the civil taxing units and school corporations of the county:

(1) as if the money were from property tax collections; and

(2) in such a manner that no civil taxing unit or school corporation will suffer a net revenue loss because of the allowance of an increased homestead credit.

SECTION 7. IC 14-23-3-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2002, SECTION 71, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. Annually there shall be levied and collected as other state taxes are levied and collected the amount of ~~twenty-two~~ **sixteen** hundredths of one cent ~~($0.0022)~~ **($0.0016)** upon each one hundred dollars ($100) worth of taxable property in Indiana. The money collected resulting from ~~two~~ **one** hundred ~~sixteen~~ **fifty-seven** thousandths of one cent ~~($0.00216)~~ **($0.00157)** of the rate shall be paid into the fund. The money collected resulting from ~~four~~ **three** thousandths of one cent ~~($0.00004)~~ **($0.00003)** is appropriated to the budget agency for purposes of department of local government finance data base management.

SECTION 8. IC 15-1.5-8-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.198-2001, SECTION 97, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. A tax is imposed upon all the taxable property in the state at a rate of ~~eleven~~ **eight** hundredths of a cent ~~($0.0011)~~ **($0.0008)** for each one hundred dollars ($100) of assessed valuation.

SECTION 9. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003] **(a) The following, all as amended by this act, apply to property taxes first due and payable after December 31, 2003:**

(1) IC 6-1.1-12-9.

(2) IC 6-1.1-12-14.

(3) IC 6-1.1-12-17.4.

(4) IC 14-23-3-3.

(5) IC 15-1.5-8-1.

(b) This SECTION expires January 1, 2005.

SECTION 10. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] **(a) This section applies to certified applications for an enterprise zone inventory credit under IC 6-1.1-20.8 that were filed for property taxes due and payable in 2002.**

(b) Notwithstanding any other law, the county auditor may

C o p y

determine that a person who filed a certified application no later than thirty (30) days after the time established in IC 6-1.1-20.8-2.5 is eligible to receive the credit. In order to approve the application, the county auditor shall make the findings set forth in subsection (d).

(c) To apply for a determination of eligibility under this section, a person must file with the auditor of the county in which the person's facility is located, by no later than July 1, 2003, an application for an enterprise zone inventory credit for its inventory as of March 1, 2001 on a form EZ-1 prescribed by the Department of Local Government Finance.

(d) If an application for an enterprise zone inventory credit is filed by a person under subsection (c), the county auditor shall, within thirty (30) days after such filing, determine whether the application should be approved. The county auditor shall make the following findings:

(1) The person applied for the credit no later than thirty (30) days after the time established in IC 6-1.1-20.8-2.5 and the application was denied as being not timely filed.

(2) The application would have been approved if it had been timely filed.

(3) Local officials support the approval of the application.

(4) Approval of the application will result in a significant assistance payment to the applicable local zone urban enterprise association.

(5) The approval of the application will promote economic development activities in the enterprise zone.

(e) If the auditor approves the application, the auditor shall determine the amount of the credit by calculating the person's property tax liability on inventory located within an enterprise zone as of March 1, 2001, payable in 2002.

(f) Without any appropriation being required, the county auditor shall issue warrants payable from the county general fund to a person eligible for credit under subsection (e) in the following amounts and on the following dates:

(1) On July 15, 2004, for an amount equal to one-half of the liability calculated under subsection (e)(1).

(2) On January 15, 2005, for an amount equal to one-half of the liability calculated under subsection (e)(1).

(g) In addition to issuing a warrant, the county auditor may choose to grant the person a credit against the person's property tax liability payable in 2004 and 2005 for all or a portion of the

C o p y

amount of the credit determined in subsection (e).

(h) Within thirty (30) days after receiving either the credit against property tax liability under subsection (g) or each of the warrants issued under subsection (f), the person shall pay an amount equal to the pro-rata amount of any additional registration fee under IC 4-4-6.1-2(a)(4) and the pro-rata amount of any assistance payment under IC 4-4-6.1-2(b).

(i) This SECTION expires December 31, 2005.

SECTION 11. **An emergency is declared for this act.**

C o p y

President of the Senate

President Pro Tempore

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved:

Governor of the State of Indiana

C o p y