



Reprinted
March 20, 2013

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1056

DIGEST OF HB 1056 (Updated March 19, 2013 2:06 pm - DI 92)

Citations Affected: IC 29-1; IC 29-3; IC 30-4.

Synopsis: Probate and trust administration. Makes numerous changes concerning a personal representative's employment of an attorney, the powers and duties of a personal representative, guardianships, and the rules of trust construction. Provides that a personal representative may acquire an interest in real property from the estate if the transaction is authorized by an order of the court after notice and hearing. Removes a provision stating that the fee of a surrogate attorney is included in the costs and expenses of estate administration for purposes of prioritizing claims against an estate. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the probate code study commission.)

Effective: July 1, 2013.

McMillin, Dvorak

(SENATE SPONSORS — STEELE, ZAKAS, BRODEN, RANDOLPH)

January 7, 2013, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
January 15, 2013, reported — Do Pass.
January 17, 2013, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.
January 22, 2013, read third time, passed. Yeas 96, nays 0.

SENATE ACTION

February 25, 2013, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
March 14, 2013, reported favorably — Do Pass.
March 18, 2013, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed, returned to second reading.
March 19, 2013, re-read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.

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EH 1056—LS 6419/DI 92+



Reprinted
March 20, 2013

First Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2013)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2012 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL No. 1056

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning probate.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- 1 SECTION 1. IC 29-1-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2013]: Sec. 3. (a) The following definitions
3 apply throughout this article, unless otherwise apparent from the
4 context:
- 5 (1) "Child" includes an adopted child but does not include a
6 grandchild or other more remote descendants, nor, except as
7 provided in IC 29-1-2-5, a child born out of wedlock.
 - 8 (2) "Claims" includes liabilities of a decedent which survive,
9 whether arising in contract or in tort or otherwise, funeral
10 expenses, the expense of a tombstone, expenses of administration,
11 and all taxes imposed by reason of the person's death. However,
12 for purposes of IC 29-1-2-1 and IC 29-1-3-1, the term does not
13 include taxes imposed by reason of the person's death.
 - 14 (3) "Court" means the court having probate jurisdiction.
 - 15 (4) "Decedent" means one who dies testate or intestate.
 - 16 (5) "Devise" or "legacy", when used as a noun, means a
17 testamentary disposition of either real or personal property or

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- 1 both.
- 2 (6) "Devise", when used as a verb, means to dispose of either real
- 3 or personal property or both by will.
- 4 (7) "Devisee" includes legatee, and "legatee" includes devisee.
- 5 (8) "Distributee" denotes those persons who are entitled to the
- 6 real and personal property of a decedent under a will, under the
- 7 statutes of intestate succession, or under IC 29-1-4-1.
- 8 (9) "Estate" denotes the real and personal property of the decedent
- 9 or protected person, as from time to time changed in form by sale,
- 10 reinvestment, or otherwise, and augmented by any accretions and
- 11 additions thereto and substitutions therefor and diminished by any
- 12 decreases and distributions therefrom.
- 13 (10) "Fiduciary" includes a:
- 14 (A) personal representative;
- 15 (B) guardian;
- 16 (C) conservator;
- 17 (D) trustee; and
- 18 (E) person designated in a protective order to act on behalf of
- 19 a protected person.
- 20 (11) "Heirs" denotes those persons, including the surviving
- 21 spouse, who are entitled under the statutes of intestate succession
- 22 to the real and personal property of a decedent on the decedent's
- 23 death intestate, unless otherwise defined or limited by the will.
- 24 (12) "Incapacitated" has the meaning set forth in IC 29-3-1-7.5.
- 25 (13) "Interested persons" means heirs, devisees, spouses,
- 26 creditors, or any others having a property right in or claim against
- 27 the estate of a decedent being administered. This meaning may
- 28 vary at different stages and different parts of a proceeding and
- 29 must be determined according to the particular purpose and
- 30 matter involved.
- 31 (14) "Issue" of a person, when used to refer to persons who take
- 32 by intestate succession, includes all lawful lineal descendants
- 33 except those who are lineal descendants of living lineal
- 34 descendants of the intestate.
- 35 (15) "Lease" includes an oil and gas lease or other mineral lease.
- 36 (16) "Letters" includes letters testamentary, letters of
- 37 administration, and letters of guardianship.
- 38 (17) "Minor" or "minor child" or "minority" refers to any person
- 39 under the age of eighteen (18) years.
- 40 (18) "Mortgage" includes deed of trust, vendor's lien, and chattel
- 41 mortgage.
- 42 (19) "Net estate" refers to the real and personal property of a

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- 1 decedent less the allowances provided under IC 29-1-4-1 and
 2 enforceable claims against the estate.
- 3 (20) "Person" includes natural persons and corporations.
- 4 (21) "Personal property" includes interests in goods, money,
 5 choses in action, evidences of debt, and chattels real.
- 6 (22) "Personal representative" includes executor, administrator,
 7 administrator with the will annexed, administrator de bonis non,
 8 and special administrator.
- 9 **(23) "Probate estate" denotes the property transferred at the**
 10 **death of a decedent under the decedent's will or under**
 11 **IC 29-1-2, in the case of a decedent dying intestate.**
- 12 ~~(23)~~ (24) "Property" includes both real and personal property.
- 13 ~~(24)~~ (25) "Protected person" has the meaning set forth in
 14 IC 29-3-1-13.
- 15 ~~(25)~~ (26) "Real property" includes estates and interests in land,
 16 corporeal or incorporeal, legal or equitable, other than chattels
 17 real.
- 18 ~~(26)~~ (27) "Will" includes all wills, testaments, and codicils. The
 19 term also includes a testamentary instrument which merely
 20 appoints an executor or revokes or revives another will.
- 21 (b) The following rules of construction apply throughout this article
 22 unless otherwise apparent from the context:
- 23 (1) The singular number includes the plural and the plural number
 24 includes the singular.
- 25 (2) The masculine gender includes the feminine and neuter.
- 26 SECTION 2. IC 29-1-7.5-3.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 27 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2013]: Sec. 3.2. (a) Not more than
 28 two (2) months after the appointment of a personal representative under
 29 this chapter, the personal representative shall prepare a verified
 30 inventory of the ~~estate's assets~~: **decedent's probate estate**. The
 31 inventory may consist of at least one (1) written instrument.
- 32 (b) The inventory required under subsection (a) must indicate the
 33 fair market value of each item of property ~~of the decedent of which the~~
 34 ~~personal representative has possession or knowledge~~, **belonging to the**
 35 **probate estate**, including a statement of all known liens and other
 36 charges on any item. The property ~~shall~~ **must** be classified in the
 37 inventory as follows:
- 38 (1) Real property, with plat or survey description, and if a
 39 homestead, designated as a homestead.
- 40 (2) Furniture and household goods.
- 41 (3) Emblements and annual crops raised by labor.
- 42 (4) Corporate stocks, including the class, the par value or that the

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1 stock has no par value, and if preferred stock, the dividend rate.

2 (5) Mortgages, bonds, notes, or other written evidences of debt or
3 of ownership described by the name of the debtor, recording data,
4 and other identification.

5 (6) Bank accounts, money, and insurance policies if payable to the
6 estate of the decedent or to the decedent's personal representative.

7 (7) All other personal property accurately identified, including the
8 decedent's proportionate share in any partnership. However, no
9 inventory of the partnership property is required.

10 (c) In preparing the inventory required under subsection (a), the
11 personal representative may employ a disinterested appraiser to
12 ascertain the fair market value as of the date of the decedent's death of
13 an asset that has a value that may be subject to reasonable doubt.
14 Different persons may be employed to appraise different kinds of assets
15 included in the estate. The ~~names name~~ and ~~addresses address~~ of any
16 appraiser ~~shall~~ **must** be indicated on the inventory with the item or
17 items the appraiser appraised.

18 (d) The personal representative shall furnish a copy of the inventory
19 required under subsection (a), or a supplement or amendment to the
20 inventory, to a distributee who requests a copy.

21 (e) The personal representative may certify to the court that the
22 inventory required under subsection (a), a supplement, or an
23 amendment to the inventory has been prepared and is available.
24 However, the court may not require the personal representative to file
25 a copy of the inventory, a supplement, or an amendment to the
26 inventory with the court.

27 SECTION 3. IC 29-1-10-20 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
28 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
29 1, 2013]: **Sec. 20. (a) As used in this section, "estate lawyer" refers**
30 **to a lawyer performing services for an estate at the request of the**
31 **estate's personal representative.**

32 (b) **Except as otherwise provided in a written agreement**
33 **between the estate lawyer and an interested person, an estate**
34 **lawyer:**

35 (1) **represents and owes a duty only to the personal**
36 **representative;**

37 (2) **does not have a duty to collect, possess, manage, maintain,**
38 **monitor, or account for estate assets, unless otherwise**
39 **required by a specific order of the court; and**

40 (3) **is not liable for any loss suffered by the estate, except to**
41 **the extent the loss was caused by the estate lawyer's breach of**
42 **a duty owed to the personal representative.**



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1 (c) If a provision of a court's local probate rule conflicts with
2 this section, this section controls.

3 SECTION 4. IC 29-1-10-21 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
4 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
5 1, 2013]: Sec. 21. (a) All authority to act with respect to an estate
6 administered under IC 29-1-7 and IC 29-1-7.5 is vested exclusively
7 in the personal representative.

8 (b) If this article prohibits an action by the personal
9 representative, the prohibition restricts the personal
10 representative, regardless of court order, unless:

11 (1) a majority in interest of the distributees expressly consent
12 to the proposed action; or

13 (2) the statute imposing the restriction expressly permits a
14 court to approve the prohibited action.

15 SECTION 5. IC 29-1-12-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
16 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2013]: Sec. 1. (a) Within two (2)
17 months after his the appointment of a personal representative, unless
18 a longer time shall be is granted by the court, every the personal
19 representative shall prepare a verified inventory in one (+) or more
20 written instruments indicating of the decedent's probate estate. The
21 verified inventory must:

22 (1) consist of at least one (1) written instrument;

23 (2) indicate the fair market value of each item of property; of the
24 decedent which shall come to his possession or knowledge;
25 including and

26 (3) include a statement of all known liens and other charges on
27 any item.

28 Such (b) Property listed in the inventory required by subsection
29 (a) shall must be classified therein as follows:

30 (1) Real property, with plat or survey description, and if a
31 homestead, designated as such; a homestead.

32 (2) Furniture and household goods.

33 (3) Emblements and annual crops raised by labor.

34 (4) Corporate stocks including the class, the par value or that it
35 has no par value, if preferred stock the dividend rate.

36 (5) Mortgages, bonds, notes or other written evidences of debt or
37 of ownership described by name of debtor, recording data, and
38 other identification.

39 (6) Bank accounts, money, and insurance policies if payable to the
40 estate of the decedent or to his the decedent's personal
41 representative.

42 (7) All other personal property accurately identified, including the

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1 decedent's proportionate share in any partnership, but no
2 inventory of the partnership property shall be required.

3 **(b) (c)** The personal representative may employ a disinterested
4 appraiser to assist ~~him~~ in ascertaining the fair market value as of the
5 date of the decedent's death of any asset the value of which may be
6 subject to reasonable doubt. Different persons may be employed to
7 appraise different kinds of assets included in the estate. The ~~names~~
8 **name** and ~~addresses~~ **address** of any appraiser ~~shall~~ **must** be indicated
9 on the inventory with the item or items ~~he~~ **appraised by the appraiser.**

10 **(c) (d)** The personal representative shall furnish a copy of the
11 inventory, or any supplement or amendment to it, to interested persons
12 who request it, unless ~~he~~ **the personal representative** has filed the
13 original of the inventory, or any supplement or amendment to it, with
14 the court.

15 SECTION 6. IC 29-1-14-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.149-2012,
16 SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17 JULY 1, 2013]: Sec. 9. (a) All claims shall be classified in one (1) of
18 the following classes. If the applicable assets of the estate are
19 insufficient to pay all claims in full, the personal representative shall
20 make payment in the following order:

- 21 (1) Costs and expenses of administration.
22 (2) Reasonable funeral expenses. However, in any estate in which
23 the decedent was a recipient of public assistance under IC 12-1-1
24 through IC 12-1-12 (before its repeal) or any of the following, the
25 amount of funeral expenses having priority over any claim for the
26 recovery of public assistance shall not exceed the limitations
27 provided for under IC 12-14-6, IC 12-14-17, and IC 12-14-21:
28 TANF assistance.
29 TANF burials.
30 TANF IMPACT/J.O.B.S.
31 Temporary Assistance to Other Needy Families (TAONF)
32 assistance.
33 ARCH.
34 Blind relief.
35 Child care.
36 Child welfare adoption assistance.
37 Child welfare adoption opportunities.
38 Child welfare assistance.
39 Child welfare child care improvement.
40 Child welfare child abuse.
41 Child welfare child abuse and neglect prevention.
42 Child welfare children's victim advocacy program.



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- 1 Child welfare foster care assistance.
 2 Child welfare independent living.
 3 Child welfare medical assistance to wards.
 4 Child welfare program review action group (PRAG).
 5 Child welfare special needs adoption.
 6 Food Stamp administration.
 7 Health care for indigent (HCI).
 8 ICES.
 9 IMPACT (food stamps).
 10 Title IV-D ~~(HCETS)~~: **(ISETS or a successor statewide**
 11 **automated support enforcement system)**.
 12 Title IV-D child support administration.
 13 Title IV-D child support enforcement (parent locator).
 14 Medicaid assistance.
 15 Medical services for inmates and patients (590).
 16 Room and board assistance (RBA).
 17 Refugee social service.
 18 Refugee resettlement.
 19 Repatriated citizens.
 20 SSI burials and disabled examinations.
 21 Title XIX certification.
 22 (3) Allowances made under IC 29-1-4-1.
 23 (4) All debts and taxes having preference under the laws of the
 24 United States.
 25 (5) Reasonable and necessary medical expenses of the last
 26 sickness of the decedent, including compensation of persons
 27 attending the decedent.
 28 (6) All debts and taxes having preference under the laws of this
 29 state; but no personal representative shall be required to pay any
 30 taxes on any property of the decedent unless such taxes are due
 31 and payable before possession thereof is delivered by the personal
 32 representative pursuant to the provisions of IC 29-1.
 33 (7) All other claims allowed.
 34 (b) No preference shall be given in the payment of any claim over
 35 any other claim of the same class, nor shall a claim due and payable be
 36 entitled to a preference over claims not due.
 37 (c) For purposes of subsection (a); costs and expenses of
 38 administration include the fee of a surrogate attorney that has been:
 39 (1) approved by a court under the rules of the Indiana Supreme
 40 Court governing surrogate attorneys; and
 41 (2) filed as a claim in the estate of a deceased attorney.
 42 SECTION 7. IC 29-1-15-16.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.238-2005,

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1 SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2 JULY 1, 2013]: Sec. 16.5. (a) This section applies to a supervised or an
3 unsupervised estate.

- 4 (b) Unless authorized by:
 - 5 (1) a will;
 - 6 (2) a trust;
 - 7 (3) the consent of all heirs, legatees, or beneficiaries; ~~or~~
 - 8 (4) an adjudicated compromise agreement approved by the court
9 under IC 29-1-9; ~~or~~

10 **(5) an order of the court issued after notice and hearing to all**
11 **interested persons to ensure that adequate consideration is**
12 **received by the estate for the interest acquired;**

13 any sale (including an auction sale), encumbrance, lease, or rental of
14 real property that is an asset of the estate is void if the sale,
15 encumbrance, lease, or rental of the real property causes the personal
16 representative to directly or indirectly acquire a beneficial interest in
17 the real property.

18 (c) This section does not prohibit a personal representative from
19 enforcing or fulfilling any enforceable contract or agreement:

- 20 (1) executed during the decedent's lifetime; and
- 21 (2) between the decedent and the personal representative in the
22 personal representative's individual capacity.

23 SECTION 8. IC 29-3-9-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2013]: Sec. 6. (a) Unless otherwise directed by
25 the court, a guardian (other than a temporary guardian) shall file with
26 the court:

- 27 (1) at least biennially, not more than thirty (30) days after the
28 anniversary date of the guardian's appointment; and
- 29 (2) not more than thirty (30) days after the termination of the
30 appointment;

31 a written verified account of the guardian's administration.

32 (b) A temporary guardian shall file with the court, within thirty (30)
33 days after the termination of the temporary guardian's appointment, and
34 otherwise as ordered by the court, a written verified account of the
35 temporary guardian's administration.

36 (c) A written verified account required under this section must
37 include the incapacitated person's or minor's current residence and a
38 description of the condition and circumstances of the incapacitated
39 person or minor.

40 **(d) The court shall conduct a hearing on each verified account**
41 **filed under this section. The court shall give notice to each person**
42 **entitled to receive notice that an accounting has been filed and will**

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1 **be acted upon by the court on the date set unless written objections**
 2 **are presented to the court on or before that date. The court shall**
 3 **give the notice of the hearing of each account of a guardianship shall**
 4 **be given, required by this subsection, unless waived, to the following:**

5 (1) The protected person, **unless waived by the court. If notice**
 6 **to the protected person is waived, the court shall give notice**
 7 **to a person who is not the guardian of the protected person in**
 8 **the following priority:**

9 (A) **The protected person's spouse.**

10 (B) **An adult child of the protected person.**

11 (C) **A parent of the protected person.**

12 (D) **A guardian ad litem appointed by the court under**
 13 **subsection (e).**

14 (2) In the case of a protected person who has died, the personal
 15 representative of the estate of the protected person, if any.

16 (3) Any other persons that the court directs.

17 (e) **The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to review on**
 18 **behalf of a protected person an accounting filed under this section**
 19 **if:**

20 (1) **the protected person does not have a spouse, an adult**
 21 **child, or a parent; or**

22 (2) **the same individual:**

23 (A) **served as the protected person's guardian before the**
 24 **death of the protected person; and**

25 (B) **is the personal representative of the protected person's**
 26 **estate.**

27 (f) When an account other than an account in final settlement is
 28 filed, the court may approve the same ex parte, but the account may be
 29 reviewed by the court at any subsequent time and does not become
 30 final until an account in final settlement is approved by the court after
 31 notice and hearing.

32 (g) When notice of hearing has been given under this section, the
 33 order of the court approving the intermediate account or the final
 34 account is binding upon all persons.

35 (h) When a guardian files with the court proper receipts or other
 36 evidence satisfactory to the court showing that the guardian has
 37 delivered to the appropriate persons all the property for which the
 38 guardian is accountable as guardian, the court shall enter an order of
 39 discharge. The order of discharge operates as a release from the duties
 40 of the guardian's office that have not yet terminated and operates as a
 41 bar to any suit against the guardian and the guardian's sureties, unless
 42 the suit is commenced within one (1) year from the date of the



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discharge.

SECTION 9. IC 30-4-3-1.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2013]: **Sec. 1.3. (a) While a trust is revocable and the settlor has the capacity to revoke the trust:**

(1) the rights of the beneficiaries are subject to the control of; and

(2) the duties of the trustee are owed exclusively to; the settlor.

(b) A settlor is presumed to have capacity for the purposes of subsection (a) until the trustee receives from at least one (1) licensed physician written certification that the settlor lacks the capacity to revoke the trust.

(c) If a revocable trust has more than one (1) settlor, the duties of the trustee are owed to all of the settlors having capacity to revoke the trust.

(d) During the period the power may be exercised, the holder of a power of withdrawal has the rights of a settlor of a revocable trust under this section to the extent of the property subject to the power.

(e) If a trustee reasonably believes that a settlor of a revocable trust lacks capacity to revoke the trust, the trustee is authorized to provide information to the settlor's designated agent (even if the designated agent is one (1) of two (2) or more trustees) or to any beneficiary who, if the settlor were deceased, would be entitled to distributions from the trust.

(f) A person who becomes a successor trustee of a revocable trust upon the death, resignation, or incapacity of a trustee who was also a settlor is not liable for any act or failure to act by the settlor while the settlor was trustee.

(g) A successor trustee of a revocable trust who succeeds a trustee who was also a settlor of the trust does not have a duty to:

(1) investigate any act or failure to act by the predecessor trustee;

(2) review any accounting of the predecessor trustee; or

(3) take action on account of any breach of trust by the predecessor trustee.

SECTION 10. IC 30-4-3-35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.36-2011, SECTION 9, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2013]: **Sec. 35. (a) This section is intended to ensure that if real property is transferred to one (1) or more revocable trusts created by a husband and wife for estate planning purposes, the husband and**

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1 wife will ~~enjoy the~~ **maintain** real estate ownership protections ~~that~~
2 **equivalent to those** they would ~~otherwise enjoy have~~ if they owned
3 that real property in an estate by the entireties including an estate by
4 the entireties created under IC 32-17-3-1.

5 (b) As used in this section, "joint matrimonial trust" means a single
6 inter vivos trust established under this section by settlors who are
7 ~~related as~~ husband and wife.

8 (c) As used in this section, "matrimonial property" means real
9 property that:

10 (1) is subject to a written election to treat the property as
11 matrimonial property under this section; and

12 (2) is owned by a matrimonial trust.

13 (d) As used in this section, "matrimonial trust" means a trust
14 established under this section to own matrimonial property.

15 (e) As used in this section, "separate matrimonial trust" means a
16 separate trust that is also a matrimonial trust.

17 (f) As used in this section, "separate trust" means a trust established
18 by one (1) individual.

19 (g) A matrimonial trust may be established:

20 (1) jointly by a husband and wife; or

21 (2) in two (2) or more separate trusts.

22 (h) A husband and wife may elect to treat real property as
23 matrimonial property with a written statement of the election:

24 (1) in an instrument or instruments conveying the real property to
25 a matrimonial trust or trusts; or

26 (2) in a separate writing that must be recorded in the county
27 where the real property is situated and indexed in the records of
28 the county recorder's office to the instrument or instruments that
29 convey the real property to a matrimonial trust or trusts.

30 (i) A guardian of a husband or wife may make an election under this
31 section:

32 (1) without the approval of the court if the guardian has unlimited
33 powers under IC 29-3-8-4; and

34 (2) with the approval of the court in all other cases.

35 (j) An attorney in fact of a husband and wife may join in the making
36 of an election under this section under the powers conferred upon the
37 attorney in fact by IC 30-5-5-2 if the power of attorney is recorded in
38 the county where the real property is situated and indexed in the
39 records of the county recorder's office to the instrument or instruments
40 that convey the real property to a matrimonial trust or trusts.

41 (k) The terms of a separate matrimonial trust or a joint matrimonial
42 trust may (but are not required to) restrict the sale or transfer of the

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- 1 matrimonial property for:
- 2 (1) the lifetime of the settlor who dies first;
- 3 (2) the lifetime of the surviving settlor; or
- 4 (3) another defined time period.
- 5 (l) An interest in matrimonial property is not severable during the
- 6 marriage of the husband and wife unless:
- 7 (1) both the husband and wife join in the severance in writing; or
- 8 (2) a third party owns and forecloses a mortgage or other lien
- 9 against the interests of both the husband and wife in the
- 10 matrimonial property.
- 11 (m) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the legal
- 12 rights of a lienholder that exist at the time of an election to treat the real
- 13 property subject to the lien as matrimonial property may not be subject
- 14 to a severance described in subsection (l) without the lienholder's
- 15 written consent.
- 16 (n) To the extent that a matrimonial trust continues to be a
- 17 matrimonial trust after the death of a settlor (as provided by
- 18 subsections ~~(o)~~ **(p)** and ~~(q)~~; **(r)**);
- 19 (1) real property held or owned in a separate trust and for which
- 20 an earlier election was made under this section continues to be
- 21 matrimonial property; and
- 22 (2) an unsecured creditor or judgment lien creditor who has a
- 23 claim only against the deceased settlor but not against the
- 24 surviving settlor cannot enforce that claim against the deceased
- 25 settlor's interest or the surviving settlor's interest in the
- 26 matrimonial property.
- 27 **(o) After the death of a settlor of a matrimonial trust (whether**
- 28 **separate or joint), the issue of whether the surviving settlor's**
- 29 **interest in the matrimonial property will be exposed to the claims**
- 30 **of the surviving settlor's existing creditors or new creditors must**
- 31 **be determined according to:**
- 32 **(1) the nature and extent of the surviving settlor's interest in**
- 33 **the matrimonial property under the terms of the deceased**
- 34 **settlor's separate trust or the joint trust;**
- 35 **(2) all other relevant facts and circumstances; and**
- 36 **(3) pertinent principles of nontrust law outside this article.**
- 37 ~~(o)~~ **(p)** Matrimonial property held in a separate matrimonial trust or
- 38 in a joint matrimonial trust continues to be matrimonial property after
- 39 the death of one (1) settlor:
- 40 (1) if the settlors reserved a life estate in the matrimonial property
- 41 for each settlor when they conveyed the matrimonial property to
- 42 the matrimonial trust or trusts; or

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- 1 (2) if the deceased settlor's separate trust provides to the surviving
- 2 settlor:
- 3 (A) a life estate;
- 4 (B) an interest that qualifies for a deduction from the gross
- 5 estate of the decedent under Section 2056 of the Internal
- 6 Revenue Code regardless of whether an election is made to
- 7 qualify the interest for the deduction; or
- 8 (C) in some respect the current right to occupy or receive rent,
- 9 royalties, or other kinds of income with respect to the
- 10 matrimonial property.
- 11 ~~(p)~~ (q) A separate matrimonial trust established by a deceased
- 12 settlor ceases to be a matrimonial trust upon the termination of
- 13 payments to the surviving settlor as a result of the surviving settlor's
- 14 death or as a result of the surviving settlor's valid disclaimer of all
- 15 interests in the matrimonial property held in the deceased settlor's trust.
- 16 ~~(q)~~ (r) A separate matrimonial trust established by a settlor who
- 17 remains alive continues to be a matrimonial trust during that settlor's
- 18 remaining lifetime, so long as the settlor retains the right to use or
- 19 occupy matrimonial property held in the settlor's separate trust.
- 20 ~~(r)~~ (s) A matrimonial trust ceases to be a matrimonial trust upon the
- 21 dissolution of the marriage of the settlors.
- 22 ~~(s)~~ (t) A husband and wife may revoke a matrimonial trust by
- 23 together executing a writing expressing the revocation.

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COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill 1056, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

STEUERWALD, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 12, nays 0.

COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred House Bill No. 1056, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is made to House Bill 1056 as printed January 15, 2013.)

STEELE, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1056, which is eligible for third reading, be returned to second reading for purposes of amendment.

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SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Engrossed House Bill 1056 be amended to read as follows:

Page 5, line 9, delete "will restrict" and insert "**restricts**".

Page 7, line 10, strike "(ICETS)." and insert "**(SETS or a successor statewide automated support enforcement system)**".

Page 10, line 13, after "one" insert "**(1)**".

(Reference is to EHB 1056 as printed March 15, 2013.)

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