

HOUSE BILL No. 1152

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 33-35-2.

Synopsis: City and town court jurisdiction. Provides that certain city or town courts have jurisdiction over misdemeanors if the judge of the city or town court is an attorney in good standing under the requirements of the Indiana supreme court.

Effective: July 1, 2012.

McClain

January 9, 2012, read first time and referred to Committee on Courts and Criminal Code.

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Second Regular Session 117th General Assembly (2012)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2011 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1152



A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning courts and court officers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 33-35-2-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.55-2010,
2 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3 JULY 1, 2012]: Sec. 3. A city court has the following jurisdiction over
4 crimes, infractions, and ordinance violations:

- 5 (1) Jurisdiction of all violations of the ordinances of the city.
- 6 (2) Jurisdiction of:
 - 7 (A) all misdemeanors **only if the city court is listed in**
 - 8 **IC 33-35-5-7(c); and**
 - 9 (B) all infractions.
- 10 (3) If the city that established the city court has entered into an
- 11 interlocal agreement described in IC 33-35-1-6 with another city
- 12 or a town, jurisdiction of all other ordinance violations described
- 13 in the interlocal agreement.

14 SECTION 2. IC 33-35-2-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.55-2010,
15 SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16 JULY 1, 2012]: Sec. 8. (a) A town court has exclusive jurisdiction of
17 all violations of the ordinances of the town.



- 1 (b) A town court also has jurisdiction of:
- 2 (A) all misdemeanors **only if the town court is listed in**
- 3 **IC 33-35-5-7(c);** and
- 4 **(B)** all infractions.
- 5 (c) If the town that established the town court has entered into an
- 6 interlocal agreement described in IC 33-35-1-6 with a city or another
- 7 town, the town court has jurisdiction of all other ordinance violations
- 8 described in the interlocal agreement.

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