
HOUSE BILL No. 1285

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 6-1.1-10-16.

Synopsis: Property tax exemption for charities. Provides that property is eligible for the property tax exemption if it is owned by an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and occupied and used for its Section 501(c)(3) purpose.

Effective: July 1, 2011.

Smith M

January 12, 2011, read first time and referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

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First Regular Session 117th General Assembly (2011)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2010 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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HOUSE BILL No. 1285



A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1 SECTION 1. IC 6-1.1-10-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.196-2007,
2 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3 JULY 1, 2011]: Sec. 16. (a) All or part of a building is exempt from
4 property taxation if it is owned, occupied, and used by a person for
5 educational, literary, scientific, religious, or charitable purposes. **All or
6 a part of a building owned by an organization described in Section
7 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code is considered to be occupied
8 and used for a charitable purpose, if all or that part of the building
9 is occupied and used for the purposes qualifying the organization
10 for the income tax exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the
11 Internal Revenue Code.**

12 (b) A building is exempt from property taxation if it is owned,
13 occupied, and used by a town, city, township, or county for educational,
14 literary, scientific, fraternal, or charitable purposes.

15 (c) A tract of land, including the campus and athletic grounds of an
16 educational institution, is exempt from property taxation if:

17 (1) a building that is exempt under subsection (a) or (b) is situated



1 on it;

2 (2) a parking lot or structure that serves a building referred to in

3 subdivision (1) is situated on it; or

4 (3) the tract:

5 (A) is owned by a nonprofit entity established for the purpose

6 of retaining and preserving land and water for their natural

7 characteristics;

8 (B) does not exceed five hundred (500) acres; and

9 (C) is not used by the nonprofit entity to make a profit.

10 (d) A tract of land is exempt from property taxation if:

11 (1) it is purchased for the purpose of erecting a building that is to

12 be owned, occupied, and used in such a manner that the building

13 will be exempt under subsection (a) or (b); and

14 (2) not more than four (4) years after the property is purchased,

15 and for each year after the four (4) year period, the owner

16 demonstrates substantial progress and active pursuit towards the

17 erection of the intended building and use of the tract for the

18 exempt purpose. To establish substantial progress and active

19 pursuit under this subdivision, the owner must prove the existence

20 of factors such as the following:

21 (A) Organization of and activity by a building committee or

22 other oversight group.

23 (B) Completion and filing of building plans with the

24 appropriate local government authority.

25 (C) Cash reserves dedicated to the project of a sufficient

26 amount to lead a reasonable individual to believe the actual

27 construction can and will begin within four (4) years.

28 (D) The breaking of ground and the beginning of actual

29 construction.

30 (E) Any other factor that would lead a reasonable individual to

31 believe that construction of the building is an active plan and

32 that the building is capable of being completed within eight (8)

33 years considering the circumstances of the owner.

34 If the owner of the property sells, leases, or otherwise transfers a tract

35 of land that is exempt under this subsection, the owner is liable for the

36 property taxes that were not imposed upon the tract of land during the

37 period beginning January 1 of the fourth year following the purchase

38 of the property and ending on December 31 of the year of the sale,

39 lease, or transfer. The county auditor of the county in which the tract

40 of land is located may establish an installment plan for the repayment

41 of taxes due under this subsection. The plan established by the county

42 auditor may allow the repayment of the taxes over a period of years

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1 equal to the number of years for which property taxes must be repaid
2 under this subsection.

3 (e) Personal property is exempt from property taxation if it is owned
4 and used in such a manner that it would be exempt under subsection (a)
5 or (b) if it were a building.

6 (f) A hospital's property that is exempt from property taxation under
7 subsection (a), (b), or (e) shall remain exempt from property taxation
8 even if the property is used in part to furnish goods or services to
9 another hospital whose property qualifies for exemption under this
10 section.

11 (g) Property owned by a shared hospital services organization that
12 is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) or
13 501(e) of the Internal Revenue Code is exempt from property taxation
14 if it is owned, occupied, and used exclusively to furnish goods or
15 services to a hospital whose property is exempt from property taxation
16 under subsection (a), (b), or (e).

17 (h) This section does not exempt from property tax an office or a
18 practice of a physician or group of physicians that is owned by a
19 hospital licensed under IC 16-21-1 or other property that is not
20 substantially related to or supportive of the inpatient facility of the
21 hospital unless the office, practice, or other property:

- 22 (1) provides or supports the provision of charity care (as defined
23 in IC 16-18-2-52.5), including providing funds or other financial
24 support for health care services for individuals who are indigent
25 (as defined in IC 16-18-2-52.5(b) and IC 16-18-2-52.5(c)); or
26 (2) provides or supports the provision of community benefits (as
27 defined in IC 16-21-9-1), including research, education, or
28 government sponsored indigent health care (as defined in
29 IC 16-21-9-2).

30 However, participation in the Medicaid or Medicare program alone
31 does not entitle an office, practice, or other property described in this
32 subsection to an exemption under this section.

33 (i) A tract of land or a tract of land plus all or part of a structure on
34 the land is exempt from property taxation if:

- 35 (1) the tract is acquired for the purpose of erecting, renovating, or
36 improving a single family residential structure that is to be given
37 away or sold:
38 (A) in a charitable manner;
39 (B) by a nonprofit organization; and
40 (C) to low income individuals who will:
41 (i) use the land as a family residence; and
42 (ii) not have an exemption for the land under this section;

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- 1 (2) the tract does not exceed three (3) acres;
- 2 (3) the tract of land or the tract of land plus all or part of a
- 3 structure on the land is not used for profit while exempt under this
- 4 section; and
- 5 (4) not more than four (4) years after the property is acquired for
- 6 the purpose described in subdivision (1), and for each year after
- 7 the four (4) year period, the owner demonstrates substantial
- 8 progress and active pursuit towards the erection, renovation, or
- 9 improvement of the intended structure. To establish substantial
- 10 progress and active pursuit under this subdivision, the owner must
- 11 prove the existence of factors such as the following:
- 12 (A) Organization of and activity by a building committee or
- 13 other oversight group.
- 14 (B) Completion and filing of building plans with the
- 15 appropriate local government authority.
- 16 (C) Cash reserves dedicated to the project of a sufficient
- 17 amount to lead a reasonable individual to believe the actual
- 18 construction can and will begin within five (5) years of the
- 19 initial exemption received under this subsection.
- 20 (D) The breaking of ground and the beginning of actual
- 21 construction.
- 22 (E) Any other factor that would lead a reasonable individual to
- 23 believe that construction of the structure is an active plan and
- 24 that the structure is capable of being:
 - 25 (i) completed; and
 - 26 (ii) transferred to a low income individual who does not
 - 27 receive an exemption under this section;
 - 28 within eight (8) years considering the circumstances of the
 - 29 owner.
- 30 (j) An exemption under subsection (i) terminates when the property
- 31 is conveyed by the nonprofit organization to another owner. When the
- 32 property is conveyed to another owner, the nonprofit organization
- 33 receiving the exemption must file a certified statement with the auditor
- 34 of the county, notifying the auditor of the change not later than sixty
- 35 (60) days after the date of the conveyance. The county auditor shall
- 36 immediately forward a copy of the certified statement to the county
- 37 assessor. A nonprofit organization that fails to file the statement
- 38 required by this subsection is liable for the amount of property taxes
- 39 due on the property conveyed if it were not for the exemption allowed
- 40 under this chapter.
- 41 (k) If property is granted an exemption in any year under subsection
- 42 (i) and the owner:

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1 (1) ceases to be eligible for the exemption under subsection (i)(4);
 2 (2) fails to transfer the tangible property within eight (8) years
 3 after the assessment date for which the exemption is initially
 4 granted; or
 5 (3) transfers the tangible property to a person who:
 6 (A) is not a low income individual; or
 7 (B) does not use the transferred property as a residence for at
 8 least one (1) year after the property is transferred;
 9 the person receiving the exemption shall notify the county recorder and
 10 the county auditor of the county in which the property is located not
 11 later than sixty (60) days after the event described in subdivision (1),
 12 (2), or (3) occurs. The county auditor shall immediately inform the
 13 county assessor of a notification received under this subsection.
 14 (l) If subsection (k)(1), (k)(2), or (k)(3) applies, the owner shall pay,
 15 not later than the date that the next installment of property taxes is due,
 16 an amount equal to the sum of the following:
 17 (1) The total property taxes that, if it were not for the exemption
 18 under subsection (i), would have been levied on the property in
 19 each year in which an exemption was allowed.
 20 (2) Interest on the property taxes at the rate of ten percent (10%)
 21 per year.
 22 (m) The liability imposed by subsection (l) is a lien upon the
 23 property receiving the exemption under subsection (i). An amount
 24 collected under subsection (l) shall be collected as an excess levy. If
 25 the amount is not paid, it shall be collected in the same manner that
 26 delinquent taxes on real property are collected.
 27 (n) Property referred to in this section shall be assessed to the extent
 28 required under IC 6-1.1-11-9.

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