



Reprinted
February 25, 2010

ENGROSSED
SENATE BILL No. 221

DIGEST OF SB 221 (Updated February 24, 2010 6:20 pm - DI 106)

Citations Affected: IC 9-24; IC 9-30.

Synopsis: Conditions of hardship licenses. Requires a court to impose reasonable monitoring requirements on a person who is issued a restricted driving permit if the person is a habitual traffic violator, and requires a court to impose certain conditions on habitual traffic violators. Provides that a judgment, for purposes of the habitual traffic violator law, includes a judgment from another jurisdiction in which the elements of the offense are substantially similar to the elements of the offense in Indiana. Provides that it is a Class A misdemeanor if a person operates a vehicle or motorized bicycle in violation of a restricted license.

Effective: July 1, 2010.

Wyss, Broden

(HOUSE SPONSORS — VAN HAAFTEN, FOLEY)

January 11, 2010, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters.

January 28, 2010, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.
February 1, 2010, read second time, ordered engrossed. Engrossed.
February 2, 2010, read third time, passed. Yeas 50, nays 0.

HOUSE ACTION

February 8, 2010, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.
February 22, 2010, amended, reported — Do Pass.
February 24, 2010, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.

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Second Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2010)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2009 Regular and Special Sessions of the General Assembly.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL No. 221

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning motor vehicles.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

- 1 SECTION 1. IC 9-24-15-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 3. The following
3 information must be included in a petition filed under section 2 of this
4 chapter:
- 5 (1) The petitioner's age, place of residence, and occupation.
 - 6 (2) That the petitioner has never been convicted of a similar
7 offense or been suspended for a similar reason.
 - 8 (3) The reason and nature of the hardship or burden upon the
9 petitioner's family or dependents.
 - 10 (4) The nature of and the necessity of the use of a motor vehicle
11 in the petitioner's employment.
 - 12 (5) The petitioner's place of employment, hours worked, and route
13 to be traveled for employment purposes.
 - 14 (6) After June 30, 2005, a certified copy of the petitioner's driving
15 record in Indiana and other states in which the petitioner has held
16 driving privileges, including all states in which the petitioner has
17 held a commercial driver's license.

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(7) After June 30, 2005, a verified statement that the petitioner meets eligibility requirements for a restricted license as set forth in section 6.5 of this chapter.

(8) Whether the person is a habitual violator of traffic laws under IC 9-30-10.

SECTION 2. IC 9-24-15-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 6. (a) The court shall, after hearing the evidence upon a petition filed under this chapter and without any requests, make, sign, and file special finding of facts in writing. Except as provided in section 6.5 of this chapter, the court may do either of the following:

- (1) Refuse to grant the petition.
- (2) Make a final determination in the nature of a recommendation to the bureau that the petitioner be granted a restricted driving permit.

The judge of the court shall sign the recommendation and have the recommendation entered in the order book by the clerk of the court, with a copy sent to the bureau.

(b) If the court recommends that a person who is a habitual traffic violator under IC 9-30-10 be granted a restricted driving permit, the court shall require the person to submit to reasonable monitoring requirements.

SECTION 3. IC 9-24-15-6.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2005, SECTION 34, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 6.5. (a) The court shall grant a petition for a restricted driving permit filed under this chapter if all of the following conditions exist:

- (1) The person was not convicted of one (1) or more of the following:
 - (A) A Class D felony under IC 9-30-5-4 before July 1, 1996, or a Class D felony or a Class C felony under IC 9-30-5-4 after June 30, 1996.
 - (B) A Class C felony under IC 9-30-5-5 before July 1, 1996, or a Class C felony or a Class B felony under IC 9-30-5-5 after June 30, 1996.
- (2) The person's driving privileges were suspended under IC 9-30-6-9(c) or IC 35-48-4-15.
- (3) The driving that was the basis of the suspension was not in connection with the person's work.
- (4) The person does not have a previous conviction for operating while intoxicated.
- (5) The person is participating in a rehabilitation program

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1 certified by either the division of mental health and addiction or
 2 the Indiana judicial center as a condition of the person's
 3 probation.

4 (b) The person filing the petition for a restricted driving permit shall
 5 include in the petition the information specified in subsection (a) in
 6 addition to the information required by sections 3 through 4 of this
 7 chapter.

8 (c) Whenever the court grants a person restricted driving privileges
 9 under this chapter, that part of the court's order granting probationary
 10 driving privileges shall not take effect until the person's driving
 11 privileges have been suspended for at least thirty (30) days under
 12 IC 9-30-6-9. In a county that provides for the installation of an ignition
 13 interlock device under IC 9-30-8, installation of an ignition interlock
 14 device is required as a condition of probationary driving privileges for
 15 the entire duration of the probationary driving privileges.

16 (d) If a court requires installation of a certified ignition interlock
 17 device under subsection (c), the court shall order the bureau to record
 18 this requirement in the person's operating record in accordance with
 19 IC 9-14-3-7. When the person is no longer required to operate only a
 20 motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device, the court
 21 shall notify the bureau that the ignition interlock use requirement has
 22 expired and order the bureau to update its records accordingly.

23 **(e) If the court recommends that a person who is a habitual**
 24 **traffic violator under IC 9-30-10 be granted a restricted driving**
 25 **permit, the court shall require the person to submit to reasonable**
 26 **monitoring requirements.**

27 SECTION 4. IC 9-24-15-6.7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.68-2005,
 28 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
 29 JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 6.7. (a) If a petitioner whose driving license or
 30 permit is suspended under IC 9-25-6-19, IC 9-25-6-20, or IC 9-25-6-21
 31 proves to the satisfaction of the court that public transportation is
 32 unavailable for travel by the petitioner:

- 33 (1) to and from the petitioner's regular place of employment;
 34 (2) in the course of the petitioner's regular employment;
 35 (3) to and from the petitioner's place of worship; or
 36 (4) to participate in parenting time with the petitioner's children
 37 consistent with a court order granting parenting time;

38 the court may grant a petition for a restricted driving permit filed under
 39 this chapter.

40 (b) A restricted driving permit issued by the bureau under this
 41 section must specify that the restricted driving permit is valid only for
 42 purposes of driving under the conditions described in subsection (a).

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1 (c) A restricted driving permit issued by the bureau under this
 2 section shall be:
 3 (1) issued in the same manner; and
 4 (2) subject to all requirements;
 5 as other permits under this chapter. **If the court recommends that a**
 6 **person who is a habitual traffic violator under IC 9-30-10 be**
 7 **granted a restricted driving permit, the court shall require the**
 8 **person to submit to reasonable monitoring requirements.**
 9 SECTION 5. IC 9-30-10-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 10 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who has
 11 accumulated at least two (2) judgments within a ten (10) year period
 12 for any of the following violations, singularly or in combination, not
 13 arising out of the same incident, and with at least one (1) violation
 14 occurring after March 31, 1984, is a habitual violator:
 15 (1) Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor
 16 vehicle.
 17 (2) Voluntary or involuntary manslaughter resulting from the
 18 operation of a motor vehicle.
 19 (3) Failure of the driver of a motor vehicle involved in an accident
 20 resulting in death or injury to any person to stop at the scene of
 21 the accident and give the required information and assistance.
 22 (4) Operation of a vehicle while intoxicated resulting in death.
 23 (5) Before July 1, 1997, operation of a vehicle with at least
 24 ten-hundredths percent (0.10%) alcohol in the blood resulting in
 25 death.
 26 (6) After June 30, 1997, and before July 1, 2001, operation of a
 27 vehicle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least
 28 ten-hundredths (0.10) gram of alcohol per:
 29 (A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the blood; or
 30 (B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the breath;
 31 resulting in death.
 32 (7) After June 30, 2001, operation of a vehicle with an alcohol
 33 concentration equivalent to at least eight-hundredths (0.08) gram
 34 of alcohol per:
 35 (A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the blood; or
 36 (B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the breath;
 37 resulting in death.
 38 (b) A person who has accumulated at least three (3) judgments
 39 within a ten (10) year period for any of the following violations,
 40 singularly or in combination, not arising out of the same incident, and
 41 with at least one (1) violation occurring after March 31, 1984, is a
 42 habitual violator:

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- 1 (1) Operation of a vehicle while intoxicated.
- 2 (2) Before July 1, 1997, operation of a vehicle with at least
- 3 ten-hundredths percent (0.10%) alcohol in the blood.
- 4 (3) After June 30, 1997, and before July 1, 2001, operation of a
- 5 vehicle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least
- 6 ten-hundredths (0.10) gram of alcohol per:
- 7 (A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the blood; or
- 8 (B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the breath.
- 9 (4) After June 30, 2001, operation of a vehicle with an alcohol
- 10 concentration equivalent to at least eight-hundredths (0.08) gram
- 11 of alcohol per:
- 12 (A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the blood; or
- 13 (B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the breath.
- 14 (5) Operating a motor vehicle while the person's license to do so
- 15 has been suspended or revoked as a result of the person's
- 16 conviction of an offense under IC 9-1-4-52 (repealed July 1,
- 17 1991), IC 9-24-18-5(b) (repealed July 1, 2000), IC 9-24-19-3, or
- 18 IC 9-24-19-5.
- 19 (6) Operating a motor vehicle without ever having obtained a
- 20 license to do so.
- 21 (7) Reckless driving.
- 22 (8) Criminal recklessness involving the operation of a motor
- 23 vehicle.
- 24 (9) Drag racing or engaging in a speed contest in violation of law.
- 25 (10) Violating IC 9-4-1-40 (repealed July 1, 1991), IC 9-4-1-46
- 26 (repealed July 1, 1991), IC 9-26-1-1(1), IC 9-26-1-1(2),
- 27 IC 9-26-1-1(4), IC 9-26-1-2(1), IC 9-26-1-2(2), IC 9-26-1-3, or
- 28 IC 9-26-1-4.
- 29 (11) Any felony under an Indiana motor vehicle statute or any
- 30 felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle is used.
- 31 A judgment for a violation enumerated in subsection (a) shall be added
- 32 to the violations described in this subsection for the purposes of this
- 33 subsection.
- 34 (c) A person who has accumulated at least ten (10) judgments
- 35 within a ten (10) year period for any traffic violation, except a parking
- 36 or an equipment violation, of the type required to be reported to the
- 37 bureau, singularly or in combination, not arising out of the same
- 38 incident, and with at least one (1) violation occurring after March 31,
- 39 1984, is a habitual violator. However, at least one (1) of the judgments
- 40 must be for a violation enumerated in subsection (a) or (b). A judgment
- 41 for a violation enumerated in subsection (a) or (b) shall be added to the
- 42 judgments described in this subsection for the purposes of this

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1 subsection.

2 **(d) For purposes of this section, a judgment includes a judgment**
3 **in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the offense for**
4 **which the conviction was entered are substantially similar to the**
5 **elements of the offenses described in subsections (a) and (b).**

6 SECTION 6. IC 9-30-10-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
7 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 9. (a) After June 30,
8 2005, this section does not apply to a person who:

- 9 (1) holds a commercial driver's license; and
- 10 (2) has been charged with an offense involving the operation of
- 11 a motor vehicle in accordance with the federal Motor Carrier
- 12 Safety Improvement Act of 1999 (MCSIA) (Public Law
- 13 106-159.113 Stat. 1748).

14 (b) If a court finds that a person:

- 15 (1) is a habitual violator under section 4(c) of this chapter;
- 16 (2) has not been previously placed on probation under this section
- 17 by a court;
- 18 (3) operates a vehicle for commercial or business purposes, and
- 19 the person's mileage for commercial or business purposes:
- 20 (A) is substantially in excess of the mileage of an average
- 21 driver; and
- 22 (B) may have been a factor that contributed to the person's
- 23 poor driving record; and
- 24 (4) does not have:
- 25 (A) a judgment for a violation enumerated in section 4(a) of
- 26 this chapter; or
- 27 (B) at least three (3) judgments (singularly or in combination
- 28 and not arising out of the same incident) of the violations
- 29 enumerated in section 4(b) of this chapter;

30 the court may place the person on probation in accordance with
31 subsection (d).

32 (c) If a court finds that a person:

- 33 (1) is a habitual violator under section 4(b) of this chapter;
- 34 (2) has not been previously placed on probation under this section
- 35 by a court;
- 36 (3) does not have a judgment for any violation listed in section
- 37 4(a) of this chapter;
- 38 (4) has had the person's driving privileges suspended under this
- 39 chapter for at least five (5) consecutive years; and
- 40 (5) has not violated the terms of the person's suspension by
- 41 operating a vehicle;

42 the court may place the person on probation in accordance with

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1 subsection (d). However, if the person has any judgments for operation
 2 of a vehicle before July 1, 2001, while intoxicated or with an alcohol
 3 concentration equivalent to at least ten-hundredths (0.10) gram of
 4 alcohol per one hundred (100) milliliters of the blood or two hundred
 5 ten (210) liters of the breath, or for the operation of a vehicle after June
 6 30, 2001, while intoxicated or with an alcohol concentration equivalent
 7 to at least eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol per one hundred
 8 (100) milliliters of the blood or two hundred ten (210) liters of the
 9 breath, the court, before the court places a person on probation under
 10 subsection (d), must find that the person has successfully fulfilled the
 11 requirements of a rehabilitation program certified by one (1) or both of
 12 the following:

13 (A) The division of mental health and addiction.

14 (B) The Indiana judicial center.

15 (d) Whenever a court places a habitual violator on probation, the
 16 court:

17 (1) shall record each of the court's findings under this section in
 18 writing;

19 (2) shall obtain the person's driver's license or permit and send the
 20 license or permit to the bureau;

21 (3) shall direct the person to apply to the bureau for a restricted
 22 driver's license;

23 (4) shall order the bureau to issue the person an appropriate
 24 license;

25 (5) shall place the person on probation for a fixed period of not
 26 less than three (3) years and not more than ten (10) years;

27 (6) shall attach restrictions to the person's driving privileges,
 28 including restrictions limiting the person's driving to:

29 (A) commercial or business purposes or other employment
 30 related driving;

31 (B) specific purposes in exceptional circumstances; ~~and~~

32 (C) rehabilitation programs; **and**

33 **(D) specified hours during which the person may drive;**

34 **(7) shall require the person to submit to reasonable**
 35 **monitoring requirements;**

36 ~~(7)~~ **(8)** shall order the person to file proof of financial
 37 responsibility for three (3) years following the date of being
 38 placed on probation; and

39 ~~(8)~~ **(9)** may **shall** impose other appropriate conditions of
 40 probation, **which must include one (1) or more of the following**
 41 **conditions if the person was determined to be a habitual**
 42 **violator under IC 9-30-10-4(a)(4) through IC 9-30-10-4(a)(7)**

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or IC 9-30-10-4(b)(1) through IC 9-30-10-4(b)(4), and at least one (1) of the offenses occurred within five (5) years prior to the granting of the probationary or restricted license:

(A) An order prohibiting the person from operating a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least two-hundredths (0.02) gram of alcohol per:

(i) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
(ii) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath; or while under the influence of any other intoxicating substance.

(B) An order that the person submit to a method to monitor the person's compliance with the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least two-hundredths (0.02) gram of alcohol per:

(i) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
(ii) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath; or while intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86).

(C) The court shall determine the appropriate monitoring method, which may include one (1) or more of the following:

- (i) The person may operate only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.
- (ii) The person must submit to a chemical test if a law enforcement officer lawfully stops the person while operating a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle and the law enforcement officer requests that the person submit to a chemical test.
- (iii) The person must wear a device that detects and records the person's use of alcohol.
- (iv) The person must submit to any other reasonable monitoring requirement as determined by the court.

- (e) If a court finds that a person:
 - (1) is a habitual violator under section 4(b) or 4(c) of this chapter;
 - (2) does not have any judgments for violations under section 4(a) of this chapter;
 - (3) does not have any judgments or convictions for violations under section 4(b) of this chapter, except for judgments or convictions under section 4(b)(5) of this chapter that resulted from driving on a suspended license that was suspended for:
 - (A) the commission of infractions only; or

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- 1 (B) previously driving on a suspended license;
- 2 (4) has not been previously placed on probation under this section
- 3 by a court; and
- 4 (5) has had the person's driving privileges suspended under this
- 5 chapter for at least three (3) consecutive years and has not
- 6 violated the terms of the person's suspension by operating a
- 7 vehicle for at least three (3) consecutive years;

8 the court may place the person on probation under subsection (d).

9 SECTION 7. IC 9-30-10-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
10 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 13. (a) The bureau may
11 issue a license to operate a motor vehicle to a habitual violator whose
12 driving privileges are suspended under section 5(b) of this chapter if
13 the following conditions exist:

- 14 (1) The time specified for the person's probation or the restriction
- 15 or suspension of the person's license has elapsed.
- 16 (2) The person has met all the requirements of all applicable
- 17 statutes and rules relating to the licensing of motor vehicle
- 18 operators.
- 19 (3) The person files with the bureau and maintains for three (3)
- 20 years after filing proof of financial responsibility in accordance
- 21 with IC 9-25.

22 **(4) The bureau places a restriction on the person's driver's**
23 **license and driving record that indicates the person is**
24 **prohibited from operating a motor vehicle or motorized**
25 **bicycle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least**
26 **two-hundredths (0.02) gram of alcohol per:**

- 27 (A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
- 28 (B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
- 29 or while intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86) for three
- 30 (3) years after the bureau issues the driver's license to the
- 31 person.

32 **(5) The person signs a bureau form by which the person**
33 **agrees that as a condition to obtaining the driver's license the**
34 **person will submit to a chemical test at any time during the**
35 **period three (3) years after the bureau issues the driver's**
36 **license to the person if a law enforcement officer lawfully**
37 **stops the person while operating a motor vehicle or motorized**
38 **bicycle and the law enforcement officer requests that the**
39 **person submit to a chemical test.**

40 (b) The bureau may issue a license to operate a motor vehicle to a
41 habitual violator whose driving privileges have been suspended for life
42 if the following conditions exist:

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(1) The bureau has received an order for rescission of suspension and reinstatement issued under section 15 of this chapter.

(2) The person to whom the license is to be issued has never been convicted of a violation described in section 4(a) or 17 of this chapter.

(3) The person has not been convicted of an offense under section 16 of this chapter more than one (1) time.

(4) The person has met all the requirements of all applicable statutes and rules relating to the licensing of motor vehicle operators.

(5) The person files with the bureau, and maintains for three (3) years after filing proof of financial responsibility in accordance with IC 9-25.

(6) The bureau places a restriction on the person's driver's license and driving record that indicates the person is prohibited from operating a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least two-hundredths (0.02) gram of alcohol per:

(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or

(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;

or while intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86) for three (3) years after the bureau issues the driver's license to the person.

(7) The person signs a bureau form by which the person agrees that as a condition to obtaining the driver's license the person will submit to a chemical test at any time during the period three (3) years after the bureau issues the driver's license to the person if a law enforcement officer lawfully stops the person while operating a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle and the law enforcement officer requests that the person submit to a chemical test.

(c) A habitual violator is not eligible for relief under the hardship provisions of IC 9-24-15.

SECTION 8. IC 9-30-10-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 15. (a) Upon receiving a petition filed under section 14 of this chapter, a court shall set a date for hearing the matter and direct the clerk of the court to provide notice of the hearing date to the following:

(1) The petitioner.

(2) The prosecuting attorney of the county where the petitioner resides.

(3) The bureau.

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1 (b) A court may order the rescission of the order that required the
 2 suspension of the petitioner's driving privileges for life and may order
 3 the bureau to reinstate the driving privileges of a petitioner whose
 4 driving privileges have been suspended for life if, after the hearing of
 5 the matter, the court makes the following written findings and
 6 conclusions, based on clear and convincing evidence:

7 (1) That the petitioner has never been convicted of a violation
 8 described in section 4(a) of this chapter.

9 (2) That the petitioner has never been convicted of an offense
 10 under section 17 of this chapter.

11 (3) That the petitioner has not been convicted of an offense under
 12 section 16 of this chapter more than one (1) time.

13 (4) If the person is petitioning the court under section 14(a) of this
 14 chapter that ten (10) years have elapsed since the date on which
 15 an order was issued that required the suspension of the petitioner's
 16 driving privileges for life.

17 (5) That there has been a substantial change in the petitioner's
 18 circumstances indicating the petitioner would no longer pose a
 19 risk to the safety of others if the petitioner's driving privileges
 20 were reinstated.

21 (6) That there has been a substantial change in the petitioner's
 22 circumstances indicating that the suspension of the petitioner's
 23 driving privileges for life has become unreasonable.

24 (7) That it is in the best interests of society for the petitioner's
 25 driving privileges to be reinstated.

26 (8) If the person is petitioning the court under section 14(e) of this
 27 chapter:

28 (A) that three (3) years have elapsed since the date the order
 29 was issued that required the suspension of the petitioner's
 30 driving privileges for life; and

31 (B) that the conditions listed under section 14(e) of this
 32 chapter are satisfied.

33 (c) The petitioner has the burden of proof under this section and an
 34 order issued under subsection (b) is a final order, appealable by any
 35 party to the action.

36 (d) In an order for reinstatement of driving privileges issued under
 37 this section, the court may require the bureau to issue to the prevailing
 38 petitioner:

39 (1) a license to operate a motor vehicle under section 13(b) of this
 40 chapter; or

41 (2) a restricted driving license for a time and subject to conditions
 42 specified by the court, **which must include one (1) or more of**

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the following conditions if the person was determined to be a habitual violator under IC 9-30-10-4(a)(4) through IC 9-30-10-4(a)(7) or IC 9-30-10-4(b)(1) through IC 9-30-10-4(b)(4), and at least one (1) of the offenses occurred within five (5) years prior to the granting of the probationary or restricted license:

- (A) Specified hours during which the person may drive.
- (B) An order prohibiting the person from operating a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least two-hundredths (0.02) gram of alcohol per:
 - (i) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
 - (ii) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
 or while intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86).
- (C) An order that the person submit to a method to monitor the person's compliance with the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least two-hundredths (0.02) gram of alcohol per:
 - (i) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or
 - (ii) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;
 or while intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86).
- (D) The court shall determine the appropriate monitoring method, which may include one (1) or more of the following:
 - (i) The person may operate only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.
 - (ii) The person must submit to a chemical test if a law enforcement officer lawfully stops the person while operating a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle and the law enforcement officer requests that the person submit to a chemical test.
 - (iii) The person must wear a device that detects and records the person's use of alcohol.
 - (iv) The person must submit to any other reasonable monitoring requirement as determined by the court.

(e) If a court orders the bureau to issue a restricted driving license to a petitioner under subsection (d), the court shall specify the conditions under which the petitioner may be issued a license to operate a motor vehicle under section 13(b) of this chapter. After the expiration date of the restricted license and upon:

- (1) fulfillment by the petitioner of the conditions specified by the

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1 court; and
 2 (2) the expiration of the restricted license issued under subsection
 3 (d)(2);
 4 the bureau shall issue to the petitioner a license to operate a motor
 5 vehicle under section 13(b) of this chapter.

6 SECTION 9. IC 9-30-10-17.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
 7 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
 8 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: **Sec. 17.5. A person who operates a**
 9 **vehicle or motorized bicycle in violation of conditions of a**
 10 **restricted license ordered by a court under IC 9-30-10-9(d)(9) or**
 11 **IC 9-30-10-15(d)(2) commits a Class A misdemeanor.**

12 SECTION 10. IC 9-30-10-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
 13 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 18. In a criminal action
 14 brought under section 16, ~~or~~ 17, **or 17.5** of this chapter, it is a defense
 15 that the operation of a motor vehicle **or motorized bicycle** was
 16 necessary to save life or limb in an extreme emergency. The defendant
 17 must bear the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence to
 18 establish this defense.

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COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 221, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 6, line 2, delete "conditions:" and insert "**conditions if at least two (2) of the offenses for which the person was found to be a habitual traffic violator involved the operation of a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle while intoxicated, and at least one (1) of the offenses involving the operation of a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle while intoxicated occurred within the previous five (5) years:**".

Page 6, line 4, after "bicycle" insert "**with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least one-hundredths (0.01) gram of alcohol per:**

- (i) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or**
 - (ii) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;**
- or"**.

Page 6, line 5, delete "alcohol or".

Page 6, line 8, after "bicycle" insert "**with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least one-hundredths (0.01) gram of alcohol per:**

- (i) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or**
 - (ii) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;**
- or"**.

Page 6, line 9, delete "alcohol or".

Page 6, line 15, delete "certified".

Page 6, line 19, delete "certified".

Page 6, line 19, delete "to determine if the person was" and insert ".".

Page 6, delete lines 20 through 21.

Page 6, line 23, delete "Information obtained".

Page 6, delete lines 24 through 29, begin a new line triple block indented, and insert:

"(iv) The person must submit to any other reasonable monitoring requirement as determined by the court."

Page 7, line 21, after "bicycle" insert "**with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least one-hundredths (0.01) gram of alcohol per:**

- (A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or**
 - (B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;**
- or"**.

Page 7, line 21, delete "alcohol or".

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Page 7, line 26, delete "certified".

Page 7, line 31, delete "certified".

Page 7, line 31, after "test" delete "to" and insert ".".

Page 7, delete lines 32 through 34.

Page 8, line 12, after "bicycle" insert **"with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least one-hundredths (0.01) gram of alcohol per:**

(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or

(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;

or".

Page 8, line 12, delete "alcohol or".

Page 8, line 17, delete "certified".

Page 8, line 22, delete "certified".

Page 8, line 22, after "test" delete "to" and insert ".".

Page 8, delete lines 23 through 25.

Page 9, line 37, delete "conditions:" and insert **"conditions if at least two (2) of the offenses for which the person's license was suspended involved the operation of a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle while intoxicated, and at least one (1) of the offenses involving the operation of a motor vehicle or motorized bicycle while intoxicated occurred within the previous five (5) years:"**.

Page 9, line 40, after "bicycle" insert **"with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least one-hundredths (0.01) gram of alcohol per:**

(i) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or

(ii) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;

or".

Page 9, line 41, delete "alcohol or".

Page 10, line 2, after "bicycle" insert **"with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least one-hundredths (0.01) gram of alcohol per:**

(i) one hundred (100) milliliters of the person's blood; or

(ii) two hundred ten (210) liters of the person's breath;

or".

Page 10, line 3, delete "alcohol or".

Page 10, line 9, delete "certified".

Page 10, line 13, delete "certified".

Page 10, line 13, delete "to determine if the person was" and insert ".".

Page 10, delete lines 14 through 15.

Page 10, line 17, delete "Information obtained".

Page 10, delete lines 18 through 23, begin a new line triple block

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indented and insert:

"(iv) The person must submit to any other reasonable monitoring requirement as determined by the court."

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 221 as introduced.)

STEELE, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 11, Nays 0.



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill 221, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 6, line 10, delete "one-hundredths (0.01)" and insert **"two-hundredths (0.02)"**.

Page 6, line 20, delete "one-hundredths (0.01)" and insert **"two-hundredths (0.02)"**.

Page 7, line 30, delete "one-hundredths (0.01)" and insert **"two-hundredths (0.02)"**.

Page 8, line 22, delete "one-hundredths (0.01)" and insert **"two-hundredths (0.02)"**.

Page 10, line 14, delete "one-hundredths (0.01)" and insert **"two-hundredths (0.02)"**.

Page 10, line 24, delete "one-hundredths (0.01)" and insert **"two-hundredths (0.02)"**.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 221 as printed January 29, 2010.)

LAWSON L, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 12, nays 0.

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HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that Engrossed Senate Bill 221 be amended to read as follows:

Page 4, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 5. IC 9-30-10-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 4. (a) A person who has accumulated at least two (2) judgments within a ten (10) year period for any of the following violations, singularly or in combination, not arising out of the same incident, and with at least one (1) violation occurring after March 31, 1984, is a habitual violator:

- (1) Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle.
- (2) Voluntary or involuntary manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle.
- (3) Failure of the driver of a motor vehicle involved in an accident resulting in death or injury to any person to stop at the scene of the accident and give the required information and assistance.
- (4) Operation of a vehicle while intoxicated resulting in death.
- (5) Before July 1, 1997, operation of a vehicle with at least ten-hundredths percent (0.10%) alcohol in the blood resulting in death.
- (6) After June 30, 1997, and before July 1, 2001, operation of a vehicle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least ten-hundredths (0.10) gram of alcohol per:
 - (A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the blood; or
 - (B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the breath;
 resulting in death.
- (7) After June 30, 2001, operation of a vehicle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol per:
 - (A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the blood; or
 - (B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the breath;
 resulting in death.

(b) A person who has accumulated at least three (3) judgments within a ten (10) year period for any of the following violations, singularly or in combination, not arising out of the same incident, and with at least one (1) violation occurring after March 31, 1984, is a habitual violator:

- (1) Operation of a vehicle while intoxicated.
- (2) Before July 1, 1997, operation of a vehicle with at least ten-hundredths percent (0.10%) alcohol in the blood.

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(3) After June 30, 1997, and before July 1, 2001, operation of a vehicle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least ten-hundredths (0.10) gram of alcohol per:

(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the blood; or

(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the breath.

(4) After June 30, 2001, operation of a vehicle with an alcohol concentration equivalent to at least eight-hundredths (0.08) gram of alcohol per:

(A) one hundred (100) milliliters of the blood; or

(B) two hundred ten (210) liters of the breath.

(5) Operating a motor vehicle while the person's license to do so has been suspended or revoked as a result of the person's conviction of an offense under IC 9-1-4-52 (repealed July 1, 1991), IC 9-24-18-5(b) (repealed July 1, 2000), IC 9-24-19-3, or IC 9-24-19-5.

(6) Operating a motor vehicle without ever having obtained a license to do so.

(7) Reckless driving.

(8) Criminal recklessness involving the operation of a motor vehicle.

(9) Drag racing or engaging in a speed contest in violation of law.

(10) Violating IC 9-4-1-40 (repealed July 1, 1991), IC 9-4-1-46 (repealed July 1, 1991), IC 9-26-1-1(1), IC 9-26-1-1(2), IC 9-26-1-1(4), IC 9-26-1-2(1), IC 9-26-1-2(2), IC 9-26-1-3, or IC 9-26-1-4.

(11) Any felony under an Indiana motor vehicle statute or any felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle is used.

A judgment for a violation enumerated in subsection (a) shall be added to the violations described in this subsection for the purposes of this subsection.

(c) A person who has accumulated at least ten (10) judgments within a ten (10) year period for any traffic violation, except a parking or an equipment violation, of the type required to be reported to the bureau, singularly or in combination, not arising out of the same incident, and with at least one (1) violation occurring after March 31, 1984, is a habitual violator. However, at least one (1) of the judgments must be for a violation enumerated in subsection (a) or (b). A judgment for a violation enumerated in subsection (a) or (b) shall be added to the judgments described in this subsection for the purposes of this subsection.

(d) For purposes of this section, a judgment includes a judgment in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the offense for

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which the conviction was entered are substantially similar to the elements of the offenses described in subsections (a) and (b)."

Page 6, line 2, delete "at least two (2) of the offenses for which the" and insert **"the person was determined to be a habitual violator under IC 9-30-10-4(a)(4) through IC 9-30-10-4(a)(7) or IC 9-30-10-4(b)(1) through IC 9-30-10-4(b)(4), and at least one (1) of the offenses occurred within five (5) years prior to the granting of the probationary or restricted license:"**.

Page 6, delete lines 3 through 7.

Page 6, line 23, delete "under the influence of any other intoxicating" and insert **"intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86)."**

Page 6, line 24, delete "substance.", begin a new line double block indented and insert:

"(C)".

Page 7, line 33, delete "under the influence of any other intoxicating" and insert **"intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86)".**

Page 7, line 34, delete "substance".

Page 8, line 25, delete "under the influence of any other intoxicating" and insert **"intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86)".**

Page 8, line 26, delete "substance".

Page 10, line 5, delete "at least two (2) of the offenses for" and insert **"the person was determined to be a habitual violator under IC 9-30-10-4(a)(4) through IC 9-30-10-4(a)(7) or IC 9-30-10-4(b)(1) through IC 9-30-10-4(b)(4), and at least one (1) of the offenses occurred within five (5) years prior to the granting of the probationary or restricted license:"**.

Page 10, delete lines 6 through 10.

Page 10, line 18, delete "under the influence of any other intoxicating" and insert **"intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86)."**

Page 10, delete line 19.

Page 10, line 27, delete "under the influence of any other intoxicating" and insert **"intoxicated (as defined under IC 9-13-2-86)."**

Page 10, line 28, delete "substance.", begin a new line double block indented and insert:

"(D)".

Page 11, after line 10, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 9. IC 9-30-10-17.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

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CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: **Sec. 17.5. A person who operates a vehicle or motorized bicycle in violation of conditions of a restricted license ordered by a court under IC 9-30-10-9(d)(9) or IC 9-30-10-15(d)(2) commits a Class A misdemeanor.**

SECTION 10. IC 9-30-10-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2010]: Sec. 18. In a criminal action brought under section 16, ~~or~~ 17, **or 17.5** of this chapter, it is a defense that the operation of a motor vehicle **or motorized bicycle** was necessary to save life or limb in an extreme emergency. The defendant must bear the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence to establish this defense."

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to ESB 221 as printed February 22, 2010.)

VAN HAAFTEN

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