CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
DIGEST FOR EHB 1835

Citations Affected: IC 4-22-2-37.1; IC 4-31; IC 4-33; IC 4-35; IC 6-1.1-4-39.5; IC 6-8.1-1-1; IC 7.1-3; IC 7.1-5-5-7; IC 35-45-5.

Synopsis: Gaming. Provides that the horse racing commission shall require at least 140 but not more than 165 live racing days at each racetrack. Provides that a permit holder may not conduct more than 14 races on a racing day. Authorizes slot machines at racetracks. Provides that a licensee may not install more than 2,000 slot machines without the approval of the Indiana gaming commission (commission). Limits a permit holder who offers slot machines to the number of satellite facility licenses issued to the permit holder before January 1, 2007. Specifies certain powers and duties of the commission for the purpose of administering, regulating, and enforcing the system of slot machine gambling at racetracks. Provides that a license is null and void if the licensee fails to obtain and maintain a horse racing permit and satisfy the racing requirements of the horse racing law. Requires from each licensee an initial licensing fee of $250,000,000 payable in two annual installments. Requires the commission to deposit the initial licensing fees into the property tax reduction trust fund. Imposes a graduated slot machine wagering tax equal to: (1) 25% of the first $100,000,000 of adjusted gross receipts received during the state fiscal year; (2) 30% of the adjusted gross receipts in excess of $100,000,000 but not exceeding $200,000,000 received during the state fiscal year; and (3) 35% of the adjusted gross receipts in excess of $200,000,000 received during the state fiscal year. Provides that all slot machine wagering taxes are deposited into the property tax reduction trust fund. Imposes a 3% county slot machine wagering fee on a licensee that offers slot machine wagering. Provides that a licensee is not required to pay more than $8,000,000 of fees in any state fiscal year. Provides that the fees are distributed to the county auditor of the county in which the licensee's racetrack is located for distribution to the county and cities and towns in the county. Requires a licensee that offers slot machine wagering to annually pay to the commission a gaming integrity fee of $250,000. Provides that in state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2007, and ending before July 1, 2012, a licensee that offers slot machine wagering shall pay to the commission a supplemental fee equal to 1% of the adjusted gross receipts received from slot machine wagering. Provides that the supplemental fees are distributed to each licensed owner or operating agent that commences gaming operations with respect to an initial owner's license or the initial term of an operating agent contract after June 30, 2006. Requires a licensee in each state fiscal year to devote to horse racing purses and certain other purposes an amount equal to the lesser of 15% of the adjusted gross receipts from slot machine wagering or $85,000,000 plus inflation. Specifies the distribution of this money. Specifies that beginning with the first year in which slot machine wagering is allowed, the riverboat admissions tax revenue otherwise distributed to the

Indiana horse racing commission is reduced each state fiscal year by the 15% of adjusted gross receipts that is dedicated to purses, breed development, and horsemen's associations. Provides that the first $250,000 (from each racetrack) from the 15% of adjusted gross receipts is to be deposited in the gaming integrity fund. Provides that money distributed to a horsemen's association may not be expended unless the expenditure is for the purposes specified in statute and is either for a purpose promoting the equine industry or equine welfare or is for a benevolent purpose that is in the best interests of horse racing in Indiana. Requires a horsemen's association to: (1) annually file a report with the Indiana horse racing commission concerning the use of the money; and (2) register with the Indiana horse racing commission. Allows a slot machine facility to be licensed under the alcoholic beverage laws under the same conditions as a riverboat. Provides that the commission shall establish goals for permit holders concerning contracts for goods and services with minority business enterprises and women's business enterprises. Requires these goals to be equal to goals set by the commission for riverboat gaming licensees. Requires a licensee that offers slot machine wagering at racetracks to annually pay to the division of mental health and addiction a problem gambling fee equal to $500,000 for each racetrack at which the licensee offers slot machine wagering. Specifies the five counties in which a riverboat is currently operating as the Ohio River counties for which a riverboat owner's license may be issued. Provides that a person holding a riverboat owner's license may not move the person's riverboat from the county in which the riverboat was docked on January 1, 2007. Provides that the commission may by rule determine the point at which a person is considered to be admitted to a gambling excursion or admitted to a riverboat, for purposes of collecting the riverboat admissions tax. Increases the riverboat wagering tax rate on adjusted gross receipts exceeding $600,000,000 to 40%. Prohibits local development agreements between the permit holders who operate slot machine facilities and political subdivisions. Provides alternative assessment methodologies for riverboats. Makes other changes. **(This conference committee report: (1) increases the maximum number of racing days and the maximum number of daily races; (2) reduces the initial license fee for a license to offer slot machines at a racetrack from $400,000,000 to $250,000,000; (3) provides that $150,000,000 of the fee is due in 2007 and $100,000,000 is due in 2008; (4) removes provisions concerning the propulsion of riverboats (5) replaces the prohibition on the movement of Ohio River riverboats with a provision prohibiting all riverboats from moving out of their dock county; (6) increases the riverboat wagering tax rate on adjusted gross receipts exceeding $600,000,000 to 40%; (7) amends the transfer fee for a slot machine license; (8) increases the county slot machine wagering fee from 2% to 3% and its cap from $5,000,000 to $8,000,000; (9) specifies the circumstances under which a slot machine license may be transferred in the initial 5 (rather than 10 year holding period); (10) reduces the dining capacity for satellite facilities from 400 to 200; (11) changes the definition of gambling game for purposes of the riverboat law; (12) permits 2,000 rather than 1,500 slot machines at a racetrack; (13) requires commission approval of additional slot machines; (14) requires a minimum investment of $100,000,000 in a slot machine facility; (15) establishes the property tax reduction trust fund for the deposit of various revenue streams; (16) removes provision eliminating the riverboat wagering tax add back; (17) removes antique slot machine possession provision; (18) removes provision requiring all members of a horsemen's association to be licensed; (19) provides alternative assessment methodologies for riverboats; (20) removes county ordinance requirement for the operation of a slot machine facility; (21) imposes caps on the amount of money dedicated to certain racing purposes; and (22) makes technical corrections.)**

Effective: Upon passage; March 1, 2006 (retroactive); July 1, 2007.

Adopted Rejected

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. SPEAKER:

Your Conference Committee appointed to confer with a like committee from the Senate upon Engrossed Senate Amendments to Engrossed House Bill No. 1835 respectfully reports that said two committees have conferred and agreed as follows to wit:

that the House recede from its dissent from all Senate amendments and that the House now concur in all Senate amendments to the bill and that the bill be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. IC 4-22-2-37.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.47-2006, SECTION 2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.91-2006, SECTION 2, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2006, SECTION 12, IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 37.1. (a) This section applies to a rulemaking action resulting in any of the following rules:

(1) An order adopted by the commissioner of the Indiana department of transportation under IC 9-20-1-3(d) or IC 9-21-4-7(a) and designated by the commissioner as an emergency rule.

(2) An action taken by the director of the department of natural resources under IC 14-22-2-6(d) or IC 14-22-6-13.

(3) An emergency temporary standard adopted by the occupational safety standards commission under IC 22-8-1.1-16.1.

(4) An emergency rule adopted by the solid waste management board under IC 13-22-2-3 and classifying a waste as hazardous.

(5) A rule, other than a rule described in subdivision (6), adopted by the department of financial institutions under IC 24-4.5-6-107 and declared necessary to meet an emergency.

(6) A rule required under IC 24-4.5-1-106 that is adopted by the department of financial institutions and declared necessary to meet an emergency under IC 24-4.5-6-107.

(7) A rule adopted by the Indiana utility regulatory commission to address an emergency under IC 8-1-2-113.

(8) An emergency rule adopted by the state lottery commission under IC 4-30-3-9.

(9) A rule adopted under IC 16-19-3-5 that the executive board of the state department of health declares is necessary to meet an emergency.

(10) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana finance authority under IC 8-21-12.

(11) An emergency rule adopted by the insurance commissioner under IC 27-1-23-7.

(12) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31-3-9.

(13) An emergency rule adopted by the air pollution control board, the solid waste management board, or the water pollution control board under IC 13-15-4-10(4) or to comply with a deadline required by federal law, provided:

(A) the variance procedures are included in the rules; and

(B) permits or licenses granted during the period the emergency rule is in effect are reviewed after the emergency rule expires.

(14) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana election commission under IC 3-6-4.1-14.

(15) An emergency rule adopted by the department of natural resources under IC 14-10-2-5.

(16) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana gaming commission under *IC 4-32.2-3-3(b),* IC 4-33-4-2, IC 4-33-4-3, ~~or~~ IC 4-33-4-14, **or IC 4-35-4-2.**

(17) An emergency rule adopted by the alcohol and tobacco commission under IC 7.1-3-17.5, IC 7.1-3-17.7, or IC 7.1-3-20-24.4.

(18) An emergency rule adopted by the department of financial institutions under IC 28-15-11.

(19) An emergency rule adopted by the office of the secretary of family and social services under IC 12-8-1-12.

(20) An emergency rule adopted by the office of the children's health insurance program under IC 12-17.6-2-11.

(21) An emergency rule adopted by the office of Medicaid policy and planning under IC 12-15-41-15.

(22) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana state board of animal health under IC 15-2.1-18-21.

(23) An emergency rule adopted by the board of directors of the Indiana education savings authority under IC 21-9-4-7.

(24) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana board of tax review under IC 6-1.1-4-34 **(repealed).**

(25) An emergency rule adopted by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-4-33 **(repealed).**

(26) An emergency rule adopted by the boiler and pressure vessel rules board under IC 22-13-2-8(c).

(27) An emergency rule adopted by the Indiana board of tax review under IC 6-1.1-4-37(l) **(repealed)** or an emergency rule adopted by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-4-36(j) **(repealed)** or IC 6-1.1-22.5-20.

(28) An emergency rule adopted by the board of the Indiana economic development corporation under IC 5-28-5-8.

(29) A rule adopted by the department of financial institutions under IC 34-55-10-2.5.

(30) A rule adopted by the Indiana finance authority:

(A) under IC 8-15.5-7 approving user fees (as defined in IC 8-15.5-2-10) provided for in a public-private agreement under IC 8-15.5;

(B) under IC 8-15-2-17.2(a)(10):

(i) establishing enforcement procedures; and

(ii) making assessments for failure to pay required tolls;

(C) under IC 8-15-2-14(a)(3) authorizing the use of and establishing procedures for the implementation of the collection of user fees by electronic or other nonmanual means; or

(D) to make other changes to existing rules related to a toll road project to accommodate the provisions of a public-private agreement under IC 8-15.5.

(b) The following do not apply to rules described in subsection (a):

(1) Sections 24 through 36 of this chapter.

(2) IC 13-14-9.

(c) After a rule described in subsection (a) has been adopted by the agency, the agency shall submit the rule to the publisher for the assignment of a document control number. The agency shall submit the rule in the form required by section 20 of this chapter and with the documents required by section 21 of this chapter. The publisher shall determine the ~~*number of copies*~~ *format* of the rule and other documents to be submitted under this subsection.

(d) After the document control number has been assigned, the agency shall submit the rule to the ~~*secretary of state*~~ *publisher* for filing. The agency shall submit the rule in the form required by section 20 of this chapter and with the documents required by section 21 of this chapter. The ~~*secretary of state*~~ *publisher* shall determine the ~~*number of copies*~~ *format* of the rule and other documents to be submitted under this subsection.

(e) Subject to section 39 of this chapter, the ~~*secretary of state*~~ *publisher* shall:

(1) accept the rule for filing; and

(2) ~~*file stamp and indicate*~~ *electronically record* the date and time that the rule is accepted. ~~*on every duplicate original copy submitted.*~~

(f) A rule described in subsection (a) takes effect on the latest of the following dates:

(1) The effective date of the statute delegating authority to the agency to adopt the rule.

(2) The date and time that the rule is accepted for filing under subsection (e).

(3) The effective date stated by the adopting agency in the rule.

(4) The date of compliance with every requirement established by law as a prerequisite to the adoption or effectiveness of the rule.

(g) Subject to subsection (h), IC 14-10-2-5, IC 14-22-2-6,

IC 22-8-1.1-16.1, and IC 22-13-2-8(c), and except as provided in subsections (j), ~~and~~ (k), *and (l),* a rule adopted under this section expires not later than ninety (90) days after the rule is accepted for filing under subsection (e). Except for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(13), (a)(24), (a)(25), or (a)(27), the rule may be extended by adopting another rule under this section, but only for one (1) extension period. The extension period for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(28) may not exceed the period for which the original rule was in effect. A rule adopted under subsection (a)(13) may be extended for two (2) extension periods. Subject to subsection (j), a rule adopted under subsection (a)(24), (a)(25), or (a)(27) may be extended for an unlimited number of extension periods. Except for a rule adopted under subsection (a)(13), for a rule adopted under this section to be effective after one (1) extension period, the rule must be adopted under:

(1) sections 24 through 36 of this chapter; or

(2) IC 13-14-9;

as applicable.

(h) A rule described in subsection (a)(6), (a)(8), (a)(12), or (a)(29) expires on the earlier of the following dates:

(1) The expiration date stated by the adopting agency in the rule.

(2) The date that the rule is amended or repealed by a later rule adopted under sections 24 through 36 of this chapter or this section.

(i) This section may not be used to readopt a rule under IC 4-22-2.5.

(j) A rule described in subsection (a)(24) or (a)(25) expires not later than January 1, 2006.

(k) A rule described in subsection (a)(28) expires on the expiration date stated by the board of the Indiana economic development corporation in the rule.

(l) A rule described in subsection (a)(30) expires on the expiration date stated by the Indiana finance authority in the rule.

SECTION 2. IC 4-31-2-10.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 10.5. "Live racing day" means a day on which at least eight (8) live horse races are conducted.**

SECTION 3. IC 4-31-2-20.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 20.7. "Slot machine" refers to a type of electronic gaming device approved by the Indiana gaming commission for wagering under IC 4-35.**

SECTION 4. IC 4-31-4-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A county fiscal body may adopt an ordinance permitting the filing of applications under IC 4-31-5 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering on horse races at racetracks in the county. However, before adopting the ordinance, the county fiscal body must:

(1) conduct a public hearing on the proposed ordinance; and

(2) publish notice of the public hearing in the manner prescribed by IC 5-3-1.

(b) The county fiscal body may:

(1) require in the ordinance adopted by the county fiscal body that

before applications under IC 4-31-5 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering on horse races at racetracks in the county may be filed, the voters of the county must approve the conducting of horse racing meetings in the county under section 3 of this chapter; or

(2) amend an ordinance already adopted by the county fiscal body to require that before applications under IC 4-31-5 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering on horse races at racetracks in the county may be filed, the voters of the county must approve the conducting of horse racing meetings in the county under section 3 of this chapter.

An ordinance adopted under this section may not be amended to apply to a person who has already been issued a permit under IC 4-31-5 before amendment of the ordinance.

(c) An ordinance adopted under this section authorizing a person to conduct pari-mutuel wagering on horse races at racetracks in the county may not be adopted or amended in a manner that restricts a person's ability to conduct gambling games under IC 4-35.

SECTION 5. IC 4-31-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) A person may not conduct, assist, or aid or abet in conducting a horse racing meeting in which the pari-mutuel system of wagering is permitted unless that person secures a recognized meeting permit under this chapter.

(b) The commission may not issue a recognized meeting permit for:

(1) an activity other than horse racing meetings; or

(2) horse racing meetings conducted at:

(A) the state fairgrounds during a state fair; or

(B) a county fairgrounds.

However, subdivision (2) does not prohibit the commission from issuing a recognized meeting permit for races to be conducted at the state fairgrounds at times when a fair is not in session.

(c) The commission may not issue more than two (2) recognized meeting permits under this chapter.

SECTION 6. IC 4-31-5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. **(a)** The commission shall determine the dates and **(if the commission adopts a rule under subsection (c))** the number of racing days authorized under each recognized meeting permit. Except for racing at winterized tracks, a recognized meeting may not be conducted after December 10 of a calendar year.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the commission shall require at least one hundred forty (140) but not more than one hundred sixty-five (165) live racing days each calendar year at the racetrack designated in a permit holder's permit, as follows:

(1) At least eighty (80) but not more than ninety (90) live racing days must be for standardbreds.

(2) At least sixty (60) but not more than seventy-five (75) live racing days must be for horses that are:

(A) mounted by jockeys; and

(B) run on a course without jumps or obstacles.

The requirements of this subsection are a continuing condition for

maintaining the permit holder's permit. However, the requirements do not apply if the commission determines that the permit holder is prevented from conducting live horse racing as a result of a natural disaster or another event over which the permit holder has no control.

(c) The commission may by rule adjust any of the following:

(1) The total required number of live racing days under subsection (b).

(2) The number of live racing days required under subsection (b)(1).

(3) The number of live racing days required under subsection (b)(2).

(d) A permit holder may not conduct more than fourteen (14) races on a particular racing day.

SECTION 7. IC 4-31-5.5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. (a) As used in this section, "live racing day" means a day on which at least eight (8) live horse races are conducted.

(b) The commission's authority to issue satellite facility licenses is subject to the following conditions:

(1) **Except as provided in subsection (c),** the commission may issue four (4) satellite facility licenses to each permit holder that

~~(A) conducts at least one hundred twenty (120) live racing days per year at the racetrack designated in the permit holder's permit; and~~

~~(B)~~ meets the other requirements of this chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter.

~~If a permit holder that operates satellite facilities does not meet the required minimum number of live racing days, the permit holder may not operate the permit holder's satellite facilities during the following year. However, the requirement for one hundred twenty (120) live racing days does not apply if the commission determines that the permit holder is prevented from conducting live horse racing as a result of a natural disaster or other event over which the permit holder has no control. In addition, if the initial racing meeting conducted by a permit holder commences at such a time as to make it impractical to conduct one hundred twenty (120) live racing days during the permit holder's first year of operations, the commission may authorize the permit holder to conduct simulcast wagering during the first year of operations with fewer than one hundred twenty (120) live racing days.~~

(2) Each proposed satellite facility must be covered by a separate application. The timing for filing an initial application for a satellite facility license shall be established by the rules of the commission.

(3) A satellite facility must:

(A) have full dining service available;

(B) have multiple screens to enable each patron to view simulcast races; and

(C) be designed to seat comfortably a minimum of ~~four~~ **two**

hundred ~~(400)~~ **(200)** persons.

(4) In determining whether a proposed satellite facility should be approved, the commission shall consider the following:

(A) The purposes and provisions of this chapter.

(B) The public interest.

(C) The impact of the proposed satellite facility on live racing.

(D) The impact of the proposed satellite facility on the local community.

(E) The potential for job creation.

(F) The quality of the physical facilities and the services to be provided at the proposed satellite facility.

(G) Any other factors that the commission considers important or relevant to its decision.

(5) The commission may not issue a license for a satellite facility to be located in a county unless IC 4-31-4 has been satisfied.

(c) A permit holder licensed to conduct gambling games under IC 4-35 is limited to the number of satellite facility licenses issued to the permit holder before January 1, 2007.

SECTION 8. IC 4-31-7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A person holding a permit to conduct a horse racing meeting or a license to operate a satellite facility may provide a place in the racing meeting grounds or enclosure or the satellite facility at which the person may conduct and supervise the pari-mutuel system of wagering by patrons of legal age on the horse races conducted or simulcast by the person. The person may not permit or use:

(1) another place other than that provided and designated by the person; or

(2) another method or system of betting or wagering.

However, a permit holder licensed to conduct gambling games under IC 4-35 may permit wagering on slot machines at a racetrack as permitted by IC 4-35.

(b) Except as provided in section 7 of this chapter and IC 4-31-5.5, the pari-mutuel system of wagering may not be conducted on any races except the races at the racetrack, grounds, or enclosure for which the person holds a permit.

SECTION 9. IC 4-31-7-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) A person less than eighteen (18) years of age may not wager at a horse racing meeting.

(b) A person less than ~~seventeen (17)~~ **eighteen (18)** years of age may not enter the grandstand, clubhouse, or similar areas of a racetrack at which wagering is permitted unless accompanied by a person who is at least twenty-one (21) years of age.

(c) A person less than eighteen (18) years of age may not enter a satellite facility.

(d) Except as provided by IC 4-35-7-2, a person less than twenty-one (21) years of age may not enter the area of a racetrack in which gambling games are conducted under IC 4-35.

SECTION 10. IC 4-31-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. A person that holds a permit to conduct a horse racing meeting or a license to operate

a satellite facility shall withhold:

(1) eighteen percent (18%) of the total of money wagered on each day at the racetrack or satellite facility (including money wagered on exotic wagering pools, **but excluding money wagered on slot machines under IC 4-35);** plus

(2) an additional three and one-half percent (3.5%) of the total of all money wagered on exotic wagering pools on each day at the racetrack or satellite facility.

SECTION 11. IC 4-33-1-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. This article applies only to the following:

(1) Counties contiguous to Lake Michigan.

(2) ~~Counties~~ **A county that is:**

(A) contiguous to the Ohio River; **and**

(B) described in IC 4-33-6-1(a)(5).

(3) A county that contains a historic hotel district.

SECTION 12. IC 4-33-2-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 9. "Gambling game" includes any ~~of the following if~~ **game** approved by the commission as a wagering device.

~~(1) Baccarat.~~

~~(2) Twenty-one.~~

~~(3) Poker.~~

~~(4) Craps.~~

~~(5) Slot machine.~~

~~(6) Video games of chance.~~

~~(7) Roulette wheel.~~

~~(8) Klondike table.~~

~~(9) Punchboard.~~

~~(10) Faro layout.~~

~~(11) Keno layout.~~

~~(12) Numbers ticket.~~

~~(13) Push card.~~

~~(14) Jar ticket.~~

~~(15) Pull tab.~~

~~(16) Big six.~~

SECTION 13. IC 4-33-2-17.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 17.5. "Slot machine taxes" means the taxes imposed under IC 4-35-8-1 on the adjusted gross receipts of gambling games conducted under IC 4-35.**

SECTION 14. IC 4-33-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) The commission may issue to a person a license to own a riverboat subject to the numerical and geographical limitation of owner's licenses under this section, section 3.5 of this chapter, and IC 4-33-4-17. However, not more than ten (10) owner's licenses may be in effect at any time. Except as provided in subsection (b), those ten (10) licenses are as follows:

(1) Two (2) licenses for a riverboat that operates from the largest city located in the counties described under IC 4-33-1-1(1).

(2) One (1) license for a riverboat that operates from the second largest city located in the counties described under IC 4-33-1-1(1).

(3) One (1) license for a riverboat that operates from the third largest city located in the counties described under IC 4-33-1-1(1).

(4) One (1) license for a city located in the counties described under IC 4-33-1-1(1). This license may not be issued to a city described in subdivisions (1) through (3).

(5) A total of five (5) licenses for riverboats that operate upon the Ohio River from **the following** counties: ~~described under IC 4-33-1-1(2).~~

(A) Vanderburgh County.

(B) Harrison County.

(C) Switzerland County.

(D) Ohio County.

(E) Dearborn County.

The commission may not issue a license to an applicant if the issuance of the license would result in more than one (1) riverboat operating from a county described in ~~IC 4-33-1-1(2).~~ **this subdivision.**

(b) If a city described in subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) conducts two (2) elections under section 20 of this chapter, and the voters of the city do not vote in favor of permitting riverboat gambling at either of those elections, the license assigned to that city under subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) may be issued to any city that:

(1) does not already have a riverboat operating from the city; and

(2) is located in a county described in IC 4-33-1-1(1).

(c) In addition to its power to issue owner's licenses under subsection (a), the commission may also enter into a contract under IC 4-33-6.5 with respect to the operation of one (1) riverboat on behalf of the commission in a historic hotel district.

(d) A person holding an owner's license may not move the person's riverboat from the county in which the riverboat was docked on January 1, 2007, to any other county.

SECTION 15. IC 4-33-12-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) This subsection does not apply to a riverboat that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21. A tax is imposed on admissions to gambling excursions authorized under this article at a rate of three dollars ($3) for each person admitted to the gambling excursion. This admission tax is imposed upon the licensed owner conducting the gambling excursion.

(b) This subsection applies only to a riverboat that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21 or IC 4-33-6.5. A tax is imposed on the admissions to a riverboat that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21 or IC 4-33-6.5 at the following rate:

(1) Four dollars ($4) for each person admitted to a riverboat that docks in a county described in IC 4-33-1-1(3). This admission tax is imposed upon the operating agent of the riverboat.

(2) Three dollars ($3) for each person admitted to a riverboat that

docks in any other county. This admission tax is imposed upon the licensed owner operating the riverboat.

(c) The commission may by rule determine the point at which a person is considered to be:

(1) admitted to a gambling excursion, in the case of a riverboat subject to subsection (a); or

(2) admitted to a riverboat, in the case of a riverboat subject to subsection (b);

for purposes of collecting the admissions tax under this chapter.

SECTION 16. IC 4-33-12-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.4-2005, SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The department shall place in the state general fund the tax revenue collected under this chapter.

(b) Except as provided by subsections (c) and (d) and IC 6-3.1-20-7, the treasurer of state shall quarterly pay the following amounts:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (k), one dollar ($1) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter or admitted to a riverboat that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21 during the quarter shall be paid to:

(A) the city in which the riverboat is docked, if the city:

(i) is located in a county having a population of more than one hundred ten thousand (110,000) but less than one hundred fifteen thousand (115,000); or

(ii) is contiguous to the Ohio River and is the largest city in the county; and

(B) the county in which the riverboat is docked, if the riverboat is not docked in a city described in clause (A).

(2) Except as provided in subsection (k), one dollar ($1) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the county in which the riverboat is docked. In the case of a county described in subdivision (1)(B), this one dollar ($1) is in addition to the one dollar ($1) received under subdivision (1)(B).

(3) Except as provided in subsection (k), ten cents ($0.10) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the county convention and visitors bureau or promotion fund for the county in which the riverboat is docked.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (k), fifteen cents ($0.15) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during a quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the state fair commission, for use in any activity

that the commission is authorized to carry out under IC 15-1.5-3.

(5) Except as provided in subsection (k), ten cents ($0.10) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:

(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or

(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;

shall be paid to the division of mental health and addiction. The division shall allocate at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the funds derived from the admissions tax to the prevention and treatment of compulsive gambling.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (k) **and section 7 of this chapter,** sixty-five cents ($0.65) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter or admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21 shall be paid to the Indiana horse racing commission to be distributed as follows, in amounts determined by the Indiana horse racing commission, for the promotion and operation of horse racing in Indiana:

(A) To one (1) or more breed development funds established by the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31-11-10.

(B) To a racetrack that was approved by the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31. The commission may make a grant under this clause only for purses, promotions, and routine operations of the racetrack. No grants shall be made for long term capital investment or construction, and no grants shall be made before the racetrack becomes operational and is offering a racing schedule.

(c) With respect to tax revenue collected from a riverboat located in a historic hotel district, the treasurer of state shall quarterly pay the following amounts:

(1) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county in which the riverboat is docked. The county treasurer shall distribute the money received under this subdivision as follows:

(A) Twenty percent (20%) shall be quarterly distributed to the county treasurer of a county having a population of more than thirty-nine thousand six hundred (39,600) but less than forty thousand (40,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution of the money received under this clause to one (1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(B) Twenty percent (20%) shall be quarterly distributed to the county treasurer of a county having a population of more than ten thousand seven hundred (10,700) but less than twelve thousand (12,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body.

The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution of the money received under this clause to one (1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(C) Sixty percent (60%) shall be retained by the county where the riverboat is docked for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal body shall provide for the distribution of part or all of the money received under this clause to the following under a formula established by the county fiscal body:

(i) A town having a population of more than two thousand two hundred (2,200) but less than three thousand five hundred (3,500) located in a county having a population of more than nineteen thousand three hundred (19,300) but less than twenty thousand (20,000).

(ii) A town having a population of more than three thousand five hundred (3,500) located in a county having a population of more than nineteen thousand three hundred (19,300) but less than twenty thousand (20,000).

(2) Sixteen percent (16%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid in equal amounts to each town that:

(A) is located in the county in which the riverboat docks; and

(B) contains a historic hotel.

The town council shall appropriate a part of the money received by the town under this subdivision to the budget of the town's tourism commission.

(3) Nine percent (9%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to the historic hotel preservation commission established under IC 36-7-11.5.

(4) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to the West Baden Springs historic hotel preservation and maintenance fund established by IC 36-7-11.5-11(b).

(5) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the admissions tax collected during the quarter shall be paid to the Indiana economic development corporation to be used by the corporation for the development and implementation of a regional economic development strategy to assist the residents of the county in which the riverboat is located and residents of contiguous counties in improving their quality of life and to help promote successful and sustainable communities. The regional economic development strategy must include goals concerning the following issues:

(A) Job creation and retention.

(B) Infrastructure, including water, wastewater, and storm water infrastructure needs.

(C) Housing.

(D) Workforce training.

(E) Health care.

(F) Local planning.
(G) Land use.
(H) Assistance to regional economic development groups.
(I) Other regional development issues as determined by the Indiana economic development corporation.

(d) With respect to tax revenue collected from a riverboat that operates from a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000), the treasurer of state shall quarterly pay the following amounts:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (k), one dollar ($1) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:
(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or
(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;
shall be paid to the city in which the riverboat is docked.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (k), one dollar ($1) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:
(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or
(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;
shall be paid to the county in which the riverboat is docked.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (k), nine cents ($0.09) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:
(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or
(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;
shall be paid to the county convention and visitors bureau or promotion fund for the county in which the riverboat is docked.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (k), one cent ($0.01) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:
(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or
(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;
shall be paid to the northwest Indiana law enforcement training center.

(5) Except as provided in subsection (k), fifteen cents ($0.15) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:
(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or
(B) admitted to a riverboat during a quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;
shall be paid to the state fair commission for use in any activity that the commission is authorized to carry out under IC 15-1.5-3.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (k), ten cents ($0.10) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person:
(A) embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter; or
(B) admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21;
shall be paid to the division of mental health and addiction. The division shall allocate at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the funds derived from the admissions tax to the prevention and

treatment of compulsive gambling.

(7) Except as provided in subsection (k) **and section 7 of this chapter,** sixty-five cents ($0.65) of the admissions tax collected by the licensed owner for each person embarking on a gambling excursion during the quarter or admitted to a riverboat during the quarter that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21 shall be paid to the Indiana horse racing commission to be distributed as follows, in amounts determined by the Indiana horse racing commission, for the promotion and operation of horse racing in Indiana:

(A) To one (1) or more breed development funds established by the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31-11-10.

(B) To a racetrack that was approved by the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31. The commission may make a grant under this clause only for purses, promotions, and routine operations of the racetrack. No grants shall be made for long term capital investment or construction, and no grants shall be made before the racetrack becomes operational and is offering a racing schedule.

(e) Money paid to a unit of local government under subsection (b)(1) through (b)(2), (c)(1) through (c)(2), or (d)(1) through (d)(2):

(1) must be paid to the fiscal officer of the unit and may be deposited in the unit's general fund or riverboat fund established under IC 36-1-8-9, or both;

(2) may not be used to reduce the unit's maximum levy under IC 6-1.1-18.5 but may be used at the discretion of the unit to reduce the property tax levy of the unit for a particular year;

(3) may be used for any legal or corporate purpose of the unit, including the pledge of money to bonds, leases, or other obligations under IC 5-1-14-4; and

(4) is considered miscellaneous revenue.

(f) Money paid by the treasurer of state under subsection (b)(3) or (d)(3) shall be:

(1) deposited in:

(A) the county convention and visitor promotion fund; or

(B) the county's general fund if the county does not have a convention and visitor promotion fund; and

(2) used only for the tourism promotion, advertising, and economic development activities of the county and community.

(g) Money received by the division of mental health and addiction under subsections (b)(5) and (d)(6):

(1) is annually appropriated to the division of mental health and addiction;

(2) shall be distributed to the division of mental health and addiction at times during each state fiscal year determined by the budget agency; and

(3) shall be used by the division of mental health and addiction for programs and facilities for the prevention and treatment of addictions to drugs, alcohol, and compulsive gambling, including the creation and maintenance of a toll free telephone line to provide the public with information about these addictions. The

division shall allocate at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the money received to the prevention and treatment of compulsive gambling.

(h) This subsection applies to the following:

(1) Each entity receiving money under subsection (b).

(2) Each entity receiving money under subsection (d)(1) through (d)(2).

(3) Each entity receiving money under subsection (d)(5) through (d)(7).

The treasurer of state shall determine the total amount of money paid by the treasurer of state to an entity subject to this subsection during the state fiscal year 2002. The amount determined under this subsection is the base year revenue for each entity subject to this subsection. The treasurer of state shall certify the base year revenue determined under this subsection to each entity subject to this subsection.

(i) This subsection applies to an entity receiving money under subsection (d)(3) or (d)(4). The treasurer of state shall determine the total amount of money paid by the treasurer of state to the entity described in subsection (d)(3) during state fiscal year 2002. The amount determined under this subsection multiplied by nine-tenths (0.9) is the base year revenue for the entity described in subsection (d)(3). The amount determined under this subsection multiplied by one-tenth (0.1) is the base year revenue for the entity described in subsection (d)(4). The treasurer of state shall certify the base year revenue determined under this subsection to each entity subject to this subsection.

(j) This subsection does not apply to an entity receiving money under subsection (c). For state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2002, the total amount of money distributed to an entity under this section during a state fiscal year may not exceed the entity's base year revenue as determined under subsection (h) or (i). If the treasurer of state determines that the total amount of money distributed to an entity under this section during a state fiscal year is less than the entity's base year revenue, the treasurer of state shall make a supplemental distribution to the entity under IC 4-33-13-5(g).

(k) This subsection does not apply to an entity receiving money under subsection (c). For state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2002, the treasurer of state shall pay that part of the riverboat admissions taxes that:

(1) ~~exceed~~ **exceeds** a particular entity's base year revenue; and

(2) would otherwise be due to the entity under this section;

to the property tax replacement fund instead of to the entity.

SECTION 17. IC 4-33-12-7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 7. (a) The maximum amount paid to the Indiana horse racing commission under this article in a state fiscal year may not exceed the remainder of:**

(1) the Indiana horse racing commission's base year revenue as determined under section 6(h) of this chapter; minus

(2) the amount of money, if any, distributed by licensees under IC 4-35-7-12 to horsemen's associations and for horse racing

purses and breed development in the state fiscal year.

(b) For each state fiscal year, the treasurer of state shall pay an amount equal to the lesser of:

(1) the amount of admissions taxes specified in:

(A) section 6(b)(6) of this chapter; and

(B) section 6(d)(7) of this chapter; or

(2) the amount of money distributed under IC 4-35-7-12 that is subtracted from the Indiana horse racing commission's base year revenue under subsection (a);

to the state general fund instead of to the Indiana horse racing commission.

SECTION 18. IC 4-33-13-1.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1.5. (a) This section applies only to a riverboat that has implemented flexible scheduling under IC 4-33-6-21 or IC 4-33-6.5.

(b) A graduated tax is imposed on the adjusted gross receipts received from gambling games authorized under this article as follows:

(1) Fifteen percent (15%) of the first twenty-five million dollars ($25,000,000) of adjusted gross receipts received during the period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.

(2) Twenty percent (20%) of the adjusted gross receipts in excess of twenty-five million dollars ($25,000,000) but not exceeding fifty million dollars ($50,000,000) received during the period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.

(3) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the adjusted gross receipts in excess of fifty million dollars ($50,000,000) but not exceeding seventy-five million dollars ($75,000,000) received during the period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.

(4) Thirty percent (30%) of the adjusted gross receipts in excess of seventy-five million dollars ($75,000,000) but not exceeding one hundred fifty million dollars ($150,000,000) received during the period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.

(5) Thirty-five percent (35%) of all adjusted gross receipts in excess of one hundred fifty million dollars ($150,000,000) **but not exceeding six hundred million dollars ($600,000,000) received during the period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.**

(6) Forty percent (40%) of all adjusted gross receipts exceeding six hundred million dollars ($600,000,000) received during the period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.

(c) The licensed owner or operating agent shall remit the tax imposed by this chapter to the department before the close of the business day following the day the wagers are made.

(d) The department may require payment under this section to be made by electronic funds transfer (as defined in IC 4-8.1-2-7(f)).

(e) If the department requires taxes to be remitted under this chapter

through electronic funds transfer, the department may allow the licensed owner or operating agent to file a monthly report to reconcile the amounts remitted to the department.

(f) The department may allow taxes remitted under this section to be reported on the same form used for taxes paid under IC 4-33-12.

(g) If a riverboat implements flexible scheduling during any part of a period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year, the tax rate imposed on the adjusted gross receipts received while the riverboat implements flexible scheduling shall be computed as if the riverboat had engaged in flexible scheduling during the entire period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.

(h) If a riverboat:

(1) implements flexible scheduling during any part of a period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year; and

(2) before the end of that period ceases to operate the riverboat with flexible scheduling;

the riverboat shall continue to pay a wagering tax at the tax rates imposed under subsection (b) until the end of that period as if the riverboat had not ceased to conduct flexible scheduling.

SECTION 19. IC 4-33-13-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.91-2006, SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. (a) This subsection does not apply to tax revenue remitted by an operating agent operating a riverboat in a historic hotel district. After funds are appropriated under section 4 of this chapter, each month the treasurer of state shall distribute the tax revenue deposited in the state gaming fund under this chapter to the following:

(1) The first thirty-three million dollars ($33,000,000) of tax revenues collected under this chapter shall be set aside for revenue sharing under subsection (e).

(2) Subject to subsection (c), twenty-five percent (25%) of the remaining tax revenue remitted by each licensed owner shall be paid:

(A) to the city that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat from which the tax revenue was collected, in the case of:

(i) a city described in IC 4-33-12-6(b)(1)(A); or

(ii) a city located in a county having a population of more than four hundred thousand (400,000) but less than seven hundred thousand (700,000); or

(B) to the county that is designated as the home dock of the riverboat from which the tax revenue was collected, in the case of a riverboat whose home dock is not in a city described in clause (A).

(3) Subject to subsection (d), the remainder of the tax revenue remitted by each licensed owner shall be paid to the property tax replacement fund. In each state fiscal year, the treasurer of state shall make the transfer required by this subdivision not later than the last business day of the month in which the tax revenue is

remitted to the state for deposit in the state gaming fund. However, if tax revenue is received by the state on the last business day in a month, the treasurer of state may transfer the tax revenue to the property tax replacement fund in the immediately following month.

(b) This subsection applies only to tax revenue remitted by an operating agent operating a riverboat in a historic hotel district. After funds are appropriated under section 4 of this chapter, each month the treasurer of state shall distribute the tax revenue deposited in the state gaming fund under this chapter as follows:

(1) Thirty-seven and one-half percent (37.5%) shall be paid to the property tax replacement fund established under IC 6-1.1-21.

(2) Thirty-seven and one-half percent (37.5%) shall be paid to the West Baden Springs historic hotel preservation and maintenance fund established by IC 36-7-11.5-11(b). However, at any time the balance in that fund exceeds twenty million dollars ($20,000,000), the amount described in this subdivision shall be paid to the property tax replacement fund established under IC 6-1.1-21.

(3) Five percent (5%) shall be paid to the historic hotel preservation commission established under IC 36-7-11.5.

(4) Ten percent (10%) shall be paid in equal amounts to each town that:

(A) is located in the county in which the riverboat docks; and

(B) contains a historic hotel.

The town council shall appropriate a part of the money received by the town under this subdivision to the budget of the town's tourism commission.

(5) Ten percent (10%) shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county in which the riverboat is docked. The county treasurer shall distribute the money received under this subdivision as follows:

(A) Twenty percent (20%) shall be quarterly distributed to the county treasurer of a county having a population of more than thirty-nine thousand six hundred (39,600) but less than forty thousand (40,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution of the money received under this clause to one (1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in the county under a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(B) Twenty percent (20%) shall be quarterly distributed to the county treasurer of a county having a population of more than ten thousand seven hundred (10,700) but less than twelve thousand (12,000) for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal body for the receiving county shall provide for the distribution of the money received under this clause to one (1) or more taxing units (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-21) in

the county under a formula established by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive.

(C) Sixty percent (60%) shall be retained by the county where the riverboat is docked for appropriation by the county fiscal body after receiving a recommendation from the county executive. The county fiscal body shall provide for the distribution of part or all of the money received under this clause to the following under a formula established by the county fiscal body:

(i) A town having a population of more than two thousand two hundred (2,200) but less than three thousand five hundred (3,500) located in a county having a population of more than nineteen thousand three hundred (19,300) but less than twenty thousand (20,000).

(ii) A town having a population of more than three thousand five hundred (3,500) located in a county having a population of more than nineteen thousand three hundred (19,300) but less than twenty thousand (20,000).

(c) For each city and county receiving money under subsection (a)(2), the treasurer of state shall determine the total amount of money paid by the treasurer of state to the city or county during the state fiscal year 2002. The amount determined is the base year revenue for the city or county. The treasurer of state shall certify the base year revenue determined under this subsection to the city or county. The total amount of money distributed to a city or county under this section during a state fiscal year may not exceed the entity's base year revenue. For each state fiscal year, the treasurer of state shall pay that part of the riverboat wagering taxes that:

(1) exceeds a particular city's or county's base year revenue; and

(2) would otherwise be due to the city or county under this section;

to the property tax replacement fund instead of to the city or county.

(d) Each state fiscal year the treasurer of state shall transfer from the tax revenue remitted to the property tax replacement fund under subsection (a)(3) to the build Indiana fund an amount that when added to the following may not exceed two hundred fifty million dollars ($250,000,000):

(1) Surplus lottery revenues under IC 4-30-17-3.

(2) Surplus revenue from the charity gaming enforcement fund under IC 4-32.2-7-7.

(3) Tax revenue from pari-mutuel wagering under IC 4-31-9-3.

The treasurer of state shall make transfers on a monthly basis as needed to meet the obligations of the build Indiana fund. If in any state fiscal year insufficient money is transferred to the property tax replacement fund under subsection (a)(3) to comply with this subsection, the treasurer of state shall reduce the amount transferred to the build Indiana fund to the amount available in the property tax replacement fund from the transfers under subsection (a)(3) for the state fiscal year.

(e) Before August 15 of each year, the treasurer of state shall distribute the wagering taxes set aside for revenue sharing under

subsection (a)(1) to the county treasurer of each county that does not have a riverboat according to the ratio that the county's population bears to the total population of the counties that do not have a riverboat. Except as provided in subsection (h), the county auditor shall distribute the money received by the county under this subsection as follows:

(1) To each city located in the county according to the ratio the city's population bears to the total population of the county.

(2) To each town located in the county according to the ratio the town's population bears to the total population of the county.

(3) After the distributions required in subdivisions (1) and (2) are made, the remainder shall be retained by the county.

(f) Money received by a city, town, or county under subsection (e) or (h) may be used for any of the following purposes:

(1) To reduce the property tax levy of the city, town, or county for a particular year (a property tax reduction under this subdivision does not reduce the maximum levy of the city, town, or county under IC 6-1.1-18.5).

(2) For deposit in a special fund or allocation fund created under IC 8-22-3.5, IC 36-7-14, IC 36-7-14.5, IC 36-7-15.1, and IC 36-7-30 to provide funding for additional credits for property tax replacement in property tax increment allocation areas or debt repayment.

(3) To fund sewer and water projects, including storm water management projects.

(4) For police and fire pensions.

(5) To carry out any governmental purpose for which the money is appropriated by the fiscal body of the city, town, or county. Money used under this subdivision does not reduce the property tax levy of the city, town, or county for a particular year or reduce the maximum levy of the city, town, or county under IC 6-1.1-18.5.

(g) This subsection does not apply to an entity receiving money under IC 4-33-12-6(c). Before September 15 of each year, the treasurer of state shall determine the total amount of money distributed to an entity under IC 4-33-12-6 during the preceding state fiscal year. If the treasurer of state determines that the total amount of money distributed to an entity under IC 4-33-12-6 during the preceding state fiscal year was less than the entity's base year revenue (as determined under IC 4-33-12-6), the treasurer of state shall make a supplemental distribution to the entity from taxes collected under this chapter and deposited into the property tax replacement fund. **Except as provided in subsection (i),** the amount of ~~the~~ **an entity's** supplemental distribution is equal to:

(1) the entity's base year revenue (as determined under IC 4-33-12-6); minus

(2) the sum of:

(A) the total amount of money distributed to the entity during the preceding state fiscal year under IC 4-33-12-6; plus

(B) any amounts deducted under IC 6-3.1-20-7.

(h) This subsection applies only to a county containing a

consolidated city. The county auditor shall distribute the money received by the county under subsection (e) as follows:

(1) To each city, other than a consolidated city, located in the county according to the ratio that the city's population bears to the total population of the county.

(2) To each town located in the county according to the ratio that the town's population bears to the total population of the county.

(3) After the distributions required in subdivisions (1) and (2) are made, the remainder shall be paid in equal amounts to the consolidated city and the county.

(i) This subsection applies only to the Indiana horse racing commission. For each state fiscal year the amount of the Indiana horse racing commission's supplemental distribution under subsection (g) must be reduced by the amount required to comply with IC 4-33-12-7(a).

SECTION 20. IC 4-33-18-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.91-2006, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 9. (a) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the powers or responsibilities of:

(1) the ~~Indiana~~ **state** lottery commission under IC 4-30;

(2) the Indiana horse racing commission under IC 4-31; or

(3) the Indiana gaming commission under IC 4-32.2, ~~or~~ IC 4-33, **or IC 4-35.**

(b) The department may not exercise any administrative or regulatory powers with respect to:

(1) the Indiana lottery under IC 4-30;

(2) pari-mutuel horse racing under IC 4-31;

(3) charity gaming under IC 4-32.2; ~~or~~

(4) riverboat casino gambling under IC 4-33; **or**

(5) gambling games conducted at a racetrack (as defined in IC 4-35-2-9) under IC 4-35.

SECTION 21. IC 4-35 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** ARTICLE TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]:

ARTICLE 35. GAMBLING GAMES AT RACETRACKS

Chapter 1. Application

Sec. 1. This article applies only to gambling games conducted by a permit holder holding a gambling game license issued under IC 4-35-5.

Chapter 2. Definitions

Sec. 1. The definitions in this chapter apply throughout this article.

Sec. 2. "Adjusted gross receipts" means:

(1) the total of all cash and property (including checks received by a licensee, whether collected or not) received by a licensee from gambling games; minus

(2) the total of:

(A) all cash paid out to patrons as winnings for gambling games; and

(B) uncollectible gambling game receivables, not to exceed the lesser of:

(i) a reasonable provision for uncollectible patron checks received from gambling games; or

(ii) two percent (2%) of the total of all sums, including checks, whether collected or not, less the amount paid out to patrons as winnings for gambling games.

For purposes of this section, a counter or personal check that is invalid or unenforceable under this article is considered cash received by the licensee from gambling games.

Sec. 3. "Commission" refers to the Indiana gaming commission established by IC 4-33-3-1.

Sec. 4. "Department" refers to the department of state revenue.

Sec. 5. "Gambling game" means a game played on a slot machine approved for wagering under this article by the commission.

Sec. 6. "Gaming agent" means an individual described in IC 4-33-4.5.

Sec. 7. "Licensee" means a person holding a license issued under this article.

Sec. 8. "Permit holder" means a person holding a permit issued under IC 4-31-5 to conduct a pari-mutuel horse racing meeting.

Sec. 9. "Racetrack" means the racetrack specified in a permit holder's permit to conduct a pari-mutuel horse racing meeting.

Sec. 10. "Supplier's license" means a license issued under IC 4-35-6.

Chapter 3. General Provisions

Sec. 1. All shipments of slot machines to licensees in Indiana, the registering, recording, and labeling of which have been completed by the manufacturer or dealer in accordance with 15 U.S.C. 1171 through 15 U.S.C. 1178, are legal shipments of gambling devices into Indiana.

Sec. 2. Under 15 U.S.C. 1172, approved January 2, 1951, the state of Indiana, acting by and through elected and qualified members of the general assembly, declares that the state is exempt from 15 U.S.C. 1172.

Sec. 3. (a) This section does not apply to real or personal property taxes imposed by a local taxing unit.

(b) Local governmental authority concerning all matters relating to the gambling games at racetracks conducted under this article is preempted by the state under this article.

(c) No tax or fee, except as provided in this article, shall be assessed or collected from a permit holder by a political subdivision having the power to assess or collect a tax or fee. This section does not prohibit the assessment and levying of property taxes otherwise authorized by law or the imposing of a special assessment (including a ditch or drainage assessment, Barrett Law assessment, improvement assessment, sewer assessment, or sewage assessment) otherwise authorized by law to be imposed on property to be benefitted by an improvement.

(d) A political subdivision may not enter an agreement with a permit holder that requires any financial commitments from the permit holder that are in addition to the fees and taxes imposed

under this article.

Sec. 4. This article will maintain the public's confidence and trust through:

(1) comprehensive law enforcement supervision; and

(2) the strict regulation of facilities, persons, associations, and gambling games at racetracks under this article.

Chapter 4. Powers and Duties of the Indiana Gaming Commission

Sec. 1. (a) The commission shall regulate and administer gambling games conducted by a licensee under this article.

(b) The commission has the following powers and duties for the purpose of administering, regulating, and enforcing the system of gambling games at racetracks authorized under this article:

(1) All powers and duties specified in this article.

(2) All powers necessary and proper to fully and effectively execute this article.

(3) Jurisdiction and supervision over the following:

(A) All gambling game operations in Indiana.

(B) All persons at racetracks where gambling games are conducted.

(4) The power to investigate and reinvestigate applicants and licensees and determine the eligibility of applicants for licenses.

(5) The power to take appropriate administrative enforcement or disciplinary action against a licensee.

(6) The power to investigate alleged violations of this article.

(7) The power to conduct hearings.

(8) The power to issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and subpoenas duces tecum for the production of books, records, and other relevant documents.

(9) The power to administer oaths and affirmations to the witnesses.

(10) The power to prescribe forms to be used by licensees.

(11) The power to revoke, suspend, or renew licenses issued under this article.

(12) The power to hire employees to gather information, conduct investigations, and carry out other tasks under this article. The employees hired by the commission under this article may be the same as the commission's employees hired under IC 4-32.2 or IC 4-33.

(13) The power to take any reasonable or appropriate action to enforce this article.

(c) The commission may by resolution assign to the executive director any duty imposed upon the commission by this article.

(d) The executive director shall perform the duties assigned to the executive director by the commission. The executive director may exercise any power conferred upon the commission by this article that is consistent with the duties assigned to the executive director under subsection (c).

Sec. 2. (a) The commission shall do the following:

(1) Adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that the commission

determines are necessary to protect or enhance the following:

(A) The credibility and integrity of gambling games authorized under this article.

(B) The regulatory process provided in this article.

(2) Conduct all hearings concerning civil violations of this article.

(3) Provide for the establishment and collection of license fees imposed under this article, and deposit the license fees in the state general fund.

(4) Levy and collect penalties for noncriminal violations of this article and deposit the penalties in the state general fund.

(5) Approve the design, appearance, aesthetics, and construction of slot machine facilities authorized under this article.

(6) Adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 if the commission determines that:

(A) the need for a rule is so immediate and substantial that rulemaking procedures under IC 4-22-2-13 through IC 4-22-2-36 are inadequate to address the need; and

(B) an emergency rule is likely to address the need.

(7) Adopt rules to establish and implement a voluntary exclusion program that meets the requirements of subsection (c).

(b) The commission shall begin rulemaking procedures under IC 4-22-2-13 through IC 4-22-2-36 to adopt an emergency rule adopted under subsection (a)(6) not later than thirty (30) days after the adoption of the emergency rule under subsection (a)(6).

(c) Rules adopted under subsection (a)(7) must provide the following:

(1) Except as provided by rule of the commission, a person who participates in the voluntary exclusion program agrees to refrain from entering a facility at which gambling games are conducted or another facility under the jurisdiction of the commission.

(2) That the name of a person participating in the program will be included on a list of persons excluded from all facilities under the jurisdiction of the commission.

(3) Except as provided by rule of the commission, a person who participates in the voluntary exclusion program may not petition the commission for readmittance to a facility under the jurisdiction of the commission.

(4) That the list of patrons entering the voluntary exclusion program and the personal information of the participants are confidential and may only be disseminated by the commission to the owner or operator of a facility under the jurisdiction of the commission for purposes of enforcement and to other entities, upon request by the participant and agreement by the commission.

(5) That an owner of a facility under the jurisdiction of the commission shall make all reasonable attempts as determined by the commission to cease all direct marketing efforts to a

person participating in the program.

(6) That an owner of a facility under the jurisdiction of the commission may not cash the check of a person participating in the program or extend credit to the person in any manner. However, the voluntary exclusion program does not preclude an owner from seeking the payment of a debt accrued by a person before entering the program.

Sec. 3. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 for the following purposes:

(1) Administering this article.

(2) Establishing the conditions under which gambling games at racetracks may be conducted.

(3) Providing for the prevention of practices detrimental to the public interest.

(4) Establishing rules concerning the inspection of gambling game facilities at racetracks and the review of the licenses necessary to conduct gambling games under this article.

(5) Imposing penalties for noncriminal violations of this article.

Sec. 4. The commission shall be present through the commission's gaming agents during the time gambling games are being conducted at a racetrack to do the following:

(1) Certify the revenue received by a racetrack from gambling games.

(2) Receive complaints from the public concerning the operation of gambling games.

(3) Conduct other investigations into the conduct of the gambling games and the maintenance of the equipment that the commission considers necessary and proper.

Sec. 5. The commission shall employ gaming agents to perform duties imposed by this article. A licensee shall, under rules adopted by the commission under IC 4-22-2, reimburse the commission for:

(1) training expenses incurred to train gaming agents;

(2) salaries and other expenses of staff required to support the gaming agents; and

(3) salaries and other expenses of the gaming agents required to be present during the time gambling games are being conducted at a racetrack.

Sec. 6. The commission may enter into a contract with the Indiana horse racing commission for the provision of services necessary to administer this article.

Sec. 7. (a) The commission shall adopt standards for the licensing of the following:

(1) Persons regulated under this article.

(2) Slot machines used in gambling games.

(b) Where applicable, 68 IAC applies to racetracks conducting gambling games under this article.

Sec. 8. The commission shall require that the records, including financial statements, of a licensee must be maintained in the manner prescribed by the commission.

Sec. 9. (a) The commission may eject or exclude or authorize the

ejection or exclusion of a person from a facility at which gambling games are conducted if:

(1) the person's name is on the list of persons voluntarily excluding themselves from all facilities at which gambling games are conducted in a program established under the rules of the commission;

(2) the person violates this article; or

(3) the commission determines that the person's conduct or reputation is such that the person's presence within a facility at which gambling games are conducted may:

(A) call into question the honesty and integrity of the gambling games at racetracks; or

(B) interfere with the orderly conduct of the gambling games at racetracks.

(b) A person, other than a person participating in a voluntary exclusion program, may petition the commission for a hearing on the person's ejection or exclusion under this section.

Sec. 10. If a licensee or an employee of a licensee violates this article or engages in a fraudulent act, the commission may do any combination of the following:

(1) Suspend, revoke, or restrict the license of the licensee.

(2) Require the removal of a licensee or an employee of a licensee.

(3) Impose a civil penalty of not more than the greater of:

(A) ten thousand dollars ($10,000); or

(B) an amount equal to the licensee's daily gross receipts for the day of the violation;

against a licensee for each violation of this article.

(4) Impose a civil penalty of not more than twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) against a person who has been issued a supplier's license for each violation of this article.

Sec. 11. (a) The commission shall review and make a determination on a complaint by a licensee concerning an investigative procedure that the licensee alleges is unnecessarily disruptive of gambling games at racetracks.

(b) A licensee filing a complaint under this section must prove all of the following by clear and convincing evidence:

(1) The investigative procedure had no reasonable law enforcement purpose.

(2) The investigative procedure was so disruptive as to unreasonably inhibit gambling games at racetracks.

(c) For purposes of this section, the need to inspect and investigate a licensee shall be presumed at all times.

Sec. 12. (a) The commission shall require a licensee to conspicuously display the number of the toll free telephone line described in IC 4-33-12-6 in the following locations:

(1) On each admission ticket to a facility at which gambling games are conducted, if tickets are issued.

(2) On a poster or placard that is on display in a public area of each facility at which gambling games at racetracks are conducted.

(b) The commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 necessary to carry out this section.

Chapter 5. Gambling Game License

Sec. 1. The commission may issue a license to a permit holder to conduct gambling games under this article at the permit holder's racetrack. The number of licenses issued under this chapter may not exceed two (2).

Sec. 2. (a) Before issuing a license to a person under this chapter, the commission shall subject the person to a background investigation similar to a background investigation required for an applicant for a riverboat owner's license under IC 4-33-6.

(b) Before the commission may issue a license to a person under this chapter, the person must submit to the commission for the commission's approval the physical layout of the person's proposed slot machines and the facilities that will contain the proposed slot machines. The facilities that will contain the slot machines must be connected to the licensee's racetrack facilities.

Sec. 2.4. In determining whether to grant a license under this chapter to an applicant, the commission shall consider the following:

(1) The character, reputation, experience, and financial integrity of the following:

(A) The applicant.

(B) A person that:

(i) directly or indirectly controls the applicant; or

(ii) is directly or indirectly controlled by the applicant or by a person that directly or indirectly controls the applicant.

(2) The facilities or proposed facilities for the conduct of gambling games. The facilities or proposed facilities must include capital expenditures of at least one hundred million dollars ($100,000,000).

(3) The prospective total revenue to be collected by the state from the conduct of gambling games.

(4) The good faith affirmative action plan of each applicant to recruit, train, and upgrade minorities in all employment classifications.

(5) The financial ability of the applicant to purchase and maintain adequate liability and casualty insurance.

(6) If the applicant has adequate capitalization to provide and maintain facilities for gambling games for the duration of the license.

(7) The extent to which the applicant exceeds or meets other standards adopted by the commission.

Sec. 2.5. The commission may not issue a license under this chapter to a person if:

(1) the person has been convicted of a felony under Indiana law, the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States;

(2) the person has knowingly or intentionally submitted an application for a license under this chapter that contains false

information;

(3) the person is a member of the commission;

(4) the person is an officer, a director, or a managerial employee of a person described in subdivision (1) or (2);

(5) the person employs an individual who:

(A) is described in subdivision (1), (2), or (3); and

(B) participates in the management or operation of gambling games authorized under this article; or

(6) a license issued to the person:

(A) under this article; or

(B) to own or operate gambling facilities in another jurisdiction;

has been revoked.

Sec. 2.6. (a) A licensee under this chapter must post a bond with the commission at least sixty (60) days before the commencement of gambling games at the licensee's racetrack.

(b) The bond shall be furnished in:

(1) cash or negotiable securities;

(2) a surety bond:

(A) with a surety company approved by the commission; and

(B) guaranteed by a satisfactory guarantor; or

(3) an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a banking institution of Indiana acceptable to the commission.

(c) If a bond is furnished in cash or negotiable securities, the principal shall be placed without restriction at the disposal of the commission, but income inures to the benefit of the licensee.

(d) The bond:

(1) is subject to the approval of the commission;

(2) must be in an amount that the commission determines will adequately reflect the amount that a local community will expend for infrastructure and other facilities associated with gambling games at the racetrack; and

(3) must be payable to the commission as obligee for use in payment of the licensee's financial obligations to the local community, the state, and other aggrieved parties, as determined by the rules of the commission.

(e) If after a hearing (after at least five (5) days written notice) the commission determines that the amount of a licensee's bond is insufficient, the licensee shall upon written demand of the commission file a new bond.

(f) The commission may require a licensee to file a new bond with a satisfactory surety in the same form and amount if:

(1) liability on the old bond is discharged or reduced by judgment rendered, by payment made, or otherwise; or

(2) in the opinion of the commission any surety on the old bond becomes unsatisfactory.

(g) If a new bond obtained under subsection (e) or (f) is unsatisfactory, the commission shall cancel the licensee's license. If the new bond is satisfactorily furnished, the commission shall release in writing the surety on the old bond from any liability

accruing after the effective date of the new bond.

(h) The proceeds of a bond that is in default under this subsection are paid to the commission for the benefit of the local unit in which the racetrack is located.

(i) The total and aggregate liability of the surety on a bond is limited to the amount specified in the bond, and the continuous nature of the bond may in no event be construed as allowing the liability of the surety under a bond to accumulate for each successive approval period during which the bond is in force.

(j) The commission may adopt rules authorizing the release of a bond under this section.

Sec. 2.7. The commission may revoke a license under this chapter if:

(1) the licensee begins regular gambling game operations more than twelve (12) months after receiving the commission's approval of the application for the license; and

(2) the commission determines that the revocation of the license is in the best interests of Indiana.

Sec. 2.8. A license to conduct gambling games:

(1) is a revocable privilege granted by the state; and

(2) is not a property right.

Sec. 3. (a) A permit holder that is issued a gambling game license under this article must pay to the commission an initial licensing fee of two hundred fifty million dollars ($250,000,000) as follows:

(1) One hundred fifty million dollars ($150,000,000) payable before November 1, 2007.

(2) One hundred million dollars ($100,000,000) payable before November 1, 2008.

(b) The commission shall deposit any initial licensing fees collected under this section into the property tax reduction trust fund established by IC 4-35-8-2. Subject to an appropriation by the general assembly, money deposited into the property tax reduction trust fund under this section may be used to provide property tax relief in any manner prescribed by the general assembly.

Sec. 4. (a) An initial gambling game license expires five (5) years after the effective date of the license. Unless the gambling game license is terminated or revoked, the gambling game license may be renewed annually thereafter upon:

(1) the payment of an annual renewal fee of one hundred dollars ($100) per slot machine operated by the licensee; and

(2) a determination by the commission that the licensee satisfies the conditions of this chapter.

Renewal fees paid under this section shall be deposited in the property tax reduction trust fund established by IC 4-35-8-2.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), an initial gaming license may not be transferred by the initial licensee for at least five (5) years after the effective date of the license.

(c) A gambling game license may be transferred for any of the following reasons:

(1) As a result of a bankruptcy, a receivership, or a debt

adjustment initiated by or against the initial licensee or the substantial owners of the initial licensee.

(2) Because:

(A) the licensee's license has been cancelled, terminated, or revoked by the commission; or

(B) the commission determines that transferring the license is in the best interests of Indiana.

(3) Because of the death of a substantial owner of the initial licensee.

A transfer permitted under this subsection is subject to section 7 of this chapter.

Sec. 4.5. A license issued under this article is null and void if the licensee fails to:

(1) obtain or maintain a permit issued under IC 4-31-5 to conduct a pari-mutuel wagering horse racing meeting in Indiana; or

(2) satisfy the requirements of IC 4-31 concerning the amount of live horse racing that the licensee must conduct at the licensee's racetrack.

Sec. 5. (a) The commission shall conduct a complete investigation of each licensee every three (3) years to determine whether the licensee remains in compliance with this article.

(b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the commission may investigate a licensee at any time the commission determines it is necessary to ensure that the licensee remains in compliance with this article.

Sec. 6. A permit holder or other person investigated under this chapter shall bear the cost of the investigation.

Sec. 7. (a) A licensee or any other person must apply for and receive the commission's approval before:

(1) a gambling game license is:

(A) transferred;

(B) sold; or

(C) purchased; or

(2) a voting trust agreement or other similar agreement is established with respect to the gambling game license.

(b) The commission shall adopt rules governing the procedure a licensee or other person must follow to take an action under subsection (a). The rules must specify that a person who obtains an ownership interest in a gambling game license must meet the criteria of this article and comply with the rules adopted by the commission. A licensee may transfer a gambling game license only in accordance with this article and the rules adopted by the commission.

(c) A person may not:

(1) lease;

(2) hypothecate; or

(3) borrow or loan money against;

a gambling game license.

(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), a transfer fee is imposed on an initial licensee who sells or otherwise relinquishes

a controlling interest, as determined under the rules of the commission, in a gambling game license. The amount of the fee is fifty million dollars ($50,000,000).

(e) The fee imposed by subsection (d) does not apply if:

(1) the gambling game license is transferred as a result of an event described in section 4(c) of this chapter; or

(2) the controlling interest in the gambling game license is transferred in a transaction in which no gain or loss is recognized as a result of the transaction in accordance with Section 351 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(f) The transfer of a gambling game license by a person other than the initial licensee to receive the gambling game license is not subject to a transfer fee.

Sec. 8. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the commission shall transfer:

(1) fees collected under this chapter; and

(2) all investigation costs recovered under this chapter;

to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state general fund.

Chapter 6. Slot Machine Suppliers

Sec. 1. The commission may issue a supplier's license under this chapter to a person if:

(1) the person has:

(A) applied for the supplier's license;

(B) paid a nonrefundable application fee set by the commission;

(C) paid a five thousand dollar ($5,000) annual supplier's license fee; and

(D) submitted, on forms provided by the commission, two (2) sets of:

(i) the individual's fingerprints, if the applicant is an individual; or

(ii) fingerprints for each officer and director of the applicant, if the applicant is not an individual; and

(2) the commission has determined that the applicant is eligible for a supplier's license.

Sec. 2. A person may not receive a supplier's license under this chapter if:

(1) the person has been convicted of a felony under Indiana law, the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States;

(2) the person has knowingly or intentionally submitted an application for a supplier's license under this chapter that contains false information;

(3) the person is a member of the commission;

(4) the person is an officer, a director, or a managerial employee of a person described in subdivision (1) or (2);

(5) the person employs an individual who:

(A) is described in subdivision (1), (2), or (3); or

(B) participates in the management or operation of gambling games at racetracks authorized under this article;

(6) the person owns more than a ten percent (10%) ownership interest in any other person holding a permit issued under IC 4-31; or

(7) a license issued to the person:

(A) under this article;

(B) under IC 4-33-7; or

(C) to supply gaming supplies in another jurisdiction;

has been revoked.

Sec. 3. A holder of a supplier's license may:

(1) sell;

(2) lease; or

(3) contract to sell or lease;

a slot machine to a licensee.

Sec. 4. A person may not furnish slot machines to a licensee unless the person possesses a supplier's license.

Sec. 5. A slot machine may not be distributed for use under this article unless the slot machine conforms to standards adopted by the commission.

Sec. 6. (a) A supplier shall furnish to the commission a list of all slot machines offered for sale or lease in connection with gambling games authorized under this article.

(b) A supplier shall keep books and records for the furnishing of slot machines to licensees. The books and records required under this subsection must be kept separate from the books and records of any other business operated by the supplier.

(c) A supplier shall file a quarterly return with the commission listing all sales and leases.

(d) A supplier shall permanently affix the supplier's name to all slot machines that the supplier provides to licensees under this chapter.

Sec. 7. If the commission determines that a supplier's slot machine has been used by a person in an unauthorized gambling operation, the slot machine shall be forfeited to the state.

Sec. 8. Slot machines operated under this article may be:

(1) repaired on the premises of a racetrack; or

(2) removed for repair from the racetrack to a facility owned by the licensee.

Sec. 9. (a) Unless a supplier's license is suspended, expires, or is revoked, the supplier's license may be renewed annually upon:

(1) the payment of a five thousand dollar ($5,000) annual renewal fee; and

(2) a determination by the commission that the holder of the supplier's license is in compliance with this article.

(b) The commission shall conduct a complete investigation of each holder of a supplier's license every three (3) years to determine whether the holder of the supplier's license is in compliance with this article.

(c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the commission may investigate the holder of a supplier's license at any time the commission determines it is necessary to ensure that the holder of the supplier's license is in compliance with this article.

(d) The holder of a supplier's license shall bear the cost of an investigation or a reinvestigation of the licensee and any investigation resulting from a potential transfer of ownership.

Sec. 10. The commission shall transfer:

(1) fees collected under this chapter; and

(2) all investigation costs recovered under this chapter;

to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state general fund.

Chapter 6.5. Licensing of Occupations

Sec. 1. The commission shall determine the occupations related to gambling games at racetracks that require a license under this chapter.

Sec. 2. (a) The commission may issue an occupational license to an individual if:

(1) the individual has applied for the occupational license;

(2) a nonrefundable application fee set by the commission has been paid on behalf of the applicant in accordance with subsection (b);

(3) the commission has determined that the applicant is eligible for an occupational license; and

(4) an annual license fee in an amount established by the commission has been paid on behalf of the applicant in accordance with subsection (b).

(b) A permit holder that is an applicant for a license under this article or that is issued a license under this article or a holder of a supplier's license under this article shall pay the application fee of an individual applying for an occupational license to work:

(1) in an occupation related to gambling games at the permit holder's racetrack; or

(2) for the holder of a supplier's license.

A permit holder that is an applicant for a license under this article or that is issued a license under this article or a holder of a supplier's license under this article shall pay the annual occupational license fee on behalf of an employee or potential employee. A permit holder that is an applicant for a license under this article or that is issued a license under this article or a holder of a supplier's license under this article may seek reimbursement of the application fee or annual license fee from an employee who is issued an occupational license.

(c) A license issued under this chapter is valid for one (1) year after the date of issuance.

(d) Unless an occupational license is suspended, expires, or is revoked, the occupational license may be renewed annually upon:

(1) the payment of an annual license fee by the permit holder that is issued a license under this article or the holder of a supplier's license under this article on behalf of the licensee in an amount established by the commission; and

(2) a determination by the commission that the licensee is in compliance with this article.

(e) The commission may investigate the holder of an occupational license at any time the commission determines it is necessary to ensure that the licensee is in compliance with this

article.

(f) A permit holder that is an applicant for a license under this article or that is issued a license under this article or a holder of a supplier's license under this article:

(1) shall pay the cost of an investigation or reinvestigation of a holder of an occupational license who is employed by the permit holder or holder of a supplier's license; and

(2) may seek reimbursement of the cost of an investigation or reinvestigation from an employee who holds an occupational license.

Sec. 3. Except as provided by section 11 of this chapter, the commission may not issue an occupational license to an individual unless the individual:

(1) is at least eighteen (18) years of age;

(2) has not been convicted of a felony under Indiana law, the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States;

(3) has demonstrated a level of skill or knowledge that the commission determines is necessary to operate gambling games at racetracks; and

(4) has met standards adopted by the commission for the holding of an occupational license.

Sec. 4. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 providing the following:

(1) That an individual applying for an occupational license to manage gambling games at racetracks under this article is subject to background inquiries and requirements similar to those required for an applicant for a license under IC 4-33-6.

(2) That each individual applying for an occupational license may manage gambling games for only one (1) licensee.

Sec. 5. (a) An application for an occupational license must:

(1) be made on forms prescribed by the commission; and

(2) contain all information required by the commission.

(b) An applicant for an occupational license must provide the following information in the application:

(1) If the applicant has held other licenses relating to gambling.

(2) If the applicant has been licensed in any other state under any other name. The applicant must provide under this subdivision the name under which the applicant was licensed in the other state.

(3) The applicant's age.

(4) If a permit or license issued to the applicant in another state has been suspended, restricted, or revoked. The applicant must describe the date and length of a suspension, restriction, or revocation described in this subdivision.

Sec. 6. An applicant for an occupational license must submit with the application two (2) sets of the applicant's fingerprints. The applicant must submit the fingerprints on forms provided by the commission. The commission shall charge each applicant a fee set by the state police department to defray the costs associated with the search and classification of the applicant's fingerprints.

Sec. 7. The commission may refuse to issue an occupational license to an individual who:

(1) is unqualified to perform the duties required of the applicant;

(2) does not disclose or states falsely any information required by the application;

(3) has been found guilty of a violation of this article;

(4) has had a gambling related license or an application for a gambling related license suspended, restricted, revoked, or denied for just cause in another state; or

(5) for just cause is considered by the commission to be unfit to hold an occupational license.

Sec. 8. The commission may suspend, revoke, or restrict an occupational licensee for the following reasons:

(1) A violation of this article.

(2) A cause that if known to the commission would have disqualified the applicant from receiving the occupational license.

(3) A default in the payment of an obligation or a debt due to the state.

(4) Any other just cause.

Sec. 9. (a) This article does not prohibit a permit holder that is issued a license from entering into an agreement with a school approved by the commission for the training of an occupational licensee.

(b) Training offered by a school described in subsection (a) must be:

(1) in accordance with a written agreement between the licensee and the school; and

(2) approved by the commission.

Sec. 10. Training provided for occupational licensees may be conducted:

(1) at a racetrack; or

(2) at a school with which a licensee has entered into an agreement under section 9 of this chapter.

Sec. 11. (a) An individual who is disqualified under section 3(2) of this chapter due to a conviction for a felony may apply to the commission for a waiver of the requirements of section 3(2) of this chapter.

(b) The commission may waive the requirements of section 3(2) of this chapter with respect to an individual applying for an occupational license if:

(1) the individual qualifies for a waiver under subsection (e) or (f); and

(2) the commission determines that the individual has demonstrated by clear and convincing evidence the individual's rehabilitation.

(c) In determining whether the individual applying for the occupational license has demonstrated rehabilitation under subsection (b), the commission shall consider the following factors:

(1) The nature and duties of the position applied for by the

individual.

(2) The nature and seriousness of the offense or conduct.

(3) The circumstances under which the offense or conduct occurred.

(4) The date of the offense or conduct.

(5) The age of the individual when the offense or conduct was committed.

(6) Whether the offense or conduct was an isolated or a repeated incident.

(7) A social condition that may have contributed to the offense or conduct.

(8) Evidence of rehabilitation, including good conduct in prison or in the community, counseling or psychiatric treatment received, acquisition of additional academic or vocational education, successful participation in a correctional work release program, or the recommendation of a person who has or has had the individual under the person's supervision.

(9) The complete criminal record of the individual.

(10) The prospective employer's written statement that:

(A) the employer has been advised of all of the facts and circumstances of the individual's criminal record; and

(B) after having considered the facts and circumstances, the prospective employer will hire the individual if the commission grants a waiver of the requirements of section 3(2) of this chapter.

(d) The commission may not waive the requirements of section 3(2) of this chapter for an individual who has been convicted of committing any of the following:

(1) A felony in violation of federal law (as classified in 18 U.S.C. 3559).

(2) A felony of fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.

(3) A felony of conspiracy to commit a felony described in subdivision (1), (2), or (4) under the laws of Indiana or any other jurisdiction.

(4) A felony of gambling under IC 35-45-5 or IC 35-45-6 or a crime in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the crime for which the conviction was entered are substantially similar to the elements of a crime described in IC 35-45-5 or IC 35-45-6.

(e) The commission may waive the requirements of section 3(2) of this chapter for an individual if:

(1) the individual has been convicted of committing:

(A) a felony described in IC 35-42 against another human being or a felony described in IC 35-48-4;

(B) a felony under Indiana law that results in bodily injury, serious bodily injury, or death to another human being; or

(C) a crime in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the crime for which the conviction was entered are substantially similar to the elements of a felony described

in clause (A) or (B); and

(2) ten (10) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is later, for the conviction described in subdivision (1).

(f) The commission may waive the requirements of section 3(2) of this chapter for an individual if:

(1) the individual has been convicted in Indiana or any other jurisdiction of committing a felony not described in subsection (d) or (e); and

(2) five (5) years have elapsed from the date the individual was discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever is later, for the conviction described in subdivision (1).

(g) To enable a prospective employer to determine, for purposes of subsection (c)(10), whether the prospective employer has been advised of all of the facts and circumstances of the individual's criminal record, the commission shall notify the prospective employer of all information that the commission:

(1) has obtained concerning the individual; and

(2) is authorized to release under IC 5-14.

(h) The commission shall deny the individual's request to waive the requirements of section 3(2) of this chapter if the individual fails to disclose to both the commission and the prospective employer all information relevant to this section.

Chapter 7. Conduct of Gambling Games at Racetracks

Sec. 1. Gambling games authorized under this article may not be conducted anywhere other than a slot machine facility located at a racetrack.

Sec. 2. (a) A person who is less than twenty-one (21) years of age may not wager on a slot machine.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a person who is less than twenty-one (21) years of age may not be present in the area of a racetrack where gambling games are conducted.

(c) A person who is at least eighteen (18) years of age and who is an employee of the racetrack may be present in the area of the racetrack where gambling games are conducted. However, an employee who is less than twenty-one (21) years of age may not perform any function involving gambling by the patrons of the licensee's slot machine facility.

Sec. 3. Minimum and maximum wagers on gambling games shall be determined by the licensee.

Sec. 4. The following may inspect a licensee's slot machine facility at any time to determine if this article is being violated:

(1) Employees of the commission.

(2) Officers of the state police department.

Sec. 5. Employees of the commission have the right to be present in a licensee's slot machine facility.

Sec. 6. A slot machine may be purchased or leased only from a supplier licensed under this article.

Sec. 7. Except as provided in section 14 of this chapter, slot

machine wagering is the only form of wagering permitted in a licensee's slot machine facility.

Sec. 8. Wagers may be received only from a person present in a licensee's slot machine facility. A person present in a licensee's slot machine facility may not place or attempt to place a wager on behalf of a person who is not present in the licensee's slot machine facility.

Sec. 9. (a) A patron may make a slot machine wager at a racetrack only by means of:

(1) a token or an electronic card purchased from a licensee at the licensee's racetrack; or

(2) money or other negotiable currency.

(b) A token or an electronic card may be purchased by means of an agreement under which a licensee extends credit to the patron.

(c) All winnings and payoffs from a slot machine at a racetrack:

(1) shall be made in tokens, electronic cards, paper tickets, or other evidence of winnings and payoffs approved by the commission; and

(2) may not be made in money or other negotiable currency.

Sec. 10. A token or an electronic card described in section 9 of this chapter may be used by a patron while the patron is present at the racetrack only to make a wager on a slot machine authorized under this article.

Sec. 11. A licensee may not install more than two thousand (2,000) slot machines on the premises of the licensee's racetrack without the approval of the commission.

Sec. 12. (a) The Indiana horse racing commission shall enforce the requirements of this section.

(b) Except as provided in subsections (j) and (k), a licensee shall before the fifteenth day of each month devote to the gaming integrity fund, horse racing purses, and to horsemen's associations an amount equal to fifteen percent (15%) of the adjusted gross receipts of the slot machine wagering from the previous month at the licensee's racetrack. The Indiana horse racing commission may not use any of this money for any administrative purpose or other purpose of the Indiana horse racing commission, and the entire amount of the money shall be distributed as provided in this section. A licensee shall pay the first two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) distributed under this section in a state fiscal year to the commission for deposit in the gaming integrity fund established by IC 4-35-8.7-3. After this money has been distributed to the commission, a licensee shall distribute the remaining money devoted to horse racing purses and to horsemen's associations under this subsection as follows:

(1) Five-tenths percent (0.5%) shall be transferred to horsemen's associations for equine promotion or welfare according to the ratios specified in subsection (e).

(2) Two and five-tenths percent (2.5%) shall be transferred to horsemen's associations for backside benevolence according to the ratios specified in subsection (e).

(3) Ninety-seven percent (97%) shall be distributed to promote horses and horse racing as provided in subsection (d).

(c) A horsemen's association shall expend the amounts distributed to the horsemen's association under subsection (b)(1) through (b)(2) for a purpose promoting the equine industry or equine welfare or for a benevolent purpose that the horsemen's association determines is in the best interests of horse racing in Indiana for the breed represented by the horsemen's association. Expenditures under this subsection are subject to the regulatory requirements of subsection (f).

(d) A licensee shall distribute the amounts described in subsection (b)(3) as follows:

(1) Forty-six percent (46%) for thoroughbred purposes as follows:

(A) Sixty percent (60%) for the following purposes:

(i) Ninety-seven percent (97%) for thoroughbred purses.

(ii) Two and four-tenths percent (2.4%) to the horsemen's association representing thoroughbred owners and trainers.

(iii) Six-tenths percent (0.6%) to the horsemen's association representing thoroughbred owners and breeders.

(B) Forty percent (40%) to the breed development fund established for thoroughbreds under IC 4-31-11-10.

(2) Forty-six percent (46%) for standardbred purposes as follows:

(A) Fifty percent (50%) for the following purposes:

(i) Ninety-six and five-tenths percent (96.5%) for standardbred purses.

(ii) Three and five-tenths percent (3.5%) to the horsemen's association representing standardbred owners and trainers.

(B) Fifty percent (50%) to the breed development fund established for standardbreds under IC 4-31-11-10.

(3) Eight percent (8%) for quarter horse purposes as follows:

(A) Seventy percent (70%) for the following purposes:

(i) Ninety-five percent (95%) for quarter horse purses.

(ii) Five percent (5%) to the horsemen's association representing quarter horse owners and trainers.

(B) Thirty percent (30%) to the breed development fund established for quarter horses under IC 4-31-11-10.

Expenditures under this subsection are subject to the regulatory requirements of subsection (f).

(e) Money distributed under subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) shall be allocated as follows:

(1) Forty-six percent (46%) to the horsemen's association representing thoroughbred owners and trainers.

(2) Forty-six percent (46%) to the horsemen's association representing standardbred owners and trainers.

(3) Eight percent (8%) to the horsemen's association

representing quarter horse owners and trainers.

(f) Money distributed under this section may not be expended unless the expenditure is for a purpose authorized in this section and is either for a purpose promoting the equine industry or equine welfare or is for a benevolent purpose that is in the best interests of horse racing in Indiana or the necessary expenditures for the operations of the horsemen's association required to implement and fulfill the purposes of this section. The Indiana horse racing commission may review any expenditure of money distributed under this section to ensure that the requirements of this section are satisfied. The Indiana horse racing commission shall adopt rules concerning the review and oversight of money distributed under this section and shall adopt rules concerning the enforcement of this section. The following apply to a horsemen's association receiving a distribution of money under this section:

(1) The horsemen's association must annually file a report with the Indiana horse racing commission concerning the use of the money by the horsemen's association. The report must include information as required by the commission.

(2) The horsemen's association must register with the Indiana horse racing commission.

(g) The commission shall provide the Indiana horse racing commission with the information necessary to enforce this section.

(h) The Indiana horse racing commission shall investigate any complaint that a licensee has failed to comply with the horse racing purse requirements set forth in this section. If, after notice and a hearing, the Indiana horse racing commission finds that a licensee has failed to comply with the purse requirements set forth in this section, the Indiana horse racing commission may:

(1) issue a warning to the licensee;

(2) impose a civil penalty that may not exceed one million dollars ($1,000,000); or

(3) suspend a meeting permit issued under IC 4-31-5 to conduct a pari-mutuel wagering horse racing meeting in Indiana.

(i) A civil penalty collected under this section must be deposited in the state general fund.

(j) For a state fiscal year beginning after June 30, 2008, and ending before July 1, 2009, the amount of money dedicated to the purposes described in subsection (b) for a particular state fiscal year is equal to the lesser of:

(1) fifteen percent (15%) of the licensee's adjusted gross receipts for the state fiscal year; or

(2) eighty-five million dollars ($85,000,000).

If fifteen percent (15%) of a licensee's adjusted gross receipts for the state fiscal year exceeds the amount specified in subdivision (2), the licensee shall transfer the amount of the excess to the commission for deposit in the property tax reduction trust fund established by IC 4-35-8-2. The licensee shall adjust the transfers required under this section in the final month of the state fiscal year to comply with the requirements of this subsection.

(k) For a state fiscal year beginning after June 30, 2009, the amount of money dedicated to the purposes described in subsection (b) for a particular state fiscal year is equal to the lesser of:

(1) fifteen percent (15%) of the licensee's adjusted gross receipts for the state fiscal year; or

(2) the amount dedicated to the purposes described in subsection (b) in the previous state fiscal year increased by a percentage that does not exceed the percent of increase in the United States Department of Labor Consumer Price Index during the year preceding the year in which an increase is established.

If fifteen percent (15%) of a licensee's adjusted gross receipts for the state fiscal year exceeds the amount specified in subdivision (2), the licensee shall transfer the amount of the excess to the commission for deposit in the property tax reduction trust fund established by IC 4-35-8-2. The licensee shall adjust the transfers required under this section in the final month of the state fiscal year to comply with the requirements of this subsection.

Sec. 13. (a) The definitions in IC 3-5-2 apply to this section to the extent they do not conflict with the definitions in this article.

(b) As used in this section, "candidate" refers to any of the following:

(1) A candidate for a state office.

(2) A candidate for a legislative office.

(3) A candidate for a local office.

(c) As used in this section, "committee" refers to any of the following:

(1) A candidate's committee.

(2) A regular party committee.

(3) A committee organized by a legislative caucus of the house of the general assembly.

(4) A committee organized by a legislative caucus of the senate of the general assembly.

(d) Money distributed under section 12 of this chapter may not be used for any of the following purposes:

(1) To make a contribution to a candidate or a committee.

(2) For lobbying (as defined in IC 2-7-1-9).

Sec. 14. The commission may not prohibit a licensee from allowing pari-mutuel wagering (as defined in IC 4-31-2-12) at the facility at which gambling games are conducted under this article.

Chapter 8. Taxation of Slot Machine Wagering

Sec. 1. (a) A graduated slot machine wagering tax is imposed as follows on the adjusted gross receipts received from wagering on gambling games authorized by this article:

(1) Twenty-five percent (25%) of the first one hundred million dollars ($100,000,000) of adjusted gross receipts received during the period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.

(2) Thirty percent (30%) of the adjusted gross receipts in excess of one hundred million dollars ($100,000,000) but not exceeding two hundred million dollars ($200,000,000) received

during the period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.

(3) Thirty-five percent (35%) of the adjusted gross receipts in excess of two hundred million dollars ($200,000,000) received during the period beginning July 1 of each year and ending June 30 of the following year.

(b) A licensee shall remit the tax imposed by this section to the department before the close of the business day following the day the wagers are made.

(c) The department may require payment under this section to be made by electronic funds transfer (as defined in IC 4-8.1-2-7(f)).

(d) If the department requires taxes to be remitted under this chapter through electronic funds transfer, the department may allow the licensee to file a monthly report to reconcile the amounts remitted to the department.

(e) The payment of the tax under this section must be on a form prescribed by the department.

Sec. 2. (a) The property tax reduction trust fund is established.

(b) The property tax reduction trust fund shall be administered by the treasurer of state.

(c) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the property tax reduction trust fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public funds may be invested.

(d) Money may not be transferred, assigned, or otherwise removed from the property tax reduction trust fund by the state board of finance, the budget agency, or any other state agency.

(e) Money in the property tax reduction trust fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.

Sec. 3. The department shall deposit tax revenue collected under section 1 of this chapter in the property tax reduction trust fund.

Sec. 4. Subject to appropriation by the general assembly, money deposited in the property tax reduction trust fund under section 3 of this chapter may be used for providing property tax relief in any manner prescribed by the general assembly.

Chapter 8.5. County Slot Machine Wagering Fee

Sec. 1. (a) Before the fifteenth day of each month, a licensee that offers slot machine wagering under this article shall pay to the commission a county slot machine wagering fee equal to three percent (3%) of the adjusted gross receipts received from slot machine wagering during the previous month at the licensee's racetrack. However, a licensee is not required to pay more than eight million dollars ($8,000,000) of county slot machine wagering fees under this section in any state fiscal year.

(b) The commission shall deposit the county slot machine wagering fee received by the commission into a separate account within the state general fund.

Sec. 2. Before the fifteenth day of each month, the treasurer of state shall distribute any county slot machine wagering fees received from a licensee during the previous month to the county auditor of the county in which the licensee's racetrack is located.

Sec. 3. The auditor of each county receiving a distribution of county slot machine wagering fees under section 2 of this chapter shall distribute the county slot machine wagering fees as follows:

(1) To each city located in the county according to the ratio the city's population bears to the total population of the county.

(2) To each town located in the county according to the ratio the town's population bears to the total population of the county.

(3) After the distributions required by subdivisions (1) and (2) are made, the remainder shall be retained by the county.

Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section, "political subdivision" means a county, city, or town.

(b) Money paid to a political subdivision under this chapter:

(1) must be paid to the fiscal officer of the political subdivision and must be deposited in the political subdivision's general fund;

(2) may not be used to reduce the political subdivision's maximum levy under IC 6-1.1 but may be used at the discretion of the political subdivision to reduce the property tax levy of the political subdivision for a particular year;

(3) may be used for any purpose specified in this chapter or for any other legal or corporate purpose of the political subdivision, including the pledge of money to bonds, leases, or other obligations under IC 5-1-14-4; and

(4) is considered miscellaneous revenue.

Chapter 8.7. Gaming Integrity Fee

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "fund" means the gaming integrity fund established by section 3 of this chapter.

Sec. 2. A licensee that offers slot machine wagering under this article shall annually pay to the commission a gaming integrity fee equal to two hundred fifty thousand dollars ($250,000) for each racetrack at which the licensee offers slot machine wagering. The commission shall deposit gaming integrity fees in the fund.

Sec. 3. (a) The gaming integrity fund is established.

(b) The fund shall be administered by the commission.

(c) The fund consists of gaming integrity fees deposited in the fund under this chapter and money distributed to the fund under IC 4-35-7-12.

(d) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same manner as other public funds may be invested.

(e) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does not revert to the state general fund.

(f) Money in the fund may be used by the commission only for the following purposes:

(1) To pay the cost of analyzing equine specimens under IC 4-31-12-6(b).

(2) To pay dues to the Drug Testing Standards and Practices (DTSP) Committee of the Association of Racing Commissioners International.

(3) To provide grants for research for the advancement of equine drug testing. Grants under this subdivision must be approved by the Drug Testing Standards and Practices (DTSP) Committee of the Association of Racing Commissioners International or by the Racing Mediation and Testing Consortium.

Chapter 8.8. Problem Gambling Fees

Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "division" refers to the division of mental health and addiction.

Sec. 2. A licensee that offers slot machine wagering at racetracks under this article shall annually pay to the division a problem gambling fee equal to five hundred thousand dollars ($500,000) for each racetrack at which the licensee offers slot machine wagering.

Sec. 3. The division may use problem gambling fees paid to the division under this chapter only for the prevention and treatment of compulsive gambling that is related to slot machine wagering and other gambling allowed under IC 4-33.

Sec. 4. The problem gambling fees used by the division under this chapter for the prevention and treatment of compulsive gambling are in addition to any admissions tax revenue allocated by the division under IC 4-33-12-6 for the prevention and treatment of compulsive gambling.

Chapter 8.9. Supplemental Fees

Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to state fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2007, and ending before July 1, 2012.

Sec. 2. (a) Before the fifteenth day of each month, a licensee that offers slot machine wagering under this article shall pay to the commission a supplemental fee equal to one percent (1%) of the adjusted gross receipts received by the licensee from slot machine wagering.

(b) The commission shall deposit the supplemental fees into a separate account within the state general fund.

Sec. 3. Before the fifteenth day of each month, the treasurer of state shall distribute supplemental fees received under this chapter during the previous month in equal shares to each licensed owner or operating agent that commences gambling operations with respect to:

(1) an initial owner's license issued under IC 4-33-6; or

(2) the initial term of an operating agent contract entered into under IC 4-33-6.5;

after June 30, 2006.

Chapter 9. Penalties

Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to gambling games authorized under this article.

Sec. 2. A person who knowingly or intentionally aids, induces, or causes a person who is:

(1) less than twenty-one (21) years of age; and

(2) not an employee of a licensee;

to enter or attempt to enter the licensee's slot machine facility commits a Class A misdemeanor.

Sec. 3. A person who:
(1) is not an employee of a licensee;
(2) is less than twenty-one (21) years of age; and
(3) knowingly or intentionally enters the licensee's slot machine facility;
commits a Class A misdemeanor.

Sec. 4. A person who knowingly or intentionally:
(1) makes a false statement on an application submitted under this article;
(2) conducts a gambling game in a manner other than the manner required under this article; or
(3) wagers or accepts a wager at a location other than a licensee's slot machine facility;
commits a Class A misdemeanor.

Sec. 5. A person who knowingly or intentionally does any of the following commits a Class D felony:
(1) Offers, promises, or gives anything of value or benefit:
(A) to a person who is connected with a licensee, including an officer or employee of a licensee; and
(B) under an agreement to influence or with the intent to influence:
(i) the actions of the person to whom the offer, promise, or gift was made in order to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a gambling game; or
(ii) an official action of a commission member.
(2) Solicits, accepts, or receives a promise of anything of value or benefit:
(A) while the person is connected with a licensee, including as an officer or employee of a licensee; and
(B) under an agreement to influence or with the intent to influence:
(i) the actions of the person to affect or attempt to affect the outcome of a gambling game; or
(ii) an official action of a commission member.
(3) Uses or possesses with the intent to use a device to assist in:
(A) projecting the outcome of a gambling game;
(B) analyzing the probability of the occurrence of an event related to a gambling game; or
(C) analyzing the strategy for playing or betting to be used in a gambling game, except as permitted by the commission.
(4) Cheats at a gambling game.
(5) Manufactures, sells, or distributes any game or device that is intended to be used to violate this article.
(6) Alters or misrepresents the outcome of a gambling game on which wagers have been made after the outcome is made sure but before the outcome is revealed to the players.
(7) Places a bet on the outcome of a gambling game after acquiring knowledge that:
(A) is not available to all players; and

(B) concerns the outcome of the gambling game that is the subject of the bet.

(8) Aids a person in acquiring the knowledge described in subdivision (7) to place a bet contingent on the outcome of a gambling game.

(9) Claims, collects, takes, or attempts to claim, collect, or take money or anything of value in or from a gambling game:

(A) with the intent to defraud; or

(B) without having made a wager contingent on winning a gambling game.

(10) Claims, collects, or takes an amount of money or a thing of value that is of greater value than the amount won in a gambling game.

(11) Uses or possesses counterfeit tokens in or for use in a gambling game.

(12) Possesses a key or device designed for:

(A) opening, entering, or affecting the operation of a gambling game, a drop box, or an electronic or a mechanical device connected with the gambling game; or

(B) removing coins, tokens, or other contents of a gambling game.

This subdivision does not apply to a licensee or an employee of a licensee acting in the course of the employee's employment.

(13) Possesses materials used to manufacture a slug or device intended to be used in a manner that violates this article.

Chapter 10. Employment

Sec. 1. (a) This section applies if a permit holder's employees are covered under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement that is in effect at the time a gambling game license is issued to the permit holder under IC 4-35-5.

(b) If a permit holder has nonsupervisory employees whose work is:

(1) directly related to:

(A) pari-mutuel terminal operations; or

(B) money room functions associated with pari-mutuel wagering on horse racing; and

(2) covered under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement;

the permit holder shall, subject to subsection (c), staff nonsupervisory positions directly related to the operation of gambling games under this article with employees whose work is covered under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement.

(c) The employees described in subsection (b) must be qualified to meet the licensing requirements of this article and any criteria required by the commission in rules adopted under IC 4-22-2.

Sec. 2. The job classifications, job duties, wage rates, and benefits of nonsupervisory positions related to gambling games may be established by agreement of the parties to a collective bargaining agreement or, in the absence of an agreement, by the permit holder.

Chapter 11. Minority and Women's Business Participation

Sec. 1. This chapter applies to persons holding a permit to operate a racetrack under IC 4-31-5 at which slot machines are licensed under this article.

Sec. 2. The general assembly declares that it is essential for minority and women's business enterprises to have the opportunity for full participation in the racetrack industry if minority and women's business enterprises are to obtain social and economic parity and if the economies of the cities, towns, and counties in which slot machines are operated at racetracks are to be stimulated as contemplated by this article.

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "minority" means a person who is one (1) of the following:

(1) Black.

(2) Hispanic.

(3) Asian American.

(4) Native American or Alaskan native.

Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "minority business enterprise" means a business that is one (1) of the following:

(1) A sole proprietorship owned and controlled by a minority.

(2) A partnership or joint venture owned and controlled by minorities and in which:

(A) at least fifty-one percent (51%) of the ownership interest is held by at least one (1) minority; and

(B) the management and daily business operations are controlled by at least one (1) minority who also holds an ownership interest.

(3) A corporation or other entity in which:

(A) at least fifty-one percent (51%) of:

(i) the ownership interest; or

(ii) the stock, if stock is issued;

is held by at least one (1) minority; and

(B) the management and daily business operations are controlled by at least one (1) minority who also holds an ownership interest or stock.

Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "women's business enterprise" means a business that is one (1) of the following:

(1) A sole proprietorship owned and controlled by a woman.

(2) A partnership or joint venture owned and controlled by women and in which:

(A) at least fifty-one percent (51%) of the ownership interest is held by at least one (1) woman; and

(B) the management and daily business operations are controlled by at least one (1) woman who also holds an ownership interest.

(3) A corporation or other entity in which:

(A) at least fifty-one percent (51%) of:

(i) the ownership interest; or

(ii) the stock, if stock is issued;

is held by at least one (1) woman; and

(B) the management and daily business operations are

controlled by at least one (1) woman who also holds an ownership interest or stock.

Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "goods and services" does not include the following:

(1) Utilities and taxes.

(2) Financing costs, mortgages, loans, or other debt.

(3) Medical insurance.

(4) Fees and payments to a parent or an affiliated company of a permit holder or other fees and payments for goods and services supplied by nonaffiliated persons through an affiliated company for the use or benefit of the permit holder.

(5) Rents paid for real property or payments constituting the price of an interest in real property as a result of a real estate transaction.

(b) Notwithstanding any law or rule to the contrary, the commission shall establish goals for permit holders concerning contracts for goods and services with minority business enterprises and women's business enterprises. The goals under this subsection must be equal to goals set by the commission under IC 4-33-14-5 for contracts awarded for goods or services.

(c) A permit holder shall submit quarterly reports to the commission that outline the total dollar value of contracts awarded for goods and services and the percentage of contracts awarded to minority and women's business enterprises.

(d) A permit holder shall make a good faith effort to meet the requirements of this section and shall quarterly, unless otherwise directed by the commission, demonstrate to the commission at a public meeting that an effort was made to meet the requirements.

(e) A permit holder may fulfill not more than seventy percent (70%) of an obligation under this chapter by requiring a vendor to set aside a part of a contract for minority or women's business enterprises. Upon request, the permit holder shall provide the commission with proof of the amount of the set aside.

Sec. 7. If the commission determines that the provisions of this chapter relating to expenditures and assignments to minority and women's business enterprises have not been met, the commission may suspend, limit, or revoke the person's license or permit, or may fine or impose appropriate conditions on the license or permit to ensure that the goals for expenditures and assignments to minority and women's business enterprises are met. However, if a determination is made that a permit holder has failed to demonstrate compliance with this chapter, the person has ninety (90) days from the date of the determination of noncompliance to comply.

Sec. 8. The commission shall establish and administer a unified certification procedure for minority and women's business enterprises that do business with permit holders on contracts for goods and services or contracts for business.

Sec. 9. The commission shall supply permit holders with a list of minority and women's business enterprises the commission has certified under section 8 of this chapter. The commission shall

review the list at least annually to determine the minority and women's business enterprises that should continue to be certified. The commission shall establish procedures for challenging the designation of a certified minority and women's business enterprise. The procedure must include proper notice and a hearing for all concerned parties.

Sec. 10. The commission shall adopt other rules necessary to interpret and implement this chapter.

SECTION 22. IC 6-1.1-4-39.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE MARCH 1, 2006 (RETROACTIVE)]: **Sec. 39.5. (a) As used in this section, "qualified real property" means a riverboat (as defined in IC 4-33-2-17).**

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the true tax value of qualified real property is the lowest valuation determined by applying each of the following appraisal approaches:

(1) Cost approach that includes an estimated reproduction or replacement cost of buildings and land improvements as of the date of valuation together with estimates of the losses in value that have taken place due to wear and tear, design and plan, or neighborhood influences using base prices determined under 50 IAC 2.3 and associated guidelines published by the department.

(2) Sales comparison approach, using data for generally comparable property, excluding values attributable to licenses, fees, or personal property as determined under 50 IAC 4.2.

(3) Income capitalization approach, using an applicable capitalization method and appropriate capitalization rates that are developed and used in computations that lead to an indication of value commensurate with the risks for the subject property use.

(c) A township assessor is not required to appraise qualified real property using the three (3) appraisal approaches listed in subsection (b) if the township assessor and the taxpayer agree before notice of the assessment is given to the taxpayer under section 22 of this chapter to the determination of the true tax value of the property by the assessor using one (1) of those appraisal approaches.

(d) To carry out this section, the department of local government finance may adopt rules for assessors to use in gathering and processing information for the application of the income capitalization method. A taxpayer must verify under penalties for perjury any information provided to the assessor for use in the application of the income capitalization method.

SECTION 23. IC 6-8.1-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.162-2006, SECTION 35, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. "Listed taxes" or "taxes" includes only the pari-mutuel taxes (IC 4-31-9-3 through IC 4-31-9-5); the riverboat admissions tax (IC 4-33-12); the riverboat wagering tax (IC 4-33-13); **the slot machine wagering tax (IC 4-35-8);** the gross income tax

(IC 6-2.1) (repealed); the utility receipts and utility services use taxes (IC 6-2.3); the state gross retail and use taxes (IC 6-2.5); the adjusted gross income tax (IC 6-3); the supplemental net income tax (IC 6-3-8) (repealed); the county adjusted gross income tax (IC 6-3.5-1.1); the county option income tax (IC 6-3.5-6); the county economic development income tax (IC 6-3.5-7); the municipal option income tax (IC 6-3.5-8); the auto rental excise tax (IC 6-6-9); the financial institutions tax (IC 6-5.5); the gasoline tax (IC 6-6-1.1); the alternative fuel permit fee (IC 6-6-2.1); the special fuel tax (IC 6-6-2.5); the motor carrier fuel tax (IC 6-6-4.1); a motor fuel tax collected under a reciprocal agreement under IC 6-8.1-3; the motor vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5); the commercial vehicle excise tax (IC 6-6-5.5); the hazardous waste disposal tax (IC 6-6-6.6); the cigarette tax (IC 6-7-1); the beer excise tax (IC 7.1-4-2); the liquor excise tax (IC 7.1-4-3); the wine excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4); the hard cider excise tax (IC 7.1-4-4.5); the malt excise tax (IC 7.1-4-5); the petroleum severance tax (IC 6-8-1); the various innkeeper's taxes (IC 6-9); the various food and beverage taxes (IC 6-9); the county admissions tax (IC 6-9-13 and IC 6-9-28); the oil inspection fee (IC 16-44-2); the emergency and hazardous chemical inventory form fee (IC 6-6-10); the penalties assessed for oversize vehicles (IC 9-20-3 and IC 9-30); the fees and penalties assessed for overweight vehicles (IC 9-20-4 and IC 9-30); the underground storage tank fee (IC 13-23); the solid waste management fee (IC 13-20-22); and any other tax or fee that the department is required to collect or administer.

SECTION 24. IC 7.1-3-17.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) The commission may issue ~~an excursion and adjacent landsite~~ **a gaming site** permit to a person who has been issued:

(1) a riverboat owner's license under IC 4-33-6; ~~or~~

(2) an operating agent ~~(as defined in IC 4-33-2-14.5)~~ **contract under IC 4-33-6.5; or**

(3) a gambling game license under IC 4-35;

to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only. The permit may be a single permit even though more than one (1) area constitutes the licensed premises of the permit.

(b) A permit issued under this chapter may be used:

(1) on the riverboat; and

(2) in a restaurant owned by the person who has been issued a riverboat owner's license or an operating agent contract (as defined in IC 4-33-2-14.6) if the restaurant is located on property adjacent to the property used by the riverboat for docking purposes.

SECTION 25. IC 7.1-3-17.5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 2. The commission shall issue ~~an excursion and adjacent landsite~~ **a gaming site** permit without regard to the quota provisions of IC 7.1-3-22.

SECTION 26. IC 7.1-3-17.5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 3. ~~An excursion adjacent landsite~~ **A gaming site** permit is not subject to the fee limitations otherwise set forth in IC 7.1.

SECTION 27. IC 7.1-3-17.5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 4. The commission may adopt emergency rules under IC 4-22-2-37.1 concerning the following for ~~an excursion and adjacent landsite~~ **a gaming site** permit:

(1) Issuance.
(2) Scope.
(3) Permit fee.
(4) Expiration.
(5) Revocation and suspension.

SECTION 28. IC 7.1-3-17.5-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 5. The commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 concerning the following for ~~an excursion permit and an adjacent landsite~~ **a gaming site** permit:

(1) Issuance.
(2) Scope.
(3) Permit fee.
(4) Expiration.
(5) Revocation and suspension.

SECTION 29. IC 7.1-3-17.5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6. Notwithstanding IC 7.1-5-5-7, the holder of ~~an excursion and adjacent landsite~~ **a gaming site** permit may, subject to the approval of the commission, provide alcoholic beverages to guests without charge at an event on the licensed premises if all the following requirements are met:

(1) The event is attended by not more than six hundred fifty (650) guests.
(2) The event is not more than six (6) hours in duration.
(3) Each alcoholic beverage dispensed to a guest:
(A) is entered into a cash register that records and itemizes on the cash register tape each alcoholic beverage dispensed; and
(B) is entered into a cash register as a sale and at the same price that is charged to the general public.
(4) At the conclusion of the event, all alcoholic beverages recorded on the cash register tape are paid by the holder of the ~~excursion and adjacent landsite~~ **gaming site** permit.
(5) All records of the alcoholic beverage sales, including the cash register tape, shall be maintained by the holder of the ~~excursion and adjacent landsite~~ **gaming site** permit for not less than two (2) years.
(6) The holder of the ~~excursion and adjacent landsite~~ **gaming site** permit complies with the rules of the commission.

SECTION 30. IC 7.1-3-17.7-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 1. (a) **Except as provided in subsection (c),** the commission may issue a horse track permit to a person who has been issued a recognized meeting permit under IC 4-31-5 to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only. The permit may be a single permit even though more than one (1) area constitutes the licensed premises of the permit.

(b) The commission may issue a satellite facility permit to a person who has been issued a satellite facility license under IC 4-31-5.5 to sell alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption only.

(c) This chapter does not apply to a slot machine facility licensed under IC 4-35.

SECTION 31. IC 7.1-3-21-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 6. (a) The provisions of sections 4, 5, 5.2, and 5.4 of this chapter concerning retail and dealer partnerships, corporations, limited partnerships, and limited liability companies shall not apply to the issuance of:

(1) a dining car permit;
(2) **a** boat permit;
(3) **a** drug store permit;
(4) **a** grocery store permit;
(5) **a** hotel permit;
(6) **an** airplane permit;
(7) ~~an excursion and adjacent landsite~~ **a gaming site** permit;
(8) a horse track permit;
(9) a satellite facility permit; or
(10) a retail permit to an establishment:
(A) that is sufficiently served by adequate law enforcement at its permit location; and
(B) whose annual gross food sales at the permit location:
(i) exceed one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000); or
(ii) in the case of a new application and as proved by the applicant to the local board and the commission, will exceed two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) by the end of the two (2) year period from the date of the issuance of the permit.

(b) The commission shall not issue a permit listed in subsection (a) to a foreign:

(1) corporation;
(2) limited partnership; or
(3) limited liability company;

that is not duly qualified to do business in Indiana.

SECTION 32. IC 7.1-5-5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.224-2005, SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2007]: Sec. 7. (a) It is unlawful for a permittee in a sale or contract to sell alcoholic beverages to discriminate between purchasers by granting a price, discount, allowance, or service charge which is not available to all purchasers at the same time. However, this section does not authorize or require a permittee to sell to a person to whom the permittee is not authorized to sell under this title.

(b) A premises that operates at least two (2) restaurants that are separate and distinct from each other on the same premises may provide for a different schedule of prices in each restaurant if each restaurant conforms to all other laws and rules of the commission regarding pricing and price discrimination in its separate and distinct areas.

(c) This section does not apply to the holder of ~~an excursion and adjacent landsite~~ **a gaming site** permit that complies with IC 7.1-3-17.5-6.

(d) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a beer wholesaler may offer a special discount price to a beer dealer or beer retailer for beer or

flavored malt beverage, if the beer or flavored malt beverage:

(1) is a brand or package the beer wholesaler has discontinued; or

(2) will expire in not more than:

(A) twenty (20) days for packaged beer or packaged flavored malt beverage; and

(B) ten (10) days for draft beer or draft flavored malt beverage.

(e) The special discount under subsection (d) only applies to beer or flavored malt beverage that will expire and be subject to removal from retailer or dealer shelves in accordance with the primary source of supply's coding data clearly identified on the container.

(f) Any beer or flavored malt beverage sold at a special discount price under subsection (d) shall be accompanied by an invoice clearly designating, in addition to all other information required by law, all the following information:

(1) The date of delivery.

(2) The expiration date of each brand, package type, and quantity delivered.

(3) The per unit price for each package.

SECTION 33. IC 35-45-5-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.91-2006, SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. This chapter does not apply to the publication or broadcast of an advertisement, a list of prizes, or other information concerning:

(1) pari-mutuel wagering on horse races or a lottery authorized by the law of any state; ~~or~~

(2) a game of chance operated in accordance with IC 4-32.2; **or**

(3) a gambling game operated in accordance with IC 4-35.

SECTION 34. IC 35-45-5-11 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: **Sec. 11. This chapter does not apply to a gambling game authorized by IC 4-35.**

SECTION 35. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] **(a) If the Indiana gaming commission determines that a permit holder (as defined in IC 4-35-2-8, as added by this act) has met the requirements of this act, the Indiana gaming commission shall adopt a resolution authorizing the permit holder to conduct gambling games under IC 4-35, as added by this act. The Indiana gaming commission may exercise any power necessary to implement this act under a resolution authorized under this SECTION.**

(b) Subject to subsection (c), the Indiana gaming commission shall authorize a permit holder to conduct gambling games in a temporary facility upon the Indiana gaming commission's approval of the permit holder's plans for a permanent facility. Gambling games may be conducted in a temporary facility under this SECTION for twenty-four (24) months or for a longer time as determined by the Indiana gaming commission.

(c) The Indiana gaming commission may not approve gambling games in a temporary facility under this SECTION unless the temporary facility is located at a permit holder's race track or on real estate that is adjacent to the permit holder's race track.

(d) This SECTION expires January 1, 2010.

SECTION 36. [EFFECTIVE MARCH 1, 2006 (RETROACTIVE)] **IC 6-1.1-4-39.5, as added by this act, applies to property taxes that are first assessed after February 28, 2006, and are first due and payable after December 31, 2006.**

SECTION 37. **An emergency is declared for this act.**

(Reference is to EHB 1835 as reprinted March 27, 2007.)

Conference Committee Report
on
Engrossed House Bill 1835

Signed by:

_____	_____
Representative Van Haaften Chairperson	Senator Kenley
_____	_____
Representative Whetstone	Senator Lanane
House Conferees	**Senate Conferees**