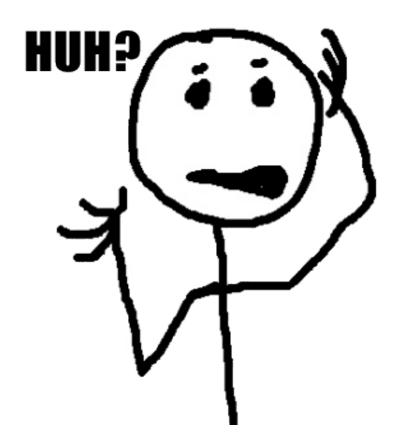
FHAP CONCILIATION STANDARDS

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Areas of Emphasis

- Quality of investigations
- Moving cause findings to enforcement (administrative or judicial)
- Effective Conciliations / Settlements

Why YOU Matter

• FHAPs handle approximately 8 of every 10 housing discrimination complaints filed with a government agency.

Fair Housing Assistance Program Why YOU Matter

- In FY2017, FHAPs closed 6659 complaints.
- 1,847 (28%) of those closures were conciliations.
- 1,162 (17.5%) of these complaints were handled by Region V FHAP agencies
- 226 (19%) were conciliated by Region V FHAP agencies.

YEAR	CONCILIATION % Region V	Conciliation % ALL FHAP
2014	17.8%	19.2%
2015	16.1%	21.4%
2016	21.8%	27.7%
2017	19.4%	27.8%

YEAR	AGENCY	CASES	CONCIL.	CONCIL. %
2014	ILLINOIS	310	11	3.5%
	INDIANA	133	17	12.8%
	MICHIGAN	351	55	15.7%
	OHIO	439	132	30%
2015	ILLINOIS	351	29	<mark>8.3%</mark>
	INDIANA	140	14	10%
	MICHIGAN	387	58	15%
	ОНЮ	460	101	22%
2016	ILLINOIS	276	37	13.4%
	INDIANA	128	12	<mark>9.4%</mark>
	MICHIGAN	363	108	29.8%
	OHIO	314	67	21.3%
2017	ILLINOIS	290	20	<mark>6.9%</mark>
	INDIANA	132	8	<mark>6.1%</mark>
	MICHIGAN	290	84	29.0%
	ОНЮ	274	62	22.6%

Areas of Emphasis

- Quality of investigations
- Moving cause findings to enforcement (administrative or judicial)
- Effective Conciliations / Settlements

CONCILIATION STANDARDS

SOURCES:

- ➤ Memorandum of Understanding
- ➤ Cooperative Agreement
 - ➤ Contributions Agreement
 - > Criteria for Processing
 - ➤ Payment Schedule
- >FHAP Regulations
- ➤ Other Guidance

MOU § III Definitions:

"Conciliation" means the attempted resolution of issues raised by a complaint . . . involving the <u>aggrieved person</u>, the <u>respondent</u>, and the <u>Agency representative</u>.

"Conciliation agreement" means a written agreement . . . signed by the <u>complainant</u>, <u>respondent</u>, and <u>Agency</u>.

§ VII. COMPLAINT PROCESSING

(E)(3) In conciliating a complaint, the Agency will attempt to get a just resolution of the complaint and to obtain assurances that the respondent will satisfactorily remedy any violations of the rights of the aggrieved person . . .

§ VII. COMPLAINT PROCESSING

(E)(3) . . . and take such action as will assure the elimination of the discriminatory housing practices, or the prevention of their occurrence in the future.

§ VII. COMPLAINT PROCESSING

(E)(4) The terms of a conciliation agreement will be reduced to writing. The agreement shall seek to protect the interests of the <u>aggrieved person</u>, <u>other persons similarly</u> <u>situated</u>, and the <u>public interest</u>.

IC 22-9-1-2 Public policy; construction of chapter

- Sec. 2. (a) It is the public policy of the state to provide all of its citizens equal opportunity . . .
- (b) The practice of denying [equal] rights to properly qualified persons . . . is contrary to the principles of freedom and equality of opportunity and <u>is a burden to the objectives of the public policy of this state</u>.

IC 22-9-1-6 Civil rights commission; powers and duties

Sec. 6. (d) The commission shall formulate policies to effectuate the purposes of this chapter and make recommendations to agencies and officers of the state or local subdivisions thereof to effectuate such policies.

. . .

(f) The commission may create such advisory agencies . . . as will aid in effectuating the purposes of this chapter. The commission may itself, or it may empower these agencies . . . to: (2) foster through community effort, or otherwise, good will among the groups and elements of the population of the state.

CRITERIA FOR PROCESSING

§ V. CRITERIA FOR CONCILIATION

In conciliating a complaint, agencies must attempt to achieve a just resolution of the complaint and <u>obtain assurances that the</u> <u>respondent will satisfactorily remedy any</u> <u>violations</u> of the rights of the complainant . . .

Criteria for Processing

§ V. CRITERIA FOR CONCILIATION

A. Quality Requirements/Required Documents:

The conciliation agreement must be in writing, dated and signed by <u>complainant</u>, <u>respondent</u>, and the authorized <u>FHAP</u> agency representative, and include:

(5) Relief that remedies the discrimination alleged in the complaint or is otherwise agreed upon by the parties and <u>appropriate based on evidence obtained in the investigation of the matter.</u>

CRITERIA FOR PROCESSING

§ V. CRITERIA FOR CONCILIATION

In conciliating a complaint, agencies must . . . take actions to ensure the elimination of alleged discriminatory housing practices and the prevention of their occurrences in the future.

Criteria for Processing

§ V. CRITERIA FOR CONCILIATION

A. Quality Requirements/Required Documents:

The conciliation agreement must be in writing, dated and signed by <u>complainant</u>, <u>respondent</u>, and the authorized <u>FHAP</u> agency representative, and include:

(6) As appropriate, <u>relief that adequately</u> <u>vindicates the public interest</u>

CRITERIA FOR PROCESSING

§ V(A). CRITERIA FOR CONCILIATION

8. A statement that the <u>agreement shall be</u> <u>made public unless</u> the complainant and respondent otherwise agree, and an authorized representative of the agency determines that disclosure is not required to further the purposes of the substantially equivalent law.

Circumstances that may result in partial or complete nondisclosure of a conciliation agreement may include:

- Sexual harassment claims
- A complainant's physical or mental condition, or medical diagnoses; or
- The fact that a complainant is a resident in a domestic violence shelter or other protected residence which complainant believes may, if disclosed, be a safety risk.

CRITERIA FOR PROCESSING

§ V(A). CRITERIA FOR CONCILIATION

9. Provisions that allow the FHAP agency to effectively monitor compliance with the agreement.

Effective Conciliation: an "effective" conciliation is one that provides both:

- ➤ <u>Substantive</u> individual relief for the complainants(s)
- ➤ Meaningful public interest relief

Substantive individual relief includes both:

- ➤ Monetary relief
- ➤Other affirmative relief required to make the complainant(s) whole:
 - ➤ Approval or restoration of a housing opportunity
 - ➤ Approval of a reasonable accommodation request

The monetary relief afforded to the complainant should not be *de minimis*; it should compensate the complainant(s) for the harm alleged and be commensurate with relief obtained in other similar cases.

Meaningful public interest relief:

Actions to eliminate discriminatory housing practices (*for other potential aggrieved persons*) or to prevent such discrimination in the future.

24 C.F.R. § 115.206(e)(4)

FHAP Performance Standard #4

Requires the conduct of compliance reviews of conciliation agreements. Compliance with this standard **requires**:

- That the agency have in place and follow procedures for conducting such reviews
- That the conciliation agreements themselves include explicit monitoring provisions

24 C.F.R. § 115.206(e)(5)

FHAP Performance Standard #5

The agency must consistently and affirmatively seek and obtain the type of relief designed to prevent recurrences of discriminatory practices. The performance assessment shall include, but not be limited to:

- ➤ (iii) An assessment of the types of relief sought by the agency with consideration for the inclusion of affirmative provisions designed to protect the public interest
- (v) A review of the adequacy of the relief sought and obtained in light of the issues raised by the complaint

OTHER GUIDANCE

Oct. 2017 FHAP Conciliation Memo

MEMORANDUM FOR: Fair Housing Assistance Program Participants

FROM: Joseph A. Pelletier, Director, Fair Housing Assistance Program

SUBJECT: Fair Housing Assistance Program Requirements Related to Conciliation and Conciliation Agreements

"The FHAP Division is concerned that some FHAP participants do not appear to understand their role in the conciliation process . . ."

Role of the Conciliator

Facilitate a conversation around trying to have the parties reach agreement:

- ➤ Have a realistic understanding of the strengths and weaknesses of the case
- ➤ Be familiar with the parties' positions and resources

Role of the Conciliator

- ➤ Provide all parties with a realistic context
- Actively assist in crafting the terms of the agreement

Role of the Agency

FHAP agencies are <u>a party</u> to a conciliation agreement <u>and are responsible for approving</u> such agreements.

➤ Active participant in the conciliation process

Role of the Agency

• As a signatory, the agency has an **affirmative obligation** to *not sign an agreement* simply because the other parties agree to it if the conciliator or responsible agency officials believe that *the relief provided is inadequate* to either address the alleged harm or to prevent the conduct from reoccurring in the future.

Nature of Conciliation Agreements

A conciliation agreement is a single agreement.

A conciliation agreement <u>may not</u> include separate side agreements, or agreements only between a complainant and a respondent.

State Settles Housing Discrimination Case Involving Disability Discrimination

Relief to Complainant:

- \$575,000 <u>and</u>
- Restored housing opportunity

State Settles Housing Discrimination Case Involving Disability Discrimination

Public Interest Relief:

- Fair Housing Training
- Development of a Reasonable Accommodation Policy
- Post nondiscrimination material and posters at <u>ALL</u> rental properties
- \$5,000 Civil Penalty

CONCILIATION AGREEMENT

Relief to Complainant = \$25,000

Public Interest Relief:

- Resignation of Respondent
- Development of Policy
- Distribution of Materials
- Fair Housing Training

OTHER Relief: \$5,000 civil penalty



"Respondent agrees to consistently apply its policies and procedures to all applicants and residents in a nondiscriminatory manner by refraining from engaging in any acts of discrimination against persons because of race, sex, national origin, color, religion, disability or familial status."

Memorandum of Understanding

§ VII. COMPLAINT PROCESSING

(E)(3) . . . and take such action as will assure the elimination of the discriminatory housing practices, or the prevention of their occurrence in the future.

"Respondent agrees to consistently apply its policies and procedures to all applicants and residents in a nondiscriminatory manner by refraining from engaging in any acts of discrimination against persons because of race, sex, national origin, color, religion, disability or familial status."

"Section ___ of {ordinance} protects an individual's right to file a complaint based on coercion, interference, or intimidation. Respondent has been advised that it is unlawful to coerce, intimidate, threaten or interfere with any person because such person has filed a complaint or exercised any right..."

"Respondent agrees not to retaliate against or interfere with the Cp or any other persons, on account they exercised rights under the {ordinance} or on account of having aided or encouraged the Cp or any other persons in the exercise or enjoyment of their rights under the {ordinance}."

A word about Fair Housing Training:

"The Respondent agrees to participate in Fair Housing training. The [FHAP agency] will provide the training for the Respondent."

CONCILIATION AGREEMENT

• Relief for Complainant: \$3,750

- Public Interest Relief
 - Fair Housing Training

Conciliation Agreement X v. Y

Relief to Complainant:

Y agrees to pay X \$_____

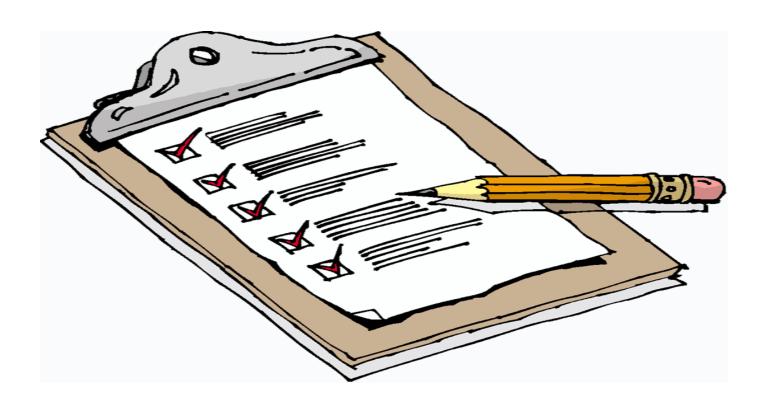
Public Interest Relief:

Y agrees to participate in Fair Housing Training.

• THINK about the allegations/facts of the case and what you have discovered in your investigation.



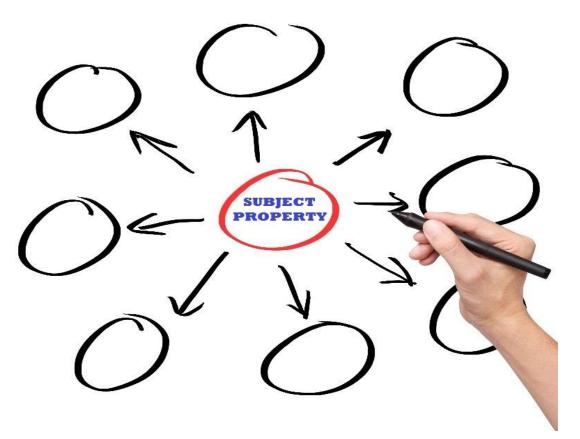
• Development / Implementation of written policies (with approval by the FHAP)



 Distribution of materials re: nondiscrimination and the State or local law / Fair Housing Poster



 Apply relief to ALL properties controlled by the respondent – not just to the subject property.



• Fair Housing Training – be <u>specific</u> and <u>comprehensive</u>.

THINK OUTSIDE THE BOX (BOWL)



