



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Driving Indiana's Economic Growth

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Mitchell E. Daniels, Jr., Governor
Michael W. Reed, Commissioner

AGENDA

June 17, 2010 Standards Committee Meeting

MEMORANDUM

June 02, 2010

TO: Standards Committee

FROM: Greg Broz, Secretary

RE: Agenda for the June 17, 2010 Standards Committee Meeting

A Standards Committee meeting is scheduled for 1:00 p.m. on June 17, 2010 in the 9th Conference Center that is located on the north side of the building near the east elevator bank.

The following agenda items are listed for consideration.

A. GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS

OLD BUSINESS

(No items on this agenda)

NEW BUSINESS

1. Approval of the April 15, 2010 Minutes

B. CONCEPTUAL PROPOSAL ITEMS

OLD BUSINESS

(No items on this agenda)

NEW BUSINESS

1. Statements in 107-B-040 and their Effect to Construct Projects
Mr. Caplinger

C. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND STANDARD DRAWINGS
PROPOSED ITEMS

OLD BUSINESS

(No items on this agenda)

NEW BUSINESS

<u>Item No. 01</u>	<u>06/17/10 (2010 SS)</u>	<u>Mr. Pankow</u>	<u>7</u>
722.15		Basis of Payment	
<u>Item No. 02</u>	<u>06/17/10 (2010 SS)</u>	<u>Mr. Walker</u>	<u>10</u>
RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISION			
400-R-553		HMA PROVISIONS	
<u>Item No. 03</u>	<u>06/17/10 (2010 SS)</u>	<u>Mr. Walker</u>	<u>22</u>
RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS:			
211-R-570		STRUCTURE BACKFILL FOR MSE	
		RETAINING WALL	
731-R-202		MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH	
		RETAINING WALLS	
732-R-310		MODULAR CONCRETE BLOCK	
		RETAINING WALL	
<u>Item No. 04</u>	<u>06/17/10 (2010 SS)</u>	<u>Mr. Walker</u>	<u>27</u>
401.05		Volumetric Mix Design	
<u>Item No. 05</u>	<u>06/17/10 (2010 SS)</u>	<u>Mr. Walker</u>	<u>30</u>
902.01(a)		Performance Graded Asphalt Binders	
902.02		Sampling and Testing Asphalt	
		Materials	
<u>Item No. 06</u>	<u>06/17/10 (2010 SS)</u>	<u>Mr. Walker</u>	<u>34</u>
904.03(a)		Classification of Aggregate	
904.03(d)2		SMA Coarse Aggregate	
904.03(f)		Sampling and Testing	
<u>Item No. 07</u>	<u>06/17/10 (2010 SS)</u>	<u>Mr. Pankow</u>	<u>40</u>
103.01(g)		Subcontracts	
<u>Item No. 08</u>	<u>06/17/10 (2010 SS)</u>	<u>Mr. Wright</u>	<u>44</u>
601.02		Materials	
910.11		Guardrail Accessories, Fittings,	
		and Hardware	
926.03		Alternate material Guardrail Blocks	
<u>Item No. 09</u>	<u>06/17/10 (2010 SS)</u>	<u>Mr. Boruff</u>	<u>49</u>
805.10		Magnetometer, and Microloop, and	
		Wireless Detectors	
805.15		Method of Measurements	
805.16		Basis of Payment	

(CONTINUED)

DESIGN MANUAL:

IDM 77-4.02(03)

IDM 77-4.02(04)

Other Detector Types

*Decision making criteria for when to
use another type of detection*

STANDARD DRAWING:

805-SGDW-01

*WIRELESS VEHICLE DETECTORS STOP BAR
DETECTION ZONE*

AGENDA

cc: Committee Members (11)
FHWA (1)
ICA (1)

1. CONCEPTUAL PROPOSAL

STATEMENTS IN THE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISION 107-B-040 AND THEIR EFFECT TO CONSTRUCT PROJECTS.

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED: Construction is unable to construct projects in accordance with the statements made in recurring special provision 107-B-040. Section 107.14.1(a), states: All trees outside the construction limits shall not be disturbed.

PROPOSED SOLUTION:

There is a conflict in terminology between INDOT Plans, Specifications and Permits. This subject will require a subcommittee to resolve the issue and develop a workable solution.

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS:

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION:

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE:

RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS: 107-B-040 ENVIRONMENTAL RESTRICTIONS

POSSIBLE SUBCOMMITTEE: Construction, Production, OES, Utilities

SUBMITTED BY: Tom Caplinger

TITLE: Senior Designer, Crawfordsville Production Section

ORGANIZATION: INDOT

PHONE NUMBER: 317-232-5354

DATE: May 21, 2010

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT?

1. CONCEPTUAL PROPOSAL

BACKUP: RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISION 107-B-040 ENVIRONMENTAL RESTRICTIONS

(Basis for Use: AS DETERMINED NECESSARY BY PROJECT DESIGNER.
Statement of matter shown as highlighted in gray.)

107-B-040 ENVIRONMENTAL RESTRICTIONS

(Revised 04-01-08)

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 107, AFTER LINE 525, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

107.14.1 Environmental Restriction

The work shall be performed in accordance with the environmental restrictions shown below.

(a) Tree Habitat

All trees outside the construction limits shall not be disturbed.

(b) Indiana Bat

All felling of trees equal to or greater than 3 in. (75 mm) in diameter shall be performed between October 1 and the following March 31, inclusive, so as to minimize project-related impacts on the Indiana bat, Myotis Sodalis.

(c) Fish Spawning

If the contract contains an in-channel excavation restriction due to impacts upon fish spawning, the Contractor may request a waiver of a portion of the restriction period by means of written contact to the Indiana Department of Natural Resources Division of Fish and Wildlife, Environmental Supervisor. Such request shall be made not more than 2 weeks prior to anticipated in-channel work during the restriction period shown above. The expected response time from the Indiana Department of Natural Resources will be approximately 5 work days. The Indiana Department of Natural Resources will consider each waiver on a case by case basis.

The information and criteria shown below shall be provided with the waiver request.

- 1. Location of the project, including stream name, route number or road name, Indiana Department of Natural Resources Certificate of Approval of Construction in a Floodway docket number, and description of the proposed work.*
- 2. Amount of time required to do the work, and the dates requested to be waived. The amount of time required shall be reasonable to accomplish the proposed work.*

1. CONCEPTUAL PROPOSAL

BACKUP: RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISION 107-B-040 ENVIRONMENTAL RESTRICTIONS

3. *The amount of in-channel area proposed to be disturbed by the work. Disturbance across the full width of the stream may result in more negative impacts than disturbance of smaller portions of the stream.*
4. *Water level at the time of the request.*
5. *Approximate water temperature at the time of the request.*
6. *The substrate of the stream bottom at the project site, 100 yd (91 m) upstream of the site, and 100 yd (91 m) downstream of the site. A bedrock substrate is not necessarily beneficial for spawning areas. However, silt, sand, or small gravel is more readily usable. Spawning locations which are downstream of the project may more likely be impacted by disturbances than such locations which are upstream. Sediments may cover eggs.*

A waiver of a portion of the in-channel excavation restriction will be cause for the Department to adjust contract times accordingly. Final approval of the waiver will be made by the Department. Such approval will not occur until the contract time adjustment is agreed upon.

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS
REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEM(S) ENCOUNTERED: Due to the rising cost of latex modified concrete there is a need to increase the cost allowed in the specifications to pay for this material when used for partial depth patching or to fill surface irregularities. It is currently paid for as bridge deck overlay, additional, at a cost of \$330.00 per cubic yard (\$434.50 per cubic meter).

PROPOSED SOLUTION: To increase the cost allowed in 722.15 to \$550.00 per cubic yard (\$719.00 per cubic meter). This figure is been what has showing up on invoices to contractors for this material.

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: 722.15

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS: N/A

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION: N/A

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE:

APPLICABLE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS:

Submitted By: Greg Pankow

Title: State Construction Engineer

Organization: INDOT

Phone Number: 317-232-5502

Date: 4/29/2010

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT? Greg Pankow

Item No. 01 06/17/10 (2010 SS)
Mr. Pankow
Date: 06/17/10

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 722 - LATEX MODIFIED CONCRETE BRIDGE DECK OVERLAYS
REVISION TO 722.15 BASIS OF PAYMENT

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 722, BEGIN LINE 559, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

Patching material used for partial depth patching will be paid for at the contract unit price of ~~\$330550~~ per cubic yard (~~\$434.50719~~ per cubic meter) for bridge deck overlay, additional.

Overlay material used to fill surface irregularities will be paid for at the contract unit price of ~~\$330550~~ per cubic yard (~~\$434.50719~~ per cubic meter) for bridge deck overlay, additional.

AGENDA

COMMENTS AND ACTION

REVISION TO 722.15 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Motion:	Action:
Second:	<input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Submitted
Ayes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Revised
Nays:	<input type="checkbox"/> Withdrawn
Standard Specifications Sections affected:	<input type="checkbox"/> 20__ Standard Specifications Book
722.15	<input type="checkbox"/> Create RSP (No.____)
Recurring Special Provision affected:	Effective <input type="checkbox"/> Letting
NONE	RSP Sunset Date: ____
Standard Sheets affected:	<input type="checkbox"/> Revise RSP (No.____)
NONE	Effective <input type="checkbox"/> Letting
Design Manual Sections affected:	RSP Sunset Date: ____
NONE	Standard Drawing Effective ____
GIFE Sections cross-references:	<input type="checkbox"/> Create RPD (No. ____)
NONE	Effective <input type="checkbox"/> Letting
	<input type="checkbox"/> Technical Advisory
	GIFE Update Req'd.? Y __ N __
	By ____ Addition or ____ Revision
	Frequency Manual Update Req'd? Y __ N __
	By ____ Addition or ____ Revision
	Received FHWA Approval? ____

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS
REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEM(S) ENCOUNTERED: Chapter 52 of the Design Manual allows the 9.5 mm and 25.0 mm mixtures to be used for intermediate HMA courses. As such, these mixtures are required to be added to 401 and 402 of the Recurring Special Provision 400-R-553.

PROPOSED SOLUTION: Add the 9.5 mm and 25.0 mm mixtures as alternates to the Base and Intermediate mixtures of the table for Maximum Binder Replacement in 401.06. Also add these two mixtures as alternate mixtures to the table for mixture Types in 402.04.

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: 401 and 402

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS: None

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION: None

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE: Section 13

APPLICABLE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS: 400-R-553

Submitted By: Ron Walker

Title: Manager, Office of Materials Management

Organization: INDOT

Phone Number: 317-610-7251x204

Date: April 29, 2010

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT?

Revisions recommended by the Office of Materials Management

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION
REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(Proposed changes to the Recurring Special Provision
shown as highlighted in gray)

400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(Revised 12-17-09)

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 401, BEGIN LINE 46, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

ESAL CATEGORY	ESAL
1	< 300,000
2	300,000 to < 3,000,000
3	3,000,000 to < 10,000,000
4	10,000,000 to < 30,000,000
5	≥ 30,000,000

QC/QA HMA may be produced as warm-mix asphalt, WMA, by using a water-injection foaming device for ESAL category 1, 2 and 3 mixtures. The DMF shall list the minimum plant discharge temperature for HMA and WMA as applicable to the mixture.

SECTION 401, BEGIN LINE 118, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

401.06 Recycled Materials

~~Recycled materials may consist of reclaimed asphalt pavement, RAP, or asphalt roofing shingles, ARS, or a blend of both. RAP shall be the product resulting from the cold milling or crushing of an existing HMA pavement. The RAP shall be processed so that 100% will pass the 2 in. (50 mm) sieve when entering the HMA plant. ARS shall consist of waste from a shingle manufacturing facility. No tear off materials from roofs will be allowed. ARS shall be stockpiled separately from other materials. The coarse aggregate in the recycled materials shall pass the maximum size sieve for the mixture being produced.~~

~~Recycled materials may be used as a substitute for a portion of the new materials required to produce HMA mixtures. When only RAP is used in the mixture, the RAP shall not exceed 25.0% by weight (mass) of the total mixture. When only ARS is used in the mixture, the ARS shall not exceed 5.0% by weight (mass) of the total mixture. For substitution or use, 1.0% of ARS is considered equal to 5.0% RAP. The percentages of recycled materials shall be as specified on the DMF.~~

~~A maximum of 15.0% RAP or 3.0% ARS by weight (mass) of the total mixture may be used in ESAL category 3, 4, or 5 surface mixtures and open graded mixtures. The recycled material for the ESAL category 3, 4, or 5 surface mixtures shall be 100% passing the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve and 95 to 100% passing the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve.~~

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION

REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(CONTINUED)

~~The combined aggregate properties of a mixture with recycled materials shall be determined in accordance with ITM 584 and shall be in accordance with 904. Gradations of the combined aggregates shall be in accordance with 401.05.~~

~~Mixtures containing 15.0% or less RAP shall use the same grade of binder as specified. The binder for mixtures containing greater than 15.0% and up to 25.0% RAP shall be reduced by one temperature classification, 6°C, for both the upper and lower temperature classifications.~~

Recycled materials may consist of reclaimed asphalt pavement, RAP, or reclaimed asphalt shingles, RAS, or a blend of both. RAP shall be the product resulting from the cold milling or crushing of an existing HMA pavement. The RAP shall be processed so that 100% will pass the 2 in. (50 mm) sieve when entering the HMA plant. The RAP coarse aggregate shall pass the maximum size sieve for the mixture being produced and the RAS shall be 100% passing the 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) sieve. RAP for the ESAL category 3, 4 and 5 surface mixtures shall be 100% passing the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve and 95 to 100% passing the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve.

Recycled materials may be used as a substitute for a portion of the new materials required to produce HMA mixtures. The amount of total binder replaced by binder in the recycled material shall be computed as follows:

$$\text{Binder Replacement, \%} = \frac{(A \times B) + (C \times D)}{E} \times 100\%$$

where:

- A = RAP, % Binder Content
- B = RAP, % in Mixture
- C = RAS, % Binder Content
- D = RAS, % in Mixture
- E = Total, % Binder Content in Mixture

RAS may be obtained from either pre-consumer or post-consumer asphalt shingles. Post-consumer asphalt shingles shall be in accordance with AASHTO MP 15 and prepared by a processing company with an IDEM Legitimate Use Approval letter. A copy of this letter shall be submitted to the Engineer. Deleterious material present in post-consumer asphalt shingles shall be limited to the percentages stated in AASHTO MP 15. Pre-consumer and post-consumer asphalt shingles shall not be blended for use in HMA mixtures and shall be stockpiled separately from other materials.

The recycled material percentages shall be as specified on the DMF. HMA mixtures utilizing recycled materials shall be limited to the binder replacement percentages in the following table:

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION

REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(CONTINUED)

HMA mixtures utilizing RAP or RAS or a blend of RAP and RAS

Maximum binder Replacement, %									
Mixture Category	Base and Intermediate					Surface			
	Dense Graded				Open Graded		Dense Graded		
	25.0 mm	19.0 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	25.0 mm	19.0 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	4.75 mm
1	40.0*				25.0		40.0*		
2	40.0*				25.0		40.0*		
3	40.0*				25.0		15.0		
4	40.0*				25.0		15.0		
5	40.0*				25.0		15.0		

*RAS materials shall not contribute more than 25% by weight (mass) of the total binder content for any HMA mixture.

The combined aggregate properties shall be in accordance with 904. The combined aggregate bulk specific gravity shall be determined in accordance with ITM 584 and the combined aggregate gradation shall be in accordance with 401.05 for the HMA mixture specified.

HMA mixtures with a binder replacement less than or equal to 25.0% by weight (mass) of the total binder content by utilizing RAP or RAS or a blend of RAP and RAS materials shall use the specified binder grade.

HMA mixtures with a binder replacement greater than 25.0% and less than or equal to 40.0% by weight (mass) of the total binder content by utilizing RAP or a blend of RAP and RAS shall use a binder grade with upper and lower temperature classifications reduced by 6°C from the specified binder grade. RAS materials shall not contribute more than 25.0% by weight (mass) of the total binder content for any HMA mixture.

SECTION 401, BEGIN LINE 158, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

401.08 Job Mix Formula

A job mix formula, JMF, shall be developed by a certified HMA producer. A JMF used in the current or previous calendar year that was developed to N_{des} will be allowed. The mixture compaction temperature shall be $300 \pm 9^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($150 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$) for dense graded mixtures and $260 \pm 9^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($125 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$) for open graded mixtures. *The JMF shall list the minimum plant discharge temperature for HMA and WMA as applicable to the mixture.* The JMF for each mixture shall be submitted to the Engineer and shall use the same MAF as the DMF.

SECTION 401, BEGIN LINE 493, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

If the Lot PWL for any one of the properties is less than 50 or a subplot has an air void content less than 1.0% or greater than 7.0%, the lot will be referred to the Office of Materials Management for adjudication as a failed material in accordance with normal Department practice as listed in 105.03.

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION

REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(CONTINUED)

SECTION 401, BEGIN LINE 622, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

401.20 Appeals

If the QC test results do not agree with the acceptance test results, a request, along with the QC test results, may be made in writing for additional testing. The appeal sample will be analyzed in a lab different than the lab that analyzed the original sample when requested by the Contractor. Additional testing may be requested for one or more of the following tests: MSG, BSG of the gyratory specimens, binder content, or BSG of the density cores. The request for the appeal for MSG, BSG of gyratory specimens, binder content or BSG of the density cores shall be submitted within ~~seven~~7 calendar days of receipt of the Department's written results for ~~that~~ *the lot accepted under 401.19(a) or the subplot accepted under 401.19(b)*. The subplot and specific test(s) shall be specified at the time of the appeal request. Only one appeal request per *lot for mixture accepted under 401.19(a) or subplot for mixture accepted under 401.19(b)* is permitted. Upon approval of the appeal, the Engineer will perform additional testing as follows.

SECTION 402, BEGIN LINE 18, DELETE AS FOLLOWS:

402.03 Materials

Materials shall be in accordance with the following:

Asphalt Materials

PG Binder, ~~PG 58-28*, PG 64-22,~~
~~PG 64-28*, PG 70-22, PG 76-22~~902.01(a)

Coarse Aggregates904

Base Mixtures, – Class D or Higher
 Intermediate Mixtures – Class C or Higher

** Surface Mixtures – Class B or Higher*

Fine Aggregates904

* ~~Only for use in mixtures containing greater than 15% RAP. Refer to 402.05.~~

** Surface aggregate requirements are listed in 904.03(d).

SECTION 402, BEGIN LINE 39, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

Mixture Type	Type A	Type B	Type C	Type D
Design ESAL	200,000	2,000,000	9,000,000	11,000,000
Surface	4.75 mm	4.75 mm	4.75 mm	4.75 mm
	9.5 mm	9.5 mm	9.5 mm	9.5 mm
	12.5 mm	12.5 mm	12.5 mm	12.5 mm
Surface – PG Binder	64-22	64-22	70-22	70-22
Intermediate	9.5 mm	9.5 mm	9.5 mm	9.5 mm
	12.5 mm	12.5 mm	12.5 mm	12.5 mm
	19.0 mm	19.0 mm	19.0 mm	19.0 mm
	25.0 mm	25.0 mm	25.0 mm	25.0 mm
Intermediate – PG Binder	64-22	64-22	64-22	70-22
Base	19.0 mm	19.0 mm	19.0 mm	19.0 mm
	25.0 mm	25.0 mm	25.0 mm	25.0 mm
Base – PG Binder	64-22	64-22	64-22	64-22

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION

REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(CONTINUED)

HMA may be produced as warm-mix asphalt, WMA by using a water-injection foaming device for temporary HMA mixtures and type A, B and C mixtures. The DMF shall list the minimum plant discharge temperature for HMA and WMA as applicable to the mixture.

SECTION 402, BEGIN LINE 87, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

(c) Composition Limits for Temporary HMA Mixtures

Temporary HMA mixtures shall be *the type B specified* in accordance with 402.04. A MAF in accordance with 402.05 will not apply.

SECTION 402, BEGIN LINE 102, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

402.08 Recycled Materials

~~Recycled materials may consist of reclaimed asphalt pavement, RAP, or asphalt roofing shingles, ARS, or a blend of both. RAP shall be the product resulting from the cold milling or crushing of an existing HMA pavement. The RAP shall be processed so that 100% will pass the 2 in. (50 mm) sieve when entering the HMA plant. ARS shall consist of waste from a shingle manufacturing facility. No tear off materials from roofs will be allowed. ARS shall be stockpiled separately from other materials. The coarse aggregate in the recycled materials shall pass the maximum size sieve for the mixture being produced.~~

~~Recycled materials may be used as a substitute for a portion of the new materials required to produce HMA mixtures. When only RAP is used in the mixture, the RAP shall not exceed 25.0% by weight (mass) of the total mixture. When only ARS is used in the mixture, the ARS shall not exceed 5.0% by weight (mass) of the total mixture. For substitution or use, 1.0% of ARS is considered equal to 5.0% RAP. The percentages of recycled materials shall be as specified on the JMF.~~

~~A maximum of 15.0% RAP or 3.0% ARS by weight (mass) of the total mixture may be used in type C and D surface mixtures provided the recycled material is 100% passing the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve and 95% to 100% passing the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve.~~

~~The combined aggregate properties of a mixture with recycled materials shall be determined in accordance with ITM 584 and shall be in accordance with 904. Gradations of the combined aggregates shall be in accordance with 402.03.~~

~~Mixtures containing 15.0% or less RAP shall use the same grade of binder as specified. The binder for mixtures containing greater than 15.0% and up to 25.0% RAP shall be reduced by one temperature classification, 6°C, for both the upper and lower temperature classifications.~~

Recycled materials may consist of reclaimed asphalt pavement, RAP, or reclaimed asphalt shingles, RAS or a blend of both. RAP shall be the product resulting from the cold milling or crushing of an existing HMA pavement. The RAP shall be

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION

REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(CONTINUED)

processed so that 100% will pass the 2 in. (50 mm) sieve when entering the HMA plant. The RAP coarse aggregate shall pass the maximum size sieve for the mixture being produced and the RAS shall be 100% passing the 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) sieve. RAP for the type C and D surface mixtures shall be 100% passing the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve and 95 to 100% passing the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve.

Recycled materials may be used as a substitute for a portion of the new materials required to produce HMA mixtures. The amount of total binder replaced by binder in the recycled material shall be computed as follows:

$$\text{Binder Replacement, \%} = \frac{(A \times B) + (C \times D)}{E} \times 100\%$$

where:

- A = RAP, % Binder Content
- B = RAP, % in Mixture
- C = RAS, % Binder Content
- D = RAS, % in Mixture
- E = Total, % Binder Content in Mixture

RAS may be obtained from either pre-consumer or post-consumer asphalt shingles. Post-consumer asphalt shingles shall be in accordance with AASHTO MP 15 and prepared by a processing company with an IDEM Legitimate Use Approval letter. A copy of this letter shall be submitted to the Engineer. Deleterious material present in post-consumer asphalt shingles shall be limited to the percentages stated in AASHTO MP 15. Pre-consumer and post-consumer asphalt shingles shall not be blended for use in HMA mixtures and shall be stockpiled separately from other materials.

The recycled material percentages shall be as specified on the DMF. HMA mixtures utilizing recycled materials shall be limited to the binder replacement percentages in the following table:

HMA mixtures utilizing RAP or RAS or a blend of RAP and RAS

Maximum Binder Replacement, %							
Mixture Category	Base and Intermediate				Surface		
	Dense Graded				Dense Graded		
	25.0 mm	19.0 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	4.75 mm
A	40.0*				40.0*		
B	40.0*				40.0*		
C	40.0*				15.0		
D	40.0*				15.0		

*RAS materials shall not contribute more than 25% by weight (mass) of the total binder content for any HMA mixture.

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION

REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(CONTINUED)

The combined aggregate properties shall be in accordance with 904. The combined aggregate bulk specific gravity shall be determined in accordance with ITM 584 and the combined aggregate gradation shall be in accordance with 401.05 for the HMA mixture specified.

HMA mixtures with a binder replacement less than or equal to 25.0% by weight (mass) of the total binder content by utilizing RAP or RAS or a blend of RAP and RAS materials shall use the specified binder grade.

HMA mixtures with a binder replacement greater than 25.0% and less than or equal to 40.0% by weight (mass) of the total binder content by utilizing RAP or a blend of RAP and RAS shall use a binder grade with upper and lower temperature classifications reduced by 6°C from the specified binder grade. RAS materials shall not contribute more than 25.0% by weight (mass) of the total binder content for any HMA mixture.

SECTION 402, BEGIN LINE 392, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

HMA for Temporary Pavement, Type * TON (Mg)

SECTION 410, BEGIN LINE 44, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

410.05 SMA Mix Design

The DMF shall be determined for each mixture from a SMA mix design by a design laboratory selected from the Department's list of approved Mix Design Laboratories. A SMA mixture shall be designed in accordance with AASHTO M 325 and R 35 46.

SECTION 410, BEGIN LINE 93, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

410.06 Recycled Materials

~~Recycled materials may consist of reclaimed asphalt pavement, RAP, or asphalt roofing shingles, ARS, or a blend of both. RAP shall be the product resulting from the cold milling or crushing of an existing HMA pavement. The recycled material shall be 100% passing the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve and 95% to 100% passing the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve when entering the HMA plant. ARS shall consist of waste from a shingle manufacturing facility. No tear off materials from roofs will be allowed. ARS shall be stockpiled separately from other materials.~~

~~Recycled materials may be used as a substitute for a portion of the new materials required to produce mainline surface. When only RAP is used in the mixture, the RAP shall not exceed 15.0% by weight (mass) of the total mixture. When only ARS is used in the mixture, the ARS shall not exceed 3.0% by weight (mass) of the total mixture. For substitution or use, 1.0% of ARS is considered equal to 5.0% RAP. The percentages of recycled materials shall be as specified on the DMF.~~

~~The combined aggregate properties of a mixture with recycled materials shall be determined in accordance with ITM 584 and shall be in accordance with 904. Gradations of the combined aggregates shall be in accordance with 410.05.~~

~~Mixtures containing RAP shall use the same grade of binder as specified.~~

Recycled materials may consist of reclaimed asphalt pavement, RAP, or reclaimed asphalt shingles, RAS or a blend of both. RAP shall be the product resulting from the cold milling or crushing of an existing HMA pavement. The RAP shall be processed so that 100% will pass the 2 in. (50 mm) sieve when entering the HMA plant. RAS shall be 100% passing the 1/2 in. (12.5 mm) sieve. RAP shall be 100% passing the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve and 95 to 100% passing the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve.

Recycled materials may be used as a substitute for a portion of the new materials required to produce SMA mixtures. The amount of total binder replaced by binder in the recycled material shall be computed as follows:

$$\text{Binder Replacement, \%} = \frac{(A \times B) + (C \times D)}{E} \times 100\%$$

where:

- A = RAP, % Binder Content*
- B = RAP, % in Mixture*
- C = RAS, % Binder Content*
- D = RAS, % in Mixture*
- E = Total, % Binder Content in Mixture*

RAS may be obtained from either pre-consumer or post-consumer asphalt shingles. Post-consumer asphalt shingles shall be in accordance with AASHTO MP 15 and prepared by a processing company with an IDEM Legitimate Use Approval letter. A copy of this letter shall be submitted to the Engineer. Deleterious material present in post-consumer asphalt shingles shall be limited to the percentages stated in AASHTO MP 15. Pre-consumer and post-consumer asphalt shingles shall not be blended for use in SMA mixtures and shall be stockpiled separately from other materials.

The recycled material percentages shall be as specified on the DMF. SMA mixtures utilizing recycled materials shall be limited to the binder replacement percentages in the following table:

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION

REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(CONTINUED)

SMA mixtures utilizing RAP or RAS or a blend of RAP and RAS

<i>Maximum Binder Replacement, %</i>		
<i>SMA Surface</i>		
<i>Mixture Category</i>	<i>12.5 mm</i>	<i>9.5 mm</i>
<i>1</i>	<i>40.0*</i>	<i>40.0*</i>
<i>2</i>	<i>40.0*</i>	<i>40.0*</i>
<i>3</i>	<i>15.0</i>	<i>15.0</i>
<i>4</i>	<i>15.0</i>	<i>15.0</i>
<i>5</i>	<i>15.0</i>	<i>15.0</i>

**RAS materials shall not contribute more than 25% by weight (mass) of the total binder content for any HMA mixture.*

The combined aggregate properties shall be in accordance with 904. The combined aggregate bulk specific gravity shall be determined in accordance with ITM 584 and the combined aggregate gradation shall be in accordance with 401.05 for the SMA mixture specified.

SMA mixtures with a binder replacement less than or equal to 25.0% by weight (mass) of the total binder content by utilizing RAP or RAS or a blend of RAP and RAS materials shall use the specified binder grade.

SMA mixtures with a binder replacement greater than 25.0% and less than or equal to 40.0% by weight (mass) of the total binder content by utilizing RAP or a blend of RAP and RAS shall use a binder grade with upper and lower temperature classifications reduced by 6° C from the specified binder grade. RAS materials shall not contribute more than 25.0% by weight (mass) of the total binder content for any SMA mixture.

SECTION 410, BEGIN LINE 406, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

410.20 Appeals

If the QC test results do not agree with the acceptance test results, a request, along with the QC test results, may be made in writing for additional testing. Additional testing may be requested for one or more of the following tests: binder content, gradation, or MSG of the mixture samples and bulk specific gravity of the density cores. The appeal request shall be submitted within ~~seven~~7 calendar days of receipt of the Department's written results for that subplot. *The request for the appeal for MSG, BSG of the density cores or binder content and gradation shall be submitted within ~~seven~~7 calendar days of receipt of the Department's written results for that subplot.* The subplot and specific tests shall be specified at the time of the appeal request. Only one appeal request per subplot is permitted. Upon approval of the appeal, the Engineer will perform additional testing.

SECTION 902, BEGIN LINE 87, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

AE-F is a medium setting, hard penetration, diluted emulsion intended for fog sealing.

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISION

REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

(CONTINUED)

The requirements for asphalt emulsions shall be in accordance with the following:

Characteristic ^{(1) (2)}	AASHTO Test Method	RS-2	HFRS-2	AE-90	AE-90S	AE-T	AE-F	SS-1h	AE-150	AE-150L	AE-PL	AE-PMT ⁽⁶⁾	AE-PMP ⁽⁶⁾
Test on Emulsion													
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 25°C, min.	ƒ72T 59			50				20	50				20+
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 25°C, max.	ƒ72T 59					100	100	100		100	115	100	
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 50°C, min.	ƒ72T 59	75	75		50				75				
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 50°C, max.	ƒ72T 59	400	400						300				
Demulsibility w/35 mL, 0.02N CaCl ₂ , %, min.	T 59	50	50		30		25						
Demulsibility w/50 mL, 0.10N CaCl ₂ , %, min.	T 59			75		75						25+	25+
Oil Distillate by Distillation, mL/100 g Emul ⁽³⁾	T 59	4.0	4.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	7.0	7.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Residue by Distillation, %, min.	T 59	68	68	68	65 ⁽⁵⁾	54	27	57	68	60	30		
Residue by Distillation, % max.	T 59					62	35			65			
Sieve Test, %, max.	T 59	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Penetrating Ability, mm, min.	902.02(w)										6		
Stone Coating Test, %	902.02(t)3a			90					90	90			
Settlement, %, max.	T 59	5	5	5									
Storage Stability, %, max.	T 59				1								
Asphalt Content by Distillation at 204°C, %, min.												54	45
Asphalt Content by Distillation at 204°C, %, max.												62	
Tests on Residue													
Penetration (0.1 mm) at 25°C, 100g, 5 s, min. ⁽⁴⁾	T 49	100	100	100	90	50	40	40				50	300+
Penetration (0.1 mm) at 25°C, 100g, 5 s, max. ⁽⁴⁾	T 49	200	200	200	150	200	90	90				200	
Penetration (0.1 mm) at 25°C, 50g, 5 s, min. ⁽⁴⁾	T 49								100	100			
Penetration (0.1 mm) at 25°C, 50g, 5 s, max. ⁽⁴⁾	T 49								300	300			
Ductility at 25°C, mm, min.	T 51	400	400	400		400		400					
Solubility in Org. Sol., %, min.	T 44	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5
Float Test at 50°C, s, max. ⁽⁴⁾	T 50												
Float Test at 60°C, s, min. ⁽⁴⁾	T 50		1200	1200	1200	1200			1200	1200			
Force Ratio	T 300				0.3								
Elastic Recovery, at 4°C	T 301				58								
Polymer Content by Infrared												1.5+	1.5+

Notes: (1) Broken samples or samples more than 10 days old will not be tested.
 (2) Combined percentage of the residue and oil distillate by distillation shall be at least 70% (note the different units – ml for oil and % for residue).
 (3) Oil distillate shall be in accordance with ASTM D 396, table 1, grade no. 1
 (4) The Engineer may waive the test.
 (5) Maximum temperature to be held for 15 minutes 200 ± 5°C.
 (6) Asphalt shall be polymerized prior to emulsification.

COMMENTS AND ACTION

REVISION TO 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS

Motion:	Action:
Second:	<input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Submitted
Ayes:	<input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Revised
Nays:	<input type="checkbox"/> Withdrawn
Standard Specifications Sections affected:	<input type="checkbox"/> 20 Standard Specifications Book
SECTION 401 -QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE, QC/QA, HOT MIX ASPHALT, HMA PAVEMENT;	<input type="checkbox"/> Create RSP (No.____) Effective ____ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ____
SECTION 402 - HOT MIX ASPHALT, HMA, PAVEMENT.	<input type="checkbox"/> Revise RSP (No.____) Effective ____ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ____
Recurring Special Provision cross-references:	
400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS	
Standard Sheets affected:	Standard Drawing Effective ____
NONE	<input type="checkbox"/> Create RPD (No. ____) Effective ____ Letting
Design Manual Section as reference:	<input type="checkbox"/> Technical Advisory
CHAPTER 52	GIFE Update Req'd.? Y __ N __ By ____ Addition or ____ Revision
GIFE Sections cross-references:	Frequency Manual Update Req'd? Y __ N __ By ____ Addition or ____ Revision
SECTION 13	Received FHWA Approval? ____

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS
REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEM(S) ENCOUNTERED: Some types of No. 30 size material are not performing well in the field when used as structure backfill behind MSE walls. Problems are noticed with rolling of the material and with compacting the material.

PROPOSED SOLUTION: Do not allow No. 30 size material as an option for Type 3 structure backfill behind retaining walls that have ground reinforcement.

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: None

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS: None

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION: None

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE: None

APPLICABLE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS: 211-R-570, 731-R-202, 732-R-310

Submitted By: Ron Walker

Title: Manager, Office of Materials Management

Organization: INDOT

Phone Number: 610-7251

Date: 5/17/10

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT? INDOT Wall Committee

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

REVISION TO 211-R-570 STRUCTURE BACKFILL FOR MSE WALL

(Proposed changes to the Recurring Special Provision
 shown as highlighted in gray)

211-R-570 STRUCTURE BACKFILL FOR ~~MSE~~RETAINING WALL

(Adopted 12-17-09)

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 211, BEGIN LINE 112, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

(c) Type 3

1. structure backfill in accordance with 904.05, except only *nominal size aggregates No. 30, 1 in., 1/2 in., or No. 4, or No. 30 nominal size aggregates, or coarse aggregate No. 5, No. 8, No. 9, or No. 11, or No. 12 coarse aggregate* shall be used. No slag other than ACBF will be permitted.

SECTION 904, BEGIN LINE 320, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

904.05 Structure Backfill

The material shall be of acceptable quality, free from large or frozen lumps, wood, or other extraneous matter. It shall consist of suitable sand, gravel, crushed stone, ACBF, or GBF. Structure backfill shall be in accordance with one of the following gradations *shown in the table below, or coarse aggregate No. 5, No. 8, No. 9, No. 11, No. 12, No. 53, or No. 73 coarse aggregate* in accordance with the gradation requirements of 904.03(e). Coarse aggregate *No. 5, No. 8, No. 9, No. 11, No. 12, No. 53, or No. 73* shall be crushed stone or ACBF, class D or higher.

Sieve Sizes	NOMINAL SIZES AND PERCENTS PASSING					
	2 in. (50 mm)	1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm)	1 in. (25.0 mm)	1/2 in. (12.5 mm)	No. 4 (4.75 mm)	No. 30 (600 µm)
2 1/2 in. (63 mm)	100					
2 in. (50 mm)	90-100	100				
1 1/2 in. (37.5 mm)	70-100	90-100	100	100		
1 in. (25.0 mm)	55-95	70-100	85-100			
3/4 in. (19.0 mm)	45-90	55-95	70-100			
1/2 in. (12.5 mm)	35-85	40-90	55-95	85-100	100	100
No. 4 (4.75 mm)	20-65	20-70	25-75	45-85	90-100	
No. 8 (2.36 mm)	10-50	10-55	15-60	25-75	75-100	
No. 30 (600 µm)	3-35	3-35	3-35	5-45	15-70	70-100
No 200 (75 µm)	0-8	0-8	0-8	0-8	0-8	0-8

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

REVISION TO 731-R-202 MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALLS

(Only revised section of the Recurring Special Provision is shown. Proposed changes are highlighted in gray)

BEGIN LINE 226, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

MATERIALS

731.05 Materials

The Contractor shall make arrangements to purchase the materials described herein, including concrete face panels, retaining strips or mesh, tie strips, fasteners, joint materials, and all necessary incidentals, from a mechanically stabilized earth wall system manufacturer on the Department's list of approved retaining wall systems.

210 *Materials shall be in accordance with the following:*

<i>B Borrow</i>	<i>211.02</i>
<i>Coarse Aggregate, Class A or Higher, Size No. 8 or 91</i>	<i>904</i>
<i>Concrete Admixtures</i>	<i>912.03</i>
<i>Concrete, Class A</i>	<i>702</i>
<i>Fine Aggregate, Size No. 23</i>	<i>904</i>
<i>Fly Ash</i>	<i>901.02</i>
<i>Geotextile</i>	<i>913.18</i>
<i>Portland Cement</i>	<i>901.01(b)</i>
220 <i>Rapid Set Patching Materials</i>	<i>901.07</i>
<i>Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement, Smooth</i>	<i>910.01</i>
<i>Reinforcing Bars</i>	<i>910.01</i>
<i>Structure Backfill</i>	<i>904.05</i>
<i>Water</i>	<i>913.01</i>

Backfill material used in the mechanically stabilized earth wall volume shall be structure backfill, type 3 in accordance with 211 with the exception that nominal size aggregate No. 30 shall not be used.

REVISION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS

REVISION TO 732-R-310 MODULAR CONCRETE BLOCK RETAINING WALL

(Only revised section of the Recurring Special Provision is shown. Proposed changes are highlighted in gray)

BEGIN LINE 193, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

MATERIALS

170

732.05 Materials

The Contractor shall make arrangements to supply the materials described herein, including concrete modular block wall units, fasteners, joint materials, ground reinforcement, and all necessary incidentals.

Materials shall be in accordance with the following:

180

<i>B Borrow</i>	<i>211.02</i>
<i>Coarse Aggregate, Class A or Higher, Size No. 8* or 91</i>	<i>904</i>
<i>Concrete Admixtures**</i>	<i>912.03</i>
<i>Concrete</i>	<i>702</i>
<i>Fine Aggregate, Size No. 23</i>	<i>904</i>
<i>Fly Ash</i>	<i>901.02</i>
<i>Geogrid, Type I</i>	<i>918.05</i>
<i>Geotextile</i>	<i>918.03</i>
<i>Portland Cement</i>	<i>901.01(b)</i>
<i>Structure Backfill</i>	<i>904.05</i>
<i>Water</i>	<i>913.01</i>

190

** Coarse aggregate No. 8 used as drainage fill shall consist of 100% crushed stone.*

*** Admixtures in accordance with ASTM C 1372 may be used for the modular block if approved by the Engineer.*

Backfill material used in the modular block wall volume shall be structure backfill, type 3 in accordance with 211. Where ground reinforcement is required, nominal size aggregate No. 30 shall not be used.

COMMENTS AND ACTION

REVISION TO 211-R-570 STRUCTURE BACKFILL FOR MSE WALL
 REVISION TO 731-R-202 MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALLS
 REVISION TO 732-R-310 MODULAR CONCRETE BLOCK RETAINING WALL

<p>Motion: Second: Ayes: Nays:</p>	<p>Action: <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Submitted <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Revised <input type="checkbox"/> Withdrawn</p>
<p>Standard Specifications Sections affected: NONE</p> <p>Recurring Special Provision affected: 211-R-570 STRUCTURE BACKFILL FOR MSE WALL; 731-R-202 MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALLS; 732-R-310 MODULAR CONCRETE BLOCK RETAINING WALL</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> 20 Standard Specifications Book</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Create RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Revise RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___</p>
<p>Standard Sheets affected: NONE</p>	<p>Standard Drawing Effective ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Create RPD (No. ___)</p>
<p>Design Manual Sections affected: NONE</p>	<p>Effective ___ Letting <input type="checkbox"/> Technical Advisory</p>
<p>GIFE Sections cross-references: NONE</p>	<p>GIFE Update Req'd? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p> <p>Frequency Manual Update Req'd? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p> <p>Received FHWA Approval? ___</p>

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS
REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEM(S) ENCOUNTERED: Section 904.03(d)1 requires that for Traffic ESALs equal to or greater than 10,000,000, the coarse aggregate type for HMA surface mixtures shall be air-cooled blast furnace slag (ACBF), steel furnace slag (SF), or sandstone. A combination of these aggregate types and polish resistant aggregate or dolomite may be used provided the blend with ACBF or sandstone does not exceed 50 % of the coarse aggregate by weight or does not exceed 40% of the coarse aggregate by weight when blended with SF. Section 401.05 includes the gradation required for HMA surface mixtures.

A recent project using 60% fine aggregate and 40% blended coarse aggregate meeting the requirements of 904.03(d)1 and 401.05 resulted in low friction numbers after approximately one year of service. A subsequent laboratory and field study indicated that the probable cause of the low friction numbers was poor pavement surface macrotexture caused by a mixture that was too fine-graded.

PROPOSED SOLUTION: A revision to 401.05 for the mix design gradation table to require the gradation to be less than or equal to the Primary Control Sieve (PCS) for the 9.5 mm category 4 and 5 surface mixtures is required. This revision will require the amount passing the 2.36 mm sieve to be equal to or less than 47% for these mixtures.

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: 401

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS: None

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION: None

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE: Section 13

APPLICABLE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS: 400-R-553

Submitted By: Ron Walker

Title: Manager, Office of Materials Management

Organization: INDOT

Phone Number: 317-610-7251x204

Date: May 27, 2010

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT?

Revisions recommended by the Office of Materials Management

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 401 - QUALITY CONTROL/QUALITY ASSURANCE, QC/QA, HOT MIX ASPHALT,
 HMA, PAVEMENT

REVISION TO 401.05 VOLUMETRIC MIX DESIGN

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 401, BEGIN LINE 59, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

Dense Graded, Mixture Designation - Control Point (Percent Passing)					
	25.0 mm	19.0 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	4.75 mm
Sieve Size					
50.0 mm					
37.5 mm	100.0				
25.0 mm	90.0 - 100.0	100.0			
19.0 mm	< 90.0	90.0 - 100.0	100.0		
12.5 mm		< 90.0	90.0 - 100.0	100.0	100.0
9.5 mm			< 90.0	90.0 - 100.0	95.0 - 100.0
4.75 mm				< 90.0	90.0 - 100.0
2.36 mm	19.0 - 45.0	23.0 - 49.0	28.0 - 58.0	32.0 - 67.0*	
1.18 mm					30.0 - 60.0
600 µm					
300 µm					
75 µm	1.0 - 7.0	2.0 - 8.0	2.0 - 10.0	2.0 - 10.0	6.0 - 12.0
* The mix design gradation shall be less than or equal to the PCS control point for 9.5 mm category 4 and 5 surface mixtures.					
PCS Control Point for Mixture Designation (Percent Passing)					
Mixture Designation	25.0 mm	19.0 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	4.75 mm
Primary Control Sieve	4.75 mm	4.75 mm	2.36 mm	2.36 mm	NA
PCS Control Point	40	47	39	47	NA

COMMENTS AND ACTION

REVISION TO 401.05 VOLUMETRIC MIX DESIGN

<p>Motion: Second: Ayes: Nays:</p>	<p>Action: <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Submitted <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Revised <input type="checkbox"/> Withdrawn</p>
<p>Standard Specifications Sections affected: 401.05 page 231.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> 20__ Standard Specifications Book</p>
<p>Recurring Special Provision affected: 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Create RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___</p>
<p>Standard Sheets affected: NONE</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Revise RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___</p>
<p>Design Manual Sections affected: NONE</p>	<p>Standard Drawing Effective ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Create RPD (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting</p>
<p>GIFE Sections cross-references: SECTION 13</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Technical Advisory</p>
	<p>GIFE Update Req'd.? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p>
	<p>Frequency Manual Update Req'd? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p>
	<p>Received FHWA Approval? ___</p>

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS
REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEM(S) ENCOUNTERED: In-line blending of asphalt and latex modifiers at the HMA plant would reduce the cost of the asphalt and allow the HMA Producer to manage the quantities of modified asphalts required for the HMA mixtures. A pilot project was completed in 2009 whereby a blending system at the HMA plant was interlocked with the plant control to maintain the latex modifier addition consistent with plant output. Results from the project indicated that a one grade temperature classification change could be made by the in-line blending process for certain grades of asphalt. The specification revision would allow a PG 58-28 to be modified to a PG 64-22 or a PG 64-22 to be modified to a PG 70-22 by in-line blending at the HMA plant.

PROPOSED SOLUTION: The following revisions to 902 are required:

1. Add a section to 902.01(a) to allow in-line blending with SBR polymer latex at the HMA plant in accordance with ITM 581 for PG grades 58-28 and 64-22. Requirements for acceptance of the SBR polymer latex, minimum allowable amounts of the latex, and a reduction of the latex amount are included.
2. Add the sampling procedure for in-line blended asphalts to 902.02(a).

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: 902

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS: None

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION: None

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE: Section 13

APPLICABLE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS: 400-R-553

Submitted By: Ron Walker

Title: Manager, Office of Materials Management

Organization: INDOT

Phone Number: 317-610-7251 x 204

Date: May 27, 2010

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT?

Revisions recommended by the Office of Materials Management

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 902 - ASPHALT MATERIALS

REVISION TO 902.01(a) PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDERS

REVISION TO 902.02 SAMPLING AND TESTING ASPHALT MATERIALS

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 902, AFTER LINE 16, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

A PG 58-28 or PG 64-22 binder may be modified by in-line blending with SBR polymer latex at the HMA plant in accordance with ITM 581. A PG 58-28 may be modified to a PG 64-28 and a PG 64-22 may be modified to a PG 70-22.

The SBR polymer latex shall be in accordance with the following:

<i>SBR POLYMER LATEX</i>	
<i>Total Polymer Solids, % by weight</i>	<i>60 – 72</i>
<i>Butadiene, % by weight</i>	<i>68 minimum</i>
<i>Residual Styrene, % by weight</i>	<i>0.1 maximum</i>
<i>Ash, % of total polymer solids by weight</i>	<i>3.5 maximum</i>
<i>pH</i>	<i>9 – 11</i>
<i>Viscosity, Brookfield model RVF, Spindle No. 2 @ 20 rpm @ 25°C</i>	<i>2000 maximum</i>

A type A certification for the SBR polymer latex shall be furnished in accordance with 916.

The minimum SBR polymer latex content shall be 2.5 %. The SBR polymer latex content may be reduced below the minimum content provided the following requirements are met:

- 1. An AASHTO accredited laboratory shall blend the PG binder and SBR polymer latex at the proposed SBR polymer latex content and test and grade the modified PG binder in accordance with AASHTO M 320.*
- 2. The laboratory test results verifying the blend and compliance with 902.01(a) shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.*
- 3. The source of the PG Binder or SBR polymer latex shall not be changed.*

SECTION 902, AFTER LINE 149, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

902.02 Sampling and Testing Asphalt Materials

The tests and AASHTO references are as follows:

- (a) Sampling Bituminous MaterialsAASHTO T 40

The following exceptions to AASHTO T 40 shall apply:

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 902 - ASPHALT MATERIALS

(CONTINUED)

REVISION TO 902.01(a) PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDERS

REVISION TO 902.02 SAMPLING AND TESTING ASPHALT MATERIALS

1. Samples may be obtained at any time before material is incorporated into the work.
2. Samples for all grades of asphalt emulsion shall be a minimum of 1/2 gal. (1.9 L). The size of samples of other liquid material may be 1 qt (1.0 L).
3. Samples of liquid materials shall be obtained at one of the following:
 - a. bulk storage tanks from sampling valves located in the tank or line and asphalt plant storage tanks from sampling valves located in the tank
 - b. transports from sampling valves
 - c. distributors from valves
 - d. other storage or locations as approved
 - e. sampling by other recognized devices may be approved
 - f. *sampling valves beyond the in-line blending location*

COMMENTS AND ACTION

REVISION TO 902.01(a) PERFORMANCE GRADED ASPHALT BINDERS
REVISION TO 902.02 SAMPLING AND TESTING ASPHALT MATERIALS

Motion: Second: Ayes: Nays:	Action: <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Submitted <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Revised <input type="checkbox"/> Withdrawn
Standard Specifications Sections affected: 902.02 page 759	<input type="checkbox"/> 20 Standard Specifications Book <input type="checkbox"/> Create RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___
Recurring Special Provision affected: 400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> Revise RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___
Standard Sheets affected: NONE	Standard Drawing Effective ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Create RPD (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting <input type="checkbox"/> Technical Advisory
Design Manual Sections affected: NONE	GIFE Update Req'd.? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision
GIFE Sections cross-references: SECTION 13	Frequency Manual Update Req'd? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision Received FHWA Approval? ___

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS
REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEM(S) ENCOUNTERED: Section 904.03 (d)1 requires that only steel furnace slag or sandstone be allowed as coarse aggregates in SMA mixtures. These aggregates are not readily available in all locations of the state and therefore the cost of these aggregates is very expensive in some locations. If other aggregates would be allowed to be blended with these aggregates, as we currently do with dense graded HMA mixtures, the cost of the SMA mixture would be reduced.

In 2009, test sections using a blend of steel slag and Polish Resistant Aggregates were placed with additional requirements of Micro-Deval Abrasion and Aggregate Degradation limits. These coarse aggregate requirements were based on the JTRP study SPR 2865, "Investigation of Coarse Aggregate Strength for Use in Stone Matrix Asphalt". The test sections were successful as far as the quality of the SMA mixtures and subsequent friction results obtained approximately one year later were comparable to the steel slag only control section.

PROPOSED SOLUTION: The following revisions to 904 are required:

1. Add the Micro-Deval and Aggregate Degradation additional SMA coarse aggregate requirements and corresponding Notes to the Classification of Aggregates table of 904.03(a). Also, lower the non-duable deleterious content from a maximum of 4.0% to 2.0% to assure shale and other non-durable materials are not used.
2. Revise the requirements for the use of steel furnace slag, sandstone, crushed dolomite and Polish Resistant Aggregates in the SMA Coarse Aggregate table in 904.03(d)2.
3. Identify AASHTO T 96 as the Los Angeles Abrasion test method and AASHTO T 327 as the Micro-Deval Abrasion test method in the Sampling and Testing test methods for coarse aggregate in 904.03 (f).

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: 904

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS: None

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION: None

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE: Section 13

APPLICABLE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS: 400-R-553

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

(CONTINUED)

Submitted By: Ron Walker

Title: Manager, Office of Materials Management

Organization: INDOT

Phone Number: 317-610-7251x204

Date: May 27, 2010

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT?

Revisions recommended by the Office of Materials Management

AGENDA

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 904 - AGGREGATES

REVISION TO 904.03(a) CLASSIFICATION OF AGGREGATE

REVISION TO 904.03(d)2 SMA COARSE AGGREGATE

REVISION TO 904.03(f) SAMPLING AND TESTING

SECTION 904, BEGIN LINE 210, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

a) Classification of Aggregates

Characteristic Classes	AP	AS	A	B	C	D	E	F
Quality Requirements								
Freeze and Thaw Beam Expansion, % Max. (Note 1)	.060							
Los Angeles Abrasion, %, Max. (Note 2)	40.0	30.0	40.0	40.0	45.0	45.0	50.0	
Freeze and Thaw, AASHTO T 103, Procedure A, % Max (Note 3)	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	16.0	16.0	20.0	25.0
Sodium Sulfate Soundness, %, Max. (Note 3).	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	16.0	16.0	20.0	25.0
Brine Freeze and Thaw Soundness, %, Max. (Note 3)	30	30	30	30	40	40	50	60
Absorption, % Max. (Note 4)	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0			
Additional Requirements								
Deleterious, %, Max.								
Clay Lumps and Friable Particles	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	4.0		
Non-Durable (Note 5)	4.0	2.0 4.0	4.0	4.0	6.0	8.0		
Coke					(See Note 6)			
Iron					(See Note 6)			
Chert (Note 7)	3.0	3.0	3.0	5.0	8.0	10.0		
Weight per Cubic Foot for Slag, (lbs), Min. (Mass per Cubic Meter for Slag, (kg))	75.0 (1200)		75.0 (1200)	75.0 (1200)	70.0 (1120)	70.0 (1120)	70.0 (1120)	
Crushed Particles, % Min. (Note 8)								
Asphalt Seal Coats			70.0	70.0				
Compacted Aggregates			20.0	20.0	20.0	20.0		
Additional SMA Requirements								
Micro-Deval Abrasion, %, Max. (Note 9).....		18.0						
Aggregate Degradation, %, Max. (Note 10)....		3.0						

- Notes:
- Freeze and thaw beam expansion shall be tested and re-tested in accordance with ITM 210.
 - Los Angeles abrasion requirements shall not apply to BF.
 - Aggregates may, at the option of the Engineer, be accepted by the Sodium Sulfate Soundness or Brine Freeze and Thaw Soundness requirements.
 - Absorption requirements apply only to aggregates used in PCC and HMA mixtures except they shall not apply to BF. When crushed stone coarse aggregates from Category I sources consist of production from ledges whose absorptions differ by more than two percentage points, the absorption test will be performed every three months on each size of material proposed for use in PCC or HMA mixtures. Materials having absorption values between 5.0 and 6.0 that pass AP testing may be used in PCC. If variations in absorption preclude satisfactory production of PCC or HMA mixtures, independent stockpiles of materials will be sampled, tested, and approved prior to use.
 - Non-durable particles include soft particles as determined by ITM 206 and other particles which are structurally weak, such as soft sandstone, shale, limonite concretions, coal, weathered schist, cemented gravel, ocher, shells, wood, or other objectionable material. Determination of non-durable particles shall be made from the total weight (mass) of material retained on the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve. Scratch Hardness Test shall not apply to crushed stone coarse aggregate.
 - ACBF and SF coarse aggregate shall be free of objectionable amounts of coke, iron, and lime agglomerates.
 - The bulk specific gravity of chert shall be based on the saturated surface dry condition. The amount of chert less than 2.45 bulk specific gravity shall be determined on the total weight (mass) of material retained on the 3/8 in. (9.5 mm) sieve for sizes 2 through 8, 43, 53, and 73 and on the total weight (mass) of material retained on the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve for sizes 9, 11, 12, and 91.
 - Crushed particle requirements apply to gravel coarse aggregates used in compacted aggregates, and seal coats except seal coats used on shoulders. Determination of crushed particles shall be made from the weight (mass) of material retained on the No. 4 (4.75 mm) sieve in accordance with ASTM D 5821.
 - Micro-Deval abrasion requirements shall apply to each coarse aggregate. A blend of coarse aggregates shall have the abrasion loss value determined in accordance with ITM 220.
 - Aggregate degradation shall be determined in accordance with ITM 220.

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 904 - AGGREGATES (CONTINUED)
 REVISION TO 904.03(a) CLASSIFICATION OF AGGREGATE
 REVISION TO 904.03(d)2 SMA COARSE AGGREGATE
 REVISION TO 904.03(f) SAMPLING AND TESTING

SECTION 904, BEGIN LINE 246, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

2. SMA Coarse Aggregate

Coarse Aggregate Type	Traffic ESALs		
	< 3,000,000	< 10,000,000	≥ 10,000,000
Air-Cooled Blast Furnace Slag	No	No	No
Steel Furnace Slag	Yes Note 1	Yes Note 1	Yes
Sandstone	Yes Note 1	Yes Note 1	Yes
Crushed Dolomite	No Note 1	No Note 1	No Note 2
Polish Resistant Aggregates	No Note 1	No Note 1	No Note 2
Crushed Stone	No	No	No
Gravel	No	No	No

Notes: 1. Steel furnace slag, sandstone, crushed dolomite, polish resistant aggregates or any blend of these aggregates may be used provided the aggregates are in accordance with 904.03(a).
 2. Polish resistant aggregates or crushed dolomite may be used when blended with sandstone but cannot exceed 50% of the coarse aggregate by weight (mass), or cannot exceed 40% of the coarse aggregate by weight (mass) when blended with steel furnace slag. The aggregates shall be in accordance with 904.03(a).

SECTION 904, BEGIN LINE 253, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

(f) Sampling and Testing

Sampling and testing will be in accordance with the following AASHTO, ASTM, and ITMs.

- Los Angeles Abrasion..... AASHTO T 96
- *Amount of Material finer than No. 200 (75 µm) Sieve... AASHTO T 11
- Brine Freeze and Thaw Soundness. ITM 209
- Clay Lumps and Friable Particles. AASHTO T 112
- Control Procedures for Classification of Aggregates..... ITM 203
- Crushed Particles.....ASTM D 5821
- Dolomite Aggregates. ITM 205
- Flat and Elongated Particles.....ASTM D 4791
- Freeze and Thaw Beam Expansion..... ITM 210
- *Lightweight Pieces in Aggregates..... AASHTO T 113
- Micro-Deval Abrasion. AASHTO T 327
- Polished Resistant Aggregates ITM 214
- *Sampling Aggregates AASHTO T 2
- Sampling Stockpiled Aggregates ITM 207
- Scratch Hardness..... ITM 206
- *Sieve Analysis..... AASHTO T 27
- *Soundness..... AASHTO T 103, T 104
- *Specific Gravity and Absorption..... AASHTO T 85

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 904 - AGGREGATES

(CONTINUED)

REVISION TO 904.03(a) CLASSIFICATION OF AGGREGATE

REVISION TO 904.03(d)2 SMA COARSE AGGREGATE

REVISION TO 904.03(f) SAMPLING AND TESTING

Unit Weight and Voids in AggregatesAASHTO T 19

*Except as noted in 904.06

AGENDA

COMMENTS AND ACTION

REVISION TO 904.03(a) CLASSIFICATION OF AGGREGATE

REVISION TO 904.03(d)2 SMA COARSE AGGREGATE

REVISION TO 904.03(f) SAMPLING AND TESTING

<p>Motion: Second: Ayes: Nays:</p>	<p>Action: <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Submitted <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Revised <input type="checkbox"/> Withdrawn</p>
<p>Standard Specifications Sections affected:</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> 20 Standard Specifications Book</p>
<p>904.03 pages: 773, 774, 776 and 778</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Create RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___</p>
<p>Recurring Special Provision affected:</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Revise RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___</p>
<p>400-R-553 HMA PROVISIONS</p>	
<p>Standard Sheets affected:</p>	<p>Standard Drawing Effective ___</p>
<p>NONE</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Create RPD (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting <input type="checkbox"/> Technical Advisory</p>
<p>Design Manual Sections affected:</p>	
<p>NONE</p>	
<p>GIFE Sections cross-references:</p>	<p>GIFE Update Req'd.? Y ___ N ___</p>
<p>SECTION 13</p>	<p>By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p>
	<p>Frequency Manual Update Req'd? Y ___ N ___</p>
	<p>By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p>
	<p>Received FHWA Approval? ___</p>

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS
REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEM(S) ENCOUNTERED: The Federal Highway Administration regulations require INDOT to track all DBE participation on federal aid contracts, whether INDOT sets a DBE goal on a contract or not. A key way in which INDOT collects this data is through the DBE-3 affidavit form. When INDOT sets a DBE goal on a contract, the prime contractor must complete the DBE-3 after all work has been completed on the contract. The form only collects final DBE payment totals and is signed by the prime and the DBE firms.

This process works well for contracts with DBE goals; however, INDOT lacks data on DBE participations for contracts without goals. This is because DBE-3 requirement is currently effected by the insertion of Recurring Special Provision 100-C-151B into contracts with DBE goals. This Provision alters the language contained in Standard Specification 103.01 and contains all INDOT policies regarding DBE goals, in addition to the DBE-3 Requirement. 100-C-151B is only inserted into contracts with DBE goals, and the bulk of the language is only applicable to contracts with goals. Therefore, INDOT can not correct the DBE-3 problem by inserting 100-C-151B into contracts that do not have DBE goals because the DBE goal provisions would not apply to non-goal contracts.

PROPOSED SOLUTION: INDOT should adopt a new specification that requires contractors to complete a DBE-3 Affidavit form on contracts that do not have a DBE goal.

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: 103.01

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS:

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION: None

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE: Section 2.7.2

APPLICABLE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS: 100-C-151B

Submitted By: Greg Pankow

Title: State Construction Engineer

Organization: INDOT

Phone Number: 317-232-5502

Date: 05-11-10

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT?

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 103 - AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT
REVISION TO 103.01(G) SUBCONTRACTS

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 103, BEGIN LINE 269, DELETE AND INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

Upon receipt of notification from the Department, a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Affidavit, Form ~~MBE-3~~DBE-3, shall be completed by the Contractor and returned to the Department. A *DBE-3 Form certification shall be completed and submitted for every DBE utilized on the contract.* The Contractor and the *DBE* subcontractor/lessor/supplier shall certify on Form ~~MBE-3~~DBE-3 *that what specific amounts have been paid to and received by the DBE.*

AGENDA

BACKUP NO. 1

FORM DBE-3 DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE UTILIZATION AFFIDAVIT

FORM DBE-3

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE UTILIZATION AFFIDAVIT

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS:

THAT, in order to comply with the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise requirements set out in Contract _____
Project _____, the below signed persons, representing the Prime Contractor and the Disadvantaged
Business Enterprise, do hereby certify and swear that the amounts shown below were paid to, and received by, the Disadvantaged
Business Enterprise, represented below, who performed subcontract work, provided materials, or rendered any other service
in the carrying forward, performing, and completing of said contract.

AMOUNT PAID TO _____ \$ _____
(NAME OF DBE)

The DBE was a: Subcontractor Lessor Supplier
Type of work performed or service provided: _____

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have affixed my signature this _____ day of _____, _____.

PRIME CONTRACTOR
By _____
SIGNATURE

TITLE

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
STATE OF INDIANA, COUNTY OF _____ SS:
Subscribed and sworn to before me by _____
of the firm of _____ this
_____ day of _____, _____.

NOTARY PUBLIC
My Commission expires _____

* * * * *

AMOUNT RECEIVED FROM (including retainage) _____ \$ _____
(NAME OF PRIME CONTRACTOR)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have affixed my signature this _____ day of _____, _____.

DBE COMPANY NAME
By _____
SIGNATURE

TITLE

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
STATE OF INDIANA, COUNTY OF _____ SS:
Subscribed and sworn to before me by _____
of the firm of _____ this
_____ day of _____, _____.

NOTARY PUBLIC
My Commission expires _____

COMMENTS AND ACTION

REVISION TO 103.01(G) SUBCONTRACTS

<p>Motion: Second: Ayes: Nays:</p>	<p>Action: <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Submitted <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Revised <input type="checkbox"/> Withdrawn</p>
<p>Standard Specifications Sections affected:</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> 20__ Standard Specifications Book</p>
<p>103.1</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Create RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting</p>
<p>Recurring Special Provision:</p>	<p>RSP Sunset Date: ___</p>
<p>100-C-151B DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE PROCEDURE AND GOOD FAITH EFFORTS</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Revise RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting</p>
<p>100-C-151C DBE RECORD AND TIMELY PAY</p>	<p>RSP Sunset Date: ___</p>
<p>Standard Sheets affected:</p>	<p>Standard Drawing Effective ___</p>
<p>NONE</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Create RPD (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting</p>
<p>Design Manual Sections affected:</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Technical Advisory</p>
<p>NONE</p>	<p>GIFE Update Req'd.? Y ___ N ___</p>
<p>GIFE Sections cross-references:</p>	<p>By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p>
<p>SECTION 2.7.2</p>	<p>Frequency Manual Update Req'd? Y ___ N ___</p>
	<p>By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p>
	<p>Received FHWA Approval? ___</p>

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS
REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEM(S) ENCOUNTERED: RSP 601-R-338 acts as an "approved list" for non-timber guardrail blocks. The only approval mechanism for placing blocks on this list is NCHRP 350 approval.

PROPOSED SOLUTION: Incorporate the 350 acceptance criteria into 601 and 926.03 to remove the need for the RSP approved list. Will also require some language inserted into 910.11.

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: 601, 926.03

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS: 601-WBGA-01, 601-WBGA-02, 601-WBGA-03, 601-WBGA-06, 601-WBGC-01, 601-WBGC-03

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION: N/A

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE: Unknown

APPLICABLE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS: 601-R-338

Submitted By: John Wright/Todd Shields

Title: Manager, Office of Technical Services

Organization: INDOT

Phone Number: 317-233-4726

Date: May, 2010

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT? Reviewed by Yadu Shah (standards section), Evaluations Oversight Committee

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 601 - GUARDRAIL
REVISION TO 601.02 MATERIALS

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 601, AFTER LINE 19, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

MATERIALS

601.02 Materials

Materials shall be in accordance with the following:

Rail Accessories, Fittings, and Hardware	910.11
Steel Guardrail Posts	910.10
Steel Thrie-Beam Rail	910.09
Steel W-Beam Rail	910.09
Timber Posts and Blocks	911.02(f)
<i>Alternate Material Blocks</i>	<i>926.03</i>

All guardrail, post, accessories, fittings, and hardware shall be supplied from a source listed on the Department's list of approved Certified Guardrail Suppliers in accordance with 910.12. Guardrail end treatments shall be selected from the Department's list of approved Guardrail End Treatments in accordance with 601.07 and impact attenuators shall be selected from the Department's list of Approved Impact Attenuators in accordance with 601.08.

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 910 - METAL MATERIALS

REVISION TO 910.11 GUARDRAIL ACCESSORIES, FITTINGS AND HARDWARE

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 910, LINE 530, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

910.11 Guardrail Accessories, Fittings, and Hardware

These items consist of brackets, splice plates and bars, post anchors, diaphragms, clamps and clamp bars, end caps, connections, anchor rod assemblies, deadmen, bolts, screws, nuts, ~~and~~ washers, *and blockouts* of the type, dimensions, and design shown on the plans. They shall be in accordance with the requirements set out below. Items of the same type shall be interchangeable regardless of the source.

SECTION 910, AFTER LINE 590, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

8. *Timber blockouts shall be in accordance with 911.02(f). Alternate material blockouts shall be in accordance with 926.03.*

AGENDA

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION 926 - MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

ADDED 926.03 ALTERNATE MATERIAL GUARDRAIL BLOCKS

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 926, AFTER LINE 98, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

926.03 Alternate Material Guardrail Blocks

Non-timber blockouts shall be dimensioned as tested and shall be used with the type of guardrail as tested in accordance with NCHRP 350. Blockouts shall be accompanied by a certification from the manufacturer stating the blockouts furnished have the same chemistry, mechanical properties, and geometry as those certified to have passed the NCHRP 350 crash test and have been certified by the Federal Highway Administration to be acceptable for use on NHS facilities.

Alternate material blockouts meeting the criteria may be used interchangeably with timber blockouts as long as the line and grade of the face of the guardrail is true to that shown on the plans.

COMMENTS AND ACTION

REVISION TO 601.02 MATERIALS

REVISION TO 910.11 GUARDRAIL ACCESSORIES, FITTINGS AND HARDWARE

ADDED 926.03 ALTERNATE MATERIAL GUARDRAIL BLOCKS

<p>Motion: Second: Ayes: Nays:</p>	<p>Action: <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Submitted <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Revised <input type="checkbox"/> Withdrawn</p>
<p>Standard Specifications Sections affected:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">601.02 910.11 926</p> <p>Recurring Special Provision affected:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">601-R-338 GUARDRAIL BLOCKOUTS</p> <p>Standard Sheets affected:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">601-WBGA-01, 601-WBGA-02, 601-WBGA-03, 601-WBGA-06, 601-WBGC-01, 601-WBGC-03</p> <p>Design Manual Sections affected:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">NONE</p> <p>GIFE Sections cross-references:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">NONE</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> 20 Standard Specifications Book</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Create RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Revise RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___</p> <p>Standard Drawing Effective ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Create RPD (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting <input type="checkbox"/> Technical Advisory</p> <p>GIFE Update Req'd.? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p> <p>Frequency Manual Update Req'd? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p> <p>Received FHWA Approval? ___</p>

SPECIFICATION REVISIONS

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL

PROPOSAL TO STANDARDS COMMITTEE

PROBLEM(S) ENCOUNTERED: Sometimes it is difficult to install inductive loop detectors on an approach to a signalized intersection due to poor pavement condition, lack of underground conduit, right-of-way constraints, or other circumstances. The construction of underground cable and conduit and inductive loop detectors, particularly for dilemma zone loops at high-speed intersections, is expensive.

PROPOSED SOLUTION:

Wireless magnetometer detection systems make it possible to install vehicle detection on an approach without cutting loops or running conduit and detector housings. The magnetometers are installed in cored holes in the pavement. They transmit wirelessly to either receiver/processors or through repeaters to receiver/processors. Detection of a vehicle and/or vehicular counts are transmitted via ethernet cable to contact closure cards in a standard detector rack in the controller cabinet where they're processed as detected vehicles from inductive loops typically are. The development of special provisions, standard drawings, a revision of the Indiana Design Manual, and an Indiana Test Method (ITM) will ensure that the system is designed and constructed properly.

APPLICABLE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS: 805.10, 805.15, 805.16

APPLICABLE STANDARD DRAWINGS: 805-SGDW-01 (attached)

APPLICABLE DESIGN MANUAL SECTION: Section 77-4.02(03) and Section 77-4.02(04)

APPLICABLE SECTION OF GIFE: none

APPLICABLE RECURRING SPECIAL PROVISIONS: 805-T-169

Submitted By: David Boruff, P.E.

Title: Traffic Administration Manager

Organization: INDOT

Phone Number: (317) 899-8626

Date: 5/24/10

APPLICABLE SUB-COMMITTEE ENDORSEMENT? Ad-hoc review by district traffic and construction and contractors.

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL
SECTION 805 - TRAFFIC SIGNAL
REVISION TO 805.10 MAGNETOMETER AND MICROLOOP DETECTORS
REVISION TO 805.15 METHOD OF MEASUREMENTS
REVISION TO 805.16 BASIS OF PAYMENT

The Standard Specifications are revised as follows:

SECTION 805, BEGIN LINE 376, INSERT AS FOLLOWS:

805.10 Magnetometer, and Microloop, and Wireless Detectors

(a) Magnetometer and Microloop Detectors

Before installation of Magnetometer or Microloop probes the Contractor shall confirm the adequacy of the magnetic field intensity, to be sure that the range is suitable for their operation. Arrangement of probes shall be located at maximum distance from steel support under bridges. Probes shall be installed with their long dimension vertical, and with the cable end at the top. Probes shall be firmly supported, so the lateral and vertical motion is restricted. Probes shall be connected in series. The splice shall be soldered by means of hot iron, or pouring or dripping without flames, with rosin core solder and shall be insulated and waterproofed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

(b) Wireless Vehicle Detection System

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing wireless vehicle detection systems for vehicle detection at traffic signals.

The wireless vehicle detection system (WVDS) is comprised of wireless in-pavement magnetometers, contact closure cards, receiver processors, and wireless repeaters installed for a signalized intersection. The system shall be capable of monitoring vehicles on a roadway via detection of changes in inductance caused by the presence or passage of a vehicle and shall provide detector outputs to a traffic signal controller.

The WVDS shall include in-pavement magnetometers, a minimum of two receiver processors, the required mounting equipment, cables, rack mounted cards, set-up and operating software, all connectors, and miscellaneous equipment necessary for the installation and operation of the system. If required, the WVDS shall also include wireless repeaters.

Only models from the Department's approved materials list shall be used.

Prior to the installation, the Contractor shall test all in-pavement sensors and demonstrate proper operation and communication between the in-pavement sensors and the receiver processor and wireless repeater, if required.

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL
SECTION 805 - TRAFFIC SIGNAL (CONTINUED)
REVISION TO 805.10 MAGNETOMETER AND MICROLOOP DETECTORS
REVISION TO 805.15 METHOD OF MEASUREMENTS
REVISION TO 805.16 BASIS OF PAYMENT

Traffic Signal Modernization, _____, Location No. _____LS
type
Transportation of Salvageable Signal Equipment.....LS
Wireless Magnetometer Detector..... EACH
Wireless Repeater..... EACH

The cost of coring the pavement, sealant, and all work necessary for proper installation and operation of the in-pavement sensors will be included in the cost of the wireless magnetometer detector.

The cost of cables, connectors, set-up and operating software, access boxes, rack mounted expansion cards, and all hardware necessary to complete the installation will be included in the cost of the contact closure cards.

The cost of required mounting equipment, cables, connectors, and miscellaneous equipment necessary for proper installation and operation of the receiver/processors will be included in the cost of the receiver/processors.

The cost of required mounting equipment, connectors, and miscellaneous equipment necessary for proper installation and operation of the wireless repeaters will be included in the cost of the wireless repeaters.

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL

IDM 77-4.0 TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT

REVISION TO IDM 77-4.02(03) OTHER DETECTOR TYPES

ADDED IDM 77-4.02(04) *DECISION MAKING CRITERIA FOR WHEN TO USE ANOTHER TYPE OF DETECTION*

77-4.02(03) Other Detector Types

There are numerous types of vehicular detectors available. However, INDOT typically uses the inductive-loop detector. The following discusses several other detector types that are available.

1. Magnetic Detector

Magnetic detectors consist of a small coil of wires located inside a protective housing embedded into the roadway surface. As vehicles pass over the device, the detector registers the change in the magnetic field surrounding the device. This signal is recorded by an amplifier and relayed back to the controller as a vehicular detection. A major problem with this detector is that it can only detect the passage of a vehicle traveling at speeds of 3 mph (5 km/h) or greater. It cannot be used to determine a stopped vehicle's presence. The advantages are that they are simple to install and are resistant to pavement-surfacing problems.

2. Magnetometer Detector

A magnetometer detector consists of a magnetic metal core with wrapped windings, similar to a transformer. This core is sealed in a cylinder about 1 in. (25 mm) in diameter and 4 in. (100 mm) long. The detector is placed in a drilled vertical hole about 1 ft (0.3 m) deep in the pavement surface. Magnetometer detectors sense the variation between the magnetic fields caused by the passage or presence of a vehicle. The signal is recorded by an amplifier and is relayed to the controller as a passage or presence vehicle. Magnetometer detectors are sufficiently sensitive to use to detect bicyclists or as a counting device. A problem with the magnetometer detector is that it does not provide a sharp cutoff at the perimeter of the detection vehicle (i.e., it may detect vehicles in adjacent lanes).

3. Wireless Vehicle Detector

A wireless vehicle detector is similar to a magnetometer detector except that it uses a low-power radio to transmit the signal to a wireless repeater or receiver processor. The signal is recorded by an amplifier and is relayed to the controller as a passage or presence vehicle. The detector is placed in a drilled vertical hole about 0.2 ft (60 mm) deep in the pavement surface. Magnetometer detectors are sufficiently sensitive to use to detect bicyclists or as a counting device. An additional problem with the wireless magnetometer detector beyond those of a wired magnetometer detector is that the wireless magnetometers have to be replaced, at a maximum, every 10 years, and the wireless repeaters' batteries have to be replaced every 2 years. See Figure 77-4H and Figure 77-4I for typical installation designs.

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL
IDM 77-4.0 TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)
REVISION TO IDM 77-4.02(03) OTHER DETECTOR TYPES
ADDED IDM 77-4.02(04) *DECISION MAKING CRITERIA FOR WHEN TO USE ANOTHER TYPE OF DETECTION*

4. Microloop Detector

A microloop detector is similar to the magnetometer detector, but it can work with the standard inductive loop detector amplifiers. The microloop is typically installed by drilling a 3-in. (75 mm) diameter hole 1'-6" (500 mm) deep into the pavement structure, by securing it to the underside of a bridge deck, or inserting a 3" diameter conduit under the pavement to accommodate a series of microloops (non-invasive microloop system). A major disadvantage of the microloop detector is that it requires some motion to activate the triggering circuitry of the detector and does not detect stopped vehicles. This type of detector would typically require two detectors placed side-by-side per lane due to its limited field of detection.

5. Video Image Detection

The video image detector consists of one to six video cameras, an automatic control unit and a supervisor computer. The computer detects a vehicle by comparing the images from the camera(s) to those stored in memory. The detector can work in both the presence and passage modes. This detector also allows the images to be used for counting and vehicular classification. Special housings are required to protect the camera from environmental elements. Early models experienced problems with the video detection during adverse weather conditions (e.g., fog, rain, snow). INDOT currently allows video detection only for temporary signals.

6. Pedestrian Detectors

The most common pedestrian detector is the pedestrian push or call button. These pedestrian call buttons should be placed so that they are convenient to use, reachable by the handicapped and not placed in the direct path for the blind. Inconvenient placement of pedestrian detectors is one of the reasons pedestrians may choose to cross the intersection illegally and unsafely.

7. Bicycle Detectors

The two most common methods for bicycle detection are:

a. Pedestrian Push-Button Detector

With the push-button detector, the bicyclist must stop and push the detector button for the controller to record the detection. This may require the bicyclist to leave the roadway and proceed on the sidewalk to reach the detector.

b. Inductive-Loop Detector

The inductive-loop detector can detect the bicycle without the bicyclist's interaction. For the greatest sensitivity of the detector, the bicyclist should be guided directly over the wire. A problem with bicycle inductive-loop detectors is that they require a significant amount of metal to be activated. Today's bicycle designs tend to use a substantial

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL
IDM 77-4.0 TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)
REVISION TO IDM 77-4.02(03) OTHER DETECTOR TYPES
ADDED IDM 77-4.02(04) DECISION MAKING CRITERIA FOR WHEN TO USE ANOTHER
TYPE OF DETECTION

amount of non-magnetic, man-made materials to increase their strength and reduce their weight. This has substantially reduced the metal content that can be detected.

77-4.02(04) Decision making criteria for when to use another type of detection

Detection systems other than inductive loops require a specialized design. In order to use a type of detection other than inductive loops, INDOT designers and consultants and local agency consultants must provide and submit documentation that 2 of the following 3 conditions have been met:

- 1. An inductive loop design will not work because of a physical limitation (R/W, geometrics, pavement conditions, obstructed conduit paths, etc).*
- 2. A full inductive loop design has been considered and there is a post-design lifecycle cost advantage to using a detection system other than loops. No design time cost or labor savings will be considered in lifecycle cost calculations.*
- 3. A hybrid design using loops at the stop bar and wireless magnetometers for advance vehicle detection has been considered and evaluated where wireless magnetometers have been evaluated for advance vehicle detection only, and the hybrid design is the most cost effective (post design lifecycle cost).*

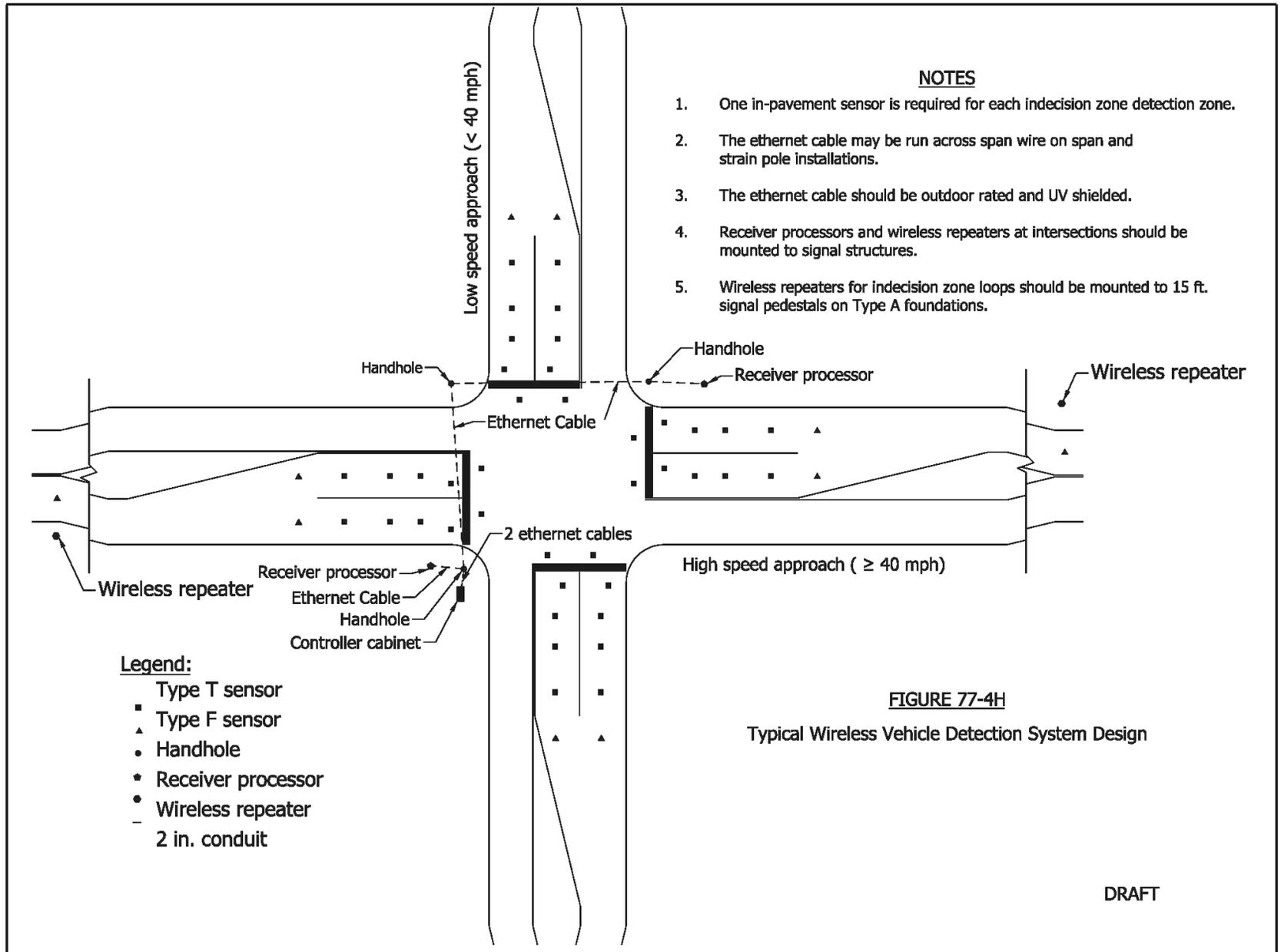
In addition, written concurrence from both the INDOT Office of Traffic Control Systems and the District Traffic Engineer, or the local agency for local projects, before wireless vehicle detection may be used at a specific location.

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL

IDM 77-4.0 TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT

(CONTINUED)

ADDED FIGURE 77-4H TYPICAL WIRELESS VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM DESIGN (DRAFT)

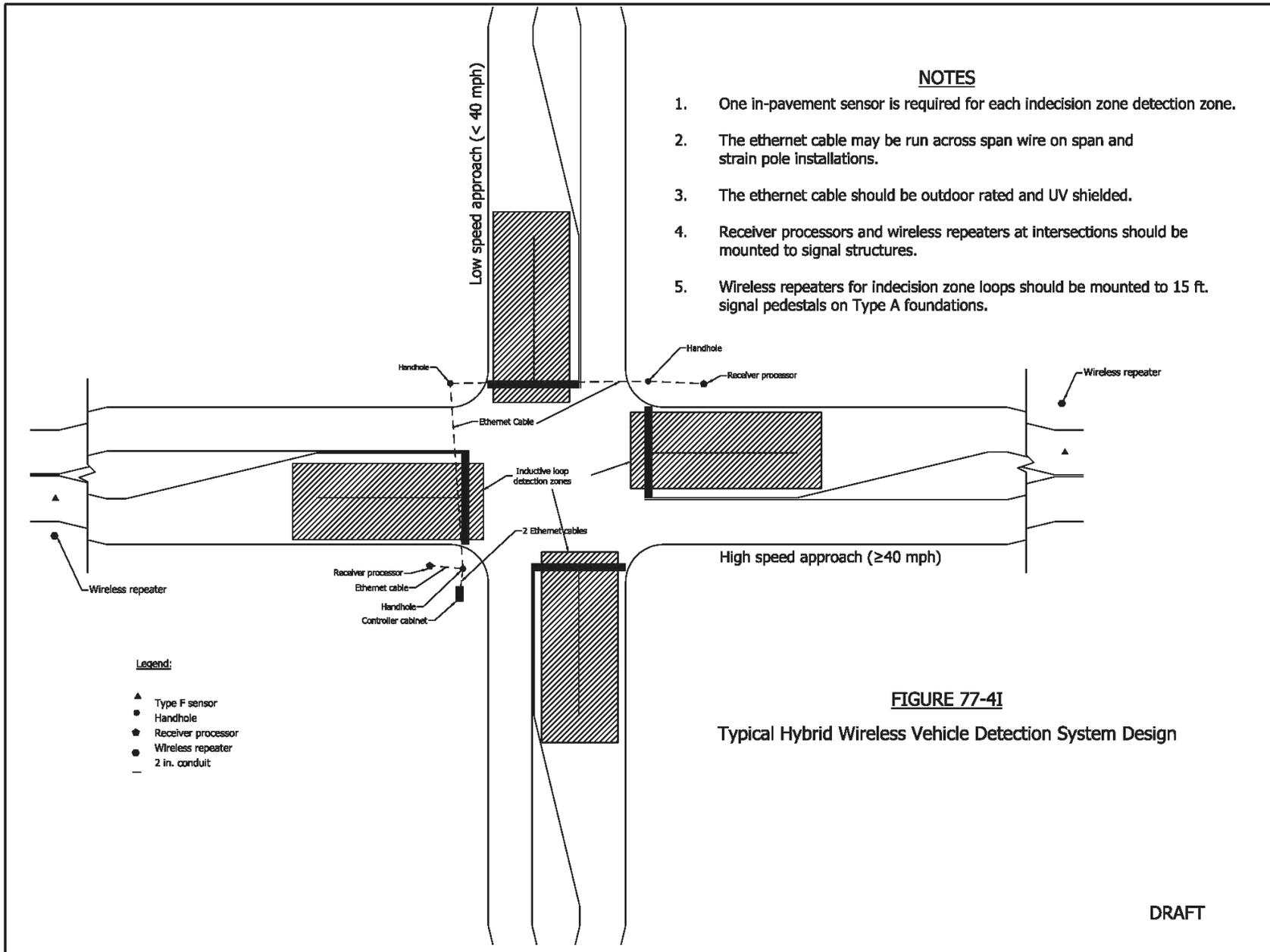


REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL

IDM 77-4.0 TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT

(CONTINUED)

ADDED FIGURE 77-4I TYPICAL HYBRID VEHICLE DETECTION SYSTEM DESIGN (DRAFT)

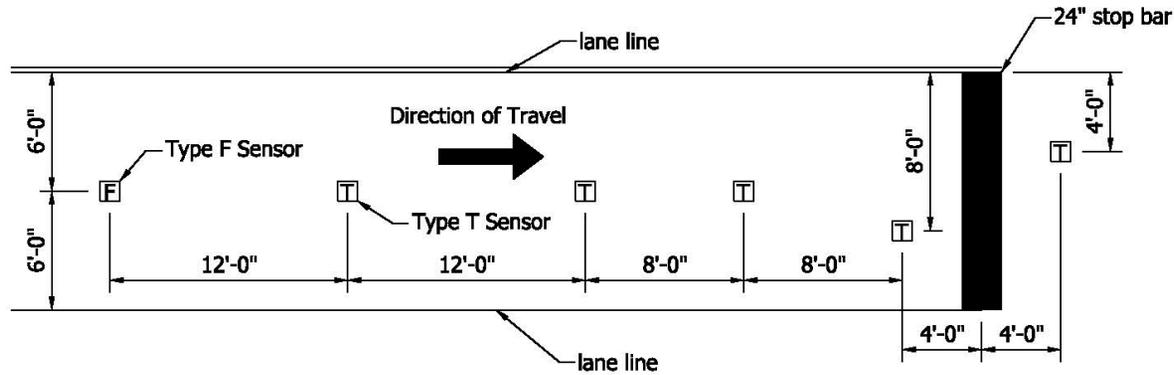


REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL

PROPOSED NEW STANDARD DRAWING 805-SGDW-01 WIRELESS VEHICLE DETECTORS STOP BAR DETECTION ZONE (DRAFT)

GENERAL NOTES

1. Six in-pavement sensors are required for each stop bar detection zone.



INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

WIRELESS VEHICLE DETECTORS
STOP BAR DETECTION ZONE
DRAFT

STANDARD DRAWING NO. E 805-SGDW-01

/s/ Richard L. VanCleave *XX/XX/XX*
DESIGN STANDARDS ENGINEER DATE

/s/ Mark A. Miller *XX/XX/XX*
CHIEF HIGHWAY ENGINEER DATE

DESIGN STANDARDS ENGINEER

Item No. 09 06/17/10 (2010 SS) (contd.)

Mr. Boruff

Date: 06/17/10

REVISION TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, DRAWINGS AND DESIGN MANUAL

PROPOSED NEW STANDARD DRAWING 805-SGDW-01 WIRELESS VEHICLE DETECTORS STOP BAR DETECTION ZONE (DRAFT)

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AGENDA

COMMENTS AND ACTION

REVISION TO 805.10 MAGNETOMETER AND MICROLOOP DETECTORS
 REVISION TO 805.15 METHOD OF MEASUREMENTS
 REVISION TO 805.16 BASIS OF PAYMENT
 REVISION TO IDM 77-4.0 TRAFFIC SIGNAL EQUIPMENT
 STANDARD DRAWING 805-SGDW-01 WIRELESS VEHICLE DETECTORS STOP BAR
 DETECTION ZONE

<p>Motion: Second: Ayes: Nays:</p>	<p>Action: <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Submitted <input type="checkbox"/> Passed as Revised <input type="checkbox"/> Withdrawn</p>
<p>Standard Specifications Sections affected: SECTION 805 TRAFFIC SIGNALS Recurring Special Provisions 805-T-169 TRAFFIC SIGNALS 922-T-168 TRAFFIC SIGNAL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT Standard Sheets affected: NONE</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> 20 Standard Specifications Book <input type="checkbox"/> Create RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Revise RSP (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting RSP Sunset Date: ___</p>
<p>Design Manual Sections affected: SECTION 77-4</p>	<p>Standard Drawing Effective ___ <input type="checkbox"/> Create RPD (No. ___) Effective ___ Letting <input type="checkbox"/> Technical Advisory</p>
<p>GIFE Sections cross-references: NONE</p>	<p>GIFE Update Req'd.? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision</p>
	<p>Frequency Manual Update Req'd? Y ___ N ___ By ___ Addition or ___ Revision Received FHWA Approval? ___</p>