

# Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

*A Division of the*



## **Comprehensive Community Plan**

**County: Ripley**

**LCC: Ripley County Local Coordinating Council  
Against Substance Abuse**

**Date Due: July 31, 2012**

**Date Submitted: July 31, 2012**

**New Plan**       **Plan Update**



**LCC Contact: Paula Goodpaster, Coordinator**  
**Address: PO Box 236**  
**City: Versailles**  
**Phone: 812-212-8406**  
**Email: ripleylcc@hotmail.com**

**County Commissioners: Robert Reiners, President**  
**Address: 10105 N. Spades Rd.**  
**City: Sunman**  
**Zip Code: 47041**

## Plan Summary

**Mission Statement:** The LCC shall address local efforts to prevent and reduce the effects of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs among the citizens of Ripley County.

**History:** The Ripley County Local Coordinating Council Against Substance Abuse was founded in April of 1990, with the assistance of the Southeast Regional Office of the Governor's Commission for a Drug-Free Indiana. Since then, the LCC has served as an agent to keep Ripley County residents informed of current substance abuse issues and to distribute funds towards efforts to address the specific issues that have been identified and targeted through the Comprehensive Community Plan. The LCC adopted By-Laws in 1994, which have been revised, most recently in 2012. For many years, the LCC's main role was as a funding source. In recent years, the council has taken a role in providing training and special events, partnering with other Ripley County providers, and bringing greater awareness to the issues, legislation, and trends concerning substance abuse in Ripley County.

The LCC has received funds from other sources to assist them in their mission. In 2008, 2009, 2010, and again in 2012 a stipend was awarded from SAMHSA to the LCC for hosting a "Town Hall Meeting" or "Teach-In" to address the problem of underage drinking. Ripley County LCC partnered with Indiana Youth Institute to sponsor "Youth Worker Cafes", for community members serving families and youth, which helped build capacity and awareness of the council. Through the Ripley County 4H-Fair, the LCC distributes over 200 pieces of literature, and conducts a public perception survey. In 2008 and 2009, the LCC served as the Ripley County Local Advisory Council for the SPF-SIG Project conducted with Franklin and Ripley Counties. This project helped the LCC prepare to move forward. The ASAP Center awarded the LCC a grant to present training in Ripley County focusing on prevention during 2011. The local "grant process" for distributing the county drug-free funds is still changing as ICJI makes revisions in their processes and structures, but the LCC is striving to be more focused on funding projects "evidence based" programs and projects to Ripley County to improve outcomes.

Ripley County is a rural community and is served by five school districts. There are four school corporations located in the county. Sunman Elementary is located in Ripley County, but is administered by Sunman

Dearborn School Corporation, which is located in Dearborn County and served by CASA, the Dearborn County LCC. One school district, Batesville Community School Corporation, serves both Ripley and Franklin counties, and has school buildings in both counties. Southeastern Career Center is also located in Ripley County and serves Ripley and the surrounding counties. Ripley County also has three religious schools and several homeschooled children. The LCC is currently working with youth and school administrators in developing a county wide youth coalition.

Ripley County has 2 small indoor theaters, 1 drive-in theater, a state park, an electronic publication, and other assets that have not been fully explored or utilized by the LCC for addressing ATOD issues within the county. The two local newspaper publishers and the local radio station have partnered with us. Many times they attend and publicize our activities. Information regularly, often is on the front page of the newspapers. Recently, Ripley County has had an increase in arrests, several for trafficking illegal drugs on Interstate 74, which runs through the Northern part of Ripley County. The city of Batesville is at one of the exits off that interstate and they have aggressively addressed the high rate of heroin use among the youth. Three Ripley County towns issued ordinances against synthetic drugs before the State of Indiana and the federal legislation was passed.

Based upon the 2010 census data, the total population of Ripley County is 28,812 people. The median income for a household was \$51,603. The population in poverty was 3,038 (10.7%). It is realistic to report that certain pockets in the county are less economically advantaged, for instance, in 2009 Batesville's median income was \$48,622 , while Osgood's as only \$28,814. The current unemployment rate of 8.6 is sure to affect the current economy. The current unemployment rates for Indiana (8.4) and the U.S. (8.2).

The LCC continues to gain partners and work together to create and maintain a safe and drug free community. The Ripley County LCC plans to pursue a Federal Drug Free Community Grant for Ripley County in the next three years.

**Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan:** Over the next three years the Ripley County LCC plans to focus on the following problems statements, identified for the 2012 CCP:

- 1.) The illegal use of prescription drugs, marijuana, and heroin is a pressing problem in Ripley County.
- 2.) Finding treatment for addiction, which is accessible and affordable, is a problem in Ripley County.
- 3.) Ripley County residents minimize the abuse of alcohol and tobacco.

### **Membership List**

**County LCC Name: Ripley County LCC Against Substance Abuse**

<b>#</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>Organization</b>	<b>Race</b>	<b>Gender</b>	<b>Category</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Amy Becket</b>	<b>Congressional Field Rep.</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Government</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Amy Matzet</b>	<b>SIEOC CCR&amp;R</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention/ Education</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Amy Phillips</b>	<b>YES Home</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Angie Johnson</b>	<b>YMCA Director</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Youth Serving</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Angel Schiering</b>	<b>OCOF United Families</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Barbara Bowling</b>	<b>Dept. Child Services</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Bill Dramann</b>	<b>Sunman PD</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Blake Roope</b>	<b>Batesville SRO</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Blake Sutton</b>	<b>community</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Youth</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Brenda Konradi</b>	<b>OCOF Director</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Cathy Dwyer</b>	<b>CMCH Directions</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>Cathy Piche</b>	<b>YES Home</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Chrissy Elzy</b>	<b>SIILC</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>Chris Richey</b>	<b>ISP</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>Chuck Peters</b>	<b>ISP Excise</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>Cindy Blessing</b>	<b>Batesville School Choices</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Education</b>

17	Claire Macyauski	Prosecutor's Office	Caucasian	F	Judicial
18	Connie DeBurger	Family Connections Ex. Director	Caucasian	F	Prevention/ Treatment
19	Dan Goris	South Ripley SRO	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
20	Danielle Peetz	Auditor's Office	Caucasian	F	Government
21	Danelle Wood	Milan SADD	Caucasian	F	Youth
22	David Hoover	YMCA	Caucasian	M	Youth Serving
23	Dawn Negangard	community	Caucasian	F	Parent
24	Denise Roark	Milan School	Caucasian	F	Education
25	Diane Raver	Herald Tribune	Caucasian	F	Media
26	Elissa Pogue	ASAP	Caucasian	F	Prevention
27	Emily Stiles	DCH New Vision	Caucasian	F	Treatment
28	Eric Roush	Osgood PD	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
29	Frank Goodpaster	Youth Connect	Caucasian	M	Faith
30	Gayle Healy	Milan School	Caucasian	F	Education
31	Harris Long	Milan First Baptist	Caucasian	M	Faith
32	Jane Yorn	Safe Passage	Caucasian	F	Treatment
33	Jason Oberschmidt	Milan School SADD	Caucasian	M	Youth
34	Jennifer Sturgeon	Horse Feathers	Caucasian	F	Treatment
35	Jason Dickerson	Ripley County Sheriff's Dept.	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
36	Jim Roberts	Batesville School	Caucasian	M	Education
37	Jimmy Wells	ISP	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
38	John Hegge	Versailles PD	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
39	John Mallery	CMCH	Caucasian	M	Treatment
40	Johnny Budd	Jac Cen Del School	Caucasian	M	Education
41	Joseph Mann	Versailles PD	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
42	Joyce Holland	CASA	Caucasian	F	Youth Serving
43	J Patrick Rose	EMA Director	Caucasian	M	Prevention
44	Karen Reynolds	Ripley Publishing	Caucasian	F	Media

45	<b>Kate Bumgarner</b>	<b>Prosecutor's Office</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Judicial</b>
46	<b>Kathy Riley</b>	<b>OCOF United Families</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
47	<b>Katrina Wyche</b>	<b>ASAP</b>	<b>African American</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention</b>
48	<b>Kristie Eberhart</b>	<b>Big Brothers Big Sisters</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Youth Serving</b>
49	<b>Kurt Enneking</b>	<b>Prosecutor's Office</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Judicial</b>
50	<b>Laura Harmon</b>	<b>CMHC IYS</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
51	<b>Laura Rolf</b>	<b>Big Brothers Big Sisters</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Youth Serving</b>
52	<b>LouAnn Menchhofer</b>	<b>Purdue Extension</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention</b>
53	<b>Malissa Spurlock</b>	<b>OCOF</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
54	<b>Mary Francis</b>	<b>ASAP</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention</b>
55	<b>Mary Mattingly</b>	<b>WRBI Radio</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Media</b>
56	<b>Mary Smaltz</b>	<b>HOSA, SCC</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Education</b>
57	<b>Melissa McCutchen</b>	<b>Community Partners</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention</b>
58	<b>Mike Benjamin</b>	<b>Batesville PD</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
59	<b>Michelle Sanchez</b>	<b>IYI</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention/ Education</b>
60	<b>Michelle Smoot</b>	<b>DCS</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Treatment</b>
61	<b>Nate Greer</b>	<b>Milan SADD</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Youth</b>
62	<b>Nancy Hershman</b>	<b>Milan School</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Education</b>
63	<b>Pam Moon</b>	<b>CASA</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Youth Serving</b>
64	<b>Pat Thomas</b>	<b>Health Dept. Director</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Health</b>
65	<b>Paula Goodpaster</b>	<b>LCC Coordinator</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	
66	<b>Renae Garrett</b>	<b>Milan SADD</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Youth</b>
67	<b>Ric Hertel</b>	<b>Prosecutor</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Judicial</b>
68	<b>Rocio Whitelock</b>	<b>SIEOC Head Start</b>	<b>Hispanic</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Youth Serving</b>
69	<b>Ryan King</b>	<b>Prosecutor's Office</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Judicial</b>
70	<b>Sandy Copeland</b>	<b>PCA</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention</b>
71	<b>Saralee Cumberworth</b>	<b>Family Connections</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention/ Treatment</b>
72	<b>Stan Holt</b>	<b>Batesville PD</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>Law Enforcement</b>
73	<b>Susan Wilker</b>	<b>SIEOC CCR&amp;R</b>	<b>Caucasian</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Prevention/ Education</b>

74	Tim Sutton	ISP Excise	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
75	Tina Keller	Safe Passage	Caucasian	F	Treatment
76	Tom Grills	Sheriff	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
77	Tresa Patz	Milan SADD	Caucasian	F	Education
78	Vanessa Hutchison	Community	Caucasian	F	Parent
79	Vicky Hensley	Probation	Caucasian	F	Judicial
80	Vicky Powell	Health Dept. Nurse	Caucasian	F	Heath/Medical
81	Wanda Burnett	Ripley Publishing	Caucasian	F	Media

## Problem Identification

### A. Problem Statement #1:

The illegal use of prescription drugs, marijuana, and heroin is a pressing problem in Ripley County.

### B. Supportive Data:

1. The Ripley County Coroner reported 2 deaths due to drug overdoses in 2011. In July of 2011 a Ripley County resident (on her 18<sup>th</sup> Birthday) died of a heroin overdose while visiting in Franklin County. As of June 31<sup>st</sup>, 2 overdose deaths have been reported so far this year in Ripley County.
2. According to SAMHSA, initiations to heroin have increased 80% among 12 to 17 year olds in the US, since 2002. In 2009, the most recent national data available, 510 young adults, between the ages of 15 and 24, died of a heroin overdose. In 1999, that figure was 198, meaning the rate more than doubled in one decade.
3. Only 2 of 4 Ripley County Schools have released the 2011 IPRC ATOD survey results. In one school, 12th grade students' surveyed were 10.2 % which was 4.0% greater that the state, for monthly use of prescription pain killers. The other school's 11th grade students' monthly use was 9.4 compared to the states 5.9 and 12th grade students' monthly use was 9.1 compared to the states 6.6. Also reported at one school, there has been a decline in overall substance abuse, although results of the 2011 survey showed that the lifetime use of heroin was higher than the state for both 9th and 12th grades. The other school's 11th and 12th grades were higher than the state average in several substances, including heroin, which is also higher than the state in the 10th grade.

4. A press release for the Ripley County Prosecutor read “On June 2, 2012, Indiana State Trooper James A. Wells stopped a car traveling east on Interstate 74 in Ripley County for a routine traffic violation...During the traffic stop, Trooper Wells asked for an Indiana State Police canine unit to respond to his location...Trooper Wells located two bundles...identified the substance as heroin...removed 2000 grams from the hidden compartment.” \$300,000 worth of heroin was confiscated, and is thought to be the largest drug bust of heroin in Ripley County’s history.
5. Chief Stan Holt, of the Batesville PD, stopped a woman on May 3, 2012 for a minor traffic violation and afterwards found heroin, marijuana, and prescription drugs in her vehicle. Continuous traffic violation stops result in drug arrests in the Ripley County area.
6. Local newspaper’s headlines continue to highlight drug problems concerning Ripley County residents and workers in the community. On January 17<sup>th</sup> a Ripley County teacher was arrested in Florida and was charged with trafficking oxydodone, and told authorities she planned to sell them back in Indiana. A student, on a Ripley County School bus, is caught selling prescription pills on the bus. A Ripley County DCS employee is arrested in Greensburg for distributing illegal pills in exchange for sexual favors.
7. Margaret Mary Community Hospital reported 30 overdose patients in 2011. This does not include air evacuations that are not tracked in Ripley County.
8. Community Mental Health reports an increase people enrolling in the substance use program from 3 in 2010 to 22 in 2011. All CMHC clients are initially screened and in 2010, 1.67% were identified as using heroin, with an increase in 2011 to 3.15%.
9. Findings from an Indiana oversampling of the Greater Cincinnati Survey commissioned by The Health Foundation of Greater Cincinnati conducted Jan. 3-15, 2012 shows that 47%, nearly half, of adults in Southeast Indiana dispose of prescription drugs in and unsafe way. (throwing them away, flushing them down the drainage system or storing them)
10. The Indiana oversampling also showed that in Ripley County 3% reporting said they had used a pain reliever when not prescribed to them or for the feeling it caused. 16 % of those reporting, in the Indiana oversampling, in Ripley County said they had family members or friends that experienced problems as a result of abusing prescription pain relievers.
11. Out of 250 responses (209 were from Ripley County) on the 2011 Public Perception Survey, conducted at the 4-H Fair, 56.9% agreed that prescription drugs were a problem in their community, 66.3% agreed that marijuana was a problem, and 44.3% agreed that heroin was a problem. Only 9.8% agreed that heroin was a problem on the survey in 2010.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

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**End of Year 2 Update:**

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**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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**C. Goals:**

1. Have an ongoing tracking system to consistently measure recidivism by drug offenders in Ripley County, and types of drugs that are connected to crimes in Ripley County.
2. Once recidivism is measured, to reduce recidivism of non-violent drug offenders by 3%.
3. Increase awareness of drug identification, dangers of misuse and illegal drug use, and problems specifically surrounding prescription drugs, marijuana, and heroin drug abuse by youth in Ripley County, by 20%.

**End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:**

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**End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:**

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- 2.
- 3.

**Final Report (end of Year 3):**

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**D. Objectives:**

1. Work with One Community One Family and other partners to develop a way of collecting local data that is consistent and ongoing.

2. Revise the Public Perception survey, and target specific sectors in the community to get more accurate and useful information.
3. Provide opportunities to have dialog and bring awareness the community about Drug Courts and Community Corrections.
4. Continue to support Law Enforcement working together in their efforts to stop drug trafficking and illegal activity involving drugs in Ripley County.
5. Provide and support prevention activities and education for youth, including developing youth leadership and a youth coalition.
6. Work with Schools to reach parents and other adults that care for youth, provide workshops and events about drug recognition and awareness, and provide evidence based solutions.
7. Maintain a Facebook page and develop a website for the LCC to share information (i.e. survey, drug tip line, pharmaceutical collection locations, events and meetings...) and expand community interest.
8. Submit a Drug Free Community Grant to secure funding to increase activities and support for prevention, treatment, and law enforcement efforts in Ripley County.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

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**End of Year 2 Update:**

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**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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**A. Problem Statement #2:**

Finding treatment for addiction, which is accessible and affordable, is a problem in Ripley County.

**B. Supportive Data:**

1. Out of 250 responses (209 were from Ripley County) on the 2011 Public Perception Survey, conducted at the 4-H Fair, 64.8% stated they did not know anything being

done to address substance abuse in Ripley County, while over half admitted they knew someone personally that was abusing drugs or alcohol.

2. As reported in the 2011 Monitoring the Future Study HIGHLIGHTS, as part of a Balanced National Drug Control Strategy the Obama administration is looking to strengthen drug treatment services and support those in recovery.
3. The Drug Free Communities Program recognizes that local problems require local solutions. There are currently no residential substance abuse treatment options in Ripley County. The treatment that is available is either on a sliding scale or requires insurance or payment upon entrance to the program.
4. Safe Passage reported they identified 6 Ripley County residents who scored high probability of substance abuse through the SASSI screening tool. Of these, 2 were admitted to inpatient treatment programs outside of the Ripley County area. They completed the treatment programs successfully and returned to the shelter to receive support and other services to continue their recovery. Without being clients of a domestic violence shelter, it is unlikely that these residents would have access to treatment outside of the county and no way to pay for services, transportation, and would most likely lack the ongoing support needed to maintain their success.
5. From July 2011 through July 2012, 5 Ripley families of teens struggling with addiction and it's consequences have reached out to the LCC to ask where they can get help or to report they did not know where to turn. One parent spoke at a special meeting in January. She addressed members of the community who she looked to for help, but stated she did not know where to turn or what to expect. After leaving a treatment facility he immediately relapsed and is incarcerated in Dearborn County at this time. Another parent called to find out how to get help with her son's withdrawal from Heroin. They did not have insurance and he did not have a job or even a place of residence. Even more recently he lost his friend to an overdose. A parent attended our recovery event with her daughter who was contemplating going to get treatment. Her daughter was a single mom and afraid she would lose her job, so she didn't want to go.
6. Ripley County does not have a community corrections program through the courts.
7. A county employee was trained to conduct the TEG program for teens using tobacco, but funds were diverted and not available to conduct the program.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

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**End of Year 2 Update:**

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**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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**C. Goals:**

1. Increase awareness and understanding, among the citizens in Ripley County, of how to access support and substance abuse treatment located in and around Ripley County, by 20%.
2. Find or create at least one option to pay for addiction treatment, detox and/or residential, for at least 3, Ripley County residents that do not have insurance or resources to pay.

**End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:**

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- 2.
- 3.

**End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:**

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

**Final Report (end of Year 3):**

- 1.
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**D. Objectives:**

1. Revise the Public Perception survey, and target specific sectors in the community to get more accurate and useful information.
2. Provide opportunities to have dialog and bring awareness to the community about addiction, treatment, and recovery.
3. Support treatment providers and community initiatives that attract treatment providers to Ripley County.
4. Work with Ripley County schools to reach parents and other adults that care for youth, to provide information about what to do when suspecting drug abuse and addiction among youth.
5. Maintain a Facebook page and develop a website for the LCC to share information; i.e. survey, drug tip line, pharmaceutical collection locations, treatment options,

“Steps to get help, if your teen is using or abusing drugs”, special events and meetings.

6. Submit a Drug Free Community Grant to secure funding to increase efforts to support treatment options and recovery from addiction in Ripley County.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

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**End of Year 2 Update:**

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**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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**A. Problem Statement #3:**

Ripley County residents minimize the abuse of alcohol and tobacco.

**B. Supportive Data:**

1. One third(31.5%) of children in Indiana live in a household where someone smokes, compared to 26.2% nationally, according to the National Survey of Children’s Health, stated in the 2011 Kids Count data book.
2. Data collected by the Institute for Policy Research at the University of Cincinnati, through an oversampling in Southeastern Indiana, reported that 22 % of adults in Southeastern Indiana are currently smokers, nearly 18,000 adults.
3. Letters to the editor are showing a resistance to the new smoking law banning smoking in public facilities where children frequent. It is yet to be seen if compliance is an issue.
4. One Ripley County high school’s 2011 IPRC ATOD survey reported that their monthly prevalence rates were higher than the state average for alcohol in 7<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>th</sup>, and 12<sup>th</sup> grades. Prevalence rates for lifetime use of alcohol were also higher than the state rates in those same grades. The data also showed the 11<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> grade students reported prevalence rates greater for binge drinking than the state. In another Ripley County school the data from the 2011 IPRC ATOD survey showed

the 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> grade students were higher than the states lifetime use of alcohol, cigarettes, and smokeless tobacco.

5. Data collected by the Institute for Policy Research at the University of Cincinnati, through an oversampling in Southeastern Indiana, reported more than half (51%) of adults in Southeast Indiana did not drink at all in the 30 days before the survey, however binge drinking or heavy drinking rates so far in 2012 were 5% in Ripley County.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

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**End of Year 2 Update:**

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**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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**C. Goals:**

1. Increase Smoke Free Events in Ripley County by sponsoring or co-sponsoring at least one event each year (2013-2015).
2. See an overall decrease in monthly alcohol use by students in 11<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> grades in Ripley County Schools.

**End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:**

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

**End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:**

- 1.
- 2.

3.

**Final Report (end of Year 3):**

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

**D. Objectives:**

- 1. Revise the Public Perception survey, and target specific sectors in the community to get more accurate and useful information.
- 2. Provide opportunities to have dialog and bring awareness the community about health risks involved with smoking, binge drinking, and alcohol addiction, and the “gateway” to other drugs, include at least one Town Hall Meeting on underage drinking.
- 3. Continue to conduct an annual Parents Who Host Lose Most campaign during graduation and prom time.
- 4. Conduct a public awareness campaign and get at least 400 pledges from Ripley County adults to “Be The Wall”.
- 5. Provide and support prevention activities and education for youth, including developing youth leadership and a youth coalition.
- 6. Work with Schools to reach parents and other adults that care for youth, provide workshops and events about prevention and evidence based solutions, including awareness and implementation of the 40 Developmental Asset Framework.
- 7. Work with leaders in Ripley County and the media to support a Smoke Free day at the annual Ripley County 4-H Fair.
- 8. Conduct at Minimize Risk, Maximize Life workshop with 11<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> grade students in Ripley County schools.
- 9. Support programs and treatment options for reducing smoking among Ripley County adults and youth.
- 10. Maintain a Facebook page and develop a website for the LCC to share information (i.e. survey, smoking law compliance, smoking cessation, events and meetings...) and expand community interest.
- 11. Submit a Drug Free Community Grant to secure funding to increase efforts in the community to address smoking and alcohol abuse and misuse in Ripley County.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

**End of Year 2 Update:**

- 1.

- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.
- 5.

***Please attach the County's Fiscal Report for review!***

**Next Annual Update Due: July 2013**

**Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: July 2015**

**Date of Community Consultant Review:**

**Disclaimer:**

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

**Terms and Conditions:**

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a "denied approval" by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

**Initials: PAG**

