

# Governor's Commission for a Drug Free Indiana

*A Division of the*



## **Comprehensive Community Plan**

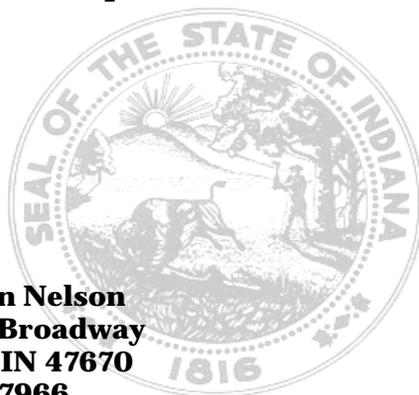
**County: Gibson**

**LCC: Citizens for a Drug Free Gibson County**

**Date Due: July 2011**

**Date Submitted: July 2012**

**New Plan      Plan Update X**



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**County Commissioners:**  
**Address: 225 N. Hart St.**  
**City: Princeton, IN**  
**Zip Code: 47670**



## Plan Summary

**Mission Statement:** The mission of the LCC shall be to reduce the incidence of substance abuse in Gibson County through education, treatment, prevention, and coordination with other agencies.

**History:** Citizens for a Drug-Free Gibson county has evolved from a group of teachers, concerned about drug and alcohol use by students, to a county-wide organization addressing the concerns of many populations in the county. The organization had its beginning when the district coordinator for the Regional Drug Prevention Center began meeting with Community members in the South Gibson area to plan drug prevention /education activities.

**Summary of the Comprehensive Community Plan:** Citizens for a Drug-Free Gibson County have developed a Comprehensive Local Plan that we wish to implement. The plan consists of programs covering the three required basic areas: Education/Prevention, Treatment/Invention, and Law Enforcement/Justice. The LCC has determined the problems regarding AOD (Alcohol and Other Drugs) issues in our region continue to be a major concern of the citizens in Gibson County. This document is the Comprehensive Community Plan for 2008-2011, with annual Plan Updates to be submitted.

The focus of the LCC's activities has been twofold. First, the LCC works to reduce substance abuse among youth and adults by encouraging effective responses by all sectors of the community. Second, the LCC has worked to implement a widespread community education program on substance abuse issues. The LCC's efforts have targeted reductions in the illegal use and abuse of AOD substances.

The LCC has realized that programs that have immediate recognition and impact are needed in the county. This type of program can give recognition and credibility to the LCC, and its entire comprehensive plan, and to the future programming and funding. DARE and Red Ribbon are two of the programs that are respected and continue to be successful throughout the county.

We also plan to continue to support the law enforcement agencies by helping to fund equipment needed by them in their efforts to reduce illegal use of alcohol and other drugs.

The counseling program for jail inmates has been very productive and we wish to continue funding for this program.

## Membership List

### County LCC Name:

#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Ken Nelson	Alternative Counseling Associates	Caucasian	M	Treatment
2	Ben Thomas	SWMHC	Caucasian	M	Treatment
3	Dusty Wilkison	SWMHC	Caucasian	M	Treatment
4	Mike Jones	Doulos Ministries	Caucasian	M	Treatment
5	Sandra Barrett	Concerned Community	Caucasian	F	Citizen
6	Gerald Henson	Greater Grace Apostolic Church	Caucasian	M	Religion
7	Jo Myers	Concerned Community	Caucasian	F	Citizen
8	Pastor James Mullins	South Gibson Apostolic Church	Caucasian	M	Religion/Treatment
9	Pat Byrne	Concerned Community	Caucasian	M	Citizen
10	Bill McConnell	Concerned Community	Caucasian	M	Citizen
11	Carolyn Fougnes	Manna House of Prayer	Caucasian	F	Religion
12	Martha Caine	Tobacco Prevention and Cessation	Caucasian	F	Intervention
13	Sharon Werne	Gibson Co. Prosecutor Office	Caucasian	F	Justice
14	Gary Schwartzlose	Concerned Community	Caucasian	M	Citizen

15	Brad Garnett	Gibson County Sheriff's Dept.	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
16	Jeff Hill	Gibson County Sheriff's Dept.	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
17	George Ballard	Gibson County Sheriff's Dept.	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
18	Sharen Buyher	Oakland City University	Caucasian	F	Education
19	Nancy Bailey	CASA	Caucasian	F	Intervention
20	Les Coomer	Concerned Community	Caucasian	M	Citizen
21	Michael Henson	Greater Grace Apostolic Church	Caucasian	M	Religion
22	Joseph Middleton	Greater Grace Apostolic Church	Caucasian	M	Religion
23	Chasy Middleton	Greater Grace Apostolic Church	Caucasian	F	Religion
24	Greg Croka	Concerned Community	Caucasian	M	Citizen
25	Wilfred Wright	Concerned Community	Caucasian	M	Citizen
26	Paul Przymus	Concerned Community	Caucasian	M	Citizen
27	Tim Carlisle	Concerned Community	Caucasian	M	Citizen
28	Amy Carlisle	Concerned Community	Caucasian	F	Citizen
29	Steve McNeece	Princeton Police Dept.	Caucasian	M	Law Enforcement
30	Judge Penrod	Gibson Co. Court	Caucasian	M	Justice
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## **Problem Identification**

**A. Problem Statement #1: The use/abuse of alcohol, tobacco and other illegal drugs by youth and adults continues to be a problem in Gibson County.**

### **B. Supportive Data:**

- 1. In 2010 36%, (thirty-six percent) of the CHINS (Child in Need of Services) have needs directly due to drug and alcohol use and abuse. (Compiled by the Department of Childs Services). There were 91 total removals and 33 were directly related to parent substance abuse**
- 2. 2010 Gibson County Sheriff's Department Data**
  - **470 were jailed on alcohol charges**
- 3. 2010 Gibson County Sheriff's Department drug related arrest stats**
  - **Dealing a Narcotic Drug --- 10**
  - **Dealing a controlled substance --- 17**
  - **Dealing a counterfeit substance --- 2**
  - **Dealing marijuana --- 10**
  - **Possession of Cocaine --- 7**
  - **Possession of a Legend Drug --- 17**
  - **Possession of Marijuana, Hash Oil --- 115**
  - **Possession of a Narcotic within 1000FT --- 4**
  - **Possession of Schedule I --- 12**
  - **Possession of Schedule II --- 4**
  - **Possession of Schedule III --- 0**
  - **Possession of Schedule IV --- 0**
- 4. The most current United Way Survey states that Gibson County residents feel that alcohol and drug use/abuse is a major concern. Ranking in the top six concerns of the representative sample. (The United Way Survey)**
- 5. There is a high incidence of alcohol, and drug use/abuse by students in the county. (The results of the LCC funded survey of local schools and the results of the IPRC)**
- 6. The Southwest Region, the 2010 alcohol statistics reported use on a monthly basis;**
  - a. 8<sup>th</sup> graders 18% report monthly use of alcohol .**
  - b. 10<sup>th</sup> graders 31.5% report monthly use of alcohol.**
  - c. 12<sup>th</sup> graders 42.5% report monthly use of alcohol.**
- 7. The Southwest Region, the 2010 alcohol statistics reported use on a daily/binge basis;**
  - a. 8<sup>th</sup> graders 9.7% report daily/binge use of alcohol**
  - b. 10<sup>th</sup> graders 21.3% report daily/binge use of alcohol**
  - c. 12<sup>th</sup> graders 29.1% report daily/binge use of alcohol**

**8. According to the Gibson County Probation Department there were a total of 139 Juvenile referrals in 2009. 64 of these referrals were filed as juvenile delinquencies due to drug/alcohol use/abuse.**

### **End of Year 1 Update:**

- 1. In 2011 63%, (sixty three percent) of the CHINS (Child in Need of Services) have needs directly due to drug and alcohol use and abuse. (Compiled by the Department of Childs Services). There were 78 total removals and 49 were directly related to parent substance abuse**
- 2. 2010 Gibson County Sheriff's Department Data is the most current information available.**
  - 470 were jailed on alcohol charges
- 3. The most recent update is 2010 Gibson County Sheriff's Department drug related arrest stats**
  - Dealing a Narcotic Drug --- 10
  - Dealing a controlled substance --- 17
  - Dealing a counterfeit substance --- 2
  - Dealing marijuana --- 10
  - Possession of Cocaine --- 7
  - Possession of a Legend Drug --- 17
  - Possession of Marijuana, Hash Oil --- 115
  - Possession of a Narcotic within 1000FT --- 4
  - Possession of Schedule I --- 12
  - Possession of Schedule II --- 4
  - Possession of Schedule III --- 0
  - Possession of Schedule IV --- 0
- 4. The most current United Way Survey states that Gibson County residents feel that alcohol and drug use/abuse is a major concern. Ranking in the top six concerns of the representative sample. (The United Way Survey)**
- 5. There continues to be a high incidence of alcohol, and drug use/abuse by students in the county. (The results of the LCC funded survey of local schools and the results of the IPRC)**
- 6. The Southwest Region, the 2011 alcohol statistics reported use on a monthly basis:**
  - a. 8<sup>th</sup> graders 15.6% report monthly use of alcohol .**
  - b. 10<sup>th</sup> graders 29.5% report monthly use of alcohol.**
  - c. 12<sup>th</sup> graders 42.2% report monthly use of alcohol.**
- 7. The Southwest Region, the 2011 alcohol statistics reported use on a daily/binge basis:**
  - a. 8<sup>th</sup> graders 9.0% report daily/binge use of alcohol**
  - b. 10<sup>th</sup> graders 19.2% report daily/binge use of alcohol**
  - c. 12<sup>th</sup> graders 30.3% report daily/binge use of alcohol**

**Comment [pd1]:** What are the results...measurable data compared to 2010 numbers

**Comment [S2]:** The 2010 results are under 6 & 7 on Supportive Data and 2011 in the 1<sup>st</sup> year update 6 & 7

8. In 2011, There were 26 Juvenile referrals for alcohol offenses and there were 34 referrals for drugs. In 2009, there were 64 juvenile referrals which were filed as juvenile delinquencies due to drug/alcohol use/abuse.

#### End of Year 2 Update:

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#### Final Update (end of Year 3):

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#### C. Goals:

1. Local law enforcement AOD related efforts, such as sobriety checks will reduce the number of adults and juveniles on alcohol charges
2. The continuation of community awareness programs, such as after prom activities, Afternoons ROCK, addressing ADO related issues will reduce the number of juvenile referrals that are drug and alcohol related. \*\*Funding provided for at least three after school programs that promote healthy lifestyles.

#### End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:

1. In 2011, There were 26 Juvenile referrals for alcohol offenses and there were 34 referrals for drugs. In 2009, there were 64 juvenile referrals which were filed as juvenile delinquencies due to drug/alcohol use/abuse.
2. Gibson County did provide funding to three awareness activities in 2011.
  - Dodgeball, Post Prom and DARE were all three supported by the LCC. Missions 6/7 Dodgeball 2011 is an annual event that reaches a minimum of 200 community members of all ages. This is the 4<sup>th</sup> annual that the LCC has supported. There are two guest speakers at the event that present on the effects and consequences of drug/alcohol abuse. There are surveys that are filled out by those that attend and made available to the LCC. The LCC provided support for the Gibson Southern High School, After Prom. 300

students age 15 to 19 years of age will benefit from this program. This will provide an alternate place for youth to have fun after the Prom. The place will be alcohol and drug free. DARE is a program that the LCC did support. The DARE program will be benefitted approximately 3500 5<sup>th</sup> graders. The Pre-DARE program is offered to K-4<sup>th</sup> grade students and then the DARE Program is offered to 5<sup>th</sup> grade students. The 60 minute session focuses on understanding drug use and abuse; when to say “no”; when to say “yes”; recognizing and reducing violence; self-esteem issues; conflict resolution and how to make a stand.

#### End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:

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#### Final Report (end of Year 3):

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#### D. Objectives:

1. Support local law enforcement agencies in their AOD related efforts.
2. Support local law enforcement agencies in their community awareness efforts regarding AOD related issues
3. Continue to support DARE in the schools in the County
4. Continue to support the county wide Red Ribbon activities
5. Support agencies/faith based organizations that provide youth programs that promote healthy lifestyles.
6. Support tobacco free, Gibson County Voice and the promotion of a tobacco free healthy lifestyle and community.

#### End of Year 1 Update:

1. In the year 2011, the LCC funded the Francisco Police Department. The number of community members that will benefit from this project will

be approximately 460. The requested funds will be for ballistic vests and radios that will aid in the safety of officers when engaged in a pursuit involving those using or abusing Alcohol, Tobacco and/or Other Drug Use. The Haubstadt Police department received a car radar unit. This will help in assuring the officer the equipment they need in order to stop someone that is speeding which can help detect whether the driver or passengers are under the influence of any substances. The LCC also funded the Owensville Police Department and Fort Branch Police Department serving over 4500 community members. The project will reduce the amount of time that officers appear in court and increase the conviction rates. The attached camera that is funded will allow the officer to record and see what the officer is seeing while he is doing searches. This will leave no leeway for someone being convicted.

2. The Outreach Van was supported by the LCC. The target population for the mission is school aged youth. There are approximately 100 youth reached with a prevention message each month. The Outreach van is taken out in the Community where youth are able to receive educational pamphlets on the effects and consequences of using drugs and/or alcohol. There are surveys that are filled out by the youth and are used by the LCC to determine whether the problems statements/goals/objectives are encompassing the issues that the community is viewing as problems.
3. DARE is a program that the LCC did support. The DARE program will be benefitted approximately 3500 5<sup>th</sup> graders. The Pre-DARE program is offered to K-4<sup>th</sup> grade students and then the DARE Program is offered to 5<sup>th</sup> grade students. The 60 minute session focuses on understanding drug use and abuse; when to say “no”; when to say “yes”; recognizing and reducing violence; self-esteem issues; conflict resolution and how to make a stand.
4. The LCC did not financially support Red Ribbon Week activities in 2011.
5. Missions 6/7 Dodgeball 2011 is an annual event that reaches a minimum of 200 community members of all ages. This is the 4<sup>th</sup> annual that the LCC has supported. There are two guest speakers at the event that present on the effects and consequences of drug/alcohol abuse. There are surveys that are filled out by those that attend and made available to the LCC. The LCC provided support for the Gibson Southern High School, After Prom. 300 students age 15 to 19 years of age will benefit from this program. This will provide an alternate place for youth to have fun after the Prom. The place will be alcohol and drug free.
6. The Citizens of a Tobacco Free Gibson County received funding for an Education Retreat for Women. The retreat provides multiple resources for those who attended to aid them in not smoking and a healthy lifestyle alternative. Prevention and Educational messages were available throughout identifying effects and risks of secondhand smoke.

#### **End of Year 2 Update:**

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#### **Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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**A. Problem Statement #2: Substance abuse treatment services are needed for incarcerated individuals who misuse/abuse drugs and alcohol.**

#### **B. Supportive Data:**

1. **In 2010, 45 % (Forty-Five percent) of incarcerated adults are in jail due to drug and/or alcohol offenses. Many inmates have requested treatment services. (Gibson County Sheriff's Department data)**
2. **In the year 2010, Inmates do not incur a fee for any services provided to them while in custody. (Indiana Jail Standards promulgated by IDOC)**

#### **End of Year 1 Update:**

1. **Unfortunately there is not any measurable data at this time only Anecdotal information given by Sheriff's Department this information is around 50% (fifty percent) of incarcerated adults are in jail due to drug and/alcohol offences.**
2. **In 2011, the Inmates do not incur a fee for services provides to them while in custody.**

#### **End of Year 2 Update:**

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#### **Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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**C. Goals:**

1. **100% of all incarcerated individuals will be informed of the available substance abuse treatment programs**
2. **75% of incarcerated individuals will participate in one of the substance abuse treatment programs provided**
3. **75% of those participating in a substance abuse treatment program will indicate an increased knowledge of AOD related issues based on pre- and post-treatment evaluations.**

**End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:**

1. **In 2012, there will be a plan put in place to give accurate measurable updates on the comprehensive plan.**
2. **No measurable data available at this time: Anecdotal information given by Sheriff's Department this information is around 50% (fifty percent) of incarcerated adults are in jail due to drug and/alcohol offenses. This is an increase of 5. The previous year 45% was reported.**
3. **Consistent with the previous year, Inmates do not incur a fee for services provides to them while in custody. In 2010 there were over 321 DUI arrest and 408 drug related arrest in Gibson County. In 2012, there will be a survey put in place to track the evaluation numbers.**

**End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:**

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**Final Report (end of Year 3):**

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**D. Objectives:**

1. Provide funding support for substance abuse treatment programs for the prisoners of the Gibson County Jail who are there due to substance abuse related offenses.
2. Support efforts of organizations, public and faith-based, in their treatment/intervention efforts.

**End of Year 1 Update:**

1. In 2011, the LCC funded a Program “Thinking for a Change” that will be provided to the inmates of the Gibson County Jail. The focus of this program is to educate the inmates about the harmful effects of alcohol and drugs on their lives. The goal is to reduce the rate of recidivism.
2. The Superior Court Alcohol and Drug Court Program received support from the LCC. The funds will be used to provide instant oral fluid drug screen kits. The number of kits that will be purchased will be 350. The goal of the program is to reduce the number of clients using due to their knowledge they may be tested.

**End of Year 2 Update:**

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**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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**A. Problem Statement #3: Meth Labs are an extremely dangerous and illegal activity in Gibson County and anhydrous ammonia is a key ingredient in making meth.**

**B. Supportive Data:**

1. Gibson County ranks among the top 10 in the state for dismantled methamphetamine labs. In 1997 there was one lab in Gibson County. In 2002 there were 41, an increase over the 15 labs dismantled in 2001. The number jumped to 72 in 2005, 56 in 2006, and 26 in 2007. Even with the drop in numbers of dismantled labs for 2007, Gibson County still ranks in the top 10.
2. In 2009 there was 1 arrest for illegal storage or transportation of ammonia and there were 12 individuals that had charges filed. In 2008, there were 9 arrest for illegal storage or transportation of ammonia and 14 individuals that had charges filed.
3. According to the Princeton Police Department, in 2009 there were 7 meth related arrest. In 2008, there were 3.
4. According to the Gibson County Sheriff's Department in 2010:

Methamphetamine Abuse Data	2009	2010
Number of Ephedrine/PSE Sales Log Inspections:	32	35
Number of Investigations Initiated from Sales Log Inspections	44	43
Number of Clan Lab Seizures	6	0
Number of Chemical/Glassware/Equipment Seizures	2	0
Number of Children Referred to Department of Child Services	14	No data
Number of New Cases Generated		
Dealing Methamphetamine	6	16
Possession of Methamphetamine	4	5
Exceeding ephedrine/PSE Sales Limit	55	7 reported
<b>Methamphetamine Arrest Data: Individual Persons Arrested</b>		
Dealing in Methamphetamine	13	37
Possession of Methamphetamine	4	19
Neglect of a Dependent	1	1
Possession or sale of drug precursors	2	10
Purchase of more than 3 grams of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine	20	5
Illegal Storage or Transportation of ammonia	1	0
Maintaining a common nuisance	1	2
<b>Number of Individual Charges Filed</b>		
Dealing in Methamphetamine	15	34
Possession in Methamphetamine	26	48
Neglect of dependent	0	12
Possession or sale of drug precursors	30	15
Purchase of more than 3 gram of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine	20	0
Illegal storage or transportation of ammonia	12	9

**End of Year 1 Update:**

1. In 2011 there were reported 25 Clandestine Methamphetamine Seizures in Gibson County. In 2010 there were 20 reported by the Indiana State Police.
2. In 2011 there was 2 reported arrest for illegal storage or transportation of ammonia and there were 12 individuals that had charges filed. In 2010, there were 9 arrests for illegal storage or transportation of ammonia.
3. According to the Gibson County Sheriff Department, in 2011 there were 81 meth related arrest.
4. Methamphetamine priority scores ranged from 0 to 12, with higher scores indicating a more severe problem. Gibson County is ranked number 7 on the scale. (National Archive of Criminal Justice-Michigan University)
5. According to the Gibson County Sheriff's Department in 2011:

Methamphetamine Abuse Data	2009	2010	2011
Number of Ephedrine/PSE Sales Log Inspections:	32	35	No Data
Number of Investigations Initiated from Sales Log Inspections	44	43	No Data
Number of Clan Lab Seizures	6	0	No Data
Number of Chemical/Glassware/Equipment Seizures	2	0	No Data
Number of Children Referred to Department of Child Services	14	No data	No Data
Number of New Cases Generated			
Dealing Methamphetamine	6	16	10
Possession of Methamphetamine	4	5	8
Exceeding ephedrine/PSE Sales Limit	55	7 reported	57
Methamphetamine Arrest Data: Individual Persons Arrested			
Dealing in Methamphetamine	13	37	38
Possession of Methamphetamine	4	19	13
Neglect of a Dependent	1	1	2
Possession or sale of drug precursors	2	10	22
Purchase of more than 3 grams of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine	20	5	6
Illegal Storage or Transportation of ammonia	1	0	0
Maintaining a common nuisance	1	2	0
Number of Individual Charges Filed			
Dealing in Methamphetamine	15	34	9
Possession in Methamphetamine	26	48	29
Neglect of dependent	0	12	5
Possession or sale of drug precursors	30	15	11
Purchase of more than 3 gram of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine	20	0	0
Illegal storage or transportation of ammonia	12	9	2

#### **End of Year 2 Update:**

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#### **Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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#### **C. Goals:**

- 1. The number of meth labs will be reduced by 20%**
- 2. The number of arrests for possession of substances used to manufacture meth will increase by 20%**
- 3. The environmental hazards to our community will be reduced.**

#### **End of Year 1 Annual Benchmarks:**

1. In 2011 there were reported 25 Clandestine Methamphetamine Seizures in Gibson County. In 2010 there were 20 reported by the Indiana State Police. This is a 20% increase.
2. In 2011, there were 6 arrest made for purchase of more than 3 grams of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine and illegal storage or transportation of ammonia. This is a increase of 1. In 2010 there were 5 arrest made for the same charge. This is approximately a 17% increase.
3. There was 1 case generated for dumping controlled substance waste in 2011. This will be followed with an update in future updates.

#### **End of Year 2 Annual Benchmarks:**

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**Final Report (end of Year 3):**

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**D. Objectives:**

1. **Provide funding for a multi-jurisdictional Meth Lab Enforcement Team to involve all law enforcement agencies in Gibson County in surveillance of potential meth lab sites and anhydrous ammonia storage locations.**
2. **Support community awareness efforts regarding meth related issues by local law enforcement agencies.**

**End of Year 1 Update:**

1. **The LCC did support the Multi-Jurisdictional Meth Lab Enforcement Team in 2011. The project will allow officers to work overtime enforcing pseudoephedrine laws and prevention of potential meth labs. The Gibson County Sheriff Department received support from the LCC. A device that will allow them to gain instant access to records on any mobile device. This will help with drug seizures and immediate information that they may need.**
2. **The Outreach Van was supported by the LCC. The target population for the mission is school aged youth. There are approximately 100 youth reached with a prevention message each month. The Outreach van is taken out in the Community where youth are able to receive educational pamphlets on the effects and consequences of using drugs and/or alcohol. There are surveys that are filled out by the youth and are used by the LCC to determine whether the problems statements/goals/objectives are encompassing the issues that the community is viewing as problems.**

**End of Year 2 Update:**

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**Final Update (end of Year 3):**

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**Next Annual Update Due: July 2013**

**Next Comprehensive Community Plan Due: July 2015**

**Date of Community Consultant Review:**

**Disclaimer:**

You agree that the information provided within this Plan is subject to the following Terms and Conditions. These Terms and Conditions may be modified at any time and from time to time; the date of the most recent changes or revisions will be established by the Commission and sent electronically to all Local Coordinating Councils.

**Terms and Conditions:**

The information and data provided is presented as factual and accurate. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding the data submitted within the Plan. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

The Local Drug Free Communities Fund must be spent according to the goals identified within the plan. I hereby acknowledge that I can be asked to submit proper documentation regarding funds that are collected, allocated, and disbursed within the county. Failure to do so could result in a “denied approval” by the Commission under IC 5-2-6-16.

**Initials: AP**



