

Journey to a More Fully Integrated Planning Process

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Introductions

- Greg Soller | Resource Planning Manager
- Nick Koehler | Director, Transmission Planning
- Jomar Perez | Director, Distribution Planning



Overview

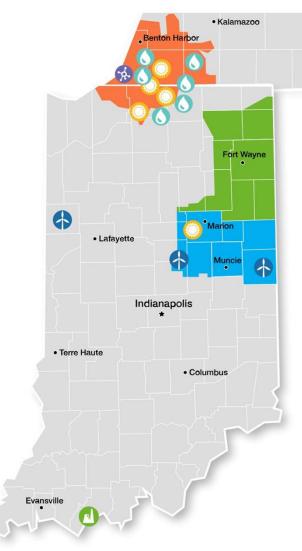
Indiana Michigan Power (I&M)

(organized in Indiana in 1907) is engaged in the generation, transmission and distribution of electric power to approximately 614,000 retail customers in northern and eastern Indiana and southwestern Michigan, and provides wholesale power to other electric utility companies, rural electric cooperatives, municipalities and other market participants. As of May 1, 2023, I&M had 2,006 employees. I&M is a member of PJM.

Note: Customer and line mile data as of 5/01/2023. Capacity data as of 9/30/2022.

¹ In 2022, over 80% of energy used to serve our customers was emission-free.

QUICK FACTS		
Total Customers	614,000	
Residential	530,000	
Commercial	77,000	
Industrial	5,000	
Other	2,000	
Owned Generating Capacity PPA Capacity (OVEC/Wind)	3,588 MW 637 MW	
Generating & PPA by Fuel Mix	Capacity	2022 Actual
Coal	46.1%	19.0%
Nuclear	44.2%	74.6%
Hydro, Wind & Solar	9.7%	6.4%
Transmission Miles	3,920	
Distribution Miles	20,772	





Journey to a More Fully Integrated Planning Process

Introduction to AEP Journey

- Integrated Planning catalyst
- Current efforts
- Transition challenges
- Transmission Planning Review
- Distribution Planning Review
- Summary/Conclusion



Utility Planning Evolution



Regional transmission solutions compared against distribution solutions to ensure reliability and resiliency



- New generator location preferences
- Emissions constraints







- Substation 10-yr, 8760-hour base, high, and low demand forecast
- Substation energy backflow expectation (if any)
- Substation DER hosting capacity
- Regional anomaly similarity

- System 10-yr, 8760-hour base, high, and low demand forecast
- Preservation of key existing synchronous generation
- Preferred location and type of new synchronous generation
- Preferred location of new inverter generation

Evolution Catalysts

- Emergence and growth of renewable and Distributed Energy Resource (DER) options
- Need for maintaining system stability while incorporating variable energy resources
- Need for accommodating resources, that may be integrated at the transmission or distribution level

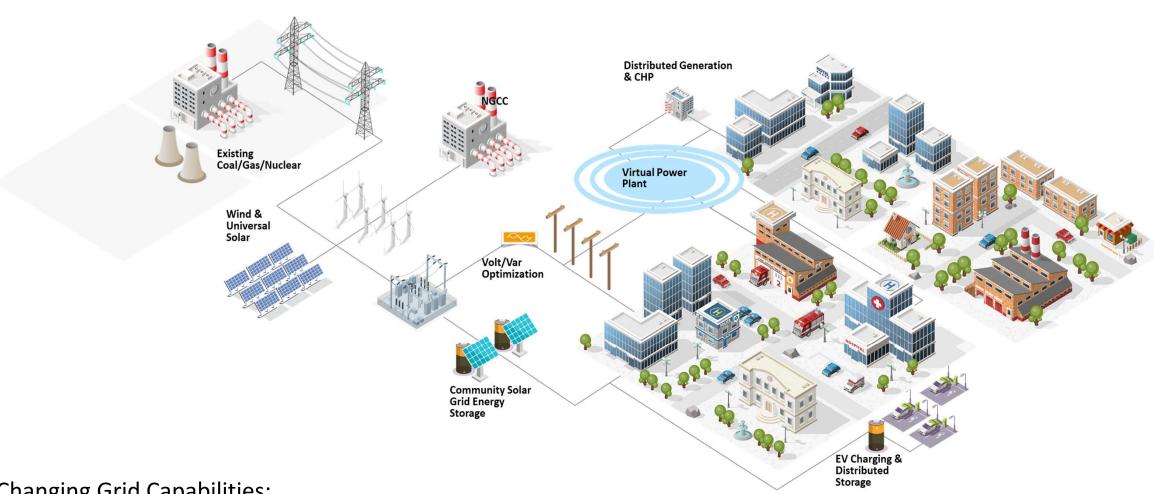


Grid of the Past





Grid of the Future



- **Changing Grid Capabilities:**
- Central Generation remains at the core
- Optimization (flexibility, longevity, asset health)
- Innovation (analytics, technology, operations)



Current Status

- Planning Integration Current Activities
 - Energy Efficiency, Demand Response and Conservation Voltage Reduction (CVR) resources
 - Consideration of Transmission costs and integration impacts of resources selected in the IRP/RFP process
 - Integration of avoided distribution capacity costs included in IRP Energy Efficiency bundles
 - Consideration of DER and EV growth in load forecasts



Transition Challenges

Common Planning Criteria



Alignment in objectives, metrics, time horizons, common scenarios, and assumptions across planning functions

Conditions External to AEP



Ensuring that all planning functions utilize consistent inputs when simulating conditions outside of AEP's service territories, when evaluating scenarios that involve changes to market conditions

Load Forecasting



Develop process for feeder level forecasts including DER and EV forecasts, develop statistical distributions that can be used for scenario analysis and stochastics

Grid Services



Study the variability of intermittent generation, determine other services and technologies that need to be studied, analyze data needs and associated costs

DER & NWA



Determine what technologies are feasible and likely, develop analytical valuation methods, determine data needs

T&D Uncertainty



Determine methods and techniques to address uncertainty of siting and production from intermittent renewable generation, determine data needs, and how to include this in expansion plans

Grid Vulnerability



Develop tools and processes to assess grid vulnerabilities such as predictive operational failure capabilities

Model Inventory



Perform inventory of models including leased and user-created models, determine what models will be needed to address future challenges, and work with model developers

Data Management System



Map all data flows in current process, develop data management system project scope, work with corporate IT, and potentially outside vendors

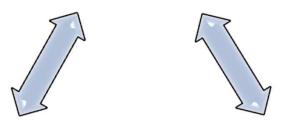


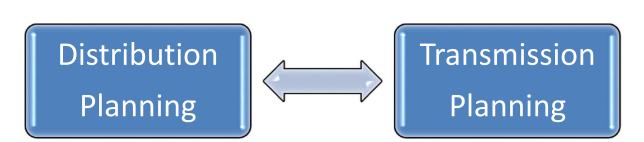
Aligning Planning

Planning alignment occurs by bringing the processes together

- Direction provided through consistent set of policy objectives
- Input assumptions driven from a common foundation
- Decisions informed through information exchange

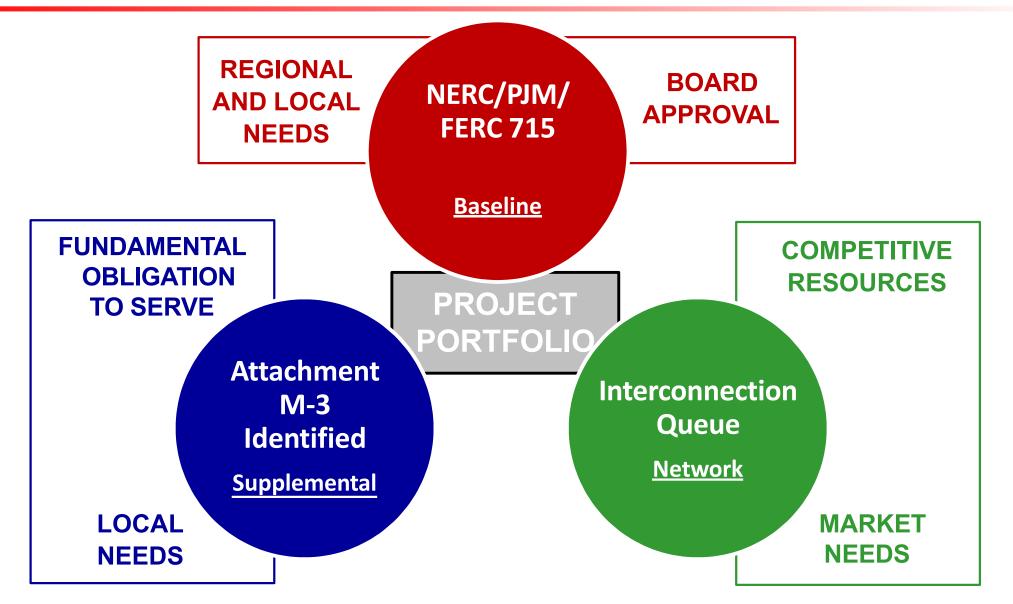
Resource Planning







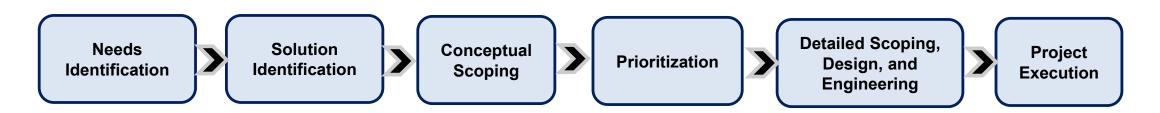
Overview of Transmission Planning





Distribution Planning

- I&M's Distribution Planning process is designed to identify and prioritize required work and to ensure cost-effective distribution system enhancements are implemented.
- Two key steps in the Distribution Planning process that are evolving to further integrate the company's distribution and generation goals and processes include the <u>Needs Identification</u> stage and the <u>Solution Identification</u> stage



High Level Distribution Planning Process Overview



Distribution Planning

- At the Needs Identification stage, I&M is working to better align some of the inputs used in the load forecasts used across the generation and distribution space (like EV and DER penetration forecasts, for example).
- At the Solution Identification stage, I&M is working to more consistently identify and evaluate two types of opportunities:
 - The application of distribution connected generation and the evaluation for potential co-benefits.
 - The application of non-wires alternatives with the primary focus of addressing distribution-specific needs, which may also provide co-benefits.
- As I&M continues its journey to integrate its planning processes, additional changes and adjustments will be pursued in the Distribution Planning processes to align and deliver value to customers.



Summary/Conclusion

- Integration of Generation, Transmission and Distribution planning will be evolutionary
- Current planning processes are complex and will require intentional and deliberate changes
- Objective will be a plan that addresses optimal costs and reliability more cohesively across the planning teams



Questions

