

The background of the slide is a light blue color. In the center, there is a large, faint, yellow watermark of the Indiana State Seal. The seal features a central torch with a flame, surrounded by a circle of stars. The word "INDIANA" is written in an arc above the torch. The text of the slide is overlaid on this background.

Central Indiana Water Study

Kick-off Meeting

April 29, 2019

An Overview of Indiana's SWWF Registration and Water Use Reporting Program

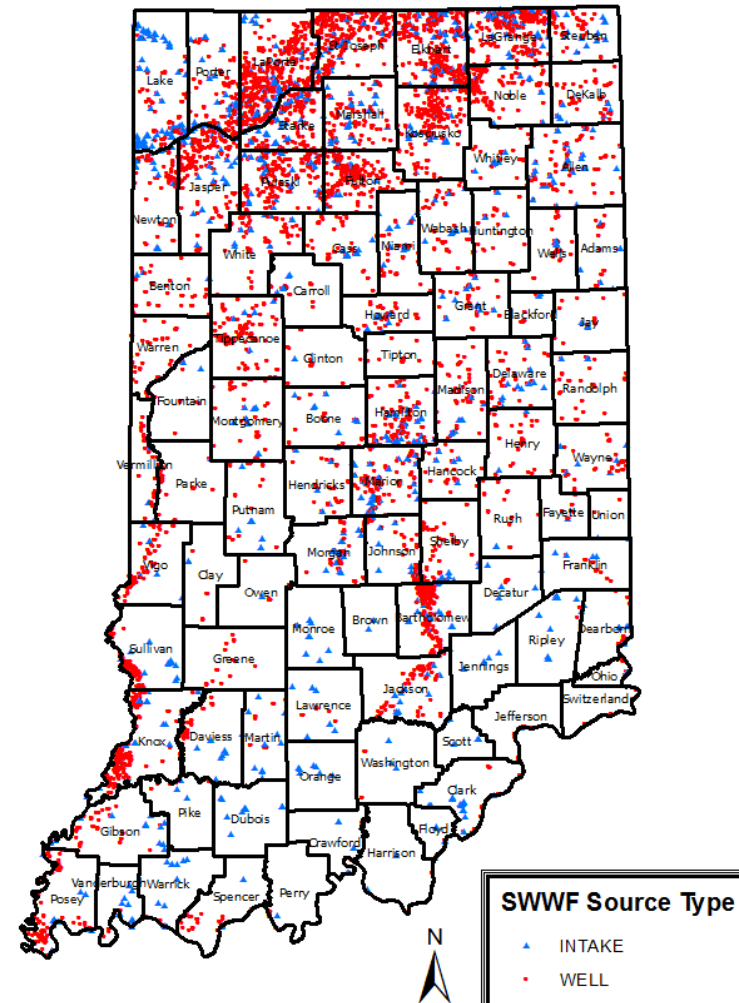
IFA Central Indiana Water Study Kick-off Meeting

April 29, 2019

IC 14-25-7: Water Resources Management Act

- Enacted in 1983
- Requires registration of all SWWF (gw & sw)
- Facility defined as greater than 100,000 GPD capability
- Capability is aggregate of all wells & intakes
- Annual water use reporting required
- Approximately 4100 SWWFs currently registered

Significant Water Withdrawal Facility
Source Locations in Indiana



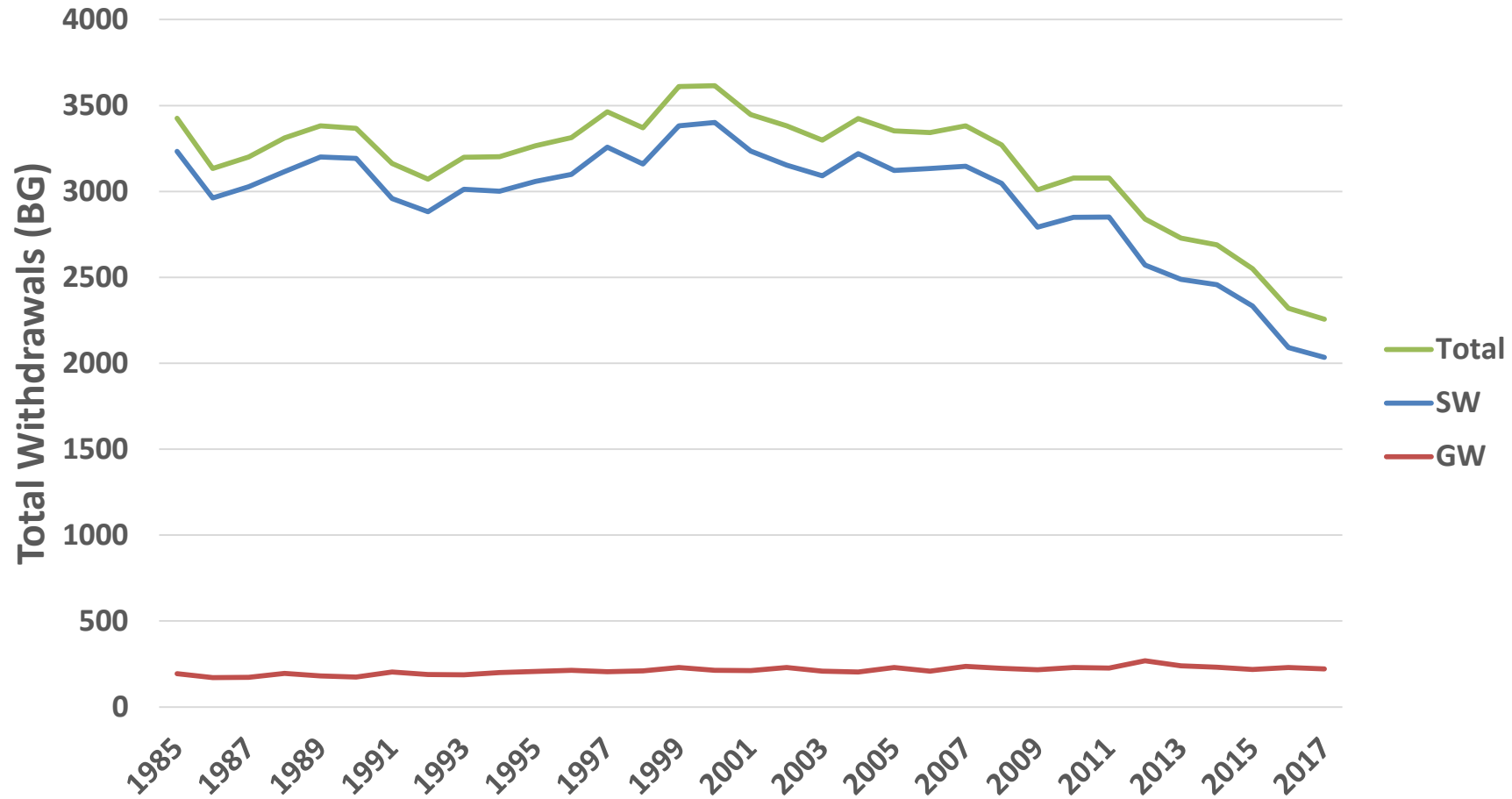
2017 Indiana Registered SWWFs

Water Use Code	Number of Facilities	Number of Wells	Number of Intakes
EP	92	259	95
IN	378	688	291
IR	2767	3786	805
MI	135	234	51
PS	706	2182	64
RU	58	145	12
TOTAL	4136	7294	1318

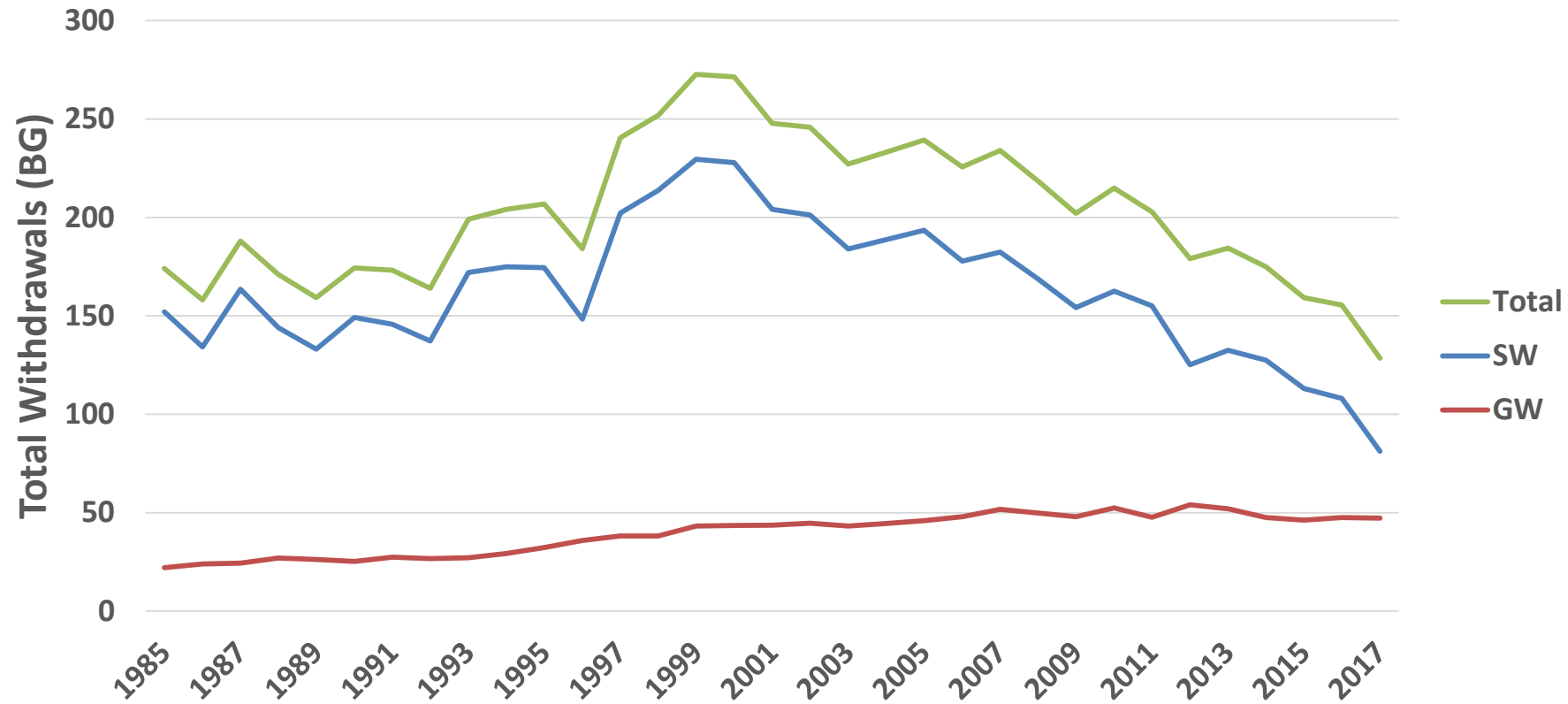
2017 State Totals

	Withdrawals (BG)	Capacity (MGD)	Withdrawals vs Capacity	Current Number
Surface Intakes	2033	17610	31.6%	1318
Wells	222	6035	10%	7294
TOTAL	2255	23645	26.1%	8612
Facilities				4136

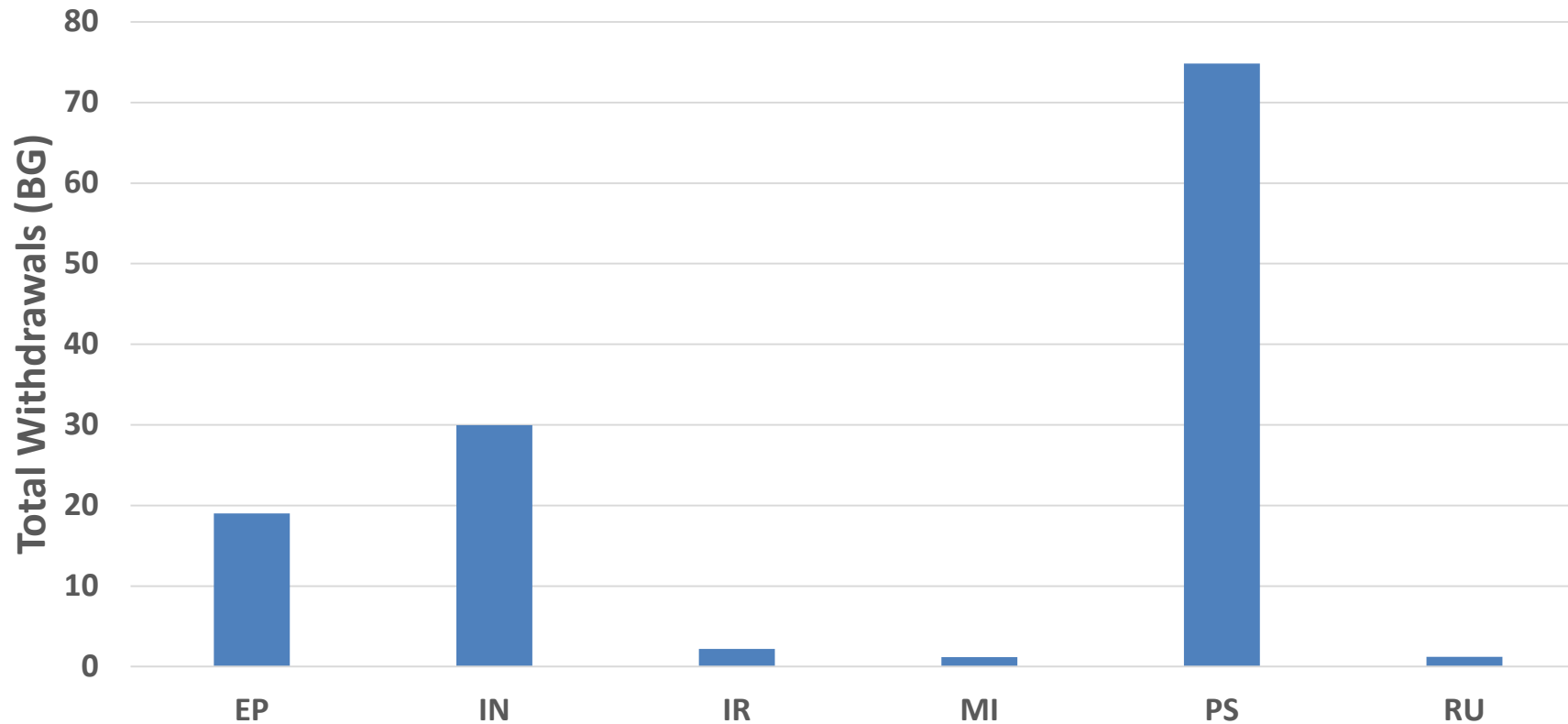
Total Annual Withdrawals 1985-2017



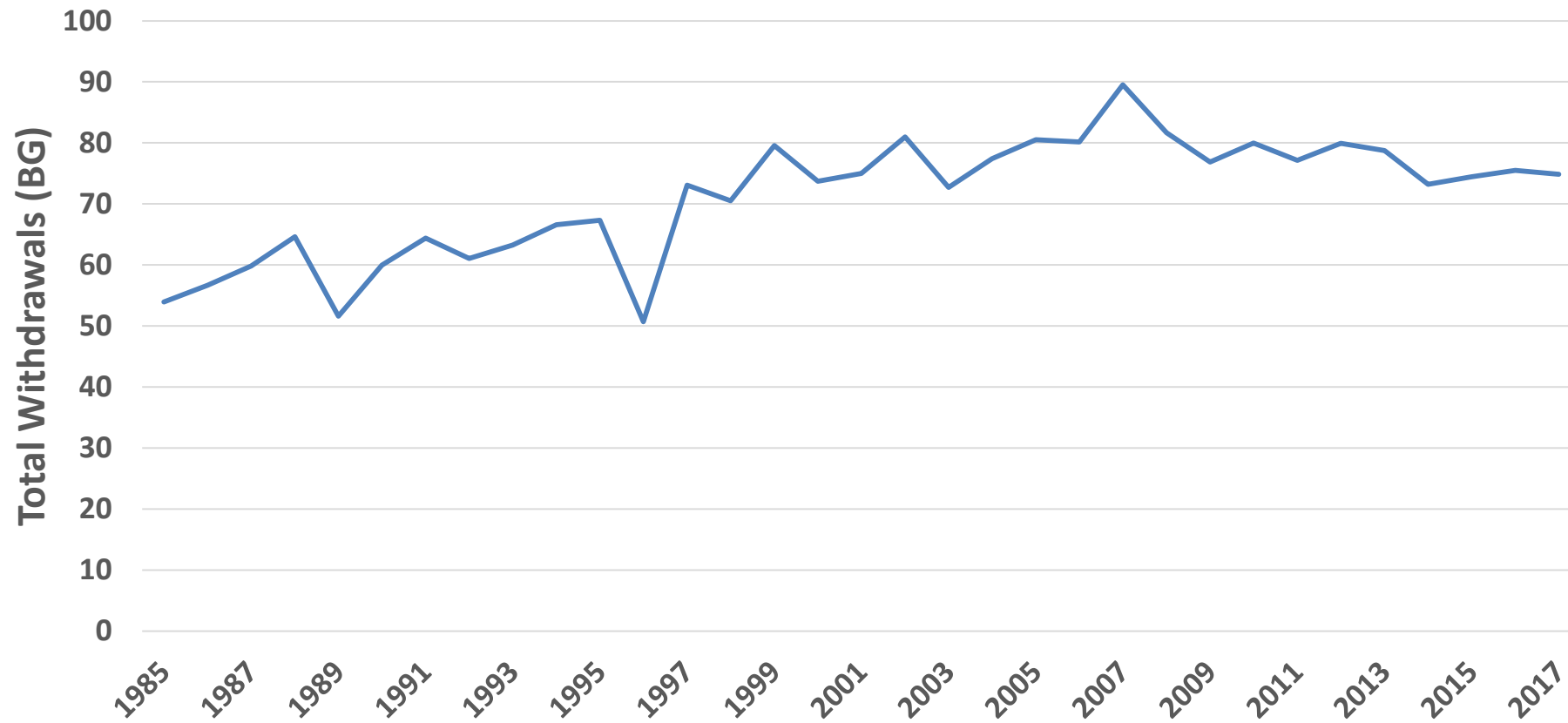
Total Annual Withdrawals- Central IN Region 1985-2017



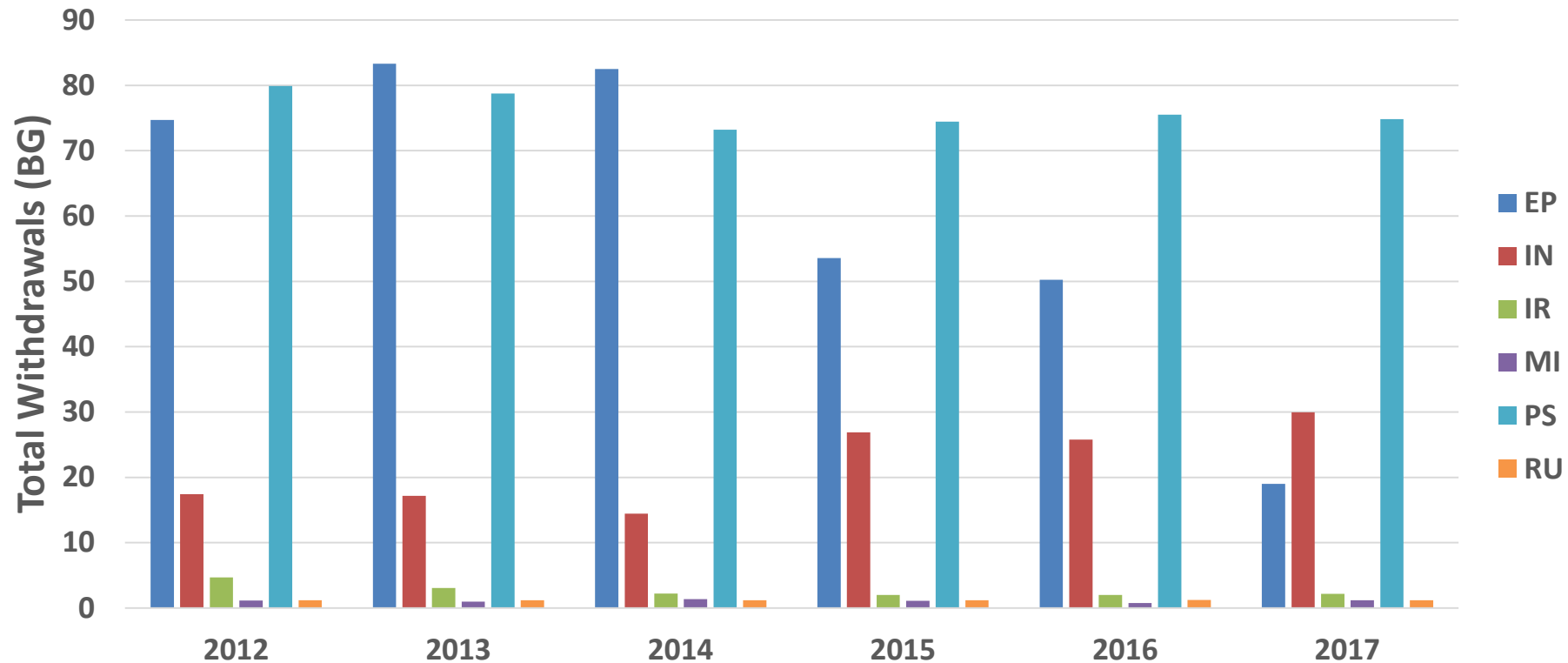
2017 Withdrawals by MWU Code- Central IN Region



Total Annual Withdrawals- Central IN Region Public Supply 1985-2017



Withdrawals by MWU Code 2012-2017 Central IN Region



For More Information Regarding Indiana's SWWF Registration and Water Use Program



Allison Mann
almann@dnr.in.gov





Climate Trends, Extremes, and Variability *in Central Indiana*



Beth Hall

Director, Indiana State Climate Office

Purdue University

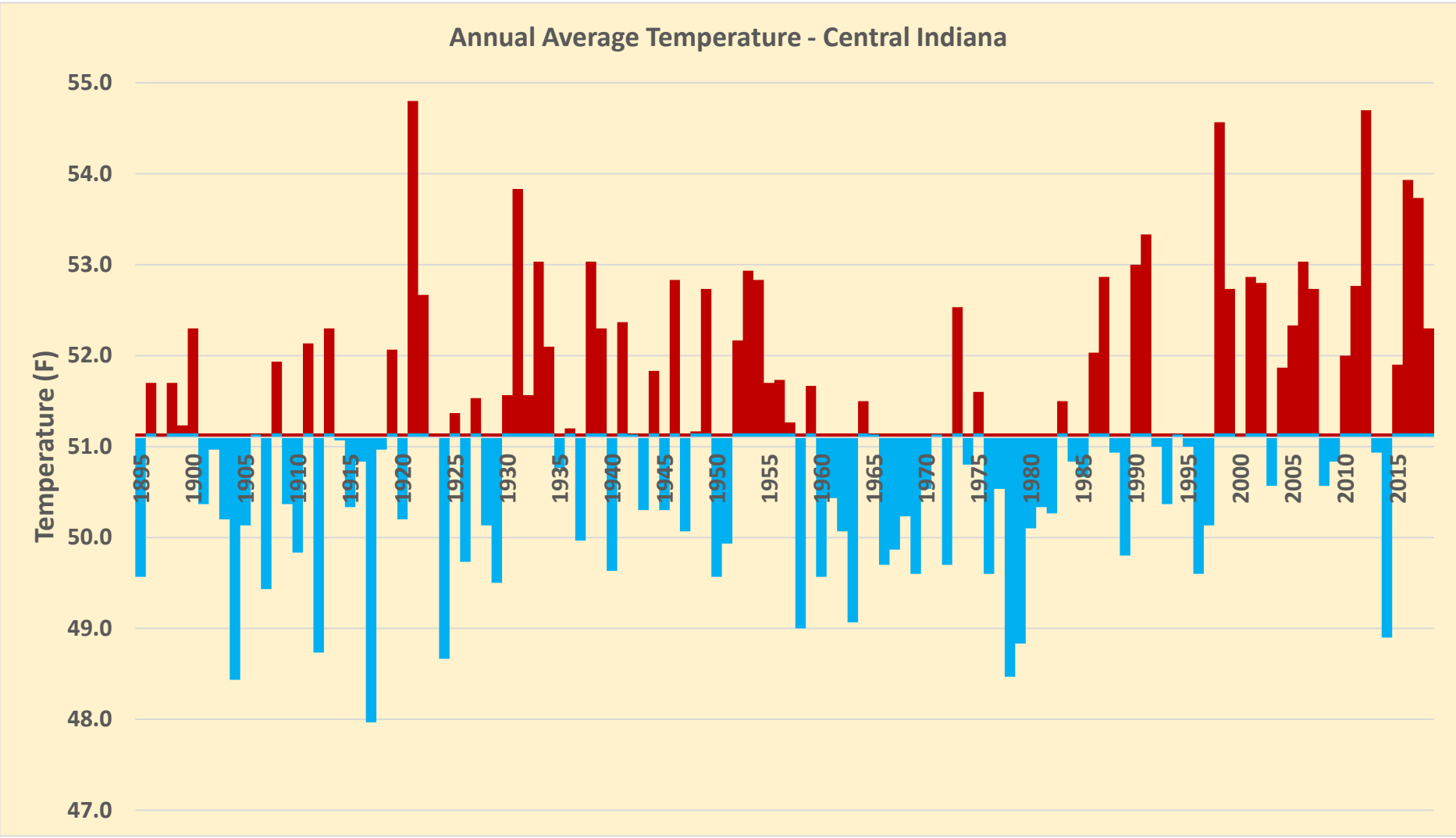
April 2019

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Indiana Climate Divisions



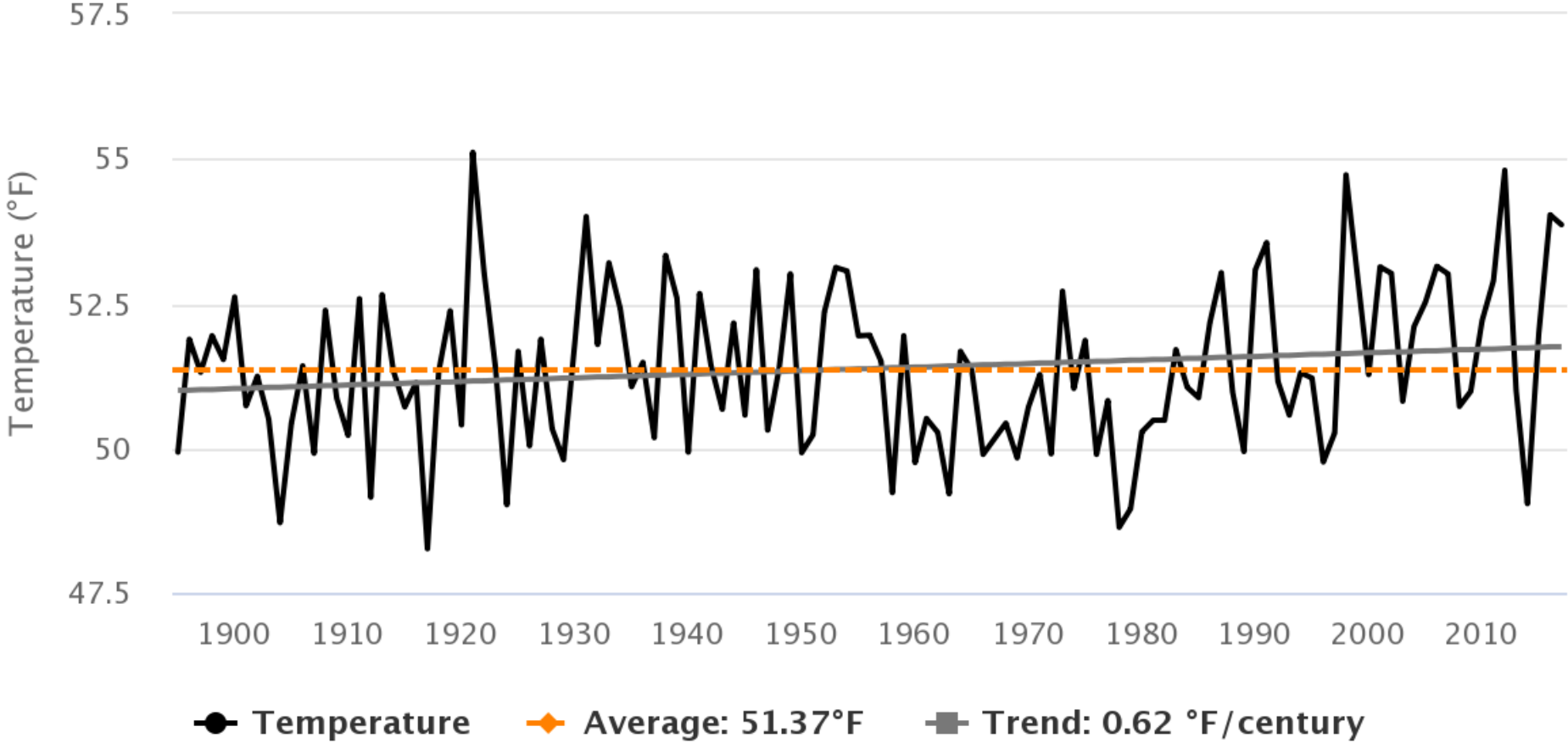
Average Annual Temperature



Average Annual Temperature

IN05 Annual Temperature based on 1895-2017

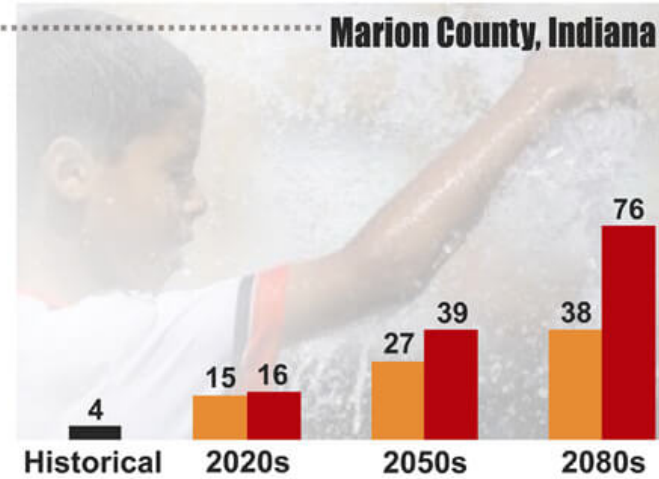
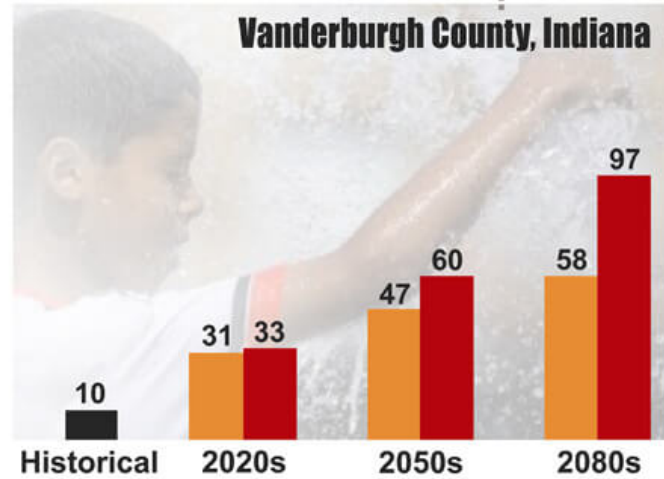
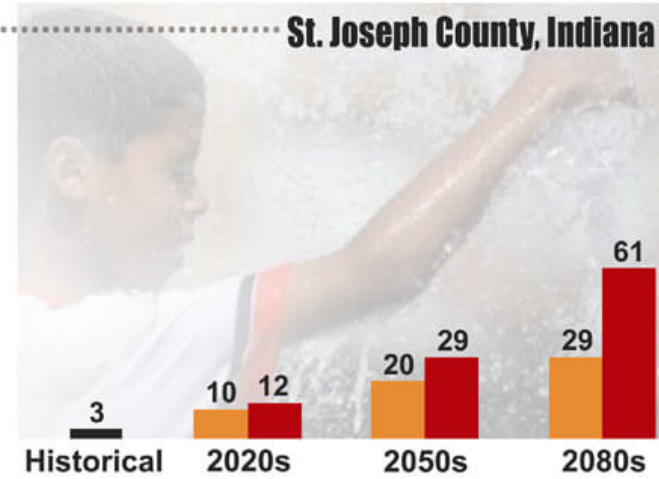
Midwestern Regional Climate Center



Click and drag to zoom

Extreme Heat

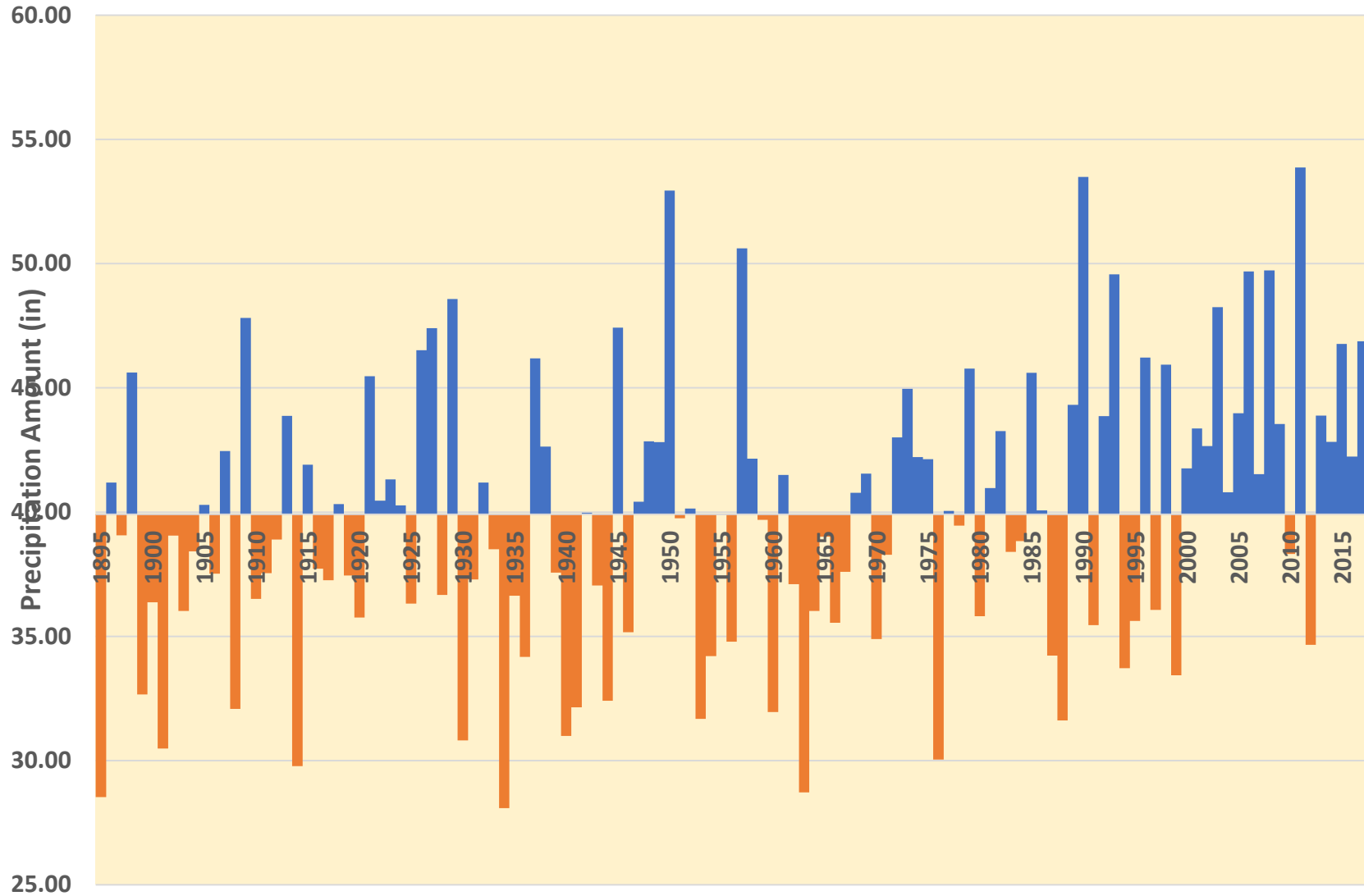
Number of Days With High Temperature Above 95°F



"Historical" is an average for the period 1915 to 2013. "2020s" represents the average 30-year future period 2011 to 2040. "2050s" represents the average 30-year period 2041 to 2070. "2080s" represents the 30-year period 2071 to 2100.

Average Accumulated Precipitation

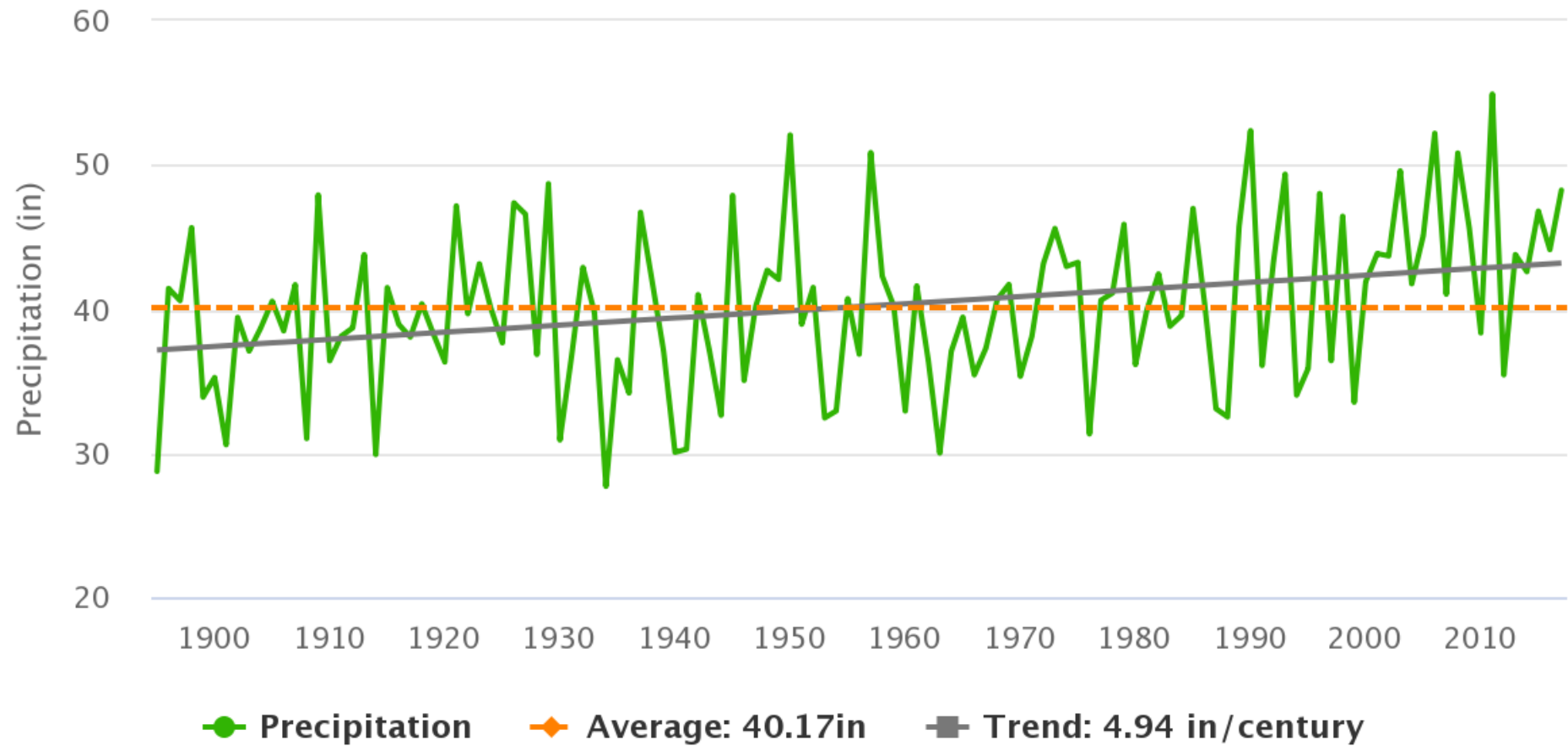
Annual Precipitation for Central Indiana



Average Accumulated Precipitation

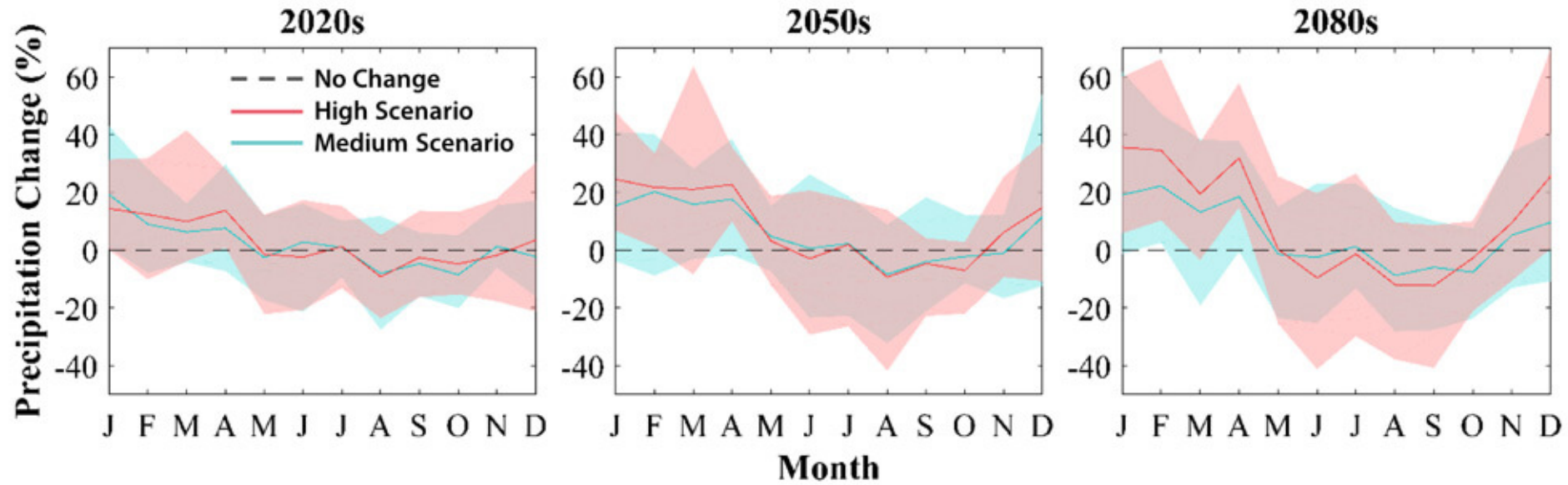
IN05 Annual Precipitation based on 1895–2017

Midwestern Regional Climate Center



Click and drag to zoom

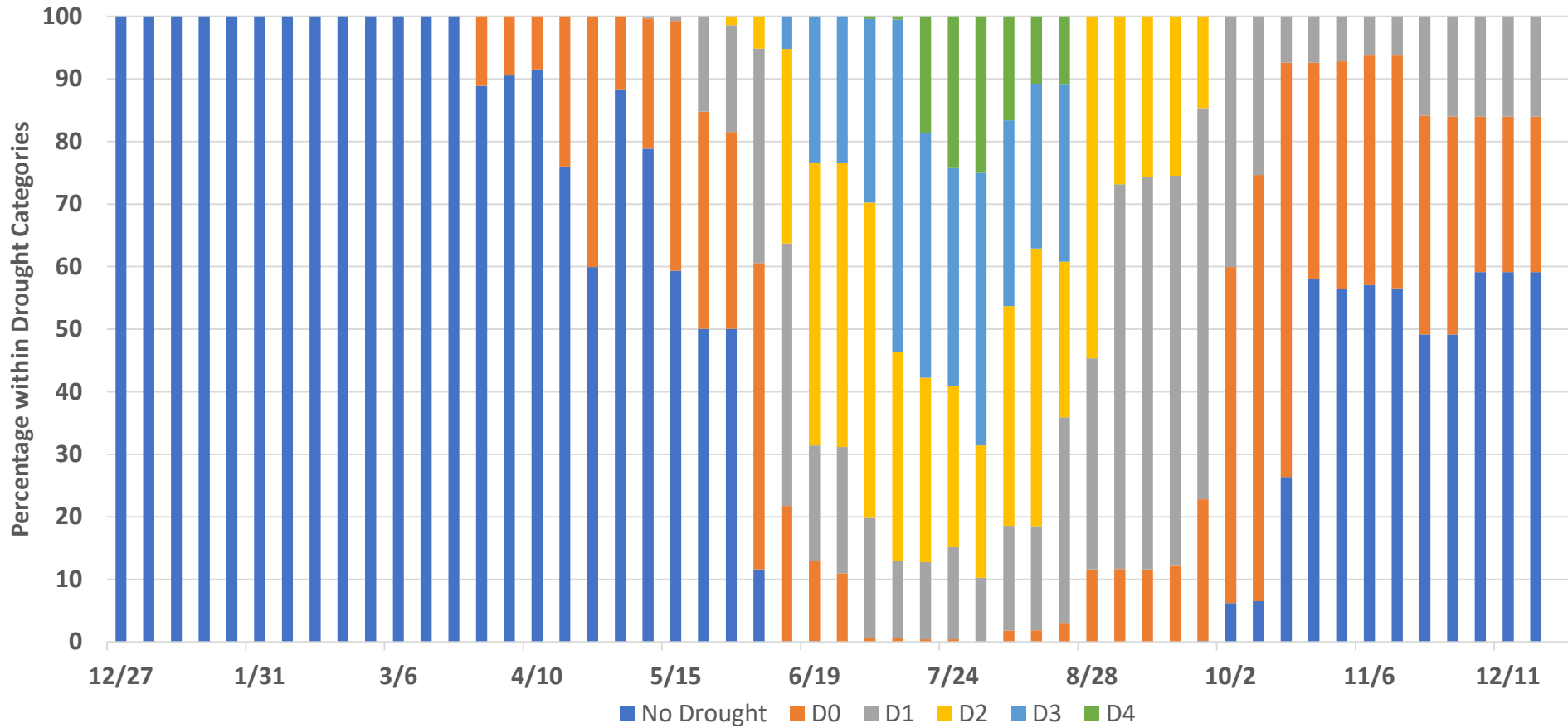
Average Accumulated Precipitation



Shaded areas indicate range of uncertainty

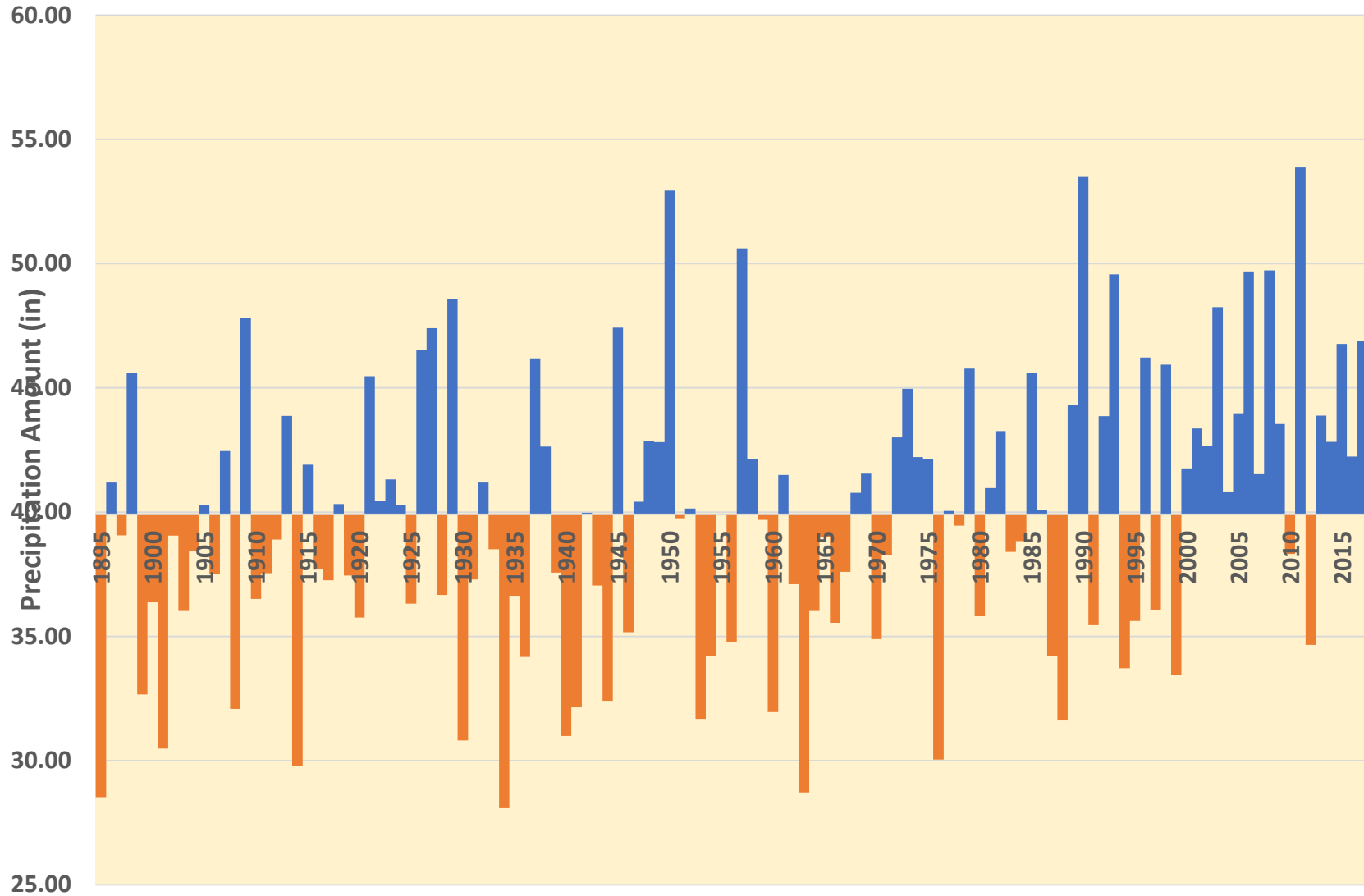
Drought / Flood Variability

2012 Indiana Drought Monitor



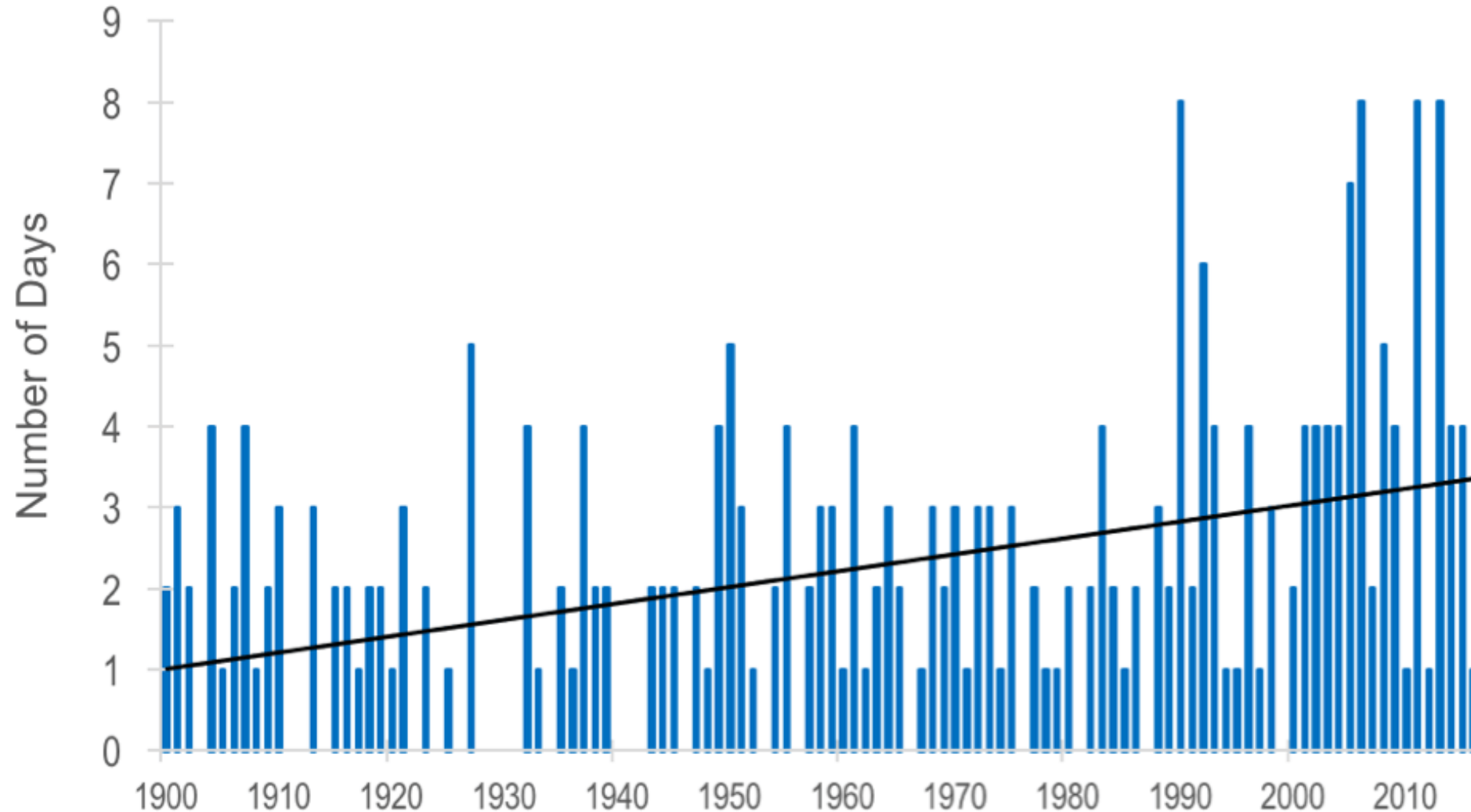
Average Accumulated Precipitation

Annual Precipitation for Central Indiana



Extreme Precipitation Events

More Frequent Extreme Precipitation Events in Indiana

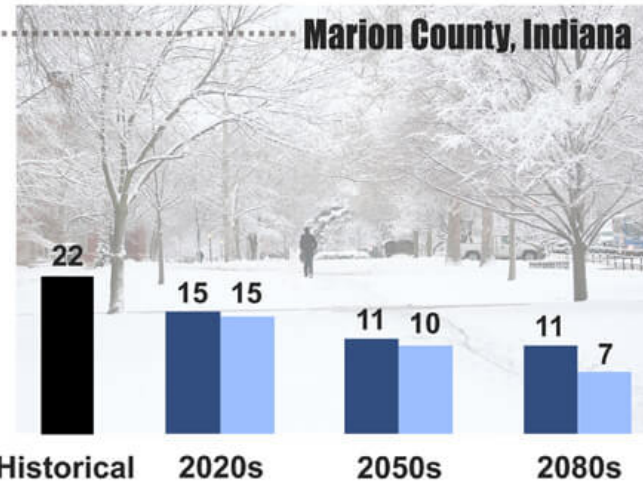
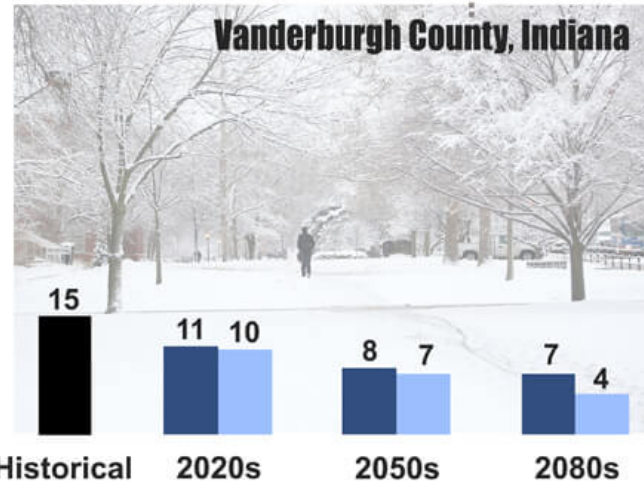
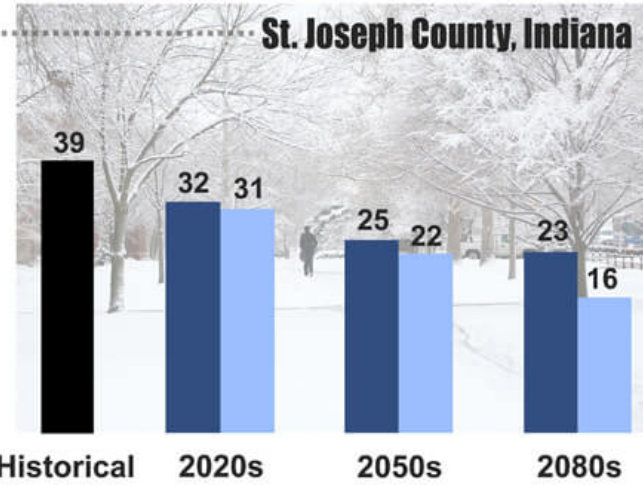


Number of days that exceed the 1900-2016 period's 99th percentile. Trend is 0.2 days/decade. Source: MRCC

Average Accumulated Precipitation

Rain vs Snow

Pecent of precipitation falling as snow
(Nov- Mar)



"Historical" is an average for the period 1915 to 2013. "2020s" represents the average 30-year future period 2011 to 2040. "2050s" represents the average 30-year period 2041 to 2070. "2080s" represents the 30-year period 2071 to 2100.

Questions?



Beth Hall

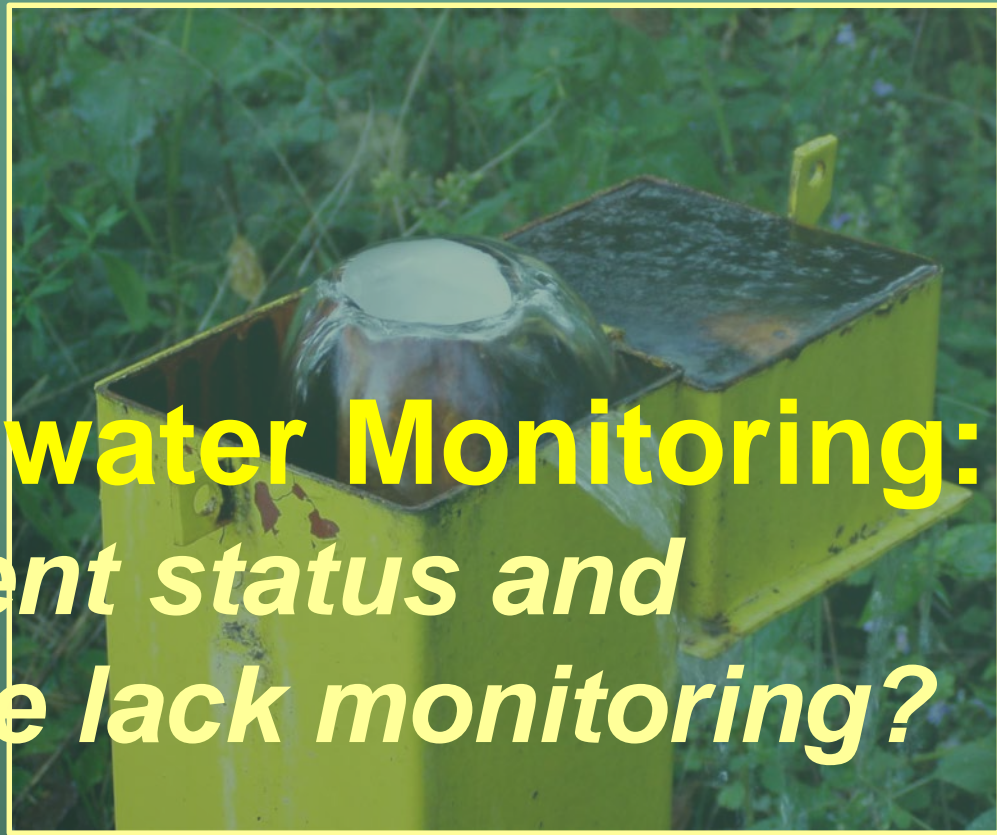
Director, Indiana State Climate Office

Purdue University



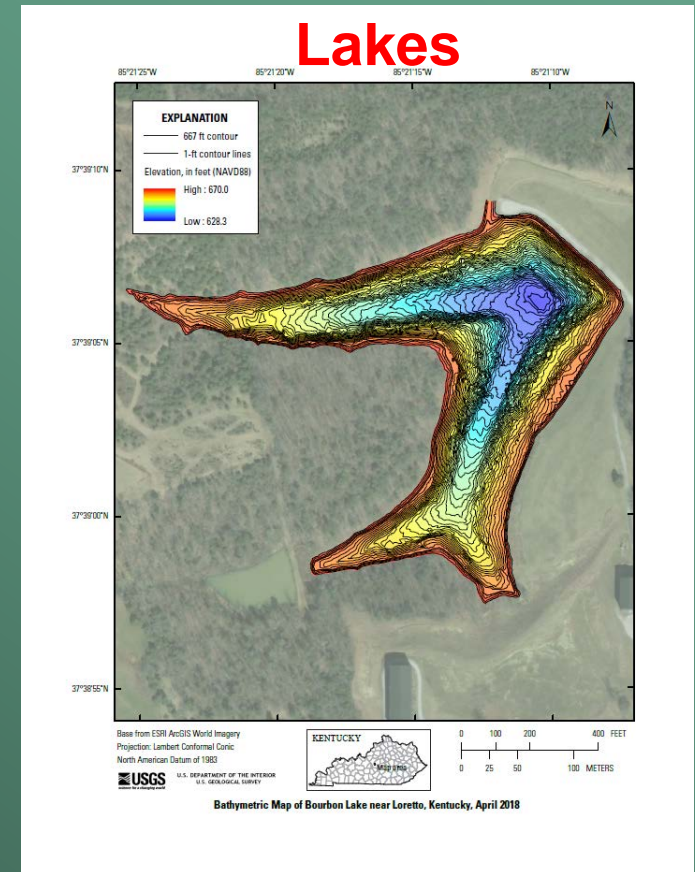
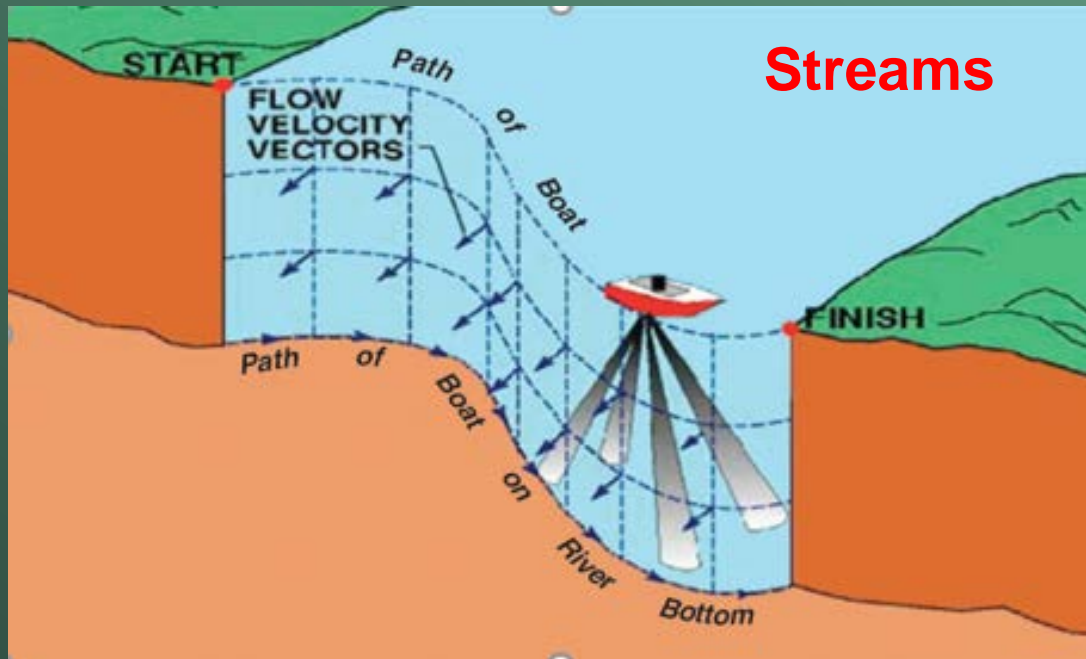
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Indiana Groundwater Monitoring: *What is our current status and where do we lack monitoring?*



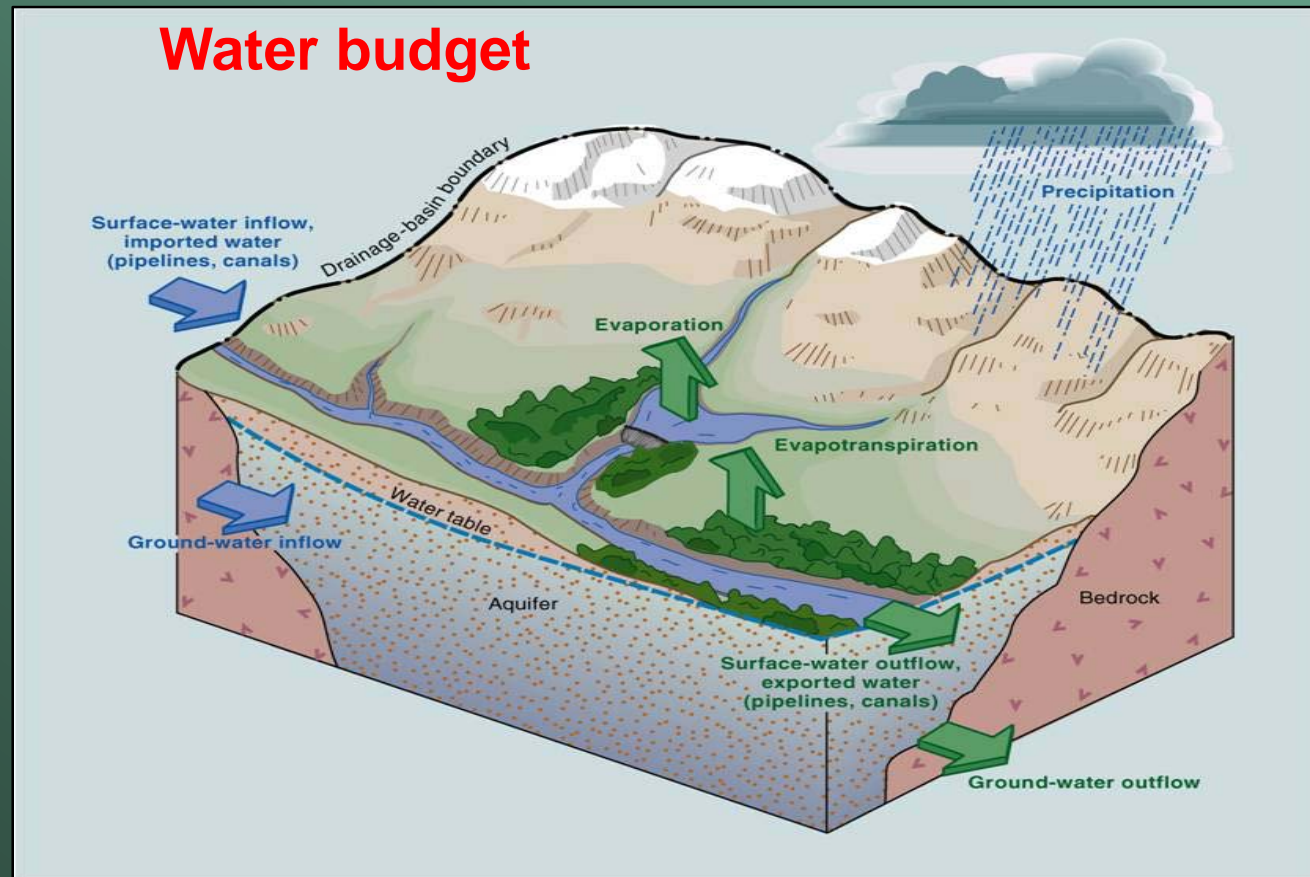
David Lampe, Randy Bayless, Jeff Frey
**U.S. Geological Survey, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana
Water Science Center (OKI WSC)**

Determining the amount of water in streams or lakes is easy



Determining the amount of water in aquifers is more difficult

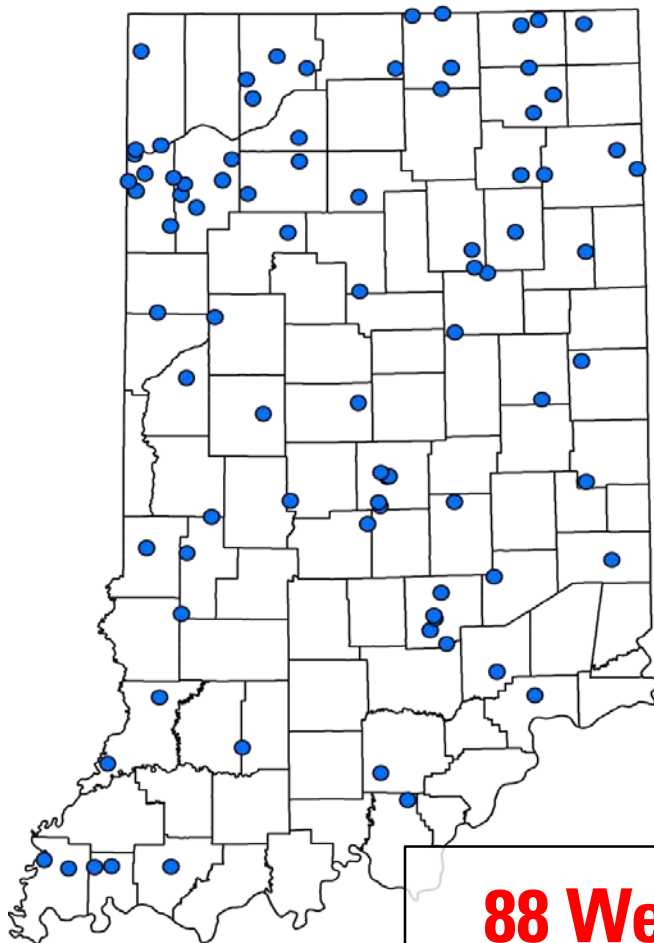
- Groundwater level data and physical characteristics of the system are used to estimate the amount of water stored in the aquifer



Wells can tell us groundwater levels: they have decreased dramatically over time

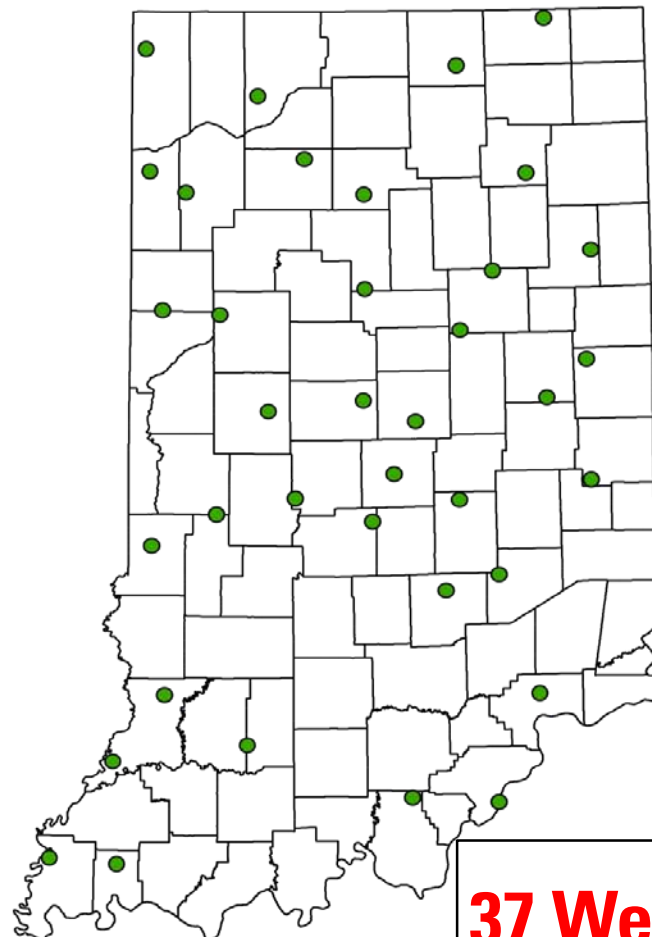
USGS IDNR Groundwater Monitoring Wells

2001



88 Wells

2015



37 Wells

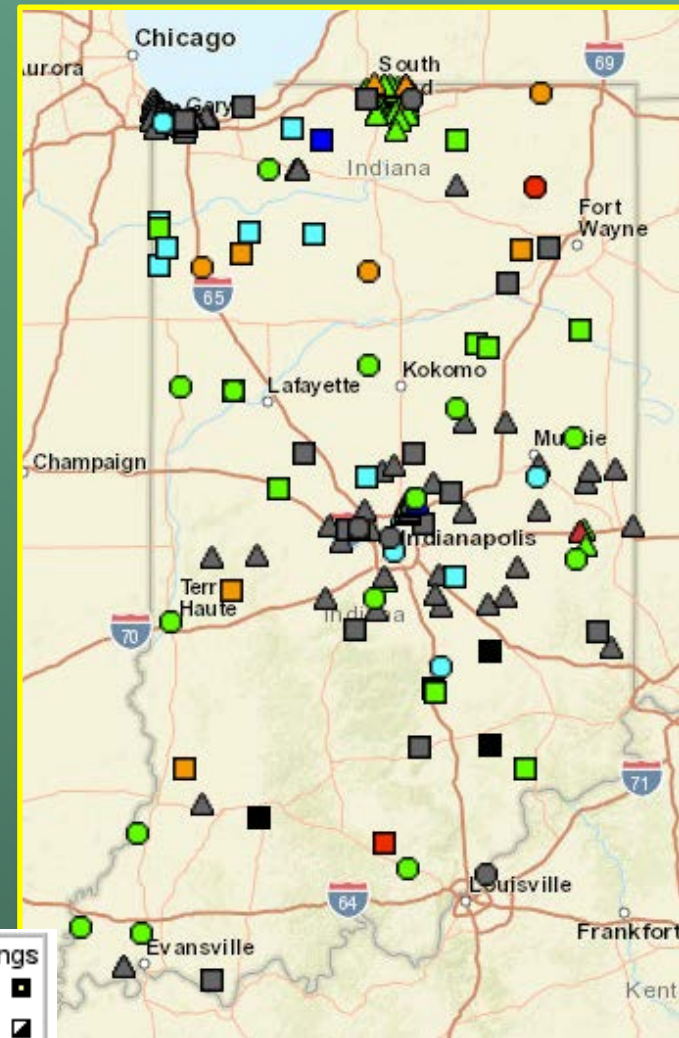
Types of Groundwater Data

- **Periodic Data:**
 - Occasional water level measurements
- **Continuous Data:**
 - Data recorded locally and downloaded periodically
- **Real-Time Data:**
 - Same as continuous, but data automatically on our website within a few hours



Current Indiana Groundwater Wells

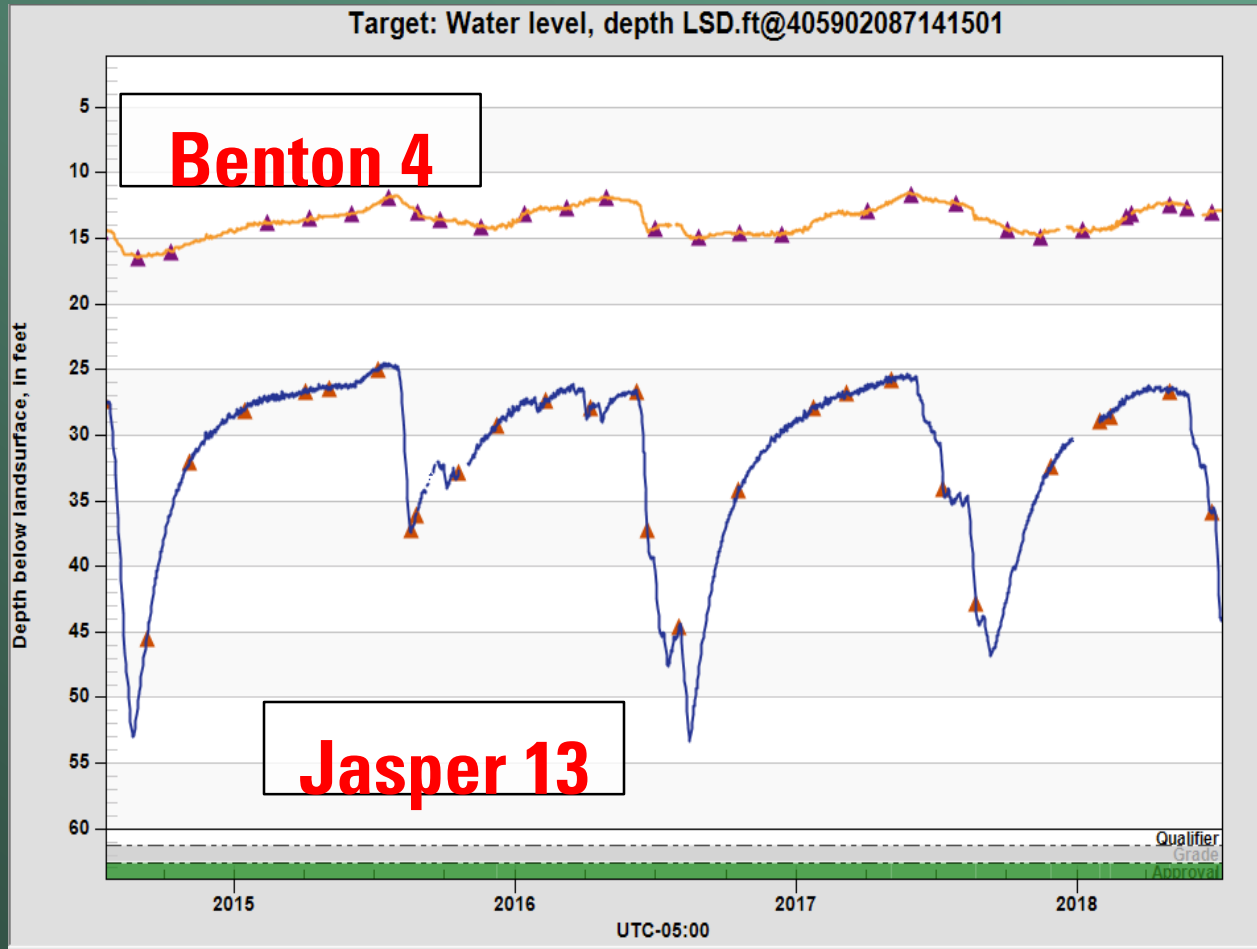
- **103 Continuously recording GW observation wells**
 - 37 are near Real-Time
- **Sub networks**
 - Volunteer Monitoring Network
 - Climate Response Network
 - Periodic networks
 - Three county scale networks
 - National Water-Quality Assessment Program



Wells		Springs	
○	Real-Time	■	
□	Continuous	■	
△	Periodic Measurements	■	



Continuous groundwater monitoring can show seasonal changes



~ 4 feet

20 -25 feet

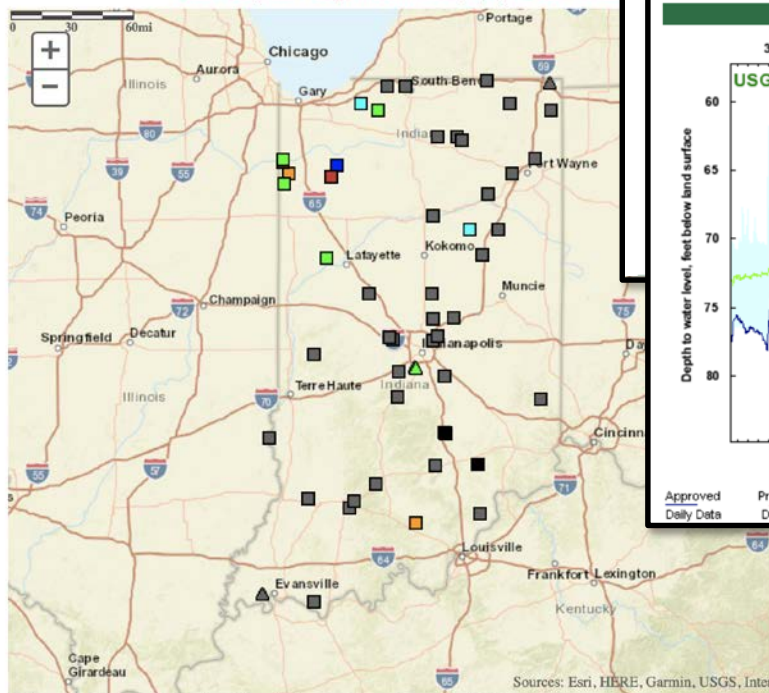
USGS Active GW Network portal



Groundwater Watch

Indiana Department of Natural Resources

Click site symbol to open information pop-up. Click Station



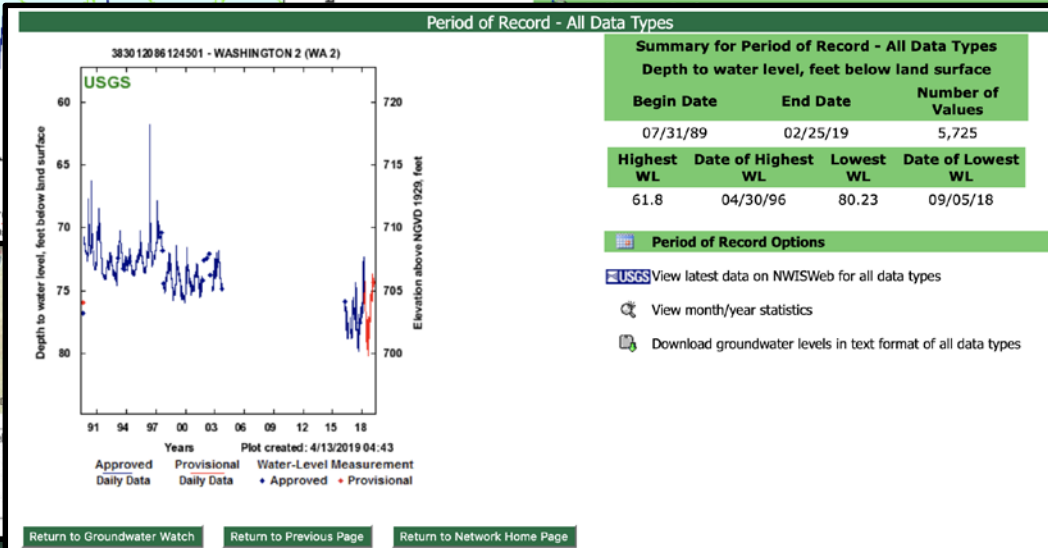
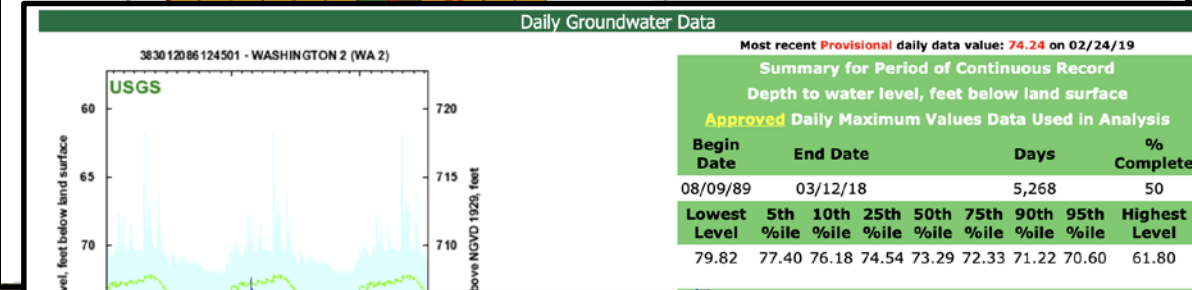
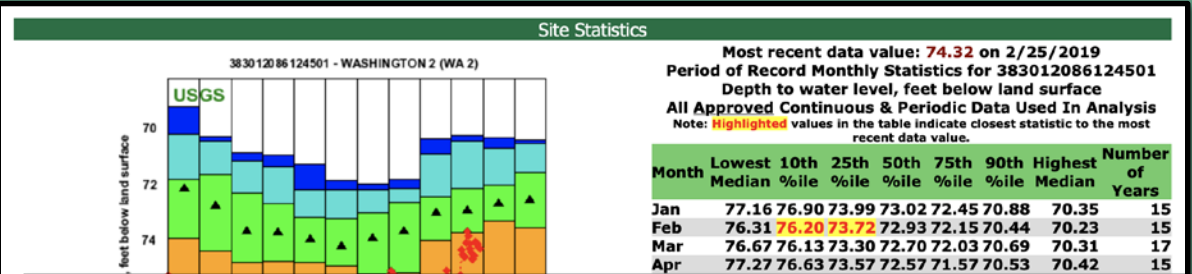
*References to non-Department of the Interior (DOI) products do not constitute an endorsement by the DOI.

Explanation - Percentile classes (symbol color based on most recent measurement)

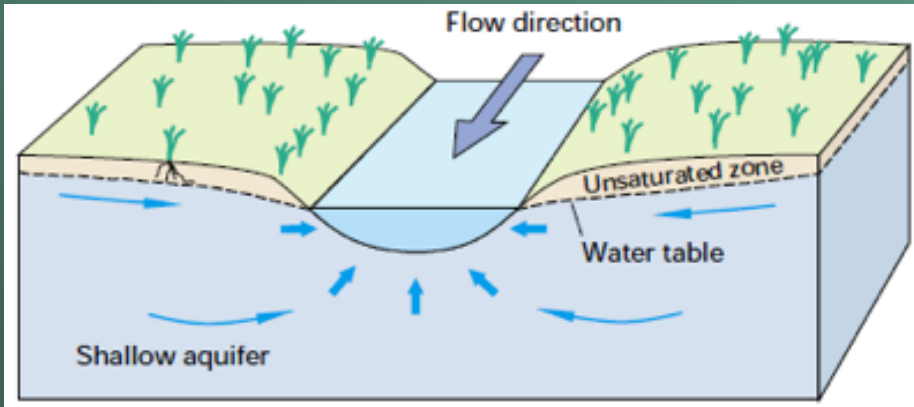
Low	<10	10-24	25-75	76-90	>90	High	Not Ranked
●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○
	Much Below Normal	Below Normal	Normal	Above Normal	Much Above Normal		□

Wells

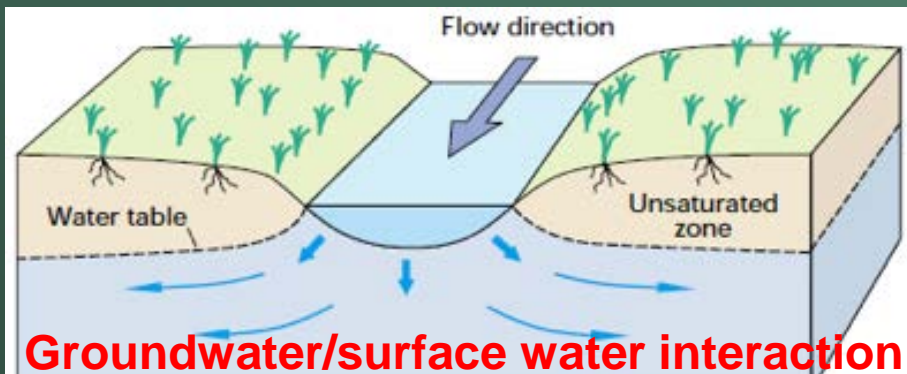
○	Real-Time	■
□	Continuous	■
△	Periodic Measurements	■



Stream water levels are representative of groundwater conditions during base flows



Recharge

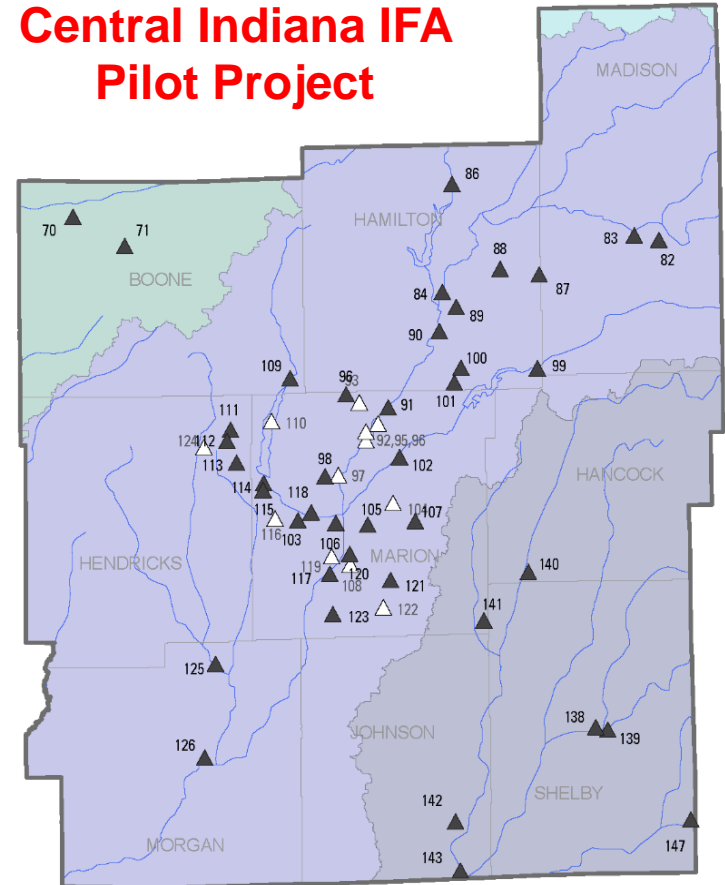


Groundwater/surface water interaction

Discharge

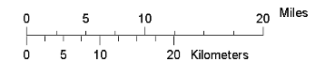


Central Indiana IFA Pilot Project



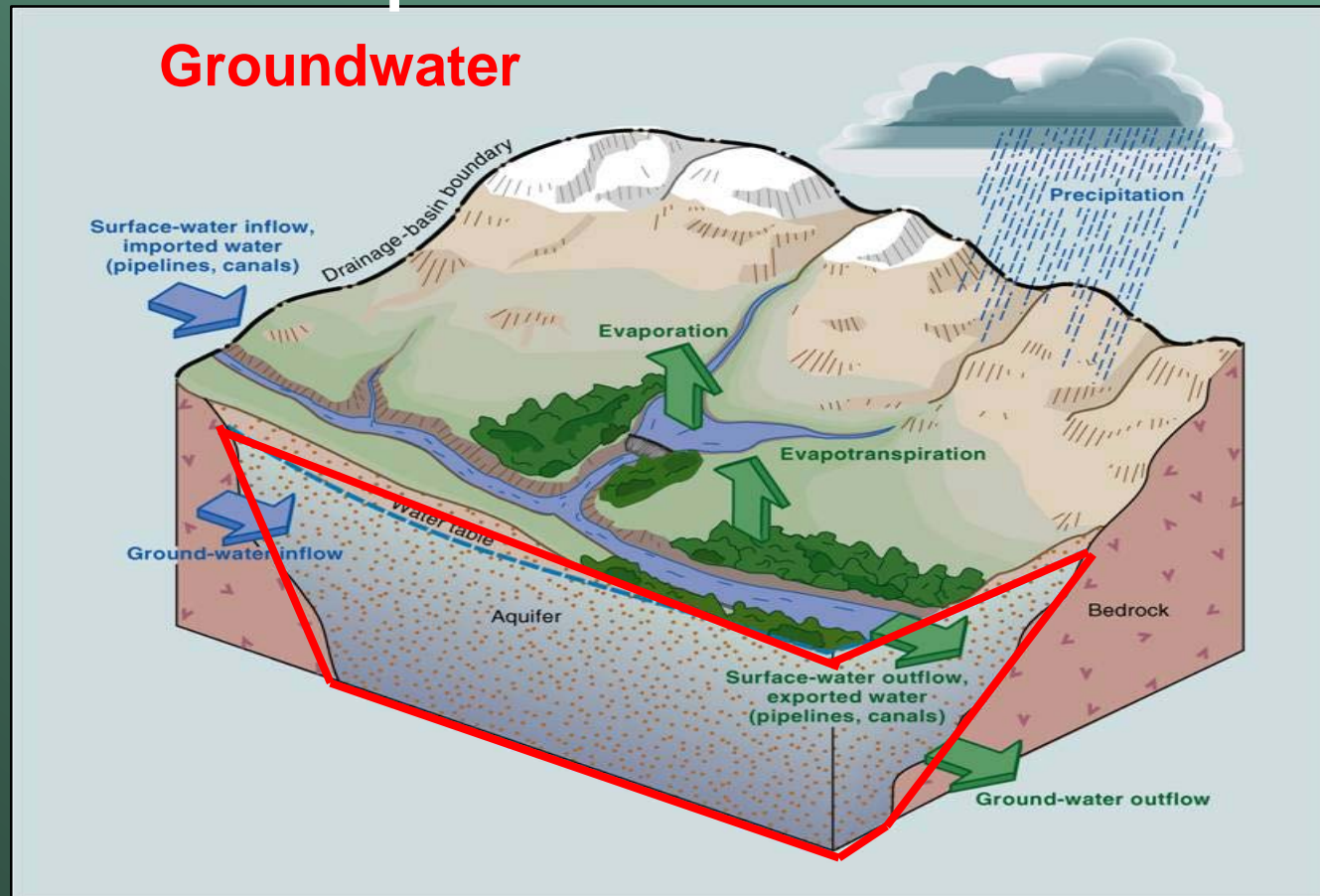
18 Map ID
▲ Streamflow
△ Stream stage
56 Years of record

Existing USGS streamgages: 60

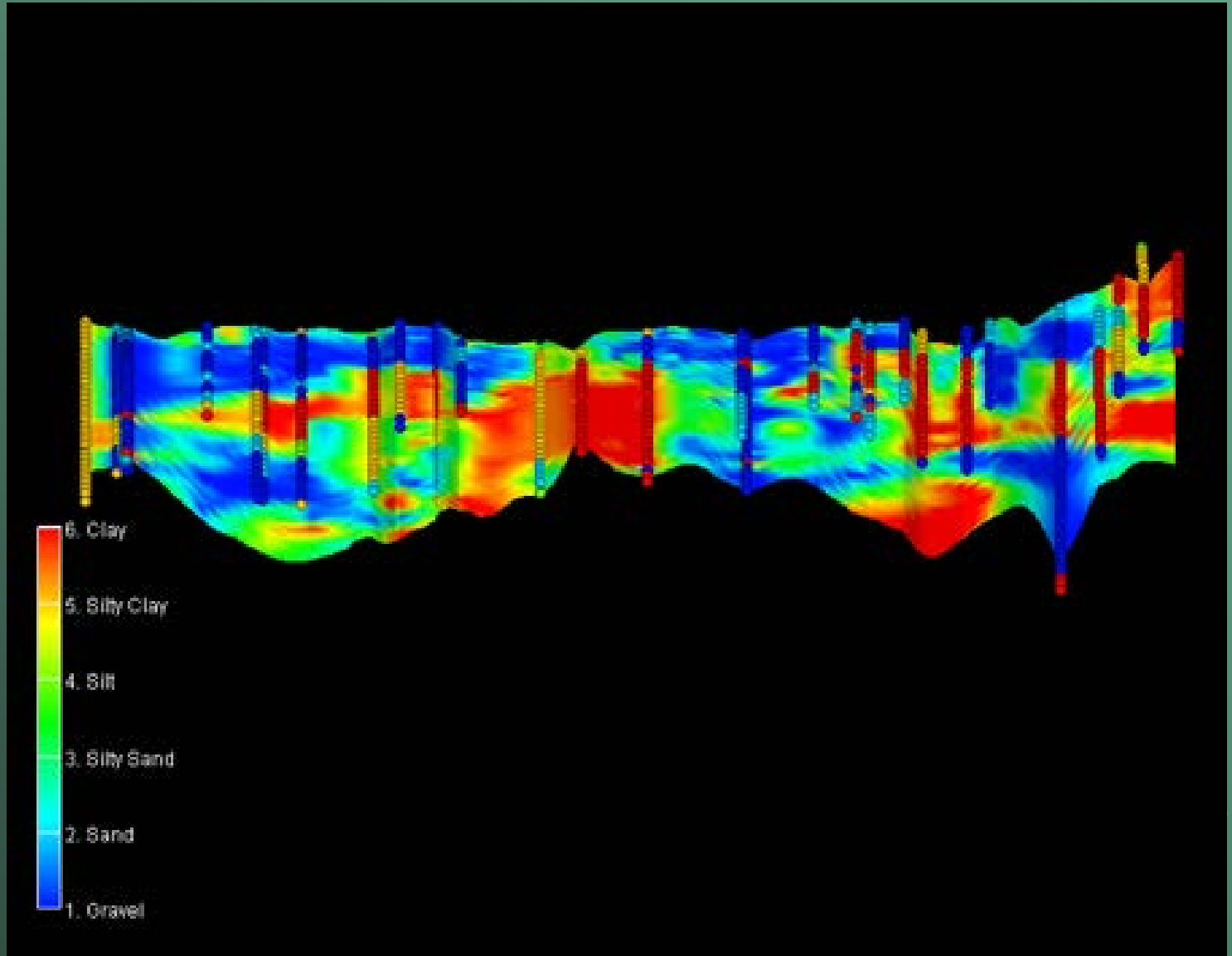


How do we know the depth and extent of an aquifer?

Groundwater level and physical characteristics data will tell us the water levels of the aquifer but how do we know the extent of the aquifer?



Aquifers are not homogenous



There are several ways to estimate aquifer capacity

■ Existing Data:

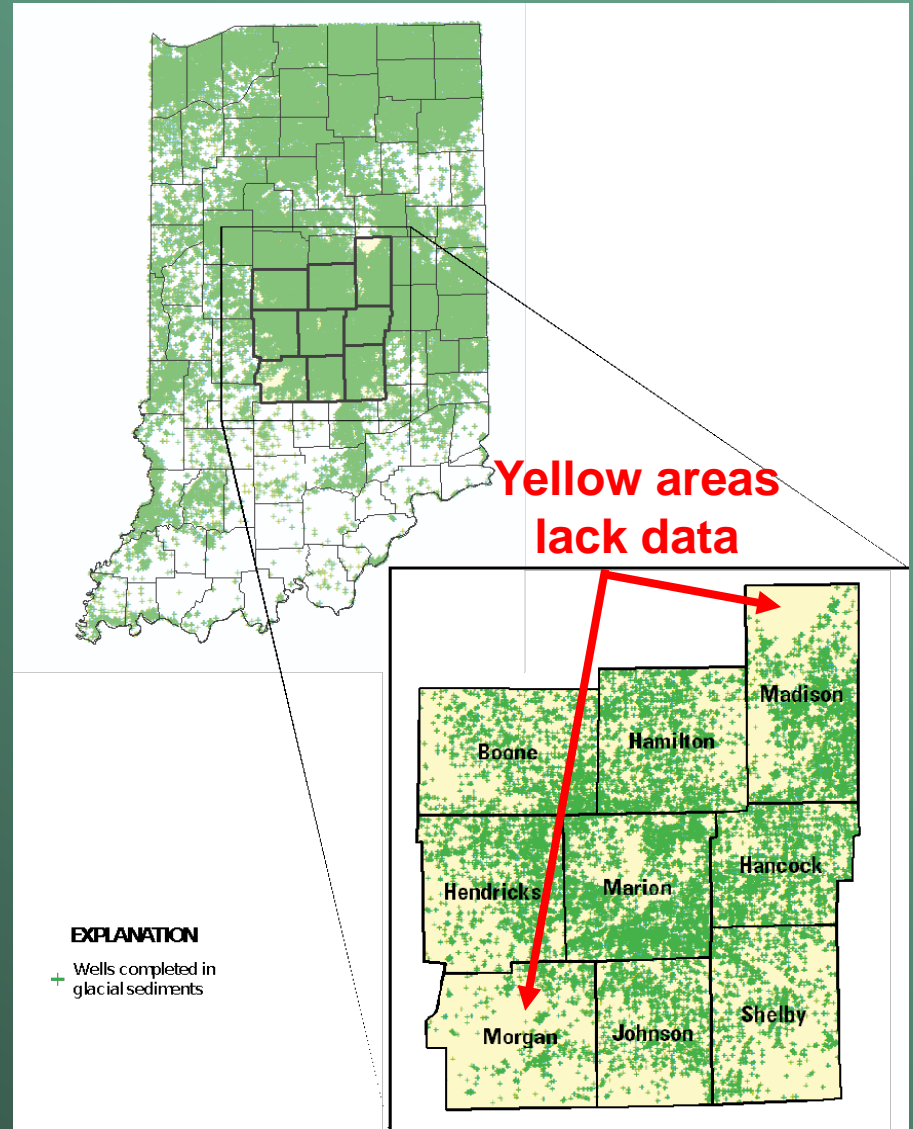
- IDNR well log data base
- Previously published studies of groundwater systems
- Previous mapping studies

■ Collect New Data:

- Drill new wells in areas lacking data
- Use noninvasive geophysical techniques to penetrate subsurface and determine material properties
- Use statistics to estimate aquifer properties based on existing datasets

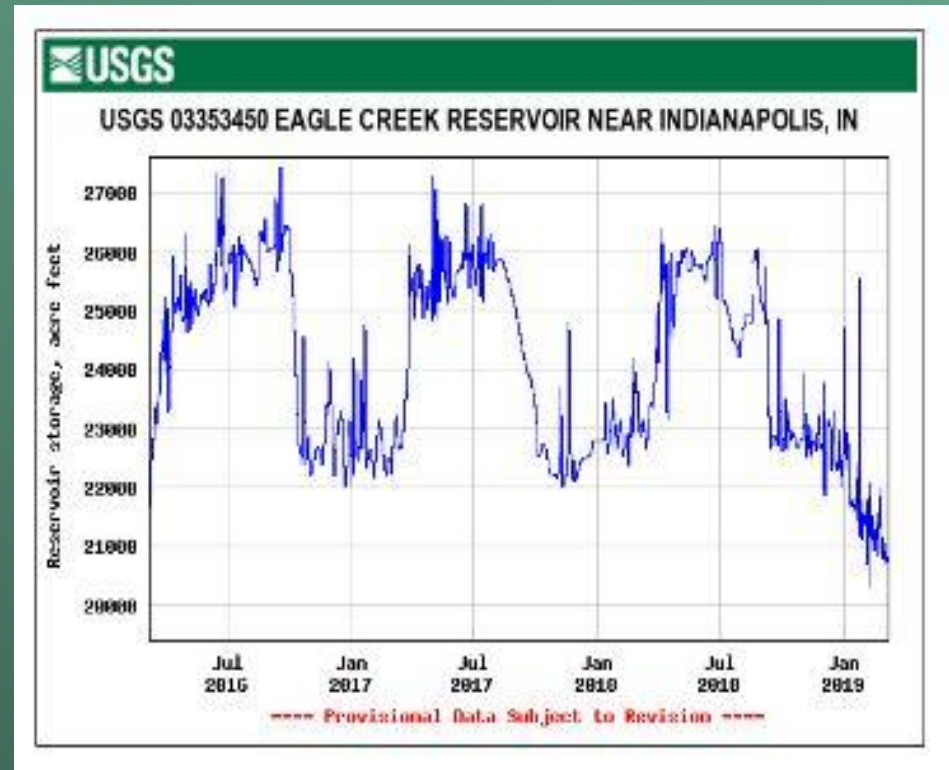
There are several ways to estimate aquifer capacity (cont.)

- Well drillers logs dataset
 - Penetrates the entire thickness of the unconsolidated deposits
 - Identifies depth of the aquifer
 - Well drillers log dataset needs updating
 - Critical for the modeling component



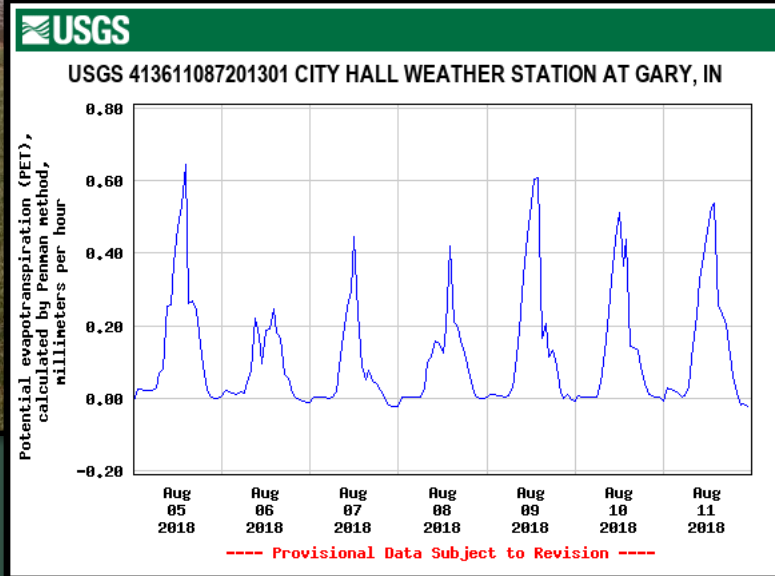
Combining reservoir water levels and storage capacity information allows for the estimation of available water

Eagle Creek, Morse and Geist Reservoirs are key to monitoring and modeling efforts.



How do we know when our Indiana water supply is under pressure: Drought Warning Sites

Boone 17 – Pilot site



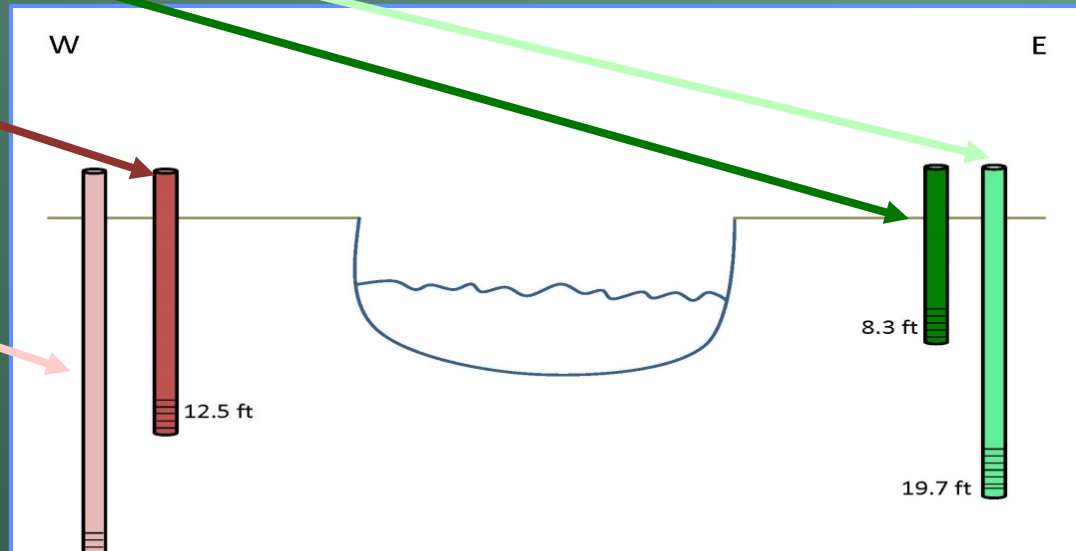
- Useful for drought forecasting, predicting water demands, irrigation timing
- Includes Real-Time:
 - Air Temperature and humidity
 - Wind speed
 - Rainfall
 - Soil Moisture
 - Parameters to calculate Potential Evapotranspiration
 - Groundwater Level



Bringing together groundwater and surface water: GW/SW Interaction Sites

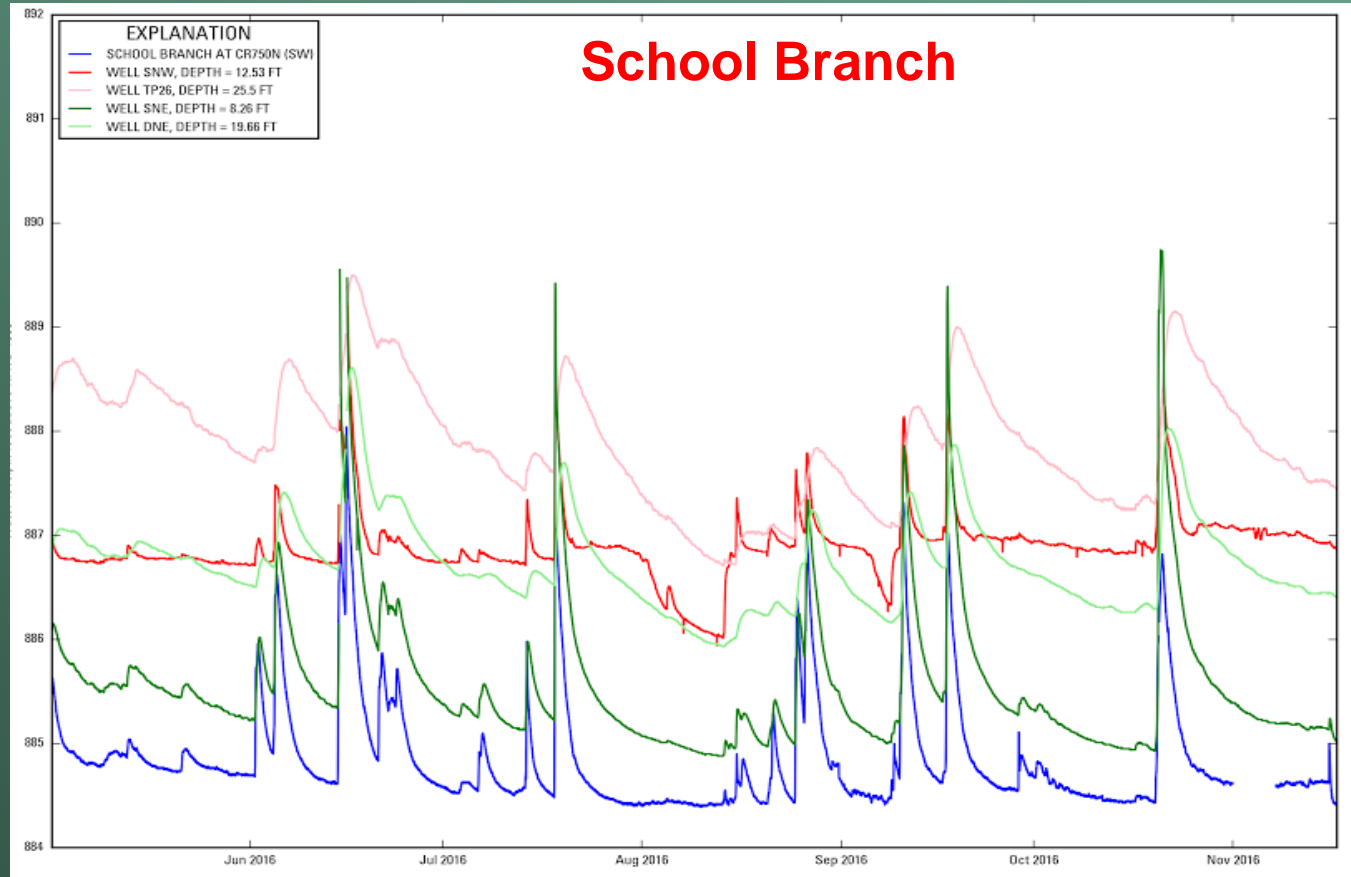
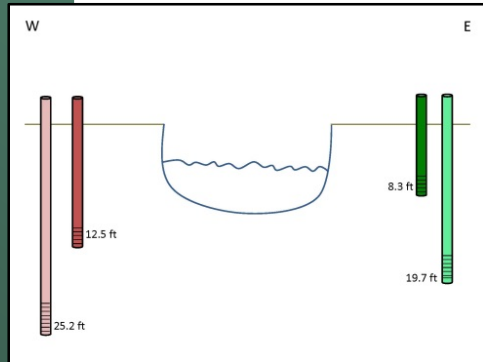


- Useful for understanding recharge/discharge conditions



School Branch

Bringing together groundwater and surface water: GW/SW Interaction Sites



USGS data Sept. 2015 thru Nov. 2016
(some data are provisional)

Plans for improving the Groundwater monitoring in Indiana

- **Augment the existing well networks**
 - *Increase the number of real-time wells*
 - *Add wells in needed unmonitored areas*
 - *Add wells that don't reflect production in key areas*
- **Create a web-based “Dashboard”**
 - *Track water levels in key areas*
 - *Drought Indices*
- **Identify all the key data needed for modeling**
 - *Use the pilot studies to help refine these needs*

Thank you!

David Lampe

- Indianapolis, IN
- (317) 600-2742
- dclampe@usgs.gov



Recommendations for Increased Monitoring of Indiana's Water Resource

- “Evaluate the adequacy of existing monitoring”
 - *Water Utility Resource Report; Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission (2013)*
- “Create a robust system for monitoring water resources”
 - *Modernizing the State's Approach to a Critical Resource; Indiana Chamber (2014)*
- “Utilities believe that the state should invest in water resource data collection and analysis”
 - *Evaluation of Water Utility Planning in Indiana; Indiana Finance Authority (2015)*



Central Indiana Water Study

Indiana Finance Authority (IFA)

April 29, 2019

Regional Water Studies: where and how to continue?

- Which part of the state?
 - Existing group of engaged utilities considering supply & demand issues
- What study area boundaries to use?
 - Central Indiana Drinking Water Collaborative
- What to study?
 - Central Indiana Drinking Water Collaborative
 - IDNR
 - IDEM
 - USGS



2019 Central Indiana Water Study

- Phase I – Regional Water Demand
- Phase II – Regional Water Supply
- Phase III – Water Availability Modeling and Optimization
- Phase IV – Infrastructure and Cost Analysis
- Phase V – Public Education and Outreach



Phase I – Regional Water Demand

- Tasks:
 - Determine baseline use
 - Consider all sectors: residential, commercial, industrial, and agricultural
 - Forecast water demand in the study area out to the year 2070
 - Evaluate multiple overlapping growth and drought scenarios
 - Standard summer
 - Drought of Record
 - Future climate change scenarios
 - Water conservation
 - Lawn irrigation
- RFP on hold



Phase II – Regional Water Supply

- USGS
- Tasks:
 - Identify and collect data necessary to have a better understanding of groundwater and surface water supplies in central Indiana, including aquifer levels and stream flows
 - Install/update monitoring wells
 - Install stream gauges
 - Upgrade weather stations
 - Other analyzes



Phase III – Water Availability Modeling and Optimization

- Responses to RFP under review by IFA
- Tasks:
 - Construct a regional water model
 - Determine total water availability in the study area
 - Define areas of aquifer stress and potential limitations and/or surpluses under various operational and climate scenarios
 - Collect localized data needed to understand the effects of utility water withdrawal operations on groundwater and surface water systems
 - Tool that will allow utilities to add wells and change pumping rates for predictive purposes



Phase IV – Infrastructure and Cost Analysis

- RFP on IFA website (<https://www.in.gov/ifa/3006.htm>) *due today!*
- Tasks:
 - Evaluate potential infrastructure needed to address deficits forecasted in Phase III, including a cost benefit analysis, environmental siting, regulatory, and permitting conditions
 - Evaluate potential interconnections, and the technical, regulatory and operational issues that would need to be addressed



Phase V – Public Education and Outreach

- RFP on IFA website (<https://www.in.gov/ifa/3006.htm>)
- Tasks:
 - Identify topics that would aid the utilities in the study area to better communicate water supply and demand issues with the residents of Central Indiana
 - Work with utilities in the study area to develop a regional public education message regarding the water supply and demand issues
 - Develop needed public education materials
 - Develop outreach implementation plans that include timelines and estimated costs



Central Indiana Water Study Advisory Committee

- IDNR
- IDEM
- Central Indiana Drinking Water Collaborative
- Indiana ACEC (American Council of Engineering Companies)
- Indiana University



Central Indiana Water Study: next steps

- Engage USGS/consultants and begin work – starting in May/June/July
- Post updates on website
 - Today's agenda and presentations
- Give updates at the Central Indiana Drinking Water Collaborative's meetings
- Conduct additional public meetings – starting this fall/winter



Questions? IFA website (<https://www.in.gov/ifa/3006.htm>)

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Joanie Jones, IFA Environmental Programs

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