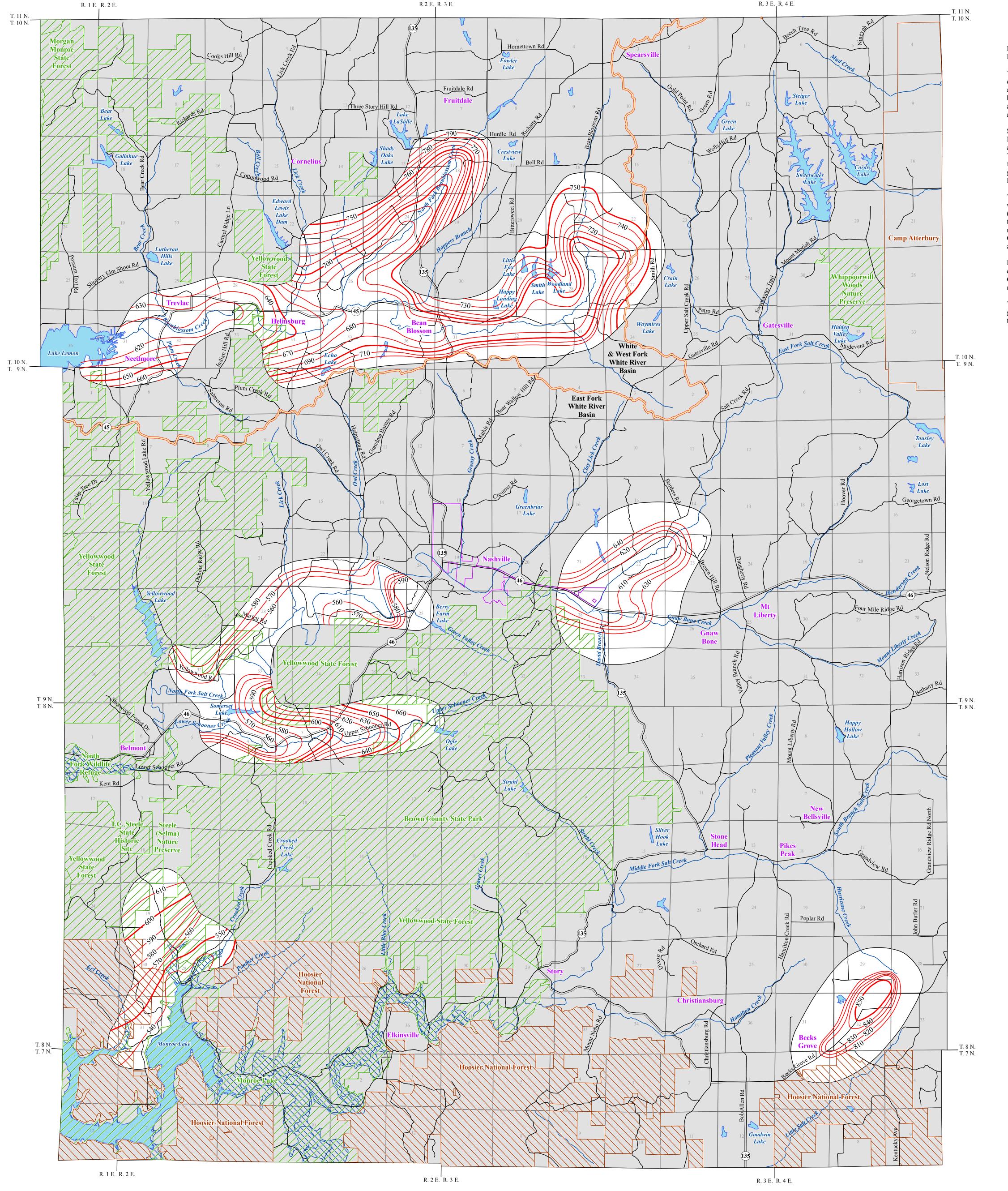
Michael R. Pence, Governor Department of Natural Resources Division of Water Cameron F. Clark, Director

POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP OF THE BEDROCK AQUIFERS OF BROWN COUNTY, INDIANA



Brown County is located in south-central Indiana and is bounded by the counties of Morgan, Johnson, Bartholomew, Jackson and Monroe to the northwest, north, east, south and west.

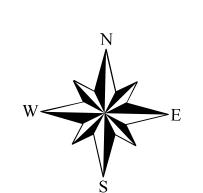
The potentiometric surface is a measure of the pressure on groundwater in a water bearing formation. Wells are completed in aquifers at various depths, and typically, under confined conditions (bounded by impermeable layers above and below the water bearing formation). However, some wells are completed under unconfined (not bounded by impermeable layers) settings. Water in a confined aquifer, which is under hydrostatic pressure, will rise in a well above the top of the water bearing formation. In contrast, groundwater in an unconfined aquifer, which is at atmospheric pressure, will not rise in a well above the top of the water bearing formation.

Static water-level measurements obtained from individual wells used to construct county Potentiometric Surface Maps (PSM) are indicative of the water-level at the time of well completion. The groundwater level within an aquifer constantly fluctuates in response to rainfall, evapotranspiration, groundwater movement and pumpage. Therefore, measured static water-levels in an area may differ due to local or seasonal variations. Because fluctuations in groundwater are typically small, static water-levels can be used to construct a generalized PSM. As a general rule, but certainly not always, groundwater flow approximates the overlying topography and intersects the land surface at major streams.

The potentiometric surface map of the bedrock aquifers was mapped by contouring the elevations of 287 static water-levels reported on well records received primarily over a 50 year period. Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates, used in locating the water wells, were either physically obtained in the field, determined through address geocoding, or reported on water well records. The location of the majority of the water well records used to make the PSM were field verified. Elevation data were obtained from a digital elevation model. Quality control/quality assurance procedures were utilized to refine or remove data where errors were readily

Potentiometric surface elevations range from a high of 850 feet mean sea level (msl) in the southeast section of the county near Becks Grove to a low of 540 feet msl in the southwest portion along Crooked Creek near Monroe Lake. Groundwater flow direction within the majority of the county is generally westward. Potentiometric contours have not been extended through portions of the county that are lacking in data.

The county PSM can be used to define the regional groundwater flow path and to identify significant areas of groundwater recharge and discharge. County PSM's represent overall regional characteristics and are not intended to be a substitute for site-specific studies.



Potentiometric Surface Map 61-B





Line of equal elevation, in feet above mean sea level Potentiometric Contour interval 10 feet

=46= State Road

Municipal Boundary

Camp Atterbury

Land Subject to Inundation

National Park Service Managed

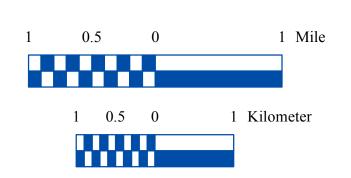
DNR Managed Lands

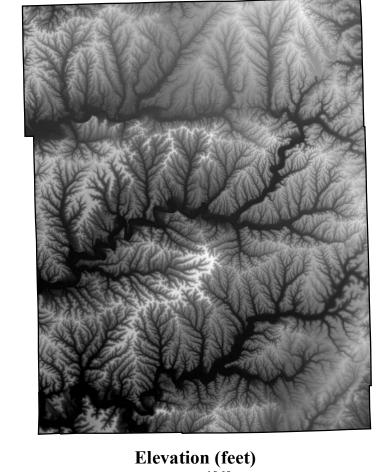
Location Map

No Aquifer Material or Limited Data

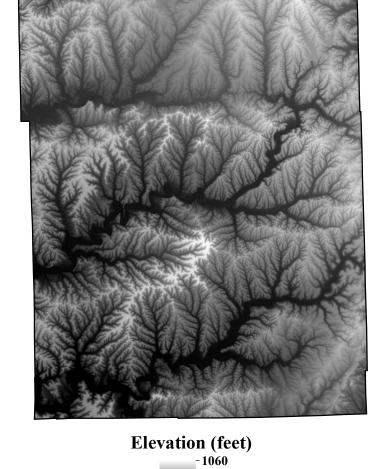
Lake & River







Digital Elevation Model of Brown County, Indiana



Map Use and Disclaimer Statement

We request that the following agency be acknowledged in products derived from this map: Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water.

This map was compiled by staff of the Indiana Department of Natural Resources, Division of Water using data believed to be reasonably accurate. However, a degree of error is inherent in all maps. This product is distributed "as is" without warranties of any kind, either expressed or implied. This map is intended for use only at the published scale.

This map has been created from several existing shapefiles. Township and Range Lines of Indiana (line shapefile, 20020621), Land Survey Lines of Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20020621), and County Boundaries of Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20020621) are from the Indiana Geological Survey and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Roads (TIGER and INDOT) (line shapefile, 2005) is from the Indiana Department of Transportation and based on a 1:24,000 scale. System1 (line shapefile, 2003) is from the Indiana Department of Transportation and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Incorporated Boundaries in Indiana (polygon shapefile, 20060501) is from the Graphics and Engineering Section Indiana Department of Transportation. Hydrography, Streams (NHD) (line shapefile, 20081218), Rivers (NHD) (polygon shapefile, 20081218), and Lakes (NHD) (polygon shapefile, 20081218) are from the U.S. Geological Survey and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Managed Lands IDNR IN (polygon shapefile, 20100920) is from the Indiana Department of Natural Resources and based on a 1:24,000 scale. Digital Elevation Model image is derived from the Indiana Ortho/LiDAR Statewide Collection Program (2013). Brown County Bedrock No Aquifer Material or Limited Data (polygon shapefile, Schmidt, 2016), and Potentiometric Surface Map of the Bedrock Aquifers of Brown County, Indiana (line shapefile, Schmidt, 2016) are based on a 1:24,000 scale.

Potentiometric Surface Map of the Bedrock Aquifers of Brown County, Indiana

> Robert K. Schmidt Division of Water, Resource Assessment Section

> > September 2016