

The Indiana Commission to Combat Drug Abuse



Behavioral Health Division

Comprehensive Community Plan

County: White

LCC Name: Partners for a Drug Free White County

LCC Contact: White County Auditor's Office – Nicole Widmer & Libby Billue

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City: Monticello

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County Commissioners: Steve Burton, James Davis, Mike Smolek

Address: 110 N Main St

City: Monticello

Zip Code: 47960

Vision Statement

What is your Local Coordinating Council's vision statement?

Partners for a Drug Free white County was formed for the purpose of uniting individuals, businesses and agencies within the county to create a forum for gathering and exchanging information related to alcohol, tobacco and other drugs. Furthermore, the goal of sharing this information was for the members of our community a safe, healthy, drug-free environment for our families.

Mission Statement

What is your Local Coordinating Council's mission statement?

To provide a forum for the exchange of information related to tobacco, alcohol and other drugs in our county, thereby empowering communities to create change

Membership List					
#	Name	Organization	Race	Gender	Category
1	Nicole Widmer	Coordinator	White	Female	Administration
2	Libby Billue	Co-Coordinator	White	Female	Administration
3	Brandon Mcleland	White County Sheriff's Office	White	Male	Justice
4	Jim Bolen	Frontier Police Department	White	Male	Justice
5	Chris Blake	Monticello Police Department	White	Male	Justice
6	Teresa Puterbaugh	White County Council on Aging	White	Female	Prevention/Treatment
7	Gail Shriver	North White Schools	White	Female	Prevention/Treatment
8	Desiree Swaim	Twin Lakes School	White	Female	Prevention/Treatment
9	Shawn McCracken	Tri-County Schools	White	Male	Prevention/Treatment
10	Kathy Bassett	Frontier Schools	White	Female	Prevention/Treatment

11	Melinda Provo	White County Probation	White	Female	Prevention/Treatment
12					
13					

LCC Meeting Schedule:

Please provide the months the LCC meets throughout the year: February, April, June, August, October, December

Community Needs Assessment: Results

The first step in developing an effective substance use and misuse reduction plan is to assess your community. A community assessment tells you about your community's readiness to implement prevention, treatment, and justice-related programs to address substance use and misuse. An assessment also provides an overview of the risk and protective factors present in the community, helping your coalition plan more effectively.

Community Profile

County Name – White
County Population – 24,651 (as of 2021)
Schools in the community – Twin Lakes, Tri-County, Frontier, North White
Medical care providers in the community (hospitals, health care centers, medical centers/clinics, etc.) IU White Memorial Hospital, Monon Family Health Clinic, Wolcott Family Health Clinic, and White County Health Department
Mental health care providers in the community (hospitals with psychiatric/behavioral health units, mental health clinics, private/public providers, etc.) Valley Oaks
Service agencies/organizations

Council on Aging, United Way
Local media outlets that reach the community WLFI, WMRS, News and Review, Herald Journal
What are the substances that are most problematic in your community? Methamphetamine, Heroin, Vaping, Marijuana, Controlled Substances
List all substance use/misuse services/activities/programs presently taking place in the community, United Way Opioid Task Force Quick Response Team, Local NA/AA classes

Community Risk and Protective Factors

Use the list of risk and protective factors to identify those present in your community. Identify the resources/assets and limitations/gaps that exist in your community related to each. The lists are not all-inclusive and others may apply.

Risk Factors Examples: trauma and toxic stressors; poverty violence; neighborhood characteristics; low neighborhood attachment; community disorganization; community norms and laws favorable toward drug use, firearms, and crime; availability of alcohol and other drugs; weak family relationships; family substance use; peer substance use; mental health problems; families moving frequently from home to home; limited prevention and recovery resources.

Protective Factors Examples: strong family relationships; neighborhood economic viability; low childhood stress; access to health care; access to mental health care; community-based interventions; restricted access to alcohol and other drugs including restrictive laws and excise taxes; safe, supportive, and connected neighborhoods; meaningful youth engagement opportunities; local policies and practices that support healthy norms and child-youth programs; positive connection to adults.¹

Risk Factors	Resources/Assets	Limitations/Gaps
1. Mental Health Problems	1. Valley Oaks	1. Insurance Coverage

¹ Risk and protective factors extracted from IUPUI Center for Health Policy Community Conditions Favorable for Substance Use, April 2018.

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. 4- County Counseling 3. United Way QRT 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. No Inpatient Services 3. Limited Outpatient Services
2. Availability of Alcohol and Drugs	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. AA / NA Classes 2. Outpatient Counseling 3. School Counseling 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lack of Inpatient and Outpatient Services 2. Insurance Coverage 3. Transportation to classes and treatment
3. Crime	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Law Enforcement 2. Neighborhood watch programs 3. School Resource Officers 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Limited Budgets for Law Enforcement 2. Small Departments / Limited Man Power 3. Not all schools have resource officers
Protective Factors	Resources/Assets	Limitations/Gaps
1. Access to Mental Health Care	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ER/ Hospital 2. Valley Oaks 3. 4 – County Counseling 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Insurance 2. Available bed space at Adult Facilities 3. No youth Facilities in area 4. Transportation to/from out of county facilities
2. Meaningful Youthful Engagement Opportunities	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. After Proms 2. School Sports 3. After School Clubs 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Rural Area / transportation 2. Smaller Schools have less programs 3. Lack of opportunities for youth involvement in the community
4. Community-based interventions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Church 2. Local Organizations to help with assistance 3. United Way 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Transportation services 2. Supportive Family Counseling 3. Educational Opportunities

Making A Community Action Plan

Now that you have completed a community assessment and have identified the risk and protective factors that exist, you can develop a plan of action. The Comprehensive Community Plan (CCP) is a systematic and community-driven gathering, analysis, and reporting of community-level indicators for the purpose of identifying and addressing local substance use problems.

Step 1: Create problem statements, and ensure problems statements are in line with statutory requirements

Step 2: Ensure your problem statements are evidence-informed, then prioritize

Step 3: Brainstorm what can be done about each

Step 4: Prioritize your list, and develop SMART goal statements for each

Step 5: List the steps to achieve each goal

Step 1: Create + Categorize Problem Statements

Create problem statements as they relate to each of the identified risk factors.

Risk Factors	Problem Statement(s)
1. Access to Mental Health Care	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Insurance is not available for some patients and they cannot access the right care they need.2. Available bed space at Adult Facilities is low and there can be waiting periods before patients can be accepted into treatment facilities.3. There are no youth Facilities in area and many patients have to travel hours away to be treated.
2. Availability of Alcohol and Drugs	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Drug use is at high rates among men and youth2. Alcohol use and abuse is at high rates by adults and youth3. Low recognition of alcohol and drug problems in White County requires LCC

	to promote community awareness activities
3. Crime	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Crimes of deception remain steady. As was the trend in 2022 2. Juveniles committing crimes at a higher rate. 3. Poor home environments leading to Juveniles making poor decisions that lead them to life of crime.

Step 2: Evidence-Informed Problem Statements

Identify your top three problem statements using local or state data. Ensure that there is a problem statement for each co-equal funding category (e.g., prevention/education; intervention/treatment; and criminal justice services and activities).

Problem Statements	Data That Establishes Problem	Data Source
1. Alcohol use and abuse is at high rates by adults and youth.	From 2022- The Probation Department reported that there were 372 adults on probation for both misdemeanors and felonies, of those 172 were substance related. 18 Juveniles were on probation and 11 were substance and alcohol related.	Alcohol arrests for 2022 were as follows: 134 OWI's These results were provided by the White County Prosecutor's Office
2. Drug use (specifically meth, heroin, marijuana, inhalants, amphetamines, prescription drugs, and over the counter medications) is at high rates among men and youth.	The Probation Department reported that there were 372 adults on probation for both misdemeanors and felonies, of those 172 were substance related. 18 Juveniles were on probation and 11 were substance and alcohol related.	Drug arrest for 2022 were as follows: Possession of Methamphetamine- 51 Possession of Marijuana – 144 Possession of cocaine – 5 Possession of a narcotic drug – 4 Possession of paraphernalia – 72 Possession of a controlled substance -10 Dealing in Methamphetamine -9 Dealing in a controlled substance or synthetic drug - 2

		These results were provided by the White County Prosecutor's Office
3. Low recognition of alcohol and drug problems in White County requires LCC to promote community awareness activities.	The LCC participated in a Red Ribbon Week campaign at 3 of the area school corporations. The 4 th corporation could not participate due to conflicting schedules. There are currently 11 LCC members.	The data is from the LCC

Step 3: Brainstorm

Consider the resources/assets and limitations/gaps that were identified for each risk factor, and list what actions can be taken for each identified problem statement.

Problem Statements	What can be done (action)?
1. Alcohol use and abuse is at high rates by adults and youth	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Provide funding to the Probation Department to help those who cannot afford to get treatment on their own. 2. Provide funding to the local police agencies to assist with policing and education in alcohol abuse. 3. Provide funding to local schools to work on social skills, if not addressed poor social skills can lead to alcohol and drug use. Also, ask that the local schools take part in the Indiana Prevention Resource Center Survey to track the usage among Juveniles. 4. Provide funding to the White County Council on Aging to provide education on alcohol abuse.
2. Drug use (specifically meth, heroin, marijuana, inhalants, amphetamines, prescription drugs, and over the counter medications) is at high rates among men and youth.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Provide Funding for drug tests. Twin Lakes, Tri-County, North White and Frontier continued their drug testing programs and provided referral services for students testing positive. Treatment assistance was then available for those who required help in getting treatment. 2. Provide funding to White County Council on Aging to offset the expenses incurred when they transport individuals on probation for their appointments with Wabash Valley Outpatient Clinic, court appearances and their drug tests.

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Provide funding to the White County Council on Aging to offset expenses for education regarding substance abuse. 4. Provide funding to the Probation Department to help those who cannot afford to get treatment on their own. 5. Provide funding to the local police agencies to assist with policing and education in substance abuse.
<p>3. Low recognition of alcohol and drug problems in White County requires LCC to promote community awareness activities.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The LCC did offer a \$250 Scholarship to all four White County High Schools. There were guidelines the senior's had to follow such as; be a graduating senior from a White County high school; be drug free; be enrolled in the high school drug testing pool; not have any D's or F's on report cards; not have any discipline issues; be actively involved in extracurricular activities; as well as write an essay of no more the 500 words. The ad to write an essay as to 1) Why is remaining drug free important to you. And 2) how will remain drug free help you obtain your specific goals after high school and in life. 2. Do a PSA at the local radio station WMRS. 3. Invite community, including parents and youth, to LCC meetings through publicity of meetings. 4. Provide community education workshops (including parent education programs). 5. Assist the White County Council on Aging with education workshops for the Senior Center.

Step 4: Develop SMART Goal Statements

For each problem statement, prioritize your list of what can be done. Choose your top two actions for each. Then, develop goal statements that demonstrate what change you hope to achieve and by when you hope to achieve it.

Problem Statement #1
Goal 1

<p>The LCC will decrease the number of adults who are arrested for alcohol related offenses by 1 percent in 1 year. If this is not reached by 1 year then the LCC will reevaluate its approach. This information will be obtained through the Probation Department and Prosecutor's Office.</p>	
<p>Goal 2</p> <p>The LCC will decrease alcohol abuse of juveniles aged 11-17 by 1 percent in 1 year. If this is not reached by 1 year then the LCC will reevaluate its approach. This information will be obtained through the Probation Department and Prosecutor's Office.</p>	
<p>Problem Statement #2</p>	
<p>Goal 1</p> <p>The LCC will decrease the number of adults who are arrested for drug related offenses by 1 percent in 1 year. If this is not reached by 1 year then the LCC will reevaluate its approach. This information will be obtained through the Probation Department and Prosecutor's Office.</p>	
<p>Goal 2</p> <p>The LCC will decrease drug abuse of juveniles aged 11-17 by 1 percent in 1 year. If this is not reached by 1 year then the LCC will reevaluate its approach. This information will be obtained through the Probation Department and Prosecutor's Office.</p>	
<p>Problem Statement #3</p>	
<p>Goal 1</p> <p>The LCC will increase/promote awareness through our Facebook page to the community by promoting the LCC. This will be done throughout the year through our Facebook page.</p>	
<p>Goal 2.</p> <p>The LCC will promote awareness through local newspapers and do a PSA for the community's awareness. This will be done throughout the year utilizing the News and Review Newspaper and the local radio station, WMRS.</p>	

Step 5: Plans to Achieve Goals

For each goal, list the steps required to achieve each

Problem Statement #1	Steps
<p>Goal 1</p> <p>The LCC will decrease the number of adults who are arrested for alcohol related offenses by 1 percent in 1 year. If this is not reached by 1 year then the LCC will reevaluate its approach.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fund the prevention and education programs along with Justice programs that are focused on adults and alcohol abuse.

<p>Goal 2</p> <p>The LCC will decrease alcohol abuse of juveniles aged 11-17 by 1 percent in 1 year. If this is not reached by 1 year then the LCC will reevaluate its approach.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fund the prevention and education programs along with Justice programs that are focused on juveniles and alcohol abuse. 2. Support intervention and/or treatment efforts focused on youth alcohol abuse by providing schools with the funds to allow students counseling that need it. 3. Support intervention and/or treatment efforts focused on senior alcohol abuse by providing the Council on Aging with funds to allow senior citizens opportunities for education and assistance. 4. Secure funds to provide transportation for treatment.
Problem Statement #2	Steps
<p>Goal 1</p> <p>The LCC will decrease the number of adults who are arrested for drug related offenses by 1 percent in 1 year. If this is not reached by 1 year then the LCC will reevaluate its approach</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fund the prevention and education programs along with Justice programs that are focused on adults and substance abuse. 2. Secure funds to provide transportation for treatment.
<p>Goal 2</p> <p>The LCC will decrease drug abuse of juveniles aged 11-17 by 1 percent in 1 year. If this is not reached by 1 year then the LCC will reevaluate its approach.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Fund the prevention and education programs along with Justice programs that are focused on juveniles 2. Support intervention and/or treatment efforts focused on youth substance abuse by providing schools with the funds to allow students counseling that need it.
Problem Statement #3	Steps
<p>Goal 1</p> <p>The LCC will increase/promote awareness through our Facebook page to the community by promoting the LCC. This will be done throughout the year.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Properly manage the Facebook page to stay connected with the community and keep them informed.
<p>Goal 2</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Secure funds to purchase newspaper ads for awareness.

The LCC will promote awareness via local newspapers/billboards, senior center and PSA for the community awareness.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Do a PSA on the local radio station to promote the LCC 3. Secure funds for awareness at the senior center.
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Fund Document

The fund document allows the LCC to provide finances available to the coalition at the beginning of the year. The fund document gauges an LCC's fiscal wellness to empower their implementation of growth within their community. The fund document also ensures LCCs meet the statutory requirement of funding programs within the three categories of (1) Prevention/Education, (2) Treatment/Intervention, and (3) Criminal Justice Services and Activities (IC 5-2-11-5).

Funding Profile

Amount of funds deposited into the County Drug Free Community Fund from fees collected last year \$38115.00		
Amount of unused funds that rolled over from the previous year: \$0		
Total funds available for programs and administrative costs for the upcoming year: \$38115.00		
Amount of funds granted the year prior: \$29,361.13		
How much money is received from the following entities (if no money is received, please enter \$0.00):		
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA): 0		
Bureau of Justice Administration (BJA): 0		
Office of National Drug Control Policy (ONDCP): 0		
Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH): 0		
Indiana Department of Education (DOE): 0		
Indiana Division of Mental Health and Addiction (DMHA): 0		
Indiana Family and Social Services Administration (FSSA): 0		
Local entities: 0		
Other: 0		
Funding allotted to prevention/education; intervention/treatment; and criminal justice services and activities (\$100.00):		
Prevention/Education: \$9530.00	Intervention/Treatment: \$9530.00	Justice: \$12309.04
Funding allotted to Administrative costs:		
<i>Itemized list of what is being funded</i>		<i>Amount (\$100.00)</i>
Coordinator's Salary		\$2,000
Scholarships for Students		\$2,000
Funding allotted by Goal per Problem Statement:		
Problem Statement #1	Problem Statement #2	Problem Statement #3
Goal 1: \$9530.00	Goal 1: \$9530.00	Goal 1: \$2000.00
Goal 2: \$9530.00	Goal 2: \$9530.00	Goal 2: \$2000.00

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